

MEASURES TO EQUIP HUGE ARMY AND NAVY

Continued from Page One

on an investment backed by the Allied Governments. The \$2,000,000 they lend through buying bonds will be used in this country.

OPPOSITION IN HOUSE

Opposition by both Democrats and Republicans cropped up in the House this morning when the proposition came up of expending \$100,000,000 to be expended at the discretion of President Wilson for "purposes." There was a request that the bill be supplied.

"I do not believe the time has come," said Representative Fitzgerald after Mann's speech, "when we should be governed by the most absolute autocracy the world has ever known. I am in favor of giving the administration every dollar it needs, but I will not act blindly. I am not willing to destroy the entire fiscal system of the Government. I think it would be a tragic error to begin a war to defend our rights by destroying our own system of government."

Fitzgerald said he spoke for himself, without knowing whether his views were shared by the White House or his fellow legislators. He explained that the \$100,000,000 amendment was added in the Senate, he supposed, upon recommendation of Secretary McAdoo.

COUNSELS AGAINST PANIC

Demanding full information as to what the money was to be appropriated for Mann declared "we ought not to get in a panic, we ought to retain some coolness and remain somewhat sane. Here I find we are circulating for two or three billions in four or five lines. This ought not to be done, in my opinion. The War Department should submit its estimates in greater detail. Congress ought to know more about an appropriation than merely the aggregate amount." It was later explained that the War Department proposed sending army officers before the Military Affairs Committee to explain the use to which the enormous sums asked are to be put.

LATIN AMERICA EXPECTED TO JOIN UNCLE SAM IN WAR UPON GERMANY

THE HAGUE, April 9. Ministers in Berlin for the "A. B. C. group" of Latin-American Powers, Argentina, Brazil and Chile, held an hour-long conference with German Foreign Secretary Zimmermann on Sunday, dispatches from the German capital said today. It was rumored that this action presaged a rupture with Germany by action of these powerful South American nations.

RIO DE JANEIRO, April 9.—Announcement of Brazil's decision against Germany was momentarily expected today. Meanwhile, thousands of Germans were preparing to quit the country.

The first step of retaliation against Germany for sinking of the Brazilian steamship Paraná and killing of Brazilian citizens may be seizure of the forty-one German steamships in Brazilian harbors.

Officials are still withholding an intimation of a course of action. The President and his Ministers conferred today. Foreign Minister Muller declared:

Brazil's action will depend upon her own investigation of the sinking of the Paraná, regardless of what course other Governments may adopt.

It was apparent today that despite the public demonstrations in favor of war against Germany, the Government is extremely reluctant to sanction such a move. Minister Muller was quoted in one Rio newspaper today as asserting that Brazil "would break relations with Germany only if necessary." An against this almost every Brazilian newspaper is demanding war.

It was generally admitted that Brazil has three courses open to her:

To break relations.
To confiscate all German vessels in Brazilian ports in retaliation for the unprovoked sinking of the Paraná.
To declare war.

Universal comment on the part of the press and the public held that the first two steps were simply forerunners of war and that an immediate declaration, taking the final step, would be better.

AMERICA PLANS UNITED ACTION WITH ALLIES, SAYS NAVY CHIEF

WASHINGTON, April 9. The United States will work in full harmony with the Allies, it was officially stated by the Navy Department. In keeping with President Wilson's message to Congress "valuable co-operation" will be undertaken.

At 1:45 this afternoon the House adjourned until noon tomorrow.

The Appropriations Committee of the House will systematize all appropriations into budget form. This will expedite congressional action to finance the war. Representative Fitzgerald announced that immediate hearings would be begun on the \$2,450,000,000 asked for the initial expenses of the war.

BUDGET MADE UP

Aside from a scientific budget system, Fitzgerald explained, it will be possible for naval and military bills to be passed without waiting for the Appropriation Committee to provide riders, thus saving much time.

As a result of this action the naval committee decided to recommend at once passage of the bill increasing the naval personnel to 150,000 and the marine corps to 50,000; to commandeer the wireless of the country and liberalize the naval reserve laws. In order to get into the navy Scandinavian sailors on the Pacific coast and the Great Lakes the reserve law will be amended to give alien seamen who enlist citizenship after one year.

The army bill will be reported before the end of the week, despite some opposition in committee. Appropriations will be made available within three days to repair and make seaworthy all seized alien-owned vessels. The tentative program for the revenue bills was talked over by the Ways and Means Committee. It provides for a \$5,000,000,000 bond issue, lowering of the income limit to \$2000 and raising existing norms and super tax rates, increasing materially the excess profits and inheritance taxes and combining the excess profits, munitions and corporation taxes after increasing them.

