lesperate and revolutionary schemes of

much legislation, and to enable them to

control the votes of vagabond negroes

the Freedmen's Bureau was continued

The cost of the army which was employ-

ed for the purpose of preventing the

white men of the South from hav-

ing a voice in the government of

their section, has ranged at about

one hundred and fifty millions of dollars

a year. The precise annual cost of the

Freedmen's Bureau has never been fur-

nished by accurate data. It is a gigan-

tic establishment and keeps up a whole

army of officials. In the administra-

tive department alone there are em-

ployed, as subordinates to the Commis

sioner, one Major General: seven Bria-

adlers: nine Colonels; seven Licuten-

ant Coloncis; twenty-nine Majors; one

hundred and fifty-seven Captains; one

hundred and fifty eight Licutenants, and

even hundred and seventeen Clerks

the work of this XLth Congress.

It passed a law to muzzle the Su-

dom of a co-ordinate and equal branch

It spent much time in pretended in

vestigations of contested election cases,

by a partisan vote at once, as Conserva

out of their seats and Radicals admitted.

the Electoral College the votes of cer

that they would be cast for the Demo-

After discussing the important sub-

ject of taxation in a feeble and ineffec-

tive way, the only result was an ex-

ers from taxation, (all of which, if not

lost, will have to be made up by other

whiskey to fifty cents a gallon, and

lation presented to it. The members

themselves and Grant may take which

Attempts were made from time to

A River and Harbor bill was passed

was more corrupt even then the Penn-

sylvania Legislature, the members

selling their votes and influence in the

To secure his election, and to defeat

the earnest desire of the people for a change was the chief work of the Con-

gress which has just taken a recess. It

forged chains for the limbs of freedom:

might and rend these fetters there will

ills which so greatly oppress the people; wait for more light on the subject.

liberty in this country.

most shameless manner.

for stealing.

It passed a resolution excluding from

members were invariably turned

What else did it do?

of the Federal Government.

cratic candidate.



GEN. FRANK P. BLAIR, Jr., of Missouri. FOR AUDITOR GENERAL: CHARLES E. BOYLE, of Fayette county. FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL! gen. Wellington H. Ent, of Columbia co

COUNTY COMMITTEE MEETING. y of AUGUST, at 11 o'clock, A. M. The attendance of every member is ber is carnestly requested, as business of great importance will demand the consideration of the Committee. R. R. TSHUDY, Chairman.

TO THE DEMOCRACY OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF LANCASTER. In accordance with the resolution of the jounty Committee, adopted at their meeting in Saturday, August 1st, you are requested to usemble in the several wards of the city.

ensuing October election, composed of the Allowing officers:
A Member of Congress.
Four Mi mbers of House of Representative Associate Judge.
District Attorney.
One County Commissioner.

The township committees are requested to give early notice in their respective districts of the time and place of meeting for the elec-By order of the Democratic B. J. McGrann, Sec'y.

Organize! Work!! menced a moment too soon. Let an efficient Democratic club be started in misrule. But the battle can not be won without a full muster of our forces and

ergy. Then, Organize Clubs ; Circulate Newspapers; Prepare for Township Meetings ; Enroll the Voters ; Appeal to the Reason of Your Republican Neighbor; Organize; Agitate :

Work : 'AND VICTORY IS SURE. Do not wait for your neighbor to be--and that immediately.

Levying Black Matt. ias received the following circular: For President, For Vice President, U. S. GRANT. SCHUYLER COLFAX.

Postmaster ____, Pa., BIR: The Republican National Committee, stin The Republican National Committee, and the Union Republican Congressions. Committee, being profoundly impressed with the importance of vigorously prosecuting the ensuing political campaign, apply to you for an immediate contribution or 86.

All in sympathy with the purpores of the Republican party will readily understand that expenses must be incurred for organization, documents and spentions. In successfully conducting a Presidential Campaign. The funds contributed will be judiciously expended.

Communications should be midressed to THOMAS L. TULLOCK, Secretary, Washington, D. C., and will be promptly acknowledged. WILLIAM CLAF LIN LER, Terestary, Washington, Republican National Committee, EDWIN B. MORGAN. Chairman, Union Republican Congressional Committee, ROBELT C. SCHENCK, Chairman, THOMAS L. TULLOCK, Secretary, Union Republican Congressional Ex. Com.

The Radicals are in a desperate mood.

The Radicals are in a desperate mood Feeling conscious that the unbiased judgment of the people is against their corrupt and revolutionary party, they are determined to carry the coming elections by force, fraud and the open bribery of voters. They have levied a contribution on every Postmaster and other office-holder in the country, and other office-holder in the country, and in some instances Postmasters in this State have been assessed as high as stitutional questions which it was estimated the result. \$1,000. Thus they expect to raise an tablished to decide. immense sum of money, which will be used in the most corrupt and reckless manner. In numerous instances their blackmailing circulars have been handed to Democratic Editors for publication. No man who has a proper regard for the purity of the ballot box would contribute to debauch the morals of voters in this way. But we do not believe the time has come when the American people are willing to sell the Presidency. There is not a man in the country, no matter how poor he may be, if he has sense enough to know what is for his own interest, who will not see that to continue the Republican party in power is to tax himself annually in a sum much greater than he can possibly expect to receive for his vote. This is not a campaign in which money will save the dominant party. The masses are resolved to effect a change,

and they will assuredly do it. Another Covode Investigation Wanted John Covode once got up what he called an "investigation." He professed to have found evidences of extravagance in the administration of Mr. Buchanan, when the entire expenses during his term were only alittle over two hundred and seventu-two millions. During the yea of 1867, a year of profound peace, the Radicals spent \$346,729,129,33, or \$74,-094,103 more than Mr. Buchanan spent during the whole four years of his administration. John Covode has been in Congress for two years. Why did he not get up; another "inwestigation?" We do not think it would be difficult to find an answer to the question. Honest (?) John knows the subject would not bear an investigation. A revelation of the rascality of his party would sweep it out of existence, and John out of Congress. We calculate he will be badly beaten as it is, and that Hon. Henry D. Foster, a truly honest and able man, will be elected in that district by a large majority. Perhaps Covode will then find time to "inwestigate."

