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PHILADELPHIA, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1916

Children are the anchors that hold a mother to life .- Sophocles.

Nothing to do but work until May 30!

The weather man gave Washington's Birthday a warm welcome.

If peace is to be found that way, Mr. Ford's want "ads" will produce it.

There is no doubt where Chief Justice Brown stands on the question of preparedness.

If Hiram Johnson is, as he says, "a Progressive still," then he is not a real Progres-

Ambassador Morgenthau, back from Constantinople, understands that the first duty of a diplomatist is to know what not to say. "It is said that Germany is doing much for

Belgium and working the Belgian coal fields to their capacity." But Berlin fails to report to whose advantage. It may be stated with authority that Am-

bassador Gerard's collarbone was not broken

while he was wrestling with the meaning of Secretary Lansing's notes. Bandit Robs Pullman Passengers .- Head-

Just as Old Ed Howe had persuaded us that the only ones left were porters.

Being familiar with the recent advances in the cost of white paper, we are inclined to doubt the statement of a New York paper that "Mexican currency is now worth about the paper it is printed on."

Retail shoe dealers of Pennsylvania are holding their annual convention. Have they any influence with the erratic power which has been making feminine footwear these last two vears?

Men have piled up money and died paupers in satisfaction. It does a man no good to gain the whole world if he lose his soul. His self-respect, his knowledge that he has done the most that could be done with the talents God gave him, is the measure of his success in life.

The man shot through the East River near New York city a few days ago was a hero through no force of his own. William J. Gannon, who was working in a conduit at Torresdale, was upset, lost his air valve, walked 140 feet on his hands in the terrible pressure of the conduit and came out alive because he would not die and leave his family without support, is a hero of another sort. The East River man qualified for the moving pictures, Mr. Gannon is a hero of drama-and of life.

The romance of being among those missing here in Philadelphia is somewhat staggered by Police Sergeant Joseph C. Shay in the missing bureau of the police department, Sergeant Shay has discovered what Brand Whitlock discovered some years ago, that most of the kidnapping and white slave stories "are bunk." The further discovery, that many young people leave home because of dissensions between their parents, points to a condition which has long been suffered, but for which not even the most ardent reformer and legislator can evolve a remedy.

The French official report of fighting in the Artois region is a model of truthfulness in the face of defeat. It confesses the superior attacking power of the German offensive, admits that the second line was penetrated after the first had been battered by bombardment, and follows this with a similar report on the operations about Verdun. In these days when a gain of one trench is heralded as a victory these admissions are particularly frank and commendable. But they cannot mean very much in the total scheme of trench warfare or they would not be so fully re-

Tomorrow Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst speaks at the Garrick Theatre on and for the relief of fierbla. With her will be a former representative of Serbia at the Court of St. James, M. Cheddo Miyatovich, and the meeting is to be held under patronage doubly distinguished, socially and charitably. There will be a certain curiosity attached to Mrs. Pankhurst's appearance here for an object of pity rather than for the strenuous causes with which she was once associated. But it is to be hoped that those who go, and they should be enough to fill the auditorium, will go prepared to hear a story of misery and misfortune by which their hearts and their hands will be equally moved to give. Nothing spectacular, nothing unusually tarrible has happened in Serbia recently. But the drab and monstrous daily forture of the country still persists. It may he inevitable, but if it is, our succor and asstetunce are equally so.

The army reorganization bill, agreed upon by the House Committee on Military Affairs, most stand or fall on the merits of the section providing for federalizing the organized mill is It calls for a standing army of 147,000 and an increase of the trained militia to 21 900. The President is to have power to eraft members of the National Guard into Fedcal peydon in war time. The section must be the framed in order to leave no doubt of a mention that authority, -620 even If a fall a greate.

grant of power can be conferred to take over the State troops as individuals or in a body without the necessity of a new callstment, there will still remain the objection that the National Government has inadequate control over the development and training of the State troops in time of peace. What the nation wants is a national force under national control. It does not care how we get it so long as it is created. It is up to the defenders of the plan devised by Mr. Hay's committee to show that they have provided for a national army of adequate size.

DANGER!

The menace of feeble-mindedness can be averted by the proper care and segregation of mental defectives, especially of feeble-minded women of child-bearing age. The Public Charities Association exhibit is an object lesson in the result of neglect.

