[Continued from first page.]

She was in a true Bavarian mood, in spite of her exhaustion. "Now you must go," she said, in a minute, "if I am to go to London to-morrow," and drove him away. When he was gone, she threw herself upon my neck. "Rachel, he is dead!" she whispered, hiding her face; "he died in the same hospital where Leopold was sent with his wound and Leopold nursed him, and when he was dying he confessed that it was all a dreadful lie that he had invented to make him cast me off, knowing that he was helpless and couldn't fight; for once he fought a dreadful duel, and after that he took a vow and made a solemn promise to the Emperor never to fight another. It seems so dreadful, but I can't help being happy," she sobbed.

The next morning she got away without seeing any of the guests except one. I went with them to the station; as we turned out of the lodge gates the carriage stopper, and Mr. Sartoris appeared at the window.

"I could not let you go without saying good bye," he said, "and wishing you a pleasant voyage, and may I come and see you the next time I am in Vienna?"

Valerie looked troubled and glanced at her husband, leaving it to him to answer. He took her hand in his, and, bowing with cold, grave courtesy, said: "Any of my wife's friends will be welcome to me in Vienna."

There was no time for more; the count's servant jumped off the box to tell his master that the coachman said we were already late. Valerie shook hands and we drove on.

"You will come to us in the summer, Rachel?" she said, as the train was moving off; "you have promised."

I often hear from her. They are living on an estate which the count owns in Bohemia. There is never a shadow of unhappiness in her letters. I am going to them in the end of August for the autumn, according to my promise, which I fulfil the more eagerly since she has made friends with Stephanie, and has asked her to come for part of my visit. Pray Heaven Mr. Sartoris may't turn up; but I think that emphasis on the word "any" must have settled him.

Advantages of Dairying.

A Western farmer talks up the double advantages of dairy farming in one of our exchanges as follows:

I live in the "Western Reserve," and in an almost exclusively dairying region, and have seen it change from stock raising and grain growing to what it now is, and the profits of the farms now are nearly two-fold more than they were under the old system of management. Farmers found that ten to twelve bushels of wheat to the acre, thirty of corn, the same of oats, with attendant expense, such as hired help, seed, extra teams, etc., with the inevitable wear of land, did not pay, but that dairying, with cheese from twelve to sixteen cents per pound, with a little hired labor, and no wear and tiring of one's self, but the reverse, does pay, and that well. I do not propose to go into a long argument to prove the advantages and beauties of this business has over other branches of farming. I do claim, however, that dairying, in a country adapted to it, is best exhausting to the land, requires one-fourth the manual labor that grain growing does, and as the principal portion of the farm is in grass, of necessity, make the country look more beautiful to the traveling public.

Treatment of Galled Back.

The celebrated veterinary surgeon, George H. Dadd, gives the following: So soon as an abrasion is discovered on the back of a horse, the animal should be excused from duty for a few days; the abraded parts should be dressed twice daily with a portion of the tincture of aloes and myrrh. This simple treatment will soon heal the parts—should there be an abrasion, but simple swelling, attended with heat, pain and tenderness, the parts should be frequently sponged with cold water. Occasionally the skin undergoes the process of hardening, (induration.) This is a condition of the parts known to the farriers of old as "sit-fast," and the treatment is as follows: Procure one ounce of iodine, and smear the indurated spot with a portion of the same twice daily.

Some cases of galled back and shoulders are due to negligence and abuse—yet many animals, owing to a peculiarity of constitution will "chafe," as the saying is, in those parts which come in contact with the collar and saddle, and neither human foresight can prevent the same.

Bran for Milch Cows.

One of our best dairymen in this section relies mainly on bran as feed for his cows, and finds it produces the most milk. He gives them as much as they will eat, and wants them to eat all they can, as they return him a vastly increased value in milk. The quantity for a cow must be regulated by experiment and by sound judgment, avoiding surfeiting. He gives six to seven quarts of bran and two quarts of Indian meal for the morning feed, hay at noon, and bran meal again in the evening. Bran has a value for milch cows, as a milk producer, which is not fully appreciated or known, and seems for all stock, but especially neat cattle, to promote health and thrift. On first turning out to fresh pasture in the spring, succulent grass is apt to produce scouring. This is often corrected by a feed once a day of bran, in connection with fine cut hay, salted or a lump of rock salt. An analysis of bran shows it abounds in phosphates the very element of milk and bones.

To Make Cuttings Grow.

I used to have a great deal of trouble to make current and gooseberry cuttings or slips grow, until I tried the following plan: I selected some cuttings which were nearly done, and then stuck one on each slip and put in the ground. Every slip sprouted and grew well at summer, with but one or two exceptions. The idea of putting the boiled potatoes to the end of the cuttings was to furnish and keep moisture enough for them to grow, until the roots become large enough to gather this moisture and substance from the soil. I never tried it on grape cuttings, but do not see any reason why it would not do as well with grapes as with anything else.

