

TO AID STADIUM

H. Laussat Geyelin, U. of P. Athletic Chairman, Hopes They Will Help Cemetery Site Backed

Hope that wealthy men of Philadelphia will come to the aid of the sponsors of the Philadelphia stadium, just as rich men have contributed to the stadiums at Yale, Harvard and Princeton, was expressed today by H. Laussat Geyelin, chairman of the board of directors of the Athletic Association of the University of Pennsylvania, who will urge the revival of a definite movement for a municipal stadium at a meeting of the board to be held next Monday night.

Mr. Geyelin will urge that the University officials give impetus to the movement for a stadium of 100,000 seating capacity by appointing a committee to push the campaign for funds and final choice of a site and plans.

"A Philadelphia, T. De Witt Caylor, was one of the most active in contributing to the fund for the Yale stadium, a comparatively few donors built the Harvard athletic stadium, and one man gave virtually all the money for the Princeton stadium," said Mr. Geyelin.

"Neither can we expect help from the city council, although it is the duty of the city to provide a stadium for the staging of all our athletic events. We will have to depend on outside contributions to finance the work."

The first thing to do is to get the University authorities to lead the movement. Of course, I think it will have to be under the management of the University.

Mr. Geyelin said the plan to build a stadium on the eastern corner of Woodlands Cemetery plot would cost no less than \$500,000. In the natural atmosphere there, he thinks, a "howl" would be the cheapest form of construction, requiring the least amount of excavation and preparation for actual building operations.

George E. Niswonger, secretary of the University of Pennsylvania, who worked in favor of the Woodlands stadium for three years prior to the abandonment of the active campaign, said this morning he favored the plan just as much as ever.

"It is an ideal site, and I think a comparison of all other sites in the city which have been proposed will convince anyone that this would be the best place for a large athletic stadium. Virtually no graves of the cemetery would be disturbed with, as this part of the area has never been used for burial purposes. The slopes nearest the Alhambra are heavily wooded, the bottom is a small lake, and the top slopes borders on only a few burial lots."

Continued from Page One would be in politics and would form a tremendous special interest."

Mr. Bryan declared that the increase of Federal control of railroads would seriously affect the present structure of the Government under the Constitution.

"The absorption of the legislative power by the Federal Government and the surrender of this power to the executive, would obliterate the lines of the States and weaken them, while it will increase the centralizing force which is at work."

"Congress must give such work to do properly. This plan would centralize this Government more than anything heretofore suggested. It would be a revolution in our Government."

"The very fact that the railroads themselves propose this plan is proof to my mind that it is not intended for greater regulation."

"As a substitute for this scheme I would propose that national remedies be added to State remedies, and not substituted for them. We should have a possible regulation before the people take over the railroads. I would reduce the capitalization of the roads to an actual value basis. I would then allow the State to take the dividends that would keep their securities at par, and to allow them to maintain a reasonable surplus."

PRESS LIES FAN WAR FLAME, SAY WRITERS

British Autocracy Blamed for Suppression of All Peace Movements

NOVELIST CITES LETTERS

By EDWARD CARPENTER The Celebrated English Novelist.

In the midst of the garbled story full of recriminations against the "enemy," which we get through our public press it may be useful to print portions of letters lately received from abroad.

The first letter is from Paris and is from a Frenchman who stayed during last week in Philadelphia. He gives some idea, at any rate, of what is being said in Switzerland. He writes:

I saw Mons. Romain Rolland, and had a long and interesting conversation with him. Germany seems to have made a considerable concession in the Prussian dynasty and tyranny, and there is a strong and sensible party who wish to establish a German confederation with the other nations on equal rights. Germany and Austria are clamoring for peace, and most reasonable terms have been offered to the Allies, but England, who is supposed to stop fighting. One is appalled by the deliberate lies of the press in the war, and the newspapers, which compare newspapers of various countries. The desire to fight is kept up artificially by the most outrageous falsities. Peace is considered a treasonable act, unpatriotic and treacherous. Letters on printed matter treating of this question, even between neutral States, are quietly confiscated by the French censorship.

As your friend Prof. H. said, the present regime of tyranny is worse than the state of things during the Middle Ages.

