

whom pass through Paris on their way to detention camps in the southwest. German soldiers are suffering fright-

fully from the insanitary conditions in their trenches and from the lack of substantial food.

GAINS ON MEUSE, RIGHT IS FIRM, BERLIN DECLARES

BERLIN, Sept. 29. The War Office, in its official statement today, declared the operations in France had settled down to a general artillery duel, interspersed with frequent assaults at the vital points along the line.

The report says: While the fighting is general it is not apparent at any line of the battle that the conflict has entered into deciding stages. The German right has been subjected to severe pressure, but every attempt to penetrate it has been repelled with great loss to the enemy.

On the center there has been no decided change for nearly a week, while on the left the fighting continues. Our forces continue to make gains along the lines of the Meuse.

In an earlier statement the Government emphatically denied the British contention that more than one submarine took part in the attack on the cruisers Cressy, Aboukir and Hogue. The report of the Cressy's officers that she fired on the U-9 are characterized as false.

Those attending the meeting stated their readiness to make any sacrifice to see that the German Government has sufficient finances to carry the war to a successful conclusion.

of cruisers, destroyers and torpedo-boats, but escaped under cover of darkness.

It is reported from the front that the Belgians, during a sortie from Antwerp, occupied for a time the village of Linden, near Louvain. In that village is a castle belonging to a Dutch family named Van Blankenbagen. This Dutch family, out of goodness of heart, had turned the castle into a temporary Red Cross hospital.

The Belgians fired upon the village and the castle was burned. This is attributed to the anger of the Belgians, who accused the Dutch Government of allowing German troops to cross Dutch territory.

A mass-meeting of leading financiers, business men and others was held here, when a resolution was unanimously adopted providing the success of the recent war loan.

Those attending the meeting stated their readiness to make any sacrifice to see that the German Government has sufficient finances to carry the war to a successful conclusion.

VON KLUK WEAKENING, IS BELIEF IN LONDON

LONDON, Sept. 17. The Government Press Bureau today issued a statement saying that the position of the British in France is good. It makes particular mention of an aeroplane victory. Field Marshal Sir John French believes that the German defensive positions along the Aisne were chosen while the offensive operations of the Germans were still in progress.

Meagre telegrams which the censors have allowed to filter through from the French theatre of war indicate that the Germans have been forced from part of their strong positions along the Aisne. The censors refuse to allow correspondents to mention the name of any town along the Oise and Aisne where fighting is in progress unless contained in official statements, but the press dispatches point strongly to the fact that General von Kluk has been pushed from some of his strong-holds.

Troop movements, more important than any yet made, are believed to be under way.

Thus the 55th day of the war seems to find the Allies in a better position than any they have occupied, and the 17th day of fighting in the great Aisne battle points to a conclusion of the engagement before the end of the present week.

In an official statement coming from the field headquarters of Field Marshal Sir John French, commander of the British troops in France, it is stated that the British received reinforcements last week, enabling units that had been continuously under fire to get a rest.

HIGHLANDER CHIEF CAPTIVE LONDON, Sept. 29.—Colonel Frederick Gordon, of the Gordon Highlanders, who was reported to have been killed in action on the Continent is a prisoner in Germany. James W. Gerard, the American Ambassador in Berlin, today sent word to this effect to the Gordon family.

TSING-TAO FORTS TARGET OF JAPANESE BOMBARDMENT Fleet Begins Shelling Leasehold Town; Land Assault Continues.

TOKIO, Sept. 29. The Japanese fleet has begun the bombardment of the German fortresses at Tsing-Tao.

Official announcement to this effect was made today.

According to a Peking dispatch, the Germans have evacuated the Waldsee line in defense because of an overwhelming force of English and Japanese troops. Tsing-Tao is now completely invested, the report says.

The land forces of the Japanese and their allies have driven back the outer defenses of the Germans in Kiaochow, capturing four quick-fire guns and 20 prisoners.

Chinese Wreck Bridge TO RLOCK JAPANESE PATH Advance of Land Force Against Kiaochow Impeded by Act.

