BRING BRITAIN TO **BOOK FOR KILLING** ON CANADA BORDER

State Department Will Ask Apology and Reparation to Families of Hunters Shot by Soldiers.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7. - Counsellor Lansing and Solicitor Johnson, of the State Department, today expressed the opinion that the evidence before them in the cases of Walter Smith and Charles Dorsch, both of whom were shot by members of the Canadian border patrol while bunting ducks in the Niagara River, indiested that the Canadian soldiers "shot

On, the strength of this belief, a note will be sent today or tomorrow at the latest, to the British Embassy here, demanding proper reparation from the British Government. The verdict of the Coroner's Jury at Fort Eric, Ontario, where the inquest was held, will not be accepted as final by the United States, Mr. Lansing and Mr. Johnson said. The jury decided that Smith's death was 'accidental."

The note to be sent to the British Government through the Ambassador here, will demand that suitable apology be made to the United States and that Dorsch's and Smith's families receive adequate indemnity for the incident.

The position taken by the State De partment officials is based entirely on the reports received at the department from Consul Messersmith and Vice Consul Curtis, who each made personal investigations of the occurrence. Both discovered that the Canadian soldiers, instead of shooting over the heads of the Americans, who were 150 yards off shore, took careful aim and shot them one at a

FRENCH FORCES CLOSE TO ALTKIRCH

Continued from Page One only It's miles from Altkirch. They have taken up a position in a small forest near that town, and it is believed here that town, and it is believed here that they will soon capture Altkirch. With Altkirch and Thann in the possession of the French, the Germans will have lost control of the railroads running northwest and southwest from Muelhausen, lines that will prove of vast importance to the French.

Today's official communique reports two German counter attacks in the Altkirch region, one at the west of Watwiller.

kirch region, one at the west of Watwiller and another near Kolschlad, but declared that both were immediately repulsed.

Hill No. 425, west of Cernay (Sennheim),
is still the centre of furious fighting, but the French have retained their foothold there, and at Steinbach they have made themselves masters of one part of the first line of the enemy's trenches.

In the entire region between the Lys and the sea the French artillery has been uniformly successful and has silenced several of the German main batteries. There have been no infantry movements in this section because of the floods. The rain continues and the entire country is intundated to a depth at certain points of several feet. Only on the high ground can the troops be retained and they are simply superfung the flooded transhes.

slimply guarding the flooded trenches.

Desperate fighting took place last night
and today in the vicinity of Lille. The Germans made a determined attack against a line of trenches under cover of mine throwers and artillery. The onslaught was so terrific that the French were compelled to abandon the trench, but later, when reinforcements had been brought up, they attacked in force and recovered the ceded territory.

To the cast of Rheims the Germans wance by the explosion of mines directly in their front.

CZAR PRESSES FORWARD TO REINVEST CRACOW

Austrians, However, Have Captured Russian Positions Along Donajec BERLIN, Jan. 7 .- A dispatch to the

Lokal Anzeiger from the front in Galicia declares that the Austrians have captured several positions occupied by the Russian left wing on the Nida and Donajec Rivers.

Operations there are assuming the character of a standing fight, with the Russians endeavoring to press forward to reinvest Cracow. The Austro-German forces have been reinforced and are huring the enemy back.

BERLIN DESCRIBES FIGHTING IN POLAND AS "MINOR"

Attempted Russian Advances Only Tentative Movements.

BERLIN, Jan. 7. Military headquarters deny that there has been any severe fighting either in the Carpathians or in Hungary. The fighting in the Carpathians is described

fighting in the Carpathians is described as little more than skirmishing, the reports from there indicating that the weather has interfered with aggressive operations by either side.

There has been only minor fighting during the last few days along the Vistula and other Polish rivers. The Russians have attempted advances, but they have been more in the nature of a "feeling out" movement than of an active aggressive attempt to take the German positions. For the most part, it is stated, the fighting is now only a long-range artillary duel.

artillery duel.

Although it is admitted at headquarters that the fighting in Alsace continues, flat denial is made of the French allegations of ministratial pains. It is stated that at no point have the Germans lost material strategic positions and certain of their trenches, ceded to superior force, already have been recuptured.

