READING'S "SUICIDE WAVE"

Another Case of Self-Destruction

Swells List of Victims

READING, Pa., April 13.—A wave of suicide, precalent here, resulted in another death today at the Homeopathic Hospital and another man trying to end

Cyrus H. Wolfgang, 32 years old, who

swallowed two ounces of arrente on the street yesterday, died at the hospital to-day, after intense suffering. No reason can be ascribed for his act.

Bert Richards, 49 years old, was found

on the street in a helpless condition, after swallowing poison because, as he said, he was tired of life. He was taken to the Homeopathic Hosital, where his wife is

also a patient

merican Commission, Fostered by Government, to Advise French Business Men

APITAL TO BE SUPPLIED

WASHINGTON, April 13 .- French in washington, April 13.—French instries, crippled or destroyed by war, to be rebuilt in part through the column of American business genius and spital. The French Government has just tren unqualified approval to a suggestin, informally presented through the inited States Department of Commerce, an early visit to the French Republic an American Industrial Commission to

sh the ends in view Dr. Edward E. Pratt. chief of the Bu-st of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, nounced today that all the principal listries of the United States would be presented in the personnel of the com-mion to be named. The American Man-ucturers' Export Association, of New ork, comprising several hundred of the est manufacturing exporters of the arry and a body thoroughly national scope, has been designated to select unission. Tentatively, it is planned the commission shal sail for France

The purpose of the commi-ade plain in a statement by a ent of Commerce that an ext deal investigation will be construction and reorganization of communities and industries that will place almost immediately and after war to an extent unparalleled in the ory of the Republic.

Dr. Pratt announced that the commis-ion will consist of men of broad technical ence and national reputation in their ective fields, to make certain that the its sought will be both conclusive and tive. The commission will include affacturers, bankers, architects, conctors and importers

# GIRL HE MISTREATED REPAYS HIM IN DEATH

Chauffeur Who Posed as Single Man in Eloping With Heiress Cannot Get Fortune

Grace McLaughlin, \$250,000 heiress. a it is believed, married her chauffeur, rge N. Stevens, in this city several oks ago, lies dead in a Havana hotel. his was announced today by the New

ork police. Stevens, it is stated, will be unable to aim the young woman's fortune, be-tuse she died six days before he could e her legal husband. Stevens has d that he could not marry again until

Mice McLaughlin was the daughter of its late Patrick H. McLaughlin, former sputy to Chief of Police Devery of New party to Chief of Police Devery of New ork. The young woman was a sufferer sent-tuberculosis when she became actained with Stevens. When Miss Mcaughlin disappeared from the home of sr aunt. Mrs. R. Ingles, in New York at December, she is said to have carried ore than \$200,000 worth of securities her handbag; also \$5000 worth of welry. Miss McLaughlin and Stevens me to Philadelphia and remained here r several weeks. Then they went to twana, Cuba, where they were seen by vana, Cuba, where they were seen by

eral New Yorkers. Recently the girl's aunt, Mrs. Ingles, wrote to Mayor Smith and asked him to secretain who married the pair in Philainformed the Mayor that nded to cause Stevens' arrest on see of bigamy. She characterized as a "villian because he ran off ng girl suffering from tuber

fend who saw them in Hayana niece was a pitiable sightand bones. We know that watches her closely and will not

## AN SHOT IN RIOT STARTED BY STRIKING LONGSHOREMEN

weral Others Injured in Disturbance at Atlantic Transport Piers

One man was shot and several others ured in a riot which occurred today fol-wing a strike of longshoremen at Piera and 55, of the Atlantic Transport

The trouble started at Delaware avenue d Christian street, where the strikers acked a man who refused to join them. a shouts for help were heard by Serant Gallagher and Policeman La Vast. They drew revolvers and ordered a strikers, most of whom were negroes, disperse. The workmen defeat he so The workmen defied the ponan and attacked them with bricks dubs. The policemen fired several to and during the fight sent in a riot