EVERY one except a few fanatics agrees that persons suffering from smallpox and diphtheria and other contagious diseases should be quarantined. But only a few, and they have been described as fanatics, believe that the feeble-minded should be segregated for the protection of the community.

The menace of feeble-mindedness, however, is much greater than that of communicable and curable diseases. Feeble-mindedness is hereditary and it is not curable. The feebleminded adult has the intellect of a child and the morals of an ape. He or she contaminates the morals of the normal youth, falls into crimes against property as well as against the person, enlarges the population of the prison and the insane asylum and is also a source of constant expense to the State.

There is in this city a feeble-minded woman who is the mother of nine children, most if not all of whom are feeble-minded. She and her family have to be cared for by various charitable societies. The societies have been spending an average of \$2000 a year on this family for several years, and will have to continue to spend it so long as the mother and her children remain at large. As the children grow up they will reproduce after their kind-one of the daughters has already begun it-and the expense will be multiplied as the degenerate family grows.

This woman has already become a centre of social contamination, and unless the State isolates her and her defective offspring her case is likely to displace that of the Kallikak woman of New Jersey as a horrible example of what neglect of its obvious duty can bring upon a community. The Kallikak woman, as sociologists know, was feeble-minded. She had a child by a Revolutionary soldier. Today there are 135 descendants of this child in New Jersey. They are nearly, if not quite, all criminals, mental defectives and perverts.

There is a county in northeastern Pennsylvania where the feeble-minded are especially numerous. In one district of 308 inhabitants 82 are mentally defective, and in another, containing 52 persons, 30 are feebleminded to a greater or less degree. In the last 25 years the taxpayers of the county have had to meet a charge of \$265,000 for the punishment of crime and the relief of poverty growing chiefly out of the fact that these feeble-minded persons were allowed at large.

The whole State contains 18,000 persons of subnormal mental development, and only 3600 of them are cared for in public or private institutions. In a spasm of social responsibility the General Assembly appropriated \$50,000 for the establishment of a village for feebleminded women between 16 and 45 years of age. The Governor reduced the appropriation to \$40,000. This was in 1913. A site has been bought in Laurelton, Union County, and one or two buildings have been erected. The last Legislature declined to make any appropriation for completing the buildings or for using what had already been built. If it had understood the importance of such an institution it would have put at the disposal of the board of managers enough money to equip the village for the accommodation of all about whose moral and mental incompetence there could be no doubt. The opening of the homes in the proposed village would effect immediate economies in the care of the dependents in the counties. There is probably not a county almshouse in the State which does not harbor one or more feeble-minded women over whom no effective restraint is put. These women are bringing forth children to inherit their defects and to become a burden upon society. So long as these conditions prevail the criminal population will be increased every year by the offspring of defectives.

The Laurelton village is planned for the purpose of segregating the women of childbearing age in the confident hope that by preventing reproduction the number of defectives can be gradually reduced.

Whoever doubts the importance of the ques tion should visit the exhibit which the Public Charities Association of Pennsylvania has arranged in the Widener Building. None can study the data there offered to public view without becoming convinced that there should be a thorough reorganization of the present system of caring for mental defectives. It is not enough to build the Laurelton village for the women. The sorting out of the hopelessly defective should begin in the public schools, and those who cannot be safely allowed to remain at large should be put in institutions. The feeble-minded in the insane asylumsthere are 600 of them so confined because of lack of a better place-should be put where they can receive proper training and treatment; and the criminals in the prisons who are there because of mental defects should be put where they can be supervised as imperfect human beings instead of punished as crimi-

There are a thousand other reasons for this great reform, but the fact that it will pay in dollars and cents ought to convert to it those who can see no force in any other reason.

NICHOLAS PAYS A VISIT

PEOPLE which has suffered long tends A to develop strange fancles and unreasonable illusions. It is extraordinarily affected by symbols, and if it cannot cope with reality, it can weave wonderful dreams. So it is with Russia. This morning report comes that the Czar has gone into the presence of the Duma for the first time since the formation of that body. The event, which seems to Americans nothing more significant than, say, President Wilson's reading of his annual messages, touches the heart of all Russia. A new future foreseen. The Czar and his advisers were not unconscious of this trait of their people when the spectacular visit was made. It may do more than a hundred concessions to render Russia subservient and complacent again. There is, of course, the possibility that the visionaries are right, and if they are this country is first to hope and pray with them. The monstrous absurdity of a tyransical empire fighting side by side with the forces of unshackled democracy, he is republican, par-Hamestary or monarchical in form, has made gyan sympathisers with the Allies wender whether all was well on the side of the

Tom Daly's Column

DERHAPS spring comes earlier in the I nation's capital," writes Jason, from Washington; "at any rate this morning I noticed this sign:

HEAVY-WEIGHT UNDERWEAR REDUCED That suggests to us the serious question; What is the first sign of spring in Philadelphin?