AUSTRIANS CUT TO PIECES IN PRZEMYSL SORTIE

Not a Mamber of Infantry Porce Re-

turns to Besigged Fortress. TROGRAD, Jan 7.—The Novoe Vrem-ells today of the annihilation of an can force which recently attempted the from the besieged Galician fori-

sorte from the bestoged Galician fortse of Frasmysi.
Extensive cavalry recommalasaness presort the sortie, which was made by
untrian infantry in force, advancing
overed a plece of woods near the city,
the Austrians gained the woods in the
tes of a strong Russian fire. The Rusma ellowed them to push forward to a
last sloss to the Russian position and
append on them with machine guns

OFFICIAL WAR REPORTS

From the gen to the Lys there were, during the day of January & only artillery duels, in which we had the advantage almost constantly.

Our batteries put to flight German aviators who were flying toward Dunkirk and extinguished the fire of mine

In the region of Seelebeke the enemy violently hombarded the head of the Belgian bridge. South of Diamude and in the region of Lillie we successfully repulsed violent assaults by the Germans upon one of our trenches. The trench at Lillie, after it had been lost by us, was retaken in a very brilliant action, and we blew up with mines parts of the German works.

Between the Somme and the Alsne there is nothing to report except artillery combats.

To the east of Rheims, at the Alger farm, the explosion of mines which

farm, the explosion of mines which we set off last night arrested the works of the enemy.

In the Argune, to the west and to the north of Verdun, there were artillery combats, but the enemy showed little activity.

little activity.

In the Woevre the progress made by us to the northwest of Filrey is more important than had been previously announced. We have made curselves masters of one part of the first line of the enemy at Steinbach, and at hill No. 425 the enemy has made no further counter

A persistent rain and the condition of the roads make all movements very

of the roads make all movements very difficult. The enemy has made two attacks, one to the west of Watwiller, the other near Kolschlad. They were immediately repulsed.

We have advanced in the direction of Alkdren, occupying the wood located four kilometres to the west of that town. Our heavy artillery has reduced to silence that of the enemy. The German artillery during the whole day bombarded the heights.

GERMAN

In the western theatre of war, English and French forces continue to destroy by bombardment Belgian and French villages behind our front.

North of Arras severe fighting continues for the trenches which we stormed and took yesterday. We have made further progress in the eastern part of the Argonne forest. Attacks were made all day Tuesday on the eastern Argonne. Near Corte Chausse the enemy advanced as far as our the enemy advanced as far as our trenches, whence he was driven back all along the line with heavy losses. Our losses were comparatively small. West of Sennhein the French reattempted last night to obtain possession of hill No. 425. Their attacks broke down under our fire. The height

remained in our possession.

The situation in the eastern theatre of war is unchanged. The continua-tion of our operations has been made under most favorable conditions, nevertheless our attacks are progress-

RUSSIAN

Our offensive is proceeding in Buko-Our offensive is proceeding in Bukowina, where we have occupied Sypot and Kameral, south of Seletin and Glischestle, on the road to Gura Hugors and Preskatchik. On January 4, after an engagement, we occupied Gura Humora and Boukschola. (Gura Humora, in southern Bukowina, is 25 miles from the border of Transylvania, Hungary.) The latter two places are situated on the best and most direct route to Transylvania by way of Bukowina.

In northern Poland our troops en

In northern Poland our troops en January 5 made a sudden attack against the village of Rozrowa, to the west of the road from Przasnysz to Mlaws. near Groudousk (12 miles southeast of Mlaws). The enemy who occupied this villags were almost en-tirely bayoneted. We also took some prisoners.

TURKISH

Our advanced troops in the direction of Bajirgue have occupied Urumiah. An indecisive battle between a Russian fleet and Turkish cruisers has taken place. The Russians sank an Italian merchantman flying the Italian flag.

NATIONS TO MAKE BELGIUM "GARDEN OF THE WORLD"

Refugees' Plan for Rebuilding Has Support of Germans.

LONDON, Jan. 7 .- The movement launched among Belgian refugees in England to rebuild devastated Belgium into a world's garden has spread into Holland, where it has created much enthuslasm, according to the Rotterdam correspondent of the Berliner Tageblatt, A branch of the International Garden

Cities Planning Association, whose headquarters is in London, has recently been opened in Rotterdam. An active propaganda is on foot there for building up model towns and a model country in Belgium.

