SEVEN CARRANZA SOLDIERS SHOT BY U. S. FORCE

Invading Band Crosses Rio Grande and Clashes With Americans

BATTLE ACROSS RIVER

Rangers, Fired on by Mexicans, Are Reinforced by Troop of Cavalry

BROWNSVILLE, Tex., Sept. 4.—The border situation is rapidly changing from anorganised banditry to an affoir between unformed soldiers of the United States and Mexico. Pitched battles between treops of the two nations occurred twice today at different points along the Rio Grande. While there were no casualties on the American side, at least seven Mexican soldiers were killed.

Twelve Mexicans, who crossed the river at daylight this morning, encountered a detachment of American soldiers near Madera, in Hidalgo County. Seven of the invaders were killed and the rest escaped. All of the dead wore Carrantee work waters.

At about the same time Mexican sol-At about the same time Mexican soldiers fired across the river at a company of rangers near the Cavaxos crossing. The rangers returned the fire, and it is believed some of the Mexicans were hit. Capitain McCoy hurried from Mission with a troop of savairy to reinforce the rangers, as it was believed the Mexicans, who were in superior numbers, would attempt to cross over.

The clashes with Mexicans are expected o increase as the river is falling rapidly ind is fordable in many places which ave been impassable for several days. Dynamite bombs of military pattern, discovered in a wagon stolen from an american ranch and recovered by soldiers today, is accepted as further evidence that at least some of the Mexicans implicated in this week's raids are members of the Carranzista garrison at Matamoras. U. S. SOLDIERS ON WATCH.

United States cavalry detachments are tationed at every bridge and crossing, and at every power and imigration plant in this section, following reports that ad-ditional bandit bands were forming and uld shortly cross the Mexican border attempt revenge for the killing of neral Orozco early this week by Texas

Officers in charge of these detachments reported today that a squad of cavalry m the twelfth regiment engaged four Mexicans three or four miles north of here last night as they were on their to the designated meeting place. One he bandits was killed. The regulars uffered no casualties.

Martial law practically prevails throughout Cameron County. Mexicans who have taken no part in the bandit operations are fleeing, in the fear that the American posses searching for the bandits will begin a campaign to exterminate all Mex-cans. Several women and children found ndering about on the verge of starva-have been cared for by the posses soldiers and assured there was no er for them or their law-abiding

sinister "dead-or-alive" order is over the heads of the half hunand Markens implicated in the torture and murder of the two Americans late hursday. With 400 United States soland nearly that number of county officers and armed citizens hunting them down, it is regarded as certain that the hand will be either captured or

The bandits surrounded by soldiers in a small detachment of the main , which has split up into several l squads, better to clude pursuers. LABORERS WARN RANCHERS.

Many ranchers along the border have received warnings, through their Mex-lean laborers, that their places are to be visited by bandits. The majority, awake now to the seriousness of the situation, are well prepared, and the genituation are well prepared, and the gen-ral sentiment is "let 'em come." It is believed that if a concerted dash

by Orosco's avengers is made, it will be ever the old Alice stage coach road into san Bentto. For this reason the guard at that place, under Captain H. S. Hawkins, 3d cavalry, has been increased

The situation here grew more tense to-day, when it was learned that another American had been killed at Eoinal, where 20 Mexican raiders attempted to

storm a ranch.

The troops ordered to the border from Galveston yesterday began reaching their respective destinations today. Four com-panies of the 19th infantry were nearing bel Rto. Six companies from the same regiment were expected to augment the Fort Sam Houston troops later today.

BOY STABS HIS OLDER BROTHER TO DEATH IN QUARREL OVER MONEY

Howard Felton Held as Murderer of William-Dispute Arose Over Refusal of Loan

PRISONER 16 YEARS OLD

vision of his older brother lying pros trate on the ground, with the blood streaming from his heart, confronts Howard Felton, of 402 South Front street, who is ledged in a cell in City Hall accused of killing that brother. It is a streaming transfer when the strength of the st stantly recurring vision, driving the Almost frantic, for he is but 15 years

The accused boy broke down and cried as he was led back to the cell, after belies held without ball by Magistrate Fennick, to await the action of the Coroner. The body of William Felton, 24 years and less in an undertaking establishment today, while Mrs. Mary Felton, the matter is overwhelmed with the realization that one of her boys is dead and the other is charged with his death. She would be other is charged with his death. She would be other to constantly today in her little tens on South Front street despite the forts of friends to console her.