#### MILK EXCHANGE COMPLAINS OF SHIPPING RATES

Reading Railway Accused of Making "Unreasonable" Charges

WASHINGTON, April 13.—The Phila-delphia Milk Exchange today complained to the Interstate Commerce Commission of unreasonable rates over the Philadelof unreasonable rates over the Philadel-phia and Reading Hallway on milk and cream from points in Maryland, Dela-ware, New Jersey to points in Pennayl-vanta and New Jersey. Rates to Phila-delphia, Atlantic City, Ocean City, Stone Harbor and Sea Isle City are said to be A tariff of the New York Central Rail-

A tariff of the New York Central Rail-road providing for a charge of \$2 per car for reconsignment service on ship-ments of grain, hay and straw "stopped in transit" complained of by the Com-mercial xchange of Philadelphia was held reasonable by the commission. A reduction of \$1 in the same charge for a similar service respecting a division of such shipments was ordered. A tariff giving the carrier the option of forwarding cars to destination after the accruement of \$5 demurrage charges was disapproved.

## INSANITARY SCHOOL AROUSES PROTEST

Thomas Jefferson Building, 5th Street Above Poplar, Declared Dangerous

The insanitary and dangerous condition of the Thomas Jefferson Public School. 5th street above Poplar, has led parents of pupils at that institution to form an association to make a protest against the continuance of those conditions, to inform the proper authorities of their disap-proval and demand their amelioration. The proval and demand their amelioration. The meeting was held list night in the school. One hundred and fifty parents attended in the interest of about 1100 pupils. Morris L. Emery, principal of the school, attended and told the parents that the movement had his entire approval and support.

According to the parents and the principal of the parents and the parents are the parents are the parents and the parents are the parents are

cipal, the school is antiquated. There is not a room properly lighted, and, in some not a room properly lighted, and, in some of the classrooms it is necessary to keep a gas light burning all day. The rooms are so crowded that it is necessary to place chairs in the aisles with boards from desk to desk to accommodate the crowds of children who are forced to attend. This is in violation of the fire regulations, but nothing better can be done. The insanitary conditions of the done. The insanitary conditions of the lavatories was severely criticised. Lack

lavatories was severely criticised. Lack of space was given as the cause.

There is no room for a kindergarten in the building and pupils who reach the fourth grade are forced to attend some other school until they are ready for the next higher grade, when they are returned to the Jefferson School. Ciris in the cooking classes and boys in the workshop classes are also forced to attend either the Hancock School or the Madison School. In the first grade one-half the children are on half time.

The parents are determined to force the Board of Education to redeem the promises which they say it has been making

Board of Education to redeem the properties which they say it has been making for the last 10 years that it would erect a new structure capable of holding the children without overcrowding, and with proper sanitary appointments. A committee composed of Dr. Frank I. Cohen, William Catales, is make iam Stang and William Cateles is mak-ing arrangements for a mass-meeting un-der the auspices of the Parents' Assother wife living in Connecticut, ac-ding to the police. He had been di-ciation, which will be held some time tend from her before he eloped with mext week. At that time the movement to demand better conditions for the children will be well under way.

#### BRUMBAUGH REFUSES TO ANSWER "RUMORS"

Continued from Page One

McAfee, and if so how much and what use did you make of it?

PROMISED TO DICTATE ANSWERS. The newspaper says the Governor was told by its representative that the questions were asked him with a view of publishing the answers he made to them. The article continues:

"I see that," said the Governor, after curplosity claveling over the years. "And

curjously glancing over the page. "And I will dictate what I have to say later this evening. Just at present I am engaged in conference with some friends and I want more time to fully read these

"Later in the evening when the Governor arrived at the Board of Trade auditorium to address the Local Option State Committee, he met the representative there, and handed the latter the page bearing the

questions with the remark:

"That is such a committing thing that
I do not care to answer it. They are all
rumors, and I do not care to answer
rumors. I will not waste my time anrumors.

Then you will not answer the questions seriatim' was asked the Governor.
"'Not those. I will not answer rumors. said the Governor, emphatically, and hur-ried away to make his address."

## MANY JOIN NAVAL RESERVE

Forty-three Racquet Club Members Volunteer for Training

Forty-three recruits, members Racquet Club, have instituted in this city a volunteer naval reserve corps, distinct from the naval militia. The movement has spread to such an extent that many has spreas to such an excellent harmonia business, professional and society men have promised to join. A citizens' committee, headed by John H. Craig, visited the Philadelphia Navy Yard to confer with naval officers for the training of the reserves.