PEKIN, Sept. 29. Advice from Wei-Hai-Wei say that Chinese troops have blown up the railroad bridge at Tashu-Ho, Shantung Peninsula, in the path of the advancing Japanese army moving against Kiaochow.

It is not known whether this action was taken under orders from the Chinese Government.

Recently it was announced that the Chinese cabinet had sent orders to the Chinese commander of Shantung province that he was not to interfere with the Japanese. However, when the Japanese landed troops and seized Wei-Hai-Wei on Saturday China formally protested to Japan that Chinese neutrality was being violated.

PLEGED POLISH AUTONOMY RESCINDED BY GOVERNOR Swift Penalty Reported for Poles' Aid to Austria.

BERLIN, Sept. 29. Press dispatches report that the Russian commander-in-chief has now rescinded his promised autonomy to Poland, because Polish riders fought on the Austrian side at Lemberg.

According to information received here the Polish condition that all Poles remained loyal to Russia. The manifesto must certainly have proved worthless under any circumstances, because it did not bear the czar's signature.

FIVE VICTIMS OF EMDEN London Officially Admits Losses Due to Cruiser's Raid.

LONDON, Sept. 29. The German cruiser Emden has sunk four British merchantmen in the Indian Ocean and has captured a collier," says an official statement given out by the War Information Bureau today.

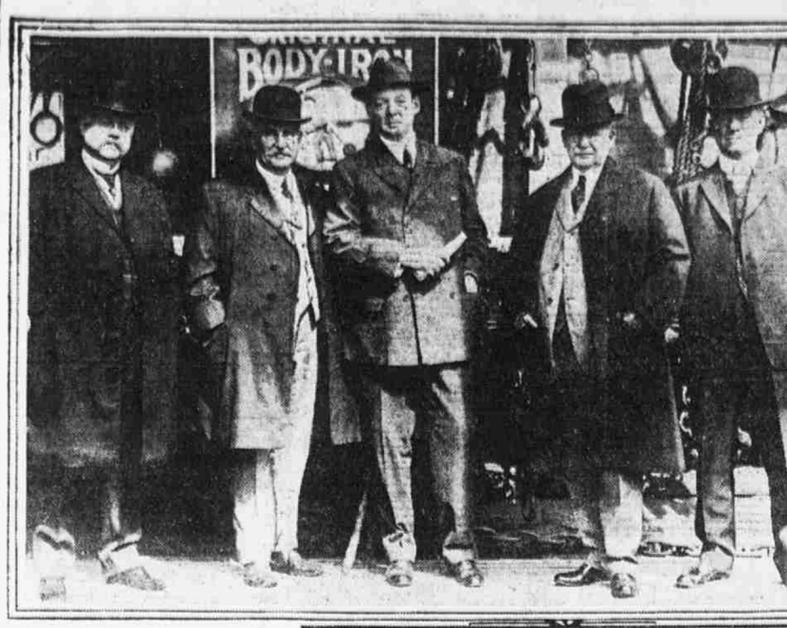
The crews of all are reported safe. The statement adds: The German cruiser Emden has captured the British ships Townerie, King, Lord, Ribera and Foville. All of them were sunk after being taken.

RUSSIANS LEVY HEAVILY ON AUSTRIAN EQUIPMENT Capture Guns and Supplies in Addition to 64,000 Prisoners.

PETROGRAD, Sept. 29. The official Army Gazette states that between August 11 and September 14 the Russian forces in Galicia captured seven regimental standards, 87 guns, including 35 German guns, 44 machine guns, 523 ammunition carts and 54,000 prisoners, including one general and 33 officers.

GERMAN NAVAL LOSSES BERLIN, Sept. 29.—The sixth German naval casualty list issued today gives the name of one man killed and 21 officers and 45 men missing.

MEN WHO GASPED AT "OCEAN HELL"



DIRECTOR PORTER POSES ON "FLOGGING TRIANGLE"

DIRECTOR PORTER POSES ON "FLOGGING TRIANGLE"

Photographed When Private Party Visits Convict Ship "Success."