There was one very early sign that we ourself often noticed, but that was many, many years ago. We're afraid we can't sing of it now as we might have sung once. The modern newspaper office is different-and there have been other changes,

Twould be a night in February's heel Or in the toe of March. Gray, sodden clouds, in solid phalanx, wheel

Across the moonless arch, And vagrant wisps of wind Blow crazily and find Some dust-dimmed window open to the air;

Not in this room where men Record with feverish pen Earth's daily tale of folly and of care,

But in those depths afar Where inky presses are, Whose titan labors shake their humid lair. Hark! now those toils begin, And with the muffled din

reck of warm, fresh ink ascends the stair. Those waves had stormed our door On many a night before

But lacked the subtle charm which now they bear:

For this night, in their van A cool, sweet zephyr ran-First, vagrant wisps of spring's diviner air, An elfish, indiscreet

Intruder from the street, Caught loitering upon the pressroom stair!

At any rate, that's the way the spring was wont to come to us first in the old local room years ago. Before that, we remember, we never could be persuaded that the spring had arrived until we had had the joy of smelling the horsehide cover of a new baseball. But what now is the first sign of spring in Philadelphia?

BALLADE O' THE SKIMPY SKOITS Down in Noo Yo'k city today Saw a lady with costume queer :-Muff as big as a bale o' hay,

Furs would encircle a barrel of beer; Ah, but her skirts came up to here, (Meaning, of course, this knee of mine), Neck and the wishbone must appear-Where are the costumes of auld lang syne!

Once the ladies were swathed away;

All encircling the wonderful gear, Bulk was the notion then; but say! What is the basic thought this year? Modesty? Coyness? Never fear! Gone are the glories of crinoline! Raiment down to one thin skirt, sheer, Where are the costumes of auld lang synet Once milady was styled a fay,

Goddess and nymph and dryad dear; Bundled and quilted, she held at bay Every suitor that dared come near; Landing a man was then her sphere: Now a satirist might opine She's inviting both stare and sneer-Where are the costumes of auld lang syne?

Ladies (pardon the bring tear), List, oh, list to this lay of mine! Worship's better than gibe and jeer-Where are the costumes of auld lang syne? M. C. DONOVAN.

Will Gertrude M. O'Reilly Please Answer Sir—Is it true that a chain of sausage is no stronger than its weakest link? T. F. D.

Snuggling

O! yes, 'twas true, no love was lost between them; There couldn't be, as you would quite agree

If it had been your pleasure to have seen them-They sat so close together, he and she,

KILLED IN FALL AND MAY NOT RECOVER -Headline N. Y. Sun.

Referred

Not so very long ago we were invited to a very swell dinner, one Saturday night and to spend the following Sunday at a very swell Long Island Cent's. Being one of the common people, we had a date at the baseball park that after non, so we checked our full suit of evening clothes and our Sabbath garb ahead of us.
Followed this letter to Mr. Rip P-t-rs, the
genial prexy of the L. I. R. R. Something

thuswise and thinking to tell the L. I. R. R. sarcastically what we thought of 'em.
"What would you do if you, even as happened

to us, arrived hot, bedraggled and dirty, but mally, and found your grip inside the station the station locked and the key on its way to Brooklyn with the Station Master—not to return till the next day-what would you do if this happened to you on what you supposed was a real railroad and dinner was at eight and you couldn't even buy a collar in the town? And the answer came:

"Blessed if I know—it's out of my line—Why don't you ask the Ladies' Home Journal?" H. H. H.

The Choice of Evils When English nobles visit us

To see our girls, we'd choose To have them drop their "H's" here Instead of I. O. U.'a.

Speak Up, Lads!

Speak Up, Lads:

Sir—I am somewhat of a stranger in your city and, coming across your column. I want to ask you those questions: Is there anything wrong with the elbows of yours ladies in Philadelphia? I notice many young men hanging on to them and I am curtons to know why. Also, I see many young men with their arms on the backs of car seats where young ladies are sitting. Are the seats too small or are the young men's arms tired?

