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republic, let us bury party prefixes with the
Administration which our differences put in
parter. I do not believe there is a really renationary Republican bearing credentials to
this convention. If there is, he will depart,
after our deliberations, solely and proudly
a Republican, with heart aglow with the
party spirit of 1916. And the welcome delegate who emphasizes his progressivism, is
specified to do his part in making our party gate who emphasizes his progressivism, is expected to do his part in making our party a reflex of the best thought and best intent of sincere committal to the uplift and progress of the American people, thereby strengthening party purpose instead of magnifying individual belief, and he, too, will find new rejoicing in being a Republican. No party can endure which is not progressive. I know the Republican party is genuinely progressive as well as effective, else it would not rivet the expectations of the American people today on the most important convention held since the party formulated a new political decalogue and gave to union and nationality the immortal gave to union and nationality the immortal

REPRESENTATIVE GOVERNMENT. In building the surpassing temple of the In building the surpassing temple of the republic, which we have been doing to the astonishment, sometimes the envy, sometimes the admiration, of the world, and oftimes inspiring others by our example, there ever will be modifications and additions to meet the public need and conform to popular ideals. We do not fear to imite the public need and conform to popular ideals. to popular ideals. We do not fear to imitate or fall to originate, but there can be no discord about underlying foundations or essential walls or proven arches or stately columns. Mine is a deep conviction that the founding fathers were dyvinely inspired, and the wisdom of representative popular government is proven in the surpassing schievement.

achievement.

It is not alone the miracle of accomplishment which deepens our reverence; it is not alone the viction that we have builded the first, seemingly dependable, popular government on the earth and exalted all its eftigenship, which adds to our faith; but we are the oldest of existing civilized nations with one passing avention, continued. tions, with one passing exception, continued under one form of government, and under that form we have developed the highest standard of living in all the world. Surely we must be right.

we must be right.

Recalling that the mightier forward strides have been taken under a half century of Republican control, after we led in fixing the indissoluble ties of union, the retrospection, the contemplation and the anticipation combine to fill the Republican tends of the reconstruction of the results of the results of the reconstruction of the reconstruction of the results of the reconstruction of the recon

anticipation combine to fit the Republican breast with pride and hope, and trust and faith, and magnify our obligations in this crucial year of our national life.

Much of the discussion of the hour is hinged upon a world at war. We need not wonder thereat, because the enormity of the conflict and the influences of the herrors have set mankind in upheaval. The traditions of civilization have been broken and international laws have been ignored. is a tidal wave of distress and disaster, there are violent emotions and mag-nified fears. There are the extremes of incalculable sacrifices and measureless new tunes-not all American. There are new wonders and new hindrances in com-merce, changed balances of trade, new marvels in finance and utterly changed economic conditions. These have attended em-barrassments in our foreign relations as difficult as those which the individual citigen experiences whose every neighbor is involved in deadly quarrel. Everything is abnormal except the depleted condition of the Federal Treasury, which is character-Istic of Democratic control, and the facility of the Administration for writing varied notes without effective notice.

UNARMED AMERICA. Amid these conditions has stood this unarmed giant, typifying the American re-public, neutral and sane, to whom the neutral nations have turned for leadership. Our national unselfishness had been proven. our devotion to humanity had been estab-lished, our committal to international justice had long been proclaimed. The world had previously heard the voice of American fearlessness, and all the condi-tions single us out for leadership among the neutral powers, but the Administration at Washington spoke with more rhetoric than resolution, and we came to realize what the warring powers soon came to know, that the official American voice lacked the

of individual, spirituality, reawakened national hopes, new liberties and new bap-tisms in patriotism which must prove some compensation. But we have seen cle 'va-tion stripped of the pretenses which ch th d man's savagery, and we have seen ele-mental man, developed in genius and more formidable because of that, intoxicated with power or impassioned in the greed of conquest, offending or defending, contradicting every evidence of mankind's humane ad-vancement. In the envy or jealousy or rivalry or hatred, refined by boasted civilimation, are the barbarities of primitive man, and the seal of obsolescence is not yet stamped upon the warrior's sword.

FOR NATIONAL DEFENSE.

Perhaps it is a reminder more than a discovery, but there has come to us a con-viction that this great nation, rich in resources and strong in patriotic manhood. has been negligent concerning its own de-fense. We have dwelt in fancied rather than real security. Pride mingles with regret in this, because it suggests the mind of a nation so free from intended offense that there was no cultivated thought of needed defense. Our righteousness of pur-pose is portrayed in our trust in unarmed But there is a warning in bleeding Murope, and there is call today for prudent, patriotic and ample national defense. There no mistaking the sentiment. We are not thinking of the hysterical, we need not be moved by a preparedness which is partisan conception. We need not believe in a defense propaganda inspired by those who aim to wax fat in the production of arms munitions, because there is none.

