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may have the Evening Ledger mailed to them to any out-of-town address for any period of time. Address may be thanged as often as desired, but with each change both the old and new addresses must given. Subscription rates are printed

A nickel is worth six cents now But what are six cents worth?

The average voter, even if he has poratic inclinations, will want to see a health certificate for Woodrow Wilson before he votes a straight ticket.

A week ago it was noted that the price of ice in Philadelphia would not advance. Yesterday the milk dealers insisted that milk would not go to nine cents. Is this midsummer madness?

There is an obvious error in the and the results so far seem to be goodfor the Vares.

Equal rights to all nations on the oceans will be guaranteed by Germany's victory in this struggle for our exist-ence.—Captain Koenig.

How about equal rights for all nations on the land?

One case of infantile paralysis has developed in Philadelphia since the epimie in New York city began to spread. This may be due to adequate precautions and may be a piece of sheer luck. The amount of careless dirt still in the city in not reassuring on the point.

The new Convention Hall is to cost \$4,000,000. It is said that the fall of Athens can be traced back to the day when the treasury at Delos was robbed in order to pay for beautifying the Acropolis. So se responsible for the future greatness and honestly apent.

A highly spectacular and apparently successful raid was made in the Tenderioin Saturday night. The number of arrests made was far too great for a city which is supposed not to be "wide open." The raids are spectacular events, but each one of them confesses the inadequacy of our present methods of handling the avils which are to be abolished.

Among the many things done too late by the President is the appointment of Representative James Hay to a judgeship in the Court of Claims. Done a year and more ago it would have been a public service, unappreciated because the pecu-Har qualities which fit Mr. Hay for being out of the House were not known. Now they are known only too well.

Campaign orators will be telling us in a few weeks that the Democracy is responsible for the collection of \$18,000,000 income tax in this district this year. As the increase over last year is due largely to war orders and the incidental fillip to general business arising from them, it is leult to understand how Mr. Wilson has had anything to do with the matter ion he insists that it was his party that brought about the war.

The Board of Surveyors and the builders who have taken the board's advice are equally to be thanked and congratulated. Mindful of the popularity of ses streets which have been built und garden spots, the board has urged uctors not to crowd their houses and to keep street space at the minimum width, and 'recently their urgings have cen accepted. The advantage to the city is obvious. That to the builders will ome financially in the greater desirabilof their houses and in higher rents. They will also have, if they care for it, fourness of having done the really right thing.

A committee of 1000 members is or at work in Pittaburgh and one of e same size is being formed in Philahis to seek the election of legislators no will vote for local option. At the a time there are evidences that the or men are preparing to go "the e to counteract these efforts, "the of course, meaning a shush fund. to from the public diagrace that these is go far desper than the average al scandal. For the selection of a as an Assemblyman primarily on ground that he will support one speevent amounts to the same thing a misetion of a man who will supany special interest. A legislato ats the democratic principle of ation is of the type that rejects and a lit is not of instantists who do not a deather as all, is coming to pass.

favor prohibition, but who have the in stincts of fair play and democracy and who desire the people of the counties to determine how their counties shall be run It has always been the boast of the liquor men and their supporters that they have sporting blood. If the bribery and corruption of slush funds are the marks of their sporting blood, it can be fairly said that local option is inevitable. For the true sport is always the man of fundamentally democratic cast of mind and the fake sport is essentially a quitter.

"DOING OUR BIT"

IT IS necessary to get down to brass tacks on this question of providing for soldlers' families. There has been a great deal of theorizing and sentimentalizing and passing of the "buck," but when all has been said and done (that is, left undone) the fact remains that a great number of the families dependent upon our guardsmen at the border are unprovided for and helpless.

There are a number of splendid ideas which it is now too late to advance except for the enrichment of conversation. It is interesting and only too true to may that Congress should have had ready a couple of hundred thousand trained soldiers, who would naturally have been young, unmar ried men sufficiently detached from family life to bring no hardships to any one by enlisting. Equally apt would be the remark that having left this duty undone Congress should have provided for the families of the men whom it eventually had to rely upon to do the work of the might-have-been army. But these two prodigious "ifs" do not pay for bread and butter.