Stranger.

Proof Positive That man is made of dust quite true appears. Wives know-or should-

If they to gain their ends resort to tears, His name is mud. CNE O' THOSE BIG N. Y. OFF. B'D'G'S

According to the postal authorities, Crones me the second letter in a street in one of the down office buildings.—Local morning paper. "Have you 'Lost-24 Hours'?" asked the old lady of the new cierk in our book store.

"No, lady," he replied, "I ain't had time. I

Liber.

Chatter and Gush

only came here today."

The woman who fancies pink teas Will chatter and gush, goodness knows; But when a new baby she sees She simply goes daft on pink toes

Two Heads Better Than One. The juxtaposition of the captions upon two articles in International Music and Drama

Russian ballet makes music for the prisoners . New York debut. Blackwell's Island. A greet success, h





UNCLE SAM TO BUY A GIBRALTAR?

Denmark May Again Propose Sale of West India Islands Coveted by Germany-History and Romance of the "Buccaneers' Retreat"

OF VERY great interest from the military, the commercial, the historical and the purely romantic points of view is the report that comes from Copenhagen of a renewal of the proposition to sell the Danish West Indies to the United States. Germany has long coveted these islands, and, indeed, the Hamburg-American Line virtually took possession of St. Thomas some years ago. Denmark has been losing money on them year after year, and the desire to shift the burden of these overseas possessions to the shoulders of the United States is not new. But what the islands need is a market. From the United States as a profitable market they are virtual-

In 1901 the Danish Government, awakening to the steady drain of the insular budget, offered the islands of St. Thomas, St. John and Santa Cruz to the United States at a moderate price. A treaty of cession and purchase was drawn up and signed by the plenipotentiarles. Proceedings in this direction were brought to an end in 1903, when the Upper House of the Danish Parliament rejected the treaty. The defeat was due to the influence of the pro-German members of the Danish royal family, with Prince Waldemar at their head, and the campaign was directed from Potsdam or from Berlin, according to Stephen Bonsal, or wherever the German Emperor happened to be. Prince Waldemar and his friends celebrated the victory with a banquet.

What Would Germany Say?

"Our future is upon the sea," said Empero William once upon a time. Before this war it was preached in Berlin and Hamburg that once the German flag was raised over St. Thomas and Santa Cruz, Danish Islands, and over the Curação and Margarita, the strategic and defensive position of the German Empire would be as strong as that of the United States and stronger than that of England. Two or three times in the tast decade or two German naval movements in the neighborhood of these islands have given concern to the American Government. For various reasons, Denmark has been unwilling to deal with Germany, and the Monroe doctrine survives. There is some interesting unwritten history concerning the warnings which T. Roosevelt gave to Germany when he was President of the United States. But German financlers have sent out capital to the Danish West Indies, and though their agricultural enterprises have ended in failure, they control large coal deposits and other commercial resources on St. Thomas. German residents have made themselves very much at home there and have proved on occasion very exasperating to the Danish officials.

For warlike purposes, with reference to the Panama Canal, the harbors of these islands would probably be the most desirable in the West Indies. Since a time before the era of the canal, our naval strategists have been in favor of the acquisition of the islands. St. Thomas has often been described as the Gibraltar of America. Experts have said that the island is virtually impregnable. The enclosing ridges and projecting peninsulas have been declared to be fortifications in themselves. The port town, Charlotte Amalie, has the best of harbors, deep and landlocked on three sides.

The golden age of the Danish West Indies was the golden age of cane sugar in the eighteenth century. Today Santa Cruz is the only one of the group that can be said to have any commerce. The principal articles of export are sugar and rum. It is sometimes called "The Island of Rum and Sugar." This is the most American spot, by the way, in all of the West Indies. The planters and farm managers are mostly Americanized Irish, and there are many ex-skippers of Yankee origin who have cast anchor there after the seafaring days. The population of the islands is steadily falling. The present population, all told, is about \$9,000. A hundred years ago it was near 45,000. The laborers are chiefly negroes, for whom emancipation came in 1848. The islands are ruled from Copenhagen through the resident Governor.

