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### **"FOLKS BACK HOME"** ATTACK AND PRAISE PLEAS OF PRESIDENT

is There No Way to Gag High Officials?" a Constituent Asks a Con-

#### gressman

#### **IO REASON FOR DEFENSE**

#### We Poles Place Poland's Downfall Upon Unpreparedness," Says Another Letter Writer

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3 .-- Congressmen lay began to feel the effects of President ilson's preparedness tour. Capital mails re crowded with letters discussing the resident's addresses. Excerpts from letters received by vari-

in Congressmen since the President be in his tour follow:

To Representative William E. Williams, llinois, Democrat:

The speech of President Wilson is not far from correct, but I hope the President will not allow either the ingoes or ammunition manufacturers to stampede him

The President's tour is doing much

"RECALL THE PRESIDENT." To Representative Fess, Ohio, Repub-

Is there no way to gag high officials, to stop them racing over the country and exposing the nation's weakness, haranguing the populace? Recall the President and get down to business. To Representative Flood, Virginia, Dem ocrat

I regard an army and navy increase imperative: this is my conviction with-out the ominous words of the Presi-dent's late speeches. To Representative Britten. Illinois.

Republicant

I like the President's language, but he doesn't give enough definite facts; the President says many things, but his actions don't fibe with his words. To Representative Cary, Wisconsin Republican: We Poles place Poland's downfail

largely upon unpreparedness. If testimony of experts like General Wood is not heeded in the present crisis why maintain West Point and Annapolis?

To Representative Chiperfield, Illinois, Republ

The President speaks boldly but acts cautiously

EXCITEMENT SHOULD SUBSIDE. To Representative Emerson, Ohio, Republican:

Reception given President's address here last week leaves no doubt as to the patriotism of Clevelanders and their patriotic demand for immediate action

No good reason has been given or justification shown for such extensive military preparation as is now being

I write you to register my opposition against such a vast expenditure of money. I think this excitement should

It is beyond my comprehension why any one would oppose such very modest plans for the defense of our coun unless it is that they think it is worth defending. It would be wicked to delay.

#### BALDWIN GETS WAR ORDER

#### Will Make 84 Locomotives for French Service in France

An order for 84 small locomotives for the French Army was received stodey by the war, the Baldwin Locomotive Works. They will be of the double stack design and will run backward and forward on a sinwith the Baldwin concern by the Frenche Government. Samuel M. Vauclain, vice president of

#### HOUSE ACTING AS PEACE The War at a Glance AGENT, BRITISH REPORT

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nected with problems affecting ahe Ameri-can embassies. The impression was also allowed to gain ground that Colonel House's trip to Berlin had to do with the submarine controversy, in particular the Lusitania and Arabic cases.

SAW PAGE FIRST.

Coionel House came first to London, where he conferred with W. H. Page, the United States ambassador; Sir Ed-ward Grey, the British Foreign Minister; David Lloyd-George, Minister of Muni-llons and the "strong man" of the cab-inet; A. J. Balfour, the First Lord of the admiratic and Barry Deadlars the Lord admirally, and Baron Reading, the Lord of the admirally, and Baron Reading, the Lord Chief Justice. It is also currently be-lieved that he conferred with Fremier Acquith, although such a conference was never held openly.

never held openly. Colonel House then went to Berlin by way of Paris and Geneva. In Berlin the American envoy is said to have held a secret meeting with the Kalser, but there has never been any official confirmation of this. At the German capital, Colonel House visited the general offices, where he met General von Jagow, the Foreign Minister: Herr Alfred Zimmerman, Under Secretary of the Foreign Office: Dr. von Bethinann-Hollweg, the Imperial Chancellor, and Dr. W. S. Solf, Secretary of State for the Colonies. He also held an important meeting with J. W. Gerard, the United States Ambassador. Colonel House is now in Paris, where he

Colonel House is now in Paris, where he has already held important conferences

with Premier Briand and Jules Cambon. Minister of State for Foreign Affairs, ALSO MEETS PENFIELD.

