AGITATION AGAINST BOXING BECAUSE OF FATALITY IN ALBANY AN INJUSTICE TO SPOR

WHERE IS BASEBALL SENTIMENT WHICH KEPT WALLACE AND WALSH IN MAJORS AFTER COLLAPSE?

Wagner and Cravath Victims of Commercialism in Sport-Pittsburgh Veteran Receives Cut in Salary and "Gavvy" Is Dropped

The hazeball pessimist, who is constantly impressing upon all who care to listen that there is no sentiment in the great national pastime, is being furnished with a mob of perfectly good arguments this semester. Two of the most dearly loved players who ever stepped on a diamond are getting it right between the eyes, sich is evidence enough that commercialism in the sport is fast crowding out what sentiment there was and the money-grabbing crare has baseball in its grip as tightly as it has any other business. From Pittsburgh comes the story that the salary of Hans Wagner-the most popular ball player who ever stepped into shoes-is to be substantially cut. We in Philadelphia have suffered the spectacle of seeing the Philadelphia Bail Club drop "Gavvy" Cravath, the idol of the fans for years and a man who has done as much for the local National League club as any player it ever had under contract. Cravath is entitled to a place by the side of Alexander and Moran as the men who did most to give Philadelphia its first National League pennant.

Wagner Best of All Pittsburgh Players

As A purely business proposition, of course, Wagner is the highest sala-S A purely business proposition, of course, Wagner is the logical subject for a ried player on the Pirate roster, but was there ever a man who did as much for the Pittsburgh club as the Dutchman? He has been more than a shortstop to Pittsburgh fans, and to Barney Dreyfuss he has been one of the foundations of Smoky City baseball. Never was there a ball player so free from mercenary motives, never a more loyal professional athlete than this same Hans Wagner. Several years ago when Wagner thought he was slipping he went to Dreyfuss and teld Barney that be had better quit. The Pittsburgh owner was completely distracted at the thought of lowing the man who made him a power in the baseball world, and he so little understood the player's honorable convictions that he offered him more money-told him to write his own contract.

Wagner declined to accept more money, but signed a contract at the old figures. The offer of an increase in salary carried no weight with Wagner, but the fact that he thought his employer needed him a little longer brought him back to the game. This is the man whose salary Dreyfuss is cutting this year, and with his habitual good nature Wagner agrees to the terms. It would seem that Barney has not reached that stage where he draws pleasant reveries in going back over the days of pennants and success of his club brought by Wagner.

Cravath's Case Here Almost the Same

THE case of Cravath is similar. The slugger from the coast drew thousands of fans to the Phillies' grounds and put countless dollars in the pockets of Mr. Baker and his associates.

Last year is was evident that he was slipping, but at that Moran considered "Gavvy" good enough to cover right field most of the time. Undoubtedly Cravath would have spent most of this season on the bench had he come back, but there are many who think he would have fitted in well as a pinch hitter, particularly with the worry of fielding taken from his broad shoulders. But Baker ruled against it and asked the other clubs to waive on Cravath in order to turn him loose.

The spirit of Dreyfuss and Baker is not the same as that which prompted Comiskey to carry Ed Walsh along for three years at a large salary after he was of no use whatever to the club. It is not the same feeling which led the Browns to keep Bobby Wallace on hand just as long as Bobby wanted to stay. Even after he tried out as an umpire, Bob was taken back again. And yet Wagner and Cravath, who still are counted as valuable men, are the victims of commercialism-the one getting a salary cut and the other being dropped. There appears to be little sentiment rampant, in the two great Pennsylvania cities at any rate.

Few Deaths Occur in Boxing Game

T SEEMS peculiar that every time a boxer is killed in the ring there is a cry I raised against the sport by a lot of people who know nothing about it, demanding that the sport be abolished; and yet fatalities occur in other lines of sport, but there is no talk of canning the entire works. In Albany, N. Y., the other night a young bover died as the result of a blow received in the ring, and at once a lot of estimable gentlemen, public spirited but ignorant of the ring game, demanded that the sport be abolished. In fairness to the sport it may be pointed out that the death of young Peter McDonald is hardly sufficient grounds for raising such an uproar. His death was very deplorable, but it must be remembered that in competitive athletics such fatalities are bound to occur. Every year baseball, football and auto racing take their toll of human life.

