Lancaster Intelligencer.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 23, 1867.

Prepare for the Presidential Campaign.

The Intelligencer for 1868.

On the first of January next, we will greatly enlarge the WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER, making it a nine column paper. It will then be the largest Democratic Journal published in Pennsylvania.

As we publish an evening daily paper, we possess facilities for making up a first class Weekly Journal, superior to those of any other Democratic office in Pennsylvania. With the proposed enlargement we shall be able to give a very large amount, and a very great variety of reading matter; and we confidently anticipate a largely increased circulation.

Our subscription price is already low, but, as a special inducement, we now offer to furnish the WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER to *new subscribers*, from this time until January 1st, 1869, for *two dollars*.

We hope every reader of the INTELLIGENCER will exert himself to increase our subscription list. The all important campaign of 1868 is already open. It will be the most exciting contest the country has ever witnessed, and the most potent agency to be employed is the Democratic press. It is the bounden duty of every Democrat to help us fight this great battle. Let every one of our readers do his utmost to increase our circulation.

The Elections.

We publish to-day the official result of the recent election in this State, showing Judge Sharswood's majority to be 922. Also the complexion of the Legislature, in which the Democracy make very large gains.

In Ohio full returns from the State, all but eight counties being official, show that Gen. Rutherford B. Hayes, the Republican candidate for Governor, has a majority of 2,853 over Judge Thurman. The returns of the Ohio election show an increased vote as compared with last year, and indicate that the vote at the recent election was the largest ever polled in that State. The Cincinnati *Gazette* says that this large vote was not anticipated, and that at least 59,000 more ballots were cast than at the Governor's election in 1865.

In Iowa, official returns from seventeen counties show a falling off of 674 in the total vote, and of 2,620 in the Republican vote, whilst the Democrats gain 1,945 votes. There are ninety-nine counties in Iowa, and returns, official and unofficial, from seventy-two of them, give Merrill, Republican, a majority of 25,724 for Governor, as compared with 35,412 Republican majority in those counties at the election last year.

In Indiana no State officers and no members of the Legislature were elected, the contest being on ordinary county offices alone. The Democratic gains were large.

In Montana the election for Delegate to Congress is officially reported to have resulted in 6,004 votes for Cavanaugh, Democrat, and 4,896 for Sanders, Republican, a Democratic majority of 1,108.

In California the judicial election which took place on the 17th instant resulted in another Democratic victory.

The tide of success is with us everywhere.

Its Mission Ended.

The mission of the Republican party is ended. The war is over, and all men of sense are anxious to see the country restored to peace and prosperity. The passions engendered by a fierce strife of years are being rapidly soothed into rest, and kindly feelings are taking the place of hatred in all true American hearts. The people are calmly scrutinizing the political situation. They see the Republican party fully committed to the doctrine of negro equality. It can not and dare not abandon its favorite theory. With the surrender of that one idea the whole scheme of reconstruction on which the leaders of the party have staked the very existence of their party would fall to the ground, tumbling the entire structure into ruins. There are whispers of moderation, and a few talk with bated breath of a change of policy. It is too late. The Republican party dug its grave when it attempted to establish its power on the rotten props of negro republics in the South. The American people will tolerate no such thing. They have spoken loudly in the recent elections, and there will be no end of the great reaction now going on, until the corrupt, extravagant and fanatical Radicals who lead the Republican party are all hurled from power. They cannot abandon the platform they have laid down, and on that even General Grant would be defeated.

Treating Negroes Impolitely.

The Radical newspapers of this State are making a terrible howl, because certain, not very flattering, likenesses of negroes appear in country papers of the Democratic pursuasion, and on what are called "Salt River tickets." We hope these champions of the African race will keep cool. The Democracy cherish no animosity toward the negro race. They are willing to guarantee to every one of them perfect and complete protection in every right of person and property, to make them fully equal to whites in these important respects under the laws of every State in the Union. But we do intend to insist that the negro shall not vote in any State unless the white people of such State chose to confer upon him that privilege; that he shall not be forced into the jury box, unless the whites consent; that he shall not be elevated to office over the heads of white men, as is now done in the South; that he shall not be granted especial privileges in railroad cars, as is now the case in this State. There is no danger that the negro will be abused by the Democracy when they come into power. He will only be politely asked to step out of the political arena, and to stay out of it until such time as the white people of the different States shall agree to admit him to the ballot box and the other privileges for which the Radicals have set up a claim in his behalf. And that time will be long in coming unless we are greatly mistaken. The election in Ohio settled that question for at least twenty years to come.

THE Radicals of Philadelphia are making an attempt to treat the election in that city as if it had not been held. Without the slightest grounds for so doing they are engaged in an attempt to throw out the votes of several strong Democratic districts. We sometimes think there will be need for a second Buck Shot War before we get things fairly settled. Let the Radicals take care they do not provoke it.