R. R. Tshudy, Esq. R. R. Tshudy, Esq., who was chosen Chairman of the Democratic County Committee on Saturday, is a gentleman being intimately associated

who is eminently well fitted to discharge the arduous and responsible duties of that office. He possesses the requisite ability and energy, and adds thereto years of former experience in the duties of the office. We had the pleasure of Tahudy in the conduct of the McClellen campaign, and in endorsing him, as we do most heartily and cordially, we spea from a full knowledge of his abilities. his zeal and his unwavering devotion to the great principles of the Democratic

WILSON says that the Radical party stands on the "Rock of Ages." Whereat the Cincinnati Enquirer remarks there. He can't even stand on quartz." There are two pints to that joke.

The Democratic Party Acts on the Agtype 100.5.

The Democratic Party Acts on the Agtype 100.

The Democratic Party Act of the may government protecting and of the may government protecting and the protection of the contraction of the protection of th

The Domocratic County Committee will ed Missouri from seceding, and conclusion to Association, on SATURDAY, the 18th by marching with Sherman from Atlantage of August at 11 celebra 4. They need no defense. We point to hem with exultant pride, and rejoice gress, boldly declared that the votes of o see what pitiable dwarfs their opponents seem to be when placed beside

But, if our candidates are unassailable, our platform is equally so. The financial plank, the only one which has been the subject of much attack, is fully enlorsed by Senator Morton, by Thad. Stevens and by many of the most able Republicans in the country. Our can- free election, and to perpetuate its lidates and our platform then being power by force and fraud. both unassailable we have nothing to armed in the panoply of political truth,

not disturb us. Are they such fools as to the satisfaction of all reasonable men. still to suppose that their senseless cries Harvest is about over, and now is the Ku-Klux" have any effect? Do they with which Republican newspapers are time for Democrats to organize for vic- not know that such things have long tory. The good work can not be com- ago lost all force, and that the masses meaning howls? The people have sense enough to see that such talk neither reevery Election District in the county stores the Union, maintains the Constiwithout delay. Every sign of the times | tution, pays taxes, reduces the debt, points to a glorious victory and the re- stops stealing, alleviates the public disdemption of the nation from Radical tress, nor in any other way reaches the wants and necessities of the masses, or tends to bring them relief from burdens too grievious to be borne. We can afperfect discipline in our ranks. Re- ford to let Radical editors and orators member that Pennsylvania is the battle | indulge in these empty epithets, which ground, and that the October election they only employ to conceal lack of will decide the contest. The time grows argument, while we appeal to the people short, and the great work which is to of Restoration, Negro Supremacy, Taxbe done must be commenced at once atlon, Debt, Currency, and whatever and prosecuted with unremitting en- else relates to the civil, the political and the material prosperity of the nation .-If they are satisfied with opposing

> the reason of the American people, we ought to be perfectly content. We challenge the Republican party to answer the accusations which, in the name of the American people we bring excellent State to emigrate from, as the against it. For eight years it has been supreme in the land, and is, therefore, solely responsible for the present condition of the country. What is its record?

empty epithets to the array of argu-

It has abolished all social distinctions between the races, in schools and elsewhere, wherever Congress has been leaving the State, and the negro popuible to exercise complete control. It has denrived the President of the rogatives attendant upon his office, and | essee must repudiate, has attempted to depose him from au-

thority. It has shown in the impeachment and to perfect its usurpations by the foulest and most desperate means. When the trial was progressing it endeavored by every species of threat tion. It is needless to add that the and intimidation to procure a convict Treasury is now empty.

tion, by forcing Senators to perjure themselves.

It has boldly attacked the Supreme Court, and, by act of Congress, has prevented the people from appealing to of the Supreme Court. The latter has practiced the people from appealing to of the Supreme Court. The latter has practiced from the Supreme Court.

It has diminished the number of their increase for base partisan purposes, thus endeavoring to prevent justice from being properly administered. pardoning power, but has freely absolved the most malignant rebels so soon as they agreed to recognize negroes as their political equals.

It has repeatedly passed the most obnoxious and revolutionary measures over the veto of the President, thus showing the evil animus of the party, while exhibiting its entire responsibility for all the ills that so oppress the It has turned many Democrats out of

to its own creatures, to ensure the two ts ruinous designs.

ents at the expense of a tax burthened vania. Have Northern freemen nopity While professing especial regard for

he soldiers, it has rejected them for office unless they were willing to subscribe to the odious doctrine of negro equality in the North, and negro suremacy in the South.

soon as they subscribed to the doctrine of negro equality.