The death of this young man can be attributed more to mismanagement by the producers of the bout than to the game. It was very lax of the officials to let him in the ring at all. It was McDonald's first fight and he went into the ring without any training of the right sort whatever. He was first on the bill, and it developed that just previous to the bout he indulged in a hearty meal. The young man was not a professional boxer in the strict sense of the word, being employed in other work during the day, and was undoubtedly in a somewhat exhausted physical condition when he stepped into the ring.

Fan Makes Suggestion for Baseball Change

WHY don't they have uniform distances on baseball grounds, writes in J. F. M., all fan with ideas. Here is what he say

Sporting Editor Evening Ledger:

Referring to all the talk about helping the batter in ball games, why do they not have the game played within prescribed limits, like tennis, football and polo, instead of permitting outfielders in the very large parks having an unfair advantage of heavy hitters, who, if baiting on grounds of limited space, would no doubt have many more triples and home runs?

For illustration, the right field wall of the Phillies' grounds is about 275 feet; that is the limit of the fielder's range. At Boston he can, as I understand, back out a greater distance, and makes outs of long hits that would count if the fielders were compelled to play say 250 feet or some fixed distance. He could field the ball, but this would give the batter a sporting chance and should appeal to fans.

Philadelphia, January 31, 1917. We will bite: Why don't they have prescribed limits for a baseball field? Well, it just isn't done, that's all. Another very good reason is that every league field in the country would then only be as large as the smallest park in the league.

Norman Maxwell Now on the Success Highway

NORMAN MAXWELL is now on the highroad to success, and it looks as though this coming season would mark off a series of triumphs for the nineteen-year-old Philadelphia golf prodigy. His triumph over Gardiner White was made in the face of a 78, in the face of the adverse sentiments of the gallery, which felt that his victory over the famous metropolitan golfer last December in the finals at Lakewood was a fluke, and in the face of his own knowledge of his erratic temperament.

This latter is his worst drawback to immediate success. A poor shot he may happen to make quite upsets him and spoils the day completely for him. He is gradually losing this boyish disposition, and a few more victories over the real stars of the country will show him just how good he really is.

Maxwell himself knows that his greatest fault lies in his lnability to keep from slashing about in a rage after a poor shot.

"If I could only forget a poor shot," says Maxwell, "I would feel that I could play along with any of them. But I can't help 'cussing' myself at a careless shot, and right away begin to wish I could start all over again at the beginning of the round. I don't care much what I do after I make one mistake and it takes me a couple of holes before I can get over the effect of it."

Old Tennis Body Opposes the Proposed Tennis Ruling

FIGHE leading members of the New York Lawn Tennis Club, one of the oldest and most firmly established of the metropolitan tennis organizations in point of service displayed the courage of their convictions the other night at the annual meeting and dinner of the club when they came out as flat-footedly opposed to the proposed amateur legislation of the United States Lawn Tennis Association, which proposes to legislate against those players in the tennis business and to make other radical rulings against players it does not consider have a right to play for amateur events. The best question the club will ask at the national ennual meeting is: "With admitted knowledge of violations of amateur status, and already having a rule on the books which gives you the power, why did you

Player in Sporting Goods Business Once Thought Honest

HHE wisdom that inspired the drafting of the proposed rule was questioned by Christopher B. Winns, three times president of the club. Winns called attention to the fact that the reform wave might not appear so purifying to forego nations that had played for the Davis Cup when they could considered that the Americans were legislating against some of the men most famous on its international teams. other official expressed the opinion that the national committee had suddenly one hystorical because the practice of entering the sporting goods business, sich they had winked at and blinked at for the last few years, had suddenly comps more than popular with the ranking players. On its own records, it was seried at the inacting, the national association believed that a player might be in the sporting goods business and still be an honest amateur. So that the mem-ers of the club decided that either some one had humbooxled the clubs in the man and was seiting the metter straight now or else was engaged in a gigantic

and was mixing the matter straight of the present.