All the civilized nations will be invited to contribute ideas for the erection in the destroyed Belgian cities, towns and vilages of model homes, which, while preserving as much as possible the picturesqueness of the buildings leveled by the guns, will exemplify the best type of community dwellings.
Commenting on this plan the Tageblatt

"The idea is salutary and has certainly been contemplated by the German Govbeen contemplated by the German Gov-ernment, which, having always sponsored and champloned the idealistic in munici-pal planning and buildings, surely will take care that her newest protectorate is resurrected from its ruins."

Richard W. Watrous, secretary of the

American Civic Association, said that students of municipal planning in the United States were following with interest the attempts which were being made to assist Belgium not only with material means, but with ideas which, if they could be realised, would build a finer Belgium that the world had known.

SENATE'S HOSTILE ATTITUDE TO WILSON EMPHASIZED

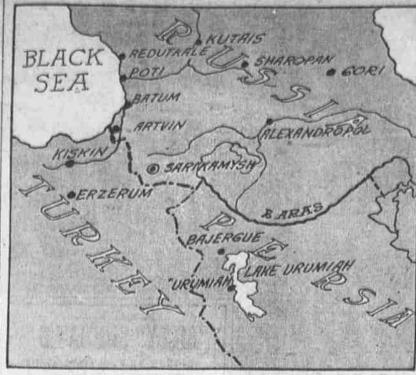
WASHINGTON, Jan. 7.-The Senate to-

Rejection of Bland's Nomination Preceded by Attack.

day was even more determined than ever to maintain its position of refusal to confirm nominees of President Wilson hostile to Senators. It was said that in executive semiion yesterday Senators Clark, of Arkaneas, and Vardaman, of Mississippi, took the position that the President made the selections to which Senators Reed, O'Gorman and others have objected selely to punish these Senators for their opposition to Administration measures. It was learned that the rejection yeaterday of the nomination of Judge Bland,
of Kanasa City, as Marshal for the western district of Miscouri, was only an incident of the look executive seasion.
Henator Reed made a speech of only
tree minutes in asking that the nomination he rejected. Benator O'Gorman, of
Now York, and he had been made the
victim of White House disapproval, while
Senator Williams, of Mississippi, deployed
the tendestry of the party to start an
internal quarrel.

Democratic Senators today expressed
the opinion that the appointments for
Maryland sunt in sesterday by the Freeldeal would be confirmed promptly. In
this instance Precident Wisson settled a
functed between matters Ire and marks
of Miryland, by although and It was learned that the rejection yes

TURKS CARRY CAMPAIGN INTO PERSIAN TERRITORY



A new movement of the Ottoman army has brought it 35 miles within the Persian border, where Urumiah was captured. The exact objective of this offensive movement is not disclosed in official Turkish dispatches, which announce seizure of the city. Turkey has not declared war against the Shah and his subjects have been credited with sympathy for the Sultan's cause,

PERSIAN CITY FALLS BEFORE TURK MARCH INTO LAKE REGIONS

Urumiah, Near Transcaucasian Border, Occupied. Russians Sink Italian Ship, Is Report.

CONSTANTYNOPLE, Jan. 7. Turkish troops have occupied the city f Urumiah, on Lake Urumiah, Persia. according to an official announcement ssued here today. The movement of this Turkish campaign is in the direction of Bajirgue.

Details of the march are lacking, and the exact objective of this campaign has not been disclosed. Fighting has been in progress in the high lake region for some time, but it has been of a desultory character. The best of the Turkish troops were engaged in the invasion of Transcaucasia, which has come to so disastrous an end. It is not believed that any great force of Turks is engaged in this movement.

An Italian merchantman, flying the Italian flag, has been sunk by the Russians, according to the official statement, which adds that an indecisive battle has taken place between Turkish and Russian

VILLA FORCES CAPTURE SALTILLO; HOLD JALISCO

General Angeles' Division Defeats Carranzistas, Says Report.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7. - Saltillo was aptured today by General Felipe captured today by General Felipe Angeles' division of Villaistas, according to dispatches from Laredo, Tex. The Carranza Governor of the State of Cohahuila was forced to move his headquarters to Monterey, which, the dis-patches stated, would be next attacked by Angeles.

