## Miscellaneous.

The details of one of the boldest and most extensive forgeries ever perpetrated in this country have just come to light. The crime was planned and executed in New York, and the author thereof was pursued to Illinois, after a series of most ingenious efforts to thwart the minions of justice, and was finally arrested on Wednesday last, in Kane County, Ohio.

On the Ilth of July, a man entered the office of the City Bank of New York, of which Moses Taylor & Co., are the managing directors, presenting the teller with a check purporting to be signed by Cornelius Vanderbilt, and calling for the magnificent sum of \$75,000. The teller hastily scanned the signature, which seemed genuine, and then, as he had been frequently called upon to cash checks by the same gentleman for even larger amounts, handed the man the sum required. The individual left the bank, and the incident A Royal Forgery. handed the man the sum required. The individual left the bank, and the incident passed from the mind of the teller.

A few days later, however, it was learned that the check was a forgery. The startling information was at once communicated the complex of the startling information was at once communicated the startle of to the authorities, and that efficient detective, Geo. Elder, of the process is a second control of the process in the second control of the process is a second control of the process in the second control of the process is a second control of the process in the second control of the s

that the check was a forgery. The startling information was at once communicated to the authorities, and that efficient detective, Geo. Elder, of the special force on duty at the headquarters, was detailed to pursue and arrest, it possible, the guilty party. The latter had of course disappeared, and had doubtless had sufficient time to secrete himself quite effectually. Elder at once hastened to the bank and asked the teller for a personal description of the man to whom he had paid the money. The clerk was unable at the time to recall accurately the personace of the individual, but after a little effort he drew with his pen so accurate a sketch of the forger that the officer recognized the portrait as that of one John Livingstone, alias Lewis, alias Mathews, alias DePeester, a person of considerable notoriety in the criminal world.

Detective Elder prosecuted his inquiries with vigor, and soon learned that his man had departed for Buffalo. Thither the officer repaired in hot haste, and, after several days' investigation, discovered that Livingstone, after purchasing a number of horses in that city, had left for Chicago. To Cincinnatti Elder next came. There his search was not so immediately successful. Inquiries for several days revealed nothing, until finally, with the aid of Detective San'i Ellis, it was found that Livingston had been stopping for a number of days previous at the Brighton House, but that he had recently left there, after making more purchases of stock, with the avowed object of settling in Kane County, where, he said, he had purchased a farm. This farm, the officers were told, was said to be located near Blackberry Station. To this station they proceeded, and there found that they were at last close upon the object of their pursuit. He had purchased, and was living upon a tract of land about four and a half niles from the station, and which consisted of about one thousand acres, known as the Campand Woodman farms. For this farm, he had paid \$25,000. The officers procured a buggy and at once s

property.

It was stocked in the most lavish and ex-

It was stocked in the most layish and ex-pensive manner. The stables contained about forty horses, nearly all of them very fast an evaluable. The wagons, carriages, reapers and other farm implements were of the latest inventions, and duplicated many times more than there was any need for them. It was about ten o'clock on Wed-nesday moraling when the detectives drove to the above. They at once recognized up to the place. They at once recognized Lavingstone standing in a farm door. Ellis leaped from the buggy, and advanced to his

leaped from the buggy, and advanced to his man, said:

"How do you do, Mr. Livingstone," at the same time reaching out his hand.

Livingstone took his hand, but replied:

"I don't know you, sir, at all."

He would have turned away, when Ellis placed his hand upon his shoulder, and said that he knew him; that he was the man he had been looking after for sometime. "I have a Governor's warrant for your arrest on thecharge of forgery. This

Vanderbilt. Livingstone desired to go up stairs to pack up some articles necessary for the journey that he must take. Ellis accompanied him through rooms furnished in a style of elegance and comfort rarely surpassed, to his sleeping chamber, which Livingstone had scarcely entered when he spring to the open window, on the ledge of which lay a revolver loaded and cocked.—The officer was too quick for him, however, and, overpowering him, speedily placed handcuffs upon the wrists of his reluctant captive. Then Ellis noticed that the room was a complete arsenal. Revolvers hung captive. Then Ellis noticed that the room was a complete arsenal. Revolvers hung from the walls and lay upon the tables, and finder the bed was a double-barreled gun. From the person of the prisoner he took a very ugly-looking slungshot.

About four o'clock Elder returned from Geneva, having finshed the necessary legal business. Meanwhile, Mrs. Livingstone, with true feminine shrewdness, had sent of the farm hands in all directions to obtain lawyers to aid in extricating her husband. Ellis and Elder then took their prisoner into the buggy, and drove with all haste Effits and Enter then took their present into the buggy, and drove with all hasta to Blackberry. Here they were met by a dozen or more of the lawyers, who had responded to the call of Mrs. Living-tone. While the others were to detain the responded to the call of Mrs. Living-stone. White the others were to detain the officers at the station, one of them started for Elgin to obtain a writ of habeas corpus and an attachment upon the money that had been taken from Mr. Livingstone's

person.