A large Grant and Colfax meeting was held at Gordon, Florida, on the 5th inst Over 300 treedmen participated. It has fomented discord between the white and black races in the South, | tic for Grant. We ought to feel frightand now proposes to arm the negroesat ened, but we don't. We know how the

extermination of the white race; It has maintained a vast standing election. army, in time of profund peace, to prop up the negro governments of the South; and this at a most enormous expense to It has established and kept in exist-

many thousands of idle negroes at the | nominated Grant, and run him as their expense of the working white men of candidate for United States Senator in the North, in order to be able to control Georgia. If Wirz had only known It has stolen many millions of money his neck, but have become a pet and from the public Treasury, thus increas-

ing the burthen of taxation, and adding argely to the public debt.

by no other people in the world. It has so wasted the resources of the government, and so mismanaged its others of the Southern leaders. Any finances that the official record shows man is a fool who cannot see through an almost constant increase of the public | this game, which the Radical leaders | votes of the State for Grant. The Flori-

ground to the earth by the most oppres It has depreciated the currency and advanced the price of all commodities, so that's days labor purchases not one half what it did in Demogratic times.

It has by joint resolution in Con-

less they are cast for its candidate for with fine and imprisonment, for the people of three States to hold an election or to vote for President. It has thus shown a disposition to disregard the popular will, to prevent a

We might continue this enumeration defend, and are left free to engage in of outrages to an almost indefinite aggressive warfare upon our enemies. limit, did not time and space forbid. We go into this contest unencumbered, | For these high crimes against the Confree of limb, stripped for the fight, stitution, and against the rights and libertles of the masses we arraign the and ready to do vigorous battle for the Republican party. It is now on trial before the American people, and during Our opponents would have us stop to the pending campaign Democratic reply to foul epithets. They are aston- newspapers and speakers will prove the ished that their empty denunciations do | truth of every one of the above charges With such a work before us we have of "Rebels, Copperheads, Traitors and | little time to devote to the silly twaddle

filled. Does the Express still wonder tha can no more be moved by these un- the Democratic party intends to act upon the aggressive, rather than on the

defensive, in the present campaign?

Poor Tennessee. The Legislature of Tennessee has just passed an Act postponing for thirty years the payment of the principal and interest of the State debt, which ma tures within the next three years. This the Legislature to the country, that the penditures. But it embraces some facts debt will never be paid. Most of this that will undoubtedly startle the coundebt was contracted since tho war for public improvements to develope the Mr. Wells says: The national receipts public improvements to develope the many of the improvements are completed, or approaching completion, and tially as follows: the resources of the State should be correspondingly developed, the Legislature is driven to Repudiation. The key to this result is found in the fact ments which we can bring to bear upon that all the negroes and few of the whites are permitted to vote in Tenn-Under such government reessee.

plains of Missouri and Kansas testify. In natural advantages and resources in soil and climate, Tennessee is not intion of the country. What is its record? ferior to Kentucky, while the latter It has not only falled to restore the State is teeming with prosperity and gin the good work; but begin it yourself Union, but has refused to permit the her bonds command par in the eastern on degrading and impossible conditions.

It has kept ten States out of the Union and subjected them to the rule of an und subjected them to the rule of an ingrenant and degraded negroes, and degraded negroes, and degraded negroes, and degraded negroes and exponsible military despotism.

It has given all civil power therein to disfranchised a large proportion of the write population.

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It has a control to the cost of the union and adverted them to the region of the war, on account of the union and subjected them to the region to the war, on account of the union and subjected them to the rule of an interval the population and degraded negroes, and the proportion of the write population.

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It has given all civil power therein to disfranchised a large proportion of the write population and proportion of the write population and proportion of the write population and proportion of the write and the feed of the recent session of the Radical should as One of the Postmasters of this county and subjected them to the rule of an ir- within her borders. But the State of Memphis. The white population are

> and refuse to work. Of course, Tenn-But Tennessee is not without a partner in her shame. Proud old Virginia, despite her stripes and sorrows, resumed the payment of her interest after trial a disposition to disregard all law, the war, and maintained her plighted faith until January last. Since then a Federal satrap has seized her Treasury and handed it over to a Negro Conven-

South Carolina.

History furnishes no more striking judges on the Supreme bench at one or humiliating proof of the incapacity time, and at another has encouraged of Negroes for self-government than is afforded by the above despatch. The Legislature of South Carolina, two-thirds of whom are negroes, have cho-It has deprived the President of the sen a Major of Volunteers and a Captain of Infantry to be Associate Justices of the Supreme Court of the State! The despatch does not inform us of the extent of the Major's legal experience, but states that the Captain has practised law but two years. Doubtless both these subalterns are familiar with Courts' Martial and Military Commissions and are expected to borrow precedents from such despotic tribunals. This is throw ing the sword into the scale of justice with a vengeance. Well may lawvers heir seats in Congress and given them and others be disheartened at a result which has clothed Major Williard and hirds majority by which it has effected | Captain Hoge with the ermine of DE SAUSSURE and BUTLER! Williard and It has created innumerable new and Hoge of Carolina now rank with eless offices to reward its greedy adher- STRONG and SHARSWOOD of Penusyl-

> for the deep degradation of their white brethren of the Sauth? A Big Grant Meeting.

The Radicals have at last succeeded in getting up a Grant meeting. It was the present, to return to it bereafter commerce on the great rivers were deeld away down in Florida. The New While doing this it has advanced to York Tribune exultantly parades the high positions the meanest rebels, so following announcement:

Three hundred negroes, all enthusias the expense of the government for the white men of both sections will vote in November, and are sure of Seymour's

Wirz and Brown-A Contrast.