The history of these islands is part of the great romance of the American Mediterranean. Columbus discovered St. Thomas in 1493. It came into the possession of the Danish crown as early as 1666, but afterward was held for two short periods by the British It was a favorite resort for the old buccaneers and of those bold outlaws of the sea wh are known by the semewhat plainer name of pirates, Morgan, Captain Kidd, "Blackbeard," "Bluebeard"-these adventurous if not admirable sea-dogs were frequent visitors at St. Thomas. Among the principal "wighter of the much are "Hischbeardy" Coatle a

"Bluebeard's" old towers of the seventeenth century, built where the ocean view was Where it is good, one traveler adds. From these points of vantage the pirate captains took their bearings and watched for foe and prey. Haunt of Bluebeard and Blackbeard

"Blackbeard," it seems, was as picturesque

a ruffian as ever graced a deck. Edward Teach his name was. His early hero was Sir Francis Drake, a pirate, too, Piracy was then quite the fashion, and praised and promoted by the best kings and queens. Good Queen Bess was their patron, if they happened to be Englishmen. Teach had scruples for a while about attacking English vessels, but when he finally overcame them and took to hauling down the English flag and hoisting the Jolly Roger in its place, why then he blossomed out into a thoroughgoing, piratical pirate. There's a fine lesson taught by his life. There ought to be. His name was Teach. Teach knew the value of appearance. That was worth a good deal. He grew a tremendous beard, which upon occasion he braided and tied with a ribbon. Sometimes he placed sticks of pitch pine over his ears and lighted the ends. His crew thought him Satan incarnate. Charleston and Philadelphia knew him well and had a similar opinion of

"Bluebeard" and "Blackbeard" are gone, but in recent years St. Thomas has been the fitting-out place of more than one filibustering expedition, such as enliven the political life of the West Indies even to this day. Mostly there is peace. Moss-grown fortresses and dismantled battlements testify of the time when cannon protected certain passages and channels of the sea through which it was necessary for traders to pass in the era before steam. But these ruins are appropriate to the general situation as it exists in the Danish West Indies. A heavy expense to Denmark are St. Thomas and the other islands; but the burden is growing and not decreasing. If Denmark is ready to sell, will Uncle Sam buy? The question was asked in 1867, when the United States Senatebalked; and again in 1901, when the Danish Landsthing voted no. And now?

SHILLINGS AND SECONDS

To the Editor of Evening Ledger: Sir-On February 21 the British Parliament was asked to approve of an additional war credit of £420,000,000. This increases the credit of £420,000,000. This increases the British war expenditures to £1,782,000,000. It is almost impossible to realize how great a sum this is. In shillings it amounts to 35.640 000 000. From the birth of Christ to February 21, 1916, there were 34,875,388,709 seconds, so that now the British war debt is more than a shilling for each second of time in the Christian era is more than \$1.11 for each second of time in our era, while even this takes no account of the destruction wrought by the war. FREDERICK S. DICKSON.

New York, February 22.

THE MAIN IDEA

The main idea, it seems, in international law is not to prove that you are right, but to show that the other fellow is dead wrong.-Wash-THE WAR IN AMERICA

We know a great deal less about Copper-headism than The World does.—The Tribune. Why limit it to Copperheadism?-New York World. NATIONAL POINT OF VIEW

That is but a single phase in the coming changed commercial relations of new and great com-plexities. These new relations will thrust to the forefront the historic issue between protection and free trade.—Spokane Spokes Americans are learning more and more about Europe. They know that much that has passed for culture in Europe is egotism and vencer. They also have learned the map of Europe, and

as regards the war news the people of America come nearer getting the truth than do the people of Europa.—Des Moines Capital. The Chamber of Commerce should be able to promote at least a score of small industries within the next 12 months. The chamber's new president, Morris W. Bush, has outlined many projects, but few of them are of more vital concern than the building up of small manufactories. Birminghes of more vital concern than the building up of small manufactories.—Birmingham Age-Herald

The Carribbean region will be dominated by the United States because it is essential to our security. We built the causal because we needed it in a special sense not sincred by the world, and having built it we know it for our frontier and must make certain that it does not fall into the hands of a rival.—Chicago Tribune.

THE FRIAR'S SONG Though I be now a gray, gray friar, Yet I was once a hale young knight; The cry of my dogs was the only choir In which my spirit did take delight.

Little I recked of matin bell,
And drowned its toll with my clanging horns
The only beads I loved to tell
Were the beads of daw on the spangled thora.

An archer keen I was withal,
As ever did isan on greenwood tree;
And could make the flestest roebuck fa
A good three hundred yards from me.

