

## WHEN THE PLAIN TRUTH BREAKS UP FRIENDSHIPS

An Excessive Passion for Plain-Speaking Always Brings Unpopularity to the Person Who Practises It—Bluntness of Talk Means Rudeness

By ELLEN ADAIR

THERE are times when the plain telling of certain facts is as disagreeable as it is unnecessary. Nay, more, it is positively unkind. And more friends are lost in this world through too much plain-speaking and an overdose of the truth than through any lack of the latter.



Not that for a moment I would advocate direct truthfulness. Upon the contrary, no friendship of any sort can flourish on a tissue of falsehood. It is the very nature of things that truth and friendship should go hand in hand. Yet at the same time, there should be a clear realization that there are periods in the life of a friendship when a strict adherence to the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth will not breed any improvement or better understanding, but will only cause a great deal of trouble and heart-burning.

This excessive passion for plain-speaking always brings unpopularity to the person who practices it. Have you ever met the woman who is entirely incapable of telling even the mildest little sort of fib? She is a disconcerting being, and one little calculated to destroy a gathering. Severely and strictly truthful, it is unfortunate not merely for herself, but also for others, that her line of thought is not of a particularly pleasant order. She certainly does manage to get herself disliked with a thoroughness which, in her weaker moments, she must find a shade depressing.

If you want admiration for a new hat, she will complacently observe that though rather pretty, it is a style very easy to copy, and that she fears the shade will soon become very common.

If, on a chance meeting, you happen to state that you are very glad to see her, she asks, with a piercing glance and obvious disbelief in her tones, "Are you, really?" She certainly does manage to get herself disliked with a thoroughness which, in her weaker moments, she must find a shade depressing.

An amateur of fact, very few of us know, or have the least desire to know, how our personalities and circumstances strike our friends and acquaintances. What our own faces are like—indeed, we

## RICH AND POOR VIEW PROBLEM OF CHRISTMAS IN DIFFERENT LIGHT

One Who Doesn't Know What to Buy Wants Expert Advice, the Other Has No Such Worry

17 SHOPPING DAYS LEFT

Including today there are only 17 shopping days before Christmas.

There is only one problem more difficult than to decide what to give a young woman for Christmas, and that is to decide what to buy if one has no money. But that latter problem does not matter at all just now. For, of course, the men who have no money are going to be free to enjoy Christmas to the full and need no advice. It is the poor wretches who have money and don't know what to buy with it who have to worry and have their worries scientifically treated by Christmas gift experts.

There is a curious old legend that once upon a time, many thousands of years ago, a young man sent to a young woman to whom he was not engaged to be married, a beautiful bracelet. She became crimson with rage at his presumption, but just before she became crimson with rage she tried the bracelet on, and it was just the very thing. It made her slender white wrist look more white and more slender—but, no; she put such thoughts from her and concentrated upon his presumption. He was called to account and forbidden ever to enter the house or address the young lady again.

This is the only case on record of the kind, but it has served to intimidate many millions of young men who would like very much to send their young women friends something more intimate than (1) flowers, (2) candy or (3) a book. One would think that the florists, confectioners and booksellers would roll in millions every Christmas, because the above cited products are the right things to give unengaged girls. If so, they are all millionaires. The jewelry store, however, while the jewelry was fat all the same, maybe the young men send jewelry anonymously.

But a great many of the Christmas necessities this year are a good deal more thoughtful than the ordinary kind of charity. For example, the thoughtfulness for the needy blind. Coal, groceries and warm clothing will be given to as many of them as possible, and nearly 30 of them have been visited and their individual needs looked into. Most of them want to work, but can't, some are invalids; some very old. Dr. L. Webster Fox, 617 Witherspoon Building, is collecting funds for their relief.

A Christmas sale of books, greeting cards and autograph editions is being held at the College Club, 1502 Spruce street. Women graduates of Bucknell, Bryn Mawr, Wellesley, Vassar, Smith and the University of Pennsylvania who are affiliated with the Bureau of Occupations for Trained Women are in charge of the sale.

The Association for the Employment of the Insane is holding a sale today from 10 a. m. to 5 p. m. at Harman's store, 15 South 13th street. Miss Mary McMurtre, president of the association, will have as her assistants Mrs. George Biddle, Mrs. H. Gordon McCouch, Miss Ellen McMurtre, Mrs. Edward Dale Toland, Miss Tyson and Mrs. Charles T. Bradford.

### Christmas Hints

A collapsible pair of bedroom slippers is a very useful suggestion for the man or woman who does a lot of traveling. They are useful in most cases, in fact. Many of the slippers are so soft and pliable that they may be crushed into a suitcase, and they are so light that they are almost like a feather. The wanted colorings are represented—bright red, tan, black in shiny and dull finish. The price is \$1.50, according to size.

