

PORTUGUESE PREMIER NOT FATAALLY WOUNDED; REVOLUTION CONTINUES

Senor Chagas May Lose Sight of One Eye—Assailant Killed by Soldiers' Bullets—Riots in Lisbon and Other Cities.

Battleship Again Bombards National Palace—Collapse of New Ministry Imminent. 100 Persons Killed in Outbreak.

LISBON, May 18.—It was officially announced that Premier Chagas, who was shot by Senator Friens, would live, but that he might lose the sight of his right eye. Reports had been in circulation for some time before the official statement was issued that the new Premier was dead.

Senator Friens was shot dead by a soldier immediately after he had fired four bullets at the Premier. Street car service will be resumed today.

The attempted assassination took place in the railway station at Entremontes, 70 miles northwest of here, a junction where the Oporto branch meets the main line to Lisbon.

Senor Chagas had left his train to change cars and take the one due here at midnight. After the shooting he was conveyed from the station to a hospital. Physicians who examined him announced that besides having four bullet wounds he had a fracture of the skull, probably caused by falling.

MADRID, May 18.—A fresh revolution has broken out in Lisbon and other Portuguese cities, according to advices reaching here today.

The Portuguese battleship Vasco de Gama, manned by rebels, has again bombarded Lisbon, damaging the national palace. Dispatches from Badajoz today stated that the Portuguese Government was trying hard to restore order, but that political feeling was running so high in the capital that the collapse of the new ministry was considered imminent.

The Spanish battleships Espana and Rio de La Plata have arrived at Lisbon to protect Spanish interests. Three Spaniards were among the 100 persons killed in the latest outbreak in Lisbon and suburbs. Many political prisoners are being executed. It is reported that an attempt was made to assassinate General Pimenta y Castro, the ex-Premier.

BERLIN FORECASTS LULL IN SUBMARINE WAR

Continued from Page One. However for consolation, and that the original draft of the reply, which will undoubtedly be edited by the Kaiser himself, will be prepared by the Chancellor.

So far as can be learned, even the tentative draft of a reply has not been completed, and the only official word given out is that the attitude and general nature of Germany's reply has not yet been determined. That the German Government is preparing to handle the incident with extreme care and nice judgment is evidenced by the attitude of the press. While the unofficial version of what the Bryan note would probably contain was commented on at length, the press has been singularly silent since the receipt by the Foreign Office of the actual text of the document.

PRESS COMMENT CURBED. The official text has not yet been made public and the Government suggestion that comment be withheld until the text is published is being generally observed. The nearest approach to a violation of the Foreign Office admonition was a mild editorial in the Lokal Anzeiger which concluded with the statement that "Germany's answer, like that of President Wilson, will be as clear and polite as it is possible to make it, pointing out that we must conduct the war as we have conducted it, and with a good conscience we can conduct it."

AUSTRIANS FORGE AHEAD IN ADVANCE ON LEMBERG

Take Strategic Centre 40 Miles South of Galicia Capital.

VIENNA, May 18.—A further Austrian advance in Galicia is announced in an official statement issued today. The Austrians have captured Drohobycz, in central Galicia, about forty miles southeast of Lemberg.

Compared with the last fortnight's obstinate fighting yesterday passed generally without material events along the entire front. The lull in the fighting on Sunday may indicate that the Russians have reached a point where they are able to re-establish their line.

Austrian armies have gained further ground in their advance toward the Upper Danester. Lemberg, capital of Galicia, has several times been the objective of an Austrian movement, a recapture being desired for strategic value and moral effect.

RUSSIANS FURIOUSLY RESIST BALTIC PROVINCE INVADERS

Great Flanking Movement in Kovno Extends Over 20-Mile Front.

PETROGRAD, May 18.—Fighting in the region of Shavli, in the Baltic province of Kovno, is developing into a furious conflict, the War Office reports. The hostilities now extend over a front of 20 miles. The enemy is daily bringing up fresh columns of reinforcements with which he is endeavoring to envelop first one of the Slav flanks and then the other.