Other points, not in the realm of If, an be made with even more futility and with actual harm. It is being said that after all there is to be no bloodshed in Mexico: that the order of the Secretary of War directing the discharge of soldiers having dependents and the generous support given by many employers "who have agreed to pay their soldier-employes while in the field" have relieved anxiety to a great extent. Now whether there is bloodshed in Mexico or not does not affect the situation one whit. The salary of a private remains \$15 a month, whether he is doing patrol duty or rushing into battle, and border patrol duty will perhaps last longer than actual war would. If all who technically could have been mustered out because of having dependent families had stayed at home there would have been no report that William and Edwin Vare National Guard left to speak of. The pubformed a patrol for catching sharks the lic-spirited citizen who goes into the other day. The date is somewhere in 1915 Guard is precisely the kind of a man who would want to have a wife and children dependent upon him and who has. If not married, this kind of citizen has the manhood to support mother, sisters or less closely related kin. It is not far off the mark to say that there is hardly a man in the Philadelphia brigade who is "independent." The type of men most desired for guardsmen is the type most needed at

It is true that employers who do business on a large scale have been most generous; that the Pennsylvania Railroad has appropriated \$190,000 for dependents upon its soldier-employes. But all employers could not afford to be so generous and all guardsmen do not work for the Pennsylvania Railroad. The fact remains and will not be argued or theorized away that the majority of the guardsmen's families are in trouble. Applications for assistance have come from 317 families to the Citizen Soldiers' Aid Committee since the troops left for Mount Gretna, and virtually all of the city will be particularly careful are deserving cases. The total received by that the four million is honestly procured | the committee has been less than \$10,000, ubscribed by only 42 per population of 1,750,000. It is estimated that \$50,000 will be needed to keep these families from being forced to appeal to charitable organizations.

In a wealthy city like this there mus surely be 50,000 persons who can afford to give a dollar apiece. Thousands of young men of military age have no more dreamed of the possibility of going to the front in khaki than if they had been women. They have blithely passed the matter by with such remark as "they wouldn't take me because I wear glasses. and there is even a certain amount of sneering at the soldiers by men who profess to envy them the "lark" they are having at the border. This is intolerable. If ever the armed forces of the nation have had necessary work to do it is now that that necessity has arisen, and the work is being done. The enormous amount of discussion devoted to preparedness and the adherence to that doctrine by virtually the entire population will all have to be rated as "hot air" and lip service if it is found that nine men out of ten are slackers in such obvious duties as this. The load should be lifted from the backs of these women this week and the city spared one disgrace that it could never live down. One guardsman's wife is at a washtub today. She refused to take money from the aid committee. All she asks is that some one will give her 16year-old son a job so that he can help support his mother, sisters and younger brothers. The boy does not want his family to take charity.

A disgusting development of the aid committee's plight and the publicity growing out of it would be that slackers who are letting others do their military work for them should let a handful of rich men donate the fund that is needed. This has been the tendency so far. Fifteen persons have given \$9150 and 37 persons have given \$461!

OLD-STYLE WARFARE

TWO of the developments on the west I ern front within the past few days are calculated to make theorists of the old school of strategy smile and wonder and sny, "I told you so."

The first of these is the sudden resurg ence of cavalry charges in France. In Belgium and elsewhere on the great retreat cavalry was invaluable to cover in fantry movements. With the deadlock the horse disappeared, and now his emerg to themselves involve, their bad ence is a sign of action over freer ground

and under more favorable conditions. More important by far is the change of direction on the part of the British. Not east, but north is the face of General Halg set, and virtually a flanking move ment can be discerned. This explains in part why the British advance was on so short a front. Driven deep, the troops and the guns now turn on their enemy's side, and the great impossibility of the war, more preposterous than breaking the

Tom Daly's Column



OUR BABY'S TALK Our haby's learning words and she Is just as cute as she can be And if you hear her may "Ko ke" That means ice cream.

You may not use a word so queer But if you do when she is near Be careful for if she should hear She'd cry for some.

I might go on and tell a lot Of funny scords that she has not But some of them are simply not To be described.

With pen and ink I can't repeat Her word for "milkman." It's a treat! She makes a milkman sound so sweet You'd want to kiss one.

