THE LANCASTER WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 22, 1868.

News Items,

Grant and Stanton is the Presidential ticket of the G. A. R.

Congressional printing cost over a million and a half last year.

The Chicago Times favors the nomination of George H. Pendleton for next President

A fire at Atchison, Neb., on Sunday, destroyed $25,000 worth of property.

Stephens is watched in Paris by two English policemen, who don't lose sight of him night nor day.

Senator Guthrie, of Kentucky, though still feeble, is expected to return to his seat in the Senate early this week.

Mrs. Stonewall Jackson, it is said, has received $15,000 from the sale of her husband's Life.

The officers sent by Gen. Meade to examine the Georgia Treasury, report there is no money in it.

Hon. Horatio Seymour, of New York, has been elected President of the American Dairymen's Association.

The people of St. Thomas and St. Johns have voted almost unanimously for annexation to the United States.

Three laborers were killed and a number injured by the collision of two gravel trains near Franklin, Penna., on Tuesday.

$15,000 in U. S. notes and Missouri bonds were stolen from the National Bank of the Republic, in New York, on Wednesday.

Two more ineffectual ballots for U. S. Senator were taken in the Maryland Legislature yesterday, on the last ballot Hamilton was ahead of Swann.

All of the members of the Minnesota State Senate are married men, and there is but one bachelor in the House of Representatives.

Lady Parkes, the first Englishwoman whoever did it, has ascended to the summit of the Fusgawa, the sacred mountain of Japan.

That Detroit man, who skated sixty hours without intermission, is likely to reap the fruits of his folly, his condition being extremely critical.

A New Yorker went all the way to Omaha to fight a man who had insulted him, only to be arrested just as a nice duel had been all arranged.

Miss Minnie Warren, sister to Mrs. General Tom Thumb, is about to be led to the hymenial altar by Commodore Nutt. Their united wealth is about $250,000.

Col. Greene, of the Boston *Post*, declines the Assistant Treasurership. The Treasury of the *Post* is amply sufficient to meet his demands.

A nephew of Ex-United States Senator Bingham, of Michigan, was sentenced to eight years in the Illinois State Prison, the other day for swindling.

Mr. John Jones, a coal digger of St. Louis, during a dispute with Mr. John Roberts, likewise a coal digger of St. Louis, ate off the nose of Mr. Roberts to convince him.

John H. Surratt is to be again tried. The Criminal Court at Washington has fixed Feb. 24th for the beginning of the second trial

A Northumberland (England) constable recently attempted to stop a prize fight, but was relieved of his watch and pocket book, and then gently tossed over the cliffs by the fighters.

In the Southern States, the total registration of voters numbers 631,791 whites and 637,350 blacks. In 1860, there were in those States 698,861 votes cast at the Presidential election.

A paper mill at the town of North Shapleigh, in Maine, is at present engaged in manufacturing leather board, made of leather chips, &c. It employs ten hands, and turns out about one ton per day.

Virginia City, Nevada, is caving in. A gentleman went to look for his boarding-house the other day, and, on returning, was asked his success. "Well," said he, "I found everything settled except my bill."

Robert Stevens, colored, has sued the Richmond and Fredericksburg Railroad for $1800 damages, for making his wife ride in a second-class car when she had purchased a first-class ticket.

The U. S. Consul at Tunis writes to the State Department that the mortality from famine and cold in that city is frightful. There were 142 deaths from famine and the inclement weather on Dec. 10th.

The Scioto Gazette tells of a little, old seventy-two-faced Dutch woman who passed through Chillicothe last week. She had walked all the way from Pittsburgh and was on her way to Cincinnati.

Lieutenant Dall says that he does not like the climate of Walrussia. In spring the mosquitoes are very troublesome, in summer the fogs are innumerable, and the only pleasant time is the winter, when it is very cold.

A boy in Louisville, who had been reduced to great debility by frequent and copious bleedings at the nose, for which the physicians could not account, sneezed out a thorn a few days ago, and the hemorrhage has ceased, and he is now regaining his strength.

The internal revenue records just made public show that the receipts for amusements in New York and Brooklyn last year amounted to $3,125,575. Niblo's heads the list with $565,861—the work of the "Black Crook."

The Bank of England willingly gives "good money" for all silver which has been worn smooth by fair wear and tear. It, however, the coins bear the slightest sign of ill usage, such as a dent or a scratch, it declines to change them.

Dickens, at Philadelphia, is the guest of George W. Childs, of the *Ledger*. His first reading was to an $5,000 house. He has written letters to this effect, and expects to bag $50,000 in America during his stay. He finds the Yankee goose the best one he ever plucked.