The Russians have pushed forward toward the center and made flank attacks. They repulsed several attacks west of Shavli and successfully attacked a strong column of the enemy near the village of Grodki, which was endeavoring to envelop Shavli from the north. This was broken back.

TO PICK WAR SURGEONS

100 Doctors From Here May Go to French Coast.

William Potter, former Minister to Italy and President of the Board of Trustees of the Jefferson Medical College, is expected today to begin choosing the unit of Philadelphia physicians and surgeons to be sent in France to take charge of a coast hospital for wounded soldiers. Mr. Potter arrived here Sunday after 10 weeks in the war zone.

Trustees of Jefferson Medical Hospital are said to have received many applications for posts, and it is believed that at least 100 doctors with a staff of nurses and attendants will be sent abroad. The hospital will be sent by the French warships and it is pointed out that at least 100 practitioners with courses and experience will be necessary.

"BILLY" SUNDAY WILL SPEND MONDAY OF NEXT WEEK HERE

Evangelist, Guest of John Wanamaker, Will Speak in Bethany Chapel.

PATERSON, N. J., May 18.—"Billy" Sunday definitely decided today that he would spend next Monday in Philadelphia. He will be the guest of John Wanamaker during the day, and at night will speak in Bethany Chapel, the Wanamaker church.

This morning was another cutaway morning for the evangelist. He motored to the residence of Mrs. Robert Beattie, wife of the largest rug manufacturer in New Jersey, at Little Falls, and gave another of his society sermons. Two hundred and fifty society people heard him preach "A Certain Rich Man Preceded Slightly Every Day."

This little corner which, for six weeks, has refused to brighten up under the rays of revivalism, just delayed the brightening until today. "Billy" had nearly 300 persons, 200 from Passaic, 200 from Brooklyn, in his tabernacle audience this afternoon. Far and away it was the best crowd of a week-day afternoon, excepting that the women only sang "Instruments" sermons since Sunday opened here.

People, it seemed, had just waited until the last week before paying a tabernacle call. Only 200 of the audience, however, were residents of this Silly City. The audience, as usual, was largely aged men and women. Sunday's sermon was his famous one, "His Name Shall Be Called Wonderful."

Philadelphia had a small delegation on hand, men who were prominently identified with "Billy's" campaign of greatest triumphs. The Philadelphians who motored here were the Rev. John Watchorn, Weldon Eisenhart, Charles Button and George Metz. The audience applauded them when "Rodey" made them stand up for inspection.

One thousand members of the Central Republican Club will be at the tabernacle tonight, when Sunday preaches "The Unpardonable Sin." Twenty-five hundred members of the United Trades and Labor Council, just about all the organized labor there is in the great manufacturing center, also have invitations.

Groups of minor evangelists, street preachers and singers, it was said today, will work all through the summer and autumn in Paterson and the other North Jersey cities and towns affected by the Sunday campaign.

ALLIES AIM ATTACKS ON POSTS AT NARROWS OF THE DARDANELLES

Steady Advances Made by Fleet and Land Forces Despite Furious Resistance of Ottoman Army and Forts.

LONDON, May 18.—Still fighting desperately, the Allied forces on the Gallipoli peninsula are concentrating their efforts on the capture of two heights that overlook the approaches to the narrow of the Dardanelles, says an Athens dispatch to the Morning Post. The Turks are offering desperate resistance and the losses on both sides are very heavy, but the steady advance of the Allies and the terrible fire from the ships are said to be weakening the spirit of the Ottoman troops and their confidence in their German protectors.

The peak near Krithia, sometimes known by the name of "The Redoubt," is the greatest elevation on the entire peninsula below the Narrows, and it is hoped that the announcement that the town has been taken means that this important position has been secured. The Allies to command the peninsula well up toward the Narrows.

An Athens dispatch says: "According to authentic news from Constantinople, numerous arrests are being effected among influential members of the Old Turks for complicity in a recently discovered Armenian plot. The Turkish police chief, who has been sent abroad by General Chief Pasha, Ismail Bey and other enemies of the Young Turk party. According to this source, it was intended to assassinate Enver Pasha and his associates, and to capture the British consul in Constantinople, and to conclude an immediate peace with the entente powers. Arms, bombs and incriminating documents have been discovered by the police in many Turkish and Armenian houses."