The Farmer's Friend.

A foreign provincial paper regrets "the reckless destruction of the goldfinch and other lovely denizens of the air for the purpose of supplying the London market." and thinks it would be well to heed the example of France.

It says, "the slaughter of small birds in that country having led to a plague of insects, which destroyed the crops, a stringent law was passed, and is now in force there, to prohibit further destruction and every encouragement is offered for the restoration of the feathered element. The colonists spend heavy sums to secure the avail seovices which we at home too lightly value. Shall we ever learn the lesson?"

A Negro Marries a Radical's Daughter and Seduces Her Sister.

Mr. Daniel Hoy is a Radical who lives at Lorberry, about four miles above Pinegrove, in this county. He is a thorough believer in the doctrines, teachings, and principles of Radicalism, and regularly votes the Radical ticket. He was an advocate, too, of the Fifteenth Amendment, and treats the negro as "a man and brother." Mr. Hoy has a daughter, Eliza by name, who is very fair to look upon. John Bowe is one of the "coming men," as black as the ace of spades, but what else there is enticing about him we are unable to say. Between John and Eliza some time since there sprung up a warm intimacy and affection, which resulted about two weeks since in the twain being united in the holy bonds of matrimony by a Radical clergyman of Pinegrove. Now they are man and wife.

But "the course of true love never did run smooth," and Mrs. Bowe's father had raised a storm of indignation over the result of his own parental teaching and belief. His daughter believed that her sable lover was "a man and brother," and as good as she was herself. What difference to her if his skin was many shades deeper and blacker? Him she loved, and to him she plighted her vows. He was her all in all, her present and future, the *sunlight* of her existence! Were ever the characters of Othello and Desdemona better assumed? What the sequel will be remains to be seen, as the father of Mrs. Bowe is still on the war path after the clergyman who disgraced his manhood and calling, by tying the nuptial knot between two such lovers!

But this is not all! Mrs. Bowe has a sister, as fair to look upon as she. Between this sister and Mr. Bowe an intimacy has also existed, the fruits of which will be reaped shortly. "She loved not wisely, but too well," and soon another Japhet will appear in search of a father. She has heard of, read of, and seen many a black sheep in a flock and from her conduct seems to prefer the *black!* To her sorrow and shame, she has found out what a gay deceiver this black Lothario has proven himself to be! We presume Mr. Bowe is a happy "man and brother," being the husband of one sister, and soon to assume paternal relations to a little "kinky," the mother of whom we have already described. So much for Mr. Bowe, Mrs. Bowe, and her sister.—*Pottsville Standard.*

The Sheriff of Prince George county, Md., while arresting two men, on Tuesday, was resisted by the captain of a schooner, who gave them shelter, and who fired at the Sheriff. The latter returned the fire, wounding the captain [illegible] the former seriously [illegible] aside in a boat, the arrests.

Dangers of the Financial Situation—Breakers Ahead.

During the war, everybody who had any reputation for judgment or sagacity was of opinion that the prodigious expenditures of that period of waste and destruction, would be followed by widespread financial disaster and distress. Mr. Bright in his speeches abroad, Mr. Chase in his reports at home—persons as little disposed to be croakers or alarmists as anybody in Europe or America—expressed this opinion with great positiveness and emphasis. We have gone on four years since the close of the war, and apparently their gloomy predictions have been belied by the event. The cost of living has indeed been high; but there has been no great revulsion in trade, no great stoppage of business money. We have kept the wheels of business moving with more or less efficiency and success, until the country has concluded that, although we have danced, it is, after all, no very serious matter to pay the fiddler. But abundant signs begin to thicken upon us that the predicted evil day has not been averted, but only postponed. At last, we are apparently on the eve of paying the heavy penalties of a gigantic war.

By what means have the consequences of our prodigal expenditures been so long postponed? The answer is not difficult; the evil day has been put off by the ordinary resource of prodigals—*borrowing.* The process of borrowing has been disguised under the delusive fallacy that in exporting bonds to Europe to meet our current debts, we have been exporting real values—exporting property. But it is too obvious for argument that we have been merely exchanging one form of indebtedness for another. The bonds have got to be paid, just as much as the heavy debts for imported goods would have to be paid if the bonds had not been sent out of the country to adjust the balances. The only difference is, that, by means of the bonds, the time of payment is postponed. Besides paying for our future importations, we have got to pay to foreigners the semi-annual interest on the exported bonds, and, sooner or later, the principal. So long as the prodigious gilt of the bond market lasted, we seemed to go on swimmingly. Bonds have been exported to meet the balances of our foreign trade; bonds have been exported to pay the interest on the bonds already in the hands of foreigners. We have thus been accumulating debt upon debt, paying old debts by the easy method of incurring new ones. It ought to have been evident throughout this pleasant process, that it could not last. As we had ceased to manufacture bonds, as the supply, enormous as it was, was limited, this mode of dodging present payment and piling up future liabilities to foreigners was destined to end. While it has lasted, we have been borrowing of Europe at a high rate of interest plus exorbitant, ruinous "*shaves.*" We must pay not only the regular six per cent., but must pay a full hundred dollars for every hundred dollar bond which we have sold to foreigners for seventy or eighty dollars. And the current interest is at a much higher rate than the nominal six per cent. When we receive only sixty-six dollars for a hundred dollar six per cent. bond, the rate of interest which we really pay is not six per cent. but nine, besides the bonus of thirty-four dollars at the final settlement. For the last four years, we have been incurring heavy debts to Europe on these ruinous terms; continuing to export bonds to meet our current debts and to pay the accruing interest on the heavy amounts of bonds already exported.