A compact little shopping notebook for the woman's handbag is a welcome remembrance. It hardly assumes the proportions of a real gift. This is flat, like an envelope, with a small pad and pencil attached, and comes in plain black leather at 25 cents.

Another gift of novelty in leather goods is a stickpin and cuff links case. These are just compact enough to slip in the suitcase and have compartments for securing the stickpin so it can't work loose. The price is \$1.50.

A man's manicuring utensils are usually few and far between, and they must look very masculine. The latest case is shaped like an ordinary wallet, with two compartments, one for the file and scissors, and another for a magnifying shaving mirror. The price is \$1.50.

### Bayberry Candles

Editor of the Woman's Page: Dear Madam: Will you please print in your evening paper the directions for making candles from bayberries? We have collected a quantity of the berries, and I wish to use them for Christmas. Your kindness is appreciated.

M. R. S. Here are the directions, as given by an expert: After having gathered the berries, put them in cold water, using plenty of water until they come to a boil. Then let them boil for three-quarters of an hour more. Set out quickly in the cold. A pale-green wax will rise to the top of the receptacle which must be skimmed off, dried and reheated. When this comes to a boil, strain it through cheesecloth. This may have to be done several times. The clearer the berries and leaves themselves when the process is being the fewer the strainings. The secret of successful bayberry candles lies in using plenty of water and in taking care to make them on a cold day—a warm day will ruin them, for the wax will not rise to the top. Mold into any shape you choose.

## GAINSBOROUGH EFFECTS ARE POPULAR FOR THEATRE WEAR



A SMART EVENING HAT

MILADY may be as tailored or as fancy as she likes in her choice of hats this season. The Russian influence on fashion has received a great deal of space, but what it has done for millinery remains to be seen in individual instances. For an example, look at the adorable Cosack toques which are shown by Jenny in the latest fashion shows. There is a "tint" in fashion shows. This toque fits closely to the head, like all good toque models, with a smart crown to give distinction. The middle is often smoked, being made with a soft fur trim, and a tam crown of rose or blue velvet. A dainty model in Russian green with a shaggy cap crown has a tassel of antique gold attached to the long end, which dangles provocatively over the shoulder of the wearer.

Velvet plays a most prominent part in the vogue of the day. They float in a most attractive fashion from the crown of the high-pressed beaver derby. Then

again, they are used to fit closely in at the chin with a broad band of black velvet, and flow in folds at the back of the small hat. A more startling usage is the harem veil, which, quite true to its name, is worn like the Turkish women are popularly supposed to veil themselves, with the lower part of the face hidden and the eyes unveiled.

Evening and afternoon hats show little variety, outside of the universally popular and quite conventional metallic lace hat. A few designers have departed from this honored institution this winter, in order to supply something a bit more picturesque, and less banal. The result is the Gainsborough hat of tapestry tints. Today's illustration shows one of this style, developed in a wonderful old-blue shade of antique velvet. The shape is a simple one, with a turned-up brim, and quite untroubled by an upstanding ornament of paradise feathers in the same shade. A turquoise blue evening wrap, with blue fox fur, is seen with this chapeau.

YOUR DENTAL CONDITION IS CAUSE OF MANY AILMENTS

By WILLIAM BRADY, M. D.

A prophylactic dentist is worth his weight in gold fillings. We of the healing cult realize his usefulness, nay, his indispensable help in many of our most obstinate cases. Certain severe stomach troubles, anemias and joint diseases in particular, will not respond to treatment until we call a good dentist in consultation and follow his expert advice in the management of the case.

A well-trained and studiously inclined dentist is as much a specialist, a dispenser of health, as any oculist or neurologist or other qualified expert. For example:

A middle-aged man suffered with digestive disturbance which bothered him more and more until it began to undermine his health. His family physician tried with-out success to give him relief and then sent him off to a great city specialist on stomach troubles.

The specialist enjoyed all the laboratory aids at his disposal. The patient, being desperate, wished to spare no expense and gladly submitted to every test the specialist suggested. But the chemical analysis of the stomach contents, obtained by means of the stomach tube after a test meal, showed no indication of ulcer or cancer. The blood count by another laboratory expert showed nothing of diagnostic importance. An X-ray photograph after a bismuth-meal gave no light on the case. Then a young dentist fresh from college "batted in"—most unprofessionally—and offered some gratuitous advice, which is usually worth what it costs, but not always.

