EVENING TEDGER-PHILADELPHIA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1916

Eucaing Badger PUBLIC LEDGER COMPANY TAGE R. R. OURTIS, Fassmenny, R. Lindington, Vice President: John S. Berstary And Treasurer; Phills B. John B. Williams, Directors.

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NEWS BUREAUS:

By marrier, six cents pay week. By mall, workshi outside of Fhiladelphia, accept whate terms portage is required, one month, twenty-ter philo one year, three dollars. All mail of writtene how the dollars. All mail of writtene how the set of the bill of the set of

BRLL, 8000 WALNUT KEYSTONE, MAIN 2000 Lator, Independence Square, Philadelphia.

ID AT THE PHILADELPHIA POSTOFFICE AS SECOND-CLASS MAIL MATTER.

THE AVERAGE NET PAID DAILY CR-GULATION OF THE EVENING LEDGER FOR OCTOBER WAS 115,197

Philadalphia, Saturday, November 18, 1916.

TRANSIT SITUATION

THEE statement of Mr. Ballard before a joint committee of Councils yesterday puts to rest, we surmise, the almost elanderous contentions of certain gentleman to the effect that the Philadelphia Ranid Transit Company was not a party to any tentative agreement in 1914 and was not bound, morally or otherwise, to co-operate with the city in the achievement of rapid transit.

Mr. Ballard emphatically wishes "to my on behalf of the company that it stands ready to enter into a contract with the city of Philadelphia Incorporating the spirit of the 1914 plan, with the 1915 amendment as to exchange tickets (to which Mr. Taylor agreed), and that it will go just as far in this matter as its House tremble to get that congratulatory oradit will permit."

That is all the citizens of Philadelphia have asked and it is all that they want.

MR. BALLARD declares that the situation has changed materially in two and one-half years, and he points out three specific conditions to be considered.

First. The Union Traction Company has not up to the present time agreed to furnish the necessary financtal avaiatance.

The Union Traction Company was to provide a sum yearly for required ex- earth to get back to business are aptensions of surface lines. These extenns the P. R. T. would have to provide if the Union Traction Company did not. The latter's participation, therefore, would be to relieve the P. R. T. of an obligation, though under an assurance of mair interest for all money invested. We cannot believe that the owners of the Union Traction Company are so lacking in public spirit or are so blind to the trend of events that they will decline to will anywhere within the Union. The perform a minor function in this great Delaware law requires every corporation enterprise, particularly when they are with remarkable generosity ng treat and are virtually guaranteed against loss. But, in the event the Union Traction Company should not co-operate, it would be community suicide to abandon the whole undertaking for the sake of a comparatively small sum of money, to be paid annually. The Union Traction Company is a barrier which should translate itself into an aid, but failing in that, it is not a barrier which is impassable, not by any means. Quite the contrary is true.

ingness to join with the city in the conmummation of this gigantic and necessary undertaking. We trust, therefore, that the play of politics will comes and affairs be put almost immediately on a business banin.

Why does the Mayor not gather Mr. Taylor, Mr. Ballard and other Philadelphians about him at a council table, whip the differences out and start the digging? Suppose he should say: "Every man in this room is a loyal Philadelphian. If he is not, let him get out, and get out quick. We all know that Philadelphia needs this new transit erstem. The people have voted for and will have it. Let's put our

heads together and make good in the people's interest." We believe, if he does, that the issue will be settled then and there forever.

Citizens are not looking for a fight. They expect the big men of Philadelphia to co-operate in their interest.

That spirit of co-operation is in the nir. Now for results!

If the prophets who pick Penn and Princeton to win today are anything like those prophets of the first three days of last week, well-

Kansas goes beyond mere suffrage It invites the constructive energies of women as well as their ballots. The 151 women elected to educational, probationary and clerical posts can do, say, two-thirds of this work better than mon.

Is & not about time Luther Burbank was held responsible for what happened in California? Did not the inventor of the spineless cactus say that Mr. Wilson was the greatest President we ever had?

George W. Perkins wants to reduce the high cost of living by the distribution of bulletins such as are issued by the Weather Bureau, telling where the best food can be supplied at the lowest prices. We did not know that any one had ouite that much faith in the Weather Bureau.