William Felton was killed yesterday mains a quarrel in front of the basket-alies establishment of W. H. Ainserth. If Fine street, where the younger to the was supplyed as a driver. He is stabled through the heart with a life and died on his way to the Fennants Haspital.

Idward Felton, in his story of the after to the detectives, maintains that it is an accident.

BEN WELCH DENIES SUNDAY PARTY TOOK COL. KEEGAN'S LIQUOR

Defense Files Answer to Claim for \$3000 Damage to House Evangelist Occupied During Campaign

REPLY GIVES LIE DIRECT

A general denial that the "Billy" Sunday party damaged the property of Colonel Charles M. Keegan, at 1914 Spring Garden street, to the extent of \$3042, as alleged, is contained in an affidavit of defense, presented to Court of Common Pleas No. 4 today, by Ben T. Welch for Philadelphia Evangelistic Committee, in answer to Colonel Keegan's damage suit.

The affidavit denied that liquors were taken, as well as the charges that the Sunday party negligently allowed furni-ture to be broken and different household articles to be removed from the prem-

"It is untrue that numerous articles of household furniture," the affidavit de-clares, "which were in the premises at the time the same were delivered under the lease to the association were missing when the premises were surrendered back to the landlord. It is also untrue that numerous articles which were perfect and in good condition at the time the premises were leased were broken and destroyed were leased were broken and destroyed during the occupancy of the Sunday party.

"IT IS UNTRUE."

"It is untrue that any large quantity of glassware was missing and destroyed of glassware was missing when the premises were surrendered by the defendant, except such as might be damaged in the ordinary course of use which was in contemplation by the parties to the lease at the time the exorbitant rent fixed therein was agreed upon. It is untrue that the fixtures and walls of the house were so injured and damaged as to necessitate numerous repairs. On the contrary, they were in the same condition when the lease of the defendant expired as they were when the house was first occupied and only reasonable wear and tear was noticeable.

was noticeable.

"The defendant denies that the plaintiff. Charles M. Keegan, was the owner
of the premises or of the contents therein
at the time they were delivered to the
defendant association. The plaintiff has
no beneficial interest in the premises or
contents which entitle him to bring this
suit on his own behalf."

After pointing out the technical faults
in Keegan's claim for damages, the affidavit questions the valuation placed on
the damaged articles by Keegan, on the

ndavit questions the valuation placed on the damaged articles by Keegan, on the ground that these values exceed the fair market price for repairs. The defense demands that the plaintiff prove the damage claimed for each and every item.

LIQUOR LOCKED UP. The \$50 liquor item claimed by Keegan is answered in a denial that the bottles of liquor "missing from the so-called wine cellar room" were in possession of the defendant, "or that any person oc-cupying the premises during the term of the said lease, associated with this defendant or in said premises by its au-thority, had access to or possession of any of the said liquors in the said wino room cellar."

It is declared that the said wine cellar was locked, the key to it being in the posession of Colonel Keegan or his representatives. "Access thereto was at no time available

to the said defendant nor any of the persons occupying the said premises with its permission," the paper continues. "The defendant further avers that if the

wines, brandy, rum, whisky and other liquers referred to by the plaintiff, which were thereafter taken from either during session was delivered to this defendent, wre threafter taken from either during the tenancy of this defendant or after possession was delivered to the plain-tiff, the taking of the liquors from the cellar was either by the plaintiff or his and consent and was not with the knowle edge and consent of this defendant."

MISSING LANSDOWNE

Miss Margaret P. Keen Safe, Father Is Informed From Northfield

Miss Margaret P. Keen, of Lansdowne, who disappeared mysteriously from her family's Oceon City cottage Monday afternoon, has been found. This afternoon a message was received by Henry R. Keen, the girl's father, at his home, 498 Lansdowne avenue, informing him that his daughter had been found at Northfield, N. J. Miss Keen is now on her way to Philadelphia, her original des-

tination.