In Geneva Colonel House held a confer-Ambassador to Austria-Hungary, While the American envoy did not meet

iny representatives of the Russian or Italian Governments, such omissions is not held to be important,

Colonel House will return to London on Monday, when he will probably confer again with members of the Government.

again with members of the Government. He will sail for home on the lith. It is believed in London that Colonel House's mission will end in failure. The Allies are bound to stand together, and have pledged themselves not to consider peace until an absolute victory is in sight. light

#### PEACE MISSION OF HOUSE DIPLOMATICALLY DENIED

#### U. S. Officials Refused to Discuss Report From London

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3-In the absence

of President Wilson, who alone knows the exact instructions carried by Colonel E. M. House in his European investiga-tions, officials were reticent today about discussing the report from London that House went abroad at the solicitation of Germany. For obvious reasons the usual "diplomatic denials" were forthcoming

from the State Department. Inasmuch as the success of any plan President Wilson has looking toward a speedy ending of the war depends upon the negotiations being shreaded in ob-solute secrecy this was expected. Secre-tary Lansing refused to discuss the London story at length and insisted that so far as he was concerned it was not true. He declined to comment in any way on Colonel House's movements in Europe, taking the position that he had nothing to add to the explanations made by the department when the original announcement was made that the President way

nding a special envoy abroad. At the German Embassy Count von Bernstorff displayed deep interest in the Bernstorff displayed deep interest in the report, especially in that portion of it in which he was an actor. Diplomatic re-strictions made it impossible for him to discuss the question for publication, al-though he had no hesitancy in saying that the President's special envoy had been given every opportunity while in Berlin to learn the real views of the responsible Comment Conventing and the design of the second German Governmental heads on peac terms that would be acceptable to the empire or any other question involved in the war. The Ambassador had no knowledge whether Colonel House was able while in Berlin to confer with the Kalser,

#### HEAVY SNOW BLANKET COVERS CITY STREETS

#### 9 LITTLE "REBELS" LONDON-Reported from high

source that Colonel House, special diplomatic agent of President Wilson, whose mission is believed one of peace, came to Europe at ex-press invitation of Germany. Brit-ish steamship Belle of France sunk in Mediterranean by subma-rine. Dutch steamship torpedoed by German submarine. BERLIN - Enemy artillery

showing great activity on western front. Germans, however, occupied two craters made by explosions of English mines.

ATHENS - Thirteen persons killed and 17 wounded by bombs dropped by Zeppelin airship on Salonica. Many houses destroyed.

VIENNA-Austrians advancing into Albania crossed Mati River 30 miles south of Scutari.

mpanled a drop in temperature from a maximum of 43 degrees at midnight to 26 at 5 a.m. A rise of two degrees was orted by noon, with the forecast clear storm warnings issued by the Weather reau today for the Atlantic coast from the Delaware Breakwater to Eastport, Me., were caused by the "blizzard" that left here, moving northwestward and in-creasing in intensity off Cape Cod, where

a storm is raging. Ten Inches of snow fell in Boston, tying up train and trolley schedules. Seven inches of snow were chronicled in New York and one death, that of Pinkus Gufork and one death, that of Finkes (de-dolph, a poultry dealer, who diced from exposure, was reported. Trains were from 30 minutes to three hours late and street traffic was crippled. Six hundred extra men were put to work with shovels New York streets and the municipal

odging house is crowded. One of the worst anowstorms that ever wept the Pacific northwest has rail and wire communications almost completely paralyzed throughout Washington and

Oregon. The dome of St. James' Cathedral at The dome of St. James' Cathedral at Seattle collapsed under the weight of snow, causing \$75,000 loss. Portland, Ore, was partly cut off from the outside world awing to sleet. Thou-sands of trees around Portland were broken by the ice which formed upon

#### DU PONTS ASK U.S. TO PROBE AIRSHIP

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because of the darkness he could distinguish nothing more definite than that it was an aeroplane. The aerial visitor hovered over the plant and lazily drifted toward the cast, where it disappeared a about 15 minutes.

Captain Parsons at once reported to Major Clark, head of the du Pont guard at Carney's Point, his superior officer. The latter notified Major Sylvestor, chief of the entire du Pont police and secret service system, formerly chief of police of Washington, D. C., who in turn con-ferred with the Wilmington police.