It must have made the White visit from "Mother" Jones. The rotous old woman is only one of many thousands of malcontents who are going to be bitterly disappointed. The man who heard two laborers exchange greetings

on the morning when Wilson's victory was assured had reason to record the incident, "We can strike now," said one. "Sure," said the other. 1

Those who are for a preparedness that does not stop short of conscription must face the fact that soldiering is not popular in these States. Militia officers and privates who move heaven and parently not unrepresentative in view of the rarity of volunteers. The mistake was to seek leadership and workers in the leisure class. Plattsburg looked too much like golf to hard-working men

of small salaries. The automobile license war which has begun between this State and Delaware illustrates the necessity of arrangements for interstate and national licenses which will permit motorists to travel at operating motortrucks to take out a

license in the State, but permits motor-

Tom Daly's Column

THN VILLAGN FORT Whenever We a Saturday with Christman time in view,

The Missus takes me by the ear tohen all my work is through. An' ena to ma, "My little man, sos'es got so much to do,

Tou won't have time for Chestnut street to see what news is new, And then she takes me shepping. Mad? What? Oh, simply hopping!

BEWARE THE BUNKHOUND!

Serving the City Beautiful He Bites All Unlovely Things

It will be remembered we sant the Runkhound into the country to keep him from snapping at nearly every other person he met around election day. Yesterday we went to get him and bring him home. Incidentally, too, we had arranged to dine in the Broad Street Station restaurant with a man we had never met be-

Child

662

fora, who was coming in from St. Louis. We had wired this man at Altoona that 5) we'd page him in the Broad Street Station dining room, We

went to the head . 62 watter and told him what we wanted done. He said nothing like that had ever been done before. We spoke to another official. He shook his head. At this point the Bunkhound made a spring at the official's left leg. We grabbed the Bunkhound's collar just in time, but not before he had torn away a large place of red tape. The Bunkhound's ululations drew a crowd and in the crowd we found our friend. We believe you'll have no trouble in paging your friends there hereafter.

Bir-When your Hunkhound gets back lead him out to Forty-ninth and Woodland avonue and show him the street sign on the corner there, which reads, "Woodlawn W. L. S. avenue."

MEMORIES The Christmas season draweth nigh, With all its joy and cheer;

The shops assume a festive air; The days are cold and clear. For once my heart will not rejoice,

The song is stilled therein, And though my busy fingers toll, I yearn for what has been. Last year five little stockings hung

Securely in a row; This year old Kris will note a change, As one child had to go,

And though the crackling Yule log sheds A glow of warmth o'er all, And children's voices ring and shout Throughout the festconed hall,

My heart will cry aloud for one Who bides in fairer realms, he while I force bright smiles to hide A grief that overwhelms. MRS. J. W. F.

Posters advertising the coming of "The Suban Spy," by the La Mott Dramatic Suban to the Realty Hall, La Mott Pa., an "It will be your last chance to see ounce: nounce: "It will be your last change to see this great play; you should see the apy save the American from many deaths caused by the Spanish captain." Notwith-standing this fact, a little further on the poster reads. "Refreshents for sale." And the fast that the play is to be produced for the benefit of the La Mott A. M. E. church choir justifies the further statement on the

poster, "Colored lights used." THE SMITH.



CLINCHING IT

THE VOICE OF THE PEOPLE

Lloyd Balderston Rises to the Defense of Betsy Ross-Why Blaine Was Defeated by Cleveland in 1884-A Wail From a Commuter

This Department is free to all readers who wish to express their opinions on subjects of current intrest. It is an open forum, and the Evening Ledur assance no respondents. Letters must be signed by the name and address of the was carried on with the knowledge and con-sent of the owners, because no one who was unknown there could enter. When one of the doors of the doors of the doors of the owners of the owners. See them again. I believe that the peddling at the time was carried on with the knowledge and con-sent of the owners, because no one who was unknown there could enter. When one

INSISTS BETSY ROSS DID IT To the Editor of the Evening Ledger:

To the Editor of the Evening Leager: Sim-The article which appeared in the EVENING LEAGER of November 9, entitled "The Great Fing Myth" is misleading in several respects. In the first place, the atory of the making of the first American flag is not a "myth." A myth is a story whose origin is unknown and which can-not be verified by any sort of testimons. The fing story is a tradition, entirely cred-ble even if unsupported, coming through a who was there and then would refuse ad-mittance to all but the habitues of the place and those with them. Duging the times I was around the place. I saw none but unmistakable drug usera, both men and women, the latter usually ac-ompanied by salicra and others of like ills auter the cafe. Others refused admission are sometimes, in fact, most times roughly handled when they persisted in trying to ible even if unsupported, coming through a number of separate channels, and consist-ent with all the documentary evidence in regard to the early history of the flag nanced when they persisted in trying to get in. Of course, these precautions all lended to show that something of an illicit nature was being carried on. M. M. Ardmore, Pa., November 16,

THE SMITH. Moses Boguslawaki gave a piano recital yes-tarday in Asolian Hall, Manhattan, —Brooklyn Eagle. To some of us whose ancestors suffered for the Mosaic doctrine this sounds for the Mosaic doctrine this sounds for the Mosaic doctrine this sounds To some of us whose ancestors suffered the Mosaic doctrine this sounds The Mosaic doctrine the Mosaic doctrine this sounds The Mosaic doctrine the sounds The Mosaic doctrine the Mosaic doctri WEATHER DEFEATED BLAINE To the Editor of the Evening Ledger: Sir-The long uncertainty as to the results of the recent election led to many references to the Blaine-Cleveland election

What Do You Know?

Ouerics of general interest will be answered in this column. Ten questions, the answers to which every well-informed person should know, are acked daily. Answers to Yesterday's Quiz

The Adamson law increasing certain railroad emplayes' pay for eight hours' work goes into effect January 1.
 Capitals: Des Moines, Iowar Lincoln, Ne-bruska; Topeka, Kansas.

- braska; Topeka, Kansas.
 8. The cost of producing a ton of coal: About \$2,50 in 1913, \$2,59 in 1914, \$2,52 in 1915, and \$2,01 in 1916.
 4. Salary of firemen; \$1100 in Philadelphia: \$1500 in New York.
 5. The Louis XV style of decoration expressed a critain voluptuousness, femininity of line, buoyancy, abandon and wanton frivolity.
 8. Rosting and the state of the s of the doors of the saloon was rapped a few times, the waiter would cautiously open the door just enough for him to see
 - - Portia appears in Shakespeare's "Merchant of Venice."
 - e. Forum appears in Shakespeare's "Merchant of Venice."
 7. Supreme Court Justices usually do not vote. They hold life positions and are wholly out of polities. If all vent to their States for elections it would hold up sessions of the court for long periods.
 8. The 1915 payrolls of eastern train employes show engineers received from \$1384 to \$1296; conductors, \$1238 to \$1734; fire-men, \$844 to \$1033, and brakemen, \$855 to \$1018. Three-quarters of them earned these salaries: Engineers, \$1303 to \$3224; conductors, \$1145 to \$3004; firemen, \$752 to \$1018. Tarker and for President against Roosevelt in 1004.
 10. Alton B. Farker ran for President against Roosevelt in 1004.

10. A bill does not become a law in England until it is signed by the King.

OUIZ

JOY AND MELANCHOLY MUSICALLY MINGLED

Tschaikowsky and Haydn by the Orchestra, With Mme. Gluck a Disappointing Soloist

Joy, we take it, is the first essential of in music, whether symphonic, operatio or inhomer in nature. It may be the joy of inhomer in nature. It may be the joy of inhomer in nature. It may be the joy of inhomer in the joy of contemplation of the beautiful and the track, as in Beethoven and Wagner. So all of us who were in the Academy yesterday afternoon sought, on the Academy yesterday afternoon sought, the Academy yesterday afternoon sought, on the anister and splendid receases of technikowsky's Inferno. For once the prophet of careless gayety and the prophet tas a strange meeting. Not more strange, however, than some

