EVENING LEDGER-PHILADELPHIA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 19, 1914.

SATURDAY EVENING REVIEW OF THE WEEK'S EVENTS HERE, THERE AND EVERYWHERE IN PHILADELPHIA

COURSE OF THE EUROPEAN WAR

The Most Important Battle So Far and What it Means to the Gen-

eral Situation.

During six days a titanic struggle, upon which the final outcome of the war may rest, has been in progress along a 120mile battle line in northern France. To comprehend the situation as a whole it is necessary to eliminate single engagements, the ebb and flow of victories and defeats, and regard the battle of the Alene as a whole.

Alone as a whole. This battle is, indeed, the most impor-tant thus far fought in the war. Upon the outcome shall rest the fate of German arms in France. In one short week the world has seen the mightlest army ever gathered virtually routed, driven from the very gates of Parls and forced to take the defensive at a time when victory mechaed cortain. For more than six weeks, not counting the temporary check at Liege, the Germans swept everything before them. The seventh week saw a turn In the tide, when the alled army admin-latered a crushing defeat to the Germans along the Marne. September 6 saw the high-water mark of the invasion. From that date the French and British have been victorious.

At the beginning of the present week, the eighth of the war, the allies were found pushing the German far from Paris, routing the German right wing, renewing the campaign in Alsace and driving the campaign in Aleace and driving the German centre away from its positions near Verdun. The Aisne was crossed by the allies, the Germans were disiodged from the hills to the north of the river and formed to take entrenched positions between the Oise and the Meuse. covering a territory bounded by the rivers and the storied forest of the Argonne. Upon this battlefield the armies are still engaged. Again taking the offensive, the Germans have repeatedly hurled their forces against the allies, buil, apparently, to no avail. The battle is one of arti-lery, of long-range lighting, of maneuver-ing for positions. The outcome will prob-

Ing for positions. The outcome will prob-ably not be known for several days. Disinterested military experis the world over are of the opinion that the alles are in a favorable position to drive the invaders into the Valley of the Mouse and eventually out of France. Should the present battle become a victory for Germany, the situation would be vir-tually the seme as existed three would be tually the same as existed three weeks ago. Another slow retreat would be made to the fortifications at Paris. The British and French have proved themselves mas-fers in the ait of retiring, while the pathe which followed the flanking move-ment of the British demonstrated that the Germans failed in conducting a with-drawal. The losses of the allies upon their retirement from Balavian mars infaltheir retirement from Belgium were infini-tesimal as compared to those sustained by the Germans, while the continual harassument of the armies of von Kluk, von Buelow and von Hausen, the withering fire of the French artillery upon the fatigued soldiers and the degged fighting of the British and Indian troops wrought frightful carnage in the German ranks upon their retreat to the present post-

Should the tide of battle turn to the allies. virtually assured. The Kaiser realizes that victory is never attained by those on the defensive. France and Russia must be brought to terms before England can be reckoned with. With the French campaign a failure, with Russian victori-ous in Galicia, with Great Britain master of the seas and in a position to reinforce the French lines for at least a year, the position of Germany would be untenable. Thus the crisis in the war has been

rever may be the contents of the The American Ambasador at Ber-Begufficient official confirmation has

Ecouration of the community in the second with of this country in bringing about do The moral effect of the commu-coons made public at Washington has flections in London and Paris



CIVILIZATION

motto is "No vote, no tax." notified the Covernment Thursday that its members have decided to pay taxes this year on account of the war.

rnment and its people continues to be courted by the warring nations of Europe

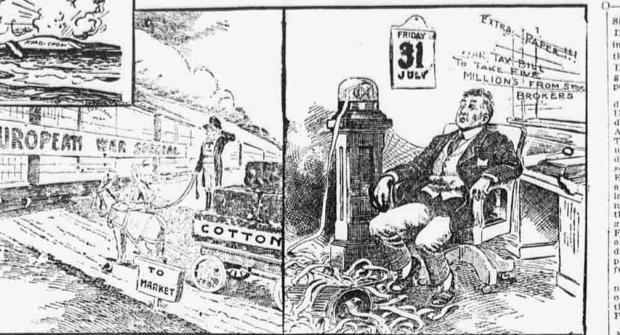
On Wednesday formal notice was given to the world by President Wilson that the United States at this time cannot pass judgment upon or take any part in controversies between the warring European nations over alleged violations of the rules of civilized warfare and humanity. He said that settlement of these ques-tions would have to wait until the end of the war, which he prayed might be very soon. The President announced the posi-tion of the American Government first in an address to the commission sent to bim