I deplore the teaching that an anxiety about our national defense is inspired by greed. We rejoice in free speech and free press and untrammeled opinion, but patriotism is illy promoted by the imputa-tion of false motives, whether aimed at those who believe in defense or those who doubt its wisdom. Such a teaching rends the concord of citizenship, which may develop a worse peril from within than from m any enemy without.

Though we do not pretend to be ex-clusive in our devotion, we Republicans believe, sincerely and soberly, in ade-quate national defense. We have always believed in an amply navy, as invincible in modern might as John Paul Jones builded in our freedom's earliest fight. We

in modern might as John Paul Jones builded in our freedom's earliest fight. We have in mind a protected commerce on the waters, and a seaconst secure in strong naval defense.

We were building to high rank among naval powers when the Democratic party interrupted, and we subscribe to a stronger committal now, because of a new realization of the envy which our wealth and our commerce invite, and a new appreciation. commerce invite, and a new appreciation of our commanding place in the affairs of the world. I shall not say that it is ours to have the greatest navy in the world, but noting the elimination of distance and the passing of our one-time isolation, we ought to have a navy that fears none in the world and can say any time and anywhere, these are American rights and must be respected.

ECONOMY IN SECURITY. ft is not for me to specify the provisions for naval defense. Since modern warfare is in large part a conflict of brains, so must naval defense be devised in highest intelligence. Let us strengthen every armarrial submarine, fleet cruiser and great ireadnoughts. Let him who is anxious about the cost remember that Republican efficies afford the ample means withous process afford the ample means withous process afford the ample means withous process to burdens upon the people. Every

HIGH LIGHTS IN CHAIRMAN HARDING'S PLEA FOR REPUBLICAN RESTORATION

Let us forget the differences, and find new inspiration and new compensation in a united endeavor to restore the country.

Everything is abnormal except the depleted condition of the Federal Treasury, which is characteristic of Democratic control.

The Administration at Washington spoke with more rhetoric than

We need not believe in a defense propaganda inspired by those who aim to wax fat in the production of arms and munitions, because there is

The President made a trip from the coast to the valley of the Missouri to tell the American people the need of preparedness. It might have been more seemly to tell the story to Congress.

Democratic insufficiency and inefficiency are recorded in the Conferenceamended act, and a federal nitrate plant to supply powder to the patriots and pay to the paternalists and federal fertilizer to the farmers in competition with private enterprise is a great constructive offering of a Democratic

Let no one apprehend the curse of militarism in this fair land. We declare unalterably against it.

Our armed defense must ever be linked with our industrial self-reliance, and the nation worth dying for must first be worth living for.

I choose the economic policy which sends the American workingmen to the savings banks rather than the soup houses.

The failure of revenues under existing Democratic policy, the necessary resort to the imposition of direct and offensive taxation—war taxes on a people at peace—to meet deficiencies which ever attend Democratic control, the depression and disaster which followed Democratic revision, which were relieved rather than caused by the European war-all these argue the Republican restoration.

It (the Democratic party) proclaimed the sacredness of its pledges and then profaned them. It professed economy and is staggered by its own extra-

The Democratic Administration has proposed to set adrift an island empire, in violation of our obligations to the world, to the Philippine people and ourselves * * to renounce its guardianship of a race of people and leave them to walk alone when they had not been fully taught to creep.

The Democratic Administration first coddled Villa as a patriot, then chased him as a bandit."

Americanism begins at home and radiates abroad

Americanism begins at home and radiates abroad. We believe in American markets for American products, American wages for American workmen. American opportunity for American genius and industry, and American defense for American soil.

though loss never attends. Moreover, under out by the horrifying sacrifice of millions any system security is economy itself.

There are manifest differences about our There are manifest differences and developments for military defense. The President made a trip from the coast to the valley of the Missouri to tell the Ameritae valley of the peed of preparedness. It can people the need of preparedness. It might have been more seemly to tell the story to Congress, for that body was in session and empowered to act, and seem-ingly ever ready to testify obedience. However, Congress undertook to provide an army for defense and the majority wabbled between pacification and preparedness until the Republican minority in the Senate put something real in the pending measure. We Republicans made a rational response to the call of the land, but Democratic insufficiency and inefficiency are recorded in the Conference-amended act, and a federal nitrate plant to supply powder to the pa-triots and pay to the paternalists and fedtral fertilizer to the farmers in competi-tion with private enterprise is a great con-structive offering of a Democratic majority. Until the civilized world is pledged and repledged to peace, and until civilization commits nations to the nobler practices of the individuals who constitute them, in which I would have America lead, this Republic will have need for a basic army and a ready provision for military defense. We have territory to defend, we have independ-ence to preserve, we have lives to safeguard, we have property to protect, we have rights to assert, we have missions of humanity to perform. We proclaim justice and we love peace, and we mean to have them—and we are not too proud to fight for them. ROOSEVELT IN MERRY

NO CURSE OF MILITARISM. Let no one apprehend the curse of mili-tarism in this fair land. We declare un-alterably against it. Our free citizenship, walking confidently, absorbed in the tri-umphs of peace, would tolerate no such umphs of peace, would tolerate no such blight on American institutions. There is to be no surrender of cherished ideals. With that yearning for peace which has marked our continued development, with reliance of determined expression that once demanded international heed, and we lacked the strength of confidence in our own defenses.