The Villa forces are in control of the State of Jallsco.

The Gutierrox Government has issued decree authorizing \$300,000 of 6 per cent. bonds to be matured by a Federal stamp tax, the State Department was informed today from Mexico City. The object of the issue is to refund and unify the various issues made heretofore, and also to provide for necessary expenses. The State Department said it is expected the price of foreign exchange will be lowered by the measure.

Complete triumph of the Carranzistas at Puebla is shown by admission from Mexico City that the Zapatista garrison of Puebla is retreating in the direction of the capital.

The peace convention held no session on January 5. The reason given was that the conferees had more important affairs to occupy their attention. Another session was called for yesterday afternoon, but no report has been received of the proceedings.

The Mexican gunboat Progresso, with

a number of Constitutionalist soldiers and large quantity of Constitutionalist money and gold and silver bullion aboard, left Vera Crus on January 5. The purpose of her voyage was not revealed. It is reported she sailed for Tampico.

ITALY DEMANDS REPARATION

Austria Must Explain Detention of Hostages at Belgrade. TURIN, Jan. 7.

The newspaper Stampa says that the italian Government has demanded from Austria an explanation and prompt rep-aration for the arrest of four Italian aubjects at Belgrade, who have been held as hostages. According to the report, all foreigners in Belgrade left the city before the entry of the Austrians with the exception of

the four Italians.
It is said that one of the Italians installed a mine under the Semila bridge in 1908 at the time of the annexation of Hoznia and Herzegovina by Austria. This mine was exploded on July 33 last, destroying the arch of the bridge and preventing the Austrians from approaching Helgrade by this means.

THREE ZEPPELINS REPORTED ON WAY TO ENGLAND

Dunkirk Subjected to Renewed Raid From Air.

LONDON, Jan. 7.—A correspondent of the Daily Mail in France reports that a Zappelin airship skirted the French seaconst near Gravelines. 13 miles southwest of Dunkirk, on Wednesday morning, and then turned wassward toward England, and that it is rumored that two other Zappelins preceded it.

"Thereaftes throughout the whole day," the correspondent adds, "Dunkirk was subjected to German saropiane taids and statements to done bombs, but cosing to

GARIBALDI RED SHIRT ON GRANDSON'S BIER CALLS ROME TO WAR

Funeral of Liberator's Kin, Slain in Allies' Cause, Scene of Anti-German Demonstration.

By ALICE ROHE

ROME, Jan. 7.-The spirit of Garibaldi s stalking through the streets of Rome. The red shirt of the dead patriot, spread upon the coffin of his grandson, who died in France fighting for the Allies, brought the war spirit to the front as never before since the opening of the war.

All the way from the railway station to Verano Cemetery the funeral procession moved through triple ranks of Italians who alternately wept and cheered for the success of the Allies. No one in official life made any effort to minimize the demonstration.

It was plain from the beginning that this was not the mere funeral of a hero, even though Bruno Garibaldi was blood kin to Italy's greatest hero. Rather the fact was emphasized that the dead man represented the sympathies of the thousands who had brought home to them the fact that Italian soldiers are now fighting in allen uniforms for a nation with whom Italy deeply sympathizes.

While the fact that Bruno Garibaldi dled in action with his regiment of Italian volunteers for France was sufficient to rouse the fighting spirit, the fact that just before the body arrived word came that Constantino Garibaldi, a brother, also had been killed, increased the patriot-

As the procession advanced, headed by veterans of Garibaldi's original legions, wearing their picturesuge red-shirted uni-forms and marching to the strains of the "Marseillaise," it was greeted by wild cheering and cries of "Vive la France," which the thousands of gendarmes at first vainly tried to suppress.

An enormous crowd had gathered in the square in front of the Belgian legation, and it demonstrated its approval as the banners carried in the procession were dipped in salute to the Belgian flag flying at half staff over the building. In the procession in the position of honor there marched on foot the Am-

bassadors of France, England and Rus-sia and the Belsian, Montenegrin and Servian Ministers with their official staffs in full uniform.