SECTION SECTION OF Johnny Coulon's influtions of invading England for the supplies of reforming with Jimpay Wildre stalp sounds rather unreasonable and this beginn ming is cold a sunit of his former cell. He proved that he could be sunit be sunit beginn ming is cold a sunit of his former cell. He proved that he could be sunit be supplied to the sunit of his proved that he could be such that he could be supplied to the sunit be supplied to the sunit of the sunit between the suni

BARNEY SAID "NO" AND JEWELS WON

'Let Me Shoot in My Regular Way," He Urged of Captain Jack Fox

EASTERN LECAGUE

W. L. P.C.

Orerstock 4 2 .667 Trenton 4 4 .566

Jasper 4 5 .571 Reading 3 4 .429

Cumden 4 500 De Nert 2 4 .333 SCHEDULE FOR WEEK Toulght-De Nerl at Greystock, Tomorraw night-Jasper at De Nerl, Grey-fork at Reading,

During the first half of the Eastern League game at Nonparell Hall last night loyal rooters of the Jewels were afraid the record of the home club for straight wins record of the hor was in jeopardy.

was in jeopardy.

The totals at the conclusion of the initial twenty minutes were 7-7, and during that time both clubs had established a world's mark for shots missed. Barney Sedron had a "millon" chances, and they sure were breaking bad for the "kid," as they were rolling all around the rim and dancing in and out. The Kensington boys held a council of war in the intermission. Captain Jack Fox told Barney Sedran to get them up a bit higher.

"Let me shoot my regular way, Jack, won't you?" replied the midget "it's my regular style and they're breaking had,

at's all."

And he went in and luck was in his favor this time, He made all the points made by his club, fifteen in all, five field and five foul, and the Jewels won out, 22-19. The game was one of the cleanest ever ataged between Reading and Jasper. The

staged between Reading and Jasper. The only men on the visiting five to register were Johnny Beckman, with two goals, and Morris one. Sedran made all of Jasper's twenty points with the exception of a two-pointer by Friedman. Barney caged six field goals and eight out of fourteen fouls. Sears registered thirteen out of eighteen fouls.

Since Tom Barlow lost that game many persons have asked. "Do you think it will affect his play in the future? and unless we mis-take our guess the answer decidedly "No?" surprises of the season.



PENN GETS STAR PLAYER "Tuffy" Conn. one of the best halfbacks ever developed on the Pacific Coast, will enter the University of Pennsylvania on Feb-

DICK RUDOLPH HOLD-OUT; OBJECTS 10-DAY RELEASE

BOSTON, Feb. 2.—Pitcher Dick Rudolph. of the Boston Braves, sends word here that he has not signed his 1917 contract because he is not satisfied with it. Rudolph has not protested against the

terms named, which are believed to be around \$7000, the sum he received last year. But he states that a time limit of February I was put on the return of the contract by President Haughton and that the contract Barlow undoubtedly is one of the biggest contains the abnoxious ten days' release curprises of the season.

JIMMY DUNN TEACHING KID WOLF, A BANTAM. TO EMULATE KILBANE BY ANNEXING A FISTICUFF TITLE

JOHNNY KILBANE, featherweight chamboxing ability to the teaching of Jimmy Dunn, his manager and a former Now Durn is 'preping' Jack ('Kid') Wolf, a bantam—a legitimate 116-pounder—for a berth on the championship borizon, and Jimmy is going through the same process he used with Kilbane.

The blackboard drill is used in baseball, football, basketball and almost every other sort of sport; and Dunn has adopted that idea in boxing. However, instead of using chalk on a blackboard. Jimmy does his marking on the floor. Crosses are chalked where the boxer is to stand and semicircles and horizontal lines are drawn to direct him in sidestepping

Footwork Necessary

"Pontwork Necessary
"Punching ability and blocking does not make a boxer successful," says Dunn. "If he doesn't use his feet as well as his arms a man taking up boxing may as well quit. Footwork is the most important factor in making a successful boxer, and Johnny Kibane can be used as a good criterion."

Sidestepping punches and making an opponent miss rather than block saves one's strength and at the same time causes the strength and at the same time causes the party of the second part to get wild and careless, is Dunn's opinion. Half a hattle is won by the other fellow's mistakes.

Dunn says when he first took Kilbane in tow the Cleveland Irishman knew little, if anything, about footwork. When Jimmy got through with his pal and protege. Kil-bane's punching ability had been improved more than a hundred per cent. And Kilbane is not through learning yet. Dunn teaches the champion new pointers every time they put on the gloves.

Good Student

Kilbane is an apt student; he likes to be taught; admits he doesn't know everything; follows instructions carefully, and likes to practice new punches. Can one imagine a hampion, the best-at his weight in the world, listen to instructions? It is bard to believe, yet that really is Kilbane's reason for success.