It is too early to estimate the debit and credit and until it is too early to estimate the debit and credit and until it is too early to estimate the debit and credit and until it is too early to estimate the debit and credit and until it is too early to estimate the debit and credit and until it is too early to estimate the debit and credit and until it is too early to estimate the debit and credit and until it is too early to estimate the debit and credit and until it is too early to estimate the debit and credit and until it is too early to estimate the debit and credit and until it is too early to estimate the debit and credit and until it is too early to estimate the debit and credit and until it is too early to estimate the debit and credit and until it is too early to estimate the debit and credit and until it is too early to estimate the debit and credit and until it is too early to estimate the debit and credit and until it is too early to estimate the debit and credit and until it is too early to estimate the debit and credit and until it is too early to estimate the debit and credit and until it is too early to estimate the debit and credit and until it is too early to estimate the debit and credit and until it is too early to estimate the debit and until it is too early to estimate the debit and until it is too early to estimate the debit and until it is too early to estimate the debit and until it is too early to estimate the debit and until it is too early to estimate the debit and until it is too early to estimate the debit and until it is too early to estimate the debit and until it is too early to estimate the debit and until it is too early to estimate the debit and until it is too early to estimate the debit and until it is too early to estimate the debit and until it is too early to estimate the debit and until it is too early to estimate the debit and until can faith, we mean to go on, an exemplar of peace to all the nations, an arbiter of justice to all the world, a promoter of righteousness to all the people of the earth.

THE PROTECTIVE POLICY. At the same time we have more to do han to chart a national course through the waters surging with the turbulence of war; our inspiring course is on the highway of peace. Our armed defense must ever be linked with our industrial self-reliance, and the nation worth dying for must first be worth living for. Out of nature's prodigality we have incalculable resources and limitless possibilities, and there is need only for the unhindered application of man's genius and industry to make us as independent indusrially as we are free politically. Ample defense rests on industrial freedom and self-reliance as well as patriotic sacrifice, and industrial preparedness gives that assurance of material good fortune in peace which must be founded all our higher

Subsistence is the first requisite of existence, and we have the higher American standard of living because of the Republican protective policy which makes of Americans the best paid workmen in all the world. Out of the abundance of employment and higher compensation, to gether with the beckoning opporunity which offers every reward, we Americans have attracted the laborers of the earth, and

set new standards here. It is not for me to put the stamp of rela-tive importance on pending issues—the in-telligent voters will determine that for themselves. But I know what they are themselves. But I know what they are thinking, and they believe that the protec-tive policy which made us industrially and commercially eminent is necessary to pre-serve that eminence. I know they want it restored and maintained. For myself I prefer a protective and productive tariff which prospers America first. I choose the economic policy which sends the American workingmen to the savings banks rather than the soup houses. I commend the plan under which the healthful glow of pros-pering business is reflected in every face from the great captain of industry to the schooling child of the daily wage-earner. Moreover, I like the abiding consistency of our unchanging position upon this policy. The Republican Convention of 1880, which gave to the nation and all history the nomination of Lincoln, made this simple and ample uttermice:

That, white providing revenue for the support of the General Government by duties upon imports, sound policy requires such an adjustment of these imports as to encourage the development of the industrial interests of the whole of the industrial interests of the whole country; and we commend that policy of national exchanges which secures to the working men liberal wages, to agriculture remunerating prices, to mechanics and manufacturers an adequate reward for their skill, labor and enterprise, and to the nation commercial prosperity and independence.

We might difference the commercial prosperity and independence.

We might fittingly reiterate that utter-ance today. The fallure of revenues under existing Democratic policy, the necessary resurt to the imposition of direct and offenrecord to the imposition of arect as assets are the investment taxes on a people at prace—to meet dediciencies which ever attend Democratic control, the depression and distater which followed Democratic revision, which were relieved rather than caused by the European war—all these argue the Republican restoration.