The Radicals hanged Wirz, the Janitor of Anderson ville prison, and then received Joe Brown, the landlord of ence the Freedmen's Bureau, feeding the place, into the convention which enough, he could not only have saved favorite with the leaders of the truly "loil" in the country. All any rebel has to do to be thus advanced in their It has leagued itself with thieves and estimation, is to favor the supremacy of ploated speculators, and for their benefit | the negro in the South and his equality has imposed upon the tolling masses a at the North. Any ex-rebel who holds leaders of the Radicals is to be carried burthen of taxation such as is endured that he is better than a negro; or even out. The people of one half the counas good, is abused as the Radicals are now abusing Wade Hampton and

debt; and that too when the people are are playing. WE publish elsewhere, Mr. Stevens' North sanction such a revolution by letter of explanation. The N. Y. Iri- voting for Grant?" If they do we will bune abuses it most unmerolfully, calling the old man hard names. The Ez-tial election in this country. The usurpress is disgusted, but is afraid to speak | pation will be complete, and the estab-It has organized a band of spies, and out boldly. It is under cow, and dare lishment of a military despotism on the has dared to selze the private letters and not say what it would, if it were free to rules of the Republic sosolutely certhe telegrams of citizens, a thing un! speak its true sentiments. We pity it, tain.

inquiry. Pray explore it, Mr. Wells, mous attempt to remove the President because he stood in the way of some of the certain Stales shall not be counted, un- and report the results of your investigation.

The comparative figures are not be- the Radicals, failed. The Washington It has made it a crime, punishable fore us, but we venture the assertion correspondent of the N. Y. Herald says, that our Civil List is more expensive "the cost of this disgraceful farce is put than that of Great Britain, with its down by members of both parties at royal establishments of Queen and something over a million of dollars, and Princes, and its enormous salaries and this does not include the expenses of subpensions. It is into the abysses of this sequent investigations by Butter." Civil List and of the War and Navy the people remember that all needful Departments that the proceeds of the legislation was entirely neglected while Income Tax, and of the taxes on occu | this costly project was being carried pations, from lawyers to keepers of out. jacks and stallions, are ineffectually Next to the impeachment of the poured. Mr. Wells parades a recentre- President the establishment of negro duction of taxes by the radicals. Such supremacy in ten States in the Union reduction can only be justified and sus- engaged the attention of the XLth Contained by a corresponding reduction of gress. One bill after another, and one expenditures. The present condition amendment after another was brought of the Trensury proves that there must be a material reduction of expenses or a whole scheme of reconstruction became speedy increase of taxes. Otherwise the a thing of shreds and patches. After

expenses or more taxes. The Letter of Commissioner Wells. A Radical member of Congress has addressed a letter to Mr. David A. Wells, "U. S. Special Commissioner of Revenue," and elicited a reply. bject of this correspondence is to furnish statistics to answer the Democratic charges of extravagance in the Government since the close of the war. The letter of Mr. Wells is drawn in such shape as to present the best possible demeans, notwithstanding the protest of fence and excuse for the national ex-

resources of the State. And now that of revenue from all sources for the fiscal year ending June 20, 1868, were substan-

Miscellaneous, (currency.)
Public lands and direct tax, (currency,)....

2,800,000 ..\$400,300,000 He does not state the national receipts for the preceding two years, but informs sources and development avail nothing us that the taxes were reduced \$60,000,to establish prosperity. Tennessee is an 000 by the Act of July 13, 1866, and \$40,000,000 by the Act of March 2, 1867. From this we may fairly infer that the deal to manage the negroes at elections government receipts from taxation, di- for good wages, which are paid by the rect and indirect, since the end of the toil of northern workingmen and farmwar, have exceeded Fifteen Hundred ers. Then there are the rations which Millions of Dollars, or three fifths of the such negroes as are too lazy to work occupied in the principal streets of 000 in the year just ended, the National Debt is now increasing.

Mr. Wells' statements of estimates lation rely upon the Freedmen's Bureau and appropriations for the coming year are of no consequence, as the latter can and will be supplemented by deficiency the purpose of preventing a decision as bills. But he furnishes the actual ex- to the Constitutionality of the reconpenses of the past fiscal year, tempered struction acts, thus impairing the free and reduced as they were, to some extent, by a salutary fear of the approaching Presidential Election. They amount (including interest) to \$371,500,000, and embrace, among others, the following which might as well have been decided

Navy,.

The Civil list only embraces the salaries and expenses of the President, Congress, Departments, Courts, Foreign Missions, &c., exclusive of the Post Office which is self-sustaining. A decent economy would strike at least \$33,000,-000 from this item. Five Millions would emption of New England manufacturbe an ample expenditure for the Navy, in view of the fact that the Radical pol icy has left it scarcely any commerce the sections,) reduction of the tax on to protect. The standing army should be disbanded entirely, but there is no some slight change in regard to tobacco. excuse whatever for keeping more than The people looked to this Congress for 10,000 men at an average expense of a wise, comprehensive and equitable tax \$1,000 each, which would cost Ten Mil- law; but they have looked in vain. lions. Make these reductions and strike It was either utterly lacking in capacity off altogether the infamous charges for to devise such a law, or wilfully neglect-Freedmen's Bureau and Reconstructed the most important subject of legistion, and the Government would save Ninely-nine Millions Five Hundred who are returning home to stump for

Thousand Dollars in a single year. We may hereafter have something to horn of this dilemma they chose; but say about the enormous waste of pub- the people, if they are not fools, will lic money for bounties, which were hold them to a strict accountability, and awarded to able bodied men after the force them to answer for their acts. war was over, for the mere purpose of purchasing their votes, and most of time to consider a tariff bill, but nothing which has passed into the hands of was done. claim agents and collectors. Also, about the extravagant expenditure for inter- in such shape as to allow and encourage est on the public debt, which Mr. Wells the stealing of a large percentage of the states at \$141,635,000 for the last fiscal amount appropriated, and an attempt to year, and which the Democracy propose | throw some guards around it afterward to materially mitigate by taxing part of failed; the influence of the prospective he bonds and paying others in green- thieves proving to be all powerful. All backs. But we dismiss the subject for | bills presented for the development of

with renewed zest. The Alabama Legislature.