We are nearly at the end of our tether in this career of debt and extravagance. Now, when the supply of bonds available for exportation is getting exhausted, Mr. Boutwell proposes to run into the market as a purchaser of bonds, at the rate of fifty-two millions a year. He thus arrests the ebbing exportation, sends up the price of gold, and spreads anxiety and alarm through business circles by raising the inquiry how we are hereafter to meet the claims of our foreign creditors. When the exportation of bonds stops, what are we to send abroad? The semi-annual interest can then be no longer paid by the exportation of other bonds. The balances against us in our international trade can then be no longer met by the exportation of bonds. Then will come the gloomy dawning of pay day. The interest on the exported bonds will have to be paid in something. Our importations of foreign goods will have to be paid in something. When the bonds, having risen to par, are returned upon our market and sold, we must send back their value in something. What will that something be? Gold, while our small stock of gold lasts; but that will be soon exhausted.

What then? What then?

We submit the question to thoughtful men who have sufficient discernment of the signs in the sky to forecast the coming storm. We submit it to the crazy tariff men and inflationists who have rendered it impossible that we should manufacture anything to export. We submit it to the revengeful Radical destructives who have kept the South disorganized these four years, and prevented the flow of capital into that section to revive the cultivation of its great staples, which are the chief articles of export. With regard to this process of paying foreign debts by the exportation of bonds, we are manifestly near "the beginning of the end."

What then? What then?—*N. Y. World.*

Bounties.

All applications for additional bounty under the law of July 28, 1868, were, by law of Congress of March 3d, 1869, transferred from the Paymaster General's office to the office of the Second Auditor of the Treasury.

These cases are now being rapidly arranged, and as fast as possible settled.—The great press of business thrown upon this office by laws relating to bounties for service in the late war has been materially lessened, and things are now going on smoothly. Where heirs to deceased soldiers apply for bounty, the case, if the papers are correct, is now settled in a few days; where, in corresponding cases a few years ago the applicant has been kept waiting for months, and even years.

Where a soldier applies for his own bounty, the case, if properly presented, is disposed of in two or three weeks, a matter which, until lately, has required from six months to even three or four years' time. Where there is delay in a case now, the application may know that there is something wrong in the preparation and filing of papers and evidence, or that the evidence is not satisfactory. There are thousands of such cases on hand.

In a great many instances agents have applied for the additional bounty, enclosing the soldiers discharge, and afterwards another application has been received, accompanied by affidavits from the bona fide soldiers, stating that the discharge has been lost. There are also many cases bearing such evidence of fraud upon the Government, the soldier, or his heirs, that the auditor declines to pay them, and so they remain on the office from year to year. A great many complaints are received from claim agents who profess to have paid advances upon claims presented against the effect of the late act of Congress which requires that the agent's fee shall be deducted and sent to him, but no more, and that the balance shall be paid to the claimant.—EXTENSIVE DISPOSAL OF THE PUBLIC DOMAIN.

Returns just received from various land offices in California indicate the disposal of 75,365 acres of the public domain, during the month of April last, as follows:—Sold for cash, 17,400 acres, amounting to $21,974; taken for actual settlement and cultivation under the Homestead law, 2318 acres; located with military land warrants, 610 acres.

Geary Banishes a Pardoned Convict.

We beg to announce to the people of Philadelphia, who would never hear of it through their own so-called newspapers, that Hester Vaughan sailed from this port for England some days ago. Governor Geary, we hear, stipulated as a condition precedent to pardoning her: (1) that she should be sent out of the country at once, and (2) that the fact of her release should not be made public until she was well on her way to England. Her friends in this city were not advertised of her coming so as to provide for her, during her stay here, so belitted the feebleness of her health. However it was managed to make up a purse for her large enough to defray the cost of carrying her home. If this account is true, Governor Geary needs looking after. His prerogative of pardon by no means includes the power of banishment, as his case virtually did in this case. There is no such punishment provided by law as this he is reported to have inflicted upon Hester Vaughan. It is probable that she would have taken her departure with equal alacrity if he had not made her so doing a condition of her release; but that probability does not alter the character of his conduct.—*N. Y. World.*

Overhauling Sales of Confiscated Property.