Mr. Craig will visit Secretary of the Navy Daniels in Washington today, to Navy Daniels in Washington today, obtain official sanction for the moveme Meanwhile the ranks of the strikers and to obtain official sanction for the movement tere increased by sympathizers. Two segrees tried to disarm the police by biting their hands. A patrol load of policemen from the 1d and Christian streets station crived and routed the strikers. During the struggle John Thompson, of 54 South ith street, was shot in the right thigh. He was sent to the Pennsylvania Hospital.

## POLICEMAN AND MERCHANT FIGHT BOLD BURGLARS TO DEATH IN DARK

When Thoughtful Person Turns on Light, the Intruding Villains, Cold and Stark in Death, Found to Be Clothing Dummies

wific struggle between two bura and a policeman, a fireman and Max in the latter's store, at 3546 Corof persons in the neighborhood we went up and police whistles re-

Track after crush could be heard in

vis store and those living nearby ex-sted to see the place littered with bodies the rise of the morning sun.

It was due to the vigilance of Police-an Silmickson that the intruders were sovered. He noticed that the door of tips store was slightly ajan. Drawing revolver, he entered cautiously. In darkness he was conscious of the fact t a man was staring at him. The anger was so dark that he was even clar than the darkness itself.

with the political transfer of the political that quick action was necessary. It inside that a panther through the statement of the burning the statement of the burning that fell on the neck of the burning in their pairs upact numerous boxes and rows tools got the sholves. ne policeman felt a cold chill traveling

Davis, who was sleeping upstairs, heard the clatter and jumping from bed, seized a revolver. He dashed downstairs, while the policeman and the intruder were roll-ing over the floor. The proprietor was horrifed to see another man standing motionless in the place. In a flash Davis concluded that the other intruder was simply waiting to shoot. Sickinger saw Davis and told him to get the burgiar in

"There's another one," shouted Davis. There's another one," shouted Davis. He groped his way toward the other burgiar and crushed him to the floor. The two fights attracted the attention of a fireman in house of Company No. 32, next door. He ran in and had presence of mind to turn on the light.

This revealed the identity of the two intruders. They were lying on their backs with the policeman and Davis leaning over them. Both burglars were completely them. Both burglars were completely knocked out. They didn't put up any re-sistance, for they were clothing dummies which Davis had hed in his store for sev-

" said Davis.

## TRANSIT WORK STANDS STILL

Await Return of City Solicitor Connelly Before Resuming Subway Boring

No further action will be taken to deermine the terms upon which the Broad street subway work under City Hall shall continue until City Solicitor Connelly has given an opinion covering all phases of the question. Mr. Connelly is out of the city, but may return late today. The Reystone State Construction Company is willing to go shend with the work on condition that provision is made for rebuilding parts of the City Hall foundations.

Among the questions the City Solicitor Among the questions the City Solicitor will have to pass upon is where the money is to come from for the foundation rebuilding, whether a new contract will be necessary or whether the work may be resumed under the "force account" item n the original contract.

Keystone Shoot April 27 and 28



Above, Jack Hassler is visible as he is held in the hand of William Penn, with his assistant, William Hagin, on the head. Below are some of the "rubbers' who blocked traffic at Broad and Chestnut streets watching them.

## CARRANZA DEMANDS U.S. QUIT VILLA CHASE AND WITHDRAW

Continued from Page One

where General Pershing's most advanced subbase is located. Another force of 2500 is reported to be on its way toward the American front from farther

#### Occupy Strategic Points

The American State Department has already been apprised that 10,000 Mexican troops have taken positions between the United States troops and the border. In addition to these, there are regular Carranza commands all along the line of advance. The American forces are scattered along a line of communication 400 miles long.

The official Carranza explanation for these military movements is that Villa must be pursued," but border observers say that the situation remains obvious that Carranza troops are prepared to back up Carranza's demand that the United States expedition be withdrawn.

