Cost of the Freedmen's Bureau. The whitewashing of Revenue Commissioner Wells, among other false and deceptive statements, declares that the cost of the Freedmen's Bureau from the time of its organization in 1806 down to June 80, 1868, has been only \$5,617,000. This is so utterly at variance with the figures heretofore given from official sources, that it is sufficient to stamp the whole letter as unworthy of the slightest credit. Doubtless as far as the items are specially charged to that bureau, Mr. Wells' statement is correct. The expenses of this bureau, are, however, concealed in a mass of appropriations, and mixed up with those of the War and other departments so that it is al. most impossible to get at the exact outlay. No fair or precise account has ever been rendered. While Mr. Wells states the "expenses from 1866 to 1868" to be \$5.617.000. Congress made two directappropriations within that period for \$10-780,750, or more than five milliens above the sum stated. The National Intelli-

gencer explains further, as follows: The bureau was organized by the act of March 3, 1865, though it had been practically in existence long before, under the name of the Department of Negro Affairs name of the Department of Negro Affairs, which transferred large property and funds to the bureau. No part of the two appropriations for nearly cleven millions, already referred to, was drawn from the treasury until August, 1867, being more than two years after the expenditures of the bureau began. The explanation is, that abandoned lands in the Southern States, and others to which the government had acquired title by confiscation or sale, were selzed and appropriated for the use of this concern, together with an immense amount of fines, taxes, retained bounties, &c., of which no returns have been made, making an no returns have been made, making an enormous aggregate. Besides these vast resources, the Secretary of War had power resources, the Secretary of War had power to issue unifinited supplies of provisions, clothing and fuel, subject to regulations prescribed by himself. The scale on which it was done may be estimated by the fact that ten mittions of rations were issued in twolve months. No account of the clothing and fuel has been furnished. It is all purposely covered up. So, too, in regard to transportation, medical supplies, and the like.

friend;

out although the actual cost of this yest organization cannot be precisely stated, for the reasons which have been exposed, still there are approximate figures which fur-nish a practical idea of the millions which nish a practical idea of the millions which it consumes. Gen. Howard, the commis sloner of the bureau, who is directly interested in depreciating the outlay, made an official estimate for the fiscal year from January 1, 1863, to January 1, 1875, which gives the only data from that source of the expenditures. Here is what he says:

"It is estimated that the amount required for the expenditures of the bureau for the fiscal year commencing January, 1866, will be \$11,745,050. This sum is requisite for the following purposes:

.. \$11,746,050 This estimate is below the mark in many respects. For example, the salaries are stated at \$230,300, while the actual amount paid for a single year was \$815,731,94, enclusive of the pay for school teachers, hospital and army officers. attendants, and army officers. Thus we have Goneral Howard estimating the cost of the bireau for one year at \$11,745,050, while Mr. Wells has the assurance to say that the expenses since its organization were only \$5,617,000. As these radical decreased disagree, the responsibility of false statement rests between them, but unfortunately the people have to pay for the shortcomings of both.

Views of Senator Hendricks on the Pay-ment of the Bonds. Senator Hendricks, in his speech at the reception tendered him in Indianapolis, Ind., on his return from Washington on Tuesday, devoted considerable attention to the question of paying the bonds, in the course of his remarks saying: "It is said that it is unjust to pay these bonds otherwise than in coin. I am not able to perceive that it is so. The bonds were bought from the government when the Treasury notes were much more depreciated than now. Undoubtedly there were hard cases under the legal-tender act. I recollect one case that appeared so to me. recollect one case that appeared so to me. may not be accurate in the amounts, but hearly so. One entire in the amounts, but nearly so. One entired having gold, \$10,000, whiring the first year of the war, and before the rise of gold, or rather the fall in paper, loaned it to his neighbor at 7 per cent. That neighbor was able to pay the interest and hold the gold. He did so until after the passage of the legal-tender law, and until passage of the legal-tender law, and until gold went up to \$2.50. He then sold the gold for \$25,000 legal-tender notes. With \$10,000 of the notes he paid the note given for the gold, and with the remaining \$15,000 he bought lifteen of the five twenty bonds of \$1,000 each, upon which he has since received his interest in gold every six months.

since received his interest in gold every six months.

"What became of the other gentleman who was compelled to take paper worth about \$4,000, I cannot tell. Perhaps he became a quartermaster, or sought some other ominently loyal position, hoping to retrieve his fortunes; but I have been entered annual to experie a throby majula to avoit as throby majula to avoit and throby majula to avoit as throby majul threly unable to excite a throbbing sympa-thy for the gentleman who holds the \$15,00 in bonds. I cannot say that financially be in bonds. I cannot say that financially he has done badly; and in the little question between him and the tax payer, I cannot go with Governor Morton and his followers, and hold that we skall go beyond the contract and pay his bonds in gold. This large class of bonds being payable in twenty years in treasury notes, they are now many of them redeemable in the same.—
Then we may at once commence the payment of our debt by the issue of treasury notes, and thus ston the payment of gold. ment of our debt by the issue of treasury motes, and thus stop the payment of gold interest, and also increase our currency, and thus stimulate commerce, enterprise and labor, and in connection with a wise and labor, and it connection with a wise policy towards Southern States, and the development of their resources, restore prosperity to the whole county. I would not be understood as being in favor of an increase of the currency without limit. The dangers and evils of an unrestricted issue of paper money cannot be too carefully avoided. Temptations in that direction are great, and must be resisted by wisdom and prudence. No one more than myself regrets the necessity of a resort to paper currency, but it results from necessities of our rency, but it results from necessities of our condition. The issues must be limited to the demands of business, and the wants of the people in meeting the enormous levies

the people in meeting the enormous levies for national. State, county and city purposes."

Death of Chas. R. Buckwalter, Esq.
Charles Buckwalter, Esq. died at his residence, in Philadelphia, yesterday, after a short illness. Mr. Buckwalter, after graduating at the Philadelphia High School, studied law; was admitted to practice at the bar, and gave great promise of usefulness in the profession be had chosen. Residing in the Third Congressional District, and taking a prominent part in politics on the Democratic side, Mr. Buckwalter was twice chosen as the candidate for Congress by that party, and made successful runso or both occasions, though failing to secure an election. As weather W. Secure an election. As weather W. Secure an election. studied law; was admitted to practice at the bar, and gave great promise of usefulness in the profession be had chosen. Residing in the Third Congressional District, and taking a prominent part in politics on the Democratic side, Mr. Buck walter was twice chosen as the candidate for Congress by that party, and made successful runs on both occasions, though fulling to secure an election. As a speaker, Mr. Buckwalter was logical and eloquent; as a citizen, he filled all the requirements of that responsible position, while in the social circle ne was a fuvorite on account of the possosion of many genial and engaging traits of character. His death is a loss to the public, as well as to his family and friends,—Pailudelphia Age.