TEMPORARY PROSPERITY. No one disputes a temporary prosperity in our land today. But it is sectional in its factory aspect, absternal in its fevered runt, autiliance in its concentials and per-verting in its sendency. Worse, it is the

should boast a prosperity wrought in such waste of human life. We had rather rejoice in the prosperity of peace. We had rather boast our good fortune won from the world as it stands erect, in a fair contest, where men openly contend for the laurels of industry and the garlands of trade. I do not mean that we must "sharpen our wits in competition with the vorld," for we tried that, and involuntarily turned the blade to cutting our production and severing thousands from American There was no cut in the cost of living but a visible hack at the capacity to live. The Democratic party is always con-

cerned about the American consumer. Republican achievement is the making of a nation of prospering producers, and by producers I mean every human being who ap-plies muscle or skill or brain or all to the conversion of nature's abundance into the necessities and luxuries of life or participates in the ways and means of their transportation and exchange. Far better a high cost of living and ability to buy than lowering of cost attended by destruction of purchasing capacity.

THE COST OF LIVING. It is worth while to recall the magnified importance given to the high cost of living four years ago; first, to emphasize Dem-

MOOD; JOKES, SMILES

AS CONVENTION OPENS

ocracy's failure to reduce it, though it risked and almost accomplished the ruin of our good fortune in attempting it; second, to declare there is no such thing. What was thought to be the high cost were only the higher demands and the larger capacity to buy, which were the natural reflexes of the higher standard of living reared under

Republican protection. The one notable advance in cost has profited the American farmer, for whose besitting share in good fortune we have stood fitting share in good fortune we have stood unfailingly and sincerely. His reward is a Republican achievement, and we prefer to cling to the conditions which brought to agriculture its delayed but deserved reward and hold it secure in Republican maintenance of a home market unmatched in all the world. More, we want our basic prosperity to be home-created and homeustained, and not dependent on conditions

Let us agree—nay, let us boast—that American industry can compete with any in all the world, under like conditions. But in all the world, under like conditions. But we also beast a condition, created through isolation and maintained by protection, wherein the rate of American wages is twice or thrice to ten times that of Old World competition. Reduce our wages and we shall have conditions more hearly equal, but no Republican will consent to that. We are willing to standardize the wages of the world. We are as fit to lead in doing that as we were to fix the newer guaranties of liberty and independence; but we Republicans do not mean to lower our scales to efcans do not mean to lower our scales to effeet the leveling. We want the world measurements raised to our heights. Until it is done we shall cling to American wages for American workmen, American markets for American products, and hold the Republican guaranty of our material good fortune.

The nations abroad and the Democratic party at home are bearing witness to Re-publican wisdom. German industrial selfreliance is the sequence to her adoption of a Republican protective tariff, and England's nanifest conversion to this fostering plan will magnify the prophetic wisdom of Re-publican protectionists. Even the Democratic party is pentient now and makes confession in action if not in words. The proposed destruction of American sugar has been repealed, and simulated grief about the American breakfast table has been not American breakfast table has been put aside. With that facility for changing position which has been made manifest from aside. Haltimore to Vera Crus, the party in power proposes to restore the tariff commission which it had hastened to destroy.

This change of attitude is not because of its great and manifest love of commissions alone, but because failure is written across every paragraph of Democratic revision and fear is haunting the White House slumbers. The Wilson Administration has sensed the country's anxiety about industrial conditions when the revelry in muni-tions and the immunity granted by war, are ended. It has made a reflective estimate of the perils of 1914, once called psychological, and means to apply a stolen remedy, with more concern about the ef-fects than the ethics involved. We do not

SOUNDER OF THE KEYNOTE



Senator Warren G. Harding, of Ohio, as temporary chairman, opened the Republican National Convention at Chicago today.

protected and encouraged, and both big and little deserve the American shield against destruction by foreign competition, and protection from the raiders political or otherwise, at home. Business and its agencies of transportation are so insepara-ble from each other and from the common weal that the political party which does not pledge them a square deal, no more and no less, does not deserve the confidence of the Toople. The strength of the business heart shows in every countenance in all th land, and the weakness of that heart holds feets than the ethics involved. We do not a nation ill. We must strengthen the heart oppose a tariff commission. We favor it is a Republican creation. We do not want one, however, conceived in Democratic hostility to American industry or managed in Democratic opposition to business success. We would hasten the pre-tective defense against fereign invasion, of successions and success. We would have no provided in the success of its piedges and constant of the success of its piedges and constant of the success of its piedges and constant of the success.

to guarantee our industrial security, and then let a tariff commision deliberately and scientifically work out the needs of American preference.

No honest business in this country is too big to be good and useful, or too little to be

its devotion to Jeffersonian principles and simplicity of government and is voting millions of the public treasury to the es-tablishment of Federal factories to destroy private industry. It declared for enlarged shipping facilities without added burdens upon the public treasury, and now proposes that 50 to 500 millions of public funds shall go to shipping, federally owned and privatey managed, with every menace that Federal wnership involves. We believe in a great terchant marine, federally encouraged and rivately erected, wrought in the committal to the achievement of private enterprise and measured to the requirements of our com merce in peace.