It is known that General Funston has asked for more troops to handle the situation. From a military viewpoint, the American forces would be in a serious predicament if President Wilson refused to grant Carranza's representative in Washington,

## Tension Overshadows Hunt

The hunt for Francisco Villa was overshadowed today by the tension developing over the Carranza demands. One report said the bandit chief was in the Sistine Valley, parleying with the Arrieta Brothers, who control 3000 men. Another said that he had arrived at Guadalupe y Calvo, a high plateau which forms a natural fortress.

Mexican advices said that American troopers pursuing Villa had crossed the Durango State line and proceeded as far as Rosalio, but had returned into Chihuahua when their supplies were exhausted.

## "SAME MEXICAN POLICY IN EFFECT." SAYS WASHINGTON, PENDING ADVICES

WASHINGTON, April 13 .- The State Department teday announced the status of | tled. the protocol is "the same as it was" and dent is certain to be angrily criticised in Mexico is in effect."

At the White House It was said a statement would be made by the President, for the present at least.

As for the unofficial text of the Carcontaining statements con ranga note. with the department's and ment to the press, the department refused to comment and said further it would have

comment when the official text ar Officials at the Mexican Embassy were t work all morning transcribing the communication from Gueretaro into Engish for presentation to the State Department. Ambassador Designate Arredondo refused to discuss the matter for publica-

the note to Secretary Lansing this after-Although refusing to discuss the note in advance of its receipt. White House officials declared there was no present intention of abandoning pursuit of Villa. Conditions are quiet in Vera Cruz. Tamsice, Progresso and Guaymas, according to advices received today by the Navy

tion. He said that he expected to present

"If the Administration accepts Carranga's statement that he now is ready to take over the pursuit of Villa, the troops must be withdrawn from Mexico. If it does not, then it will be difficult to prevent a clash between the American and Carranzista troops that must inevitably force

armed intervention.

HARD QUESTION RAISED. It was freely admitted today that the Carranga attitude had placed the Administration in an embarrassing position. The flat statement that the American expedition entered Mexico on a wrong interpretaion of the Mexican note of March 10 has,

comment on the reported Carranza de-mands. He saw Scoretary Lansing dur-ing the forenoon, but the conference, it was said, was on Mexican matters apart officials say, raised a question that must from the withdrawal situation. another country," said John Frederick Lewis, attorney and authority on international law. "The Government should have had a distinct understanding with

acterized it as "insulting" in the extreme

the de facto Government should show itself in a position to handle the situation Now Carranza says his forces are "in

sufficient fumbers pursuing Villa and more forces are being sent to exterminate

the rest of the beaten party," and de-mands that the United States withdraw its

return with his troops to the United State

the troops across the border, and if this

Administration toward Mexico. If we

"Now it is up to us to make the bear

has the right to ask the withdrawal un-less we have an agreement with him which would prohibit such a request. I

which would prohibit such a request. I do not believe our policy should be one of timidity. We can't get respect except by commanding it, but I believe the rights of a nation, as provided under interna-tional law, should be observed carefully."

UNLESS ORDERED TO HALT

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., April 13.—Major

General Funsion will never consider the punitive expedition a military success until Villa is captured or killed. He made this plain today when shown United Press dispatches regarding Carransa's request

Funsion had had no official word from Washington. His attitude, he said, will be governed by the official dispatches.

for the expedition's withdrawal.

FUNSTON TO CONTINUE HUNT

mfortable situation. Carranzo

had stayed in Vera Cruz the present situa-

tion could never have arisen.

The situation

orces from Mexican territory.

#### SHOULD WITHDRAW TROOPS, SINCE PURPOSE IS GAINED

Carranga's request for the withdrawal of American troops from Mexico should not be regarded as surprising, and com-pliance by the United States would be icious and satisfactory. In the view of
John Willis Slaughter, founder of the
stological Review and an authority on
"I don't understand the attitude of the nternational affairs. There is nothing alarming in Carranza's

action. Doctor Slaughter said he believes the United States can withdraw the ex-pedition from Mexico, with the expedition's object, as it is generally understood, accomplished. The object, he said, was to prevent raids on the border and break up Villa's band.