We knew the deceased well, and can bear testimony to his abilities and worth. He had a bright future before him had he but lived to realize it.

Know-Nothingism Revived.

True to their instincts the Radical Legislature of Connecticut passed a law to prevent foreigners from being naturablized in that State. Of this fresh and malignant revival of Know-Nothingism—this new evidence of the hatted of foreigners by the Radicals, Gov.

English says in his veto:

"Thirteen years ago, in a period of intolerant excitement, the courts of our State were absolutely forbidden to administer the oath of allegiance to any allen desiring to become a citizen of the United States with

English says in his veto:

"Thirteen years ago, in a period of intolerant excitement, the courts of our State were absolutely forbidden to administer the oath of allegiance to any allen desiring to become a citizen of the United States. But when the war came upon us, and it was necessary to fill the United States with men who were willing to imperit their lives for the preser to of the government, the injustice and utter absurdity of such a policy became apparent; and the alien who would enlist in our armies and give us his services for a year, was gladly received as a citizen, without any further residence, and without even the requisite of a declaration of his intention to become a citizen. It seems to me hardly becoming The Republican leaders are bold enough to proclaim their wicked purpose. The Anti-Stavery Standard, which is never more than three months in advance of the rest of the Republicans, proclaims itself boldly now. The Rump disclosed the develish de sign. The Tribune will tail along in about a fortnight and the Times a week later.

Tax-payers—working men! Do you like the programme? Another impeschment in September with a carpet-bag court organized to convict. The arming of the blacks so as to put down all white opposition at the South in the November election wil you vote for this 7—X. Y. world a citizen. It seems to me hardly becoming

Another impeachment in September, arm-ng of the blacks in October. The Republican leaders are bold enough

Andersonville.

Gen. Grant wrote to Butler, when the exchange of prisoners was going on with the full approval of the rebels: Send no more men in exchange for our sick prisoners in the enemy's hands.—
Every man released becomes an active solder against us. It we commence a system of exchange we will have to fight on till the whole South is exterminated. It is hard on our men in Southern prisons, but is 'humanity to those left in our ranks to fight our battles. That shows who was responsible for

the horrors of Andersonville. John C. Breckenridge is living very quietly at Niagare, a little town about twelve telles away at the eastern termine of Thomson's railroad. He does not come to the Falls very often. He was at the Chiton Hotel a short time since; with Gen. Early, OLD KENTUCKY marketing and property and SEYMOUR AND BLAIR,

ONLY 75,000 MAJORITY GAIN OF 25,000 OVER LAST YEAR. THE TIDE STILL SWEEPS ON! FRANKFORT, Ky., Aug. 3.—The vote in the State is not full. The Democratic majority is largely increased. The indications are that Stevenson, Democrat, will have a majority for Governor over Baker, Radical, of not less than 75,000, an increase of over of not less than 75,000, an increase of over 25,000, over last election.
LOUISVILLE, Aug. 3, 10.45 p. m.—Seven thousand majority for Stevenson, the Democratic candidate, in the city of Louisville, [EECOND DESPATCH.]
LOUISVILLE, Aug. 8.—The official city too: Stevenson, 8,24; Baker, 402. Weltman's (regular Democrat) majority over Musselman, (Independent Democrat) about 2,900. The majorities of all the other regular Democratic candidates on the ticket range from 5,000 to 7,000. It is impossible to approximate the majority in the State to-night, but it will be large, and probably reach 70,000 or 75,000.

ddeus Stevenson the Funding Bill. The following letter has been addressed by Hon. Thaddeus Stevens to a personal friend:

"Dear Sir: The gold question is settled. It is not surprising that an ancient philosopher should marvel at the singular workings of truth, sometimes operating with provoking slowness and sometimes with electric rapidity, but always with eventual accuracy. This has been called to my mind by the late sudden settlement of the question in what currency the five-twenties were payable. For some time past that question has been discussed in a vulgar manner, and I confess, so are as I was concerned, in a temper and style that was unbecoming; and yet within a week the whole question has been settled without turmoil and without it seeming to be understood by the people at large. by the people at large.
"A funding bill was introduced by Mr. "A funding bill was introduced by Mr. Senator Shorman, passed the Senate, and was sent to the House, where it received several amendments. The Senate non-concurred, and it went to a committee of conference. They reported an entirely new bill, in which they settled the whole question of what the five-twenties should be payable in, solwisely as to reduce the whole national loan to payment in coin They provided bonds to the full amount of the five twenties and no more, to be exchanged, par for par, and payable in gold in thirty and forty years.

"Now, if the five-twenties had already been payable, principal and interest, in the sentence of the sente .2,432,490 Venango Washington.

not include pensions, bounties, and debts of a similar description. Is it not amazing of a similar description. Is it not amazing of a similar description. Is it not amazing been payable, principal and interest, in gold, nothing need to have been said except as to the time, which the government had the right to extend, but they did provide that the bonds to be substituted should be of different interest value from the face of the five-twenties. It is provided that they shall bear an interest of four per centum in gold instead of six per centum, as now; and us an equivalent for the reduction of the interest, the principal were already payable in gold, there could have been no occasion to repeat it, nor reduce the coin interest for thirty years by one-third. This settled, that the bonds bearing four percent. Interest for forty years, and their principal and interest payable in coin, were just equal to what the committee considered the value of the five-twenty bonds, bearing one-third more interest in coin and the principal payable in just what it now is.

"These provisions, I think, cannot be misunderstood by any gentleman. If the bondholder chooses to deal, let him exchange one of these four-forty bonds, bearing four per cent. interest, for one of the same value called five-twenties, bearing six per cent. interest in gold and the principal in money.

"This proposition, containing so just and "Now, if the live-twenties had already been payable, principal and interest, in gold, nothing need to have been said except as to the time, which the government had the right to extend, but they did provide that the bonds to be substituted should be of different interest value from the face of the five-twenties. It is provided that they shall bear an interest of four per centum in gold instead of six per centum, as now; and us an equivalent for the reduction of the interest, the principal were already payable in gold, there could have been no occasion to repeat it, nor reduce the coin

Congressional Appropriations.

The following are the appropriations made by the several sessions of the Fortieth Congress, many of them being in addition to the appropriations previously made for the same purposes, which, although unusually large, were not found sufficient to carry the Radical officials through: six per cent. interest in gold and the principal in money.

"This proposition, containing so just and convenient an arrangement, so as to reduce the national loan to uniformity and settle the vexed question 'in what it should be paid,' was submitted to both houses, passed at once by the Senate and passed by the House of Representatives, almost every republican member voting for it. If it is not now a law, it is because the President huse in the signed it.

"This compromise bill was a happy thought, setting an irritating question, and the same purposes, which, all ylarge, were not found sufficient the Radical officials through:

Befulency in Expenses of Reconstruction.