was a strange meeting. Not more strange, however, than some other opieodes of the program. One of these, and the most distressing, was the vocal poverty of the moiolist. Mime, Gluck has been, nay, is, one of the finent of living soprant. Her bell-like voice has made appealing many a concert aris, has glad-and many an open. "They said" yeter appealing many a concert aris, has glad-dened many an opera. "They said" yester-day that she had a cold, and it must have been so, for rarely has she sumy with so little art and so little tone. Her upper register was pinched and acrid; her de-livery forced and "breathy"; her trills wooden and unsure. Now and again the old richness returned, as in the Glinka cavatina. But she did nothing at all with the Mozart aria. The thunders of applause which called her back did not cover that fact, nor did the striking picture she made in a red gown, looking much like Mailiela in "The Jewels of the Madonna," atone for her artistio retrogression. Very popular singers sometimes spoil their voices through an unwise generosity. Can it be that that is an unwise generosity. Can it be that that is the case with Mme, Gluck? In any event, and seems to need a rest.

the class with alms, Gluck? In any event, she seems to need a rest. Of course, we have known all along that the sighteenth century symphonic child is father to the nineteenth century symphonic man, but in our devotion to the bigger com-posers we forget it, and it needs such a symphony as Mr. Stokowski conducted to make us remember it. Haydn is not a name to conjure with in these futurist times, yet what charm he still has! The work that stood opposite his name on the program was the so-called "Hymn Symphony," with its winsome merriment. The tunes of the first movement, carefully fingered, as chil-dren do with favorite toys, were barely less attractive than the momentary gravity of the largo, in which the sudden entry of the strings was like a smile that couldn't be checked. The minuet, followed by the schoolboy gayety of the finale, was delight-fully played, proving that the orchestra can have its moments of juvenile mirth and pleasure as well as of somber power.

They turned to the latter mood in Tschai-kowsky's "Francesca da Rimini" fantasta. This remarkable tone poem is seldom played here. One of the reasons may be its length, for, though it holds much of beauty and terror, it makes one realize that even hell may be a bit tiring if you stay there too long. It was done with great sentiment and a fury of orchestral endeavor, which only in the brass failed of success. That accusa-tion also held true of the "Egmont" over-ture, magnificently played, but off color in that narticular choir. The variations are in that particular choir. The variations on a theme by Tachalkowsky by Michail Glinka—quite the usual thing, but more characteristic and faithful—pleased the audience, like everything else on the program.

It is to be noted that the orchestra will be on tour for the next two weeks, and, consequently, that there will be no con-certs till December 8, when the series will be resumed, with Efrem Zimbalist, the violinist, as soloist, B. D.

TAKING IT PRETTY HARD

Every plausible fallacy on the surface present conditions has been with the of present conditions has been with the Democratic campaign and has been em-ployed effectively. "He kept us out of war," "Let well enough alone," have been appeals which only courage and discern-ment could dispose of. If the American people has chosen, like Esau, its belly for its god; if bursting barns and bank ac-counts are to durg us and an effectiont counts are to drug us, and an effortinate emotionalism is to take the place of the tonic moral energy of a greater day, we shall not avoid the shameful fate which has befailen every other people who have surfeit. America is at stake and every American who loves her must face that truth and make resolve whether he is to truth and make resolve whether he is to go forward in strength or tread the path, unescapable to weakness, which leads down to national ruin and decay. We cannot cheat the logic of life with eloquent phrases.-Chicago Tribune.

Second. Since the suggested agreemant the city has provided for extensions and additions to the original Taylor plane which materially increase mmitment of the operator and alter the financial results to be fairly expected.

The 1914 agreement contemplated car tain additions, for which reason it was supressly stated that the city should "have the right to require the company to equip and operate on the above basis additional rapid transit lines or extensions which the city may from time to time build." The point, however, is not of major importance, since the main cost falls on the city, and the additional requirement for equipment will not be great,

Third. The cost of all items of canstruction and equipment is much greater than the original estimates, so that the company now estimates that to squip even the lines originally included in the 1914 plan will take from \$17,600,000 to \$18,000,000, as against #15,000,000 then estimated.