From Ireland it is announced that the Irish in America are again sending remittances to their friends in that country. During the war it is said that remittances were to a great extent suspended, but they now nearly equal the amount sent in former times.

The late campaign in Kansas in favor of women's rights has not been without tangible results, as we notice that, on Wednesday last, Miss Lyman Hunt was elected enrolling clerk of the lower house of the Legislature of that State. This is, we believe, the first case of the kind on record.

Mr. Foley's model for the O'Connell national monument has been unanimously adopted by the Dublin committee. The work will be forty feet high, executed in bronze and granite. Ten thousand pounds sterling is already subscribed towards the cost of its erection.

Mr. Gladstone, the well-known English statesman, has met with an accident. He was recently watching the cutting down of a tree, when a splinter flew and struck him on one of the eyes. The pain was very severe, and at first it was supposed that the sight was endangered, but he is likely to recover.

Gen. Hancock has issued an important order to the registers of voters, advising them that the law, fairly interpreted, must be their guide in determining the qualifications of voters, and not Gen. Sheridan's construction thereof, as set forth in his printed memoranda of qualifications, issued in May, 1867.

A Selma, Ala., dispatch says: Hon. P. G. Wood has decided that he could not comply with General Pope's order in regard to placing negroes on the jury, without violating his official oath, and Thursday his court was suppressed by the military authorities. At a meeting of the bar of Dallas county, Judge Wood was unanimously sustained.

Total amount of oil held in the oil region in bulk tanks, iron and wooden storage in tanks, and on the hands of producers is 534,600 barrels; average daily production 11,035 barrels. Number of new wells drilling 132; capacity of iron tankage 764,068 barrels; capacity of iron tankage empty 208,498 barrels.

Penny Readings have been resumed in Liverpool this winter, with even more promise than last winter. The selections are choice and various, excluding everything vulgar and immoral; and the admission fee is just two cents! Could not similar readings be maintained in this country for five or ten cents admission?

The Supreme Court (Judge Cardoza) New York, has granted a divorce to Belle Boyd Harding. The lady brought the action some time since and the complaint was served upon the defendant personally, but he subsequently went to California where he now resides. The case was sent to a referee, who decided in plaintiff's favor, and this decision is confirmed by the Court.

Wildcats are plentier in the State of Connecticut than they were fifty years ago. In the northern part of Litchfield county and in Hartford county many of them are shot. One weighing twenty-six pounds and measuring twenty inches high, was shot in Harland Saturday week. The largest one ever killed in the State was shot ten years ago in East Lyme; it weighed forty-one pounds. A man in Granby was thus closely followed by a hungry wildcat, but the animal did not have courage to attack him.

A German vine-dresser in California gives the following as his mode of getting rid of the hares that trouble his vines in the spring: "I poisons them with strichnine, and in the morning when I find the dead hares, I bury them and the entrails for manure. And the next night the coyotes come, and they digs up the hares and eats them, and they gets poisoned, and die, and I buries them under some other vines; and the next night the skunks come and digs up the coyotes, and eats them, and they gets poisoned and die, and I buries them all to manure the grape vines."

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.

THE WAR OFFICE.

There is to-day a decided lull in the excitement that has prevailed here for the past week. It is well understood by those conversant with the purposes of the administration, that none of the extravagant things and questionable orders mentioned in despatches sent hence were ever contemplated or under consideration by the President.

There is reason to expect that Secretary Stanton may resign in a few days. Gen. Grant was again with him to-night, and unqualifiedly expressed his opinion that Stanton ought to resign, and Gen. Sherman yesterday earnestly advised the same course. Meantime Mr. Stanton is reduced to the merest derkship in the War Department. The President will not permit any orders to be sent from that Department, and everything of that character is issued by direction of the President. Gen. Grant will only recognize orders from the President.

THE BENNINGHOFF ROBBERY.

A Daring Set of Robbers---$210,000 Carried Off--Particulars of the Robbery.

From the Pittsburg Commercial.

Our Pioneer correspondent telegraphed the fact on Thursday evening that the dwelling of John Benninghoff, on Benninghoff run, was entered by robbers that evening, and robbed of $210,000. Mr. Benninghoff's house stands near the road, not frequented much of late, either by travel or teams, and the nearest neighbor is a quarter of a mile distant. Mr. Benninghoff is a Pennsylvania German, a plain, hard-working farmer, and about sixty years of age. He has a large family of grown up children, many of them staying at home. The old gentleman, all of a sudden, had riches thrust upon him by the discovery of oil on his sterile acres, and is one of our petroleum millionaries. We believe the first well was struck on his farm on Pioneer Run, in the fall of 1865; the production of his whole farm for the last six months was six hundred barrels a day, and ten new wells are now going down on it. Mr. B.'s income for December last, was reported at $40,000, but his sudden and dazzling fortune never made a fool of him, and they say he cares nothing for appearances, and wants to live as frugally and work as diligently as when he used to eat his bread in the sweat of his brow. But he had taken the notion in his head to be his own banker, and to deposit his bonds and greenbacks in his own safe and house. The particulars of the robbery are thus related by the Titusville *Herald* of Saturday.