The message to Mr. Keen, who had called upon police departments all over New Jersey to assist in the search for his daughter, was sent by a woman from Northfield, who found Miss Keen very ill and weak. Her father believes she was unable to tell hor name. When Miss Keen recovered she explained that she had suddenly felt ill when nearing Northfield, and that she had left the train at the first station.

Mr. Keen and the police of Ocean City worked on the theory that she had been abducted from the cottage at Atlantic City. Descriptions of her were sent to nearby places, and a thorough search

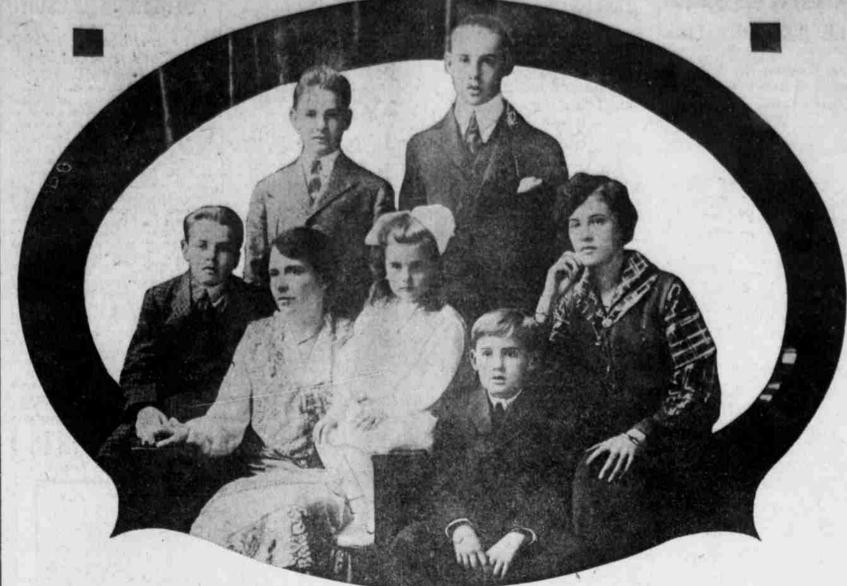
nearby places, and a thorough search was begun Miss Keen left the cottage at Ocean City on Monday, with the in-tention of coming to Philadelphia.

Suffragists Motor to Coatesville Philadelphia and West Chester will be well represented at the suffrage meeting, which is to be held at Coatesville tonight in the Olivet Methodist Episcopal Church. in the Olivet Methodist Episcopal Church. This afternoon the automobile "Burnare connected with the Equal Franchiss Coatesville with the following persons who ham Winner" left West Philadelphia for Society: Mrs. Caroline Katzenstein, secretary of the society: Miss Rosalie Hassler, Ida Katsenstein, Josephine Katsenstein, Arthur Hassler, Walter Bennett and William Karney. An automobile in charge of Margaret K. Kelly also will take a party to the meeting from West take a party to the meeting from West Chester. Dr. Anna Howard Shaw will be the principal speaker at tonight's

Escaped Negro Slayer Caught Escaped Negro Slayer Caught
Charles Williams, a negro who escaped from the Chester Hospital and was arrested here by Detectives William Mahoney and Geonnetti on the charge of shooting Nicholas Cottillo to desath in Chester on August 7, told the detectives that the reason he ran away from the hospital was because the nurses would not let him smoke. During his fight with Cottilo, the latter shot Williams in the atomach. Magistrate Pennuck today turned Williams over to the Chester authorities. The police say Williams also kfiled a man at Haltimore in 1912, and that he escaped with a two-year sentence.



FAMILY OF THOMAS B. SMITH, REPUBLICAN CHOICE FOR MAYOR



Top row, left to right: Harvey and David K. Smith. Lower row: Thomas B. Smith, Jr., Mrs. Thomas B. Smith, Elizabeth, Frederick and Mrs.

SITTING IN PARK COMES HIGH

'Flirt Court" Levies \$6.50 Fine and Girl Waits While It Goes for Change

Fairmount Park has lost its charm for Pauline Kiefer, of 5229 Girard avenue, who is out \$10 because of its attractiveness, while the police are searching for a self-constituted "judge and jury" which rendered a verdict against the young woman.