THE New York *Times* says there are *practical* reasons why negroes should vote in the South which do not apply to Ohio. The only practical reasons of the kind we know are the necessities of the Radical party. They can only hope to maintain their hold on power by setting up a negro empire on the ruins of the Southern States, and that can only be done at the most enormous cost to the people of the North.

CALVIN T. HULBARD, the Radical nominee for Controller of the State of New York, has declined to be a candidate. No doubt he is wise in this, as the *Round Table* honestly admits that the Democracy will sweep the State at the coming election.

An Attempt to Make Slaves of White Men.

For years past the bloated capitalists belonging to the Radical Republican party have assumed to control the votes of those who were in their employ. Annually, as elections have occurred, they have issued their orders, with the air of a master dictating to his slaves, and poor men have been forced to vote against their conviction, or to lose their situations at a time of year when labor is scarce and difficult to obtain. They have established a system of espionage, and have set pimps and spies to watch the laboring man as he went to the polls to discharge the duty of a freeman. We have had many instances of that kind in Lancaster county, and from time to time our attention has been called to these constantly recurring outrages. Only a day or two since we published the certificate of two respectable men, stating that they had been discharged from the Farnum Cotton Mill of this city for voting the Democratic ticket. This morning another comes to us with a similar complaint.

If there is one duty which every American citizen should be permitted to discharge freely and without intimidation, it is the sacred obligation to vote according to the dictates of his own conscience. To deprive a citizen of that inalienable and inestimable right is to subject him to the most galling and degrading species of tyranny. No man with a spark of the spirit of a freeman in his breast would consent to be thus controlled. He who could be so influenced would thereby show himself to be unfit to exercise this, the highest and most precious prerogative of American citizenship. He who would attempt to browbeat any laboring man into voting against his political convictions by threatening to discharge him from employment, is actuated by a base disregard of all the nearest and dearest rights of the citizen. At the ballot box every voter is on a perfect equality. The rights and privileges of the humblest are equal in all respects to those of the very highest. The secret ballot has been provided to protect the poor. It should be a perfect shield to them. No man has a right to know how another votes, unless he chooses to vote an open ticket; and the proscriptive capitalist who would set a spy to watch his employees, deserves the contempt of all honest and right thinking men.

There is a way to deal with that class of people. The Democracy have it in their power to protect the laboring men of their party, and they should not hesitate to do so. The method is simple and easy. *Hereafter let no Democrat buy a single dollar's worth of any one who attempts thus to interfere with the sacred rights of the citizen.* Let them make this an inexorable law, never to be departed from under any circumstances, and there will be an end to this species of mean spirited and rascally tyranny.

General Grant Nominated by the Radicals of Lancaster County on the Platform of Universal Negro Suffrage.

The Radical County Committee assembled in this city Monday, and we find the following report of the proceedings in the *Express*, of Monday evening:

A meeting of the Republican County Committee of Lancaster county was held in this city to-day, at which the following preamble and resolutions were adopted:

WHEREAS, The Hon. E. B Washburne, of Illinois, has declared that General U. S. Grant "believes there is no protection or safety to the colored people and the loyal white people in the rebel States, except through impartial suffrage. The reconstruction acts having recognized the entire equality of all American citizens in the States lately in rebellion, he believes that consistency, as well as impartial justice, demands that there should be no distinction against any class of persons in any of the States."

And, Whereas, he has also declared that Gen. Grant's "sympathies, his convictions and his hopes are *now*, as they *always have been*, with the great patriotic and loyal people that carried the country through the war. He is in favor of upholding the honor and credit of the national government, and holds that all our obligations must be discharged in conformity to the terms on which they were contracted. He thinks there should be exercised by Congress and by all departments of the government, a more rigid and searching economy in the expenditures of the public money, and wherever he has had control he has struck off every useless expense and reformed every abuse." Therefore,

Resolved, That we, the Union Republican County Committee of Lancaster county, having full faith and confidence in the Republicanism of General U. S. Grant, recommend his nomination as the next Republican candidate for President of the United States, and hereby pledge to him the cordial, earnest support of the Republican party of Lancaster county.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be forwarded to Gen. Grant, by the officers of this committee.

No other business seems to have been done by the Committee, and we are therefore at liberty to infer that the sole object of the meeting was to consider and pass the above resolutions.—They were offered by John A. Hiestand, Esq., of the *Examiner*, and passed without opposition.