When Wolf placed himself under the tutelage of Dunn, Jimmy discovered right away that Jack was a clever, shifty young-ster. He landed many blows, continued punching until the other fellow clinched. yet Wolf's punches carried little force. He didn't, and doesn't yet, know how to punch. Gradually. Dunn says. Wolf is improving his hitting powers, and if Wolf takes as much interest in his work of learning as Dunn does in teaching, the bantam probably will place himself on the highest pinnacle of the division now ruled by Pete Her-

Donn's Teaching

In teaching his boys the art of punchng, nelther Dunn nor the pupil in any way places himself in jeopardy of getting hurt, or even hit. And all punches, jabs, hooks, uppercuts and right crosses are delivered with great force. The wallops, though, do not land on any part of the recipient's

Before a punch, directed for the head or body, is delivered, the defender's glove is placed in such a position to receive the entire force of the blow as he tells the offender where to hit. This seems easy, offender where to hit. This seems easy, but it takes diligent and patient training to master the art of punching with full force and not burting the other fellow

SCRAPS ABOUT SCRAPPERS Eddle Holland will be the third man in the ring at the Cambria when Joe Borrell endeavers to kneck off Jeff Smith in the star both. Holland has been made official referee. Charley Doyle and Johnny Duffy, lightweishis, are semi-mailigts. In the other numbers Joe Koons meets Whitey Baker, Benny Harrison facers Bert Sayder and Eddle Relly opposes Young Mulligan.

Evening Ledger Decisions of Ring Bouts Last Night

BROADWAY — Jack Blackburn defeated Harry Haker: Pat O'Malley won from Eggy Lloyd; Frankle Williams beat Freddy Rus-sell: Frank Farmer suffered a badly cut eye and had to quit to Johnny Brown, first; Willie Manning cutfought Johnny Hogan.

Wille Manning outlought sohnny Hogan.

ATLANTIC CITY (amaicurs)—Mike Faicone won from Tommy Mitchell, Fairone also
beat Al Cohen on a foul, second; Cohen
stopped Jimmy Quage, first; Al Shaw defeated Fred Yale; Tommy Keily outcointed
Shaw, Keily also won from John Sinnotti
Joe Delcollo heat William Shannan; Samuel
Rabinson stopped Victor Rocco, second; Frank
Palmec and Al Monroe were chased from the
ring, stalling; Frank O'Neill lost to Joe
Miller; Patsy Gill defeated William Harvey. READING—Johnny Mayo knocked out Al Britt, fifth: Young Sharkey bent Young Dun-dee, Dundee breaking his hand.

NEW YORK - Benny Leonard won from Frankie Callahan. NEW ORLEANS—Joe Lynch beat One-Punch Hogan, fifteen rounds,

Manton and Howard, and Phil Ryan and Jos Eagan compose other bouts.

Tenight at the Nonparell A. C. the star bout will bring together Joe Philips, of Frankford, and Mickey Gallagher, of Smoky Hollow. The remainder of the program will be Joe Geiger vs. Terry Martin, Billy Donovan vs. Kid Haney, Benny Harrison vs. Marty McKenna and Joe Miller vs. Marty Collins.

Johnny Kilhane and Johnny Ray, the champion's opponent for tomorrow night at the National Club, are expected in Philadelphia tonight or early tomorrow morning. The little Pittaburgher has had previous experience in the ring with Kilhane, and he may puzzle the champion during their six-rounder. Jimmy Downs, a stablemate of Kilbane's, meets Billy Roife, of

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TWO MAXWELLS IN **GOLF SEMI-FINALS**

Philadelphian Plays Seggerman and New Yorker Meets Beall

PINEHURST, N. C. Feb. 2.-Four of the strongest entries are entered in the semifinal rounds today, with Norman Maxwell pitted against Henry Seggerman and Lee Maxwell giving battle with E. C. Beall. As all four of the semifinals have been playing fast golf, there is unusual interest in elimination for Saturday's final.

In Thursday's match young Maxwell, from Philadelphia, found a rugged oppofrom Philadelphia, found a rigged oppo-nent in Chayton Dixon, who hung on grimly, carrying the match to the seventeenth cup before he was finally beaten, 2 and 1. Both were playing good, sound golf, with no spectacular features.

Lee Maxwell continued his unbesten career at Pinehurst by defeating George Small, 5 and 4. Small started out briskly and was 2 up at the third hole, but from that point on the Sleepy Hollow entry set-tled down to a fast, steady clip verging upon par goif. He finished at a 76 clip, a trifle too fast for his opponent.