NEW SECOND-THOUGHT TREATIES

Tuesday was the occasion of a most impressive object lesson in tachalf of peace. Treaties between the United States and do The moral effect of the commu-coons made public at Washington has 'flections in London and Paris' the week has also seen vast strikes be by the Russians in Galicia. While the source for invasion in Eastern Prussia, the number of invasion in Eastern Prussia, the operations in the source for the comment will be for-thing in the fact that they provide that the source for the vanishes of the comment will be for-thing in the fact that they provide that the source for the vanishes of the source the source for the source the source for the vanishes of the source the sour in the fact that they provide that speech, except by snanimous consent, disputes which cannot is settled by formacy shall be referred to a perma-it commission for investigation, and at in to case shall hostilities begin bee the expiration of a vent. he Cabinet officers, Ambassidors and Ministers who witnessed the signing of the treates were given a uncheen at the University (1mb, at which Secretary Bryan provided the following mean of his own arrangement:



THE GUNMAKERS' PATRIOTISM



HOW MUCHLONGER? WAR VICTIM STRIKING ASPECTS OF THE NEWS AS BROUGHT INTO RELIEF BY THE CARTOONISTS

tion of the American Government first in an address to the commission sent to him by King Albert of Belgium to protest against alleged atrocities committed by the German army. Later in the day he sent a cablegram containing similar ex-pressions to Emperor William, replying to the latter's recent protest that the alleged were using dum-dum builet. A resume of the finding of the Belgian Commission of Inquiry appointed by the King of the Belgians to investigate the alleged atrocities committed by the Ring of the Belgians to investigate the alleged atrocities committed by the Balleged atrocities committed by the allege atrocities committed by the Belgian to provide the the state Department troops was made public by the Belgian Legator, at Washington Wedneaday after the report had been presented to President Wilson.

took place carly in the week. That there and fell off very heavily in imports, with the result of an excess of imports of \$19, with the statement that new officials had

maily asked to extend recognition to the new Government then in executive con-trol in Mexico.

N.Y. WORLD

WHICH IS THE BETTER WAY?

State Committee of the resignation of Dean William Draper Lewis, the Washington party nominee" for Governor, and the ratification of Vance C. McCormick, Democratic nominee, as the Progressive

Democratic nominee, as the Progressive gubernatorial candidate, gave added im-petus to the fusion movement. Charges of a "deal" behind the with-drawal of Dean Lewis were made by United States Senator Boles Penrose, who declared that the Dean is to be made Attorney General if McCormick wins. That the withdrawal has not met with universal sanction in the party was in-dicated by the action of Richard R. Quay, son of the late M. S. Quay, in branding son of the late M. S. Quay, in branding E. A. Van Valkenburg and William Flinn as foes to the Progressive cause. Will-iam F. Deaykne, of this city, and other noted Washington party men followed the lead of Quay and indicated the be-rigning of a stawneds from the party. the lead of Quay and indicated the be-sinning of a stampede from the party. Fred E. Lewis, Progressive Congressman-at-Large and Washington party candi-date for Secretary of Internal Affairs, predicted that there would be general fusion against Penrose. Gifford Pinchot, the Washington party nominee for United States Senator, in one of his speeches of the week, indicated that he would withdraw if he believed Palmer had a chance to Win.

Palmer had a chance to win. Palmer had a chance to win. In the Democratic ranks the Federal Administration took its first-active step in the State fight, Secretary of Labor William B. Wilson delivering a speech at the meeting of the State Federation of Democratic Clubs at Scranton. Dr. Martin G. Brumbaugh, the Repub-

lican nominee for Governor, met the offer of support by the North American if he would declare against Penrose by re-fusing to be a party to any "deal." In so doing he called attention to the plat-form on which he is making his cam-

prigh. The action of the Anti-Saloon League in indersing McCormick and Pinchet came of exports was less than in any other month for five years. The export of gold during the month was \$15,125,617 as against have been made by independent temperance men since that the convention of the league was "padded" to favor McCor-mick and Pinchot. During the week the St 194.57 in August, 193. Among the annual reports of failroads issued during the week were those of the Heading Company, the Philadelphia and Reading Railway and the Chicago. Mil-waukee and St. Paul. The St. Paul carn-of 6.2 par cent on 205 State content of the self definitely in favor of local option.