Despite the presence of the enormous

force of troops, an occasional cry of "Down with Germany" rang out from the crowd.

In the funeral cortege were represented the Socialistic and Masonic societies, representatives of Trieste and Trent Provinces and every element of Italian life, including even members of the Vatican. It was plain that the sentiment animating the crowds in the streets was in every way an indorsement of the war preparations which the Italian Govern-ment is making, and the entrance of Italy into the war on the side of the Allies is again predicted.

TWO TURKISH WARSHIPS ATTACK 17 RUSSIANS

Another Bold Feat Reported by Ottoman War Office. CONSTANTINOPLE, Jan. 7. - An of-

ficial communication issued yesterday "Two Turkish cruisers were in action

yesterday in the Black Sea against a Russian fleet of 17 units. Despite the Russian's numerical supercrity, our ships were not damaged."

It is stated here today that several steamships and old sailing ships laden with stones and earth have been sunk in the mouth of the Dardanelles to prevent raid by warships of the allied flocts. Europeans are warned they approach the coust at the risk of being shot. Much activity is being shown in all the forts.

Reports received here are to the effect that the former German cruiser Goeben. which now flies the Turkish flag, struck two Russian mines in the neighborhood of the Bosporus and was seriously dameaged. She has two big holes on her water line, and it will take two or three months to repair her.

This fact, it is said, has been kept secret from the people of Constantinople.

TURCO-GREEK BREAK NEAR Atrocities in Asia Minor Reported

by Consuls.

TURKISH REMNANTS IN CAUCASIA FACING ANNIHILATION BY FOE

Two Entire Corps Wiped Out; Fleeing Forces Hemmed in by Russians in Dangerous Passes.

The flower of the Turkish army has been annihilated in Transcaucasia. The rout of the Ottoman forces at Ardagan and Sari Kamysh appears more complete with additional details of the ten days' battles in those regions. The remhants, fleeing from Ardagan, it is reported here, are surrounded and will be cut to pleces.

The following report has been made of the victories:

"At the end of November the bulk of the third Turkish army was sent to the region east of Erzerum preceded by two army corps, besides a reserve corps near Hassan Kalah.

'In conformity with the plan of Enver Pashs, the third army was to proceed as follows: The 9th and 10th Corps were to advance in the direction of Olti Clust within the Russian border, 23 miles northeast of Erzerum) and form the offensive wing, while the 11th Corps had orders to hold its powerful organized position and to attract through a strategic demonstration the weight of our troops. In case the Russian troops had taken up the offensive energetically, the 11th Corps had been ordered to fall back on the fortress of Erzerum, carrying along with it the

TURKISH STRATEGY.

"The 10th Turkish Corps was then to dvance in two columns, the first including one division, proceeding toward Id (in Turkey, 12 miles southwest of Oiti) by the Olti-Shai Valley. The second, two divisions strong, was to advance on Ardost (40 miles east of Olth) through the Servy-Chai Valley. The 9th Corps was to take the offensive in the internal be-tween the 10th and 11th Army Corps. "Our troops in the region of Olti checked with great courage the Turkish advance.

despite the numerical superiority of the enemy, and through several counter attacks inflicted heavy losses.
"In the meantime, we detected a strong Turkish column, reinforced by Moslem rebels, which was advancing from the Penjouretsk and Jalagouztchamsk Passes in the direction of Ardagan. The garrison which we had left at this point, after holding out for 17 days, fell back a little

"Having received reinforcements, we at-tacked on January 3 the Turkish forces concentrated at Ardagan, and inflicted upon the enemy a complete defeat. We captured the flag of the 5th Infantry Regiment, a part of the Constantinople garrison.

During the development of a quent action we discovered that the bulk of the Turkish forces, that is to say, the 3th and 10th army corps, were taking the offensive against Sari Kamysh. This movement was undertaken through mountain roads and steep passes buried deep in snow. The Turkish troops were abundantly provided with provisions and war material. The enemy had planned war material. The enemy had planned the operation, relying on the sympathy and help of the natives who previously had been influenced by Turkish emis-

TWO CORPS DESTROYED.