But the detectives were too quick for the But the detectives were too quick for the legal goutlemen. Again mounting with their prisoner into the buggy, they drove in all haste across the country to Michigan City, seventy five miles distant. Here Elder took the train for New York, with his pristook the train for New York, with his pris-oner, while Ellis returned to this city. On Thursday, a large number of lawyers came lather, expecting to find their client. They were exceedingly indignant on finding that they had been outwitted. It is expected that, although only \$10,000 in money was all that was found of the original sum, a considerable portion of the amount will be recovered by the sake of stock and fixtures recovered by the sale of stock and fixtures of the farm, together with the farm itself.

## An Old Fire Engine.

We dropped in the other day, and took a "peep" at the old fire engine presented to the William Penn Ilsse Company, by the Ex-Union and Naumkeag Fire Company, of Salem, Mass, and were much pleased as well as surprised at her quaint appearance. She is said to be the oldest fire engine in the United States; it was imported from England, and is a curious affair. Her wheels are solid wood, with iron tires; the axles are sationary; consequently, when they come to a corner, and in the absence of the fifth wheel, they have poles about five feet long, and the said poles are run through them; four men take hold of the ends of the poles and lift her around; on the top of the gallery is painted "Union, of Salem, 1748," the body is blue, tipped with red; there are two pumps in her; the lever crosses the engine, with arms of the same style as the old hand engines that once We dropped in the other day, and took style as the old hand engines that one graced the Fire Department of New York graced the Fire Department of the purpose of at the rear end is a box for the purpose of at the rear end is a box for the purpose of the purp is a place for her suction, similar to that is a place for her suction, similar to that used by our steamors; the gooseneck on the top is a good contrivance, to which they have a pipe that screws on about a yard long. The boys made a trial of her, and although she leaked very badly, they got out of her sixty feet. The "Penn" boys highly prize their gift, and have placed it is upon a pedestal in their bunk room, which is upon the second floor, and is neatly fitted up for the "Bunkers,"—Phila. Sanday Mercury. mercury.

## The New York Herald of Saturday pub

lishes the following letter: To the Editor of the Herald: No doubt you have noticed before this reaches you that I am a candidate for Congress in the 4th district of Georgia; my reaches you that I am a candinate for congress in the 4th district of Georgia; my views are fully set forth in the Macon Telegraph; Macon, Georgia; The Colored People of Georgia have as a General thing decided to allow the whites the State offices and We the Colored, the Congressional offices. Therefore through the influence of my many friends both black and white I have consented to be their candidate from my many riends both black and white I have consented to be their candidate from the 4th district of Georgia, I am in favor of the Military bill but am opposed to this unGodly tax upon cotton and tobacco, I am a colerd Man, & was a Slave until freed by a colord Man, & was a Slave until freed by Prest Lincons Proclamation, Now as your paper is read by many Georgians, & uni-versally over the states I wish you to give this a notice & you shall not lose nothing by so doing; Publish the above & State thus ELLICK MAIALY, Colord, A Candidate for Congress in the 4th dis-trict of Georgia.

A Candidate for conglitation of Georgia.

P.S.—I have written Hon. Thad Stephens of Pennsylvania on the subject Ellick Mahlay.

Quite a number of letters have been, from time to time, received at the Treasury Department, from parties who make inquiries as to whether there is not a special partment, from parties who make inquiries as to whether there is not a special value in the cent of 1857 58. These erroneous ideas are generally corrected by preferring the parties impressed with them to the circular issued from the United States Mint on May 30th last, wherein an arrangement for the purchase of nickel cent pieces is announced and in which it is distinctly stated that none of the cents mentioned—that is, those between 1857 and 1864—have any special value.

Speech of Gov. Bradley at Antietam. The following is the conclusion of Gover nor Bradley's speech at Antietam. It is ot long since he was a great favorite with the Radicals. He said:

not long since he was a great favorite with the Radicals. He said:

This day, my countrymen, happens to be the anniversary of another event in our political history not less memorable than the one which to-day more particularly engages our attention. In some respects it is so intimately connected with the considerations which the occasion suggests that it is scarcely proper it should pass without notice.