Director Porter had a taste of the "flogging triangle" today when he visited the prison ship "Success," now anchored off the Market street wharf. Stretched out on the triangle, "a very uncomfortable position," as he called it, Director Porter posed for a photograph, a symbol of the triumph of modern penal methods against the inhuman ways of old.

Director Porter were the Board of Inspectors of the Eastern Penitentiary, Warden Robert J. McKenty, of the penitentiary, and a number of friends.

The party was invited by Captain Smith, of the Success, to view the ship privately. They were so impressed with what they saw, the instruments of punishment, the cells, the solitary confinement deck and the general atmosphere that pervades the "ocean hell," as the Success was called when in commission, that they entered and re-entered the cells in an endeavor to get closer to the experiences of suffering and horror to which human beings were subjected as late as forty years ago, when the ship and four sister ships used for the same purpose were abolished.

When some one in the party commented on the fact that the ship typified the most horrible example of man's inhumanity to man, Warden McKenty declared, "I can show you things just as bad in this country," which brought to mind the fact that there are yet many things in the way of prison reform to be accomplished in this country.

In the party, besides Director Porter and Warden McKenty, were Robert A. Balfour, Charles Carver, Dr. Charles D. Hart and John E. Hanifen, comprising the board of inspectors of the Eastern Penitentiary; the Rev. Thomas W. Davis, Judge A. Searle, Judge Morris S. Barratt, Lieutenant Commander G. B. Landerberger, U. S. N., Major Maylon Pickering and others.



Director Porter, the Board of Inspectors of the Eastern State Penitentiary and Warden Robert J. McKenty visited the convict ship Success, now lying off the Market street wharf. The Director, in the picture at the right, is shown outstretched on the "flogging triangle," a feat which he performed with the desire of ascertaining how it felt to receive the punishment. In the picture above, reading from left to right, are Robert A. Balfour, Charles Carver, Dr. Charles D. Hart, John E. Hanifen and Warden Robert J. McKenty, of the Eastern Penitentiary.

"SUNK TWO BRITISH SHIPS," IS PIGEON'S MESSAGE

Announcement of German Victory Off Florida Found in Cylinder.

ST. AUGUSTINE, Fla., Sept. 29. "September 29, 1914, off Florida coast.—Just sunk two British ships. (Signed) "GERMAN B. S. L. 12-12."

It is supposed that the code "B. S. L." refers to the German cruiser Breslau, which has been operating in waters off the Florida coast.

This typewritten message in a small cylinder was taken from a carrier pigeon which fluttered in from the Atlantic Ocean this morning.

Another carrier pigeon came in late yesterday, dropping from exhaustion, bearing a tiny cylinder tied to its leg. The cylinder was inscribed "Germany 12-12."

KAISER MUST BE SCOTCHED

Secretary of Presbyterian General Assembly Opposes Militarism.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Sept. 29.—The Kaiser must be scotched for the future preservation of the world's peace. He personifies militarism, and militarism must be eliminated from the world at whatever cost," declared David McConnell, secretary of the Presbyterian General Assembly, representing nearly a million and a half communicants, here today.

Members of the joint committee are of the same opinion. The Rev. John Timothy Stone, Pittsburg, denied the great war spelled failure for religion. "The general denunciation of the waste of human life throughout the world is religion's victory," he asserted. "Peace on earth, good will to men," have been decreed. The critics forget the preliminary injunction, "Glory to God in the Highest." When all men glorify God there will be no more war.

ANGLO-FRENCH FLEET AGAIN TRAINS GUNS ON CATTARO

Two Forts Destroyed in Renewal of Bombardment.

BRINDISI, Italy, Sept. 29. The Anglo-French fleet in the Adriatic has resumed its bombardment of the Austrian port of Cattaro. Two of the forts which have been defending the city have been destroyed.

An Austrian man-of-war is reported to have been torpedoed by the Anglo-French fleet.

VIENNA, Sept. 29. It is stated here that the French bombardment of Cattaro has been unsuccessful.

One big French cruiser is said to have been sunk by the Austrian forts at Cattaro and two others are reported damaged.