Second Appropriation for Deficiency in Expenses of Reconstruction.

Further Deficiency in Expenses of Reconstruction.

Second Appropriation for Deficiency in Expenses of Reconstruction.

Further Deficiency in Expenses of Reconstruction.

Second Appropriation for Deficiency in Expens now a law, it is because the President has not signed it.

"This compromise bill was a happy thought, setting an irritating question, and informing every boundholder what and how much ho is to receive for his bond. It does 5,000 00

does not do to exult, but it must be grafify-ing to those who held that there was a dif-ference in value between the five-twenties and what they would be if they were paya-ble in coiu. Respectfully, &c.

"THADDEUS STEVENS." Deficiency in War Department...
Deficiency in Paymaster-General's Office...
Deficiency in Quartermaster's
Department...
Clerks for Payment of Bounties...
Navy Aporoorisations... Death of Gen Chas. G. Kalpine.

Mr. Chas, G. Halphine, better known under the soubrigue of Miles U Reilley, died at the Astor House, New York, about midnight on Sunday. On Sunday evening, about six o'clock, he went up to his room, and shortly afterward came down and wrote a cheek for a small amount, which he handed to a friend. He then retired and about nine o'clock rang the bell and desired that medical aid might be sant for. Dr. Swan, who was at the Astor House at the time, immediately proceeded to Mr. Halpine's room and found him breathing heavily and almost insensible. It was attempted to administer restoratives, but Mr. Halpine was unable to swallow, and at ten minutes past twelve he censed to breathe. Congestion of the brain is believed to have been the cause of death. The body was this morning removed to the family residence of deceased in Lexington avenue. Mr. Halpine was born in Ireland and educated at Trinity College, Dublin, where he distinguished himself by his classical attainments. About twenty years ago he came to this country, and shortly afterward was atlached to the staff of the Tribune. He was also subsequently connected with the Times and Leader, and a few years ago established the Citizen, which he continued to edit up to the time of his death, During the war he was on General Hunter's staff, and was with him in Kansas, South Carolina, and Virginia. During this time he contributed to the papers many war lyries under the nom de plame of Miles O'Reilley. On his return from the field, and at the ensuring election in New York city he was chosen to fill the office of Register. He took an active part in politics, and assisted both with voice and pen in disseminating the ware of the Derocardio nearts. Executions
State Department
Consular and Diplomatic Bill
Post Office Department
Deficiency in Post Office Department
ment Post Office Appropriation.
Treasury Department.
Deficiency in Treasury Department.
Deficiency Collecting Customs...
Revenue Cutter Service.
Construction Branch of Treasury Construction Branch of Treasury
Deficiency in Construction
Branch of Treasury
Independent Treasury
United States Mint and Assay

Denciency in interior Department
Indian Commission
Indian Appropriations
Expenses Sales of Lands.
Surveying Public Lands...
Government of Territories.....
Deficiency in Government of Territories..... tives....
Legislative Deficiency, No. 2.
Pension Appropriation...
Deficiency in Pension Office...
Public Buildings and Grounds...
Deficiency, Public Buildings and
Grounds, No. 1.
Deficiency, Public Buildings and
Grounds, No. 2.
Capitol Extension...
Survey of Coast...
Lighthouses..... Lighthouses..... Miscellaneous Appropriations... Private Appropriations.....

Total..... .. \$159,397,120 85 Radical Figures on the Result. Several of the Radical papers have been figuring at the Electoral vote, trying to show Grant elected, but are unable to countries. enough votes to insure success. The South Bend Register—Schuyler Colfax's home or-gan gives the following table as the best the Radical ticket can do: 5 Nebraska... Arkansas.....

The Germans of Philadelphia.

The most sagacious and far seeing as well as intelligent gentlemen among our German population unite in the opinion that three-fourths of the German population of Philadelphia will vote for Seymour, Blair, and the whole of the Democratic nominee. A well known prominent German Democrat of the Sixth Ward writes us: "We, the Germans of the Sixth Ward, have learned that many of our friends, who do not wish to belong any longer to a corrupt Radical and revolutionary party, are coming back. The Germans, who have lived under a monarchy, are naturally hostile to corruption, monarchy, the bayonet and the sword. They love liberty and houesty. They are for constitutional rights and a Union; and we can say that the Germans do not alone in the upper part of the city, but all over the city, return to the Democratic ranks. We are ready to take them by the hand again. We further take great pleasure in staing, as far as we have learned, that our friend, Dr. Roth, one of the leading German Democratic citizens of our ward, and of marked influence, who takes an active part, and who understands pretty well the Germans of this city will support Horatio Seymour, General Blair, and the whole of the Democratic nominees."—
Eventing Heritid.

S. F. B. Morse, Esq., has given to the Theological Seminary at Yale College the The Germans of Philadelphia. wil you vote for this ?—N. Y. world

Alaska Paid For.

The draft for \$7,200,000 in coin—the purchase money of Alaska—signed at the Treasury Department and delivered to Saron Stocki, the Russian minister, is made payable at the Treasury Department, the according to the terms of the treaty, and at the request of Baron Stocki was transferred to the Assistant Treasury at New York, where the money will be paid. The following is the receipt of Baron Stocki:

"The undersigned, envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary of his Majesty the Emperor of all the Russias, does thereby acknowledge to have received at the Treasury Department, in Washington, \$7,200,000 in coin, being the full amount due from the United States to Russia in consideration of the cession of certain iterritory described in the treaty entered into by the Emperor of all the Russias and the President of the United States, on the 20th day of March, 1867.

"Washington, August 1st, 1868."

S. F. B. Morse; Esq., has given to the Theological Seminary at Yale College the sum of ten thousand dollars towards the erection of a new divinity hall.

PERNOTAVACIAN SHARE OF THE PRINCIPLY SHARE SHARE OF THE PRINCIPLY Angust 2. Control of the Public obtained of the Control of t

about 28 years old; was born in Germany, and came to this country about a years ago. For the past five years he served in the capacity of a reporter on the "Democrat." He was a kind hearted man, and one will miss his miling countonance more than they. He came to this place on Friday last for the purpose of securing rooms for his uncle, but the control of the sum borney, and an amber of young men in Harrisburg are making a move to establish anew lodge in that city, and an another of young men in Harrisburg are making a move to establish anew lodge in that city, and an another of young men in Harrisburg are making a move to establish anew lodge in that city, and an another of young men in Harrisburg are making a move to establish anew lodge in that city. The bodies of Messrs. Trough and Vankirs his county, Mr. David Evans, isin Harrisburg attending the Schools the country will be held on the same cause and the others will be washed ashore during the week.