That is one of the penalties of delay as Mr. Taylor repeatedly pointed out. It is fair to say, however, that the prosperity of the company has increased far more than out of equipment, and it is actually in a better position today to prowide \$15,000,000 than it was to provide E12,900,000 in 2914. This increase is due to the wholly unanticipated and unpreced- and growth of the city, which everytody, including Mr. Taylor, underestiseles. An influx of population has made ine operation of the new lines a far, far beller proposition than it was, and the hereis by cost of equipment does not at all parallel the greater potential earnhis person of the new system.

1 MALIARD reaches the conclusion that "The problem does not seem to " In Insurmountable." It is, in other a simplify mailtie. We see nothto the attitude of the P. R. T., at this the in the propertient, supply a will service,

owned by individuals to enter the 'viahus.' State without a license. This is a foolish discrimination, but it is only one of the many forms which the attempt to regulate motor-driven vehicles by the separate States has taken.

The joy of the Democrats over "winning without Tammany" must be a bit sobered by a contemplation of the facts. Mr. Wilson invited Tammany's aid by offering it the postmastership of New York city. In his desire to carry the State by the same majority by which the Root constitution was defeated (about 500,000), he chose to see the wigwam in its historical aspect as the old-time foe of aristocratic tendencies. He could have felt surer of the West if he had played Bryan's game of fighting Tammany openly. As it is, the Administration can expect little from even the respectable Democrats of New

mastership dickering,

1 The difficulty of distributing freight cars is so great that there is always a shortage somewhere in the country. In the period of great business depression of the winter and spring of 1908, when there were 413,338 idle cars on April 29, there was actually a specific demand for 267 cars which could not be supplied. On the other hand, during the period of great prosperity of the winter of 1906 and 1907, when there was a net shortage of 127,847 cars on February 6, there were 12,018 cars which could not be used because they were not where the demand for them existed. The not shortage on November 1 of this year was 108,010, or nearly 30,000 less than in Feb-

ruary, 1907, yet there were 24,064 idle cars scattered about the country where they were not needed. The American Railway Association has decided to ask the Inferstate Commerce Commission to the Interstate Commerce Commission to consent to an increase in the demurrage rates in the hope that the extra charge will compai shippers to stop using freight cars as warehouses, and consequently free the cars for their legitimate use. But if all the cars in the country were engaged in carrying freight, there would still be a shortage. It increased from 19,873 on September 1 to 60,697 on Sep tember 30, and, as already indicated, it passed the hundredthousand mark on the first of this month. Yet the actual number of freight cars has increased from 1,991,557 on July 1, 1907, to 3,447,178 on the same date of this year. The present condition is temporary, but it is none the lass distressing. It is evident that with the most perfect system of car distribution there will always be a certain percentage of idle care awaiting transfer; but if the shippers, the rallroads and the Interstate Commerce Com-

mission ap-operate, the present inade-

quate supply can be minde to do better

Attending a Philadelphia cauous noticed the voices were raucous But I saw the reason, of course, Philly is always a little hoarse M. E. ANDERING.

LOUIS AGASSIZ FUERTES assured is as long ago as October 1: "When I'm in your town in November, I'll be glad to spend some time at your house." Ho came and he has gone, and we saw nothing of him. We are peeved, also we are surprised, to find so great a bird expert emulating the ostrich. Silly of him to think that he could hide from us in this way:

At the thirty-fourth annual meeting of the American Ornithologists' Union in the Academy of Natural Sciences, Ninetcenth and Race atreets. * * Agaasis Fuerton, of Ithaca, N. Y. exhibited species of hybrid ducks, -P. L. of Thursday.

York, who were shocked by the post-Dear Tom-Our milkman is a foxy old guy. He used to put our supply on the porch, but now he puts it on the lowest

tep and tries to convince us that we are tetting our milk "much lower." Can you beat it? J.

Dear Tom-I read in o. o. d. p. that Boso Penross and the Freres Vars are likely go to the mat to settle the little matter which clan shall pass out the sweetening is the faithful. Of course, as an uplifter I'm pulling for a draw, on the ground that the old adags, "When hooks battle over the break up, the honest gezer gets what's com-ing to him," is regular dops. It's the in-spiration for the following spasm:

may be a caveman and a regilar roughneck

An' be haded bunk in bundles an' never make a kick, Also take a double-cross an' not put up a Eght When a wisenbetmer slips across some stuff that lan't right.

