

# THE EVENING LEDGER

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## TRAINS CRASH IN NEW YORK SUBWAY; 3 FATALLY INJURED

Panic and Fire Follow When Passengers Fight Guards Until Car Doors Are Opened.

Three Fire Alarms Bring Firemen to the Scene to Fight Blaze With Streams of Water—Many Overcome.

NEW YORK, Sept. 29.—One of the most serious accidents in the history of the New York subway system, which has been remarkably free of any mishaps, occurred early today when two trains collided underneath 142d street, the Bronx.

The injured men are Isaac Schwartz, motorman of empty passenger train; William Horton, motorman of work train, and Frank Colombosick, a track walker.

## CARRANZA HOLDS ON AT NATIONAL PALACE DESPITE VILLA NOTE

Indications Point to His Purpose to Remain Until Convention of Constitutionalist General.

Message From Partisans of Former Ally Demanding Surrender to Calderon Met by Active Military Preparations.

EL PASO, Tex., Sept. 29.—Reports reaching here today from Mexico persist in saying that General Francisco Villa has been assassinated by his secretary, Fierro.

Little credence is placed in the rumors because the message from Chihuahua last night quoted Villa on the present Mexican situation.

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 29.—Despite the demands of General Villa and Villal's generals, that Provisional President Venustiano Carranza resign, the indications today were that Carranza would remain in the National Palace at least until the convention of Constitutionalist generals or their delegates is held here next month.

LONDON, Sept. 29.—The British army officials admittedly are gravely concerned over the sanitary situation in the field. Constantly recurring reports which can hardly be overlooked, insist that real Asiatic cholera is present, not only in Austria among the wounded in Vienna and Budapest and among the troops on the Pring line in Galicia, but that it actually has developed in certain parts of Russia.

As a result of these developments extraordinary activity is seen in evidence at all of the hospital camps. To the troops at the front have been sent enormous quantities of quinine, which is being used wherever it is necessary to clean up battlefields in the rear of the troops.

From the first landing on French soil the commanders of the troops have been active in safeguarding the water supply. Whenever the field kitchens are not engaged in supplying food for the men they have been kept in operation boiling water. Consequently up to the present time the British expeditionary forces have been remarkably free from disease.

More Raids Over Belgium—German Aviator Killed Near Paris.

PRINCE ADALBERT KILLED BY GERMAN SHOT. IS REPORT

## "SUNK TWO BRITISH SHIPS." IS PIGEON'S MESSAGE

Announcement of German Victory Off Florida Found in Cylinder.

BRITISH WARSHIPS, LURKING OFF CAPES, COVEY CONTRABAND

Great Britain Aims to Break Up Practice of Supplying German Cruisers From This Port.

While agents of the Federal Government are starting an investigation to disclose the original shippers of the contraband, destined for German warships, in the Norwegian steamships Fram and Sommerstad, the vessels are discharging their cargoes at the new Municipal Pier at the foot of Dock street, and two British cruisers, cheated of their prey, are lying idly off the Delaware Capes.

89 SAVED FROM TAHOMA

Revenue Cutter on Rocks Probably a Total Loss.

SERB-MONTENEGRIN FORCES BEGIN TO SHELL SARAJEVO

2,000,000 IDLE IN GERMANY

## 1,000,000 RUSSIANS MOVE IN AVALANCHE UPON GERMAN SOIL

Breslau, 190 Miles From Berlin, Is New Objective, While Cracow Is Left to Strong Investing Force.

Fierce Battle Wages at Tarnow in North—Przemysl Bombardment Heavy—Galician Railways and Carpathian Passes Held.

PARIS, Sept. 29. Breslau, in Silesia, 190 miles from Berlin, is now believed to be the main Russian objective. Cracow, which the Russians' northern column is nearing, will be invested by a large army, following the precedent set at Przemysl. A million men are reported engaged in this movement.

PARIS, Sept. 29. That the night and day attacks on the French left by the heavily reinforced German right continues without any material change in the situation and that in general there has been no change, was the tenor of the official statement issued this afternoon. The official review, issued from the War Office at Bordeaux, and made public by General Gallien here, says that the French are making slight progress near the Meuse. The report says:

"The German day and night assaults on our left continues, but all are repulsed as usual."

"In the center the Germans are contenting themselves with shelling our positions, the cannonading being continuous."