The body of Frank H. Thorn, who was drowned in the ocean on last Tuesday, came to shore yesterday. The deceased was twenty years old. He lived at Frankford, on the list county, Apuppin county, commencing on the 13th inst., the Furrisburg are making a move to establish anew lodge is to be established at Bernaville counties will shortly hold a camp-meeting of the converse of Dauphin and adjoining counties will shortly hold a camp-meeting in Harrisburg are making a move to establish a new lodge is to be established at Bernaville counties will shortly hold a camp-meeting counties will shortly hold a camp-meeting counties will shortly hold a camp-meeting of the converse of Dauphin and adjoining counties will shortly hold a camp-meeting of the country. The backes county, and a number of young men in Harrisburg are making a move to establish a new lodge is to be established at Bernaville counties will shortly hold a camp-meeting counties will s

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The building is to be oblink with prick, and it quickly to recover from the heaviest days will be felt for a long time.

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twhich were onlirely consumed. The fire broke out at 7 o'clock in the morning, and by noon there was not a wall or a beam standing in the entire burned district. The Jones House and one or two smaller hotels, telegraph offices, several shipping platforms and small tanks, and 50 or 60 of the first the place were destroyed. Fifty-three family, to procure food, he slipped into an adjoining closet and took from a vest pocket a sliver watch. The watch was not missed for several hours after the man left; a reward of \$15 is offered to the reis very little insurance.

Affray and Murder in Shrewsbury, vermont—A Vendetta Among New Englanders.

One of the most horrible and atrocious murders ever perpetrated in Vermont occurred at Shrewsbury, ten miles from here, last evening. An old feud has for many years existed in that place between two families named Plumley and Balch, and the process of the process

made for hunusuit to carry while appraisers were engaged in setling damages committed by the horses of the latter on the property of the latter on the property of the surface and induced and innocent young man, which resulted in the deliberate shoot were then exchanged between them by Horse R. Plumley. Indiscriminate shots were then exchanged between the parties, resulting in the wounding of Horse S. 278,000 00 276,512 00 276,120 00 724,120 00 Five of the principals in the array—v.E.

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Fatal Duel Near New Orleans.
On the 25th inst., Paul E. Lauesche, Jr.,
son of a respectable notary, and Deputy
Constable Bossier, of the Third Justice's
Court of New Orleans, tought near New Orleans. Laresche was killed. A dispute in
the court-room was followed by a challenge
from Mr. Laresche. The duelists met at 11
A. M. in the parish of St. Bernard, some distance below the city, near the United States

A Negro Question in Africa.

An English war vessel has landed a force on the coast of Southern Guines, taken possession of some of the Portuguese territory, hauled down the flag of the King of Portuguest estad. Lisbon in vastly excited by this in telligence, and two Portuguese men-of-war have been dispatched from the Tagus to the scene of the outrage. The cause of this action on the part of Queen Victoria's officers was not set forth clearly in Europe, and further advices from the African coast were looked for with anxiety. We understand it perfectly. It is all about the negro, a gentlemnwho is trepressible androuble some at home and abroad. The Portuguese have been doing a brisk trade in exporting "laborers" to Brazil, and Great Britain having retiredrom such business, has interrupted it.—N. Y. Heratid.

what a Copperhead is.

The Tribune styles Col. T. Lyle Dickey, recently appointed Assistant Attorney General of the United States, "a copperhead."

Now we may learn exactly what a copperhead is. Gol. Dickey has been an honored citizen of Illinois for thirty years. For many years he was Circuit Judge in the Ottawa district. When the war broke out le went to Washington and asked Mr. Lincolnfor authority to organize a cavalry regiment. Mr. Lincoln wrote to the Secretary of War concerning the said copperhead thus: "This man is my friend. Wants to raise a cavalry regiment. Mr. Lincoln wrote to the Secretary of War concerning the said copperhead thus: "This man is my friend. Wants to raise a cavalry regiment. He won't lie. 'He won't steal. A. Lincoln."

Receiving his authority, he recruited and put in the field the Fourth Illinois Cavalry Regiment, and commanded the same till Grant made him! Chief, of Cavalry on his staff, which post he filled with distinction. Three sons and a son in law of this "copperhead" entered the army. Of. two of these sons, both privates, one was killed and another severely wounded in the Red River expedition.' His son-in-law, a general, was killed at Shiloh.

Now we know what the Tribune's "copperhead' means.—N. Y. World."

they do not before.

a nest with seven chicken eggs in it. To save the eggs from the dogs she put them the necessary materials to carry out the idea.

David Ramsey, M. D., a historian of considerable ability, author of "Life of Washington," a "History of the United States," and a "Universal History," was born in Drumore twp., this county, in 1749, He removed to South Carolina in 1773; was elected to Congress from that State in 1789, He removed to South Carolina in 1773; was president pro tem of that body during Hancock's illness in 1785, and died at Charleston in 1815.

The Express suys that on Monday a German vagrant called at Mr. Aug. Reinoell's residence in Manhelm twp., near this city, and asked for something to eat, and during the absence of one of the family, to procure food, he slipped into an adjoining close in an anticol from a vest pocket a silver watch. The watch was not missed for several hours and took from a vest pocket a silver watch. The watch was not missed for several hours and took from a vest pocket a silver watch. The watch was not missed for several hours and took from a vest pocket a silver watch. The watch was not missed for several hours in the conclusion of Mr. Dyer's description of "The Wickedest Man in New York;" Mr. Dyer has certainly reason to be proud of his skill as a journalist, as this description is being republished by many newspapers throughout the country, a certain indica. The Express says that on Monday a German vagrant called at Mr. Aug. Reinoehl's residence in Manheim twp., near this city, and asked for something to eat, and during the absence of one of the family, to procure food, he slipped into an adjoining closet and took from a vest pocket a silver watch. The watch was not missed for several hours after the man left; a reward of \$15 is offered for the arrest of the thief.

Packard's Monthly for August contains the conclusion of Mr. Dyer's description of "The Wickedest Man in New York;" Mr. Dyer has certainly reason to be proud of his skill as a journalist, as this description is being republished by many newspapers throughout the country, a certain indication of its excellence and interest. Mr. Parton has an article on "Wasting Capi-HEALTH OF THADDEUS STEVENS .- Thaddous Stevens has been confined to his bed in Washington for some days. A writer in the Washington Chronicle represents him as expressing doubts as to whether he

An interesting discussion then took place respecting the merits of deep plowing, which was participated in by several of the members of the Association.

Jacob M. Frantz inquired as to the prospect of the Potatoe crop, and several gentlemen present answered that from present indications the crop would be very good. Mr. Engle remarked that as soon as the potatoe tops die, and the potatoes will not skin, that they should then be raised.

Mr. Rathvon offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That a committee of three be appointed to enquire and report, at the next the bost for the city. Cape May is said to possess several advantages over Atlantic City as a Summer Resort, viz; it is an older place, better settled, and fixed up for the accommodation of guests; the Hotels are nearer the beach and the wayes appear to be more genial in this locality.

