Lloyd George, Prime Minister, Rose From Ranks, Became Popular Idol-Bonar Law Was Once Iron Merchant-Others of "Close-to-People Type

UNDON, Dec. 11.—David Lloyd George to denounced in Tory circles just before to war began as the man who was "drag-ag the country to the dogs."

the war began as the man who was "drageing the country to the dogs."

Busting life as an inconspleuous Welsh collector, he secaped notice until 1899, when, it has not of thirty-seven, he entered Parliament as member from Carnarvon, Wales. Pire Jeales later he was appointed a member of Campbell-Bannerman's Cabinet as resident of the Board of Trade. When Asquith became Premier in April, 1998, Mr. Illoyd Ocorge took over the portfolio of Chancellor of the Exchequer, where he soon texame the best hated enemy of the Tories and a popular idel of the people at large.

Andrew Bonar Law, who has been a member of Parliament for eixteen years, was an iron merchant and formerly a member of the firms of William Kidstone & Sons and William Jacks & Co., both of Glasgow. He was born in Carnada and is the first colonial bead the Unionist party. Mr. Law was appointed Secretary of State for the Colonials in the coalition Cabinet formed last year after being leader of the opposition is Commons since 1911.

Leed Curzon, who is fifty-seven years old, had long experience in foreign affairs, his most important post being Viceroy of India, where he served during 1890-1905. Prior to this he had been Under Secretary for Isalia and for Foreign Affairs.

Arthur Henderson, leader of the Labor party in Commons, resigned from the Asquith Cabinet, in which he held the post of president of the Board of Education, in August of this year. On November 8 he was appointed Minister of Pensions, a newly greated post made necessary by the war. He started life as a molder.

Lord Milner, who was among those mentioned as successor to Lord Kitchener, has lead been identified with Egypt and South Africa. He has bad a distinguished record as a colonial administrator.

Of the less widely known men in the new Cabinet, the majority of them seemingly are well qualified from practical experience for their respective posts.

The new Lord High Chancellor Sir Robert Bannatyne Finlay has twee before held positions in the Government, having been selles throm the most

he was sent across the Atlantic to repre-sent the munition department of the Brit-ish Government in the United States and Canada. On his return to England ha

ish Government in the United States and Canada. On his return to England he was created a baron by King George.

Sir Albert Stanley is general manager of the underground raliway system of London. He was educated in American technical schools and for a number of years was the manager of the street raliways in Detroit and of the Public Service raliways in New Jersey.

John Hodge is a Labor member of Parliament. He is secretary of the Steel Smelting Amalgamated Association.

Dr. Christopher Addison has held the post of Parliamentary Secretary of Munitions.

Dr. Christopher Addison has held the post of Parliamentary Secretary of Munitions. He is a doctor of medicine and has written extensively on anatomy.

Haron Devonport, food controller, is ensirman of the Port Authority of London and has also held the post of Parliamentary Secretary of the Board of Trade. He is well known as a sportsman, his recreations being shooting, beating and yachting.

In Rowland Edmund Prothers the Ministry has a practical man as president of

the Board of Agriculture, he having studied and written extensively on farming. He has been a member of the Royal Commission on Home Production of Food since 1915.

Another Labor member of the Govern-ment is George N. Barnes, from the Black-friars Division of Glasgow. He has de-voted much time to the promotion of old-age pensions and better allowances to sol-

diers and salors. He is on the Govern-ment's committee for sailors and soldiers' pensions and allowances.

Horbert A. L. Flaher, president of the Board of Education, is a well-known edu-cator. He has been vice chancellor of Shef-Beid University since 1912, and is a fellow in several British colleges. Mr. Fisher in 1809 delivered the Lowell Institute lectures

Sir Frederick Cawley is Liberal member of Parliament from Lancashire.

Albert Illingworth is a partner in the firm of Daniel Illingworth & Sons, spinners. He also is a Liberal M. P. from Lancashire. ancashire. Gordon Hewart, the Solicitor General, is

well-known barrister. He holds the Lib-eral seat in Parliament for Leicester, The Rt. Hon. Henry E. Duke succeeded

IN BRITAIN'S WAR COUNCIL

Above is Lord Curzon, former Viceroy of India, and now Lord President of Council in Lloyd George's new War Cabinet of five. Below is Arthur Henderson, leader of the Labor party in Commons, who will be without portfolio. Simultaneously with the announcement of Lord Curzon's appointment came the news from London of his engagement to Grace Elvina Duggan, ughter of the late J. Mor roe Hinds, one-time American Minister to Brazil.