THE NATIONAL EXPANSION.

The President has said ours is a pro-incial party, evidently forgetting the Fedralist founding of our nationality and Re-publican expansion to greater national glory. The Democratic party not only falls to grasp our immensity and importance: is sectional on the mainland and unheedit is sectional on the mainland and unheeding of our island possessions. Its vision
does not catch the spiendor of Old Glory
in the sunlight of the world. Right now
when the devouring flames of war are
burning most flereely, when our national
view must be world-wide to be comprehensive, the Democratic Administration has proposed to set adrift an Island empire, in violation of our obligations to the world, to the Philippine people and ourselves, Amid proclamations of our ministrations in behalf of mankind it undertook to re-nounce its guardianship of a race of people and leave them to walk alone when they Witness Proceedings

CHICAGO, June 7.—With the convention hall opened for the first session of the Republican National Convention and the first wet and bedraggled spectators ensconed in the galleries out of the drab drizzle of rain that covered Chicago like a clammy, gray mantle, there was a big uniformed Chicago polleeman on guard in every section. With a polleeman to every a send a small army of doorkeepers at and, and the crowd woke enough to cheer a little as the band played "Dixie."

OUR WIDENED RELATIONSHIP.

OUR WIDENED RELATIONSHIP.

OUR WIDENED RELATIONSHIP.

OUR WIDENED RELATIONSHIP.

Our wind played wanting the statement that Colonel Recoverities and the dealing is written among the vacillations of the present Administration. The Democratic party once hauled down the flag which had been unfuried in honor in the Pacific and met rebuke at the first sealing the flag and more thanks and the clouds, a shaft of sunlight penetrated a window and fell across the speakers' of the American people.

OUR WIDENED RELATIONSHIP.

Our of orders relations. Uncertainty, instability, Mexican contempt and waning at the design is written among the vacillations of the present Administration. Have called down the flag and more rebuke at the first about 11 o'clock the sun struggled through the flag which had been unfuried in honor in the flag which had been unfuried in honor in the flag which had been unfuried in honor in the flag which had been unfuried in honor in the flag which had been unfuried in honor in the flag which had been unfuried in honor in the flag which had been unfuried in honor in the flag which had been unfuried in honor in the flag which had been unfuried in honor in the flag which had been unfuried in honor in the flag which had been unfuried in honor in the flag which

national sponsorship. This mighty pidealizing popular government and idealizing mitted to human progress, can no longer ive within and for ourselves alone. Oh liberated distance makes it impossible to stand aloof from mankind and escape widened responsibility. If we are to beome the agency of a progressive civiliza tion and God's great intent—and to believe otherwise is to deny the proofs of American development—we must assume the responsipilities of influence and example, and accept the burdens of enlarged participation. The cloistered life is not possible to the potential man or the potential nation. Moreover. the Monroe Doctrine, stronger for a century's maintenance, fixes an obligation of New maintenance, fixes an obligation of New World sponsorship and Old World relationship. Our part must not be dictatorial; it must be trusted leadership in a fraternity of American republies.

OUR STRENGTH AT HOME

To meet the obligations we must first make sure of maintained mental, moral and physical health at home. It is good to recall that ours is the only major political party ever formed in this country on great moral issue. Our first proclam was human liberty, to be glorified b the spiritual and material development of a free people. We opened the way to higher human attainments and emphasized human rights under the guaranties of civi liberty. We need only to go on, imbued with the spirit which has thus far pointed our way. The light of a moral people is the halo of liberty itself. Let us be honthe halo of liberty itself. Let us be hon-est, not only in preclamation, but in prac-tice; not alone in campaigns but in incum-bency of office; not only before altars of worship but in our daily affairs and in every human relationship. If popular gov-ernment is to be held dependable and com-mand the confidence as well as the loyalty of its citizonship, political parties and their of its citizenship, political parties and their platform and their spokesmen must be

A PEOPLE'S WELFARE.

If we are to urge the world's attention to international justice we must hold secur our civil justice at home and make social justice and attending welfare typical of our national life. We have advanced wonder-fully. The reward of merit is eternal, but we can promote the development of merit. I have spoken so emphatically for the American producer that I want to add here a committal to improved conditions of pro-duction. It is good to gaze afar toward markets we hope to attain in peaceful comnercial conquest, but production is itself the maker of markets at home. To the safety and inviting environment of the la-borer we must add his growing merits of compensation. There can be no permanent material good fortune that is not righteously shared, there can be no real moral achievement that does not lift the great rank and file to an ever higher plane. Maintained Republican policies provide conditions for the ideal advancement and continued uplift, and it is not too much to hope that we shall it is not too much to hope that we shall it is not too much to hope that we shall acclaim the day when choice instead of necessity fixes the status of the American

wage-earner.