TINY GILHOOLEY, AT 140 POUNDS. UP TO "SLIM" LOVE, SIX FEET SIX. SHOWS BASEBALL ASSORTED SIZES

By GRANTLAND RICE

There is no great difference among Evers, Maranville, Huggins and Gilnooley.

The largest athlete now in major league captivity is probably Charles Munro Testreau, of the Giants. Charles Munro weighs around 236, none of which is fat.

The shortest athlete is Maranville, around five feet five. The tailest is Slim Love, at six feet five and a half.

The Other Fellow's Game

The Other Fellow's Game

The sportive populace of this country is rapidly developing a far broader outlook. At the recent baseball meeting in New York a few weeks back we found three groups of ball players all talking golf.

They were all comparing average scores and discussing this method and that of playing a shot. It was hard to get the conversation switched to baseball.

A few weeks later we ran into a bunch

WHO, asks a noncombatant, "is the of golf ros at Pinehurst, including fact was an expension of the largest ball player in the major leagues today?"

The lightest ball player we know of in the game is Johnny givers, weight only about 140. Milter stuggins is around the same weight, while Maranville isn't much more.

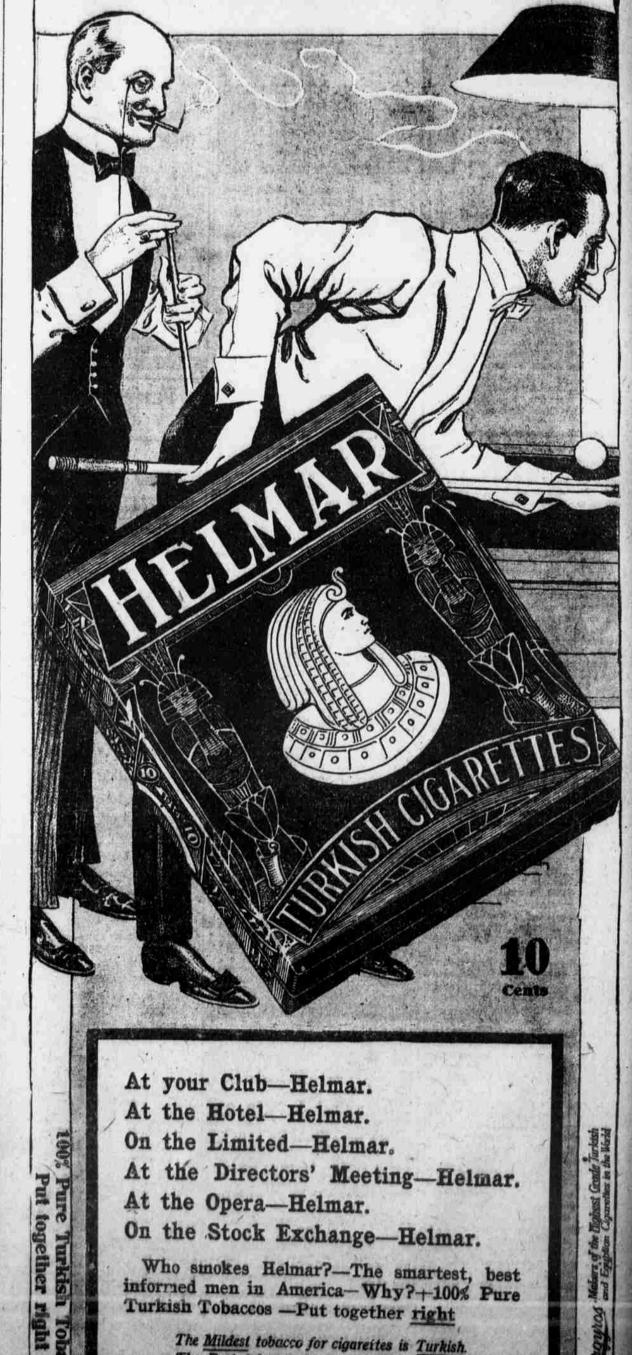
There is no great difference among Evers, Maranville, Hursting and Gilhooley.

Maranville, Hursting and Gilhooley.

"Why isn't Jess Willard an amateur," asks F. K. H. "He not only doesn't fight for money. He doesn't fight at all."

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