I think th' time's arrivin', pal, to cop a bat or two From the band of bunco artists who've been trimmin' me and you. For while th' ashcart shi th' statesman are eath' up th' suck We can even up on th' dough bag an' fom th' bunch in bock.

Bachelor Bereavements TO EMMA

called you, Emma, nation And world and all creation. "You surely are," I murmured, "Emma,

great." But then your laugh sardonis Upact my pose Byronic,

And I heard an schood murmur, "Emi grate."

WOE M. H.

IN THE COURSE of a blurb about "the two leading football writers" it has in duced to work for it, the N. Y. Herald

Nent Bafurday Mr. Davis will mine the Princeton Yale same and mine the New-Yillanove struggle and Points

The amount is fit in ume 1, page 164. The amount is f14 in-stead of f4. To call such a record "an al-leged memorandum" is absurd, and would eem to show that the writer was trying to throw discredit on the story which he has related. A third misleading particular is the statement that the flag-maker's second husband, Joseph Ashburn, was a captain in the Pennsylvania line. He was a captain in the merchant marine, and so far as is

wn was never a soldier. The writer of the article in question re-fers to a book entitled "Our Flag," written by R. A. Campbell, and quotes from it certain opinions. When George Canby was collecting the materials for his history of the flag he wrote to Mr Campbell, asking for his authority for certain statements in the book. Mr. Campbell replied to the effect that no authority beyond his asser-tion was necessary. The value of the book history may be fairly gauged by this RESWer.

Another passage in the article quotes remarks made to the State committee by W. J. Campbell. These remarks are sim-ply an opinion of Mr. Campbell, entirely unsupported by evidence, and his position on the matter was thoroughly discredited in the controversy which followed his speech before the committee.

I have no wish to magnify the importance of the flag-making episode. It is one of the many Revolutionary stories which belong to Philadelphia, and possesses a kind of interest for patriotic Americana which will beau it alive. thich will keep it alive. No one has been

able to discover the motive which inspired the efforts of W. J. Campbell and others to the efforts of w. J. Campoint and checks have never been backed up by a particle of evidence of any kind tending to show that the story is not worthy of belief. Any one who wishes to look into the evidence on which the story rests can find it at the Flag House, and so far as I have heard, no one who has really examined the svidence has who has really examined the evidence has

expressed doubt of the story. LLOYD BALDERSTON. Ridgway, Pa., November 15.

A COMMUTER KICKS To the Editor of the Evening Ledger:

Sir-It appears to me more and more that you are championing the cause of the ordinary man and I hope you will con-tinue to look after the interests of the comtime to look after the interests of the com-muters. "one of whom I am which," to use a quotation. I see today you are publish-ing the news of the "picks" at the Reading, and I want to call your attention to the in-sufferable service on the Burlington division of the Pennsylvania. • I "served" eleven years as a commuter on the good old Eris and we were never delayed in a year as much as we have been on this particular division of the Pennsyl-vania Railroad during October. Your paper is read by many commuters

Your paper is read by many commuters and 1 know they will welcome anything you may do in behalf of those who live along this has of the great Fennsylvania. C. H. S.

G. H. S. Riverton, N. J., November 15.

HOW DOPE IS GOT

To the Editor of the Evening Ledger

Sir-I have been following your mircotio drug grunneds in the Evennico Liboars, and I am writing this letter to you in the hope that it may help you stop the pedding of the dome. the dope.

the dope. Last year, around this time, I was hack-ing an automobile and, of course, had occa-gion to take parties to cafes, etc. There were two woman, drug users, whom I fre-quently drove to a sulcon. After they had hired me a number of times, one imparted the information to me that they got their drugs times and offered to got me semi-ate time time with them. in the cole with them.