BERLIN, Sept. 29. A dispatch to the Cologne Gazette from the Italian forts at Cattaro on September 19 sank a big French warship.

The forts, it is said, had intercepted a wireless message concerning the movement in the direction of Cattaro of 15 warships and three cruisers. The Austrians awaited their arrival, fully prepared. A salvo from the first fort sank the warship, and the other vessels in the fleet retreated hastily.

ZEPPELINS FALL VICTIMS OF ALLIES' DEADLY FIRE Artillery Brings Down Number of German Air Fighters.

LONDON, Sept. 29.—A Reuter dispatch from Paris says that the French and English artillery has been particularly successful in the last few days in bringing down German aeroplanes.

RUSSIANS CHECK GERMANS IN STORMING POLISH FORT

Kaiser's Offensive Ends With Repulse in Suwalki Province.

PETROGRAD, Sept. 29. Russian troops are rapidly pushing their offensive movement in the forests of Augustow in Suwalki province, it was officially announced today.

The attempt by the Germans, with the aid of large siege guns, to capture the fortress of Osowetz has been checked.

"The offensive movement of the Russians in the forest of Augustow, Russian Poland, province of Suwalki, is being pushed forward rapidly," says the official statement. "The Germans are using heavy siege artillery in the bombardment of the fortress of Osowetz. Attempts by the German infantry to close in on the fortress have been checked.

A report from the Berlin War Office, however, states that Russian attempts to take the initiative in East Prussia have been a failure.

"The French Minister of Marine has today denied the report emanating from German sources that the Austrian forts at Cattaro had sunk a large French warship. The dispatch reads: "The French Minister of Marine has made known that the report of the sinking of a French warship by Austrian forts is entirely false, and that there is nothing to justify such a story. Up to date no French warship has been reached by an Austrian projectile."

Another dispatch from Bordeaux to the Embassy dealing with the moratorium as applied to banks reads as follows: "The French government published today in the official journal a new decree deciding the prorogation of payments and the withdrawal of money deposited in banking establishments. According to the terms of article 5 of the moratorium, the benefit of the sundry delays given to the banking establishments by this decree cannot be claimed by any corporation which would have paid dividends on its stock or on founders' shares. This disposition has been taken for the reason that the creditors of banking establishments, and in particular those who have checking accounts, are so situated that they must have preference over stockholders."

FRENCH TAKE GERMAN CONGO Occupy Greater Part of Foe's Territory in Africa.

PARIS, Sept. 29. French forces have occupied the greater part of the Congo territory ceded to Germany by the treaty of 1911. It was officially announced today.

DOUBLE BATTLE DUE AFTER AISNE FIGHT, STRATEGISTS SAY

Expect War to End With Simultaneous Conflicts Waged West of Rhine and in East Prussia.

By WILLIAM PHILIP SIMMS PARIS, Sept. 29.

That the battle which will end the war will be fought soon, probably before the extreme cold weather sets in, is the opinion of foreign military attaches here. They believe that it must take place probably immediately after the battle of the Aisne enters into its decisive stages. And the majority of them look for simultaneous conflicts, one in Belgium and west of the Rhine, and the other in the eastern theatre of activities, probably in East Prussia.

French officers to whom I talked on my trip from the front seemed to share the same opinion. They declared that there was such a decided contrast between the spirits of the Germans and the Allies that it became very noticeable. The French soldiers are absolutely confident of victory. In fact they are so convinced they are the superiors of the Germans that the chief difficulty of officers is keeping their troops from recklessly exposing themselves.

I had an opportunity personally to observe the spirit of the French soldier. The thing that most impressed me was his complete cheerfulness and his desire to continue on the offensive night and day. I was surprised to find regiments of soldiers made up from those who left French shops and factories and who, according to the German military comments, could not stand hardship—absolutely disregarding exposure, and in every way healthy. Under a heavy cold, drizzle, with their uniforms soaked and the water dripping from the lips of their noses, they would sing and jest with each other.