The Excursionists are under many obligations to the Committees and members of Adam and Star of America Lodges for the kindness and hospitality extended by them and are convinced that the excursion was conducive of much good in every respect.

RADICAL FIZZLE AT NEW HOLLAND.-

speakers were all in a bad humor.

THE SITE FOR THE HOME.—The Trustees of the "Home for Triendiess Children for the City and County of Lancaster," have a length purchased ground on which to erect a new building for the use of that institution. The point selected is a piece of ground containing five acres and tweive perches, belonging to William S. Shirk, and lying on the east side of South Ann street, one square south of East King. The ground chosen is admirably adapted for a building such as is needed for the Home.—There is a gradual descent eastward from the street, which will be favorable to severage, &c. There are on the back part of the ground purchased, a brick dwelling house, stable, spring house, and a spring house, stable, spring house, and the erection of the new building will be commenced for the inception of the property is \$3,300. Pic-Nic.—The citizens of Hinkletown and vicinity had a very pleasant Pic Nic on Saturday in Bard's meadow. There was an abundance of the best refreshments, and to the music of Miller's Band the dancing

SUIDDE.—Mrs. Rohrer, aged about thirty-five years, wife of Sebastian M. Rohrer, committed suicide recently near Conestoga Centre, by taking ersenic. The mind of the deceased had been impaired for some time, which was most probably the reason for the commission of the rash act. Mrs. Rohrer sent a couple of children to Mr. Hess in Safe Harbor, to procure for her the poison.

AN INTERESTING AND VALUABLE BOOK—
The announcement that Hon. Alexander H.
Stephens was engaged in writing a history
of the late civit war, led all to expect a word
of more than ordinary interest and value,
The first volume has just been issued and
is now before us. It is entitled "The War
between the States, its Causes, Character,
Conduct and Results.

It presents a careful political analysis of
the past, seperating real from apparent
causes of the late unhappy conflict, and
gives those interior lights and shadows of
the Great War, only known to those high
officers, who watched the flood-tide of Revolution from its fountain-springs, and which
were so, accessible to Mr. Stephens from
his position as second officer of the Confederacy.

The careful student of the late struggle
must have felt the want of a reliable and
correct history of the war from a. Southern
stand point by some representative man of
that section. Such a book, was needed to
enable the political student to arrive at a
correct understanding of the causes which

nable the political student to arrive at orrect understanding of the causes which orrect understanding of the causes which led to the war and a clear run of its events. [Mr. Stephens was a most earnest protestant, against rebellion, and; only succumbed at the last moment, when his State, in spite of his warning committed the great error of seceding. eceding. Mr. Stéphens has more than filled the measure of public expectation, if we are to judge of the work as a whole from the volume before us.

This valuable work is sold only by, appscriptions, and the publishers want an agent in every county.

A Handsome Monument to a Soldier.

One of the handsomest monuments we have seen is now standing in the marble yard of Lewis Haldy, North Queen street. It is to adorn the grave of a brave soldier from Little Britain township, who was shot dead in front of Petersburg in June 1884. The monument is of fine Italian marble, thirteen feet high, consisting of a fluted column, broken at top, resting on a finely proportioned base. On the face of the square die, surmounted by flags and an exquisitely carved eagle bearing an olive wreath in its beak, are these words cut on a double raised panel: "To a fallen patriot, our brother, Bobert Maxwell, Corporal Co. D. 157th Reg. Pt. V.; shot dead charging on the rebels in front of Petersburg, June 18th, 1864." On the right tablet is this inscription: "In defence of the Government of the United States, born Aug. 9th, 1832, aged 31 years 10 months and 9 days." On the left face is this: "Out of love for thee and thy valor, dear brother, we rear this stone to thy memory." The design of the monument is fine, the proportions being quite perfect and the workmanship admirable. A HANDSOME MONUMENT TO A SOLDIER. The speakers having exhausted themselves in talking to empty space, Major Shenk made a sympathetic appeal to the little crowd in behalf of the band. He did not want money but he wanted them to accompany the band to the Examiner office and give it three cheers for gratultously blowing them together. This was done, and a Mr. Hay talked a little plee off the steps of the Granito, when this city meeting in the guise of a ward meeting faded into nothingness.

One marked feature was the presence of a number of outspoken Democrats, not a few of whom were veteran soldiers. We heard one brave fellow, who had marched with sherman from Atlanta to the sea, arlew of whom were vectors borniers. We heard one brave fellow, who had marched with sherman from Atlanta to the sea, arguing the issues with the Radicals about him. He was more than a match for any of his opponents. There were working men, Democrats, in the crowd who could have made better speeches than any of those who attempted it. None of the orators of the evening touched a single one of the great issues of the day. All was a tirade of abuse, an unmeaning cry about copperheads and rebels. If the Radicals suppose they can thus shirk all the questions which are now agitating the people, they are much mistaken. The masses are thinking as they never did before, and will vote understandingly at the coming Presidential election. The Radicals will find them out in October, I they do not before.

perfect and the workmanship admirable.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—On Friday a fireman on an engine attached to one of the freight trainsgoing east, on the Pennsylvania Central Railroad was instantly killed near Hestonville, Chester country. Whilestanding on the head light cleaning the smoke stack of the engine, he was so viclorily struck on the head by a bridge that he was ioreed head downwards into the smoke stack. His body was so forced down the stack, as to require the sid of ropes and much force, tolpull it from its position. The name of the unfortunate man was Samuel Webb, and we learn that he resided near West Chester, where he leaves a wife and three children. The doceased was about 35 years of age, and was much respected by all who knew him. A WONDERFUL OCCURRENCE!—EGGS
HATCHED BY THE SUN.—On the 11th of
July, as the wife of Bernard Byrne, a highly respectable farmer, residing near the
Buck, in Drumore township, was going
through a field near the house, she found
a nest with seven chicken eggs in it. To
save the eggs from the dogs she put them
in a basket and stood it in the kitchen on a
table beside a curtained window. The bask-

REVENUE MATTERS.—The new Internal Revenue Bill, which received the signature of President Johnson, on the 90th of the past month, provides that the functions of all the inspectors, detectives and special agents acting under the old bill, shall cease ten days after it becomes a law. An exchange says that this, with the fact that distiliers generally are making arrangements to carry on the manufacture of whiskey under the provisions of the new bill key under the provisions of the new bill, accounts for the little now being done in Revenue matters.

Revenue matters.