"The task of our troops consisted in holding on the front important forces of the enemy, and at the same time in of-fering a resistance strong enough to check the 9th and 10th corps. In spite of the extraordinary difficulties of this, in spite, also of the rigors of the winter and of the necessity of fighting in passes of mountains rising 10,000 feet and covered with snow, our valiant troops, after a fierce battle extending over 10 days, fulfilled brilliantly the exceptional task which had been imposed upon them. "They repulsed the frantic attacks of the Turks on the flank and on the front, and at Sari Kamysh enveloped and almost annihilated two Turkish corps. They captured one of these corps, with its commander, three division generals with their staffs, a number of officers, thousands of sublishers and thousands of soldiers and many guns rapid-firers and horses.

"The fighting was very flerce on the principal front and, of course, necessitated a change in the grouping of our forces in regions of secondary importance. We brought certain detachments

nearer our frontier.
"We have not yet ascertained the extent of our booty. The pursuit of the enemy still continues."

ITALY'S 3,433,150 TROOPS **GET MOBILIZATION ORDER**

Strength of Army if General Call Is Issued.

ROME, Jan. 7.-The following premo-bilization announcement is published

"The first and second categories of the 10 classes from 1888 to 1895 are to be assigned to the first line troops; the third

signed to the first line troops; the third category of the same classes, besides the three categories of the 10 classes from 1878 to 1885, are to be assigned to the mobile territorial milita."

Thus all able-bedied men between the

Thus all able-bodied men between the ages of 20 and 40 are to be included. Four classes—those of 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895—are now with the colors. The three classes recently trained and sent home are liable to immediate mobilization.

All Italians are liable to military gervice for 19 years from the age of 20. Two years are spent with the colors, six "en conge," four in the mobile militia and seven in the territorial militia. In case of general mobilization the peace strength of general mobilisation the peace strength of 15,173 officers and 289,463 men is in-creased to a total 3,633,150, as follows:

Officers
First line troops
Second line troops
Mobile militia
Ferritorial militia 289,448 - 289,448 - 491,607 - 328,601 - 2,281,800

Total 3,433,150
The categories of each year's recruits are regulated by family conditions specified by law. Those belonging to the first category pass only one year with the colors, but must pay about \$200 to \$200 annually thereafter for exemption. This privilege ceases in case of a call for general mobilization such as is now imminent in Italy.

Senate to Attend Anniversary WASHINGTON, Jan. 7.—The Senate today accepted an invitation to its members to attend the celebration of the 160th anniversary of the battle of New Orleans, January 8-18, at New Orleans.

14"ANNUAL JANUARY 0-16 Metropolites Building ADMINION ON THURSDAY OF

WAR OF THE NATIONS NOW MATTER OF MEN

Lord Curzon, in his address to the British Parliament yesterday, said: "The campaign on the Continent is tending to become a question of

men."
Lord Kitchener told Parliament:
"The great advantages which Germany enjoyed by reason of its superiority of numbers and extensive war preparations have certainly diminished, while the Allies daily are increasing their resources in such a way as to enable them to prosecute the war to a triumphant end."

SECRET NAVAL BASE FOR THE KARLSRUHE IN HAITI, IS REPORT

German Cruiser Supplied With Coal and Provisions at Mole St. Nicolas. Complications Feared.

PORT-AU-PRINCE, Halti, Jan. 7. according to advices received here, both letters and from visiting fishermen, Mole St. Nicholas has been converted into a naval base for Germany and is now the port of the German cruiser Karlsruhe. To make matters more complicated, there has been an interruption in the line of the French cable company between this port and Cape Haitien and between Cape Haitien and Mole St. Nicolas.

Although the Government has issued formal denial of the rumors, definite word has been received from a prominent resident of Cape Haltien that steamships from New York and New Orleans have been landing coal and provisions in large quan-tities at Mole St. Nicolas for some time, and that for some weeks the Karlsruhe has been taking these aboard when necessary. Fishermen report having frequently seen the Karlsruhe in the Windward Pas-sage headed toward the Mole. Foreign diplomatists stationed here

say that the United States Government is keenly alive to the danger of in-ternational complications in connection with what is said to be tantamount to a German seizure of Mole St. Nicolas. The United States has appeared in negotiations for the German purchase of Mole St. Nicolas previously.