Secretary Boutwell proposes to have the returns of the sales of confiscated property in the rebel States overhauled, as it is rumored that some of the United States officials have neglected to pay the receipts from sales into the treasury. This is believed to be the case particularly in Virginia, and it may possibly appear that some of the United States officers have purchased confiscated property sold under their authority at low prices, and then failed to account for the scanty proceeds.—*Wash. Cor. N. Y. Times.*

FARMERS' MUTUAL INSURANCE CO.

The members of the "Farmers' Mutual Insurance Company," are hereby notified that a tax of one-fifth of one per cent., or Two Dollars on every thousand dollars insured, has been levied by the Directors, to commensurate the losses sustained by Marstellar's barn, and William Brimmer, of Millersville, by a fire that occurred in their buildings on the morning of the 23d ultimo—said tax to be paid on or before the 17th day of JUNE next.

Full Duplicates will be kept by Peter Johns, Esq., Treasurer, at his residence in East Lampeter twp.; by John Johns, Esq., at the Register's office, in the City of Lancaster, and by John Strohm, Secretary, at his residence in Providence twp., where any member of the Company can pay his or her tax. A partial duplicate will be kept by Christian Johns, at his residence in East twp., where members residing in the townships of Upper Leacock, East, East East, Brecknock, Carnarvon, Ephrata and Cocalico, can pay their quota of the said tax. Another partial Duplicate will be kept by John H. Zellers, Esq., at his office in Springville, where members residing in the townships of Maple, Mount Joy, East Donegal, West Donegal and Conoy, can pay their quota of said tax. Another partial Duplicate will be kept by Joseph Engles, Esq., at his store, at Mount Nebo, where members residing in the township of Martic, can pay their quota of the said tax.

Those who do not pay within the time above mentioned, will have their accounts placed in the hands of Collectors, with an addition of ten per cent., to defray the expense of collection.

By order of the Board of Directors.

May 10th, 1869. JOEL STROHM, Sec'y.

m 26 4tw 21

Legal Notices.

ESTATE OF WILLIAM GERHART, late of West Cocalico township, deceased.—Letters of administration on said estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted thereto, are requested to make immediate settlement, and those having claims or demands against the same, will present them without delay for settlement to the undersigned, residing in said township.

BENJAMIN GERHART,
my 5-6tw-18 Administrator.

NOTICE TO THE HEIRS AND LEGAL representatives of Sarah Vogan, late of Earl twp., Lancaster county, Pa., dec'd.—You are hereby notified that by virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Lancaster county, to me directed, I will hold an inquest to divide, part or value the real estate of Sarah Vogan, deceased, on WEDNESDAY, the 30th day of JUNE, 1869, at 9 o'clock, A. M., at the public house, of J. S. Witmer, in Voganville, Earl twp., Lancaster county, Pa., when and where you may attend if you think proper.

J. F. FREY, Sheriff.
SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Lancaster, May 18th, 1869.

ASSIGNED ESTATE OF CYRUS G. Mohn, of the Borough of Adamstown.—The undersigned, Auditor, appointed to distribute the balance remaining in the hands of Richard G. Mohn and Jeremiah L. Mohn, assignees, to and among those legally entitled to the same, will sit for that purpose on SATURDAY, JUNE 5, 1869, at 10 o'clock, A. M., in the Library Room of the Court House, in the City of Lancaster, when and where all persons interested in said distribution may attend.

GEO. M. LINE, Auditor.
m18-3tw29

ESTATE OF JOHN GOCKLIN, LATE of West Cocalico twp., dec'd.—Letters of Administration on said estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted thereto are requested to make immediate settlement, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them without delay for settlement to the undersigned, residing in said township.

HENRY GOCKLIN,
m19-6tw29 Administrator.

IN THE U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR the Eastern District of Pennsylvania. In the matter of C. R. POTTS, of the Borough of Mauch Chunk, Carbon county, Bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that the said Bankrupt has filed his petition for discharge; and that a meeting of creditors will be held, JULY 1st, 1869, at 2 o'clock, p. m., before the Register, W. E. Doster, Esq., at his office at Easton, Pa., when the examination of said bankrupt may be finished, if the business of meeting required by section 27 and 28 of the act of Congress transacted. The Register will certify whether the bankrupt has conformed to his duty. A hearing will also be had on WEDNESDAY the 4th day of June, 1869, before the Court at Philadelphia, at 10 o'clock, a. m., when parties interested may show cause against the discharge.

Witness the Hon. John Cadwalader, Judge of the said District Court and seal thereof, at Philadelphia, May 4th, 1869.