All this is very sad, and one wonders what the masses will do when they discover how the capitalist politicians have played with their brains and money. But those who speak wiser and endeavor to send "honest" people to Parliament? It is doubtful. There may be a revolution, which would be a triumph for clever evildoers to fish in. It is the true spirit which is lacking—the spirit which unites and binds, instead of destroying and dividing. The world is very far from being a democracy. I am afraid I am rather pessimistic about human nature, which seems to be very far from its age of discretion.

The other letter is from a German-speaking Swiss living in Basle. Having always been fond of England and an admirer of the English, he has recently written the rubbish which is finding its way into print in this country, and which is apparently being accepted by the people. He writes:

As far as I know from my English friends now, so that it sometimes seems as if the two countries had moved farther apart. And, indeed, when I read English papers and magazines I find the same old propaganda, the same old lies, that the stuff can have been thought and written down and printed for publication in dear old England, which I have never seen. It is the same old country of good sense and fairness and broadmindedness.

Talking about the fairness and broadmindedness of the general press in England today, I may mention that a few weeks ago, in addressing a Sheffield audience on the subject of the war, I read out a number of letters which had been received with acclamation by the audience. But the chief local paper not only did not report them, but went so far as to suppress any mention of the meeting at which they had been quoted.

COLLINGWOOD FIGHTS TAX ON WATER PLANT

Property Owners File Protest Against Increased Valuation of Supply Company

Citizens and property owners of Collingwood, N. J., have filed a petition with the County Board of Taxation protesting against the assessed valuation of \$104,600 against the General Water Supply Company. They further hold that this assessment is unfair and excessive.

The complaint, which was officially made today, results from an argument between the company and the County Board of Taxation, which covers a period of several years.

In 1914, the assessed valuation was \$19,350, making a total assessed valuation of \$85,250.

At that time two more valuations have been made of the water company's holdings, which include the pumping station, pipe and virtually the entire plant. The last valuation was made recently, bringing the assessed valuation up to \$104,600.

The petition which has been filed bears the names of the following persons: M. A. Hines, C. H. Mesall, Frank B. Collins, Walter E. Chase, George F. Rogers, Frank H. Stevens, Eugene Capewell and Frank H. Bond.

MAIL TUBES SLATED FOR DISCARD



PHILADELPHIA PNEUMATIC POSTAL TUBE SYSTEM

Business Men Will Make Protest to Postoffice Committee Next Monday

Willing That Body Opposed to Suffrage Be "Home, Heaven and Mother Party"

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—Protest against the proposed suffrage amendment to the Constitution "upon the demand of the majority of voters" was voiced here today by Mrs. Arthur M. Dodge, president of the National Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage, in opening the first convention of the organization.

"We assert that the fundamental principle of democracy—majority rule—should be applied to the question of votes for women," Mrs. Dodge said. "After thirty-five years of organized effort woman suffrage is a minority movement. This assumption that a majority has the right to dictate to the unwilling or indifferent majority does not belong to a democracy."

Mrs. Dodge declared her organization was willing to accept the name recently given it by the Postoffice committee—the "Home, Heaven and Mother Party."

"We are proud to accept that title," she declared. "We believe that woman has more power in unifying civilization through the home than man has through his vote."

The president of the "antislavery" pointed out that conservative suffragists had never been able to control organized opinion and action in their ranks, and that under the American form of Government "there is great danger that such an element might cripple the suffrage movement."

In introducing Major General Leonard Wood, former chief of staff of the army, Mrs. Dodge pledged the organization to the support of adequate measures for national defense. She urged women to support the movement by study of the sources and conservation of food supply and by thrift and economy in household management.

PUGNACIOUS SALOONMAN KNOCKS OUT POLICEMAN

Held on Charge of Aggravated Assault and Battery on Patron Regarded as Intruder

This is the story of a small-sized saloonkeeper who evidently has more than pugilistic ability. According to the testimony of a policeman, the saloonkeeper, who is only twelve years old, but has a size of a policeman, but he had to be taken to the hospital.

The saloonkeeper is Carmack Kenney, of 818 and Wood streets. He was held in \$500 bail for court accused of aggravated assault on Policeman Loughrey, of the Tenth and Buttonwood streets station.