It was upon this day eighty years ago that the representatives of our ancestors, Washington at their head, after four months' deliberation, adopted the Federal Constitution, an instrument so remarkable for the circumstances that gave birth to it, for the wonderful prosperity which sprung from it, for the reverence with which, from generation to generation, it has been handed down to us, that probably there has been no record of a like character which has exerted so important an influence on the history of a Government or the rise and progress of a people. The political condition of the country at the time of its adoption, in some of its aspects, was not unlike the present. We had just concluded a war upon the issue of which depended the existence of the nation, that was combined with other circumstances, and led to the foundation of parties widely differing in some of their theories of, government, that there seemed but little hope of constructing it upon any plan on which the two extremes would ever unite. Upon one side political bodies were striving to establish a strong would ever unite. Upon one side political bodies were striving to establish a strong and consolidated government, ignoring, almost, the government of the States, whilst on the other hand were those who were for investing the latter with all the substantial authority, and making their General Government little more than their general agents.

general agents.
These bodies-honest, doubtless, all of These bodies—honest, doubtiess, an of them in their opinions—had by their continual discussion on the widely different views they promulgated, brought the country to a critical condition, and filled the minds of its most reflecting people with serious fears that the great results of the war would be swept away by these jarring elements. In consequence alone of those discussions and the mutual jealous less and suspicions they engendered, four ies and suspicions they engendered, four years elapsed after the close of the war before any consent could be obtained either from Congress or the States, for the either from Congress or the States, for the assembling of a Constitutional Convention and with the acknowledged imperfections of the existing articles of confederation, and amidst the most disheartening embarrassments, the result chiefly of those imperfections, the country struggled as best it could without either executive or judicial departments. Then, at last there assembled that illustrous body that framed the Constitution under which we live. They represented undoubtedly constituents maintaining each of the above theories of Government to which I have constituents maintaining each of the above theories of Government to which I have adverted, but mindful of the country, resolved if possible to rescue it, and with this noble purpose, resisting the unpatriotic behests of party, they renounced the ultraism which distinguished both the consolidation and States rights schools, and founded a Government which so judiciously combined the two principles, and so distinctly assigned to each its proper sphere that the moderate and reflective of all parties united in its support, and the Constitution received the unanimous ratification of the States.

States.

After a lapse of three-quarters of a century, and after it had elevated us to a national importance and renown which its most ardent advocates could never have predicted, it was destined to encounter its liest creat trial. irst great trial.
I am not about to recur to the history of

man, said:

"How do you do, Mr. Livingstone," at the same time reaching out his hand, but replied:

"I don't know you, sir, at all."
He would have turned away, when Ellis placed his hand upon his shoulder, and said that he knew him; that he was the man he had been looking after for some time. "I have a Governor's warrant for your arriest on the charge of forgery. This is Detective Eld-r, of New York. I give you into his charge." Ellis then handed him the warrant, which Livingstone glaneed at, then turned pade and trembled, and looked, hastily about, as if to make an effort to oscape. But he thought better of this, and quietly gave himself up.

Elder then determined to proceed at once to Geneva and property, which would be left in the Sherriff's hands pending proceedings by the chaimants in New York. The officer departed, driving over to Geneva with a very fast \$4,000 team which Livingstone had bought.

Ellis meanwhile conducted his prisoner to the house. There he was introduced to the admiring people of the vicinity as the daughter of Commodore Vanderbilt. Livingstone desired to go up stairs to pack up some articles necessary for the journey that he must take. Ellis accompanied him through rooms furnished on a style of elegance and comfort raredy surpassed, to his sleeping chamber, which they seduced their followers, but it was only after the theory, to which they seduced their followers, but it was only after the theory, to which they seduced their followers, but it was only after the theory, to which they seduced their followers, but it was only after the theory, to which they seduced their followers, but it was only after the theory, to which they seduced their followers, but it was only after the theory, to which they seduced their followers, but it was only after the theory, to which they seduced their followers, but it was only after the theory, to which they seduced their followers, but it was only after the theory, to which they seduced their followers, but it was only after the theory, to which they se

commanders, we fought it out to signal and complete triumph.

The speaker concludes: Come the peril to it (the Constitution) whenever it may from States rights or consolidation, let me, on this amiversay of its adoption, in the name of the men who made it, by the memory of the men who died for it, upon this spot where blood has been so profusely shed for its behalf, appeal to you to protect, preserve and defend it.

Inauguration of a New Govern r of Kentucky.

Louisville, Sept. 12.—Lieut-Governor Stevenson was to day inaugurated Governor of Kentucky, vice J., L. Helm, decased. The ceremonies took place in the Small Chamber at Frankfort. After prayer by the Rev. Bishop Smith, of the Episcopal Church, the Hon. A. J. Smith, Mayor of Frankfort, on behalf of the citizens, made an address of welcome to the Governor. The inaugural address was then read. After referring to the political career of the late Gov. Helm, Acting Governor Stevenson proceeded as follows:

"I cordially approve and fully indorse every principle inculcated in the admirable address of the lamented Helm, and will by God's blessing carnestly endeavor to mainfold the contraction of the contracti every principle inculcated in the admirable address of the lamented Helm, and will by God's blessing earnestly endeavor to maintain them during my administration of the Government. The oath which I am about to take exacts of me strict obedience to the Constitution of the United States, and the Constitution of Kentucky. Both Constitutions were ordained to perpetuate the rights of eivil liberty and free representative government. The promises of both were intended to preserve and uphoid, as fundamental guarantees of freedom, the liberty of speech, the freedom of the press, the rights of conscience, of property, of person and of reputation; the purity of elections, and the implicit obedience of the tepresentative to the will of his constituents, justly and fairly construed according to their letter and State Government are utterly impossible; they can never occur se long as each Government restrains itself within the respective orbits prescribed by the framers of overched the intended of the core of orch librations. they can never occur so long as each Government restrains itself within the respective orbits prescribed by the framers of each. It is only when one Government overleaps the barrier erected for its restraint that danger can arise. To all demands and exactions of the Federal Government, within the sphere of its constitutional power, Kentucky will always lend a ready support and cheerful obedience; while, within the limits of the Commonwealth, her reserved rights must be respected. I will, while I act as her Chief Magistrate, always uphold, protect and defend the Constitution of the State against assault from without or danger from within, and I will see that the laws are faithfully executed and obeyed.

The oath of office was then administered by the Hon. B. J. Peters, Chief Justice. The entire ceremonies were conducted in the numost good order. There was neither parade nor music.

Steadman. About a month ago Mr. Greeley printed an editorial in the Tribunc, based on rumor by telegram that Gen. Steadman had been appointed Secretary of War. In that editorial Greeley says: "The appointment of Steadman as Secretary of War is as monstrous and ridiculous as it is intrinsically in perfect keeping with President Johnson's policy, which is always to choose the worstman in the country for a given position.

If he could have found a successor to Mr. Stanton more obnoxions to the people and less worthy of the office than Steadman, he would inevitably have chosen him. But that was impossible. Steadman is the last that was impossible. Steadman is the last man in the United States who ought to be

that was impossible. Steadman is the last man in the United States who ought to be Secretary of War," &c.

Something over a year ago, when Steadman was named as the then probable successor of Stanton, Mr. Greeley wrote a letter to Mr. Johnson, a copy of which was retained by the friend of Steadman, who delivered the papers to the President. The friend furnishes your correspondent with the following copy:

[Confidential.]

OFFICE OF THE TRIBUNE, NEW YORK, Jan. 28, 1866.

DEAR SIR: The journals generally say that Mr. Stanton has tendered his resignation, and expects soon to leave the War Department. Should this be the case, I venture to suggest as his successor General James B. Steadman, of Ohio, one of the bravest and truest of our Union volunteers, and a capable and devoted patriot.

Trusting you are aware of his merits, I remain yours, Horn A Johnson. President. Trusting you are aware of his merits, remain yours, Horace Greeley.
Hon. A. Johnson, President.
As it is very certain that General Steadman will again be urged for Secretary of War, and as it is even more than probable that he may yet be appointed to that office, the foregoing editorial and letter becomes interesting.—Phila. Ledger.

Mr. Johnson and the Radicals.

Mr. Johnson and the Radicals.

The President has stated that he will soon begin to give for publication the private and confidential letters that have been written to him within the last year, from prominent Republicans, complimentary and endorsing him, and asking for appointments office for their friends. He will wait until these gentlemen get on the stump and commence to denounce him, when he will put forth their private views, as expressed to him.—Wash. Cor. N. Y. Tribune, Sept. 17.

Bayages of the Yellow Fever in Louisiana and Texas. Although the telegraph keeps us advised of the progress of the yellow fever in Louand Texas, the latest papers give many facts and incidents of melancholy est. The New Orleans Republican of the 12th instant, speaking of the epidemic

in that city, remarks. in that city, remarks.

"A heavy, stifling atmosphere prevailed during the day, depressive in the extreme. About nightfall, the rain which had threatened throughout the day, commenced to fall, and at the time we write one of the most dismal, drowsy, enervating drippings we have ever felt, pervades. Sickness and death are redolent in the air.

"There were 86 interments reported yes-

death are redolent in the air.

"There were 86 interments reported yesterday for the twenty-four hours ending yesterday, at 6 A. M. Of these, 67 died from yellow fever; a rapid increase over yesterday morning's report, being 25 more, This is no doubt caused, in a great measure, by the exceeding changeful and disagreeable weather we have recently experienced. Cold and chilling rains, followed by bright skies, from which the sun beams with uncomfortable ardor. Too warm in the sunshine, too cool in the shade. Let all beware of drafts. Stand the heat and do not check the perspiration. beware of drafts. Stand the neat and do not check the perspiration.

"We are indebted to General Hartsuff for an official statement of deaths that have occurred among the troops stationed at this point in the military hospital and quarters. The total number among the troops since July 4th has been 55, and among the pavy five."