(L. S.) G. K. FOX, Clerk.
Attest—W. E. Doster, Register.
m 12-3tw 19

ACCOUNTS OF TRUST ESTATES, &c. The accounts of the following named Estates will be presented for confirmation on MONDAY, JUNE 21st, 1869:

Joseph Stauffer's Trust Estate, Martin E. Stauffer, Committee.

Esther Payne's Trust Estate, Louis C. Lytle, et. al., Administrators.

Joshua Eckman's Assigned Estate, Wm. N. Oakford, Jr., Assignee.

Christian Hershey's Assigned Estate, Christ. Erisman, Assignee.

Rachel Brother's Assigned Estate, Cyrus Reem, Assignee.

Joseph T. Dickinson Assigned Estate, Samuel Dickson, Assignee.

Joseph F. Hess' Assigned Estate, B. F. Rowe, Assignee.

L. K. Seitzer's Assigned Estate, H. Shaffner, et. al., Assignees.

Henry S. Musselman, Assigned Estate, C. K. Blickenderfer, Assignee.

James Armstrong's Trust Estate, Henry Pownall, Committee.

Samuel Huber's Trust Estate, S. R. Zug, et. al., Committee.

Magdalena Stoner's Trust Estate, John Buckwalter, Trustee.

Harriet Kline's Trust Estate, Henry Shenck, Committee.

Mary Ann Groff's Trust Estate, Benj. Wissler, et. al., Administrator.

Abraham Gonder's Trust Estate, Jay Cadwell, Trustee.

Susan Shirk's Trust Estate, Samuel Sheirk, Trustee.

Elizabeth Rush's Trust Estate, Henry Eby, Committee.

ATTEST: W. L. BEAR, Prothy.
may 26 4tw21

Harness, &c.

THE WHITE POLAR BEAR'S HEAD has become very popular among the people. It is pronounced genuine, and can still be seen in

M. HABERBUSH'S WINDOW,
SOUTHWEST ANGLE CENTRE SQUARE,
LANCASTER, PA.;

There is also on hand to be seen, and will be made up to order, Single and Double

SILVER AND GOLD MOUNTED HARNESS,
FINE RUBBER MOUNTED HARNESS,
PLAIN AND COMMON HARNESS,
Of Every Description.

TEAM HARNESS,
LADIES' AND GENT'S RIDING SADDLES
ARMY SADDLES PLAIN AND FANCY,
FLY NETS,
SUMMER HORSE SHEETS & SPREADS.

—ALSO,—

LADIES' & GENT'S TRAVELING TRUNKS,
In Every Style.

SARATOGA & SOLE LEATHER TRUNKS,
FINE TURKEY MOROCCO SATCHELS,
FINE RUSSIA MOROCCO SATCHELS,
FINE VIENNA MOROCCO SATCHELS,
FINE ENGLISH & FRENCH MOROCCO GILT,
A FINE LOT OF
AMERICAN SATCHELS,
In all the Different Colors and Varieties

—ALSO,—

HORSE AND MULE COLLARS, WHIPS, &c.

☞ The undersigned has the sole Agency to sell the RUBBER LINED HORSE COLLAR. Warranted not to gall shoulders if properly fitted; and in many cases will heal up sore shoulders while in use.

m22-1tdaw M. HABERBUSH.

Books, Stationery, &c.

GET THE BEST.

WEBSTER'S UNABRIDGED DICTIONARY. 3000 Engravings; 1840 Pages Quarto. Price $12. 10,000 *Words and Meanings not in other Dictionaries.*

We will as a whole, we are confident that no other living language has a dictionary which so fully and faithfully sets forth its present condition as this last edition of Webster does that of our written and spoken English tongue.—*Harper's Magazine.*

These three books are the *sum total of great literature the Bible, Shakspeare and Webster's Royal Quarto.*—*Chicago Evening Journal.*

THE NEW WEBSTER is glorious—it is perfect—it stands unrivaled and unapproached—it leaves nothing to be desired.—*J. H. Raymond, LL. D., President Vassar College.*

The most useful and remarkable *compendium of human knowledge* in our language.—*W. S. Clark, President Mass. Agricultural College.*

WEBSTER'S NATIONAL PICTORIAL DICTIONARY.