Augustine Birrell as Secretary for Ireland after the Dublin revolt. He is the Unionis member of Parliament for Exeter. Ignatius J. O'Brien has held the post of Lord Chancellor of Ireland since 1913. He is a well-known Irish lawyer,

MERE POLITICIANS ELIMINATED The new Governmeta embodies in an un precedented degre all England's national clements. It is noteworthy in that busi-ness men eliminate as much as possible the

purely professional politicians heretofore building largely in Cabinets.

A striking illustration of the wide range shown in Lloyd George's selections is in the Laborites, who were called upon among his twenty-eight repartment heads. One.

his twenty-cight repartment heads. One Arthur Henderson, becomes a member of the War Council. He started life as an iron moulder. John Hodge, Minister of Labor, is the head of the Steel Smelters' Association. The Hon. Nell Primrose, son of Lord Resebury, is his undersecretary.

The making of the actual Cabinet into a working body of only ve members assures

inet procedure—regardless of precedents and traditions. The rapidity with which he not only corralled the support of the Labor party, and made up the personnel of the Cabinet, but actually got his new war council working before the members were sworn in, demonstrates not only the ginger of the man who is now England's Prime Minister, but his appreciation of the vital urgency of the situation Britain now faces. Great Britain Roused for War to Finish

free peoples' answer to the claim, repeatedly made place August 1, that in a crisis their tracy with its scattered control and its divided authority cannot cope with the efficiency and the force of centralized power possible under an autocracy of the Ger-

France went a long way toward contra-France went a long way toward contra-dicting the German argument so far as it concerned the military, when the produced a J off re. The British believe that they have completed the contradiction, even though it required twenty-eight months, by a process of elimination which has finally placed in the hands of the one man who has the confidence of an overwheiming ma-jority, the supreme power to mobilize and direct the entire strength of the British Empire.

DEMOCRACY CHOSE POWER It is the British idea that democracy has answered autocracy by showing that it does not fear centralized power, but has gues a step further by selecting its own administration of that power.

The new order contains at xetriding characteristics that the old order lacked—finitiative, innovation, expedition, nationalism, concentration and courage.

Apparently Lloyd George's rat determina-m was that the administration, to be succomful, must institute an entirely new sys-



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POMPEY — Savior of Rome from Hannibal and the Carthaginians. CAIUS GRACCHUS—Leader of the plebeians of Rome to attainment of democratic rights.

FABIUS-Roman general who led in second Punic war. SULLA Roman general created for establishment of the republic, JULIUS CAESAR—Inaugurated im-

perial Rome out of chaotic condi-tion of decadent republic.

RIENZI — Rescued medieval Italy from domination of tyrannical ruiing houses. CROMWELL-Leader of the Puritan

regime in England, which had its political climax in the common-

"Terror" in the French Revolution,
SIMON BOLIVAR — Liberator of
several of the South American SANTA ANA-Virtual sovereign of

Mexico at time of war with United States. DIAZ—For many years autocrat of Mexico. GAMBETTA—Helped restore France

to normal after Commune. DAVID LLOYD GEORGE.

rould otherwise be unobtainable under the present minimerial system. Further con-centration and co-operation have provided in a scheme for commissions or committees in Parliament similar to those in the longress of the United States

Because of his cold, the Premier is conned to his home. In a letter, which he has written to Parliament, he indicated his belief that he would be unable to attend omorrow's session of Parliament, at which the new Cabinet will formally take office.

"The one predominant task before the Government is a vigorous prosecution of the war to a triumphant conclusion," Lloyd George declared in this letter. "I am confident I can rely on your support and that you will long devote your energies effectively to that end."

While the Premier remained indoors his While the Premier remained indoors his new Ministers were formally received at Buckingham Palace by King George and kissed his Ma esty's hand. A meeting of the Privy Council, called at noon, brought seals of the retiring M nisters and later delivered these to the newly accredited Cabinet mem-bers.