MAYOR'S PATRIOTISM CHEERED BY GERMAN

"We Have Dedicated Ourselves Fervently to America," He Tells Visiting Masons.

Mayor Blankenburg evoked a storm of patriotic cheering and applause from 29 German-Americans, representing 29 German Masonic lodges of Greater New York, at City Hall today, when he vigorously asserted "We all love the country of our birth and we think with deepest love of those we left behind, but when we came to this country and took the oath of allegiance to become true citizens of this greatest republic the world has ever known, we dedicated ourselves to our adopted country as truly as you."

The German-American members of the F. and A. M. lodges of New York city came directly to Mayor Blankenburg's reception rooms from Broad Street Station. They were here on a pilgrimage, including a visit to Herman Lodge, No. 123, F. and A. M. of this city, the oldest German lodge in the United States, of Independence Hall and the Masonic Temple. They return to New York tonight.

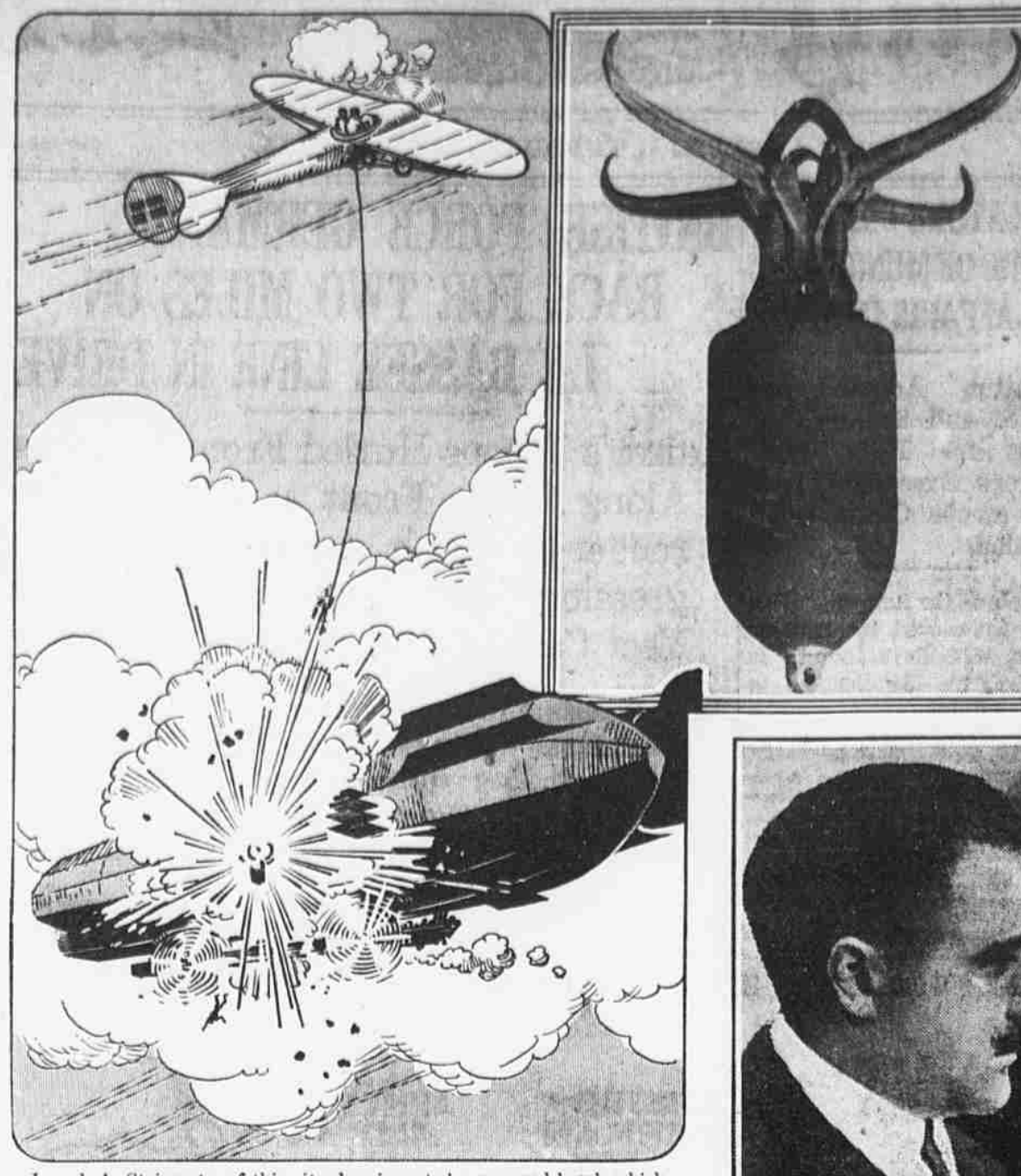
When W. Charles Veltter, Right Worshipful Deputy Grand Master of the 9th Masonic district of New York city, and leader of the visiting group, addressed Mayor that "while we are Germans in heart and soul," the cheering broke out anew.