Shortly after seven o'clock the family, consisting of Mr. John Benninghoff, his wife, niece and two hired men, were sitting in the kitchen, when the door was opened and four men walked in. Three of these men were of medium sizes and the fourth was tall and heavy, and all of them were masked with handkerchiefs, cloaks or comforters. On entering the room the men drew pistols and presenting them at the heads or breasts of the family, threatened them with immediate death if they should make the least noise. So completely were the family taken by surprise that but little resistance was offered except by Mr. Benninghoff, who cried out lustily on their first appearance. The first cry that he raised had scarcely left his lips when he was attacked by one or two of the others. Mr. Benninghoff is now in his sixty-seventh year, but notwithstanding his advanced age, he is still possessed of considerable strength, and he exerted it to the utmost. His strength was, however, entirely inadequate to cope with that of two or three middle aged men, and he was soon thrown to the floor. The ruffians then struck him in the face and stamped on various parts of his body, and then half dragged, half carried him to an adjoining bed room. All this time Mr. B. was by no means idle, but was putting forth his best endeavors to escape, and to attract attention from the outside. After they got Mr. B. somewhat under their control, they tied his arms and legs and threw him on the bed and wrapped the bed clothes tightly about him. They then rifled his pockets and took from one of them his pocket book, containing a small amount of money and a key to one of the safes. After seeing that the cords which bound his limbs were fast and securely knotted, more closely with the clothes, they left him in a powerless condition.

While Mr. Benninghoff was struggling with two of the ruffians, the other two had initiated the two hired men, and they were soon tied in the chairs in which they sat at the time when the robbers first made their appearance. These men offered but very little or no resistance, and in a very brief space of time they found themselves in a helpless condition, during the fracas, Mrs. Benninghoff managed to secure a revolver, which she handed to one of the hired men, but he, through fear or some other emotion of a like character, did not use it, and immediately afterward one of the ruffians got possession of it. Mrs. Benninghoff was seized, dragged into an adjoining room, and bound. Mr. Benninghoff's niece was taken into a room near the kitchen and fastened to a lounge.

After every person in the house was securely fastened, and an attempt had been made to open a combination-lock safe, two of the party went up stairs to the room in which an old-fashioned safe was kept, without asking any questions, while the other two stayed below and kept guard over the family. The key of the safe on the second floor had been taken from Mr. Benninghoff's pocket book, and the villains succeeded in opening the safe without difficulty. One drawer in the safe was overlooked, but all the rest were thoroughly ransacked. The safe contained nearly $225,000, and the villains succeeded in taking $210,000. Of the $210,000, there were $20,000 in Government bonds, and the rest in greenbacks and national currency. The drawer that was overlooked contained a quantity of gold and silver coin, amounting in all to a comparatively small sum. In the haste of the search after plunder, a package containing $1,000 was laid among a quantity of papers near the safe and left, and in another part of the house a second package, containing nearly $6,000 was dropped.

After ransacking the safe, the whole party returned to the kitchen, and after ascertaining from a member of the family that Mr. Joseph Benninghoff had gone to church, and that no other person would be likely to visit the house during the night, the villains proceeded to make themselves comfortable. During their stay, which lasted about an hour, they appeared to be awaiting the return of Mr. Benninghoff, and they consumed a quantity of bread and milk.

Finally, the villains concluded to leave, and making a slip-noose, they put it round the neck of one of the hired men and led him to the stable, where they harnessed him a horse to a cutter. The man was then led back to the house and retied. Two other horses were taken from the barn, and the whole party started off at a brisk pace. As soon as the last man left the house, Mr. Benninghoff's niece managed to loosen one of her hands with which her arms were bound. The rest of the family were then released, and the men started out and alarmed the neighbors, after which telegrams were sent to all directions and the authorities of the different places, apprising them of the robbery.

After leaving the house, the five men with the horses and cutter proceeded up Benninghoff run about one-half of a mile, when the cutter was unloaded, and the horses were turned loose, where they were found yesterday morning. From where the cutter and horses were abandoned, no further traces of the party could be found.

The safe that was not opened, contained a much larger amount than that carried off.