We do not know how General Grant will receive this expression of opinion from the home of Thaddeus Stevens.—By it he is given to understand that he is only to receive the support of the Radicals on condition of his fully endorsing not only the establishment of negro States in the South, but the most entire equality of the two races in every State in the Union. If General Grant consents to be the nominee of the Radicals, and they run him as their candidate, there can be no doubt about the position he will occupy. He will be fully and completely committed to the most extreme doctrines of that party. An attempt may be made to gull the people by the adoption of a platform which will be capable of two interpretations, but we do not think any man can be found at this late day stupid enough to be deceived by such transparent trickery.

Should General Grant permit himself to be made the pliant tool of the corrupt politicians of the Radical party, he will at once lose the respect of the people to a great extent. Instead of being a very strong candidate, he would under such circumstances be a very weak one, and would certainly be beaten. In the coming Presidential election no man can be carried through on military reputation alone. The people know and feel that there is too much at stake to allow their votes to be controlled by mere personal considerations. Measures, not men, will be the rallying cry of the successful party in the coming contest.

A Coward's Fate.

Old Thad has written another letter in which he says:

"Sick as I am, I take this occasion to thank God for our late defeat. The Republicans have been acting a cowardly part, and have met a coward's fate."

What will the leaders in Pennsylvania do about it? Will they come up to Mr. Stevens' standard, or will they still act the part of cowards, and be beaten next year, as they deserve to be? It is a question which will require careful consideration at their hands.

Frauds in Registration.

Perfectly reliable reports from the different Southern States continue to confirm the statement that the most gigantic frauds are being perpetrated in the registration of the negroes. Not only is the number registered evidently out of all proportion to the negro population, but multitudes of negro boys are registered, and many have been registered twice or thrice in different wards in the cities and in neighboring districts in the country. This is part of the systematic effort which is being made to turn all the Southern States over to the domination of the negroes.

The Party of Congress.

We know no name which would so appropriately describe the political organization which stands opposed to us as "The Party of Congress." In the recent campaign in this and other States the Republican newspapers and orators all took especial pains to identify themselves with Congress. They incessantly repeated the declaration that the only live issue was the endorsement of the acts of Congress since the close of the rebellion. That body was lauded to the skies, and the measures it had adopted were all most unequivocally endorsed.

What these acts have been the people know. They have seen what is appropriately styled "The Rump" setting at naught the Constitution, refusing to permit a restoration of the Union, setting up a negro empire on the ruins of the States recently in rebellion, establishing a military despotism to subject the white race to the domination of the ignorant and barbarian blacks, spending all the vast sums wrung from the sweat and toil of the North to manipulate the votes of the late slaves, ruining the industry of the entire South by the most unwise policy, crippling trade by cutting off one-half the resources of the country, destroying commerce by the most unwise legislation, fanning the flames of hatred between the two sections of a common country, usurping the powers rightfully belonging to the Executive, interfering with the Supreme Court of the United States, and with all the courts of one-half of the country, expending many millions of the peoples' money in the most reckless schemes, plundering the public treasury so as to increase the enormous and crushing public debt, preventing a return to specie payment, keeping prices of everything up to an exhorbitant figure, and doing other wrong acts innumerable to prevent the power from passing out of their hands.

Every one of these acts was fully endorsed by the Republican party in every State where elections have been held. The people have so understood it. And it is against the Republican party, as "The Party of Congress," that the overwhelming popular verdict has been rendered. The masses are tired of it. They see how it is ruining the country and preventing the return of peace and prosperity, and the elections of this year are but the mutterings which precede the great storm of popular indignation which will sweep over the whole country next fall. The people have decided that they will no longer be ruled by such men as Thad Stevens, Charles Sumner and their followers in Congress. Revolutions like this one never go backward.

The Liquor Law.

The stringent liquor law passed at the last session of our Legislature has remained a dead letter on the statute book. In no single instance has an attempt been made to enforce it, notwithstanding it has been openly violated in almost every tavern and bar room in the State. This shows that the people of Pennsylvania are not prepared to countenance the fanatical ideas of New England Puritanism. The truth is all such legislation has proved to be utterly abortive whenever tried. It is vain to attempt to enforce sumptuary laws in this country. Every such effort has been a failure, and the only result has been to impair that regard for law which should be constantly cherished in the minds and hearts of the people. There is every reason to believe that the evils of intemperance have only been intensified by the unwise attempts thus made to control it. No respectable liquor dealer objects to a stringent license law; but they have a right to feel aggrieved at an enactment which brands every man in the business as a felon. We presume the law will be repealed at the coming session of the Legislature, and we hope a wise and judicious license law may be substituted in place of the justly obnoxious one which now stands as a dead letter on the statute book of the State.

The Legislature.

The official returns from Indiana and Westmoreland counties show that R. H. McCormick, Democrat, is elected to the Assembly from that district. That is a gain, and will make the State Legislature stand as follows:

SENATE.