THE PESTILENCE IN GALVESTON. The Galveston, (Texas) Bulletin of the 7th says:

"This morning the mortality is heavy, but the number of new cases small. Gen-ral Potter we have not heard from this morning. Dr. Rowe died last night. Lieut. Garretson, the stand-by of the staff, was taken this morning. Major Swartwout is nursing him. This we believe, completes the staff. We heard from Houston by telegraph that Major Daniel Richardson died last night. Mrs. Hensaker, wife of Recorder Hunsaker, is suffering severely from a relapse. The Galveston, (Texas) Bulletin of the

relapse.
The same paper of the following day (Sth) says:

"The mortality yesterday was much heavier than on the previous day. Among the dead was the son of Gen, Griffin. This is the General's only son. The demands upon the Howard Association are still heavy. We noticed a larger throng of applicants than usual last ovening. upon the Howard Association are still heavy. We noticed a larger throng of applicants than usual last evening.

"Among the incidents that came to our knowledge was the but ial service over the remains of one of the frail sisterhood. The attending clergyman represents the scene as peculiarly affecting, and expresses the hope that some one or more of the unfortunates may be induced to seek a means of escape from their life of sin and shame.—The deceased was the third of these persons who are known to have died of the fover."

fever.' The Bulletin, alluding to a statement of the New Orleans Picayune, that the fever in that city is not of so violent a type as that which is devastating Texas, says:

"The difference is this, that while the fover is the same, Corpus Christi has passed through its severity, we (Galveston) are in its height, and New Orleans has yet to experience the full violence of its scourge. The Harris arrived here on Saturday. Six hours after she touched the wharf her carpenter died of the vomito, and as we learn there is another young man now dying with the same. These persons did not contract their disease in Galveston, they died of the vomito that they contracted in New Orleans." that which is devastating Texas, says:

Extract of a latter dated Corpus Christ Extract of a latter dated Corpus Christ, August 16th:

"I send you a paper that will give you some idea of our situation at the present time. I put the one hundredth body away last night at 12 of the clock. Out of nineteen of our city nurses we have not more than four or five alive and well at present. We have had four physicians. Two have died and one has left us. I think half of our population is sick or dead. It looks so to me. There is not so many new cases, but me. There is not so many new cases, but they are more difficult to manage. If you can send us some money or aid it will be thankfully received and will relieve much

"Yours truly, J. P. PERHAM." The Galveston (Texas) Bulletin estimates that eight thousand persons have been at-tacked by the yellow fever in that city, and hat at least fifteen thousand of the popuation were unacclimated at the beginning of the epidemic. It adds: of the epidemic. It adds:

"This would leave seven thousand, two thousand of whom are now sick. Deducting the percentage who always escape, there cannot be material for more than three thousand new cases in the city.

"There is a call for lady nurses, both for the call of the latter there are always explainted to the latter there." av and as volunteers; of the latter there

are a number of kind souls who are doing good deeds in a quiet, unostentatious way. We could tell were we permitted, stories of some who are supposed to have no higher ideas of duty than a new bonnet or the latest waltz, that would in their zeal and devotion to the good work put to shame many of the sterner sex."

The Latest Murder by Brownlow's Militia in Tennissee.

The Nashville Banner of the 14th contain the following additional particulars: the following additional particulars:

Intelligence reached the city yesterday evening of an affair at Jackson, the details of which may justly excite the indignation of every honest and law abiding man, no matter to what party he may belong, throughout the State. Our information comes from one of the responsible citizens of West Tennessee, and may be strictly relied on as to the main facts stated.

At Jackson are stationed two companies of West Tennessee, and that be strictly relied on as to the main facts stated.

At Jackson are stationed two companies of militia. For several days, under the pretence that the "Robels" meditated an attack, they have been engaged in taking arms from the people of that town and vicinity. They have not hesitated to enter and search bouses, insult women, and pilfer whatever came within their reach, besides committing a series of other outrages, which we have neither time nor space at present to mention. All this was done in the name of law and order by the legalized military custodians of the peace of Tennessee. of law and order by the legalized military custodians of the peace of Tennessee.

Last Wednesday a corporal, in charge of squad of militia, stopped on the street Maj. Thos. II. Hartmus, a member of Gen Bates' staff during the war, and demanded to know whether he had a pistol. Major Hartmus replied that he had, took his weapon from his pocket and handed it to the corporal, remarking, however, that he considered such conduct on the part of the militia a usurpation and that he surrenderthe corporal, remarking, however, that he considered such conduct on the part of the militia a usurpation and that he surrendered the pistol under protest. This was said in the quiet, unimpassioned tone peculiar to Major Hartmus and no further words passed. Without any warning whatever, and almost before Major H. had ceased speaking, the militiaman raised his gun, took deliberate ain and shot him through the breast. As soon as the murder became generally known, which was but a few moments after its perpetration, the wildest excitement prevailed throughout the town. The people had borne with some degree of patience the indignities and insults of many months, but this last crowning outrage seemed to dissipate all hope of deliverance. A meeting was called in the court house and messengers despatched to the country with the announcement that nothing now remained but a resort to the natural law of self defence. Arms were brought out from their hiding places and all the preparations begun which generally precede a bloody struggle. Armed men commenced to arrive from all parts of the county, and had it not been for the counsels and interference of the older and wiser portion of the community, the militia would have fared but illy. A feeling of desperation was abroad. No the older and wiser portion of the community, the militia would have fared but illy. A feeling of desperation was abroad. No man knew when his life would be taken by these legalized ruffians, and all felt that decisive action, no matter what might be the odds, could not be too soon taken.