Yesterday morning a reward of $10,000 was offered for the arrest of the robbers and return of the money, and later in the day it was increased to $20,000. About two o'clock, a dispatch was received by Mr. Benninghoff, from Oil City, stating that three men had been arrested on suspicion of being implicated in the robbery. Mr. B. and Deputy Sheriff Hull left Petroleum Center for Oil City, on the train that leaves the former place at 3:25 P. M., for the purpose of seeing if the men who were arrested could be identified.

George Francis Train Arrested on Suspicion of Being a Fenian.

LONDON, Jan. 2.—When the Cunard steamship Scotia, from New York for Liverpool, entered the dock at Queenstown, late last evening, for the usual transfer of the London and Irish passengers and mails, a strong police force quietly went aboard and arrested Messrs. Geo. Francis Train, Grinnell and Geo, three of the passengers who sailed from New York. It is understood that these gentlemen were taken into custody on the charge of being active members of the American wing of the Fenian organization.

These proceedings, naturally enough, caused considerable excitement both here and elsewhere throughout the kingdom, and especially amongst American residents.

CORK, Jan. 19.—A strict search of the person and baggage of George Francis Train disclosed no proof of his complicity with the Fenian movements, or justifying his arrest by the British police on suspicion of being concerned in the Fenian plotting. "Train asserts that he came over to Europe as special correspondent in Ireland of the New York "World." He has formerly protested through the United States Consul against his detention, and declares he was arrested upon no other ground or suspicion, than the finding an of Irish paper in his trunk.

A Man Bitten by a Mad Dog Two Years Ago Dies of Hydrophobia.

We yesterday learned the particulars of one of those rare, but terrible and painful visitations of Providence which, by its horror and distress, sometimes startles a whole community. We have often been called upon to chronicle the demise of friends and strangers—to tell of death in the many disguises which that terrible and invisible agent assumes; but have never yet had the necessity imposed upon us of relating the progress of a poison which, by slow advances, spreads through the system, paralyzing the senses, dethroning the intellect, and giving to the patient the horrors of a wild, ungovernable delirium, and finally ending in death from exhaustion.

Some two weeks since Samuel S. Keyes, a resident of Mississippi, reached our city in search of medical advice, and that attention which the inferior facilities of his native practice could not afford. In the month of August, 1865, he had received a bite on the hand from a rabid dog; but applying at once the remedies usually advised in such cases, he was soon, as he supposed, free from the effects of the bite. Several times, however, within the last two years the place bitten would inflame and give excessive pain for several days and then get well. Still Mr. Keyes used no uneasiness, until about a month ago he began to feel, as he described it, a dull, heavy feeling, accompanied by partial blindness, wild, thrilling sensations, and aberrations of mind. This continued for weeks, growing each day worse, and satisfied at last that it was the approach of the dreadful hydrophobia, he started for this city, accompanied by his brother, in search of medical attention. But each day the fearful disease made more rapid advances, and yesterday morning he died in all the horrible agonies of raging, foaming delirium. His disease defied human skill. The insidious poison had corrupted the whole mind and body, intensifying his fearful sufferings until death put an end to his tortures.—*New Orleans Picayune.*

DYSPEPSIA AND SCROFULA are two blighting-headed monsters from which nearly all the ills that flesh is heir to originate. For dyspepsia, the *Peruvian Syrup*, a protected solution of the protoxide of iron, is a long-tried and well-established remedy; and for scrofula in all its manifold forms, Dr. *H. Anders' Iodine Water* is a specific. If those afflicted will try these remedies they will thank us for calling their attention to them.

Local Intelligence.

Court Proceedings.

The Court of Quarter Sessions, Judge Hayes presiding, met on Monday morning. C. B. Grubb, city, was appointed foreman of the Grand Jury. A petition was presented for a bridge over the Conestoga at Rank's mill, near the city. H. Boardman, John Doner and J. G. Peters were appointed viewers.

A petition was presented protesting against Samuel Lyle being qualified as High Constable of the borough of Columbia, to which he was lately elected, because he was not a qualified elector of the borough, his name not being on the tax list. C. A. Hook was recommended by protestants for the position. Saturday, February 1st, was fixed to hear the case.

The Grand Jury returned true bills in the Gotwald libel case against the publishers of the *Intelligencer*.

Monday Afternoon.—Comw'th vs. James A. Hamilton, (colored.) Larceny. The defendant is charged with stealing a pocketbook, containing $40, from Henry Jackson, also colored. The parties were living together in High street, this city, and slept with their wives in the same room. The money was placed under her pillow by Jackson's wife on going to bed one night, and in the morning it was missing. The pocket-book, without any money, was found in the out-house. Reynolds for defence.