Republicans	19
Democrats	14
Republican majority	5

HOUSE.

Republicans	54
Democrats	46
Republican majority	8

Last year the Radical majority in the Senate was 9, and in the House 28, making a majority on joint ballot of 36. This year that is reduced to 13—a gain of 23. That is doing gloriously under the infamous apportionment.

WENDELL PHILLIPS is very much exercised over the recent elections. He has issued, through the columns of the *Anti Slavery Standard*, a manifesto to his Republican followers, in which he denounces the people of Ohio as 'selfish,' and says Pennsylvania is "always in the market." "What shall we do?" exclaims this madman, and he answers himself by laying down a programme for the Jacobins, the principal features of which are thus expressed: "Impeach the traitor of the White House." "Hang out the banner of impartial suffrage." "Throttle the President." "Teach men to forget Ohio and Pennsylvania in the blaze of a fiercer onset." Such is the banquet to which the Radical leader invites the people!

THE Harrisburg *Telegraph* is abusing the Radicals of Lancaster county for not doing better at the late election, and it pitches into Old Thad quite sharply. Bergner insists that Bill Kelley and the Old Commoner are much to blame for the defeat of the party. It thinks their speeches contributed greatly to the recent disaster. All that comes with very bad grace from a newspaper which openly advocated the enforcement of negro suffrage upon all the States by act of Congress. Bergner always was disposed to sneak out of any responsibility for which he was liable. He cannot lay claim to any greater moderation than belongs to Thad. Stevens or Bill Kelley. His master, Simon Cameron, is as fully committed to negro equality as any one can be.

IT is said that a certain well-known New York showman has made an offer to purchase the entire lot of Mrs. Lincoln's wardrobe, jewelry, etc., at her own valuation, on the single condition that she throw in the letters which she is said to have in her possession from the donors, and which she has threatened to publish. The Radicals are terribly alarmed lest Mrs. Lincoln should accept the offer. Such a revelation would be made as would astonish the country if they should be published; but we rather expect the showman alluded to would use them to black mail the authors. He might make a handsome speculation in that way.

HAD there been congressional elections this month the democrats would have gained nine Congressmen in Ohio and five in Pennsylvania, according to the reported majorities in the districts, and in spite of the infamous manner in which the Radicals have gerrymandered both these States.

The Radical Governor of Ohio Elected by Negro Votes.

There is no doubt that a very large number of negro votes were openly cast for the Radical Governor of Ohio, in direct violation of the Constitution and the laws of the State.

The Fayette county *Register* says:

Twenty-three negro votes were polled in this town on Tuesday, notwithstanding the protestations of *white men*, and we are glad, we rejoice to say, that through this NEGRO VOTE, which never before was polled in this township, the men who were instrumental in bringing it to the polls, have been "hoisted with their own petard;" and the *white men* of the township have rebuked the advocates of *negro suffrage*, and cast their ballots against the amendment and the men in their midst who advocated this monstrosity.

The Cincinnati *Enquirer*, commenting on the above, says:

What transpired there, took place all over the State. Not less than 600 negro votes, we are assured, were cast in Greene county alone, in defiance of the law. They were taken in Cleveland in considerable numbers, and largely in the Western Reserve. Some even were taken in Cincinnati. If General Hayes is elected, he probably owes it to this fraudulent negro vote. Our Democratic friends owe it to themselves to obtain a list of all these negro voters, and if they amount, in magnitude, to Hayes' majority, the election should be contested, and the Governor's office given to Judge Thurman.

A letter from Xenia to the New Lisbon *Patriot*, says:

"I have often heard that full-blooded negroes voted here, and I stopped to see if that was the case. I have been around the polls most all day, and have seen full-blooded, jet black, thick-lipped niggers go up and put their vote in, and not be challenged. I was told the reason why they were not challenged was, that it dare not be done. There has been from two to three hundred niggers around the polls all day. It was impossible for a white man to get there."

That paper adds:

Frank Johnson, a colored brother, voted in Salem last Tuesday. He is not half white, and the Trustees who received his vote ought to know it as well as anybody. If men of the color of Frank are permitted to vote, there is no use in the constitutional amendment. Where Trustees determine to do wrong, there is no remedy against them. The good sense of the people must regulate their conduct, and when they do what they know is not right, the consequences must follow.

The Mount Vernon *Banner* has the following account of the doings in that city:

Five negroes were taken to the polls in the Fourth ward in this city, by their Abolition friends, on Tuesday, and their votes there received, in opposition to the earnest protest of the Democratic challengers. Negroes voted in every part of the State where their sympathizing white friends had control of the ballot box.