"If Villa forces have been disorganized and scattered by United States troops, as I think it is admitted they have been, the shief purpose of the expedition is accom-plished." Doctor Slaughter said. "Raids on the border have stopped. This was what the army set out to do. In the absence of a more precise definition of the object of the expedition, I believe the scattering of Villa's forces and the forced constitution of the control border raids may be regarded as the pur-

Carranga is merely reflecting this for ing in asking for the withdrawal of the troops. I believe. A withdrawal within two weeks would be togical and consistent with the dignity of the United States. There is nothing embarrassing in the situ-ation developed by the request. The ex-pedition has broken up Villay force. Border raids have ceased. The purpose is

Ponneylvania R. B. Market St. Wharf jantic City 7:30 a. m. Angless Wildwood. May Octan City and other rearts. 7:20 JOHN FREDERICK LEWIS' VIEWS. The troops of the United States have right under international law to enter

# with the following instructions:

"Deliver the following note to Secretary Lansing, so ending negotiations for a reciprocal passing of troops and asking for disoccupation of the territory occupled by American troops in view of Villa's party having been destroyed and the

Mexican forces having relieved those in pursuit of the handits a few days after the event at Columbus."

The full text of the note follows:

U. S. FORCES INVADED

MEXICO SANS PERMIT,

to Negotiations Merely and

Not to Entry of Persh-

ing's Troops

CITES WILSON PLEDGE

to Secretary Lansing demanding the with

"Your Excellency, Robert Lansing.
"Secretary of the United States,
Washington: "The Mexican Government in its desire to conserve cordial and unchangeable good relations of friendship which eught to exist between Mexico and the United States, as much for the sentiment that animates this Government as for a desire of satisfying the spirit of article 23, of the treaty of friendship celebrated be-tween both countries on the second day of January, 1848, and in view of the lamentable happenings that took place in Columbia on the 9th of March last, and prove troublesome before it finally is set-Congress. The anti-Carranga faction in the Senate, headed by Senator Borah, this remembering the historical antecedents in similar cases, did not hesitate to make to the Government of the United States, under morning bitterly denounced the general tone of the note. Senator Borah chardate of March 10, appeal by means of It was pointed out that Carranga had simply turned the text of the original orders to General Funston, which became which the forces of one and the other ng line in pursuit of bandits if unfor public last Saturday, against the United States. These orders said that the ex-pedition's object was to dispurse Villa's bandits and that it would retire whenever unately there should be repeated along he border acts like those committed

RECIPROCITY PROPOSAL "From the beginning the Mexican Government judged that by reason of time which had transpired and for the purpose of treating a case already passed, the said incident could not continue as a pro-posal for the reciprocal passing of troops. "It is for this reason that the note of our Government, sent on the 10th of March indicates with all clearness that the proposition contained in it was conditional, or what is the same, that reciprocity could take place only if the irruption registered in Columbus should unfortunately be repeated at any other point of the frontier

cials admit, could hardly be more serious, although in army circles it was generally believed that Pershing will be ordered to SAYS U. S. MISUNDERSTOOD. "The American Government, relying on the text of said note, and without having nderstood all these conditions of its limtation, but rather believing in the exis-tence of a definite agreement, as is in-dicated in the terms of its note of March Secretary of War Baker declined to 13, gave expression to its views as fol That in view of the consent to this

reciprocal agreement, proposed by the de facto government of Mexico, this agree-ment is now complete and in vigor, and the reciprocal privilege previously mentioned may be exercised by each Govern nent without a future interchange of ideas. the Carranga Government before ordering "It was considered right to send or

Mexican territory an expedition has been called punitive with the of pursuing and chastising Villa and his party of outlaws, and the expedition wa sent some days after the wrongdoers had returned to Mexican territory.

START OF PURSUIT. "On the 17th day of March the Mexica,

Government sent a note to the American Government, through our confidential agent in Washington, Licenciado Eliseo Arredondo, stating that the Mexican Government had reliable information that without the knowledge or the advice of the nearest civil and political authorities. and without sending any communication on the part of the American Government, a so-called punitive expedition had passed through Palonnas with the object of pur-suing Villa and his party.