"Between the Argonne and the Meuse the French have made slight gains. Elsewhere there has been very slight change."

Continuous fighting along the whole 12-mile battle line began the 17th day of the great battle raging from the Aisne to the Meuse. Paris has a report that General von Kluk has begun to withdraw, but the War Office is reticent. Slow gains against the German right are announced and it is added that the Germans' efforts to break through the line at Rheims have been violent. Prince Adalbert, the Kaiser's third son, is said to have been killed by his own men by mistake.

SATURDAY IS YOUR LAST CHANCE TO REGISTER

## ALLIES PUSH BACK KAISER'S RIGHT AS LONG LINES CLASH

Paris Has Unconfirmed Report That von Kluk Has Begun to Withdraw—Germans Violently Assault Centre at Rheims—Battle Near Muelhausen.

Prince Adalbert Said to Have Been Killed by Own Men—Berlin Declares Troops Continue to Advance Along Meuse With Other Wing Firm.

PARIS, Sept. 29. The French continue to make slow gains on the left, where the general flanking movement is in progress, was all of the information obtainable at military headquarters today.

It was said that there was almost continuous fighting in the Aisne district and along the heights of the Meuse. It is reported Germans have renewed their operations in upper Alsace and that fierce fighting is again in progress in the vicinity of Muelhausen. The Germans continue their assaults against the Verdun-Toul line of forts, but it officially is denied that they have made any substantial progress.

The French War Office has suddenly become very laconic, and in its statement issued just before midnight last night it gives only one development. This is that the Germans have renewed their efforts to break through the French lines near Rheims and that the invaders' attacks there have been "very violent."

The only reference this statement made to fighting upon the critical western end of the battle line was that "conditions there are favorable to the Allies."

Unofficial reports from the front show this: That there is hard fighting around Cambrai, where the Germans are trying to offset the crowding vigor of the French attacks; that the Germans have redoubled their efforts to weaken the Allies' centre near Rheims in order to draw French troops from the region of the Oise, and that the German operations along the Meuse, although carried on with the strength of desperation, are being checked by the superior numbers of the French.

There was a persistent rumor that General von Kluk, the commander of the army making up the German right, had begun to withdraw, leaving a strong force to guard his rear, but this looks confirmation.

Several officers in the garb of the British Indian troops have been seen in Paris, and this is accepted as conclusive proof that at last the Indian regiments are in the field, although up to the present time there has been no official statement on this subject.

There is a strong inclination at the headquarters of General Gallien, Military Governor of Paris, to believe that the battle has reached its climax. Seventeen days of day and night fighting has exhausted the troops of both armies, but the Germans have suffered worse than the Allies. German prisoners report the most terrible conditions prevailing along the lines. Some German regiments have been completely wiped out. In many instances a new regiment has been formed in the hospital of troops left from regiments which have been in the forefront of attacks.

## CANADIANS PLAN TO SEND MORE MEN TO CONTINENT

Soldier, Supplies and Money Will Be Rushed to England's Aid.

TORONTO, Ont., Sept. 29. Having dispatched the first Canadian contingent of 32,000 men on its voyage to Europe, well guarded by British men-of-war, the Canadian Government is expected in a few days to issue a second call for men to join their comrades at the front. Although it is intimated that only 35,000 men will be asked for on this occasion, it is estimated that fully 100,000 will volunteer, of which 15,000 will be from Toronto and Montreal.

Ever since the war began the militia regiments throughout the country have been increasing their establishments to a war footing and making so many recruits that the supply of the service khaki uniforms has been exhausted, and companies are again seen parading with the olive drab uniforms of the British army.

As the work of getting men ready for the war progresses it is being revealed that the Dominion government had been gradually making preparations for the great struggle for the last three years. This has been done mainly through the provision of rifle ranges and other facilities for practice in marksmanship.

## 250,000 GERMANS RUSHED TO SIEGE OF ANTWERP

Naval Reserves Sent From North Sea to Belgian Campaign.

ROTTERDAM, Sept. 29. More than 250,000 German naval reserves have been rushed into Belgium from North Sea stations. Most of them are from Kiel and Hamburg. They probably will be used in German operations against Antwerp.



WEATHER FORECAST For Philadelphia and vicinity—Fair tonight and probably Wednesday, with rising temperature; moderate variable winds. For details, see last page.

## FAIR

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