We make the following extract from the Stubenville *Herald*:

It is estimated that at least 3,000 negroes voted the Radical ticket in Ohio last Tuesday. Their names have been taken down and returned to the proper authority. If the next Legislature of Ohio, which is conceded by all parties will be Democratic, only does its duty, these negro votes will be excluded from the total result, by that body in counting the result for State officers in the different counties. We have no doubt but that that body will also pass a law that will hereafter prevent negroes from voting in Ohio, they will make the penalty so severe to receive negro votes that Judges of elections, who may have easy consciences, will not venture hereafter in the experiment of receiving negro votes. Three thousand negroes voting in Ohio, or any number of them doing so, is not only a disgrace to the officer who received their votes, but also to the great State, whose purity of the ballot box these officers were sworn to protect.

The Cleveland *Plaindealer* declares that:

In the City of Cleveland in the first, second, third, fourth, and sixth wards *full-blooded negroes* voted against the protests and challenges of Democrats. In fact, no attention was paid to law, and the votes of negroes were received with smiles and jests by the judges. We have a Democratic Legislature *now*, and it should pass a stringent law which will forever prevent a repetition of such shameful and deliberate outrages as were perpetrated in this city on Tuesday last. We intend to refer to this matter again, and give some *facts* that will make the cheeks of some men tingle with shame.

What do the people of Pennsylvania think of such conduct? The election for the present year is over, but the infamous Radicals will be appealing to them for their votes a year hence. Let them remember these things, and not suffer themselves to be hoodwinked and blindfolded by any specious promises which will be made on the eve of the Presidential election.

THE members of the Maryland Synod of the English Lutheran Church called on Gen. Grant a day or two ago, and on one of them saying, "when we come to see you again, General, we hope to find you in a larger and whiter residence than this," he replied, "I have no desire for any higher position, or any increase of power or duties." Many Radicals are eagerly desirous of capturing General Grant, and making him the candidate of their party. If he is wise, he will not permit himself to be put in any such position. Not even the name and prestige of Grant could preserve that party from defeat at the coming Presidential election. The campaign will be fought on great principles, and no man who permits himself to be made the representative of the policy of the present corrupt and fanatical Congress, can hope to be elected.

BOSTON gossip appears to have settled it, among themselves at least, that the separation between Senator Sumner and his new wife is wider than the ocean that rolls between them. They say the case resembles that of Judah P. Benjamin, whose wife took early refuge in Europe, greatly to the "talk" of New Orleans, some years ago. That is rather an ugly joke on Sumner, coming as it does from a Radical source. A crack brained fool mentally and an impotent creature physically is the idol of the Yankee Radicals.

LOUISIANA this fall has given a Union or Republican majority of forty thousand, and Alabama of eighty thousand. Did the Republican press of the country indulge in roasters and job-office cuts, our poultry shows and menageries would probably eclipse those of the Democrats.—*Forney's Press.*

They did not, for the reason that nothing would have appropriately illustrated their triumph except the picture of a negro with his foot on the neck of a white man. It was a victory of such a questionable character, and so meanly won, that they were ashamed to crow over it.

MISSISSIPPI and Arkansas, on the first Tuesday in November, when their Northern sisters are holding their elections, will vote for or against a convention to bring their States back into the Union. With the black Union vote already registered, there is no doubt of our victory.—*Forney's Press.*

Of course. Where negroes alone do the voting there is great probability of a triumph for the radical disunionists of Congress, but, thank God, none at all where white men vote.

THE Democracy of Pittsburg had a grand torchlight procession on Saturday night in honor of the late victories, and Judge Thurman, of Ohio, the Democratic candidate for Governor, made an able and eloquent speech to the largest political gathering ever assembled in that city. During the progress of the meeting some Radical rowdies threw brickbats into the crowd, and two or three persons were struck. One of the rascals was caught and justly punished. The day when Democratic meetings can be assailed with impunity has passed away.

MAYOR WELCH, of Georgetown, D. C., has resigned, in consequence of charges of embezzlement preferred against him whilst acting as tax collector. Welch was elected last spring by the negroes and Rads.

WE notice that the Republican orators throughout the country have a great deal to say of the late lamented Lincoln, but not a word of his widow. Why their discrimination?

OFFICIAL VOTE OF PENNSYLVANIA.