"As a consequence the said confidential agent was instructed to call the attention of the United States Government to the fact that it was giving an incorrect inter-pretation to the text of the note of March 19, and that the Government of Mexico was disposed to sustain its proposal re-garding the reciprocal passage of troops, but that an expedition could not be sent in the meantime, as the terms and condi-tions relative to the agreement was not

"IN CASE OF REPETITION." "This Government insisted in its note of March 17 that the reciprocal passage of troops would be permitted only if un-fortunately, from this time forward, there

one registered at Coumbus or of any other kind whatever at any point of the frontier line. In the meantime, the Mexican Government, faithful to its proposal, and with the intention of fulfilling strictly its compromise, began drawing up a project for the reciprocal passage of troops, which was presented in full form to the United States Government, under date of March 12, it being hoped that the terms and conditions established in the

date of March 12, it being hoped that the terms and conditions established in the said agreement would neet with approval. The American Government, through the medium of our confidential agent, communicated that in principle it accepted the agreement and was only studying the points in detail in order to finish it. "So things went on until the 19th of March, when the Homorable James Linn Rodgers presented a note to our secretary begging that the corresponding authorities in Chiunhus should give the necessary instructions to permit that some provisions be transported by the Northwestern Railroad for the American troops pursuing Villa and his party. pursuing Villa and his party.

SURPRISED AT INVASION.

"On the same date the Mexican Gov-ernment answered the note, manifesting surprise that without any official advices whatever on the part of the United States Government, American troops had crossed over into Mexican territory, and were already in Casas Grandes or its surround-

"On the 18th of March, our confidential agent in Washington had an interview with one Frank Polk, the secretary to the State Department, and he expressed to our confidential agent that he de-plored not having received the observa-tions of the Mexican Government before the passage of the American forces over the border, and assured our agent that the passage of these troops took place in the best of faith and in the belief that it would not be necessary to enter into more particulars and details of any agreement which was considered definite and ended

U. S. EXPRESSED REGRET. "These declarations, made by the Hon.
Mr. Polk, were confirmed in all their paris
at a conference, on March 23, between our
confidential agent and your excellency,
who stated also that he was sorry at having interpreted wrongly the contents of
the said note in respect to the passage of
the troops and that they would not advance more to the south of the place where they then were. "On the 19th of March the Honorable

where they then were.

"On the 19th of March the Honorable Mr. Folk addressed a letter to our confidential agent, in Washington, ratifying in writing the conference held on the previous day and expressing, in a clear and conclusive manner, that it was a motive for sincere innentation that there had been a mininterpretation as to the attitude of the First Chief relating to the passage of United States troops over the frontier in the pursuit of Villa, and declaring that the State Department of the United States believed that our Government had consented plainly to the arment had consented plainly to the ar-rangement proposed in its communication of March 10 from the then Secretary of Foreign Affairs, Licenclado Jesus Acuna. which arrangement was accepted by the inited States Government in its note of SAYS CARRANZA NOTE

PRESIDENT'S PROMISE

"In declarations, which his Excellency, the Honorable President Wilson, made public on March 26, he expressed himself in the following manner: First Chief Declares He Agreed

"As we have already announced, the expedition was ordered under an agreement with the de facto government of Mexico for the purpose only of capturing the bandit Villa, whose forces have invaded the territory of the United States, and on no prefext whatever would we order an invasion of that republic or a violation of its sovereignty."
"That idea, published by His Executency,

QUERETARO, Mexico, April 12 (via Galveston, Texas), April 13.—The de facto Government of Mexico tonight sent a note to Washington to be delivered President Wilson, was rectified on March 31 by a message sent to our confidential agent in Washington, in which he was instructed to call your attention to the idea indicated, since the note of March 10 referred to the reciprocal passage of troops only in case that incidents like hose which occurred at Columbus should be repeated.

PLEDGE TO RETIREL "Lastly, on the 5th of the present Lastly, on the sin of the present month, your Excellency, in delipering to our confidential agent a counter-project of an agreement on the reciprocal passage of troops to be presented for the consideration of the Mexican Government, accompanied it with a note declaring that the conditions contained in the same agreement described for the same agreement of the same agreeme ment should not apply to American forces which actually found themselves within Mexican territory at that time in the pursuit of Villa.