Comw'th vs. Henry Himes and John B. Lane. Burglary. Considerable time elapsed in impanelling a jury in this case, quite a number of jurors being challenged by defendants. The case will be tried to-morrow.

Thomas Keith plead guilty to the larceny of a certificate of deposit on Reed, McGrann & Co. Amount of the certificate, $5,000; said certificate was stolen from John McGrann. The defendant being under 21 years of age, and having been in prison since the 29th of November last, he was sentenced to undergo an imprisonment of three months and pay a fine of one dollar.

Tuesday Morning.—Court met at 9 o'clock.

Comt'h vs. Henry Himes and John B. Lane, burglary. Samuel Shroad, policeman, testified that on the 15th of May last he secreted himself in the house of Barney Brecht, in Middle street, having been informed by Mr. Scott that a burglary was to take place on that night at that place. He secreted himself at a few minutes before 10 o'clock P. M., and a few minutes after Himes opened the shutter and attempted to take a trunk from the room, when defendants were arrested by the witness and officers Gundaker and Lutz.

Y. Did not arrest Scott, did not suppena him as a witness, and do not know at this time where Scott is. The reward offered by Mr. Swartz for the arrest of the burglars who broke into his house was $200. At the time of the arrest of defendants Scott was in the room. Witness did not wink at Scott to leave the room.

Peter Lutz, police officer, testified that he helped make the arrest at the time mentioned. Mr. Lutz's evidence mainly corroborative of Mr. Shroad's. Witness arrested Lane in the corner of a lot half a square back of Middle street.

Jacob Gundaker, police officer, testified that he assisted Officer Lutz in making the arrest of Lane. Mr. Shroad did not tell witness two or three days before, that a burglary was going to be committed. He told me the evening of the burglary that it would be committed.

Bernard Brecht, sworn, Shroad told me a burglary was going to be committed in my house; I was at the fire; I did not tell Sheriff Rowe anything about the burglary before it was committed; witness thought the window of the room was partly raised.

The first witness called by the defence was Lydia Cromwell, who swore that certain threats had been made against her by Officer Shroad, in case she should not tell the truth in this case.

Samuel Rowe testified that Bernard Brecht had told him previous to the burglary that it was to be committed. Witness was of the impression that a plot had been made to catch defendants.

W. H. Roy testified that Himes was drunk on the night of the robbery, while running to the fire with engine.

Elizabeth Blickensdeffer sworn to Himes being sick and drunk on the night of the burglary.

Henry Lynn testified that he saw Lane on the night of burglary at the corner of Church street, and that he was there met by Scott and Himes.

George Gerber sworn that on the morning of the hearing at the Mayor's office Scott had told him that he knew how the hearing would result; that the thing was all fixed.

John Flory, policeman, testified that in the Mayor's office, before the burglary, he had heard that a burglary was to be committed.

Samuel Shroad recalled, does not know, and has not known the whereabouts of Scott. The value of the trunk stolen was one dollar.

Michael Kilburn, sworn.—Scott told me that he and another man had made a plot to arrest burglars, and get the reward offered by Mr. Swartz.

District Attorney Atlee and J. B. Amwake for prosecution. Messrs. Dickey, Price and Swift for defendants.

The jury in the case of James A. Hamilton, colored, indicted for larceny, returned a verdict of not guilty.

Jacob Smith plead guilty to the larceny of chickens, and was sentenced to pay a fine of one dollar, and undergo an imprisonment of six months.

FIRE IN DRUMORE TOWNSHIP.—On Saturday afternoon between 4 and 5 o'clock a fire broke out in the dwelling of Benjamin Bleecher, in Drumore township, situated on the road leading from "The Buck" to Liberty Square, between the Buck and Chestnut Level roads, opposite to the residence and farm of Hugh Kenney. The dwelling was a one and a half-story frame, which was entirely consumed, together with the furniture and a lot of grain stored away for summer use. The fire originated during the absence of the family on a visit to the residence of Mr. B.'s father, and is supposed to have been set on fire.

ANOTHER FIRE.—The store and post office at Kirk's Mills, in this county, were entirely destroyed by fire on Sunday morning about 5 o'clock. W. P. Haines occupied the store. The post office at this place was established in 1813. The origin of the fire is unknown.

A FIRE AT SPRINGVILLE.—A barn in which there were two horses and a quantity of hay and straw, in the village of Springville, this county, was entirely destroyed by fire yesterday afternoon about 1 o'clock. The barn is said to have been the property of Rev. Mr. Marple, and was occupied for stabling purposes by a Mr. Derr. The residence of Rev. Mr. Marple, which is close to the barn, had a very narrow escape from destruction, it being much scorched by the flames and otherwise abused by excited persons tearing doors and shutters off, to save them from being burned.