1040 Pages Octavo, 600 Engravings. Price $6. The work is really *a gem of a Dictionary*, just the thing for the million.—*American Educationist, Montpelier, Vt.*

"In many respects, this Dictionary is the most convenient ever published."—*Rochester Democrat.*

"As a manual of reference, it is admirably fitted for use in families and schools."—*N. Y. Tribune.*

"It is altogether the best treasury of words of its size which the English language has ever possessed."—*Hartford Press.*

Published by G. & C. MERRIAM, Springfield, Mass.
may 26-1tw21

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—2,500 CORDS BLACK OAK BARK; also, CHESTNUT and SPANISH OAK BARK. Delivered at Bird-in-Hand or New Holland, Lancaster county, Pa., for which the highest cash price will be paid. Address

S. SHIRK & BRO.,
Enterprise P. O., Bird-in-Hand Station,
apr 14 2tw15] Lancaster county, Pa.

TRY A. W. GROFF'S CONSUMPTION, Asthma and Cold Syrup, warranted to cure or no charge. It is highly recommended to married ladies. It can be had wholesale and retail at

A. W. GROFF'S,
No. 59 East King street.

TRY A. W. GROFF'S PAIN KILLER The best Medicine in the world. It can be had wholesale and retail at

A. W. GROFF'S,
No. 59 East King street.

TRY A. W. GROFF'S BLACK OIL, GAS oil and Horse and Cattle Powder. No better article can be produced. They can be had wholesale and retail at

A. W. GROFF'S,
No. 59 East King street.
m 5 3tw 18

WANTED.—FIRST-CLASS TRAVELing salesmen to sell by sample; good wages or a liberal per cent. and steady employment. Address, with stamp, R. F. HOWE, 630 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa. 4w

WHY NOT MAKE MONEY With our STENCIL AND KEY CHECK OUTFIT, and by selling Novel and attractive articles? Circulars free.
STAFFORD MFG. CO., 66 Fulton st., New York.
1w

WANTED, AGENTS.—"*Wonder of the World!*" is warranted to cure Rheumatism and Neuralgia. Sold on the packages system. Not to be paid for until tried. Pay $50 per month and commission to distribute packages. J. C. TILTON, Pittsburg, Pa. 4w

$100 TO $250 Per Month Guaranteed—SURE PAY.—Salaries paid weekly to Agents everywhere, selling our *Patent Everlasting White Wire Clothes Lines.* Call at or write for particulars to the GIRARD WIRE MILLS, 261 North 3d st., Phila. 4w

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE
SECRET HISTORY
OF THE CONFEDERACY.

The *astounding revelations* and *startling disclosures*, made in this work, are creating the most intense desire in the minds of the people to obtain it. The *secret political intrigues*, &c., of Davis and other Confederate leaders with the *hidden Mysteries* from "Behind the Scenes in Richmond," are thoroughly *ventilated.* Send for Circulars and see our terms, and a full description of the work. Address, NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Philadelphia, Pa. m11-4w

TWO AMERICANS VISITING EUROPE, find the banking House of NORTON & CO., of Paris and London, having entered upon their new premises, are prepared to show every attention to American Travellers. To obviate the difficulties and expense attendant upon the purchase of letters of Credit to Europe, Messrs. NORTON & CO. have arranged to receive American currency, United States and Railway Bonds or American Gold at the value in Paris, placing the amount at once to the credit of depositors. Parties before leaving for Europe should have their correspondence plainly addressed to care of

NORTON & CO., 4 Rond Point de Rohan,
6 Rue Scribe (Grand Hotel) Paris,
or 5 Lothbury, London.

PARK HOTEL,
ON THE AMERICAN PLAN,
Cor. BEEKMAN and NASSAU STS.,
Near City Hall Park, NEW YORK
GEORGE WIGHT, PROPRIETOR.

N. B.—Located in the very heart of the wholesale business, this is one of the most conveniently located Hotels for Merchants, Business men and others visiting the city.
jy28 6mdaw

Amusements.

THE LANCASTER COUNTY
AGRICULTURAL PARK
ASSOCIATION.
LANCASTER, PA.
INAUGURAL FAIR.
COMMENCING ON TUESDAY, JUNE 15TH.
FIRST DAY—TUESDAY, JUNE 15th.

No. 1.—TROTTING PREMIUM $300—$200 to the first horse; $100 to the second, for horses that have never trotted faster than 2:35. Mile heats, best three in five, in harness.

No. 2—TROTTING PREMIUM $250—$150 to the first horse; $100 to the second, for horses that have been owned in Lancaster County for at least three months previous to the 15th of June, 1869. Mile heats, best three in five, in harness.

No. 3.—PACING PREMIUM $100—$75 to the first horse, and $25 to the second, for horses that have been owned in Lancaster county for at least three months previous to the 15th of June, 1869. Mile and repeat in harness.

No. 4.—VELOCIPEDE PREMIUM $50—For gentlemen Velocipedists—$25 to the first; $15 to the second; $10 to the third. Half mile and repeat.

SECOND DAY—WEDNESDAY, JUNE 16.

No. 1.—TROTTING PREMIUM $500—Open to all. $350 to first horse; $100 to second; $50 to third. Mile heats, best three in five, in harness.

No. 2.—TROTTING PREMIUM $300—$175 to first horse; $75 to second; $50 to third, for horses that have been owned in Lancaster county for at least three months previous to the 15th of June, 1869. Mile heats, best three in five, in harness.

No. 3.—PACING PREMIUM $100—Open to all. $75 to first horse; $25 to second. Mile and repeat, in harness.