"AS GOES MAINE"

The election held in Maine is significant

of three things: the decrease in the Pro-

A committee of local business men was named to go after the South American trade. Dudley Bartlett, chief of the Foreign Trade Department of the Philadeia phia Commercial Museum, detclared that Canada was a fertile field for American goods.

Dr. William C. Jacobs was mentioned Monday as the successor to Dr. Martin Governor. Mr. Jacobs is now acting Su-G. Brumbaugh should the latter be elected perintendent of Schools. Monday night the Franklin Institute School of Mechanical Arts started its 91st

year. Tuesday Secretary Redfield, of the Ds.

Alba B. Johnson, president of the Da-partment of Commerce and Labor, named Alba B. Johnson, president of the Bald, win Locomotive Works, as a member of a committee of business men to co-op-erate with existing bodies in seeking trade with South America.

trade with South America. Business men from all parts of the city attended the meeting called by Transit Director A. Merritt Taylor to protest against further delay in getting improved transit facilities for Philadelphia. Appeals from the South to Philadelphia for financial ald in handling the cotton crop were made Wednesday. On the same day the Philadelphia Rotary Club started the "Made in America" movement, and unged a study of trade conduiters.

and urged a study of trade conditions in South America. Councils made possible a start on the

councils made possible a start on the sewer work preliminary to the subway on Thursday by appropriating \$500,000 from the \$11,700,000 loan for this purpose. Drastic cuts were made in other appro-priations to secure this and the total of the loan was reduced \$400,000. The Art Museum project may be crippled as the result of a \$200,000 cut made in the ap-

propriation for it. Mayor Blankenburg criticised Councils efforts to hinder him, denounced dual office holding and summed up plans for South Philadelphia developments in He

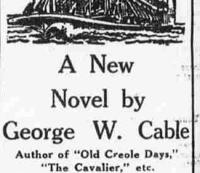
South Philadelphia developments in Me annual message to Councils. A port boom began with the sailing of two vessels with full cargoes of grain, another with oil and a fourth with coal. The price of citric acid dropped 40 per cent, breaking the "corner" that had been started in it. Orders for large quantities of blankets, saddles and bridles for the armies in Europe were received by local firms. Study of the plans for the sedimenta-tion basin at the Torresdale filter plant indicated that the cut of \$100,000 in the municipal loan appropriation for this

municipal loan appropriation for this work will not cripple the project. A city-wide war on rats was called for

by Doctor Harte, Director of the Health Department. The liner Ancona salled with a large

number of reservists for the Italian army

JUST OUT A New



a united front in opposing what they call a "war tax in time of peace." When the rivers and inribors bill came up in the Senate Thursday the illibuster made his fourth day's speech against the mensure, and the Democrats attempted to compel him to continue his remarks without further interruptions from his colleagues, who were thus allowing him pref rest. They resurrected a preve-dent established by ex-Vice President content of the may be a candidate at the subse-quent election. The information that General Cartanza to dictate its poucy. The information that General Cartanza since a provisional president of Mexico came simultaneously with the announcement of the early evac-tation of Vera Cruz. It is his under-stood purpose to turn over the executive power in Mexico to the Provisional Presi-convention of military leaders to be held on October 1. This Cartanza is doing so that he may be a candidate at the subse-quent election.

NASHINGTON EVENING STAR The pending rivers and harbors bill will that we should not be in a hurry to very unfavorably with the same month of Icays. The so-called seizure of the National Railways system by the Constitutionalists

chandlese exports in the same month of the previous year of \$50,257,467. The value of exports was less than in any other

ton of flussian troops against Gor-Silesis and the panic at Vienna can received alone as indications that the

received alone as indications that the ar's forces are attenuiting the German vasion from Foland rather than from russia. This week has brought the hosts is Russia to the very door of Germany. Cracow alone bars the way to enter the Kaiser's domain on a line to Berlin which is far easier to take than along the strength fortified parthers routs. Servia, however, has lost ground dur-ing the last so days on Austrian soll.