My countrymen, for two generations, with short interruptions, the Republican party, in conscience, courage and capacity, has been translating the dependable popular sentiment of the Republic into governmental policy. We have not yielded to the expediency of adopting every ephemoral whim, because devotion to country and its ultimate good oftlimes domaind opposition to a momentary popularity. The final appeal to ender intelligence has juntified our course in political righternames. But we

Ism.

In the travail of Life, Liberty L. Pursuit of Happiness the America was born. Set aglow at Bunker was reflected in the faces of the Dayho of a fearless Republic, where men dedilisthemselves to the solemn and momendatask which was traced by an infinite his They were not all Americans by birth, they were dedicated Americans in the but tismal rites of a new republic and a new republic an tismal rites of a new republic and a ne

have been so engrossed in America that we have not stopped our own hearts for the soul of

patriotism. They could not all sign the De-claration of Independence, but they com-mitted all Americans to it for all succeeding time. They could not all join in mak-ing the Constitution, but they piedged the succeeding millions of Americans to its everlasting defense.

There were stalwart Americans then, Americans from Great Britain with British ideals and their devotion to orderly govideals and their devotion to orderly government. There were Americans from the land of Napoleon and Lafayette, to give of the enthusiasm and heroism of France in establishing new freedom. There were Americans from Germany to fight the battles of the Republic and blend their sturdiness and thoroughness in the progress of a new people, not a new race. There were Americans from the green fields of Ireland, with a passion for liberty, Americans from southern Europe to battle for opportunity. There were Americans who came from op-pression and stood erect in the freedom of the Republic. They all made common cause, There was lack of homogerneity of race, but there was kinship of soul, and that soul was American. The gates to our ports have swing inward ever since, there has been a valcours to the foreign-horn, whem welcome to the foreign-born, whom we asked to drink freely of the waters of our political life and find their places in the sun of American opportunity. They are an inseparable and important and valued part of American sitizenship, and the few zealots of any origin who violate our neutrality do not and can not impugn the loyalty or the American patriotism of that great body which adds to the swelling chorus of

"My country, 'tis of thee, Sweet Land of Liberty." NATIONAL SYMPATHIES.

It is not surprising that in their hearts there is sympathy or partiality for the land of their nativity when it is involved in a life and death struggle like that which saturates Europe with the blood of which saturates Europe with the blood of their kinsmen. Search your hearts deeply, my countrymen. One must be human to be an American, he must have human sympathies and human loves, and I should pity the foreign-born and the sons of foreign-born whose very souls are not wrung by the cataclysmal sorrow of the Old World. But sorrow is the test of soul and the very altar of reconsecration. This is the mo-mentous hour for the blazing soul of American allegiance. The spirit of the fathers is calling, and the safety of un-born Americans is demanding and the se-curity of the republic is requiring that now and here and everywhere, under the Stars and Stripes, we proclaim a plain, simple, glad and unalterable Americanism. It must be the offering of loyalty and devotion and love and trust, and life, if need be, to these United States, now and ever-

The Americanism which indexes these United States must be more than the consecration of the ind" usl. In the great fulfilment we must rive a citizenship less concerned about what the Government can do for it and more anxious about what it can do for the nation. There must be the submersion of 'cal and sectional views and the standards of nationality reared in their stead. Holding to the ideals of just American rights, the Government must protect those rights, at home, on our borders, on the seas, in every land and under every sky.

OUR FOREIGN RELATIONS.

Seeking to practice the very Americanism I preach as Republican gospel, I am re-luctant to speak of a division of American sentiment relating to our foreign affairs, One must be an American first and a partisan afterward, though we believe Re-

stability, Mexican contempt and waning self-respect will be recorded in every chap-ter, and the pitiable story of sacrificed American lives and the destruction of lawfully held American property will empha-size the mistaken policy of watchful wait-ing and wobbling warfare. Under the pretext of noninterference the

Democratic Administration miserably meddled. In the name of peace that same Administration encouraged revolution, and the cost of American sacrifices was charged to needless war on Huerta, where the real American expenditure required only the voice of authority demanding protection to American rights. The unbiased critic will recite that the Democratic Administration first coddled Villa as a patriot, then chased

him as a bandit.

Our civilization has evolved the rules of right conduct, and written them into forms of government by law. They were conceived in justice and developed in right-courness. They have become instinctive in our American life, and are cherished as a part of our people's inheritance. Our people do not understand any suspension, they are impelled to march on, confident and un-afraid. When the spirit of American accomplishment, or the mercies of American ministration, or the inclinations of Ameri-can teaching, or the adventures of American development take our people abroad under the compacts of civilization, they have a right to believe that every guaranty of American citizenship goes with them. When it does not we have forfeited the American inher tance.

OUR COURSE WITH EUROPE.