The inspector general declared that on the average there were fewer French soldiers sick at present than during the maneuvers or other strenuous times when war conditions do not prevail. Despite this the utmost endeavors are being made to provide the army with winter clothing. Henri Gall, the Paris deputy announced today, the latter is endeavoring to have the Government begin the manufacture of warm clothing and thus solve the problem of the unemployed.

BOY SCOUTS JOIN POLICE LOOKING FOR MISSING LAD

Member of the Nicetown Club Has Been Gone Since Thursday.

Every boy scout in Philadelphia today was instructed to be on the lookout for George Heist, 14 years old, 3745 North Fifth street, a member of the Nicetown Boys' Club who has been missing from home since last Thursday when he left his father's house to join a company of scouts for practice.

The lad was last seen in Germantown on Chew street between Vine and the railroad tracks. He wore a plaid cap, black shirt, blue sweater and blue bloomers trousers. He was carrying a red sweater and wore regulation Boy Scout leggings. He is four feet high, has brown hair and is medium dark complexioned.

When the news of young Heist's disappearance became known, Director of the Department of Public Safety Porter immediately gave orders to all policemen to look for the boy and at the same time to search for any other missing boys in their commands to do likewise.

INJURED SAVING DOG Man Falls from Curb Going to Help Animal in Distress.

Playing the part of a good Samaritan toward a hungry, homeless dog proved costly to John Dwyer, 129 Cornwallis street, this afternoon.

Dwyer was about to board a trolley car at Kensington avenue and Somerset street, when a hungry looking dog made his appearance. Dwyer left the car he intended sitting on so part in order to care for the dog, and in doing so fell from the curb a distance of about seven inches, and broke his ankle.

He was taken to the Episcopal Hospital, and while the doctors were getting the fracture Dwyer insisted that his little friend be given the best of attention until he was able to leave the hospital. The patrol car was called to the scene and Clearfield street station, who brought him to the hospital, promised to take care of the dog until the man was able to go home.

WRECKED VESSEL SAVED Four-Master Schooner Picked Up Off the Delaware Capes.

News reached this city today that the four-masted schooner, Helen Montague, dismasted and waterlogged, was picked up off the Delaware Capes on Monday by the steamer "Hesperus," from Boston, and towed into Hampton Roads.

The vessel was wrecked during a storm on Sunday night. None of her crew was saved. Several sustained severe injuries while fighting for life in the howling gale. The schooner was bound for Boston from Baltimore with a cargo of coal.

BANS AIR RIFLE SALES Judge Gorman Denounces Practice as Dangerous for Children.

The sale of air rifles and firearms to children was denounced in the Juvenile Court today by Judge Gorman at the hearing of John Heinrich, 9 years old, 299 Monroe street, who shot his cousin, Leo Caszner, of 39 Norfolk street, in the eye with a bullet from an air rifle recently.

ALLIES' INABILITY TO EXPEL GERMANS, BLAMED ON SPIES

Interpretation Placed on Field Marshal French's Lengthy Description—Numerous Battles in Air

LONDON, Sept. 29.

Field Marshal Sir John French's lengthy description of the moves in the battle of the Aisne is interpreted as an excuse for the failure of the Allies to crush the German right wing. The excellence of the Kaiser's espionage system is believed to have blocked the Allies' plans.

"The Allies undoubtedly have found weak spots along the German lines, but the preparations for massing troops there have not been secret. The only secrecy has been the means of communication between the German spies and the German headquarters. Until this is overcome there will be no advantage to the Allies in attack, and the Germans will stay fastened in France.

The War Bureau today gave out an addition to last night's report from the front, this one dealing with the operations of September 23 and 24. It confirmed the impression that the present battle more closely resembled a siege than anything else at the time the report was written.

"The operations of the 34th and 5th," says the report, "found a growing resemblance to a general siege in every detail. The German position was a movement against the German position. Naturally the chief reason for this is the fact that the enemy is most strongly entrenched and his army is equipped with plenty of heavy artillery, all well mounted.

"It is very plain from observations by the British Aerial Corps that this position was actually selected by chance. In fact, it is certain that the trenchments are of an almost permanent nature. The enemy had sufficient time solidly to entrench himself more than half-way across France and the line along the Aisne had been put in condition before the battle of the Marne had entered its decisive phase by the German sappers.