In the meantime the millin were aware of what was going on and made preparation to stand on the, defensive. While the bitterness on both sides was hourly growing

of what was going on and made preparation to stand on the defensive. While the bitterness on both sides was bourly growing more bitter, and a sanguinary collision seemed almost inevitable, a detachment of United States troops, which had been sent for, arrived from Humboldt. The commanding officer at once took steps suited to the emergency and dispersed the citicens. As soon as these troops arrived a despatch was sent from the militia camp for the negro company stationed at Trenton to proceed at once to Jackson. With the cowardice of the conscience-stricken, the militia feared an attack was to be made on them by the reguscience-stricken, the militia feared an attack was to be made on them by the regulars. Fortunately there was no further disturbance, and up to a late hour yesterday evening all was quiet at Jackson.

At last accounts Major Hartmus' wound was considered mortal, with hardly a possibility that he could survive many hours. All who know and love him—and they are scattered throughout the length and breadth of the State—will receive with deep sorrow the particulars of the tragedy by which he met his fate

Mr. Fessenden on Impeachment.

It is stated that a gentleman in Washington has received a letter from Senator Fessenden, in which occurs the following passage relative to the report recently published that be had expressed himself in favor of impeachment:

"I have written no letter, and expressed no opinion on the subject of impeachment. It will be time enough for me to express an opinion on that subject when the case comes before me. You are at perfect liberty to contradict that report, as I do not like to be considered as giving the lie to all I have said in the Senate with regard to my duties as a Senator in such a case." Mr. Fessenden on Impeachment.

Anothor Prize Fight It is reported that another prize fight ha It is reported that another prize fight has been arranged between Sam Collyer and Barney Aaron, to come off some time in October. But the point at which it is to occur has not yet been designated. This will be the third fight between these men—the first being won by Collyer, and the second was awarded to Aaron.

The Death of Sir Frederick Bruce,

The Death of Sir Frederick Bruce.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19, 1867.

Senator Sumner telegraphed to Secretary Seward last night, from Boston, that Sir Frederick Bruce arrived at the Tremont House, at nine o'clock, very ill, and died at two o'clock this morning.

The Secretary, at four o'clock this morning, received Mr. Ford, Charge d'Affaires, to confer upon the subject. Mr. Howard, of the British Legation, proceeded to Boston at seven o'clock this morning. The Government and the British Legation have communicated the sad intelligence to London. The arrangements for his interment are deferred, waiting instructions from London. Orders have been given to pay proper honors to the deceased at Boston. The flag over the State Department is at half-mast.

The flag over the State Department is at half-mast.

The mind naturally goes back to the circumstances attending Sir Frederick Bruce's reception here. Sir Frederick arrived in this country in April, 1865, being the successor of Lord Lyons, during a critical state of the relations between the United States and Great Britain. The Secretary of State was at that time confined to his bed by the injuries occasioned by a fall from his carriage. He, however, directed Mr. F. W. Seward, the Assistant Secretary, to arrange for Sir Frederick's presentation to the President, and, although severely suffering and scarcely able to utter a word, indicated the proper language to be employed in the usual reception speech, revising the speech with a pencil in the left hand, and inserting some additions, among them the kind mention of the Queen in connection with the passage "on the importance of the two countries preserving their friendly relations."

ions."
After the Cabinet meeting on Friday,
After the Cabinet meeting on Friday,
April 14, Acting Secretary F. W. Seward
asked President Lincoln if he would receive Sir Frederick Bruce on the following ay. President Lincoln replied, "Yes, at any hour you choose,"

The Acting Secretary then inquired,
"Shall it be at two o'clock in the Blue

Room?

oom 7. "Yes," said Mr. Lincoln, "at 2 o'clock "Yes," said Mr. Lincoln, "at 20'clock, and be sure to send up the speeches, as I like to read over those things beforehand." Promising to do so, Mr. Seward took his leave, and on the same day sent up to Mr. Lincoln the drafts of the speeches. On the night of that day Mr. Lincoln was assassinated, and the attempt was made to take the life of both the Secretary and his son. By this attempt the last named was left totally unconscious for ten or twelve days. The first sign of returning consciousness The first sign of returning consciousness exhibited by him was his asking, "Has Sir Frederick Bruce been presented yet?" On being informed that he had, he asked by whom. The reply was, "By Mr. Hunter." Sir Frederick had been presented on 20th April to President Johnson by Mr. Hunter, who had in the meantime been appointed Acting Secretary of State, Mr. F. W. Seward asked, "What day of the week is it?" The answer was, "Tuesday." "What day of the month?" The day was named, which reply being unsatisfactory, he then inquired, "What month is it?" The response was, "May," and so he learned that it was the month of May. It was not until a month later than this that he was informed of the assatishation of Mr. Lincoln and of the accession of President Johnson.