THED HEDRICK, of the Chicago News, Lis guilty of this campaign slogant "Three shears for Hughes!" Very likely they may, find that many right in the family, if they include the scissors-in-

MAKING out itineraries for the travel-ing public is not altogether a bed of roses these days. The agent of a local line dictating a letter to intending traveler said: "We shall be very glad to have you make the trip under our care. Our uniformed messenger will be pleased to hand us your reply." The letter went out reading something like this: "We shall be very glad to have you make the trip under our car. Our uninformed messenner will be pleased to hand us your reply." The reply has been received, but it is not for publication.

WE GATHER from the court record that Kristo Lall Mullick is a dairyman who served sour goods to Young Kir Thin and Bama Churn Chuckerbutty. Among the witnesses was Ataboy Socum Shaw, who might have been better employed at the ball game.

So Like

Ascetic and gourmand are like, after all For each has the very same aim; One's always forgetting the good things of life.

The other's for getting the same.

OLDEST CIRCUS CLOWN

AGED 78 STILL ACTIVE --Head in Wilmington paper. If they'd only hook him up with the youngest aged 78 what a team it would

"Say, listen," demanded Adelaide, a pubhe school pupil of about ten years of age, "when you went to school didn't you learn that 'a, an and the were articles?"

"Yes," replied the high school graduate.
"Well, in Nicola's private school they ach him they're adjectives—and, just

For Fine Fruits in Season Go to SANITARY FRUIT MARKET Albert Shammas & Bro. Props., 127 Main st., Mount Picasant. where you get the best in Fruits and Wholesome Confections. Always fresh and clean. Best les Cream used. Alse Chars, Charettes and Tobacco. Fair treatment to all. Come in when thirsty.

—Ad in Mt. Picasant (Pa.) Journal.

Quite a number of substitutes for

More German Stuff

November 11, 1663—At noon to the coffee house, where with Doctor Allen some good discourse about physick and hymistry. And among other things, I tellhim what Dribble the German doctor do fer of an instrument to sink ships; he tells e that which is more strange, that something made of gold, which they call in chymistry Aurum Fulminans, a grain, I think he said, of it, put into a silver spoon and fired, will give a blow like a musquett. and strike a hole through the silver spoor downward, without the least force upward

WOMAN'S PARTY DECLARES ITS "HAT IS IN THE BING" Will Star There Till Democrats or Republicans
Make Plain Statement on Sufrage.
—Head in Chicago Tribune.

Yo, Charlie! Yo, Woodrow! Look out for the pins!

THIS was adjudged the best of 50 ad-I vertisements contributed to the Vandalia (Mo.) High School Annual by "the business and professional persons of the town." Miss Julia Waters will blush prettily if you utter loud cries for the author: FINE PASHIONS FOR POLKS. and Anthony and Cleopatria to earth retur-classy fabrics they'd surely discorn, rich laces and silias Cleopatria would array I Anthony in a Schloss Bros, suit so gran

Should the Crusaders another pilgrimage r We doem it wise for the journey to take A pair of Walk Over shess from our line. We know from experience they're quite line. Now Ciris and Bors of our Vandalia High.
Satisfaction is sure if our fabrics you buy,
And truly as handsome and superb you'll look
As those of fame, written of in school scoks.
KIMPINSKY-JONES-HUTTS MERICANTILE
COMPANY
Vandalia. Mo.

n Patrick MacGill's "The Red Horizon "The space between the trenches looked ke a beautiful garden; green leaves hid I shrapnel scars on the shivered trees, listles with magnificent blooms rose in line along the parapet, grasses hung over the sand bags of the parapet and seemed to be peering in at us, asking if we would allow them to enter. The garden of death was a riot of color, green, crimson, hello-trope and poppy-red. Even from amidst trope and poppy-red. Even from amidst the chaik bags a daring little flower could be seen showing its face; and a primrose came to blossom under the caves of our dug-Nature was hard at work blotting out the disfigurement caused by man to the face of the country."

OUR OWN QUIZ DEPT.

Why does the sneering ragmurfin who looks
over the fence and sees you playing tennis
clowars slap himself on the wrist and say.

"Forty love" 7 Thasseasy! Because it would be a deuce

of a thing to may "Forty all."