The Annual Legislature.
The common carrier bill, introduced by a negro from Mobile, is a bone of contention, and is causing much ill feeling. The negroes are chamoring for its passage, and the author says if it does not pass, it will cause serious trouble in Mobile. The bill provides that whites and blacks shall ride in the same railroad cars and in the steambast cabins. The shove despatch, from vesterday's

Philadelphia Ledger, indicates that the Alabama whites are growing fastidious. The very arrangement proposed has been in operation in Pennsylvania for more than a year past, and has given t was made an issue at the last State

latures elected before either of the candidates were nominated, are to cast the da Legislature has already passed a law to that effect. Will the reople of the never see another attempt at a Presiden-

Honest (?) Andy Armstrong. In one thing the Democracy have a great advantage in the present campaign. For all the charges they make against the Radicals they can

them. So outrageous have been the corruptions and frauds of Radical offi cials that certain of their papers are forced to make an exposure of them Being conscious that a knowledge of their transactions can not be concealed from the people, they deem it best to ienounce the perpetrators, accompany ing their denunciations with a denial that the culprits are fair representatives of the party. Such a course would be effective were it not certain that the in fection is very general among the officeholders of the party. That there are honest men among Republican officials we do not deny, but it is none the less true that corruption and peculation is national debt and premium on gold will all that has been done in this direction the rule rather than the exception. reach far higher figures. The people the members of this Congress feel, and We notice that the Columbia Spy must choose which they prefer, fewer are forced to admit it, that the mongrel after honest Andy Armstrong. governments which they have set up charges him with having consented to are utterly unable to sustain themselve support Mr. Davis for Speaker of the To prop them up with bayonets required

> should be appointed to a position in the House, to which a handsome salary was attached without any work to do. The Spy puts the case as follows: Spy puts the case as follows:
>
> "It is important to know by what authority Mr. Davis, Speaker of the House, drow a warrant on the State Trossury, in favor of Mr. Illyus for \$712, as paster and folder, when he—Mr. Illyus—was not appointed by the House, and performed no service. In olden times the Speaker could only draw his warrant when authorized by a resolution of the House, otherwise all the money in the Treasury would be subject to his individual order as Speaker. When did this new custom arise?
>
> It is also important to know, as Mr. Armstrong resides only 25 miles from Harrisburg, how he could charge 306 miles, when taveling to and from Harrisburg, so, straight up

ing to and from Harrisburg, go straight up the railroad, straight up the turnpike, or dld he go after the fashion of a worm fence? Can the Examiner, Enquirer or Express

enlighten.us.

So far neither of the papers called Messengers and other employees; ALL upon for information have furnished AT THE MOST LIBERAL SALARIES. Bethe public a word. Honest (?) Andy sides these there are school masters and school mistresses from New England. which we have scrutinized carefully; all over the South, who do a little teach and our deliberate judgment is that he ing of the juvenile Africans, and a good differently from a majority of his fellowmembers of the Legislature, If the State Guard is to be credited, corruption whole amount of our National Debt. draw upon at will. There has never and rascality of all kinds ran riotamong withstanding the collection of \$400,000. Freedmen's Bureau running at an unmajority in the next Legislature, we ple with the parado of an attempt at shall have a repetition of former rascalknown capense, was the great part of ties. The position of United States. Senator will be again put up at auction

> preme Court of the United States, for son-in-law, Wayne MacVeigh, of West Chester. Public Fatth. We hold a piece of engraved bank-

> The United States promise to pay to the bearer Five Dollars. Washington, March bearer Five Dollars. Washington, March 10, 1862. Payable at the Treasury of the United States in New York. This paper is unquestionably genuine. We gave value for it in good honest toil. It is an absolute, unconditional promise to pay money, and was duc as soon as tain States, because it seemed probable issued. If given by an individual, it might have been collected on the day of 'United States" make no provision for its payment, either now or hereafter. will be paid, or whether it will ever be

> > paid. In other words IT IS REPUDIATED. This is a specimen of the currency the Government has thrust upon the people. They have been compelled to take t from each other as an equivalent of coin. They have been required to accept it in lieu of gold. This is the currency provided for the laborer, the producer and the pensioner. Four years ago the United States is

sued its bonds in exchange for greenbacks. Gold was then worth 285, or greenbacks about 37 cents in the dollar The Government has ever since paid interest on the par value of these bonds at the rate of six per cent per annum in coin, or over sixteen per cent in currency. The Radicals now insist upon pay ing the principal of these bonds in gold although the bonds do not call for it. This is the entertainment provided for bondholders. Do you call this public faith? To re-

pudiate promises to the people, and pay bondholders triple interest and principal! Outupon such miserable cant and hypocrisy. Mileage of the County Commissioners.

Father Abraham and the Columbia ferred, probably because they were not Spy are assailing the County Commisso framed as to afford an opportunity ioners. These Radical organs assert that our Radical Commissioners are Of the acts passed a very large proswindling the taxpayers by charging portion appropriated money for some purpose; and deficiency bills were esmore mileage than they are entitled to Here are the figures they give: pecially prominent. Such bills were

pecially prominent. Such bills were sure to receive due consideration. In fact, this XLth Congress seemed to have the most wonderful capacity for emptying the public treasury, and very little talent for any thing else. And, if Radical newspapers are to be believed, it was more corrupt you from the Point Radical Radic

It will be seen that two of the Com-

missioners draw more money from the

county treasury for mileage than their it was made an issue at the last State election, and the people condemned it. But then the Legislature, which knows better what is for the people's good than the people do themselves, continue it. As soon as the system is fairly introduced into Alabama, Pennsylvania will greet her as a sister.