"Your Excellency further assured us that in exercising that privilege of enterour territory, those forces would cor fine their military operations only to the object of the expedition, and that they would retire immediately afterward to

their own country. "Your Excellency also expressed your gratefulness to the Mexican Government having, as you stated, reached a compact by means of which the United State forces had permission to pursue Villa and his party in Mexican territory, and stated that the American Government found itself disposed to respect the confidence shown i and that it would by no means Mexico's sovereignty lege so generously and freely granted it.

LACKED DEFINITE TERMS.

"Furthermore, the honorable Secretary f the State Department, Mr. Polk, in onference with our confidential agent in Washington, declared that the United States Government had acted in all good faith in sending its expedition into Mexico in pursuit of Villa on the supposition that the note of March 10 contained a definite agreement, but that the Mexican Govern-ment consented to let the expedition remain in Mexican territory only until de talls of an agreement could be arranged.
"In consequence of the facts previously expressed, as no final agreement has be reached as to the terms of a treaty to regulate in general the reciprocal passage of troops over the dividing line for the surpose of pursuing outlaws who may henceforth commit depredations in one of the other country, the Mexican Government judges it convenient to suspend for the present all discussion or negotiations in this particular, or founded on the cir-cumstance that the expedition sent by the Cumstance that the expension of the United States Government to pursue Villa is without foundation in virtue of the without foundation in virtue of the nexistence of a previous agreement,

formal and definite. WITHDRAWAL REQUESTED. "And as that expedition has fulfilled its object so far as it will be able to do so, as the party headed by Villa has al-ready been dispersed; and, finally because there are Mexican troops in sufficient num-bers pursuing them, and more forces are being sent to exterminate the rest of the beaten party, the First Chief, of the Cor stitutionalist army, charged with the exe-cutive power of the nation, considers that it is already time to treat with the United States Government for the withdrawal of its forces from our territory.

"I take this opportunity to reiterate to your Excellency my very distinguished estimation and consideration. The Secretary for Foreign Affairs.

"Candido A. Aguilar."

Shore Republicans Split ATLANTIC City, N. J., April 12.—Eight hundred strong, the Cheisea Union League, the largest Republican campaign organization at the shore, has been hor lessly split through the withdrawal o William E. Leach, the president, and a large number of his followers. Leach re fused to stand for the indorsement of Mayor Riddle. The latter lives in the Chelsea section of the 4th Ward which the league has dominated politically for

Elected to National Phi Beta Kappa Seymour Plake, of 3403 Hamilton street, a senior at the University of Wisconsin, has been honored for distinguished scholarship by election to the national fraternity of Phi Beta Kappa He is the son of Mr. and Mrs. William W. Fiske, of this city. He was prepared at the De Lancey School and is taking a

# PHILOSOPHIC SOCIETY BRINGS EMINENT MEN TO CONVENTION TODAY

Ancient Organization Meets in the Same Hall That Has Housed It Since 1789

### NOTED SCIENTISTS SPEAK

Subjects Covering Every Field of Human Knowledge Considered. Dr. Keen in Chair

Eminent philosophers and scientists from all parts of the country assembled this afternoon for the general annual meeting of the American Philosophical Society, held in the hall of the society at Mi and Chestnut streets, where the society has net since 1789.

met since 1788.

Subjects on the program included almost the entire field of uneful human knowledge, and the pupers were written and read by the most eminent authorities in each branch.

Dr. William W. Keen, president of the society, was in the chair. The papers included "The Popes and the Crusades," by Or. Dana C. Munro, of Princeton University: "The Common Folk of Shakespare,"

of Danie C. Munro, of Princeton Inversity: "The Common Folk of Shakespenre," by Dr. Felix E. Schelling, of the University of Pennsylvania; "A Rare Old Slavonic Missai," by Dr. J. Dyneley Prince, of Columbia University; "On the Art of Entering Another's Body: a Theme of Hindu Fiction," by Dr. Maurice Bloomfield, of Johns Hopkins University; "The Interpretation of Mythology," by Dr. Franz Boas, of Columbia University; "The Interpretation of Mythology," by Dr. Franz Boas, of Columbia University; "America's Relations to the Overland Law," by Dr. Leo S. Rowe, of University of Pennsylvania; "The Work of the Mellon Institute in its Relations to the Industries and to the Universities," by Dr. Raymond F. Bacon, of University of Pittsburgh; "Sight and Signaling in the Navy," by Alexander Duline, of New. "The Common Folk of Shakespeare Navy," by Alexander Duline, of New York "Observations of Mentality of Chimpanzees and Oranguians" dilustrated with motion picturies by Dr. William H. Furness, 3d, of Wallingford, Pa.