Henry Lux, heading the committee from Hermann Lodge, introduced the Mayor as "a German born and a member of our fraternity."

The Mayor urged them to visit the Liberty Bell. He paid a tribute to Hermann Lodge, organized 12 years ago by Germans and maintained by them. The visitors were direct to Masonic Temple from City Hall, and had luncheon at Belmont Mansion, in Fairmount Park, at the close of their visit.

Alleged Shoplifter Held for Trial. Joseph Smith, 25 years old, 800 North Philadelphia street, was arrested in Lit Brothers' store after a lively fight with Detectives Edward Young and Richard Deyle yesterday, was held in 100th street police station. He is charged with the charge of shoplifting today. The police said a pile of stolen goods was found in his home.

ANTI-ZEPPELIN BOMB INVENTED BY PHILADELPHIAN



Joseph A. Steinmetz, of this city, has invented a pronged bomb which is to be suspended from an attacking aeroplane. Its hooks catch in the side of the airship as the aeroplane flies overhead, exploding the charge, as illustrated by the sketch.

LORD KITCHENER CALLS FOR 300,000 RECRUITS

England's Hopes for Early Ending of War Shattered by Premier Asquith's Statement.

LONDON, May 18.—Great Britain's hope that the great war would be pressed to a speedy conclusion were blasted this afternoon by members of the Cabinet in both the House of Lords and House of Commons.

In the upper branch of Parliament Lord Kitchener, Secretary of State for War, called for 300,000 more recruits, while in the House of Commons Premier Asquith admitted that the Government contemplated the possibility of a long war and was taking steps to meet any emergency that might arise.

Robert Houston, a member of Parliament, gave notice today that he would interpellate Undersecretary of War H. J. Tennant upon the report that when the British were recently driven back in Northern France they were compelled to leave 40 wounded men behind and that, when they recaptured the position, they found that the Germans had bayoneted all except a sergeant, whom they had fastened alive to a large crucifix from which the figure of Christ had been removed.

Chauffeur Held for Boy's Death. John Hudson, a chauffeur, of 567 Locust street, was released in \$1500 bail today by Clerk Flaherty in Quarter Sessions Court to await the action of the coroner on the death of 10-year-old John M. Sheldon, of 1911 Filbert street, who, it is alleged, was run down and fatally injured by an auto driven by Hudson.

BRITISH CABINET CRISIS CENTRES ON CHURCHILL

Asquith Calls Ministers in One After Another for Private Conference.

LONDON, May 18.—The cabinet crisis became acute this afternoon. The vacation and inspection plans of several Ministers were suddenly canceled after they had been called into conference by Premier Asquith.

Though rumors have been current for some time that gradual changes would be made, it is now reported that the storm centering about Winston Spencer Churchill, first lord of the admiralty, will result in radical and immediate changes.

Reports have been current that the squabble may lead to the entrance of Unionists in the Cabinet, thus bringing about a coalition ministry, and that Mr. Churchill may be given another post.