According to the testimony, Loughrey, in civilian clothes and accompanied by Samuel Schwartz, of 424 North Eighth street, went into the rear of Kenney's saloon shortly after 2 a. m. and ordered a drink or drinks. They were informed that they were in the wrong place and that they served them unless accompanied by women.

A remonstrance followed and Loughrey said the first thing he knew he was grabbed by Kenney, who tried to throw him out of the saloon. Shalowitz ran out for assistance and summoned Policeman McMahon. McMahon, who has a reputation for pugilistic ability as a scrapper, said he was tackled from behind.

House Passes Fish Hatcheries Bill

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—The House today passed the Burke bill appropriating \$985,000 for the establishment of fish hatcheries and fish culture stations. Each station gets \$50,000, with the exception of the Maryland or Virginia station, which gets \$40,000.

RUM Foe TO APOGIZE TO COURT FOR CHARGES

ARGENTINE, TOO, HAS CAPITOL GRAFT CASE

President Irigoyen to Prosecute Men Accused of Fraud in Project

United Press Special South American Service. BUENOS AIRES, Dec. 7.—The ventilation of a scandal as bad as the Pennsylvania State House scandal, connected with the construction of the Argentine National Capitol, today promises to be an early incident of Hipolito Yrigoyen's recently begun regime as President.

Work on the Capitol was started about ten years ago. It is nearly but not quite done.

The original plan was to spend 6,000,000 pesos, or 12,000,000 in United States money. In fact, 22,490,220 pesos, or, to be exact, \$14,284,698.40, has gone into the building. It has been charged in print and practically proved that of this sum about 12,000,000 pesos, or about \$7,500,000 was "wasted."

It is understood that President Irigoyen is getting ready to start civil and criminal proceedings against the persons accused of sharing in the plunder. They are named to include some big contractors and several politicians of great prominence.

The building is a small edition of the Washington capitol and is popularly known as the "palace of gold" because it cost so much.

WHARTON SCHOOL LEADS U. OF P. STRONG MEN

Maryland, Texas and New Jersey Freshman Class at the University

Maryland, Texas and New Jersey men lead the freshman class at the University of Pennsylvania in the strength tests, which have just been completed, and announced the winners of which has just been made. The highest three are at Wharton college, the second of the ten record men are from Wharton.

The man with the greatest strength, according to the tests, is H. H. Warner, of the Wharton School, whose home is in Chevy Chase, Md. His total is given as 1490 kilograms. The second strongest man in the class is J. H. Straus, of San Antonio, Tex., whose record is 1355, and the third is J. C. Torous, of Red Bank, N. J., whose total shows 1263 kilograms.

Mr. Straus is a member of the freshman football squad, and Doremus is captain of the 1916 crew.

The total strength of the first fifty men in the class of 1916 gives an aggregate of 69,945 kilograms, or 153 kilograms better than last year's freshman class. The high record for the University of Pennsylvania freshman strength test is 2109 kilograms, which is held by Michael Durkin.

The other seven high men in this year's freshman class include: H. V. Davidson, Wharton, 1229; J. E. Maynard, Wharton, 1265; H. E. Cochran, electrical engineering, 1268; J. H. Pomeroy, Jr., Wharton, 1282; J. H. Kaschenbach, Wharton, 1285; H. A. Williams, Jr., 1249, and L. O. Licht, architect 1246.

"COURT FRAUDS IN CHARITY OF FRAUDS IN CHARITY"

George F. Joalin Gets Two-Year Term for Collecting \$2000 for Firemen's Association

George F. Joalin, possessor of many aliases, known about City Hall as a "court house," today pleaded guilty to fourteen bills of indictment charging him with collecting money under false pretenses from prominent citizens.

The defendant represented himself to be a collector for the Firemen's Association of Philadelphia and the First Regiment Athletic Association. He showed letters bearing these captions and authorizing Joalin as a collector, the defendant succeeded in collecting more than \$2000 from chiefly middle-class citizens.

Antarctic Expedition Advocated by Peary

Continued from Page One for the winter. It is in the country now and will be going to go.

PLAN TO BLOCK BRYAN "DROUGHT"

Wing of Democratic Party Will Fight Prohibition Movement

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—William Jennings Bryan's endeavor to dictate to the issues of the next national campaign will be met, with strenuous opposition, by the South in the Democratic leadership in this plan today, although all were busy in making any public announcement feeling of being down upon them the opposition of the Nebraskaans.