No Election for President in Florids. The infamous scheme devised by the leaders of the Radicals is to be carried out. The people of one half the country are to be prevented from yoting for President, and in the South negrolegis at which is they can charge 10 centers of the Ramiles, and the stabilishment of a despotism on its ruins.

To add them in their usurpations they conferred almost supreme power on the General of the armies, and then set him they are to be prevented from yoting for President, and in the South negrolegis is a candidate for the Presidency.

To secure his election, and to defeat salarles amount to. The Spy says:

die Old Thad's Explanation. Old Thad has concluded not to exand unless the masses rise up in their bill, which he claims ought to settle the vexed question. The bill is unacceptaspeedily be an end of constitutional ble to almost every class of men in the country, and how it can ever have the We dely any man to point too single effect which the old man predicts is

bring Radical testimony to support

could not disclaim without perjury, they | which will not be soon forgotton. would be shorn of their right of self. House, only after having received a promise that a protege of his, one Illyus, power, should adopt the course pursued | Electoral College. That the Radicals by its friends. Suppose the people of Ohio, Kansas and Michigan should amend their Constitutions so as to require their citizens to swear to deny the equality of races before being permitted to vote. There would ascend from every corner of the land a rightous cry of indignation against such infamous persecution for opinion's sake. Yet the Radical party impudently enforces the converse of the supposed rule

in Arkansas, Alabama and other Southern States. Northern freeman, will you permit persons to be disfranchised in other States for holding your opinions? Northern soldier, will you allow men to be denied the ballot in States you rescued from secession, for entertaining your sentiments? Northern emigrant, will you consent to exclude yourself has, however, written a letter to the Spy, and your children after you from States of the South, by sustaining an oath which would deprive you of the right stands guilty on his own showing. But of suffrage if you settle there? Answer it must not be supposed that he acted | through your ballot boxes, while they are yet unfettered by test oaths, and

uninfluenced by bayonets! Failed for Want of Time. economy, which was designed to be fruitless. If Congress had been actuated by a genuine spirit of congress. and Simon Cameron will buy it for his

promptly.

The Radicals know that 30,000 men vill not suffice to uphold their system note paper, which displays the follow- organized governments bottom upunnatural posture. In apprehension of the Presidential Election, the Radicals have already reduced the Army below the number needed for their purposes. The carnet-bag establishments are commilitia, at an expense which cannot long be tolerated. Witness the statedate or any day since. But the ment that Tennessee is already indebted They do not condescend to say when it negro Lieutenant Governor of Louisiplore assistance from Washington, If

the people sanction the Negro governments of the South, the Radicals must have more soldlers to support them. The Army must not be reduced, but in reased. Yet the Radicals charge that it would e Revolution to subvert governments which can only be kept from falling to pieces by an Army of Occupation. On the contrary, it is chronic Revolution

to maintain governments which can only be propelled by the bayonet, and whose existence is a standing menace to the peace of the country. A Word of Seasonable Advice.

The weather is hot and growing hoter. The icebergs in New Foundland Bay are rapidly melting, and we may have the thermometer up over 100 degrees any day. Under such circumstances we would urge the editor of the Express to keep cool. He raves and fumes in a way that leads us to enter

tain serious apprehensions for his safe ty. Let him put cabbage leaves in the crown of his hat and try to keep cool. Let him remember that all the charges we make against Grant and his party are made on the best Radical authority. That idea ought to have a coolling effect on the fellow. To soothe him effectually, however, we beg leave to assure him, that we do not intend to make a single assertion during the entire coming campaign, which we can not prove by the testimony of leading Republicans. We shall have to say some rough things, but they will all be backed up by the best Radical authority. We hope, therefore, that our neighbor will sink into a state of resignation and keep very cool. He will be quiet enough after the October election.

THE Radicals, after their defeat this fall, intend to emigrate to Africa. A party has been sent out to select a location for the colony. Negroes are to rule

entirely. THE Radicals have completely bankrupted the State of Tennessee. They Theregular army appropriation, withnave stolen all the money, and nothing out taking into consideration the items 178. In the first year of peace, 1805, the is left to pay the interest on the State of deficiency, amount to ten millions debt. These tactics are the same every- more now than then. Thus the cost of where. If they are allowed to run the Radical rule increases every year. General Government four years longer,

THE Radicals are busy making up a plain his position on the payment of the Cabinet for Horatio Seymour. This bonds, but takes refuge in the funding shows that they fully expect to see him elected.

THE Radicals attempted a mass meeting in Lehigh county last Tuesday, and a gallant Union soldier.