COUNTIES.	GOVERNOR. Geary.	GOVERNOR. Clymer.	SUP. JUDGE. Sharswood.	SUP. JUDGE. Williams.
Adams	2910	3126	2829	2437
Allegheny	20511	12795	9994	16333
Armstrong	3758	3078	2934	3235
Beaver	3310	2385	2278	2818
Bedford	2591	2835	2644	2305
Berks	7121	13288	11912	6117
Blair	3520	2768	2590	3113
Bradford	7134	3091	2638	5846
Bucks	6805	7399	6910	6224
Butler	3544	3061	2962	2939
Cambria	2643	2205	3030	2068
Cameron	374	303	300	358
Carbon	1906	2339	2124	1687
Centre	3094	3565	3473	2790
Chester	8500	6221	5853	7751
Clarion	1776	2813	2603	1410
Clearfield	1650	2786	2740	1477
Clinton	1754	2337	2228	1602
Columbia	1965	3583	3453	1696
Crawford	6714	4969	4018	5400
Cumberland	4030	4567	4231	3451
Dauphin	5091	4301	3847	5247
Delaware	3647	2262	2148	3207
Elk	376	916	751	286
Erie	7237	3957	3428	5504
Fayette	3569	4359	3859	3184
Forest	100	76	319	289
Franklin	4299	4106	3962	3773
Fulton	775	1055	1019	709
Greene	1699	3230	2753	1343
Huntingdon	3248	2239	2258	3009
Indiana	4458	2169	1867	3608
Jefferson	2015	1912	1851	1806
Juniata	1516	1814	1665	1368
Lancaster	14592	8592	7475	12799
Lawrence	3560	1410	1281	2833
Lebanon	4194	2696	2501	3625
Lehigh	4159	5731	5141	3514
Luzerne	8733	12387	10404	7985
Lycoming	3871	4448	4357	3604
M'Kean	877	714	545	705
Mercer	4416	3757	3414	3935
Mifflin	1725	1835	1769	1565
Monroe	705	2699	2359	543
Montgomery	7286	8342	7683	6586
Montour	1130	1523	1383	1006
Northampton	3859	6870	5979	3027
Northumberland	3361	3829	3469	3023
Perry	2581	2495	2292	2427
Philadelphia	54205	48817	52075	49587
Pike	360	1084	901	235
Potter	1346	620	481	1134
Schuylkill	8793	10514	8389	7256
Snyder	1792	1326	1199	1630
Somerset	3062	1759	1540	2756
Sullivan	436	761	683	421
Susquehanna	4429	2981	2690	3947
Tioga	4791	1628	1425	4090
Union	1991	1287	1200	1675
Venango	4409	3492	2610	3040
Warren	2687	1572	1459	2131
Washington	4977	4712	4513	4618
Wayne	2357	2883	2586	2326
Westmoreland	5046	6113	5645	4212
Wyoming	1406	1499	1474	1357
York	5896	8789	7671	4848
			267746	266824
			266824	
Majority			922	

The Vote in Pennsylvania—The Democrats Carry Eleven Congressional Districts.

While the absence of any excitement elsewhere than in Philadelphia was the cause of a very small vote being polled, nevertheless the reaction was sufficiently marked to cause a loss to the Radicals of five Congressional districts now represented by Republicans, and to reduce the majorities in three or four other districts to mere nominal numbers. It will be observed that two of the districts gained by the Democrats are exceedingly close—one giving only fifteen majority and the other only one. The following is the vote:

THIRD DISTRICT.

Republican majority in 1866	1,004
Democratic majority in 1867	1,141

FIFTH DISTRICT.

Republican majority in 1866	459
Democratic majority in 1867	364

TENTH DISTRICT.

Republican majority in 1866	215
Democratic majority in 1867	1

SIXTEENTH DISTRICT.

Republican majority in 1866	625
Democratic majority in 1867	15

TWENTY-FIRST DISTRICT.

Republican majority in 1866	354
Democratic majority in 1867	307

The last named (Twenty-first District) is now represented by Hon. John Covode.—This and the Tenth District were formerly Democratic, but were gained by the Republicans last year.

RECAPITULATION.

Districts carried by the Republicans in 1866	18
Districts carried by Democrats in 1866	6
Districts carried by Republicans in 1867	13
Districts carried by Democrats in 1867	11
Democratic gain	5

—*N. Y. Herald.*

A New York Republican Snubs the Committee.

The Radicals of New York seem to be having a hard time of it, and there is no possibility of their escaping an inevitable and overwhelming defeat. The State Central Committee has been making a levy on all office-holders for money, but they do not seem to be meeting with much success. One J. F. Wilson, of Chautauqua county, repudiates their bill, and another, Mr. W. F. Bement, of Alleghany, responds to the levy in the following unmistakable manner:

I acted with the Republican party in arresting the spread of slavery and effecting its entire abolition. I was proud also to devote my energies to carry on the war for the Union and Constitution; but the sharping of the government with the illiterate emancipated blacks, the establishment of a military despotism over one-third of the Union, and by arbitrary military power wresting the government of States from white men and forcing it into the hands of semi-barbarians, and taxing the laborers of the North to uphold it in the amount of two hundred millions of dollars per year, is an entertainment to which I had not been invited. I therefore cannot comply with your request.