A New Turnnike.—The Express states that J. M. Frantz, Jacob G. Peters and C. B. Mylin, having been appointed Commissioners to view the Bridgeport and Horseshoe Turnpike Road, visited this new road on Monday of last week, and reported to Governor Geary that it is a first class road, constructed in a workmanlike manner, upon which the governor issued a license to the company who built the road, authorizing them to collect tolls from all who may use it. The new road extends from neur Witmer's bridge, on the Conestoga, about a mile east of this city, to where the Horseshoe Road intersects the Old Philadelphia and Lancaster Road, a distance of nearly two miles. The road was made by Jacob Kautz & Co., who took the contract at \$1, 150. A gate has been erected at the cross roads at the Locust Grove School House, and David Bair appointed toll gatherer. SEEING THE SIGHTS .-- The Reading

SEEING THE SIGHTS,—The Reading Times states that on last Thursday night a gentleman from Ephrata, Lancaster county, being in Reading, took it into his head that he would see the sights, and at a late hour, even for Reading, he found himself alone upon the deserted streets. Being of a social and companionable nature he hailed the first man he met, and insisted on taking a drink with him. They drank, how often who can tell, but by the time the saloons had all closed up, they were sworn friends, and Mr. Countryman insisted upon his

schools.

An interesting discussion then took place

ROBBERY .- The Columbia Telegran

ROBBERY.—The Columbia Telegransistates that a negro said to be from Harrisburg, on yesterday stole \$150 in Marietta from Capt. Myers, a boatman. He was siterwards found in a clothing store in Columbia by two men who were pursuing him. He ran out of the store and down Front street on being discovered, but was finally captured and being taken before Alderman Evans was, in default of bail, committed to the Lancaster county prison.

PASTOR CALLED.—The Rev. George Robinson, of the New Brunswick (N. Y.) Presbytery, has been elected pastor of the Presbyterian church in East Orange street this

byterian church in East Orange street this city. He is to receive a salary of \$1800 a year, and the parsonage. Elders D. W. Patterson and Mr. Miller were appointed as a committee to prosecute the call. We learn that Mr. Robinson is a recent graduate of Princeton Seminary, and is a young man of fine abilities. Mr. Robinson has recently been assistant at Dr. Boardman's church, Philadelphia.

THE OATS CROP.—The farmers of this county have, in most instances, finished harvesting the oats crop, and from what information we can gather it has proven to be a very light yield. The recent severain storm occurred before a large portion of the crop had been cut down; consequently it was so much tangled and shuttered that a large loss was necessarily sustained

ly it was so much tangled and shattered that a large loss was necessarily sustained in harvesting it. We are sorry to be compelled to state that this grain, which always yields abundantly in our courty, will prove this season to be little more than half a crop.

RADICAL FIZZLE IN MILLERSVILLE.

RADICAL FIZZLE IN MILLERSYLLE.
The Radicals tried to get up a Grant meeting in Millersylle last night, but it was a
complete fizzle, only about twenty people,
men and boys, being present. Charles
Denues and J. G. Peters made a few remarks, but soon gave it up in disgust. The
enthusiasm which was promised for Grant
does not flow spontaneously and can not
even be pumped up.

SUNDAY SCHOOL CELEBRATION.—We are requested to announce that the Lexington Union Sunday School will hold its Third annual calebration on Sunday, the 9th inst., in a grove near the school house. Rev Jesse Pennepacker and Prof. John Beck of Littz, will be present and deliver addresses on the occasion.

mainary generates. The Peruvian Syrup (a protoxide of Iron) has cured thousands who were suffering from this disease.—

Communicated.

A Horrid Affair.—Is very frequently found to exist in the shape of a stove gotten up with an immensity of ornamentation and polish, merely to sell, without the least regard for its practical workings in the household. A truly delightfut cook, 'combining rare beauty of design and finish, with real practical perfectibility, is the great

"BARLEY SHEAF."

manufactured by Messrs. SIUART, PETER-SON & CO., Philadelphia This well-known firm is entitled to the thanks of the trade and families for the presentation of so excellent a stove, and we trust that those interested will take early occasion to fully convince themselves of its admirable qualities. The burns both wood and coal. Bewere of counterfeits! For sale by Geo. M. Steinman & Co., West King street, Lancaster, Pa.

Special Aotices.

Agent wanted; Male and Female; Local and Agent wanted; Male and Female; Local and Straveling. Business new, light and honorable. Steady employment the year round. No capital required. Address, REEVES & CO., No. 78 Nassan street, uly 13 tfw 28 New York. Rupture Correctly Treated by
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Professional experience in the adjustment of Mechanical Remedies and Supports for it years has given him extensive opportunities for practice in this important but neglected brance. To all affilicted with Hernia or Rupture, he can guarantee the successful application of Trusses, specially adapted to each case and its conditions, often perfecting radical cures.

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For Bandage Braces, Fitch's Supporters French Edecardated Frances, Elastic Strusses, Elastic Strusses, Spinal Instruments Crutches, &c., &c. Ar Denfness, Blindness, and Catarri treated with the atmostancess by Jisaacs, M. D., and Professor of Disease of the Eye and Ear in the Medical College of Pennylvania, 12 years syperience (formerly of Leyden, Holland,) No. 805 Arch street, Phila Testimonials can be seen at this office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secreta in his practice. Artificial eyes inserted without pain. No charke for examination

Essays for Young Men on the Errors, Abuses, and Diseases, incident to Youth and Early Manhood which lead to Unhappy Marriages, with the humane 3md4w In the whole history of medical discoveries NO REMEDY has performed so many or such remarkable curses of the numerous affections of the Thankar, LUNOS, and CHEST, as this long-tried and justly cele-

brated Balanm. So generally acknowledged is the superior excellence of this remedy that but few of the many who have tested its virtues by experience init to keep it at hand as a speedy and certain cure for sudden attacks of Cold—fully believing that its remedial powers are comprehensive enough to embrace every form of disease, from the slightest cold to the UNSOLICITED TESTIMONY.

From Rev. Francts Longuill, Pastor of the South Congregational Church, Bridgeport, Connecticut,
"I consider it a duty which I owe to auffering humanity to bear testimony to the virtues of Da. Windless of the South Carlon of the Congregation o UNSOLICITED TESTIMONY.

THE BANKHUPT AOT.—The clause of the act which provided that no person should be discharged whose estate would not pay fifty per cent on the dollar, and which took effect on the 1st of June 1sst, has been further extended to the 1st of January next. This gives five months more time for the application of those who have no assets. posed."
Prepared by SETH W. FOWLE & SON, 18 Tremont St., Boston, and for sale by Dryggists gener IMPORTANT TO MENNONITES.—At a re-cent Conference of the Mennonite Church, held in Ohio, the following declaration was adopted; adopted:

"If a brother or a sister shall marry out of the Church, it will be considered not only a transgression against the rules of, the church, but also a transgression sgainst the word of God." This they must acknowledge and confess before they can again be received into the church." wardly indicating I think, the erackeating nature of the taket HETH W. FOWLE & SON, Boston, Proprietors. Solid by Druggists at 25 cfs. a box. Sent by mail for 38 cfs.