Johnson. Sir Frederick's official intercourse Sir Frederick's official intercoarse whithe Government always exhibited a genial temper, combined with great diplomatic ability and discretion, which rendered his conduct most agreeable and productive of good results.

Terrible Murder by a Negro Woman.

A most terrible murder was committed by a negro woman in New Albany, Indiana, last Thursday. The victim of the coldbiooded affair was an innocent little babe of three years, child of Mr. Wm. Graves, a well-known and highly respected citizen of that county, and the destroyer was a negro servant girl who ha: been living in the family several years. On the day mentioned, while Mrs. Graves was attending to some domestic duties, the servant took the child from the house to a tobacco patch in the rear of the stable, and about one hundred and fifty yards from the house. Here it appears, from her own confession, she made the child lie down on the ground, and after crossing its hands on the breast, and making it bid its pa and ma good bye, the fiend seized a stone and crushed its head almost to a jelly. She then seized it by the ankle and dragged it over the stubble to some thick undergrowth, where it was concealed from human view. A few moments after the mother missed her child, and ran out to search for it, but the girl denied knowing anything about the child, saying it must be in the house. The premises were thoroughly searched by the almost frantic mother, while every thought-of spot about the place was examined by Mr. Graves, and several neighbors, who joined bim in the search. All efforts to induce the girl to tell the whereabouts of the child proved of no avail. At last one gentleman, while search.

ing, discovered her slipping away, and after a sharp chase she was caucht, and by the most violent threats was induced to lead them to the spot where the murder was committed. There, in the bushes, the child was found, and although it had been three hours since the commission of the deed, it gasped twice after being taken out. The back of the head was horribly battered, and the back was terribly lacerated, where and the back was terribly lacerated, where it had been dragged over the stubble to the place of concealment. Accidentally Drowned white Returning from Camp secting.

A coroner's inquest was held by Richard Nicholson, justice of the peace of itoward county, over the body of Robert Giles; found dead near Simpsonville, on Sunday, the Sth. All the facts before the coroner's jury were conclusive that the deceased came to his death by accidental drowning on Thursday night, the 5th, in attempting to cross middle Patuxent river. The stream was swollen to an unusual height by the Thursday afternoon rain, and the young man, who is almost a stranger in the neighborhood, is not supposed to have been fully acquainted with the ford he attempted to cross. At the time he is presumed to have attempted to ford the river the water was bearing in its fury large heavy timbers and heavy rocks, so that a passage was entirely impossible. The carriage which he was in was entirely demolished, and the horse killed and fearfully cut by timber and rolling rocks. He was found after a thorough search by the citizens in the neighborhood, about a trible from the crossing on Mr.

ing rocks. He was found after a thorough search by the citizens in the neighborhood, about a mile from the crossing, on Mr. Brayshaw's farm. He is spoken of as a young man of excellent character, and his loss is deeply deplored. He was returning from camp-meeting home, and had nearly reached it, when he met his untimely fate.—

Howard County (Md.) Record. The Five-Dollar National Bank Notes. Repeated inquiries have been made to the Treasurer of the United States, from various parts of the country, with regard to the difference in the engravings on the five-dollar National Bank notes, able judges in several instances being unable to decide whether of the two notes bearing differences on the elliptical engraving on the back, one or the other is not counterfeit. In response to recent letters requesting information as to which of the two notes, one being less distinct than the other, is genuine, General Spinner responded that probably both are genuine. The indistinct one is the earlier issue. The engravers undertook to improve the plate after it had been used for a year or so; and, although they succeeded in making it more perfect, they did the mischief of creating much embarrassment in the minds of eyen good judges as to the genuineness of one or the other of these two impressions. whether of the two notes bearing differences

mpressions. An act of the British Parliament for regu An act of the British Parliament for regu-lating the hours of labor for children and women employed in workshops, has just gone into effect in Great Britain. It pro-vides that no child under eight years of age is to be employed at any handicraft; no older child is to be employed for a longer time than six hours and a half a day; no young person or woman for more than twelve hours a day; and that no child, young person or woman shall be employed young person or woman shall be employed in any handicraft on Sunday, or lafter two in any handicraft on Sunday, or affer two o'clock on Saturday afternoon, except in cases where not more than five persons are employed in the same establishment, and where the employment consists in making or repairing articles sold by retail on the premises. No child under eleven years of age is to be employed in grinding in the metal trades or in fustian cutting. The act also provides for enforcing attendance at schools, and parents are to cause their schools, and parents are to cause their children to attend, under \$5 penalty for