"Because of this fact it is considered with certainty that the selection was not a haphazard one. Instead the Germans knew just where they were going and there are abundant evidences that the position actually was located by the German General Staff in anticipation of just what afterward happened."

The report adds: "Wednesday was a perfect autumn day. There was an almost complete absence of wind, of which the members of the Royal British aviation corps took full advantage, gathering much information regarding the disposition of the enemy's forces in our front.

"Unfortunately, one of our airmen, who had been particularly active annoying the enemy by dropping bombs on their camps, was wounded in mid-air. He was alone in a single-seated monoplane and was unable to use his rifle. While he was circling above a German two-seater aeroplane, bearing the aviator and an observer, in an endeavor to get within pistol shot of the two Germans, he was hit by a bullet fired by the observer in the direction of the British aviator.

"He managed to fly back over our lines and by great good luck descended close to a motor ambulance which conveyed him to a field hospital.

"Against this mishap to the British aviator may be set off the fact that our fliers exploded a bomb among the artillery positions of the Germans, killing several and stunning the rest. "On Thursday the fine weather continued as did the lull in the action. The Germans continued the bombardment of our lines, the shells falling mostly near Pargnan.

SERB-MONTENEGRIN FORCES BEGIN TO SHELL SARAJEVO

Austrians Also Losing Final Foot-hold on Servian Soil.

ROME, Sept. 29. A dispatch from Cetinje says that Servian and Montenegrin forces before Sarajevo, capital of the Serbs, have begun the bombardment of the city.

BOY THEY BEFRIENDED ROBS COUPLE'S HOME

Left in Charge of the House, He Takes Valuables and Cash.

Leaving a boy, 17 years old, whom they had befriended, in charge of their home, a man and woman were robbed last night, Joseph Reader and his wife, 24 North Marvins street, returned to find that he had taken everything handy that was worth taking, including almost \$100 in cash.

The boy, who had told them his name was Rox Erata, with no home, was taken into their house and treated as a guest. The man and woman remain until he found some work, when he promised to repay them for their kindness. Mr. and Mrs. Reader notified a Detective Bureau, who have sent out a description of the boy to the police of nearby cities, since they believe him to be a professional thief for whom they have been hunting for several months.

MUCH CLATTER; LITTLE FIRE Great Array of Apparatus Ready to Fight Fire in Cupboard.

Three engine companies, a battalion chief, a hook and ladder truck, the ambulance from St. Timothy's hospital and a policeman from three station houses were called upon today to extinguish a small blaze in a kitchen cupboard at the home of Albert Zahn, 183 Calvert street, Manassas. The loss ran less than \$100. Mrs. Zahn was fumigating the cupboard when she felt a puff of smoke from her torch. Excited persons in the house heard her cry "fire," and rushing to the street turned in an alarm.

A few moments later sufficient apparatus to fight a blaze in a cotton mill changed and clattered to the scene. Firemen and policemen ran this way and that way searching for the conflagration. In the meanwhile a few buckets of water silenced the blaze in the Zahn kitchen.

Revision Assistants Named

A committee of five to assist the Building Commission in the revision of the building code in Camden was announced today by James E. Hewitt, president of the City Council. They are Ralph (George) Bachman, Ephraim Tomlinson and General John A. Matter.

Motocyclist Hurt in Collision

In a crash between an automobile and a motorcycle at Eighth and Market streets this afternoon, Frank Flora, Berlin, N. J., riding the motorcycle, was badly injured. He was taken to the Jefferson Hospital. Physicians say he will recover.

WILL ADDRESS Y. M. C. A.

Charles E. Mink, president of the National Association of Credit Men, will be the principal speaker at a meeting tonight in the Central Branch of the Young Men's Christian Association, 429 Arch street. His subject will be "The Credit Man and His Work."

NEW PENNSYLVANIA POSTMASTERS

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—The President today sent to the Senate these nominations for postmasters in Pennsylvania: William A. Kefauver, Homestead; H. P. Somers, Tatesboro; and John Kaboe, Pittston.