Mr. Churchill was the first member called by Premier Asquith. He was followed by rapid succession by Attorney General Sir John Simon, Lord High Chancellor Viscount Haldane, Lord Secretary McKenna and Chancellor of the Exchequer Lloyd-George.

Lloyd-George had planned to leave this evening for an inspection tour of the manufacturing sections, but the trip was called off.

The Pall Mall Gazette paid Baron Fisher high tribute, calling him the creator of the modern navy.

"Mr. Churchill, by his boldness, saved an ugly situation at the outbreak of the war, and we admire the qualities of both men," says the Pall Mall Gazette, "but any man, who for anything but the gravest reasons, breaks the national unity will not be lightly forgiven."

The cabinet meeting scheduled for today was not held.



It's rather unfortunate when a man believes himself to be a singer if he isn't. The police say that James McParkin, of Richmond street and Frankford avenue, has been laboring under such a false impression. McParkin was dispensing his voice on the beat of Larry Ricker, a policeman, who is a lover of real music. Ricker wouldn't care so much if McParkin had an extensive repertoire, but when he struck "Then You'll Remember Me," and sang it by the hour, the cop believed it was time to enforce the law which prohibited.

A rather peculiar noise like a man sawing wood in the cellar aroused the curiosity of the furniture dealer, who was reading a newspaper inside the store. He staggered somewhat with amazement when he went outside and saw the cause of the noise.

At this psychological moment Jacoby the cop also arrived. He yanked Thomas Jefferson Lincoln Dakins by the neck and stood him on his feet. It was with considerable effort that the negro opened his eyes.

"What's all de commoshin'?" he asked lazily. But the dealer was too wrathful for words, and while he was about to express himself, the policeman took Thomas to the 4th and York streets station for safety.

"I didn't know dere wuz any lore agin' sleepin'," said the prisoner when he faced Magistrate Glenn.

"If you had some good hard work," said the Judge, "you would be able to sleep much better."

"Guess I would," agreed Thomas. "Well, I'll let you work and sleep free of charge at the Correction for three months," the Judge added.

"I guess I'll be to make further bixins arrangements," said the Court, concluding.

temperament," he says, and believes in "doin' today dat what you may not be able to do tomorrow." It seems that every time Thomas, who is an easy-going negro, sees something soft and downy he is seized with an inspiration to sleep on it. Naturally when he saw a sofa that wasn't working, resting peacefully in front of a second-hand furniture shop at 23 and Berks streets, he just flopped down on it. He showed a lot of nearby pillows under his head until it rested at an angle of 90 degrees. Then he took one last look at the busy world and floated into dreamland.

Each bomb is attached to a mile of wire, which is attached to a Zepppelin, and is intended to be used by the British government under an arrangement by which it will be paid for at the close of the war. Great Britain needed the weapon in a hurry. There was no time to haggle over terms. The Steinmetz device was protected by patent, so he shipped it to the English capital, where his interests are protected by his solicitors.

The trailing bomb which Mr. Steinmetz has adopted for use by British aeroplanes, and is regarded in London as the surest means of fighting possible air raids on that city.

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Other means intended to repel Zeppelins have failed. The German air-forts are as long as an ocean liner, made up of separate gas compartments. To puncture one of these sections by gun fire does not materially diminish the speed of the Zeppelin or endanger it. Experience has shown that the only sure way to attack the invaders is to use bombs large enough to tear one or two sections. In meeting Zeppelins with aeroplanes it is impossible to use heavy guns, because of the nature of the aeroplanes.

The Steinmetz apparatus is described by scientists as one of the simplest yet one of the most terrible instruments of death ever conceived by man. It is called the first really effective means of circumventing "the flying death," the bomb-dropping Zeppelins.

City Job Hunters Examined. Fifty-two applicants for the \$2000-a-year position of building inspector in the Department of Public Safety were examined today by the Civil Service Commission. Other examinations were: For inspector in Department of Supplies, \$1000 a year, 22 applicants; writ server in the Law Department, \$800 a year, 14 applicants; architectural draughtsman in the Survey Bureau, \$500 a year, 7 applicants; special policeman, \$25 a day, 20 applicants.