of 1884, which the close of what probably one of the most bitteriy vas promany one of the most bilteriy fought campaigns in the history of Amer-ican politics, and in which the result hung in the balance for nearly a week before it was finally decided in favor of Mr. Cleveland, being accredited a plurality of 1149 votes in the great State of New York, upon which the result hinged. The defeat of Mr. Blaine was attributed to various curves among the chief of mblet

to various causes, among the chief of which in the final wind-up of the campaign was that known as the "Burchard incident," when the Rev. Doctor Burchard, a great admirer of MR. Blains, but unfortunately possessed with more enthusiasm than ju-diciousness, characterized the Democratic party as the party of "Rum, Romanism and Rebeilion," which fatal alliteration was ro-sented by many withdrawing from Mr. Bialne who otherwise would have sup-ported him. Another fatality to Mr. Bialne, ported him. Another fatality to Mr. Blaine, and one which I personally have always regarded as having been one of the potent factors in bringing about his defeat, was the weather. The election that year, un-fortunately, fell upon a day characterized by extremely inclement weather. This pre-vented a large proportion of the voters in the Renublican streambold in the interim the Republican stronghold in the interior counties of New York from getting to the polla. Whereas, a pleasant day, one, for instance, like this year's election day, would have brought them out and carried the State for Blaine; and thus, instead of elect-ing to the presidency of the United States, the then comparatively little-known Grover Cleveland, there would have been elected that prince of American statesmen, James that prince of American statesmen, Jame G. Blaine, E. H. WHITNER,

Allentown, Pa., November 16.

A PROPHET WITHOUT HONOR

Insamuch as the cold wave has come as er the specifications and prognostication of the Weather Bureau, pernaps that's place for Colonel George Harvey, after Boston Record.

OF THE SAME OPINION STILL

Mr. Bryan is convinced that the electoral system is all wrong. He got the impression in 1896, 1900 and 1908.—Brooklyn Eagle.

THE UNIVERSAL RELIGION Says Uncle Dan'el: "Seems to me in mak-

A code of thought and life, religion for myself, to meet the need of every day-including that long day be-yond the last sun's-set.

I've found one that fits: It recognizes all mankind. As children of One Father; it denies the

differences we may find Apparently—of race or station, sex or na-tion—it can all forget These temporary marks, and take the whole wide, weary world of sin

wide, weary world or am Into its compassing compassion; it no templat house requires. No massive worship-places marked with domes and spires. No plies of stone, no naves and alsies and walls to worship in;

walls to worship in; It finds out God, and measures man to find him failen far below The standard set by bis Creator; it reveals the nature of His hign And hely character; it offers, too, the only way by which humanity may go-To place itself in barmony with Him; it is unselfainess at work to win The wayward ones back to His love from ways of poverty and sin; And, finally, it proves itself, its truthful-ness, conclusively-

ness conclusively-In manuar absolute: Experience individual — a test which may Be tried by any of us to any place on

- D. G. Bickers, in Macon Telegraph.

1. Where is the New York Shipbuilding Com-pany's plaut?

What was the chief feature of the famous Danbury hatters' case?

5. Were the Pilgricos and the Puritans the same persons, and if not what is the distinction?

4. Were free negroes allowed to vote in the North before the Civil War?

8. Who are the two Winston Churchills?
6. It is reported that "the plan to reorganize the Each Island provides for a voting trust." What is a voting trust."

Name books by Henryk Sienkiewicz.
 What are the A B C Powers?

9. Is there any basis for the talk of "our van-ishing meat supply"?

10. What is the correct pronunciation of "sacri-

A Sectional Cry

G. T. A .- In political slang "to wave the bloody shirt" means to keep up the sectional issues of the Civil War by appeals to prejubackets of the Civil war by appeals to preju-dice and passion. A probable origin of the phrase may be found in a Corsican custom nearly, if not quita, obsolets. In the days of the fleros "vendette"—the fouds which divided Corsican family from family— bloodshed was a common occurrence. Be-fore the burial of a murdered man the fore the burial of a murdered man the "gridata" was celebrated. This word, which literally means a "crying aloud." may be translated a "waka." The body of the victim was laid upon a plank; his useless firearms were placed near his hand, and his bloodstained shirt was hung above his head.