FIRE AT QUARRYVILLE.—About fifteen minutes after 2 o'clock yesterday (Sunday) morning, fire was discovered in the store building of Mr. B. Witmer, at Quarryville, this county, by George Gaul, who was approaching the village, and was about half a mile distant at the time. The entire building, part frame and part brick, containing at least $5,000 worth of goods, was burned to the ground, nothing being saved but a small iron safe. Mr. Witmer has some insurance on the property, but in what company or to what amount we have not learned. A portion of the building was used as the Post Office, the mail being, we believe, also consumed. The fire is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary.

GODEY FOR FEBRUARY.—The February number of this fine Magazine is out, the contents of which are a pretty steel plate, "The Doubtful Fortune," a tinted picture entitled "The Old Bachelor's Valentine," a beautifully colored Fashion Plate, large extension sheet of ladies' dresses, etc., Music, and a number of stories by the best writers. The Philadelphia *Ledger* very truly terms it "a household treasure and Magazine that has been read and cherished by three generations of readers, spread over every part of our country, and who may be numbered at any time by hundreds of thousands. The feeling with which it is regarded is not so much one of popularity or favor as it is of real affection. Mr. Godey's genius in originating, and his art in securing whatever may contribute to the pleasure of his fair subscribers, have been eminently exhibited during his whole business career." It can be obtained at any of our book stores.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.—The Court of Common Pleas assembled on Wednesday afternoon in the Orphans' Court Room, to continue the trial of the case of M. B. Landis vs. George Gamber, which had been commenced at the last term of the Court, but was not finished for want of time. The jury which had been sworn in the case were all present. The case was tried once before in November, 1866, and a verdict rendered for plaintiff, but a new trial was granted. The plaintiff and his sister, Mrs. Lehman, were entitled under the will of their father, each to a portion of the farm on which he lived at the time of his death; after his death some litigation arose in reference to the will, and during its continuance George Gamber farmed the place, dividing the landlord's share of the crops, by agreement of the parties, between the plaintiff and his sister. The plaintiff eventually became dissatisfied, however, with this arrangement, and brought this suit against the tenant, to compel him to account to him for $620.00 as a balance of the proceeds of the crop of 1864, which had been grown on his portion of the farm, over and above what he had received as his share of the entire proceeds of the farm, under the arrangement which had been entered into between himself and his sister. The defendant claimed that there had been a settlement with plaintiff for his interest in the crop.

The jury found for the defendant. Kline, Reynolds and Livingston for plaintiff. T. E. Franklin, Dickey and Swarr for defendant.

LANCASTER GRAIN MARKET, MONDAY JANUARY 20th, 1868.—Market steady:

Family flour, ₰ bar	$11 00
Extra do	10 00
Superfine do	9 00
Wheat (white) ₰ bus	2 60
Wheat (red) do	2 35
Rye do	1 48
Corn (new) do	1 08
Oats do	65
Whiskey	2 32

BILLS INTRODUCED.—The following bills pertaining to Lancaster County Affairs were introduced in the State Legislature at Harrisburg yesterday:

In the Senate. Mr Stinson, of Montgomery, an act permitting the Swede iron company of Montgomery county to hold lands in Lancaster, Berks and Lehigh counties.

Mr. Billingfelt, one extending the time for the payment of the enrolment tax on the act incorporating the Pequea Valley Railroad Company.

In the House Mr. Reinoehl, one supplementary to the act incorporating the Lancaster City and County Fire Insurance Company.

Mr. Armstrong, one authorizing the School Directors of East Donegal to apply surplus county funds to school purposes.

ACCIDENT.—The Reading *Journal* of Saturday says:

Mr. Samuel Hertzog, of West Cocalico township, Lancaster county, was severely injured on the 11th inst., by falling under a wagon, heavily loaded with wood, the wheels of which passed over him, crushing him badly, but breaking no bones. The wagon, drawn by four horses, was coming down a steep hill at a rapid rate at the time the accident occurred.

FOXES are very numerous this winter in the northern part of Lancaster county. Emboldened by hunger, they have left their hiding places in the hills, have betaken to the open country, and have been frequently seen near dwellings. Last Saturday, a fox of remarkable size, and black in color, (an unusual hue) made its appearance in the vicinity of Reinholdsville, and crossed over a large mill-dam in the vicinity, on the ice. One man, an inveterate fox hunter, owning a large number of hounds, is reported as having already captured alive over twenty foxes. He refuses to sell or part with any but intends keeping them until spring, when he will mark and turn them loose, in order that they may increase in number, and that he may have the pleasure of again hunting them the succeeding winter.