THE majority of Judge Sharswood is less than one thousand votes. And yet it is a fact universally conceded that owing to his high character as a lawyer and a man; to sterling integrity and ability as a Judge he received at least five times that number of Republican votes.—*Inquirer.*

Here is an admission by one of the Republican papers of this city that all the abuse which was heaped upon Judge Sharswood by the Radicals was utterly false. They now compliment him very highly. Let the readers of such journals remember how they lied during the recent contest. The Democratic press of the State neither abused nor misrepresented Judge Williams, and they have no occasion to take back a single word of what they said.

THE Radicals of this State are trying hard to break the force of their defeat by claiming that it was entirely owing to a falling off in their vote. This stay-at-home dodge is an old one with that party. The opponents of the Democracy have always made it a scape goat to bear their short comings. The truth is the result in this State and Ohio is owing first to actual changes, and secondly to a deep sense of dissatisfaction which will manifest itself in still greater changes next year. There is ample encouragement for the Democracy in this very thing. With the full vote they can carry both Pennsylvania and Ohio next year more easily than they did in the recent election.

FORNEY'S *Press* seems to be utterly reckless since the recent elections. It lies with a recklessness surpassing all its former well-known disregard of the truth. Speaking of the Maryland election it says:

There is not a man upon the Democratic ticket who at any period of the war was suspected of loyalty.

That base falsehood is uttered with a full knowledge that one of the principal nominees for a State office was a Colonel of a regiment in the Union army who did gallant service throughout the war.

The Trial of Surratt.

A dispatch from Washington says that "John H. Surratt will be kept in jail till after Congress meets, when application will be made for the enactment of a law to transfer him to some adjoining State for trial, or to authorize a jury to be drawn from some loyal State to try him here, as it is impossible to obtain an impartial, unprejudiced jury in Washington."

Of course everybody knows that means that a jury is to be packed to convict him, regardless of the law and the facts in the case.

THE Democracy of Reading and Harrisburg had grand torchlight processions and illuminations in those cities on Saturday night. All over the State there have been similar rejoicings over our victory.

The Radical Fraud at Fort Delaware!

John W. Geary is either a rascal or an ass. He can take just whichever horn of the dilemma suits him best. Either he deliberately meditated the perpetration of a rascally fraud in regard to the votes of the United States soldiers at Fort Delaware, or he can not understand the plainest provisions of a law. The following correspondence will speak for itself without any further comment from us:

WAR DEPARTMENT, Oct. 15, 1867.

William L. Hirst, Esq., 211 South Sixth street, Philadelphia:

In reply to your letter of October 12, received yesterday, General Grant directs me to send you the following copy of a telegram just received from the commanding officer at Fort Delaware:

FORT DELAWARE, Oct. 14, 1867.

General E. D. Townsend, Assistant Adjutant General:

I was in Philadelphia when the election occurred here. Colonel Howard, who was in command, reports that a citizen presented himself here with a commission from Governor Geary, under the seal of Pennsylvania, appointing him to take the votes of Pennsylvania soldiers at this post. Colonel Howard told him that he was under the impression that such an election was not legal. But as the man had a commission from Governor Geary, he allowed him to take the votes. I add, on my own authority, that I have ascertained that a large proportion of the men voting had no vote in the State under any circumstances. It is said only thirty-three (33) votes were polled, while over a hundred (100) were returned. No officers were concerned one way or other in this election.

(Signed,) C. H. MORGAN,
Major Fourth Artillery,
Brevet Brigadier-Gen. Commanding.

E. D. Townsend,
Assistant Adjutant General.

How the Election was Carried in Alabama.

The N. Y. *Herald* has full details from its special correspondent in Alabama, in regard to the manner in which the recent election in Alabama was conducted. It says editorially:

"Equal rights" in Alabama evidently means that there is to be no room in that State for white men if the niggers can keep it. For this election the niggers were organized by Loyal League machinery. They came to the polls in military array, every particular voter being subject to punishment at the order of his captain if he should be guilty of any delinquency. His ticket was placed in his hand by the captain, and of course, the greatest delinquency would have been to have voted any other. And in this manner the newly made citizens availed themselves of "a freeman's proudest privilege." The voter got the ticket from his captain, the captain had it from the colonel, and he from the general, and the general in his turn, of course, had it from the owners and managers in Washington of the grand plan to secure political supremacy. No plan ever before devised for securing majorities can compare with this in simplicity and certainty.

The Right Kind of a Democrat.

A Democrat of Ohio came all the way from Chili, in South America, to vote at the recent election. That is the right kind of a Democrat. He deserves to be held up as a model, and his patriotic zeal should be imitated by every one of the sluggards who allowed themselves to be kept away from the polls at the recent elections.