At the time the alreship was seen the large italian vessel Bologna was being loaded with powder at the new pier at Deepwater Point and other powder ships were lying in the Delaware River. The Bologna has since sailed with its cargo

explosives. Du Pont officials learned that the deription of the acroplane corresponded ith those of the aircraft seen two weeks igo by persons at 6th and Broome streets. this city; at Coatzsville, Pa., where the Lukens Steel and Iron Works are situ-Lukens Steel and from works are situ-ated, two weeks ago; and over the Hagley plant of the du Pont Company, near Wil-mington, about a month ago. The aero-plane was always seen at night, according o reports.

#### Society Takes Title to Property

The Society of St. Vincent de Paul has aken title to the three-story brick dwellng and two-story warehouse at 1608-10 North 21st street, from Watson W. Walton, subject to a \$5000 mortgage, properties are assessed at \$5000.

SEE DOCTOR GARBER

Continued from Page One spokesman for the boys, announced that they would wait around. He then posted sentinels glong the hallways to see that the superintendent could not accidentally slide through any secret doors. When Mr. Garber arrived he brought the delegation in his office, summoned his secretary and barred the doors to

the newspaper men. UNAWED BY FOWER.

He also summoned Dr. Theodore L. MacDowell, one of his assistants. But the presence of the two officials and the stern executive atmosphere did not ap-pear to overawe the strikers in the least.

The conference lasted fully an hour. At its conclusion the leader, Kern, told frely what had taken place. Here it is

At his bond had taken place. Here it is in his own words: "We told them that Mr. Sowden was the only one who could keep order and that he held the job for 18 years and made good. We told them that we only wanted the thing settled by common sense. Doctor Garber used an awful lot of big words and said things about law and averages. We don't know much about law or averages, do we?" This was addressed to the other assembled delegates. "No," they replied. Contin-uing the boy said:

"Then the other man who came in the office told us that we could be prosecuted for remaining out of school, and then there was more talk about law. Mr.

there was more talk about law. Mr. Garber is a nice man, but he is not go-ing to do anything for us." In addition to Kern the delegation in-cluded Ruth Phillips, Andrew McGarri-zle, Dorothy Wartman, Isabel Channel, Martin Thorborg, Elizabeth Muench, Henry Nathan and George Briggs. The boys took the girls to lunch after the boys took the girls to lunch after the conference and then the delegates went o the Municipal Court to plek up son points on the law.

MR SOWDEN'S STATEMENT The statement issued by Mr. Sowden

"We were a happy, orderly and success "We were a happy, orderly and success-ful school up to the time the SuperIntend-ent's recommendation of a change be-came known. The district Superintend-ent regards us as one of the good schools of his district. When the walk-out came on Tuesday it was the former principal who prevailed upon the children to re-turn to their classrooms. In the parade yesterday they said: "Let's serenade Mr. Sowden at the Fairfax Apartments," and immediately came the reply from a half-

immediately came the reply from a half-dozen or more volces. 'No, don't go, for he'll tell us to go back to school.' "On the record of the special school for

truants it is a rare thing for the name of a Fitler pupil to appear. When Mr. Wil-liam H. Ball, former Chief of the Bureau of City Property, now Secretary to Gover nor Brumbaugh, was present at an Arbor day celebration last October, he compli-mented our thousand pupils on the order in which they stood in the yard and told of some other schools where he had been in the morning, where the pupils ran away with the meeting.

"Ask the higher schools about our pupils, and as to our being a happy school see our school song." Here Doctor Sowden showed the song,

nd went on. "Our schol has been so popular that we always hid a waiting list. Endeavors have been made by the superintendent to keep our numbers down by strict limita-Two years ago I decided to take all app applicants and try part time to avoid a waiting list. After these two years, because our girls had no cooking, the de-partment of domestic science decided to open a centre on February 1 in our building. The pupils of the cooking classes belonged to the Fitler School temporarily and later returned to their own schools. "Our school today is nearly the same

n enrollment as during the last two years, yet because of the cooking centre t technically goes from a school of Class to Class 2, and because of this technithe superintendent decided to

the adjoint of the second of the second of the second a change in principals. Souther point in favor of not making this change is that the former principal (meaning himself) has been for three years on the salary schedule of the prin-cipals of the second class, while the

## class. In two or three years hence the present principal will catch up with the former principal.

"The Superintendent, in a letter to one of our Germantown papers, summed up the whole matter in these words, 'As you can readily understand, the only question we can take into account is the question of merit in school work. At Filler we thought we had it. Merit in school work, not out of school work.