FINHAT Deutschland came over here Lon oil. Just 25 years ago we reported for the Record the first use in this section of Lima oil as a substitute for coal in generating steam. It was at Baldwin's Locomotive Works and the courteous young man who showed the thing to us was Sam M. Vauclain. Now Mr. Vauciain is a wealthy captain of industry and we are still writing pieces. Talk about luck!

I. Me. Mine

The selfish man, whose motto fits With "Elgo in excelsia," Stands ve for his own rights and site On everybody else's.

THE SLEEPER



IT TAKES A CRISIS TO WAKE HIM, A STRONG PREPAREDNESS STIMULANT TO STIR HIM. AND THEN HE IS ENERGETIC UNTIL THE EFFECT OF THE STIMULANT WEARS OFF

THE VOICE OF THE PEOPLE

A Writer With an Instinctive Hatred of Everything English Draws a Lesson From the Political Creed of the Puritan and the Pilgrim

HYPNOTIZED BY BRITAIN To the Editor of Evening Ledger:

Sir-Have Americans forgotten Bunker Hill, Yorktown, Valley Forge and New Orleans? Have they forgotten George Wash-ington, John Adams, Patrick Henry, John Paul Jones and Andrew Jackson? Have they forgotten the Revolution and the War of 1812? Have they forgotten the cry of "54-40 or Fight?" Have they forgotten the Trent case and Grover Cleveland's ultimatum? They seem to have done so in their indifference to the English intrigues in this country. They seem to have for-gotten that England still looks upon us as

her legitimate prey. England has so hypnotized this country that we talk of Germany, without a pos-session in America, violating the Monroe Doctrine, all the while ignoring the fact that England owns Canada, that in Canada there is every opportunity for "hyphenated citizens" to rise against us, that Monroe mulgated his doctrine for the benefit o

the English and that Cleveland protected it from the encroachments of the English. I am an American, with the instinctive American hatred of everything English. That instinct, however, is not blind. an instinct developed fro from mere idle misgivings. In our allegiance to the English cause we show ourselves weefully ignorant of American his-tory. The Englishman made America, but it was not the same type of Englishman which is today waging with idealistic Frenchmen a war of greed for the benefit of special privilege.

The Englishman who settled this country in the beginning" was as great and as atense a hater of the English system which and driven him from home. After the Pilgrim and Puritan, the misfits in the English freebooting system, had cleared the wilder-ness and tamed the savage, following them, o reap the harvest of others' work, came the swag-hunters; and the English swag-hunters ever since have been trying to rob the settled American of his birthright.

The Loyalist writers have always belittled the Puritan colony at Salem, where true Americanism had its birth—around the well pump. Today we think of the Puritan only as a sour-faced gentleman whose chief concern in life was to burn witches and to enact blue laws; but the Puritan was a "nut" on things other than witches and kisses. He was really a very zealous, hardworking, enthusiastic democrat, who found cclesiastical institutions that had been in making since mankind first organized itself into some semblance of an economic

The Puritan is accused of having been a But what were the ch'ef motives of Puritanism? The Puritan hatred of autocracy. He wanted to destroy it. He us. CECI wanted the right to live his own life, the Philadelphia, July 14.

privilege of being himself. And he had to be a tyrant in order to get liberty for himself and inevitably for others. In such an age he would have been a perfect ass to imply sit down, twirl his thumbs and sigh, "I would be a Christian gentleman." and to do practical things.

Toleration is not a one-sided affair, and there never will be a complete toleration until no man has a desire to take ad-vantage of his neighbor. Find the Puritan been tolerant of the monarchists, who were not tolerant of him, there would be today no democracy of the American brand; and we are losing that brand now slowly for no other reason than that we are tolerating the modern type of the English mon-archist. The Puritan had to put the screws on. It was absolutely necessary to do so on. It was absolutely necessary, if he were to eliminate the monarchists for the developing government. from control of his developing government. Toleration is reciprocal. If the other man is not seeking something at my expense, of course, I shall tolerate him; but the moment he tries to take advantage of me, that moment my toleration of him ceases. Whoever is not with us is against us-that is a Christian law and shows the prac-ticableness of Christianity, once the mawk-ish sentimentality is separated. Toward the man who does not tolerate me most righteously do I become a bigot with a most natural, and I believe a most laud-able, ambition to maintain my own position. Self-preservation is the law of life. When that is accomple things may be added.