AT an election held on Tuesday last for Directors of the Manheim National Bank the following persons were elected to serve for the ensuing year:

Abraham Kauffman, A. Bates Grubb, John Rohrer, Sr., E. B. Bomberger, Jacob L. Stehman, Samuel Wolf, John Stauffer, John M. Dunlap, John M. Stehman.

At a special meeting held the same afternoon, the newly-elected Board organized by re-electing Abraham Kauffman President, and Jacob L. Stehman Secretary.

THE Railroad Committee in the Pennsylvania House of Representatives, is composed of the following gentlemen:

Messrs. Wilson, Chairman, Ford and Miller, of Allegheny; Watt, Adaire, Clark, Kleckner, Foy, Holgate, Stokes and Josephs, of Philadelphia; Duncan, of Tioga; Mc Junkin, of Butler; Weller, of Somerset; Jenks, of Jefferson; Strang, of Tioga; Herr, of Dauphin; Reinoehl, of Lancaster; Phipps, of Chester; Jones, of Berks, and Westbrook, of Wayne.

BANK DIRECTORS ELECTED.—The following persons were yesterday elected Directors of the Lancaster County National Bank for the ensuing year:

Christian B. Herr, Abraham Howry, John Mecartney, Abraham Bowman, Henry Esbensbade, Henry B. Resh, Benjamin B. Herr, Benjamin L. Landis, Levi G. Getz, Jacob Bachman, Adam Lefever.

At the same day the following Directors of the First National Bank were also elected:

John Gyger, T. Scott Wood, A. Herr Smith, Clement B. Grubb, D. G. Swartz, Peter S. Reist, Henry Baumgardner, Abraham A. Bard, John H. Moore.

DIRECTORS ELECTED.—The following persons were elected on Tuesday to serve as Directors of the National Banks of Mount Joy, for the ensuing year:

Mount Joy National Bank—J. G. Hoerner, Christian Stibgen, H. Shaffner, B. Grosh, Joseph Detweiler, Joseph H. Reider, John B. Stehman, John B. Myers, Jacob Reiff, B. M. Greider, Jacob Ulrich, C. H. Nissley, C. S. Erb.

First National Bank of Mount Joy,—M. B. Peifer, Reuben Garber, Christian Seitz, John M. Hershey, Henry Shelly, Christian H. Stauffer, Joseph Nissley, M. B. Nissley, Jacob C. Gerber.

SURGICAL OPERATION.—A few days since a little daughter of Peter Ruth, of this city, about two years old, while eating ground nuts had one of the kernels lodged in her wind-pipe. Yesterday Dr. Carpenter, assisted by Drs. Levergood and King, performed an operation for its removal, making an incision in and opening the wind-pipe for the space of an inch and a half. The obstruction was successfully removed, and the little sufferer was this morning apparently in a fair way of recovery.

COLD FEET.—Cold feet are a general affliction, and cures for them are in demand. A contemporary says that it is assured by those who has given the matter attention, that cold feet and especially those superlatively rigid feet that are kept chilled by perspiration, may be relieved by a simple expedient. This is to wear cotton socks next to the skin with woolen socks outside of them. It states that "in the instance of our informant, the result was successful in keeping his feet warm and dry. The singular consequence also ensued, that at night he would find the cotton socks (next his skin) quite dry, while the outside woolen stockings would be very damp."

THE LADY'S FRIEND FOR FEBRUARY.—A beautiful steel engraving, representing the hiding of Moses in the bulrushes, opens this number of the "Queen of the Monthlies." It is a very fine picture indeed. The double Steel Fashion Plate is as refined and elegant as usual. Then we have two pretty damsels peeping through the curtains on St. Valentine's day in the morning—and also a fine engraving of "The Meteoric Shower at Sea." The engravings of the Fashions, Patterns, Fancy Work, &c., are numerous and excellent. The music this month is the popular song, "Paddle Your own Canoe." The literary matter is "The Romance of an Old Maid," "A Head Man's Rule," by Elizabeth Prescott; and other choice literary matter.

The publishers are still sending the December number, which is a very beautiful one, *free* to all *New Subscribers* for 1868.

Other inducements in the way of premiums, &c., are promised to subscribers, Price $2,50 a year; Deacon & Peterson, 319 Walnut Street, Philadelphia.

MISHLER'S GARDEN.—Strangers visiting Lancaster will find Mishler's Garden the most pleasant place in the city to spend an hour, either during the day or evening. There you will find all the principal newspapers of the country, and a band of music is in attendance every evening until 10 o'clock. Stop and see for yourselves at Mishler's Garden.