Though changeful time, with hand severe, if as made me now these fore forego. Yet my heart bounds whenever I home Yoleksi hark weart and later hat Though Lore Peacons

What Do You Know?

Queries of general interest will be answered in this column. Ten questions, the answers to which every well-informed person should know, are asked daily.

QUIZ

1. Opposite what part of the United States coast are the Bermuda Islands?

2. About how old was Washington when he case manded the Continental armies?

3. What is meant by the "Last Continent of At-4. Where is the Tehuantepec route and for what purpose was it opened?

5. How can an ordinary observer tell a planet from

a star? 6. About what is the rise and fall of the tife at Chestnut street wharf?

7. Great Britain has already provided about to billions for the war. How much actual estad money is there in the world, approximately? What stories made Bagdad famous? Who is in command of the Italian armies in the

10. About how does Rumania compare in size with

Answers to Yesterday's Quiz

 On the northern shore of Armenia, on the Blast Sea, about 90 miles north of Erzerum. 2. John D. Rockefeller, Sr.

S. Former principal of the Fitler School, Gernsstown, recently transferred and later gives a year's leave of absence.

Lincoln, Neb. William J. Bryan.

5. Ten billion dollars, including the proposed crafts now before Parliament. 6. In the Balkans, with the Black Sea on its cart and surrounded by Bulgaria, Serbia, Ambile Hungary and Russia.

7. Aristide Briand.

8. Three.

9. Philadelphia, New York, Washington. Publisher of the Albany (N. Y.) Journal and some of the Republican leaders in his State.

Vocabularies

Editor of "What Do You Know"-You stated the other day that high school children have as average vocabulary of more thai 2000 words I have always understood that some of our gratest writers did not use more than 4000 words. I believe you were in error. J. S. T.

I believe you were in error. Our figures were based on an investigation made by a pedagogue. We are inclined to believe

that his estimate was excessive. Authors' Earnings

Editor of "What Do You Know"-I recolled that the editor of the Saturday Evening Post a year or so ago made an address in which he stated that a successful writer would earn about \$12,000 a year. Is that a fair estimate? INQUISITIVE

It is. Sometimes a writer will make a best hit with a book or sell the rights of a story is the motion pictures at a large profit, but \$12,00 seems to be about right.

Live Dogs and Dead Lions Editor of "What Do You Know"-In answer

to the inquiry of "Preparedness" I would say that "a living dog is better than a dead lies" is found in the Old Testament, Ecclesiastes, a chapter, fourth verse.
FLORENCE N. MULHOLLAND The query has also been answered by Ernel

G. Morgan and "Pine Street." Comfort of Being Thought Mad Editor of "What Do You Know"-"R. H. R. asks for the origin of the phrase, "Being as

rounded by the general comfort of being thought mad." That quotation as it stands is not familie to me, but in Dryden's "Spanish Friar," at a scene 1, may be found: "There is a pleasure and

in being mad, which none but madmen know. The Cradle of Liberty Editor of "What Do You Knoto"—Where di Washington say that the cradle of liberty was New England or Philadelphia? CINCINNATI Neither. An Englishman once thanked was ington for the pleasant things he said about the libertles of the British. Washington resident "Yes, yes, Mr. Bernard, but I consider your con-try the cradle of free principles, not their arm chair."

The Bravest Battle Editor of "What Do You Know"-I should like The bravest battle that ever was fought.

Twas fought by the mothers of men.

DAUGHTES

Will some reader answer this question

Lincoln's Favorite Poem Editor of "What Do You Know"-I hard a speaker refer to Lincoln's favorite posm. Carrott tell me what it was? GRAND ARM. "O, Why Should the Spirit of Merial roud?" by William Knox, is commonly seed to have been Lincoln's favorite pears too long to be quoted here, but we give the

O. why should the spirit of mortal be prosel. Like a swift-fleeing metour, a fast-flying cloud. A flush of the lightning, a break of the wave. Man passes from life to his rest in the grave. first two slangas:

The leaves of the cak and the willow shall have Be scattered around and together be laid.

And the young and the old and the low and the high Shall moulder to dust and together shall lie

Editor of "What Do You Recked Is it that a man cannot become President when was born in the United States? InhitORANT

It is. English Sea Control Editor of "What Do You Know - fire has England heen mixtures of the sens

Stude Blake, to the time of Cook