Ing the last six dars on Austrian soll. Semlin, from which the Austrians bom-barded Belgrade, later taken by the Serbs, has been evacuated. Against Ees-nia the Servians are now marching with the Montenegrin troops. For four days they have been viscorious. In the Far East the theatre of war

In the par class the theate of war presents a drama of remarkable beroism -a mere handful of men entrusted in de-fending the city of Tsing-Tao in the German Province of Kiao-thau, holding the Japanese fleet and land furces at bay. The developments of the week have engine renne, as fir as en be ascertained.

The most important diplomatic feature of the week has been the fullure of Ger-many to induce Italy to remain in the Triple Alliance. Italy has mobilized her Triple Alliance. Italy has mobilized her-army, the reserve form has been valled to join the colors on September 28 and the participation of the country is the war with the Triple Entants, demanded by popular sentiment, will probably take place during the present month. In short, an unbiased scruting of the events of the past work shows that Ger-many is in a perifusia position, that are

many is in a perilous position, that she must administer a quick defeat to the ter driver and that, encompassed by fors united by Austria, she faces the crisis of her life. The mighty army has proved to be failt-

HOME RULE AND THE WAR

In England the course of events this week has illustrated the remarkable fixi-bility of the Constitution. The leaders of the parties in Parliament talked of undein Fingland the course of events this work has illustrated the remarkable fexi-bility of the Constitution. The leaders of the parties in Parliament talked of unak-ling an agreement whereby the present Government should be hept is power until the end of the war. There was not such barmony, nowstern here on Theside Parliaments and seven the provision for a 2 per cent. There was not such barmony, nowstern here on Theside Parliament takes of the seven the provision for a 3 per cent.

his own arrangement: Neutrality Soun Ersench objects White contains Spanish omset Tangling mattern chores Russ or questies a la Pohin French user form of Brien Minni which Amsteant ice crean Golong tea Unier the ice or crean the Secretary had this question: "Diplomacy is the art of Receing cool." At the end of the mean card was written. "Peace both her y stories no beas removing that was." and at the fast in heavy type was "Noti-ity is find between friends." The last type that is find between friends." The last quotation was the answer which Secre-tary Beran gave to Viscount Chindis, the apavere Ambhicantor, last year when the latter inquired if a certain note on the after hand controversy was "the last

The fells "wohar second-timught treas' which were shraed Tuesday are like 22 previously made with Central and few European Russia, Japan, South kneedenn and an Germany. CONDITION Russis. Turkey and threece have indicated their approval of the principle involved in these instruments and the American Department of State expects them to some parties to similar compacts.

WAR TAXES AND PORK

News from congress dusting the week had to do mostly with the proposed war hle, the apirits of the alles laws been raised and the Kaner, instead of riding to victory in Paris, finds his own throne in danger. The war fax measure which was agreed upon by the majority of the Democrats of the Ways and Means Committee of the House just work was held in abeyance until the return on Tuesday of President Wilson,

There was not such balance, nowever, when on Thesday Frenher Acquities bill for suspending the operation of the Home fulle bill for one year was presented to the House of Communic. Borner Law, header of the Unionists, made a space in which he charged the Government which inserts of faith in taking advantage of the Sould desire of Unionists not to create trouble in the present national crists, and The big of the second to the second the second to the seco

A serious attempt to bring to an end the Republican filibuater by means of a impromise was negun yesterday. sum appropriation, amounting 1 \$20,00,00 to \$25,00,000, to be expended largely at the discretion of the Secretary War in continuing and making river

UNCLE SAM AND MEXICO

Restloti

and harbor improvements, was the sug-

The subject of American occupation of Vera Cruz has had, in the last few weeks, considerable prominence in the editorial

columns of the press, and the events of this week seem to have answered the questions most frequently asked. On Tuesday it was announced in Washing-ton that the troops would be soon with-014 drawn and the city and part restored to the Mexican dovernment. The decision was called immediately to Consul John R. Silliman, at Mexico City, who de-livered the message to General Car-ratizat. The people were celebrating Mexico's Independence Day, and the rews was received by them with en-thusiastic demonstrations. Rafael Culvany Garcia, the official orator of the day, referred to the United States and President Wilson in terms of the highest

traise. "I invite you," he said, "to give 'viva' for Professor Woodrow Wilson, President of North America." The inbair President of North America." The in-yitation was muckly and loadly accept-can ed. Garcia made dighting references to European influence in Mexico. On the next day Sir Lionel Carden, formerly British Minister to Mexico and recently appointed Minister to Brasil, was quoted as saying, that "It is a des-recently in the transmission for the former of the for

was though as saying, that is a de-parate sharms that the United States has seen ift to abandon the decent people of Mexico when they most need help." His alleged statement was a very severe criticism of President Wilson's action.