ROWHOTHAM'S LIFE DROPS.—This medicine contains Anodyne, Carminative, and Tonic properties united in such a manner, and in such proportions as most happily to exert on the system, the powers of the whole, without destroying or even weakening the medicinal powers of either, thus forming the very best medicine in the world for Cholera, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cramps, Cholics, and all the various complaints of the bowels and stomach. For sale by all Druggists everywhere.

THE ESTEY ORGAN.—The Springfield *Republican* says: "A peculiar and admirable feature of this instrument is the Vox Humana Tremolo, recently invented and patented, and which does away with all the objections sometimes urged against tremulants. This one stop, under perfect control as to rapidity, its delicate pulsations appeal to the listener with a grand and pathos impossible to resist.

These Organs are manufactured at Brattleboro, Vt. 1d&w

INDIAN DOCTOR.—A. F. La Fontaine is located at his office, at Sprecher's Leopard Hotel where he continues to prescribe for 20 days from 8 A. M. to 8 o'clock P. M.

Having for many years given his whole time to the treatment and investigation of Chronic Diseases, more especially of the Liver, Lungs, and Blood, and having been long and favorably known in every State and Territory in the Union as the most skillful and successful physician in the cure of chronic diseases, being formerly Prof. of Materia Medica, Therapeutics, Pharamacy, Medical Botany, and diseases of women and children, in Central Medical College; also in the New York College of Health and the Central City Hospital, &c., and has placed opportunities within his reach of no mean importance, and has added largely to his skill and experience.

Remember that Dr. La Fontaine is the only physician in the world that has made Liver, Lung and Blood Diseases a specialty for a whole lifetime, and the only one who has discovered a full and true theory of the origin and certain cure of such complaints. Dr. La Fontaine has now perfected new specific remedies that do not fail to cure speedily and permanently. Consultations free. Jan 22 eod tf&w

"Can't thou not minister to a mind diseased,
And, with some sweet, oblivious antidote,
Cleanse the foul bosom of the perilous stuff
That weighs upon the heart?"

Certainly; Plantation Bitters will do it when nothing else will. Melancholy, Depression, Hypochondria, Insanity, all spring, more or less, from a diseased stomach, and this, Plantation Bitters is a sure cure for. There is no mistake about it; Dyspepsia, Headache, Dullness, Gas, and Low Spirits must yield to the health-giving and genial influence of the Plantation Bitters. If you are in doubt, make one trial and be convinced. Thus say those who know.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—A delightful toilet article—superior to Cologne and at half the price.

(COMMUNICATION.)

EDITOR OF LANCASTER INTELLIGENCER:
Dear Sir:

Will you do us the favor to invite the attention of your readers to the claims of the "BARLEY SHEAF" ANTI-DUST AIR TIGHT COOKING STOVES, with EXTENDED FIRE-BOX FOR WOOD OR COAL, patented and introduced by our firm? And also allow us to state that we shall be happy to forward descriptive circulars on application, and furnish whatever information may be desired as to the peculiar excellencies of our late "Introduction" to the trade, we extend an invitation to correspond with us, confident of our ability to materially advance their interests.

Very Respectfully,
STUART, PETERSON & CO.

Stove and Hollow-Ware Foundry, Noble street, above 13th.

For sale by Geo. M. Steinman & Co., Lancaster, Penna.

LADIES who are suffering from certain complaints, known only to females, should at once get Dr. Velpau's Female Pills. They produce a most charming effect. Sold by all Druggists. 1

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Latest by Telegraph!

Congressional.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.

SENATE.—Mr. Sumner presented a memorial of the citizens of Texas against the confirmation of appointments there to office of non-residents, and stating that the collectors, United States marshal for the Eastern district, superintendent of taxes, and other responsible offices, have been filled by what they call foreign importations; friends of the Administration, many of whom are not well disposed to the Union nor friends of Union men in that State, while there are enough good Union men in that State to fill such offices, viz., men who served in the Union army.

Mr. Willey presented a petition with bill to remove the disabilities of Robert D. Kingsbury, Collector at Brownsville, Texas, as the outbreak of the war, which office he continued to hold during the rebellion, taking the oath of allegiance to the Southern Confederacy for his own safety and other considerations, and by holding office he was enabled to render services to Union men.

Mr. Patterson, N. H., from the Committee on Retrenchment, reported a bill to amend the act to regulate the tenure of certain civil offices. He gave notice that he would call it up at an early day.

HOUSE.—Mr. Butler offered a resolution instructing the Committee of Ways and Means to devise some measure by which