AN Ohio Democrat got even with a Radical, who was feebly crowing over the meagre majority for Governor, by informing him that they could have that officer, as nearly his whole business was to pardon men out of the penitentiary, and that the Radicals had much more need of his services than the Democrats. The Governor of Ohio has no veto, and in gaining the Legislature, the Democracy have gained nearly every thing worth having in the Buckeye State.

THERE is not a State in the whole North, where, if he chooses, the President's hand is not stronger than all the laws and the Constitution. He may arrest any man, imprison without charges, refuse trial, hold him indefinitely; in a word, discharge him without reasons given. * * * An act bestowing upon him the Dictatorship would confer no more real powers than he legally possesses. Do we object? No. It is useless to talk, therefore, of being restrained by our laws, our institutions, our Constitution.—*N. Y. Independent, Aug. 21, 1862.*

IT was agreed (in 1659) that, burying former enmities in oblivion, all efforts should be made for the overthrow of the RUMP, so they called the Parliament in allusion to that part of the animal body.—*Hume.*

IF it were not a bad habit to moot cases on the supposed ruin of the CONSTITUTION, I should be free to declare, that if it must perish, I would rather, by far, see it resolved into any other form than lost in that austere and insolent domination.—*Burke.*

THE Negroes of Bahia are numerous, and the finest in the Brazils. * * * I have never heard a negro speak to another in a quiet, subdued way. Why should they, indeed? *They never obtain the sober sense of manhood*; they are a mere set of noisy, overgrown children. —*Missionary Journey in South America, Catholic World, New York, Sept. 1867, p. 808.*

Thus you see, that the cause of the Ethiopian's blackness is the curse and naturall infection of blood, and not the distemperature of the climate—*Hacklust.*

Butlerism at Harrisburg.

Simon Cameron was recently robbed of his spoons. The speculator entered about noon without breaking door or lock, as if to show there is still (some) honor among thieves.

THE New Albany (Indiana) Court lately granted a divorce to a man named Banks, on the ground that his wife was a victim to klopemania—an irresistible desire to steal. Why not call it Radicalism?

Novel Method of Escaping from Prison.

Joseph Worthington, who was confined in the Franklin county jail, awaiting trial for the larceny of carpet from the German Reformed Church in Chambersburg, escaped a few evenings since. As usual, the prisoners were allowed the privilege of the jail-yard in the afternoon, and Worthington by some means obtained a lot of clothing, and made a "Paddy," which he placed in the bed in his cell. In the evening when the jailer made his customary round to lock the cell doors, he saw what he supposed to be Worthington in bed. Worthington, however, had remained outside, and during the night he used an iron staple taken from a cellar door, to punch holes in the mortar of the stone wall surrounding the yard. Into these holes he drove pieces of wood, and managed to reach the top of the wall. A piece of hose found in the yard enabled him to get down outside, and he has not been heard of since.

Disrespect to the President.

A dispatch says that the sentence imposed upon Assistant Engineer George W. Sawyer, by a courtmartial at Portsmouth, N. H., has been approved by Secretary Welles. The charge against Mr. Sawyer was that of using language disrespectful to the President of the United States. It appears that he and two or three other officers on duty at the Portsmouth yard, were one day talking, and they finally got into a political discussion, Congress was denounced as an unconstitutional body, guilty of usurpation and of the enactment of unjust and tyrannical laws. In the heat of argument, Mr. Sawyer responded by saying that Congress would fail of its duty unless it impeached the President. This remark was reported by the other officers to the Secretary of the Navy, who made haste to have Mr. Sawyer court martialed. He was found guilty and sentenced to be reprimanded by the Secretary, and to be suspended from duty for one year on half pay.

John Mitchel on Pryor.

John Mitchel, in the New York *Citizen*, says: "A friend has sent us a copy of a letter written by Mr. Roger A. Pryor to the Richmond *Whig*, and asks us to reproduce it. We should do so with pleasure, as it is well written, like everything else penned by Mr Pryor, but we protest that we cannot find anything in it. Mr. P. advises his friends at the South to 'accept the situation;' (a tiresome phrase)—well, they do already accept the situation; they are doing nothing that we know of to reverse the judgment of the war; what does Mr. Pryor want?"

Sentence of a Court-Martial Remitted.

An order was received at Buffalo on Thursday from General Grant, remitting the sentence of the court-martial in the case of United States soldiers of Battery M, 4th artillery, whose arrest and sentence have already been reported, for participating in a Fenian procession on the 17th of July last. Gen. Grant states in the order that the remitting of the sentence is done by order of the President.

The Consequence of Negro Ascendency in the South.

We begin to realize the evils in this country which all other countries have experienced where the colored or inferior race have acquired power. Insurrections,