The fact, however, that Colonel Bryan had coupled with his nation-wide dry program a proposition for woman suffrage in national constitutional amendment, gave heart to the opposition.

It was declared by the men who expect to oppose the Bryan program within the Democracy that in doing this Bryan made a grave tactical error. He is depending on the solid South for prohibition support, and his closest followers readily admit, and the South in the Democratic leadership in this way of any national movement for woman suffrage. With suffrage and prohibition coupled it will very likely oppose both.

Bryan himself declared emphatically today that he is confident that the program he outlined in his speech here last night would furnish the big plank for the Democratic national platform of 1920. He said that he believes the program would be the result of years of consideration of the plank at the national convention in St. Louis last June he made a concession for which he expressed regret, and by the Democrats of the nation so soon as they understood his plans.

The White House declined all comment today on the Bryan program. However, it was privately pointed out that President Wilson had indicated he believed that suffrage and prohibition were local rather than national issues. The President, who by his own admission took the position that local option was the best means of settling the liquor question, and he already has said that suffrage should be a State and not a national issue.

For obvious reasons, however, President Wilson will take no open stand at this point on prohibition in opposition to the position of Mr. Bryan. It is understood that he believes the program outlined in the St. Louis platform must be worked out before any other policies can be taken up. And, so far as the Bryan suggestion regarding a referendum on any proposed declaration of war is concerned, it is in official circles that Mr. Bryan is in the lead.

The opponents of prohibition are preparing to line up the East in opposition to the Bryan program. They say that, while Nebraska last night argued that the reelection of President Wilson was made possible by "elimination of the wet cities," a study of the statistics will show that the wet cities controlled the next Democratic convention on the basis of the present representation.

There is no effort being made here to disguise the fact that the fight for and against the Bryan policies will prove bitter and will shake the Democracy to its center. But the majority of the Democratic leadership declare that the issue will be worked out before the roads must be cleared for the 1920 campaign.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION DEATHS

MORTON—Des. HERDRICK NASH MORTON, husband of Edith Rich Morton, Baltimore and friends invited to funeral Fri., 8:15 p. m. at St. Paul's R. C. Church, 735 p. m. Int. private. Vale date, Dec. 7.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

A BURY WOMAN desires to find a refined, educated girl, white or colored, who can do curate stenographic work, is handy with the typewriter, and is a good housekeeper. Address with particulars, Mrs. D. P. O. Box 112, Morton, Pa.

HELP WANTED—MALE

BRACKEN MACHINISTS, CAR REPAIRERS, RAILROAD EXPERIENCED. BUREAU OF LABOR, 510 S. 11TH ST.

AUTOCAR REPAIRMENT wanted: steady employment; good wages for men capable of doing the work. Apply National Auto and 2 to 3 p. m. in afternoon. Autocar Sales and Service Co., 223 and Market.

BOY, 16 years or over, wanted for work in office; steady position and excellent wages. Apply National Auto and 2 to 3 p. m. in afternoon. Autocar Sales and Service Co., 223 and Market.

Bring the Kiddies to See ELECTRIC TRAINS

Hundreds of electrical passenger and freight trains, besides pullmans, baggage box, cattle, and mail cars. Can be furnished with lights. Locomotives modelled after latest types on electrified railroads. These are

The Substantial Kind of Toys made of sheet steel, hand enameled; hand rails, bells, head lights and couplers highly polished nickel plated steel; gold lettering and decorations; 8 curved and 4 straight sections of track. Attractive prices. Store open 8 to 5:30. Ask for catalog. Frank H. Stewart Electric Co. 37 & 39 N. 7th (old Mast Bldg.)

Fund for Congressman Only Outlay by Republican Protectionists

Old Bridge to Be Torn Down

Right to Free Rides Denied

Machinery Mangles Girl's Arm

Motortruck Crushes Girl's Legs

Vote for New School Building

ALMONESSEN, N. J., Dec. 7.—Voters of Deptford township at a special election passed favorably upon a proposition to erect a new school building at Blackwood Township and purchase an entire acre of land to enlarge the playgrounds of the Park Avenue school.