ITALY CLOSE TO WAR; GIOLITTI QUITS ROME

Continued from Page One. tralist mobs occurred in several cities Monday, but the overwhelming sentiment here seems to be in favor of war, and there was no interference with the demonstrations which were resumed last night.

75,000 CHEER FOR WAR. A mass-meeting urging Italy's participation in the war was held in the capital square. It was attended by 75,000 persons. The lines between interventionists and neutralists in northern Italy are being closely drawn. At Milan 50,000 men and women marched through the streets Monday, crying "Down with Austria!" At Genoa an equal number proceeded to the City Hall and hoisted the Italian flag, demanding immediate intervention.

NEUTRALISTS ATTACK TROOPS. Neutralists held sway at Turin, however, attacking the troops and wounding several soldiers and policemen. Anti-war demonstrations were also made in southern Italy. At Palermo neutralists attacked the cavalry called out to keep order. The cavalry charged, killing one man.

The general committee of the Socialist party met at Bologna and adopted resolutions against war, also extending invitations to have the city shelled unless the riots cease. Austrian warships are now lying in the roadstead, with their guns trained upon the city.

The insurrection is said to have been led by Italian women, 53 of whom were killed and scores injured by gendarmes. At the height of the rioting two powder magazines were blown up, 30 soldiers being killed.

Cavalry were mounted on Opicina hill, overlooking the city, and the authorities are now proceeding to attack and destroy barricades thrown up in the suburbs.

AUSTRIA STILL HOPEFUL OF PEACE WITH ITALY

VIENNA, May 18.—That the Austro-Hungarian Government has not yet given up hope of keeping Italy neutral in the war is indicated by a statement made by Count Tisza, the famous Hungarian statesman, in the House of Representatives at Budapest on Monday. He declared that the dual monarchy, in its dealings with Italy, was looking far beyond the present war and seeking a lasting bond of friendship with that country.

Dispatches to Swiss newspapers confirm reports of a revolution at Trieste, stating that the situation is so serious that the Austrian commandant has threatened to have the city shelled unless the riots cease. Austrian warships are now lying in the roadstead, with their guns trained upon the city.

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AUSTRIANS READY TO SHELL TRIESTE TO QUELL RIOTS

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WEAPON FEARED MOST BY DEADLY ZEPPELINS WAS INVENTED HERE

Joseph A. Steinmetz, a Philadelphian, Only Man Who Has Produced Successful Means of Combating Air Forts.

The most spectacular death-dealing device used in the European war came from Philadelphia.

Sweeping down from a hovering aeroplane and sinking its clawlike hooks into the envelope of an invading Zeppelin, it explodes a bomb which shakes the huge airship like a leaf in the wind and sends it shuddering to earth—a crumpled wreck.

It is the most spectacular weapon which the Allies have brought into play, and is regarded by British authorities as the most effective means of attacking the superdreadnoughts of the clouds. It was invented by Joseph A. Steinmetz, of 728 Westview avenue, Germantown, of Janney, Steinmetz & Co., 4th and Market streets.

It was probably this "made-in-Philadelphia" Zeppelin destroyer which put one of the German craft to rout in a battle two miles above the North Sea, as the world read in yesterday's news. Lord Kitchener has adopted the device for use by British aeroplanes, and it is regarded in London as the surest means of fighting possible air raids on that city.

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WASHINGTON, May 18.—Neither the British nor the German Embassy here would discuss today the story that an attempt was made Sunday to torpedo the Anchor liner Transylvania. Confidentially, by German officials hinted that the ship's company, nervous over the Lusitania incident, had been "seeing things."

WAR TALK ENDS IN FIGHT

Policemen Have to Fire Shots Before They Can Stop Scrimmage.

What started as an argument "about the war, and what they fought each other for," ended in a free-for-all battle at 8th and Arch streets early this morning, in which shots were fired by the police in their attempt to restore order.