Miss Kiefer, who is German and doesn't speak English very well, was sitting on a bench at Strawberry Mansion when a dapper young man passed by and smiled at her. The young lady, pleased by the attention of a stranger, smiled in return. But as the youth passed on, without the formality of introducing himself, four other men stepped from behind a tree

and approached her. "You are accused of felonious flirt-"You are accused of felomous firting," announced the leader of the
quartet, displaying a brass star on his
coat. "I am Judge of the Flirt Court
of Fairmount Park and this is my jury,
and we are compelled to impose a fine of
\$5.50 on you."

Pauline protested in broken English, but the "jury" solemnly affirmed the ver-dict and insisted until she produced a \$10 bill. "That's all I've got. Maybe you've got the change?" she questioned, longingly handing the bill to the leader.

"I'll get it," was the quick reply, and he hurried off. So did the "jury." After several hours of waiting, Miss Kiefer went to the police of the 39th street and Lancaster avenue station and told them about it. Harry Clark, of 42d street near Aspen, was arrested and arraigned before Magistrate Boyle, but he was discharged for lack of evidence.

WOMAN FOUND, ILL STANDARD OIL OF N. J. GRANTS 8-HOUR DAY

> 25,000 Workers Affected by Order Operative on September 15

NEW YORK, Sept. 4.—Announcement of the adoption of the eight-hour day by the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey was made here on behalf of the board of directors of that concern.

Twenty-five thousand workers were said.

to be affected by the order, which would become effective on September 15. The employes of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey heretofore have been working an average of 10 hours a

ELKTON STORMED BY LOVERS Dozen Pairs From Philadelphia Wed.

One Couple Marries at Home ELKTON, Md., Sept. 4.-Elkton preach-

ELKTON. Md., Sept. 4.—Elkton preachers were busy this morning tying the nuptial knots of 17 couples, the city of Brotherly Love furnishing 12 couples of this number. They were:

Robert White and Clara V. Bush, Robert J. Campbell and Agnes Hilton, Edward J. Adams and Florence M. Schurr. Edward W. Peatley and Elizabeth News, Joseph M. Garrity and Mary Milier, John S. Fischer and Annie E. Christianson, Frank J. Gardner and Gertrude E. Clemson, William Vogt and Edith Noble, Samuel Mulligan and Mary J. Swain. Benjamin T. Friller and Mary E. Spering, Thomas Keough and Ida Callopy, Walter A. Cade and Sarah R. Eidridge, all of Philadelphia; Elvin A. Dubbs and Clemine F. Christman and Stephen Hutte and Ruth Newhard, all of Allentown; William A. Devling and Mae Miller, of Parkesburg, Pa.; John F. Pitts and Minona A. Prender, of Washington, D. C.; Charles Mentzer, of Harrisburg, Pa., and Ardella H. Biddle of Elkton, Md.

HOME MEANS MORE THAN POLITICAL RACE TO CANDIDATE'S WIFE

Mrs. Thomas B. Smith, Mother of Sturdy Boys and Girls, in First Interview

SHE IS FOR SUFFRAGE

The woman who will be the "first lady of Philadelphia" in the event of the election of Thomas B. Smith, is going about her household duties today at the Smith country home in Glenside absolutely unperturbed by the thought of this possible honor, serenely happy in the success that has come to her husband, but in reality more interested in her children than in the mayoralty race.

When a visitor called at the Smith home a sturdy boy of s and another perhaps two years younger were walking over the lawn, the elder dragging a baseball bat. The faces of both were flushed by their youthful exertions in the great national pastime, and there was no denying

that each was tired. 'Yes," said home. Just wait a minute." Forthwith he lifted his voice in a call

that would have reached Mrs. Smith any-where in Glenside. An answer in clear, low tones came floating back. "She's in," said the sturdy youngster.

The Smiths' oldest child is a married daughter of 29. So it was expected to find Mrs. Smith a woman of middle age. Instead, there appeared a slim, dainty, girlish-looking woman. She was not the oldest daughter—she was Mrs. Thomas P. Smith. B. Smith. Graciously she invited the reporter into

the drawing room. She confessed smil-ingly that it was the first time she had been interviewed, and also to an abso-lute lack of knowledge of what one should do in the circumstances. Mr. Smith entered a moment later.