Negotiations by Germany for a naval base at Mole St. Nicolas have twice been on, and a contract was drawn up conveying the Mole to Germany for naval purposes a little more than a year ago, and President Oreste was about to affix his signature to it when Mr. Osborn then Assistant Secretary of State, came to Port-au-Prince on board a United States warship and prevented the trans

To appreciate the importance of Mole St. Nicolas as a naval base, one must realize that the harbor is large enough to accommodate a great navy and is one of the finest natural marine retreats n the world.
The Theodore Government has given

out a statement that it is possible for the Karlsruhe to use the harbor without the Government knowing it. In connection with the news about the Karlsruhe, reports received here today state that there is in progress a counter revolt against the Government of President Theodore in Grand Riviere and Ba-hon in the south and in Ouanaminth in the north. A considerable force is said to have espoused the cause of General Vilbrun Guillaume, who is said to have a large silent following in many parts of the island. General Theodore's adviser in the present crisis is Mr. Furniss, former Minister to Hayti from the United States.

TWO MORE VESSELS SUNK BY MINES IN NORTH SEA

Danish Steamship, With Crew, Lost; British Craft Wrecked. COPENHAGEN, Jan. 7.—The Danish steamship Shingoif has been sunk by striking a mine in the North Sea and 17 members of her crew drowned.

New Castle-on-Line, Eng., Jan. 7 .- The New Castle-on-Line, Eng., Jan. N.-The steamship Affrieda, carrying a crew of 22, was sunk in the North Sea by a mine two miles off Scarborough today. A wireless said that all the crew had escaped on the ship's boats.

CZAR LAUNCHES OFFENSIVE AGAIN GERMANS AT MLA

Surprise Attack Takes P on Way to East Pres Frontier - Garrie Bayonetted in Charge

PETROGRAD, Ju The Russian army in North Poly aunched a sudden assault upon emy within the Russian frontier new movement against Mlawa to penetration of the east Prussi tler at Soldau, is in progress. By a surprise attack the sir Rozrowa was captured and the me onyoneted in a brilliant charge. Rozrowa is a village west of the rom Przasnysz to Mlawa, and b Groudousk. It previously had strengthened by the Germans. Another great battle for the po

of Miawa is developing according of Miawa is developing according ficial dispatches from Warsaw. Duke Nicholas is sending heary forcements to strengthen the figure forcements to strengthen the figure forcements in Poland, near the Prussian frontier, 60 miles northed saw. It was used as the base in the figure for the German armies used by Marshal von Hindenburg in his advice against Warsaw.)

Apparently the Russian military and provided the German armies and the figure for the German armies used by Marshal von Hindenburg in his advice against Warsaw.) Apparently the Russian military

Apparently the tracks to their fronts to have found another army with a take the offensive against the offensi position at Mlawa. However, the mans are still hammering at the Re line drawn directly across the re Warsaw from the west, but, it is no with less force behind them. In Galicia, however, where they have forced the Austrians, they have so the Russian advance near Gories. In southern Poland wet wee Infervenced and put a stop to the as Neither side is able to move there to the high water and the mud. The Russians continue to drive Austrians through the snews

passes of the Carpathlans and passes of the Carpathians and a Bukowina.

The Russian offensive in Buke continues, and it is known that the are marching along the Rus frontier toward the Brogo Pass Fransylvanta. It is reported here that the Runs reservists have been warned to themselves in readiness, and in

ALLIES GAIN ON YSER FR

developments are expected them a short time.

Concentrate Forces for Drive When Weather Permis THE HAGUE, Ju

The correspondent of the Courant, who has been allowed to the French headquarters in Belgius serts that the Allies have make stantial gains along the Yser front for strategic reasons have been co He asserts that in December they a distance of two miles along the front. Behind their lines they have built all of the roads and have also in the rebuilding of villages which burned during the general fightlar He declares that it is plain the Allies are being concentrated in a for a general drive as soon as si conditions permit.



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Rich milk, malted grain, in par form. For infants, invalids and a ing children. Pure nutrition, w ing the whole body. Invigorates ing mothers and the aged. healthful than tea or coffee. Take no substitute. Ask for HORLI

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