In the day was fine not over one hundred people assembled. The messes are completely sick and thred of functional color in the very quiet adjournment of Control of the very quiet adjournment act of the XLth Congress which was more than we can see. His letter is not calculated to relieve the nation from the clear enough to enable us to do so." We

declared, by great majorities of their suffrages, that they do not accept the civil
and political equality of all men. They
have consulted the pages of history, and
found that no Negro community has
ever, by its own efforts emerged from
barbarism. They have spread out the
map of the world, and discovered that
no Negro population enjoys an organized or civilized government that was
not founded by whites. They have
scanned the territories occupied by
mogrel and mulatto inhabitants, and
seen them uniformly tending towards
degradation. They have searched the
annals of science, art and literature in

the Radicals have resolved to defeat the
frages, that they do not accept the civil
and political equality of all men. They
will of the majority by the basest and
sid the Dassest and
the radicals have resolved to defeat the
saftive-twenty bonds, and may be issued
to an amount in the aggregate sufficient to
cover the principle of all such five twenty
bonds, and no more.
And be it further enacted, That there is
hereby appropriated, out of the duties derived from imported goods, the sum of \$135,000,000 annually, which sum, during each
the Democratic candidates are shown
to have carried a majority of the electoral vert he principle of all such five twenty
bonds, and no more.
And be it further enacted, That there is
hereby appropriated, out of the duties defrom imported goods, the sum of \$135,000,000 annually, which sum, during each
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bonds, and no more.
And be it further enacted, That there is
hereby appropriated, out of the butters will vote at
them be warned before they go too far.
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them be warned before they go too far.
And be it further enacted, That there is
hereby appropriated, out of the butters wa degradation. They have searched the annals of science, art and literature in vain, for Negro contributions to the improvement of the human race. They have observed the distinctions of form, feature and complexion impressed upon the different races by their Almighty Creator. And they have conscientiously rejected the dogma of equality of the people in November, if they have conscientiously rejected the dogma of equality of the people in November, if they have construction or otherwise, and all acts occurringly United States," approved February 25, 1882. Section 3. That from and after the pussage of this act no percentage, deduction, commission or compensation of any bonds or securities of the table that determination and act accordingly likes.

Section 3. That from and after the pussage of this act no percentage, deduction, commission or compensation of any bonds or securities of the sale, negotiation, redemption or exhauge of any bonds or securities of the united States, or of any bonds or securities of the people in November, if they are the pussage of this act no percentage, deduction, commission or compensation of any bonds or securities of the sale, negotiation, redemption or exhauge of this act no percentage, deduction, commission or compensation or any mount of the sale, shall be allowed to any person for the sale, shall be allowed to any person for the sale, shall be allowed to any person for the sale, shall be allowed to any person for the sale, shall be allowed to any person for the sale, shall be allowed to any person for the sale, shall be allowed to any person for the sale, shall be allowed to any person for the sale, shall be allowed to any person for the sale, shall be allowed to any person for the sale, shall be allowed to any person for the sale, shall be allowed to any person for the sale, shall be allowed to any person for the sale, shall be allowed to any person for the sale, shall be allowed to any person for the sale, shall be allowed to any person for the sale, shall be allowed to any pers acc.
For this opinion of belief, which they ould not disclaim without perjury, they

cast for the Democratic candidates.—
They will be taught a lesson, if they do, any agent other than the proper efficer or old disclaim without perjury, they which will not be soon forgotton. All the Democratic party ask is a free government in many of the Southern election. If beaten in that they will States. Here is a plain case of proscrip- quietly submit even to four years more tion, and even disfranchisement for of radical misrule; but they will not opinions' sake. Suppose the facts were submit to see popular elections supreversed, and that the opponents of pressed, or the votes of States cast for Negro Suffrage, where they have the their candidates thrown out of the

> may as well understand at once. The Reason Why. reconstructed citizens. The people of plain terms of condemnation : bosom. They will not be permitted to vote at the Presidential Election. Can you guess the reason why? Because the State will certainly go Democratic! That is not the only reason. There is another and more potential one. Negroes have been nominated for Congress there. One negro will certainly be returned from the State. And the Radical party cannot bear the scandal of bringing negroes into Congress before the Presidential Election. That's what's the matter. Old Virginia is denied even the cold comforts of Radical reconstruction, because her negroes carry the Acts of Congress to their logical conclusion. Why shouldn't three-fourths of a million of negro voters have one Representative in Congress Select Grant, and they'll come in by the dozen.
>
> Seems to imply that Congress to into the error that many individuals do in their work in the many individuals do in this piving their note for the mutton of the business, namely, that they liquidate a bill by giving their note for the mutton of the business, namely, that they liquidate a bill by giving their note for the mutton of the business, namely, that they liquidate a bill by giving their note for the mutton of the mutton of the mutton of the mutton of the note by renewing it. Congress proposes to pay the mutton of the mutton of the town the mutton of the note of the mutton of the note of the mutton of the mutton of the law of the mutton of the law of the mutton o Grant, and they'll come in by the dozen.

Lies Won't Savo Them.

It would be just as fair to quote the ated by a genuine spirit of economy, it latter clause in proof of atheism, as it would have matured a Bill to reduce is to quote the first clause of Gov. the Army to 10,000 men, and pased it Wise's remarks, omitting the rest of

the sentence. This is a specimen of the fairness and decency of Radical journals. Knowing of Southern reconstruction. They have | that the people loathe their corrupt party | they have no hope of carrying a single ards, and it will require more than State except by bayonets, or the most 30,000 bayonets to sustain them in their reckless lying; and the consequence is are crowded with the grossest falsehoods. The same policy will be adopted by their speakers, if ever they manage to get people enough together to make up pelled to supplement the regulars with a meeting. But it will not do. The masses cannot be guiled this time by the false statements and flimsy sophistry of the men who have brought such to her militia in the sum of ten mil- disasters upon the people. The cry for lions of dollars. And the fact that the a change rings throughout the whole a change rings throughout the whole duty of the President to prohibit such a land, and no frail barrier of lies can thing.

This amendment was adopted, year 112, negro Lieutenant Governor of Louisi-ana, though backed by regulars and stop the sweeping torrent of popular anys 27, a strict party vote. Every Radi-cal present and voting, recorded his name

excitement. In spite of their skill in lying the Radicals will be utterly routed. Lies wont save them this time.