LUXURIES MUST GO England's every resource is to be turned into the war. Every luxury is to be cut off, every activity turned into the serious business of fighting.

Nothing could be clearer than this decision after announcement of Lloyd George's new cabinet and consideration of preliminary measures to be enacted.

VIRTUALLY A DICTATOR "The little Weishman" becomes virtually dictator of England.

Associated with him in the War Council are Farl Curzon, who will be Government leader in the House of Lorda; Andrew Bonar Law, who will be leader in the House of Commons; Arthur Henderson and Lord Milner, ministers without portfolio.

Because Curzon and Law will be largely occupied with their duties in the two houses. the War Council really narrows down to

a permanent membership of three men-and two of these. Milner and Henderson, are without other tasks than that of mem-bers of the War Council. Thus the Government forces are aligned or enciency.

This new Government also plans efficiency brough reforms as to public economy.

It is believed virtually certain that Lloyd.

George's regime will institute absolute pro hibition of spirits throughout Great Britain, with severe restrictions on beer and wine. Further manufacture of spirituous liquors will be forbidden. One of Lloyd George's new "department

heads' is a food controller—Lord (Devon-bort, His appointment—It is a new post— was taken to pressage issuance and institu-tion of all the internal comonies in con-nection with the nation's food supply neces-

nection with the nation's food supply necessary to reduce waste.

Meatiess days each week are expected.
Forecast also in the new Government's ideas of unremitting, rainvigorated conduct of the war are the cutting off of all unnecessary luxuries in private life and concentration upon necessary work only.

All the nation's vigor is to be directed at preparing for the spring drive and the pushing of this winter's operations.

RESIGNATION OF FRENCH CABINET IMMINENT

PARIS, Dec. 11.
It was reported in political circles to-day that the resignation of the French

Cabinet is imminent.

The Matin is authority for the statement that the reorganization of the higher command of the army will not be astifed until after the reorganized Government takes its seat and is indorsed by a vote of confidence in the Chamber of Deputies. Governmental authority will be concentrated. The Matin predicts that "old administrative machinery will be thrown into the melting pot" and that a small war council will be formed, similar to that in England. abinet is imminent.

England.

More and more England's limited war council idea is gaining support in France. More and more is Lloyd George being regarded as England's man of the hour.

France lea't wasting time in pessimistic reflections over Rimania and Greece. On the contrary, the nation is setting its jaws the more firmly and demanding action that will be immediate and dering.

will be immediate and daring.
With the slow-down of activity along the west front, forced by chilling and unceasing rain, clammy fogs and seas of mud, events in England, Greece and Rumania loom all the more prominently here.

ITALY PLANS TO PUSH VIGOROUS WAR POLICY

Italy, no less than her allies, he preparing to make 1917 a year of its most vigorous prosecution of the war.

Two events today so indicated the new determination of the nation.

One was the calling to the colors of the class of 1828, one year in advance of the time at which men of that age ordinarily would be called upon for military service.

The other was the vote of confidence orded the present Government by Parlia-ment. The session was a secret one. The rote was 276 to 45. Details of the division on this vote were not made public, but it is supposed those who opposed the Govern-ment's plans were the Socialist wing and

U-Boats Sink 16 Munition Ships BERLIN, Dec. 11.—According to report from Stockholm, says the Overseas News Agency today, German submarines in th Arctic have during the last few weeks sun

sixteen ammunition steamers bound to

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Rumanians Regain Lost Positions

Continued from Page One

crossed the Danube between Silistria and Cernavoda are advancing upon Kalarashi to selse the short spur of railway line run-ning south from the Bucharest-Feteshii Railroad to the Danube.

RERLIN, Dec. 11

The resistance of the Rumanians in east-ern Wallachta has been broken by Fleid Marshal von Mackensen, according to the official report of the War Office today. The German Allies are fighting their way forward despite heavy rainstom and the absence of bridges which were destroyed by the Ruso-Rumanian forces during their

kept up their affacks on Sunday over a wide front, but gained no advantage, the

SOFIA, Dec. 11 Recapture of the west bridgehead at wrnavoda was announced in today's offi-