Marriages. Witwen-Ludwig. On the 8th uit, at fair-ille by Rev. Issae Overholser, Mr. Benjamin Titters on Miss Barbara Ludwig, both of East arl two Hanna.—Hall.—On the 88th has. by Rov. J. Strine, at his residence, Reptimus E. anna, of Failon twp. Lancaster co., to Miss ury A. Hall, of East Nottinzham, Chester co.

Meaths. ROHARR —On the Sist uit, near Conest ga Conest Say Season, wife of espassian M. Rohrer, aged 32 years and 5 months. Asrox.—On the 32 inst., near Conestoga Cen-tre, John Aston, aged about 74 years. Miars ets

Philadelphia Grain Market. PHILADELPHIA, Agust 4—The unfavor veather to-day lended to intensity the d ness which already existed in trate of and the business, particularly in Breads; cess which already existed in trace circles and the business, particularly in firealistuffs, was of an exceedingly meagre character. There is no shipping demend for Flour, and the home consumers operate cautiously; about 600 bils changed hands, chiefly Extra F-mily, at \$8021.50 for yellow grades, and 4,000 Northwestern, and \$1001.25 for Fenns, and Ohlo do including some faner-lots at \$12.7501.

In Corn Meal no transactions.
The market is poorly supplied with choice Woest, and this is the only description wanted; sales of common and good Red at \$2.550 2.50 per bus.

Rye comes in slowly, and old has gavanced to \$1.75.
Corn is quiet at yesterday's figures; sales of

to \$1.75.

Corn is quiet at yesterday's figures; sales of ,000 bus Yeslow at \$1.22, and some Mixed Western at \$1.20.

Oats are looking up; 1,000 bus Penn'a soid at 80c, and 1,000 bus Olivoid at 80c, and 1,000 bus Olivoid at 80c.

Whi-key is firmer; we quote at 60c in bond. New York Market. NEW YORK, Aug. 3.—Cotton quiet at 3°1,2c. Flour advanced 106,20c; State at 57,166,88; Superfine at \$2,206,0.20; Extra at \$9,40; Choice at \$1,650,0.20; Farry Western at \$7,150,16,40; Southern at \$96,5. Wheat advanced 16,2c.; Amber at \$2,45; White Michigan \$2,75.

Michigan \$2.75.
Corn active and advanced 10c; Mixed Western at \$1.071.201 10.
Oats active; Western at 8014@820 affoct.
Boof quiet.
Pork firm; Now Mess at \$22.623; Prime Mess at \$2.2002£25.
Lind at 1862182; for steam rendered.
Whiskey duli. Haltimore Market.
BALTIMORE, Aug. 3.-Cotton quiet; Middlings t soo. Flour firm and inactive, and stock scarce. Wheat firm and in good demand. Prime to

Wheat firm and in good demand. Prime to holce Red at \$2.40@2.5).
Corn firm. White at \$1.3:@1,33, Yellow at 137.
Oats steady at 88@0kc.
Mess Pork firm at \$30.
Bacon firm.
Rib Sides '7c.
Clear Sides 191/c.
Suoulders 141/@141/c.
Hams 21@22c.
Lard quiet at 181/c. PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 4 tocks dull. .1155@1153 .11032@111

26 @ 2614 Reading..... Penn'a Raiiroad.... Exchange par. Stocks dull.

Dicago and Rock Island...

Reading..... Philadelphia Cattle Market.

BEEVES—Receipts 2 800 head. The bushices of feected this we ex was considerably larger than that of last, and on all descriptions a fraction of an advance was realized, the market closing firm as 100 105 for prime, 708 for fair to good, and \$60 to recommon and inferior lots.

The following are the particulars of the second particulars of the second particulars of the second particulars. The following are the very second particulars of the second particulars of the second particulars. 70 A. Christy & Brother, Western, gross, 869 in P. 66 of P. McFillen, Western, gross, 71/4091/c. 106 P. Hathaway, Western, gross, 71/4091/c. 50 J. 8. Kirk, Chestor county, gross, 9/4091/c. 52 is. McFillen, Western, gross 8/6/10/10/c. 32 is. McFillen, Western, gross 8/6/10/10/c. 50 E. S. McFillen, Western, gross 8/9/10/c. 155 Ullman & Bachman, Western, gross, 8/9/20/213 Martin, Fuller & Co., Western, gross, 71/40/91/c. 9%c. 834@3%c. 85 Mooney & Smith, Wostern, gross, 84@3%c. 85 T. Mooney & Bro., Western, gross, 66.75%. 68 H. Chain, Western Pennsylvania, pross, 7@ 85/c. 21 J. & L. Frank, Western, gross, 7@95/o. 97 Frank & Shamberg, Western, gross, 75/2 9%c.
81 Hope & Co., Western, gross, 5%@9%c.
33 M. Druffoo & Co., Western, gross, 5%@9%c.
58 Blum & Co., Western, gross, 7%7%a. 8%c. 14 A. Kimble, Chester county, gross, 8@9c. 28 H. Hippie, Western Pennsylvania, gross, 6

23 H. Hipple, Western Pennsylvania, gross, 6 68/12/c.
50 J. Auid, Western, gross, 68/12/c.
COWS-Receipts, 200 head. The domand was steady, and prices were well maintained, with sales of springers at \$16600, and coave and calves at \$156/75. But coave at \$16/75. But can at \$1.50/75. But can at \$1.50/75. But can be come forward slowly, and under a lively

Lancaster Household Maruet. Do. " ci Turnips, \$ bushel LANCASTER GRAIN MARKET, MONDAY UG. 3d, 1868 .- Market firmer:

Extradodo Superfine .dodo Wheat (white) \$\beta\$ bus Wheat (red)do

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AGENTS WANTED TO SELL THE EMINENT WOMEN OF THE AGE." An octivo volume of 630 pages, containing 47 newly written Exetches, by Messrs, Parton, Treeley, Higginson, Tilton, Winter, Abbott, Prof. Hoppin, Mrs. E. U. Stanton, Fanny Fern, Prace Greenwood, etc. Hiustrated with four-Grace Greenwood, etc. Hustrated with jourtern beautiful steel engravings.

The New York Tribune, says: "So thoroughly
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far to remove the represend urged sgainst subscription books—"only made to sell."

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Hartford, Conn.:

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ommon shape, as good as the best. The RED JACKET (Coburn's Patent) AXE cannot be excelled. We guarantee they will cut 25 per cent. more than common Axes, with less inbor to the

LIPPINCOTT & BAKEWELL PITTSBURG, PA., BOLE MANUFACTURERS For sale by principal Hardware Dealers.

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DOLLAR CONCERN IN THE COUNTRY. A? Our inducements for forming Clubs are more than double that of any establishment in the country.

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Applicad carofully and compare with the terms for getting up clubs, as advertised by other establishments.

Any Person sending us Two Dollars cau terms for getting up clubs, as advertised by other catallishments.