For that reason the economic struggle will continue until the strong really are in control. Meanwhile, the weak will do duty battling against the encroachments of the strong. The golden rule of an effective ocracy is not to do unto others as you would have others do unto you, but also to do unto others as they do unto you. Re-turning good for evil is a beautiful pastime for those who can afford it, but in the great life struggle, where the results of conflict alone determine destiny, proper de-velopment can only be attained when you are in a position to keep out the other fellow who isn't a Christian and who has no intentions of ever being one. The man who would destroy democracy has no right in the deliberations of a democracy. The monarchist would not tolerate a democrat why should the democrat be fool enough

to tolerate a monarchist? So argued the Puritans; and I don't se how any one can honestly and practically assail their position. A house divided against itself must fall — an America threatened by the suffrage of allen foes whether German, English or Irish, must There can be only one flag, allegiance. I repeat—whoever is not with us is against us. And American history shows that England never has been with us. CECIL MONTAGUE.

lessons to many States. The advanced

PREPAREDNESS COMPLETE

The Colonel now has a military secretary and many recruiting officers, and at the first signal he is ready to start for the border

SHORTSIGHTEDNESS

character of San Juan statesmanship is again attested by the legislative session just closed. The Government was au-From Europe come reports that certain kinds of manufactured articles imported just closed. The Government was au-thorized to issue bonds for an insular bank, to serve as head of a farm loan system. from the United States to supplement the war-diminished supply of domestic products, workmen's compensation law was passed are often of an infertor quality. European \$2,000,000 was voted to complete the excel-ient road system, and—as half our States surchasers are saying that some American purchasers are saying that some American manufacturers, elated at the opportunity of making hig foreign sales at top prices, are overlooking quality in their desire to turn out goods and fill orders. If this is the case, if even a small percentage of Ameri-can manufacturers are following this short-ierted policy of profit for the day, they are and cities might take note—all Government supplies were standardized and their purchase vested in a single officer. The Assem-bly even attempted the reform of the general property tax, which has been as iniquitous in Porto Rico as in the United States. To Governor Yagar and other sighted policy of profit for the day, they are doing a thing which cannot fall to injure them in the long run and which will greatly harm American industry generally. This American officers a good deal of the credit for this legislation is due; but it also svinces var has given American manufacturers a war has given american manufacturers a great opportunity to establish highly profit-able commercial relations with Europe— relations which they will desire to continue when the war is ended. And there is no reason why the buils of the business gained through the war should not be retained per-recurrity. America can build up and axnative lawmakers.—New York Evening TRUE CAUSE FOR SYMPATHY With all the demands upon our sym-mathies in these crowded days we should reserve a throb or two for the gentleman America can build up and exnd her foreign trade relationsshe establishes a reputation for being the producer of first-class goods. Every order who was nominated for Vice President of the Bull Moose ticket. His campaign suf-fered a puncture before it had a chance to fered a puncture before it had a chance to run out of the convention garage.—Proviand inferior articles crosses the Atlantic now will count against us when we bid for foreign business after the war. Permanent trade relations can be

established only by giving full value for money received.—Milwaukes Journal. PORTO RICO'S PROGRESS

to take charge in Mexico. If war is not at once declared for his benefit, this nation will again be humiliated and he will have to find relief in atumping for Hughes. He is pre-pared to whip Mexico single-handed, pre-Those who think of our insular posses-sions as backward would do well to study the course of legislation in Porto Rico. In its system of juvenile courts for the care of destitute children, in its Government aspared to whip Mexico single-handed, pre-pared to run the Government, prepared to run the Hughes campaign, prepared to write, talk or advise, and prepared for any-thing except pilence or self-site-ament.— New York Warld. sistance to inborers wishing farms of their own in its \$4.000,000 Government irrigation system and Government extermination of nesquitose, in its protection of a crowded population oxalinat usury, it could offer

What Do You Know?

Queries of general interest will be answered in this column. Ten questions, the answers to which every well-informed person should know, are saked daity.