Four persons were arrested, three men and a girl, and at the 11th and Winter streets station they described themselves as follows: Carl Carriero, 25 years old, of 1000 11th; Lawrence Callan, 25, Wynnefield; Charles T. Glenn, 11th South Broad street, and Miss W. Evelyn Hill, 25, of 15 North 11th street.

They were arrested on a charge of disorderly conduct brought by Policemen Hagan and Spenser, who said they saw two of the men rolling about on the sidewalk in combat and the others still arguing about the war. Some of them were sent to Germany and the others were sent to the world. They were all detained for a hearing before Magistrate Emery at a hearing.

ALLIES' GUNS BRING DOWN FOUR RAIDING GERMAN ZEPPELINS

Heavy Toll Taken by French and British Cannon in 48 Hours—Kaiser's Dirigible Fleet Suffers.

LONDON, May 18.—The destruction of four Zeppelins in 48 hours was indicated in dispatches received here last night. One German dirigible that attacked Calais Sunday night was brought to earth by the French artillery fire and its crew made prisoner. Its companion was driven out to sea, and when it reappeared it was burning and believed to be a total loss. A third Zeppelin, identified as the one that raided Ramsgate earlier in the day and was badly damaged in a battle with British aeroplanes, was later reported to have been shot down by a French torpedo boat. The fourth and last Zeppelin was attacked and wrecked on Monday by a squadron of 27 British aeroplanes.

A Daily News correspondent in France sends the following account of the destruction of a Zeppelin by a French torpedo boat: "Just after dawn this morning a Zeppelin flying from the direction of the English coast was sighted over the Channel by the crew of a French torpedo boat. The airship was flying slowly and at no great height, and thus was a good mark for the gunners on board the destroyer.

They fired several shots at her and one at least took effect. For a moment afterward the huge craft was observed to have a very decided list. This occurred momentarily until presently the whole airship appeared to crumple up, made one or two frantic dives, and fell into the sea, a few miles from Graveline, within sight of Grines Light. The Zeppelin and crew disappeared totally in the sea and the bodies were afterward seen floating about in the vicinity."

MRS. KEITH DONALDSON OUT OF HER SHOW JOB

Musical Comedy in Which She Was the Star Gives Up the Ghost at Wilkes-Barre.

Mrs. Keith Donaldson, one-time "million-dollar bride," and "Little Mary Mack" have come back, but not in the usual meaning of the phrase. The fact is that they have come back to Philadelphia. "Little Mary Mack" is, or was, a musical comedy, and Mrs. Keith Donaldson, who had a fight with her mother-in-law recently, at 2003 Chestnut street, was the star.

"Little Mary Mack" stopped playing at Wilkes-Barre. The show rehearsed in this city, played twice at Wilmington, Delaware, and Scranton, Pa., and returned to Wilkes-Barre. At that point the "angel" drew back, afflicted at the cost of operating a musical comedy, and returned to the various vocations whence she came.

Mrs. Donaldson has a contract for six weeks at \$1000 a week. She understands that all the "actors and actresses" go paid. When Mrs. Donaldson went to the stage in "Little Mary Mack" her only intention was to raise funds, which to fight the court order of John Brown, giving Mrs. Keith Donaldson's 7-year-old daughter Dorothy into the care of Mrs. William F. Donaldson, the mother-in-law.

Attachments on the scenery and trunks have been filed by several persons to whom the company is said to owe money. Among them are N. S. New York, a bill of \$600 for making a contract for a bill of \$400 for making the costumes; the officials of the Parkway Building, where a little rent bill of \$100 is said to have been unpaid; and a contractor who is said to be owed \$1000 in wages and the balance a "touch."

THE WEATHER

Official Forecast. For Eastern Pennsylvania: Fair to night; Wednesday increasing cloudiness; moderate winds, mostly northwest.

Unseasonably low temperatures continue throughout the Northern States; the killing frosts occur last night in the upper lake region and in Wisconsin, Minnesota and the Dakotas, while light frosts are reported from a few places in Ohio, Pennsylvania and New York. The killing frosts occur last night in the upper lake region and in Wisconsin, Minnesota and the Dakotas, while light frosts are reported from a few places in Ohio, Pennsylvania and New York.

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