Any person sending us Two Dollars can receive for the sam * a selection from the following articles: Two (not one) 50 ploture Morocco Albums, two pairs (not one pair) of Congress Boots, 2 pieces (not one piece) of Pants Pattern, 2 (not one) 5 bottle Revolving Castors, 2 (not one) worsted Breakfust Hawds, or any two articles (not one article) from our exchange list.

We will also send 20 printed notices of articles We will also send 20 printed notices of articles for said also dollar cach.

Any porson sonding Three Dollars, can receive for the same a selection from the following articles:—16 yds. De Laine, I white Marsel les Quilt, 2 (not one) 100 view Turkey Morocco Albums, 20 yds. Sheeting, Wool Square Shawi, 2 sets (not one set) Gold Bosom winds, 2 (not one) Hair Guard Chains, with gold plated trimmings. (the trimmings of these chains are advertised by other concerns as Gold, which is a deception, as they are all of them gold plated.) 2 (not one) silver plated, chassel Butter Dishes, 2 (not one) silver plated, 5 bottle Revolving Castors, 2 sets (not one set) steel Bladed Knifes and Forks, 2 (not one) Worsted Fromenade Shawis, 3 (not one) ladies lour gold plated Chains, 3 (not one) ladies lour gold plated Chains, 3 (not one) ladies lour gold plated Chains, 3 (not one) ladies steel Bladed Knifes and Forks, 2 (not one) Worsted Fromenade Shawis, 3 (not one) ladies' long gold plated (chains, 3 (not one) ladies' long gold plated (chains, 2 (not one) addles' solid dold Double Rings, 2 (not one) gents' heavy chased gold plated Rings. (These rings are advertised by other concerns as solid gold, which is a fraud upon the public,) 3 (not one) black walmut Work Boxes or Writing Desks, 2 (not one) extra quality Balmoral Skiris, 2 sets (not one) of Jewelry and Sleeve Buttons to match, 2 (not one) superior Turkey Morocco Shopping Bags, 2 patrs (not one) ladies' Balmoral Boots.

We writt also send 40 printed notices of articles for said at one dollar each.

or sale at one dollar each.
Any person sending Five Bollars, (not second annual Knives and Forks, 1 pair superior Wood Blankcis, nice Pur Muff and Cape, 2 (not one) sliver plated engraved Ice Pitchers, 2 (not one) sliver plated engraved Ice Pitchers, 100 tone doz.) Rogers' beat sliver plated forks, (common Sense Sowing Machine (the real article, not a base imitation as used by other concerns,) 4 foot two) Honey Comb Quilts, 2 (not one) splendid clasp Family Bibles.

We will also send printed notices for 120 articles for asle at one doltar each.

For larger clubs the value increases in the same ratio Our stock of Goods is all new and in good order. The quality of the Goods is better than those used by any other concern in the country. We are of the opinion that after read it; gite above advertisement, some parties will come to the cone usion that they have been excertly usindified by some of the bosis Gift concerns in this city.

We cannot offer to the person sending us the largest smount of money for a month, a Gift of money or Watches, as that is a violation of the Law against Lotterles; but in addition to the above hieral terms, we will sell to any one who may send us 310, leven articles from our exchange list, all to be sent in one order; and for \$20 we will sell twenty-two articles from our exchange list, all to be sent in one order.

order.

Money sent by Registered Letters or by a Postal Money Order, or Draft at our risk.
Catalogues sent to any address. P. S. Agents will please notify us what firms have agents in their town or city, and they will receive our most sincere thanks. THOMAS L. FENNO & CO., NOS. 52 & 54 ELM STREET, BOSTON, MASS. CHESTNUT BAIL TIMBER LAND AT

CHESTNUT RAIL TIMBEE LAND AT PUBLIC SALE.

A SPLENDID CHANOE FOR FARMERS!
On WEDNESDAY, the 2d day of SEPTEMBER, A D. 1863, the subscribers will offer at public sale on the premises, a very valuable tractof Chestnut Hail Timber Land containing 65 ACREB AND 107 PEHCHER, a situated in Martic towns hip, Lancaster county, on the rosal leading from Martic Forge to McCall's Forry, about three miles southwest of the former place, and three miles west of the village of Rawlinsville, in sald township, adjoining lands of Amos Walton, Joseph Erb, Andrew Weltzel and other lands of the subscribers.

The above named tract is one-fourth of a mile south of John Erb's Saw Mill, and all the ground is gould to the public read. The ground is goulty roth the public read. The ground is gould to the public read to the same such that the public read in a sec such that a cream of the public read in a sec such that a cream of the public read in loss to the public read at the public read. The ground is gould the acream of the public read in the public read at the

A NEW LIGHTSING ROD! DR. WM. HALL'S PATENT COPPER SCROLL IGHTNING CONDUCTOR, MANUFACTURED BY

MESSRS. WRIGHT & HOWARD, PITTSBURG, PA.

PITTSBURG, PA.

They are made of the best Sheet Copper rolled into a perfect Scroil Cylinder or Tube, and have an inside and outside surface. These Conductors present the following advantages over all others in use: First—They are made of pure Copper, the best available material for Light ning Conductors. Eccond—They have a larger conducting surface than any other. Third—The sections are connected more perfectly than others.

Fourth—They have never failed to protect buildings on which they are piaced.

Fith—The have been approved by prætical and scientific men wherever introduced.

Kith—They are the cheapest and most dorable conductor offered to the public.

WHAT IS THE BEST FORM OF LIGHTNING ble conductor offered to the public.

WHAT IS THE BEST FORM OF LIGHTNING
CONDUCTORS?

"A Conductor should be perfectly round and
as smooth as possible." This is the language
of Frof. Henry, of the Smithsonted with knowing the perfect of the Conductor of the C

WHAT ARE THE OBJECTIONS TO TROM
They soon rust, (which desir-vs their son
ducting power, do n't present sufficient surface and three-fourths of all fron Kodes rected,
do not remain in order over one season. Their
grent weight and the etclient of the wind, and
settle of the sum of the control of the sum of the control
settled in which case the Electricity would be
more likely to past from the rod into the build
ing than jump over the broken connection.
Where Conductors run over metal roofing,
Copper is far superfor to Tron, being eight
times a greater conductor, than metals generally used for roofing, whereas fron would not
be more than equal.

WHAT ARE THE OBJECTIONS TO GALVANIZED IRON RUDS, OR THOSE.

The same that are given to fron, a sthey do

COATED WITH ZING?

The same that are given to Iron, as they do not posses any superiority over an ordinary iron rod. For the rapid conducting of electricity, a rod free from any exciling cause, or galvanic currents, will carry off an electric discharge from the clouds with greater, certainty than any other.

Persons wishing rods or any information respecting the same, will apply to

ANYHONY LECHLER,

ANGEL AGORDA.