He had previously, while in Mexico City, criticized the Mexican policy of the United States is the atrongent language; yet it was through President Wilson's in-fluence that later he was not handed his passports by General Carranza, who believed that the Englishman was largely responsible for Huerta's danged reals-tace to diplomatic pressure. The British Ambassador at Washington, Sir Cecil Spring-lites, expressed to Secretary Bryan the deepest regret for the latest Caroon incident, and characterized the statements attributed to the former Min-ister to Moxico as "unauthoritarive." Spring-Rice has made a report on the matter to the London Foreign Office. The American Government, it was said Thursday, has decided to ignore the al-

leged indiscretion Several newspapers seclare that if Great Britain wishes to satisfy our people it should put Sir Lionel out of the business of so-called diplomacy. and they assert that he aid not represent the British Government in Mexico, but Lord Cowdray and the Pearson oll inter-LIES. The news of our decision to withdraw

from Vera Cruz was received with great favor in South American countries, ac-

TOWARD PEACE IN COLORADO

The end of one war, fortunately, seems to be in sight. That is the labor war in Colorado. On Tuesday President Wilson received a letter from the officers of the United Mine Workers of America, ac-cepting the President's plan for an adinstment of the differences between the

office owners and the workers, such acthe miners themselves. A convention of the miners was held the following day at Trinidad and the letter of the officials was formally ratified. The President submitted his plan to

the parties concerned on September 5. The basis of agreement offered by the President includes the establishment of solution of the New Haven. A better feeling in the Philadelphia money market was shown during the week a three-year truce, subject to the inforce-ment of the mining and labor laws of Colorado: the return to work of miners and out-of-town banks made inquiries of their city correspondents for good name the have not been convicted of law vio better feeling has penetrated to the coun-try institutions and that they have delations, the prchibition of intimidation of non-union mon, the publication of the current scale of wages and rules and the try institutions and that they have de-cided to let go of some of their surplus funds. There was no change in rates, however. The rates for call and lime money in this city are 6 per cent, the highest legal rate in Pennsylvania, and commercial paper is quoted 7 to 7% per cent. The rate for commercial paper in appointment of a Grievance Committee by the employes. The agreement proidea that in cases where the officers of the company or the Grievance Commitcent. m of three men named by the President New York is 7 and 8 per cent., but paper has been finding a sale in New York as step in and act us the final referee nil disputes. low as 7 per cent.

That the request of representatives of the Colorado coal operatora for a con-ference with President Wilson next Wednesday had been granted was made known yesterday.

COMMERCE AND FINANCE

Optimism of the most unmistaliable kind was this week injected into the financial situation of the world. The European war, of course, naturally contindes more or leas of a disturber of the reperal business equilibrium of this connand the world at large, yet the dark clouds of financial and commercial de-pression are slowly but surely being pubbed aside, and there has come in their stead a brightening on the horizon which forecasts an early return to normality everywhere. Among the more important events of

the week were the floating of a \$100,000,000 loan of the city of New York with which to pay off the city's obligations maturing abroad; the shipment of \$5,000,000 in gold by J. P. Morgan & Co. to Ottawa to help n the same purpose; a fall in foreign exchange rates being the first genera decline since the unprecedented high rates which have been prevalent since the outbreak of hostilitos in Europe; the application of the Eastern railroads to the Interstate Commerce Commission to reopen the 5 per cent. freight rate case ,and the agreement to a conference between the Governors of nine Southern cotton States in Washington on next Monday to discuss a plan to take this year's cotton crop off the market and thus save it from low price destruction.