The conscription army measure will probably be one of the first bills up. It is believed by a majority of leaders that this bill will go through as the President wants it, but that it will require at least two weeks.

A drastic espionage bill is to be pressed immediately. Amendments to the shipping law giving the Government powers to take over merchant ships, a censorship act designed to strengthen the act and increase its powers, owing to the fact that much of the financing of the war will be done through the medium of reserve banks and other war measures, are ready for introduction this week.

CUBA CAN PUT 15,000 SOLDIERS INTO SERVICE

LONDON, April 9. Since the entry of the Cuban Republic in the war on the side of the Allies a number of Cubans have called at the Cuban legation offering their services. It was estimated that Cuba could put about 15,000 men in the field. The political influence of her move on the South American Republics, however, probably will overshadow her fighting strength.

Cuba is the sixteenth country to enter the war and the twelfth to go in on the side of the Allies.

Secretary Daniels declined to say when this co-operation goes into effect or to what extent it will be carried. The presumption is that it is already under way, in part. The United States will co-operate as fully in trade matters as it does in naval and military operations with its new allies.

Details of such trade co-operation will be worked out shortly by commercial commissions representing the United States and the European Powers.

A number of conferences are expected at the State, War and Navy Building between representatives of Allied Powers, particularly naval agents, and the heads of American navy and diplomatic services. For the present, it is likely that the American navy will direct its efforts at clearing a part of the Atlantic from submarines and raiders, giving the Allies a greater freedom of action than has been possible without American aid.

Aside from co-operation between the United States and the Allies, the sincere co-operation of labor—a gigantic factor—has been pledged to the Government.

President Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, has given assurance that which for a time marred England's chances in the war.

Entrance of Cuba into the war, plus the probable entry of Brazil, Bolivia and perhaps others this week, bids fair to have a vital effect upon developments, adding as it does to the crushing weight against Hohenzollern.

KAISER'S REFORM PROMISES FINE, BUT GERMANS WANT TO "BE SHOWN"

BERLIN (via London), April 9. Formal pledge by the Kaiser for political reform was generally hailed with rejoicing in editorial comment today. But a number of the more liberal newspapers indicated clearly the pledges were not enough to satisfy those seeking greater participation by the people in government.

"While the promise will please the Socialists, they will take into account only deeds," declared the Sozialist organ Vorwarts.

"The Emperor promises only a secret general vote—so the fight for equal votes must continue," insisted the Vossische Zeitung.

The Taegliche Rundschau, on the other hand, declared:

"Thus, in a few strokes of the pen, have been created what years of agitation and conferences have heretofore failed to achieve."

"Thanks to the Emperor's intervention," said the Lokai Anzeiger, "an unpleasant internal dispute has been settled. His address will produce a good effect abroad, as showing that there can be no outside interference, and that the German people continue to stand behind the Emperor and Field Marshal Hindenburg."

RAIDER AGAIN REPORTED OFF COAST; MYSTERIOUS CRAFT NEAR GALVESTON

BOSTON, April 9. The Charlestown Navy Yard warned that a German raider had entered the Gulf of Mexico.

The Charlestown Navy Yard warned that a German raider had entered the Gulf of Mexico. The raider was reported to be on the look-out for a "suspicious vessel" reported by a British vessel in a wireless warning. Censorship immediately closed down after the warning, and naval officials refused to comment.

GALVESTON, Tex., April 9.—Reports that a German raider had entered the Gulf of Mexico have been given color by the actions of an unidentified vessel near the Galveston bar, as reported to the port authorities by the pilot boat Texas and the Norwegian steamship Losna.

The mysterious vessel, apparently a freighter of about 2000 tons, hovered outside the bar entrance for several hours, approached the shore, then suddenly steamed out to sea.

THE biggest room in the world is room for improvement. But when Nature's best pipe tobacco has been naturally improved into Velvet, that room ain't so big after all.

Velvet Joe

The House that Heppie built

FOUNDED IN 1865—ADOPTED ONE-PRICE SYSTEM IN 1881
C. J. Heppie & Son, 1117-1119 Chestnut St.—6th & Thompson Sts.

Here is what we guarantee about our \$395 Aeolian Player-Piano

- that it is equal in value to any other \$600 player-piano (except the Pianola).
- that its case work, design and finish are as good as the market produces.
- that its touch, action and tone are absolutely reliable.
- that its player action has every regular Aeolian device except the special patented features of the Pianola.
- that the materials, workmanship and construction are of excellent quality throughout.
- that it will positively satisfy you.
- that within 30 days after purchase we will refund every payment if you find any other \$600 player that even compares with this \$395 value.
- furthermore, the Aeolian Company guarantees this instrument for ten years against defective material or workmanship.