"I haven't had time to think of the "I haven't had time to think of the duties that come to one in the position of the first lady of Philadelphia," said Mrs. Smith. "You see, neither my hus-band nor I really expected that he would be the party's choice, and really I have made no plans of any kind."

woman suffrage.

"I believe in it, of course," she said,
"although I have never taken the time
to study the question. But perhaps it is
as much a matter of feeling as of knowledge. Suffragists are really born, not
made."

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CAUGHT WIFE WITH LOVER; KINTNER MADE HIM PAY

Pittsburgh Professor Ordered \$5000 Annuity for Woman He Lost

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 4.—Mrs. Samuel M. Kintner, who ended her life in New York by swallowing poison yesterday, was the wife of Samuel Montgomery Kintner, formerly a member of the University of Pittsburgh faculty and later general man-ager of the National Electric Signal Com-pany, of this city. Both husband and wife were graduates from Purdue University and they married soon after they left

It was during Professor Kintner's serv-ice with the University of Pittsburgh that the couple's trouble began. Mrs. Kint-ner's name, first linked with two young sons of prominent families, finally became closely allied with that of a rich manu-facturer. After several disagreements, Kintner planned to trap his wife. Over a telephone connected with his house line he listened to a conversation between the suspected man and his wife, during which an engagement was made by the couple to meet as soon as her husband left the city on a business trip.

The next day Kintner told his wife he was going away for a few days and left, ostensibly to take a train East. Instead, he bided his time until 10 o'clock that

evening, when, with detectives and a revolver, he entered his home and found the two there. Kintner, by a threat of death, forced the man to sign an agreement which was duly witnessed, in which Kintner brought his suit for divorce last

SUIT AFTER RAIL TRAGEDY

Laurel Springs Crossing Crash Survivors Sue Railroad

Congressman John R. K. Scott and William T. Connor, representing Mrs. Ella Finkle and Julius Stieber, both residents of Garden Lake, N. J., have entered suits for damages against the Atlantic City Railroad Company for injuries sustained in the accident at Laurel Springs, N. J., last week, when an express train struck the carriage in which they were riding, killing two of the occupants, one of whom was Mrs. Finkle's husband.

According to the attorneys the accident was due solely to the negligence of the railroad company in failing to provide sufficient warning of the train's approach or providing safety guards at the cross-

DRESSES FOR EVENING. THEN ESTRANGED WIFE ENDS MISERABLE LIFE

New York Woman Writes Note Urging Against Autopsy and Drinks Poison Dose

HAD TRIED TO FORGET

NEW YORK, Sept. 4.—Clad in beautiful evening attire, Mrs. Elizabeth Kinter, is years old, wife of Samuel Montgomery Kinter, general manager of the National Electric Signal Company of Pittaburgh, committed suicide at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon in her apartment in the Columbia Court, No. 4il Riverside Drive. She left the following letter:

To the Public—I am taking poison

To the Public—I am taking poison as I feel I cannot live any longer. Do not try to find out how I died, as I do not wish to be dissected. Bury me here and forget me.

ELIZABETH.

Mrs. Kinter had been separated from her husband since last Christmas, and lived at the Riverside Drive address with her mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Z. Blauchard.

and her brother, B. Frank Blanchard, who is taking a post-graduate course at Columbia University. Since their separation Mrs. Kinter Since their separation Mrs. Kinter has been in an extremely pervous state. Recently she passed some time with a sister in Indiana, and later went to Michigan in the hope of obtaining relief in the open from her aliment. She returned to New York several weeks ago, apparently much improved in health and spirits.

Mrs. Kinter had an engagement for last evening and dressed early for dinner. With her mother and brother she sat talking in the drawing room of the apartment after completing her toilet. Suddenly she excused herself and returned to her bedroom.

When she had been absent 15 minutes Mrs. Blanchard entered the bedroom and found her daughter stretched out on the bed, a handkerchief over her mouth and beside her a half-empty polson bottle.