Around the rude bler sat a circle of women wrapped in their black mantles, who rocked themselves to and fro with strange wallings. The men, relatives and friends of the murdered man, fully armed, stood around the room, miad with thirst for revenge. Then one of the women, the wife or mother or sister of the dead man, with a sharp scream, would snatch the bloody shirt, and, waving it aloft, begin the "vocero"-the lamentation.

Treaty of 1839

T. O.-The treaty guaranteeing the neu-ality of Belgium, which formed the casus T. O.—'The treaty guaranteeing the neu-traity of Belgium, which formed the casus belli for Enginal's entrance in 1914, was the Treaty of 1839. This treaty, by which, in April of that year, Prussia, France, England, Austria and Russia declared them-selves guarantors of the treaty concluded on the same day between the King of the Belgians and the King of the Netherlands, and which is the famous "Scrap of Paper" of the present war, was not signed by the

of the present war, was not signed by United States, nor was the United States in any way concerned with the problem of the neutrality of the "buffer States" of Northern Europe; the matter was one which was of interest to Belgium, Holland and the signatory and protecting Powers, and the United States had nothing to do with

the United Blates had nothing to do with it in any way. The treaty provided that Belgium formed "an independent State of perpetual neutrality." That is, Beigium was forbidden, in case of war, to take the part of any of the beiligerents, and was to be free from violation. The United States was a signalory to the "Convention Respecting the Rights and Duties of Neu-ral Powers and Persons in Case of Neu-

tral Powers and Persons in Case of War on Land," in the second Hagus Conference of 1991, and there declared the territory of all neutral nations to be inviolable.

Short-windedness

H. G .- Of course there may be sympton H. G.—Of course there may be symptoms connected with shortwindedness which should be called to the attention of a phy-sician. Smoking is one of the habits that make one short-winded. Exercises and "long breathing" are sometimes undertaken, but before doing as it would be best to have, the advice of a doctor, as some of the more evident stratiges are not the thing for a

DEFEATED BUT NOT CONQUERED

The stability of the republic, of any democratic form of government, rests upon the willingness of the losing side to accept defeat. Certain forms are provided for contention and they control. But to procontention and they control. But to pro-fess contentment when a violent campaign has come out all wrong would be to con-fess that there was no excuse for the vio-lence, that nothing really mattered after all, that things would go along one way just as well as another, and that an elso-tion was only a sporting event intended to discover which side could cozen the people most successfully. The Tribune is as much for a nationalistic awakening of the Ameri-can people now as it was before the elec-tion, and if a good loser has to change his convictions, then The Tribune is the worst

NATIONAL POINT OF VIEW

convictions, then The Tribune is the worst loser ever caught in defeat.-Chicago Tri-

It is funny how the politicians' cure for anything is always to create new offices The officeholders' cure for anything is always to raise official salaries. The sociolo-gists' cure for anything is always to endow more sociologists. Meanwhile the common people have perforce to fail back on their only expedient for meeting the high cost of living-hustle harder, and do without-Brooklyn Standard Union.

The Engle does not believe that prohibi-tion can be or ought to be a party issue, country-wide. The narrow influence of the Prohibition party, as a party, sustains the Engle's view. Like the Abolitionists, the Prohibitionists are winning what they want Brooklyn Elagie.

The water that is over the dam will not come back, but the question has renswed perimence of who and what are in control of the Republican party. The intelligence that James R. Mann would become Speaker if the Republicans control the House is not of good omen .-- New York Globe

The United States will continue to be the tand of golden opportunity for the people how within its borders, but that opportunity Now within the bottors, but institutions are called upon to attempt to assimilate the millions of forsignars who are unhoused, disorganized and distressed by the ward Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

What has happened in this election is that the progressive West could not be on-ticed or dragsoned back into the regular Republican party so soon after its great re volt against that party only four years in the past. The reasons presented for so sud-den a reversal of position were inadequate to convince the western mind.-Springfield Republican.

Had Roosevelt remained regular is 1913, the numination of 1916 would have gone to him without asking. Having remained reg-ular against his inclinations in 1916, he may filed a nearly uniformed page at his door sums time in the spring of 1910 holding out to him on a tray a presidential nonneg-tion article article and the spring of the second on astinically writing and inscribed with Cleveland Plain Dealers,