The Aeolian Family of the player-piano world is on sale at Heppie's and includes

Aeolian Player-Piano.....	\$395
Francesca-Heppie Player-Piano.....	450
Stroud Pianola.....	600
Wheelock Pianola.....	750
Weber Pianola.....	1000
Steinway Pianola.....	1250

Settlement by cash or charge account or our rental-payment plan.

Call or write for large illustrated catalogs.
Downtown, 1117-19 Chestnut St.
Uptown, 6th and Thompson Sts.

FIND BOY'S BODY IN RIVER
TRENTON, April 9.—After a week of constant search, the body of Harry Greene, five-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Louis W. Greene, of 744 South Warren street, this city, was found in the Delaware River on the Pennsylvania shore south of Morristown.

It was discovered by the father and an uncle, Frank Huff, of Morristown. It is believed that the boy fell from a boat in which he was playing and where he was noticed by his sister.

For several days the search was kept among persons in the town getting on a trolley car with a woman was the victim, the impression being that he had been kidnapped.

BONWIT TELLER & CO
The Specialty Shop of Originations
CHESTNUT AT 13TH STREET
HAVE ARRANGED FOR TOMORROW
A Very Special Sale OF WOMEN'S SPRING SUITS
Priced for TUESDAY ONLY
at \$34

Three of Our Smartest Tailored Models Have Been Taken from the Regular Stock Priced 59.50 and 75.00

Three strictly tailored types, braid bound, waistcoat belted and demi-tailleur models. In tricotine, gabardine, barathe, checks, Poiret twill, men's wear serge and oxford suitings and burella. Colors: Navy, black, beige, gray and black-and-white checks.

Blouses & "Bontell" Shirts
3.90 up to 25.00

Coat blouses and slip-on blouses of French voile and georgette crepe combined with real filet laces. Beaded, embroidered or filet lace trimmed. "Bontell" Shirts of satin, men's wear crepe or linen.

NEWTON COAL
Answers The Burning Question

Have you made your saving of 75¢ a ton on coal?

REMEMBER there is no certainty how long we can continue this reduction we have made on Egg, Stove and Chestnut Coal, of the high-grade George B. Newton quality. Even if you have to strain a point to do it—better fill your bin to the top at these prices:

25c a ton off these prices for cash
Egg Coal, . . . \$7.25
Stove Coal, . . \$7.50
Chestnut Coal, \$7.75

25c per ton extra if wheeled or carried.

Our price for Pea Coal for the present will be \$6.00 a ton
25c a ton off for Cash.

You will not only save money if you order now, but you will assure yourself of your supply of coal for next winter when coal may be hard to get at any price.

The mining interests have announced the usual spring reduction of 50c a ton for Egg, Stove and Chestnut Coal and the railroads have announced a reduction of 25c per ton in freight on these sizes. We give you this saving, but there is no telling how long this will continue. It probably will not be for more than this month—the old prices may be resumed in May. The safe and saving way is to order now—today. Better use the telephone now and send in your order. And remember, a full ton, every pound you should have—and every pound good coal—comes to you in the George B. Newton wagon.

George B. Newton Coal Co.
Spruce 1400 Franklin Bank Building
Race 3800

CONFIDENCE—

causes the growth of an industry. Since 1844 the dental profession has had confidence in The S. S. White Dental Manufacturing Company.

Every dentist knows that the trademark "S.S.W." on dental goods means that they are made by the best known dental equipment house in the world, and that their quality is unquestioned.

He knows that whatever S. S. White puts out is right. It is right—because S. S. White has always found out beforehand what the dental profession agreed was right.

The dental profession wants the public to brush its teeth regularly, with a pleasant cleanser. Any doctor of medicine or dentistry will tell you that you can't prevent tooth decay with a "medicated" tooth paste. If you have confidence in your dentist's judgment, you will use S. S. White Tooth Paste.

Your druggist has it. Sign and mail the coupon below for our booklet, "Good Teeth; How They Grow And How To Keep Them."

THE S.S. WHITE DENTAL MFG. COMPANY
MOUTH AND TOILET PREPARATIONS
211 SOUTH 12TH ST. PHILADELPHIA

COUPON Please send me a copy of "Good Teeth How They Grow And How To Keep Them," also a sample tube of S. S. White Tooth Paste.

Name.....
Address.....