Mrs. Kinter was unconscious. Dr. Warren S. Bickham, of 440 Riverside drive. the family physician, was hurriedly sum-moned, but when he reached the apart-ment Mrs. Kinter was dying and expired

in a few minutes.

The note, which apparently had been written in the short interval which elapsed between the time she left the drawing room and the discovery of her act, was found on her dressing table.

Tragedy Charged to P. R. R. Iragedy Charged to P. R. A.

LANCASTER, Pa., Sept. 4.—A Coroner's jury investigating the kli ing of Rebecca Newcomer at a grade crossing near Florin on Thursday, charged the Pennsylvania Railroad Company with multitaining a dangerous crossing without the proper warning signal and its employes with negligence. The girl was mangled when a work train struck her team.

WANTED—An old Phila a delphia family of very comfortable means wishes to adopt a healthy male child under six or eight weeks old, preferably of American parentage. Legitimacy immaterial; child will have every possible social and financial advantage, but its parents will. vantage, but its parents will never see it again. Reply im-mediately to Box A 217, Ledger

Facts Versus Fallacies

FACT is a real state of things. FALLACY is an apparently genuine but really illogical statement or argument.

AT the beginning of the war much comment was caused by the edicts against vodka in Russia and absinthe in France. In a previous article it was shown that evils followed in the wake of the vodka prohibition in Russia. The problem which France now confronts is one of regulation—not of prohibition, it being generally recognized that absinthe is more of a drug than a drink.

WRITING in the World's Work Magazine, Arno Dosch interviewing a French officer, quotes him as follows: "You must understand at once," he said, "that our struggle for temperance in France is different from the struggle in England and the United States. We have no intention of attempting prohibition. There is nothing of Puritanism in our movement. We are not interested in making the French people a race of teetotalers. It would not be possible and we would not care to accomplish it if it were."

I N this series of articles it has been pointed out, from no less an authority than ex-President Taft, that if nation-wide prohibition obtains there is no law to prevent the manufacture of liquors in one's own home. Now France has no prohibition, but that ccuntry, making its liquor in many cases in its homes, cries out for regulation. Still quoting the French officer we





OUR problem is also complicated in a way from which you are free. Alcoholic drinks were made freely in the country for family consumption. That phase is going to lead to the most bitter fight we have to face. All Northern France makes alcoholic drinks from grain and fruit, which are drunk by all members of the family. . . They drink strong liquor in all this part of France as the Midi drinks wine. It is so cheap no one need go without a drink. Its cheapness is its danger. But every time the discussion arises as to whether it would not be better to prevent home-distillation, all Northern France rises in protest and declares it a movement to sell the liberties of the people to the rich syndicates. Nevertheless, home-distillation people to the rich syndicates. Nevertheless, home-distillation must be controlled. It is really only the cover for an illicit traffic in liquor. It makes every farm a bar."

IN America, and in Pennsylvania particularly, where the Brooks Law regulates and controls the sale of alcoholic beverages, we already have reached the state of perfection that is now sought by France in her attempt to regulate the liquor traffic. Again let the French officer speak:

THERE is in Paris now a drinking place for every forty adults. No large city in the world offers as many opportunities to drink as Paris. In comparison with the population Paris has eleven drinking places where San Francisco has eight, Chicago four, New York three and London two. This number will have to be decreased, and it will be done by license. There we encounter questions of revenue and of individua. right. It will tak a long time to solve these problems, but we will end by controlling the sale of alcoholic drinks in France. We shall not entirely forbid the drinking of alcoholic drinks. If we were seeking to attain prohibition, we should fail. The spirit of the French people would not permit it."

I S it not a FALLACY to say that Prohibition will solve the liquor problem, when the FACT is that the true solution lies in regulation? And the Brooks Law, in Pennsylvania, regulates and legally controls every drop of alcoholic beverage that is sold in the State. Where Paris has one drinking place for every 40 adults, Philadelphia has one for every 800 adults. Or, put in another way, Paris has over 12 drinking places for every one in Philadelphia!

Philadelphia-1 Drinking Place For Every 500 Adults

Philadelphia Lager Beer Brewers' Association (The next article will appear Wednesday, September 8th)