No political party can draw a variable chart for our ship of state amid Europe's warring ambitions, lust for power or battles for self-preservation. Justice points the way through the safe channel of neutrality. There are dangers, seeining or real looming on every side, but we should feel secure along the course marked by interna-tional law and our own conscientious con-victions of American rights. "STRAIGHT victions of American rights. "STRAIGHT AHEAD" shall be the command, and when peace comes the sober judgment of the world will exalt us ever higher and higher as a people strong in heart and noble in the espousal of justice and justice's humanity. In that world-wide respect and confidence which needs only to be preserved, we shall have a lofty place in the great reconstruction, and we reasonably great reconstruction, and we reasonably may hope to see this mighty republic again ministering to the re-establishment of peace and all its precious blessings.

My countrymen, Americaniam begins at home and radiates abread. The republicant conception gives the first thought to a free people and a feariess people, and be-speaks conditions at home for the highest human attainment. We believe in Ameriappeals conditions at home for the highest human attainment. We believe in American markets for American products, American wages for American workmen, American opportunity for American genius amaindustry, and American elitzenship is the raffer of American conditions, and we believe our policies make for a fortunate propis for whom moral, material and educational advancement is the open way. The story of our progress confirms. The answered aspirations of a new world civilization decision. We have taken the that form or popular government and applied the policies which had led a continent to the attention which had led a continent to the attention of the progress which had led a continent to the attention within the process and fortined layer we seed only to process and fortined home of papears and opposite the process and opposite the process and continent and applications of a peace and opposite the layer of the process and opposite the process of the

SPECTATORS, COLD AND BEDRAGGLED,

Arrival of Fairbanks' Delegates Does Little to Relieve Chill of Coliseum Crowd—Women Brave Rain to

Sagamore Hill Linked Up With Chicago by Telegraph and

found Colonel Roosevelt in one of his merriest moods. His face was wreathed in smiles and he joked with those about him. Neither the uncertainty of developments in Chicago nor the heavy rainstorm that rators were just putting the finishing drenched Sagamore Hill and filled the touches on the adornments in the hall. fringes of the hav with thick for could High up over the broad platform with seats

fringes of the bay with thick fog, could lessen his good spirits. Special telegraph and telephone com unications had been linked up between Sagamore Hill and Chicago and the Colonel was early in his library to receive reports from the scene of political action.

It was reported that several long mes sages had been received from Georg Perkins, the national chairman of the gressive party, during the night, but, whether these had anything to do with

Colonel dismissed them with the words:
"They are just seports. That's all I can

The Colonel persistently refuses to be interviewed on political topics, but from other success it was learned that he may be persuaded to head a third ticket if Juntice Hughes is nominated by the Republi-cans. Colonel Receive of the Hughes is very deep-seated, as has been

It is uncertain whether or not Colonel Roosevelt will go to Chicago. But he is primed for the trip and if he feels that his resence is needed there he will make the mp. If a deadlock should develop in the Republican convention and the followers of oosevelt display strength of dominating naracter in the convention half, activities Chicago will be made even livelier by presence of the Colonel in the arena.

ARRANGE ST. LOUIS TRIP

Old Guard and Reorganization Democrats Unlikely to Go Together

Old guard delegates and alternates to th make plans for the trip to St. Louis. At the conclusion of the meeting, it was announced definite arrangements had been postponed

A. Mitchell Palmer's reorganization dele A sittenent rainer's reorganization delegates and alternates will leave this city for St. Louis Sunday in a special train. It is considered probable that the old guard followers will not join the reorganizers, but that, like the Republican Organization delegates, the Democrate will split and go in two sections.

Big Suffrage Ball Given in Chicago CHICAGO, June 7:—The assembling her of persons prominent in society in New York and other cities produced the most rock and other cities produced the most notable social event that Chicago has seen since the World's Pair. Mrs. Hatold F. Mc-Cormick's equal suffrage garden party and ball last night. More than 1898 guests were entertained by Mr. and Mrs. McCormick at their home. 1000 Lake Shore Drive.

Florida Governor Beats Senator Florida Governor heats Senator

'TAMPA, Fig., June 7.—Returns indicate that Senator Nathan P. Bryan was
defeated for renomination in yesterday's
Democratic primary by Governor Park
Transmell Sidney J. Catta apparently has a
slight lead in the race for Governor over
both Ion It. Farris and W. V. Kaott Representative S. M. Sparkman appears to have

AWAIT CONVENTION WARMING-UP

for the officers and speakers a great full-length painting of Abraham Lincoln looked down on the scene. It was surmounted by a replica of the presidential flag and was irrounded by a score of draped stars and

From the Lincoln portrait the great arched roof of the Collseum swept away in waves of white to the tiny gallery perched upon the roof at the rear of the hall, where red-coated band waited to add to the

but convention din.
with The band at a signal from sergeant-at olonel Roosevelt's joviality was not aparent.