Forney Endorses Seymour.

In June of 1863, when Pennsylvania was invaded, Governor Seymour so promptly sent all the force at his command to our aid, that Governor Curtin publicly thanked him in a speech, and

Can't the Press find room for the republication of the above extract? It would be remembered by many of its

Radical Economy.

Daniel A. Walls, special Commissioner of Internal Revenue, has issued a report, stating that the expenditures of the government last year were \$371,-526,215; and Radical journals have the audacity to claim that as a specimen of economy. Economy, indeed. Why no Democratic administration ever went beyond the seventy odd millions. The difference against the Radicals is only three hundred millions. That may be Radical economy. It certainly is not what Democrats would call economy.

In Gen. Grant the Southern people will have, not a Republican President. We cannot Justly call him that.—N. Y. Tribune. If Grant is not to be a Republican President what is he to be? He will certainly not be a Democratic one. What will he be? We must conclude that the Tribune has given up all hopes of ever seeing him President at all.

THE appropriations made at the secover them. They mean to give that ond session of the Fortleth Congress thing a full test before abandoning it are nearly twenty two millions more are nearly twenty-two millions more than those made at the second session

of the Thirty-ninth Congress.

Tr. will be seen from a report published elsewhere, that a party of Radiget the principal nor the interest of the cals who attempted to break up a Demo cherished securities. oratic meeting in Missouri were very roughly handled. The day has gone by when such things can be done with on when such things in prepared to assert their rights—to assert them civilly, if they are allowed to do so, foroibly, if they must. The principal speaker at the meeting referred to was a gallant Union soldier.

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We understand that some of the be-

soling themselves with the reflection that the above bill will take the much vexed anancial question out of the po litical arena. Let them lay no such flattering unction to their souls. It is one of the most worthless abortions which the imbecile Radical Congress The Negro Constitution of Old Vir- has given birth to. The Philadelphia ginia was perfected months ago. It has | Ledger, high financial authority herenot yet been submitted to a vote of the abouts, speaks of it in the following very

the State are still out in the cold. They have not been received into Abraham's bosom. They will not be permitted to

Elsewhere the same able paper thus exposes one of the worst features of the

which have gone out of the pockets of the tax-payors of the country, and they would have no such restriction put upon them as that contained in the proposition of Mr. Randail, and adopted by the House of Representatives by a large majority. People may well ask how it is, it there is no favoritism, if there is no purpose to make the vast operations of the Treusury subservient to the private gain of individuals, that there was such resolute resistance to so fair and honest a mode of buying and selling the Government bonds, as by inviting ing the Government bonds, as by inviting posals in the open market. A Crowning Outrage. One of the last acts of the Radicals in Congress. was to pass a bill punishing

that the columns of their newspapers with fine and imprisonment any one who offers to vote or act as an Election officer at the coming Presidential election in Mississippi, Virginia or Texas: tion in Mississippi, Virginia or Texas:
Mr. Lawrence. (Disun. C.) offered an
amendment MAKING IT A PENAL OFFENCE, PUNISHABLE WITH FINE
AND IMPRISONMENT, FOR ANY
PERSON IN THE SAID STATES TO
VOTE OR ACT AS AN OFFICER OF
ELECTION IN THE ENSUING PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION, and making it the

Forney thus lauded him in the Press, RADICALISM is playing its tarewell enwhich is now so loud in its abuse of gagement. This is positively its last which is now so loud in its abuse of him. Said Forney:

Honor to New York! Her Governor has acted like a man who knows when the time for purtisanship is at an ead. Her gallant Seventh is now at Harrisburg, and, side by side with our brave Pennsylvanians, preparing to resist the invaders. This is the true spirit of brotherly love. But while the City of New York is doing so much to save our State, what is the City of Philadelphia doing?

gagement. This is positively its last appearance before the American people. The closing act will be a grand ring performance on the 3d day of Novembern ext, when Grant will ride the spaving, wind broken mule, Radicalism, to certain defeat, while a black monthly delphia doing? the South and negro equality in

North will ride him. They will all "go to the bad" together. THE N. Y. Times, a leading Republican paper, thus notices the departure

of Jeff. Davis for Europe:
Jeff. Davis saited for Europe on Saturday
last, with his family, taking his departure
from Canada. If he had done this immediately after that little affair at Appomatox
Court House what a wonderful deal of
trouble, perplexity and expense he would
have saved the Government. If he could
only be persuaded to remain abroad for the only be persuaded to remain abroad for the remainder of his life, a grateful people could easily afford to pay his expenses. Is that strictly loyal?

UNDER the law of Congress declaring that a majority of the registered voters in the Southern States must vote affirmatively to secure the adoption of the new State Constitutions, a majority of the regularly registered voters declined to attend the polls. Yet Congress, by another act, ordered the defeated Constitution to be enforced, and Legislature thus elected, and now in session, is preparing to cast the vote of he State for President, and to deprive the people of all voice in the coming Presidential election. The project is ountenanced by the leaders of the Republican party. Do they suppose the people will submit to such an outrage? In the first year of the war, 1861, the cost of the War and Navy Departments was-War, \$160,127,694; Navy, \$29,889, cost of the same departments was-War, \$848,292,783; Navy, \$108,554,887; while last year the War Department cost only \$4,000,000 less than in 1861, and the Navy Department cost \$20,000,000 more. In other words, it costs more money now to support the navy in time of peace, than it did in 1861, when the navy was blockading the Atlantic and Gulf coasts, and the mouth of the Mississippi. What

hecomes of the people's money? Congress has adjourned to meet at the call of the Chairman of the Republi-