No. 4.—VELOCIPEDE PREMIUM $50—For gentlemen Velocipedists—$25 for first; $15 for second; $10 for third. Half mile and repeat.

For best four horse Team for farm use...$40.00
2nd " " " " ... 20.00
For " pair matched Carriage Horses... 10.00
2nd " " " ... 5.00
Best Single Carriage Horse... 8.00
2d best " " ... 4.00
Best Saddle Horse... 10.00
2d Best Saddle Horse... 5.00
Best Stallion for draft or farm... 10.00
2d " " " " ... 5.00
Best " " road... 10.00
2d " " " ... 5.00
Best Jack... 10.00
2nd best Jack... 5.00
Best Jennet... 10.00
2nd best Jennet... 5.00
Best Brood Mare for farm... 5.00
2d " " " ... 5.00
Best Brood Mare for road... 10.00
2d " " " ... 5.00

FARM AND DRAFT COLTS.

For Best Yearling Horse Colt... 5.00
2d Best Yearling Horse Colt... 3.00
Best Yearling Mare Colt... 4.00
2d Best " " " ... 2.00
Best 3 Year Old Horse Colt... 8.00
2d Best 2 Year Old Horse Colt... 4.00
Best 2 Year Old Mare Colt... 6.00
2d Best 2 Year Old Mare Colt... 3.00
Best 3 Year Old Horse Colt... 10.00
2d Best 3 Year Old Horse Colt... 5.00
Best 3 Year Old Mare Colt... 8.00
2d Best 3 Year Old Mare Colt... 4.00

ROAD AND CARRIAGE COLTS.

Best Yearling Horse Colt... $5.00
2d Best Yearling Horse Colt... 3.00
Best Yearling Mare Colt... 4.00
2d Best Yearling Mare Colt... 2.00
Best 2 Year Old Horse Colt... 8.00
2d Best 2 Year Old Horse Colt... 4.00
Best 2 Year Old Mare Colt... 6.00
2d Best 2 Year Old Mare Colt... 3.00
Best 3 Year Old Horse Colt... 10.00
2d Best 3 Year Old Horse Colt... 5.00
Best 3 Year Old Mare Colt... 8.00
2d Best 3 Year Old Mare Colt... 4.00

NOTICE.

The winner of any premium will not be allowed to enter the same horse for a second premium.

A Velocipedist receiving any premium will not be allowed to contend for a second premium during the Fair.

Exhibitors will receive one admission ticket gratis.

Entrance, 10 per cent. on the total premiums. Three or more to fill; two to start.

Entries will close at the room of the Association, in the City of Lancaster, at 8 P. M., 14th of June, 1869.

All communications should be addressed to the President or secretary of the "Lancaster County Agricultural Park Association," Lancaster, Penna.

The rules of the "Lancaster County Agricultural Park Association" will govern all trials of speed.

Sale of stock owned by Exhibitors and members will be held on the grounds, on THURSDAY, JUNE 17th, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

Trials to commence at 2 P. M.

All animals entered for premiums must be on the grounds from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M., both days of exhibition.

H. S. SPENCER, President.
Jno. T. MacGonigle, Secretary.
may 14 4tdaw

Banking Houses.

E. W. CLARK & CO.,
BANKERS,
NO. 35 S. THIRD ST., PHILADELPHIA.
GENERAL AGENTS
FOR THE
NATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.
OF THE
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
FOR THE
States of Pennsylvania, and Southern New Jersey.

The NATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY is a corporation Chartered by Special Act of Congress, approved July 25, 1868 with a

Cash Capital of One Million Dollars,

and is now thoroughly organized and prepared or busin ss.

Liberal terms offered to Agents and Solicitors, who are invited to apply at our office.

Full particulars to be had on application at our office, located in the second story of our Banking House, where Circulars and Pamphlets, fully describing the advantages offered by the Company, may be obtained.

E. W. CLARK & CO.,
No. 35 South Third street,
Philadelphia, Pa.
B. S. RUSSELL, Manager.
Kready & Reer,
Agents for Lancaster county,
LANCASTER.
B. C. KREADY. C. G. HERR

MECHANICS' BANK,
NO. 36 NORTH QUEEN STREET,
(*INQUIRER BUILDING.*)
DEALS IN
UNITED STATES BONDS, STOCKS, GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,
DRAFTS GIVEN ON NEW YORK THE PRINCIPAL CITIES
COLLECTIONS MADE PROMPTLY.
INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.
JOHN M. STEHMAN,
JOSEPH CLARKSON,
SAMUEL McCLOSKEY,
Bankers as Stehman, Clarkson & Co.

Watches, Jewelry, &c.

1869. R. E. RHOADS & BRO. 1869
We ask the attention of purchasers to our unusually large stock of goods carefully selected and manufactured to our own order for the

FOR THE NEW YEAR!

which we are selling at very Low Prices.