Asked about overnight rumors the colonel dismissed them with the words:

Asked about overnight rumors the colonel dismissed them with the words: tators in the galleries. None of the dele-gates had then arrived.

The spectators leaned over the flag-decked galleries and watched anxiously

for the first delegation. The seating arrangements for the delegates put New York and Ohio delegations directly before the alsie. On the right alsie Illinois and speaker's stand on either side of the centre Massachusetts had the front seats, and Indiana and Iowa on the left aisle. Charles D. Hilles, chairman of the Na-

tional Committee, was the first official to appear on the platform. He consulted with Sergeant-at-arms Stone, reviewing the ar-rangements and discussed the program of

Shortly after 10 o'clock, a few of the seats in the alternate section, just behind the delegates' section, began to fill up. The gallery crowd began to arrive and the front rows of the spectators' seats showed a rim of women, some of them in rainy day attire, but many of them in finery which had

suffered from the driving rain.

A squad of ushers added to the general hubbub and the efforts of the band by hawking "official programs" in roucous tones. A group of photographers over-ras the half taking picutres from all accessible

and inaccessible points of vantage.

A few of the Indiana delegates, brave in an assortment of Fairbanks badges, took scattered seats in their section. They were the first delegates to appear and brought with them a dampening effect of the weather. They took their places without enthusiaam and talked indifferently together EMERGENCY HOSPITAL'S FIRST CASE

The temporary hospital equipped behind

the big platform was early in demand. The first emergency case was that of Policeman Sweeney, who injured his arm on one of the grand stand supports. Dr. Arthur B. Rankin and Dr. Thomas Grif-fiths bandaged the brulse and sent the policeman about his duties once more. As indicating the lack of unanimity among the delegates, very few of the State delegations came in a body. They straggled in by twos and threes, wet, angry and ready for anything. At 10:45 there were more than 200 delegates in their seats, but there was not a single State delegation complete at that hour. The leaders also were plete at that hour. plete at that hour. The leaders also were

low coming in.

The wet weather prevented the usual mass-play entrance of various delegations.

Tow delegates had the temerity to march Two delegates had the tenerity to march to the Colliseum under the streaming skies.

Ten minutes before 11 o'clock the delegates' section of the convention hall was a seething mass of delegates, and not a single delegation had aroused any enthusians of had been given a demonstration of its arrival. The delegates gathered in little stours and discussed the intest cur-

by his followers in the Pennsylvania dele-gation when he took his seat under the

Pennsylvania banner in the seat of honor. Although scheduled to meet at 11 o'clock, there was no sign of getting down to business at 11:15. The members of the National Committee were in their seats on the platform and most of the delegates were in their seats. The leaders did not seem in a hurry to start things.

There was no enthusiasm among the delegates or the spectators. A tumult of low-toned conversation and the blares of the bands were the only sources of noise in the big hall.

The conversation of the delegates was earnest and the whole big hall seemed filled with a sense of the tenseness of the political situation confronting the gather-The New York delegation sat in its

seats in the front row and stolidly regarded the big, crowded platform in silence. Only Chauncey M. Depew seemed to want to talk. From his seat on the aisie he beamed at his friends in the other State delega-Governor Whitman did not sit down with his friends, but devoted the time to a series of conferences with the Hughes boomers.

The Maine crowd tried to stir up a little enthusiasm by waving a standard with the State insignia upon it. The effort failed Temporary Chairman Warren G. Harding, of Ohio, put in an appearance at 11:25 and cheers greeted his appearance, and the band played a few bars of the Star-Span-

gled Banner, which brought out a round of hand-clapping. The three taps of the gavel were fol-lowed by a round of cheers as Colonel Stone, sergeant-at-arms, walked to the front and "The aisles will be cleared, the delegates will be seated. The police will enforce this

CHAIRMAN HILLES THANKED BY NATIONAL COMMITTEE Chairman Praised for Wisdom and

Self-sacrifice

order.

CHICAGO, June 7.—National Republican Chairman, Charles D. Hilles, received high tribute today at the last sitting of the Republican National Committee just preced-Resolutions thanking him for his "wis-dom, self-sacrifice and absolute fairness"

dom, self-sacrifice and absolute fairness" were adopted. Others praising the service of secretary James B. Reynolds, sergeant-at-arms: William F. Stone, and treasurer George R. Sheldon were adopted.

The final business transacted by the committee was the formal acceptance of the tardy West Virginia delegation report and the placing of the members on the temporary roll. Acting Chairman Charles M. Burke, of South Dakota, then rapped his gavel sharply on the table and the meeting closed.

Votes Needed to Nominate MEPUBLICAN.

G. O. P., 495; Democrat, 846

Year number of delegates ... Number December to number to produce to the state of t