The plan of the buying up of all South-ern cotton is that the nine States involved shall usue \$250,000,000 3 per cent bonds and buy and store 5,000,000 hales of cot-ton, the purchase price to be 10 cents a pound. The plan also includes the cutting down of next vear's cotton accease 60 per King George yesterds:
John Redimind, the frish leader, total distribution of the friend to the friend of the friend to the second to the friend to the s

Haines, the Republican candidate for controls. The Metropolitan Life insur-ance Company reported one of the largest

Governor, received 57,662, as compared with 26.121 votes cast for Taft in 1912; while Gardiner, the Progressive candirealty loans in years, the amount being \$1,200,000, while in Philadelphia a loan of \$50,000 on a piece of realty was made by date, received only 17,443, as compared with 47,504 votes cast for Roosevelt in the Girard Trust Company. Philadelphia 1912.

grain men will apply for a charter for a new export company to engage in ex-porting wheat and wheat flour. The campaign in New York State has reached the mildly excited stage, due principally to the informement by Mayor The New York, New Haven and Hart-ford Railroad Company and the New Eng-Mitchel of John A. Hennessy's candidacy for Governor on the independent ticket, on which Franklin D. Roosevelt is runland Navigation Company filed their joint

ning for United States Senator. Progressives were greatly exercised over answer to the Government's suit under the Sherman anti-trust law, denying that the law had been violated. The filing of the possibility of William Sulzer's obtain ing the nomination for Governor on their ticket, and many are reported as having the answer was largely formal, as the suit, by agreement with the Attorney General, is to be settled out of court by disthreatened to bolt in case of the ex-Gov-

ernor's auccess. Newspaper straw votes seem to indicate the success of Glynn and Whitman

at the primaries. Ambassador Gerard has sent word from Berlin that he is willing to run for United States Senator on the Democratic ticket provided that he can remain at commercial paper, thus showing that the his post so long as the situation demands it.

William F. McCombs, chairman of the Democratic National Committee, visited President Wilson and discussed the New York situation. It is announced that the President will remain neutral in the fight between Tanumany and its antagonists, McCombs is said to favor Glynn and The rate for commercial paper in Gerard.

Political Campaigns in Other States

POLITICS IN PENNSYLVANIA In the Maryland primaries, held last fuesday, United States Senater John The prospect of general fusion against Penross furnished the main topic of Walter Smith was renominated by the political speculation in the week just Democrats. The Republicans had no primary contests and their candidates will be certified by the Boards of Election ending, which has been marked by events: Supervisors. Democrate of Connecticut met in State

convention in Hartford and indused the Administration's policies, Governor Bald-win was selected for United States Sen-

by 30,000

Arkansas went Democratic by the usual majority, Governor Hays being ce-elected



TALE OF THE MISSISSIPPI \$1.35 Net, Postage Extra

William Dean Howells,

n speaking of Mr. Cable's earlier work in "Heroines of Fiction," says:

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The Edinburgh Review:

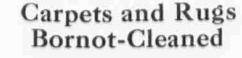
Cable possesses the vain of poetry a aganative feeling that enables him ajure up a picture so laden with ragrance of the past as to commu-its meaning palpably to the senses.

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in "American Literature." says: "A teen observer and a fearies fearlesaness is needed if one would difficity deplot the life of a silic-Cable is also a fine artist touch and at the same time a wholes moralist."

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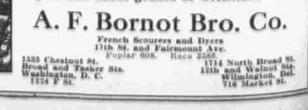
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of considerable import. Gubernatorial and senatorial nominces continued their up-State campaigns and made speeches in numerous towns and cities. Figures obtainable for the second reg-istration day on Tuesday indicate that

Istration day on Tuesday indicate that the Republicans have held their lead in both city and State. The enrollment for the second day in the city is given as SLOTS, making a total for both days of approximately 180,000. Of this number the Republicans claim 15,000, the Democrats 12,000, the Washington party 2000 and about 55,000 are non-partisan. In the State the Republicans also held the lead, but the proportion is not as large as in the city, due probably to the lack of the same effort made here. It is chaimed, however, that the Republican State figures are larger than for the first two registration days of 1912. The acceptance by the Progressive

IT'S ABSO-

LUTELY

CORRECT TO

DINE

Before Theater,

After Theater,

In Fact, Anytime, at the

Hotel Adelphia

CUISINE SERVICE AND ENVIRONMENT meet with the ideas of the most fastidious

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A