He happened to meet the patient socially, and, with natural professional instinct, he noticed certain abnormalities about the patient's mouth. "Why not have those septic stumps drawn while you're here in town?" he asked. "I feel sure that the inflamed condition of your gums has something to do with your stomach trouble."

The patient was just fool enough to accept the advice of self-constituted authority. This is a great fault in many otherwise desirable patients. He permitted the scientific young person to extract

## "GET-THIN-QUICK" METHODS REAL CAUSE OF GIRLS' COLLAPSE

Woman Superintendent of School Lunches Cautions Against Abstinence From Proper Food

3 CLASSES SPECIFIED

The "Get-thin-quick" methods adopted by more than a dozen girls, pupils at a public school, are not approved by Miss Emma Smedley, superintendent of school lunches. The story of how the girls fainted in school was first made public recently by Miss Smedley in a talk before the Mothers' club at the Rudolph S. Walton School, 25th and Huntingdon streets.

All the girls who collapsed for want of food in the instance mentioned by Miss Smedley are in what she calls the "third class" of hungry pupils. The first class is made up of those whose parents cannot afford to provide breakfast for them. Fortunately, it is not a large class.

The second class includes children whose parents go out for work and leave a few pennies to buy breakfast, which the little ones spend for something that they think they need more badly than the food. In the third class are the "get-thin-quick" girls who believe that by not eating they can take off flesh.

In her talk at the Mothers' Club Miss Smedley made it plain that it is the duty of the mothers to see that their children get something to eat before going out to the house in the morning.

She was asked to add something to the talk, and she said: "It is the cold plus the empty system that caused the collapse of those young girls. I believe there are many strenuous efforts made by young girls to be thin, but I do not approve of dieting at all. Having been a part of the system, for mothers were told that sugar in any form was bad for a young child, that it would cause premature decay of the teeth. Now the system needs sugar in some form. It is necessary that every person have a moderate amount of sugar. The evil comes in when the child or the adult takes so much sugar between meals that the desire for substantial food with the necessary minerals for the body is killed."

"Personally, I believe in a moderate diet without the elimination of starch. The starch that may be conducive to a condition of the body. I do not believe in dieting, moderation is the keynote of good health."

Miss Smedley also objected to the various external remedies recommended by the well-known actresses in get-thin-quick schemes.

"No external remedies are advisable," said Miss Smedley. "Why does the stout girl or woman want to change? Some are born fat, some are born thin; why these efforts to remodel themselves? And those who have failed in their efforts upon them evidently come into the same class."

"Do you know," said Miss Smedley in conclusion, "I find the stout woman more attractive than her thin sister. I don't see why women want to be thin."

German Birth Rate Decreases

BERLIN, Dec. 6.—The birth rate in Germany has decreased 20 per cent. since the war began. The decrease was equivalent to 40,000 births in April, May, June and July.

## ECONOMICAL CAKE RECIPE FOR ORDINARY FAMILY USE

DRIED fruit cake is an old Creole favorite, although it is not so popular in the North. A great deal of patience and a great deal of application is necessary to make a successful cake of this kind as the ingredients themselves. The following recipe, copyrighted by the New Orleans Picayune, will prove a delicious change from the regulation holiday fruit cake.

Required—3 cups of dried apples, peaches, or any other kind of fruit, 2 cups of Louisiana molasses, 1 cup of milk, 2 eggs, 1/2 cup of butter, 1 cup of sugar, 1 teaspoonful of ground cinnamon, 1/2 teaspoonful each of ground cloves and mace, 1/2 pound of stoned raisins, 1/2 grated nutmeg, 1/2 teaspoonful of salt, the juice of a lemon, 1/2 teaspoonful of baking powder or a teaspoonful of soda. Soak the fruit over night. Then chop very fine, and simmer in a saucepan with the molasses for 2 hours and a half. Let it cool. Seed the raisins. Beat the butter and sugar to a cream, until very light, add the yolks of the eggs, and beat till light. Now add the milk and then the fruit and molasses, stirring carefully. Beat hard for 5 minutes, and then add the flour which you will have sifted carefully with the baking powder, and beat this vigorously for 5 minutes. If you use the soda, dissolve it at this point into a tablespoonful of boiling water, and add, mixing well. Then add the raisins, sugar and salt, still beating vigorously. Add the juice of the lemon, and finally the whites of the eggs, beaten to a stiff froth. The batter must be stiff,

but of sufficient elasticity to drop from a spoon. Bake in a moderate oven for 3 hours. Test the bottom with a test; if it comes out clean and dry, the cake is done. This is a very nice and economical family cake, if properly made.

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## MILLIE AND HER MILLIONS