"In notifying me of his intention the city superintendent said: "The parents desire a change.' They are now earnestly endeavoring to convince the superinten-dent that he was misinformed.

dent that he was misinformed. "One of the points of charge is that the superintendent doesn't like the morning assembly held at the Fitler School." The Committee on Elementary Schools will announce its decision in the matter next Wednesday.

SIGNAL CODE BOOK **OF THE NAVY LOST** 

Secretary Daniels Orders Court-Martial of Two Officers at Mare Island

which the book was lost.

with the

without notice.

JOHN P. MacBEAN,

President





school liself has just been placed in that

EVENING LEDGER-PHILADELPHIA, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1916.

the company, refused to admit or deny that such an order had been received. Representatives of the French Government opened headquarters today on the second floor of the Baldwin office build-ing, at Broad and Spring Garden streets. On the door of the headquarters are the words "French Commission-Private." The commissioners were sent here to in-spect the locomotives and shells being made for their Government.

May Sell Thompson Estate's Mines Lead mines in Oklahoma on which the late William J. Thompson, of Gloucester, N. J., held an option, will be operated or else sold, according to a decision reached today at a meeting of the creditors of the setters. estate. The meeting was held in the office of S. Conrad Ott, in Camden, referce in bankruptcy.

Continued from Page One when the fall stopped gave way early be fore the onslaught of 3500 men working with 700 teams, put out before daylight.

Nearly 2000 men were added to the regu-lar force and put to work shoveling snow into the wagons and sweeping away what ever remained. Paths were broken into the heavier drifts by 18 horse-drawn plows and eight more driven by motors. By the time traffic grew to normal, the men, working under 120 inspectors, had got most of the snow out of the district from Vine to South streets, between the Delaware and the Schuylkill About a third of the force was put to work in West Phila-delphia, Germantown and outlying sec-tions, where intersections of the principal streets were cleared.

The change from sleet to snow ac-



**PHILADELPHIA** 

ECONOMIZE by Using the **Right Lamp** 

SING the wrong type of lamp is just as extravagant, proportionately, as buying two or three times the amount of coal you need and throwing out the surplus with the ashes.

If you will see to it that there are

## Mazda Lamps

in every Electric lighting socket in your home or place of business, you can be sure that you are getting the full worth of your money, not only in the greater amount of light for the current consumed, but in the greatly improved quality of illumination.

Remember that Mazda lamps give three times as much light for the same money as the old carbon or Gem lamps; and that Electric illumination by means of Mazda lamps is, all things considered, the most economical lighting method, whether for residence, store, office or factory.

If your house is not wired for Electricity you will be interested in our deferred pay nient wiring plan. Send for the detail.





# Too Big-or Are You Too Small?

Are You

Are you the owner of a big business in which advertising has never been a factor; one so big that you feel advertising need never play a part? Are you perfectly safe in this assurance?

If your goods are not trade-marked and known as your output, what is to prevent your distributor from manufacturing his own goods and selling to the consumer who has never heard of you, or handling trade-marked products for which a demand has been created by advertising?

Or are you too small to advertise; having built a snug little business with which you are perfectly content? How can you hold your business to its present mark without telling more people about it every day?

To stand still today is impossible; if you have anything to sell, you will have to let the people know what it is, how and where you sell it or find your business going to the competitor who does tell the people he has something they need.

Many big business houses gradually see their markets going and the impossibility of securing new ones with unadvertised products.

Numbers of small firms find their business slipping and "yesterday's" methods no longer bringing new trade.

You, "Mr. Big Man," and you, "Mr. Small Man," what are you going to do to insure your present position and build for the future?

Adopt an advertising policy, the best insurance against business loss, is your wisest move.

Do you want to know how to get into the ranks of the successful , advertisers? Then send for the "A B C of Advertising." It's free; without price and without obligation of any kind. We wrote it and printed it just for you. It will be on your desk tomorrow if you will request it of

SECRETARY THE ASSOCIATION OF PHILADELPHIA ADVERTISING AGENTS Lafayette Building, Philadelphia,

FLECTRIC (OMPANY