#### WOMAN'S WILL GIVES \$27.500 TO PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

Various Institutions Get \$5000 and

\$2500 Bequests Presbyterian institutions and charities benefit to the extent of \$27,500 by the will of the late Fannie Brown, of 2035 Pinc street, admitted to probate today by Reg-

ster of Wills Sheehan. The estate is valued at \$101,000 and the will leaves \$5000 each to the Board of the will leaves \$5000 each to the Board of Home Missions and Roard of Foreign Missions of the Presbyterian Church of the United States; Presbyterian Board of Relief for Disabled Ministers, and the Widows and Orphans of Deceased Min-isters; Presbyterian Orphanage, and Pres-byterian Hospital, and \$2500 to the Board of Missions for Freedmen of the Presby-terian Church. The remainder of the es-tate is bequeathed to a sister and other

relatives.
Other wills probated were those of Mary C. Early, of 2548 North 15th street, which, in private bequests, disposes of an estate valued at \$58,000; Lottie B. Allen. estate valued at \$58,000; Lottie B. Allen. 4914 Penn street, which disposes of effects valued at \$17,700; Hannah J. Ray, of 1622 Brown street, \$12,453; Ellen Simington, 1324 McKean street, \$8100; Joseph W. Whalen, of 2031 Crease street, \$5937; Elias Wolf, of 208 Callowhill street, \$4500; Rafael Estrada, of Havana, Cuba, \$4000; Wilhelm Winkler, of 235 West Rittenhouse street, \$3000; Louisa Ingram, of 1227 Norris street, \$2300, and William Keane, of 2673 Belgrade street, \$2300.

The personality of the estate of Henderson Symnamon has been appraised at \$84,160,93; Elizabeth T. Merrill, \$18,554,25, and Annie R. B. Callendar, \$9580,84.

## EVENING LEDGER DELIVERY

New Auto Trucks Will Carry Increasing Circulation of Paper at Greater Speed

The new autotruck delivery service of the Evening Ledges began today. With he slogan, "Increased circulation demands increased equipment" bingoned forth on each truck, the automobiles were seen today carrying the newspaper to the near and remote sections of the city and sub-

Eleven new trucks of the most improved patterns comprise the new delivery system in addition to 20 wagons. The addition of the motor equipment was made necessary when the circulation of the Evening Ledgen began to assume large proportions. The new cars make possible the distribution of the newspaper at the earliest possible moment after the copies

cave the pressroom. A parade of the new delivery equipment attracted attention in the business section yesterday afternoon. Seven new autocars were in line, as well as two new Vim trucks and two Fords. The process tion, which also included the 20 delivery wagons, formed at Broad and Spring Garien streets. It moved thence to Broad and Chestnut, down Chestnut to 6th and to Walnut street, where photographs

Mission Society Elects Officers

were taken.

Philadelphia women figured prominently the session of the Atlantic District of in the session of the Atlantic District of the Woman's American Baptist Foreign Mission Society, held at the Calvary Bap-tist Church, Washington, D. C., yesterday, Mrs. Howard Wayne Smith was elected president. Mrs. De Witt Ballard was re-elected treasurer, and Mrs. W. E. Morris, recording secretary. During the mession Mrs. Ballard announced that between \$40, 000 and \$50,000 had been donated for for sign missions by Pennsylvania, Maryland. Delaware and the District of Columbia branches during the last year.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION

DEATHS 1916, at Virginia Beack

HELP WANTED-FEMALE

HOUSEWORK—Girl, white, for general house work; 6 in family, 1350 E. Washington lane, Germantown 49-92 W.

HELP WANTED-MALE CLERK Estimator wanted by ng and specialty mfg, house: class accountant and experier ing costs on heavy leathers. Augments P. O. Box 3078; F

Other Classified Ads on Pages 15 and 17