QUIZ

1. Who was Metchnikoff? 2. Is local option the equivalent of prohibition? 3. Are any writings of Socrates extant?

4. What is the significance of the report the use of cavairy in the fighting France? 5. Is Germany at war with Italy?

6. About what is the width of the Delaware River at Market street? 7. Who is the American Ambassador to France? 8. Does the Vatican own any ships?

9. What is legerdemain? 10. What is the proper name for the "perk

Answers to Saturday's Quiz

Wilhelmina's Husband

R. E. R .- Queen Wilhelmina, of the Notherlands, was married February 7, 1901, to Prince Henry of Mecklenburg-Schwerin.

Club Rights A READER-The question you put is not question of information at all, but of what is the right, or generous, thing to do. You say that the rules of the club prevent a member withdrawing money without a good reason. But you do not state the reason why the member you name wants to with-draw her money. It is for you to decide whether the reason is good, or, perhaps whether the circumstances are such that they would justify you in returning the money. On insufficient information we can not even advise. As for deciding, that is not the province of this department.

Asquith's Sons

R. N .- It is not true that upper-class Englishmen are all slackers, so your argu-ment was correct. The casualty lists are the proof. As for the specific case, Premier Asquith is said to have three sons at the

Bullet in Train

Editor of "What Do You Know"—Kindly decide upon the following supposition: In the last car of a train going at the rate of 60 miles an hour stands a man who in-tends to take the life of the engineer, whom he can see through the open doors of the train. The intended assassin draws a re volver which will fire a bullet at the rate of 60 miles an hour. He fires through the train (not outside). Does he hit the engineer (allowing that his aim is accurate), and, if so, what is the rate of speed of the bullet when it strikes him? J. J.

Actual experience, such as throwing a vad of paper from one seat to another in moving train, gives the answer. He would hit the engineer. The reason is that the gineer, no matter what the rate of speed of the train, remains a fixed distance from the man in the last car. If the man ran through the cars to touch him he would arrive, going at precisely the rate his legs took him. He would be, let us say, ten miles nearer the destination of the train. but his own rate of speed would be just what it was if the train were standing still. If the builet could go 60 miles an hour indefinitely it would be going 80 miles an progressiveness on the part of hour when it hit the enginesr—that is, 60 miles in relation to the motion of the train and 120 in relation to the earth. For ob-viously the bullet, even before it is fired, is 60, the shot gives it 60 more, until it lodges

Singing Sparrows

J. L.—Yes, experiments have been made in teaching sparrows to sing. A sparrow fledgling was placed in a nest with canaries after it had acquired the characteristic chirp of the sparrow. From that time on the sparrow was noticed making efforts to reproduce the songs of the canaries and eventually succeeded in producing runs of from six to tweive notes in succession. He went to the higher scale of the canaries and developed quite a voice. The sparrow was went to the nighter scale of the canaries and developed quite a voice. The sparrow was then returned to his mates and gradually stopped singing. Coming back to canaries he regained all his sk il in a short time. All this was reported some time ago from Lon-don. It seems as if it might be true, but my have no knowledge at first hand to answer your query. answer your query.

FOUNTAINS OF IMMORTALITY

Elie Metchnikoff Found in Sour Milk the Springs of Bimini Sought by Ponce de Leon

THE death of Elie Metchnikoff in Paris. A the other day, was a loss to science as much as it was a loss to the great hope of the world. The great hope is eternal youth, and so long as Metchnikoff lived there were many who believed that he would find a way to those mythical springs which have captivated the imagination of mankind since time began. In strict accuracy it must be said that Metchnikoff was at least ninety per cent, more moderate than his exploiters. He never found a "cure" for old age, nor did he discover a nostrum for this world's ills. But he was supposed to have done this, and the world likes to believe that

One of the earliest references to the waters that heal and make whole is that in the story of . chilles who was dipped in the Styx, paradoxically the river of Death, to render him invulnerable. Alas for the world that in every spring of life there still lurks death unseen, for just as Thetis forgot to dip Achilles' heel, so moderns, wherever they bathe or drink, fail somewhere to guard themselves. In the Middle Ages and after, in the Renaissance, the search for an elixir of life went on as furiously as the search for the philosopher's stone, which was not a stone at all, but which was supposed to dissolve out all baser elements and transmute everything into gold. So seriously was the latter taken, by the way, that Roger Bacon, in searching for it, discovered the true clixir of death, gunpowder.