FINE GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,
BY THE BEST
AMERICAN AND FOREIGN MAKERS.
DIAMOND, CORAL, AMETHYST, GARNETT,
AND ALL KINDS OF
PLAIN AND ENAMELED GOLD JEWELRY.
HAIR JEWELRY
MADE TO
ORDER WITH FINE GOLD MOUNTINGS.
Special attention paid to furnishing
WEDDING PRESENTS,
OF
STERLING AND COIN SILVER.

We have a Watchmaker from the Swiss Factory to do repairing, and warrant all work.

H. Z. RHOADS & BRO.,
(*Next Door Below Cooper's Hotel.*)
WEST KING STREET, LANCASTER, PA.
nov25 1tw47

Coster's Beautifier, &c.

HOUSEKEEPERS!
HOUSEKEEPERS!
Men---Women---and Children!
Men---Women---and Children!
READ---READ.
"Cooling to Scalds and Burns,"
"Soothing to all painful wounds, &c."
"Healing to all Sores, Ulcers, &c,"
'COSTAR'S BUCKTHORN SALVE
Is the most extraordinary SALVE ever known. Its power of Soothing and Healing for all Cuts, Burns, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Chapped Hands and Skin, for Sore Nipples, for Piles, &c.—is without a parallel. One person says of it, "I would not be without a Box in my House, if it cost $5.00, or I had to travel all the way to New York for it."—*N. Y. Evening News, Sept. 5.*
All Druggists in Lancaster sell it.
"COSTAR'S"
Standard Preparations
ARE HIS
BEAUTIFIER!
THE
Elitor-Sweet and Orange Blossoms.
One Bottle, $1.00—Three for $2.00.
HIS
"Costar's" Rat, Roach, &c., Exterminators.
"Costar's Bed Bug Exterminators.
"Costar's" (only pure) Insect Powder.
"Only infallible Remedies known."
"18 years established in New York."
"2,000 Boxes and Flasks manufactured daily."
"!!! Beware!!! of spurious imitations."
"All Druggists in Lancaster sell them."
Address "COSTAR," 10 Crosby st., N. Y.
Or, JOHN F. HENRY (Successor to)
DEMAS BARNES & CO., 21 Park Row, N. Y.
Sold in Lancaster by Gruger & Rice.
m22 1ydaw

Register's Notice.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—THE ACCOUNTS of the following persons are filed in the Register's Office of Lancaster county, for confirmation and allowance at the Orphans' Court to be held in the Court House, in the City of Lancaster, on the THIRD MONDAY in JUNE, (21), at 10 o'clock A. M.:

William T. Kirk, Guardian of David C. Brown.
Julius L. Shunman, Executor of Ann Green.
Levi Bender, Guardian of David Coldren.
Christian Nissley, Guardian of Elizabeth Witmer.
William N. Galbraith, Administrator of Rebecca M. Eckman.
Christian Nissley, Samuel Nissley, Benjamin Nissley and David Nissley, Administrators of Samuel Nissley.
Jacob R. Lehman, Administrator of Isaac Lehman.
Christian Snyder, Executor of Mary Hoover.
J. G. Bryan, Administrator of John Bryan.
William B. Finney, Administrator of Francis A. Finney.
Adam Dennison, Guardian of John, Ann, Jacob, Elizabeth and Fanny Hatz.
John F. Long, Administrator of Catharine Hager.
Jacob M. Reeser and Sarah Reeser, Executors of Nicholas Reeser.
Jacob B. Meckley, Guardian of Mary Sides.
John Horst, William Horst and Ann H. Horst.
Israel Wenger and George Weaver, Executors of David Wenger.
Samuel G. Gerber and John G. Gerber, Administrators of Samuel Gerber.
John Eberly and Henry Kurtz, Administrators of Benjamin Eby.
Jacob B. Becker and Christian Brubaker, Administrators of Henry B. Becker.
John B. Musser, Guardian of David L. Peck.
Ephraim S. Hoover, Executor of Barbara Hoover.
John Doner, Guardian of Susan Doner.
John Hinkley, Administrator of Mary Huber.
John Fox, Executor of John Boot.
Herman Albright, Administrator of Jesse Albright.
Frederick William Beates, Henry Beates and Samuel Beates, Executors of Rev. William Beates.
Peter G. Wenger, Administrator of Lydia Wenger.
G. D. McCormick, Acting Executor of Thomas McCormick.
William Von Neida, Administrator of Levi Lausch.
John Musser, Administrator of Jacob Grove.
Samuel E. Groff, Executor of Wm. H. Hall.
Benjamin M. Barr, Executor of Benjamin Bear.
Christian Zecher, Guardian of Edwin L. Baerman, William M. Baerman and Mary M. Baerman.
C. S. Hoffman and E. G. Groff, Executors of Michael Bard.
Frederick K