A Bulgarian force crossed the Danube to Rumania near Silistria and captured

HINDENBURG HONORED

BERLIN, Dec. II.—Emperor William has sent to Field Marshal von Hindenburg he following autograph letter:
"My Dear Field Marshall—The Rumanian campaign, which with God's assistance already has led to such brilliant

ceases, will be valued in the war history all times as a bright example of the of all times as a bright example of the strategic art of genius. You have again conducted great operations with rare prolence as regards spreaded arrangements, with the greatest energy in carrying them out, and you proposed to me with farseeing thoughtfulness measures which directed the way to separately marching columns for united blow

To you and your well-tried assistants of the General Staff the thanks of the Fatherland are again due. With proud oy and satisfaction it has learned the news of victory, and with sure certainty, full of confidence in such leaders, looks

Railroad to the Danube.
The object of the German, Bulgarian and Turkish forces that crossed the Danube east of Shistria, was evidently to get in behind the Romanian column that fled eastward from Bucharest along the railway toward Feteshil.
On the front of the Carpathians and the eastern part of the Transpivanian Alps the Russians are again exerting strong pressure against the Austro-German front held by Archduke Josef and fresh gains have been scored in that sector.

On the Carpathian front the Russians

War Office says.
There have been no important actions on the eastern front the War Office stated.

lai report.
Forcing back of the enemy for several undred feet by Teuton-Bulgar forces west of Subodol was also announced.

o city of Kalapasi In Macedonia, the statement said, several temy attacks had been repulsed.

FOR RUMANIAN VICTORY

open the future. But I desire to give especial expression of my despent thanks by conferring upon you as the first of my generals the Grand Cross of the Iron Cross. Your grateful and always very affectionate King. WILHELM.

Greece Hovers on Brink of Conflict With Entent

that the situation has improved, the diplo-matic body is reserved.

"According to Greek statements, a friendly spirit prevailed at the audience King Constantine gave the British and and Russian Ministers. The King, as a sign that he en-tertains no hostile intentions, offered to withdraw two regiments from Thessaly and intrust the guarding of the Corinth Canal and the Chalcis Bridge to French torpedo-boat destroyers."

Dispatches from Rotterdam indicate that

Dispatches from Rotterdam Indicate that threece is on the brink of war. These advices quote the Hudapest correspondent of the Frankfurter Zeltung as saying that any further pressure from the Entents will be regarded by the Greek Government as cause for war.

The same newspaper says that the Al-

lies are prepared to dethrone Constantine and proclaim eight-year-old Prince Peter king, with former Premier Ventselos as

regent: Telegrams to the Weekly Dispatch from Smyrna Island, dated Friday, say that troops are reported arriving at Athens con-linuously and that 20,000 have gathered in and around the capital

ATHENS, Nec. 11.—King Constantine's Government made formal protest to the stilled Powers today against continuance of the Allies' blockade.

ATHENS, Dec. 9 (delayed).—The situa-

critical moment.
Garrett Droppers, the American Minister,
was in conference with King Constantine
more than a bour today. The Spanish Minister has left for Valencia, ostensibly on leave of absence, placing the legation in the hands of the Charge d'Affaires. All the Entente nationals have been or-dered by their legations to quit Athens

Snow Hampers Italian Guns

ROME, Dec. 11.—"Artillery activity has een hampered in the mountain regions by beavy snowfalls," says last night's War Of fice statement, "but it has been very violen the region east of Goritz and on the

BRITAIN'S BOOZE BAN HAILED BY DRYS HERE

Victory for Our Cause," Dr. Tope Calls Plan to Check Traffic

England's contemplated control of all liquor trade in the British lales was greated today as a great victory for the drys by the Rev. Homer W. Tope, Philadelphia superintendent of the Anti-Satoon League, He halled the action of the bew Government unter Lloyd George another step toward a "Inquorless world." England will prohibit and whicky and gip and the distillation of whisky and gin and greatly restrict the sale of beer. Virtually all alcoholic drinks are to be used only for medicinal purposes.

"England's action is something we ex-pected." Doctor Tope said, "particularly since Lloyd George has come into power. He has always been favorable to our cause. England's action, like Russia's, is not taken upon grounds of morality, but in recogni-tion that a liquoriess nation is an efficient nation. Commanders of armies and the heads of Government realize this truth.

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 \$281.25

 1-3
 Carat Rings
 \$27.90
 1
 Carat Rings
 \$125.00
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