In classic days there was plenty of incentive for seeking the fountain of youth, because there was established precedent. Iolaus was restored to youth, and so was Phaon, beloved of Sappho. In the cauldron of Medea an old ram was cast and came forth renewed, and through her Aeson and Jason were young again. It is no wonder that with the return of men's sympathies to ancient days, the fountain of youth was sought again. The most notable of all excursions made in its behalf was that of Ponce de Leon, the Spanish explorer, who subjugated Porto Rico en route. For some reason the fountain, from which to drink or in which to bathe was so revitalizing, was placed in the Bahamas, on the little island of Bimini. There Ponce de Leon came to his bitter disappointment, but the spring which still persists is visited as a shrine by the sick and is supposed to possess healing qualities.

Ben Jonson, in "The Alchemist" speaks of an elixir thus:

He that has once the Flower of the Sun. The perfect ruby which we call ellxir. * * Can confer honor, love, respect, long life. Give safety, valor, yea, and victory, To whom he will. In eight-and-twenty

I'll make an old man of fourscore a child. Which is, roughly speaking, a large order even for a precious stone,

The rubies, potions and concoctions of the ancients were not so closely linked to religious beliefs as those of a more modern time. But in the last fifty years the Answers to Saturday's Quiz

1. Mollere was the greatest of French dramatiss, He lived in the 17th century.

2. Micawher appears in Dickens' "David Copperfield."

3. Bluecher was the Prussian general who alded Wellington to defeat Napoleon at Waterloo.

4. Children at the age of 8 are required by the campulsary education law to attend school.

5. "Salad days": adolescence.

6. John Hessin Clarke: he has just been appointed to the Supreme Court bench.

7. "To draw the long bow": to exaggerate.

8. "En masse": In a hody.

9. "Guy-ropes": guide or guiding ropes to steady heavy goods being holsted.

10. One hundred sen make one yen in Japan's caluage. The yen is 49 4-5 cents. swing has been back to the earlier type

of research. Virchow had discovered the white corpuscies, Pasteur the microbes. Metchnikoff first found the relation between them, that the white corpuscles were the body's defensive agents against the microbes. All the work which made him famous outside of his class, that is, a popular scientist, derives from that discovery. Metchnikoff sought to the end for such bacteria which might aid the white corpuscles in their losing fight against the microbes of death. He was impressed with the violence of our resistance to death, and as he was an atheist, without definite views or hopes of a future life, he felt that our desire to live on ought to be gratified. Moreover, his study of the human body convinced him that it was so constructed as to persist for more than three score and ten years, and to persist at a higher tension than it now does. Birds, he noted, retained their speed and their agility until almost the time of their death. Metchnikoff, after a careful study, decided that the operations of the large intestines in the human body were at fault, for destructive microbes

appendix now is. Metchnikoff drew his argument for a life of more than a century from the fact that where he was born, Little Russia, and in Bulgaria, where much sour milk is drunk, many persons live to be over a century. The trouble with the argument is the trouble with most cures. If a man is at absolute rest in the Swiss Alps, takes sufficient exercise, does not worry, has no opportunity for smoking or drinking, and eats grapes he will probably be restored to health and say the grapes did it. Metchnikoff did go further because he was a scientist, not an innkeeper. He showed how and why the bacillus found in buttermilk fought and destroyed the agencies which shortened human life. He promised nothing excessive and although fellow scientists were occasionally exasperated by the foolish publicity given his views, they never questioned his fundamental soundness.

could gather there and the agency for

their removal, sugar, could not reach the

large intestines intact. He prophesied

that the time would come when that or-

gan would be removed as simply as the

Professor Metchnikoff was a philosopher as well as a scientist, and he thought of life and death more consecutively, perhaps, than most men who devote their time to staving off the last hour. His own feeling was that if men lived as long as they should live, were not cut off impudently at sixty or so, they would welcome death as they now welcome sleep, with quiet satisfaction, at the end of a very long day.

It is a duli day in England when there is not found some new way in which David Lloyd George may save the British Engire.

-Checkman Clines Star.