A Hot Region Discovered. ST. Louis, Sept. 13.—The Montana Post says an exploring party to the headwaters of the Yellow Stone river, just returned, report having travelled through a volcanic country emitting blue flames and living streams of brimstone. The country was smooth and rolling with long level plains smooth and rolling, with long level plains intervening. On the summit of the rolling intervening. On the summit of the rolling mounds were craters from four to eight feet in diameter, and everywhere on the level plains were smaller craters of four to six inches, from which streamed a blaze and constant whistling sound. The hollow ground resounded beneath their feet as they traveled, and every moment seemed to break through. Not a living thing was the strategic for the strength of the strength o en in the vicinity. The explorers gave i seen in the vicinity. The explorers gave it the significant appellation of hell.

The peace commission held a meeting at Omaha yesterday, and expect to start for the North Platte on the 14th to meet Spotted Tail, who promises to bring in the principal men of his band.

The Maryland Election. The Maryland Election.

Baltimore, Sept. 18.—The election on the adoption of the new Constitution took place in this State to-day, The total vote of this city was 21,916; for the Constitution, 16,240; against it 5676. Majority for the Constitution, 11,564.

The vote to-day is about 8000 short of the vote of 1860. vote of 1860.

Annapolis, Sept. 18.—The vote for the Constitution was, 277; against it, 128. Ma-

jority, 149.

The majority for the Constitution will not be less than 20,000 in the State.

News Items. Accounts from the interior of North Carolina are very unfavorable in regard to the cotton crop.

A hostler named James Foley, employed at the hotel of John Ball, in Wheeling, was kicked to death by a mule on Tuesday. John W. H. Hill of Culpepper Court House, Va., died of yellow fever in New Orleans, 12th inst. He was a brother of Jen. A. P. Hill. "Much ado about nothing." The forged ordes of whose discovery the Cable has given as intelligence, turn out to be Confederate conds.

The order issued some time ago by Gen Griffin while commanding in Texas, rela-ive to the removal of certain Judges of the Supreme Court, has been revoked. Edward White, the Milwaukie pork backer, who filled his barrels with salt and and, has been sentenced to three years in he State prison Rev. Newman Hall, Rev. Charles Kingsey and another famous English writer are n New York. Spurgeon's coming is also

alked of. A man recently swam across the Niagara river, starting from the ferry on this side and landing on the Canada side nearly opposite the towers of the new suspension bridge.

The new postmaster at Wilmington, N. C., (E. R. Brink, tormerly a lieutenant colonel on the staff of Gen. Kilpatrick.) has appointed Geo. L. Mason, a colored man a clerk in the post office in that city. There is a church in Madison, Minn., which it is said once caught fire high upon the wooden spire by a spark from another building. A bystander threw a snow ball and hit the exact spot thereby extinguishing the flames. ing the flames.

The ship Kearsarge, from New Orleans bound for Boston, put into Newport, Rhode Islaud, on Saturday afternoon with fire in her cargo of cotton. The fire was extin guished after twenty-four hours' hard work. The cargo is said to be but httle damaged. About forty thousand pounds of fossil ivory, that is to say, the tusks of at least one hundred mammoths, are bartered for every year in New Siberia. As many as ten tusks have been found lying together, weighing from one hundred and fifty to three hundred pounds each.

The Memphis A valanche tells of a German who settled in West Tennessee in 1863, upon a capitol of \$200 and good health, hired a farm at \$600 rent, cleared \$7,000 the first year, bought the farm at \$10,000, and has now become a wealthy landed proprietor. Four brothers named Reidenower, living in Posey county, Indiana, attempted on Sunday to extract the load from a shell which had been lying about the house for months. The shell exploded, killing one, blanting the form blowing a leg from one, and an arm from another and fearfully mangling the fourth. It is supposed all will die. The following forms part of a Washington dispatch to the Boston *Post*: There is an ugly piece of scandal touching the movements of a high Treasury official, being discussed on the streets to-day. The officer in question is said to have not only an elegant

parlor, but also a handsomely furnished bed chamber in the Treasury building. One of the largest spice mills in this country was burned at Wilmington, Del., on the 10th inst. The loss is very large.—
The supposed origin of the fire is very curious. A nail run through one of the grinding machines into a trough full of ground cloves is supposed to have caused the fire.

Hon. Joseph P. Hoge, who represented the Galena (Ill.) district in Congress 20 years ago—1843 to 1847—and who is now a San Francisco lawyer and chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee, is named as the probable choice of the now dominant party in that State for the Sena-torship, vice John Conness.

Mr. Dolby, the agent for Mr. Charles Dickens, sailed from Boston in the Cuba.
It is understood that he will make a favorable report to Mr. Dickens in regard to the advisability of a tour in this country. The Boston Transcript says that the readings of Mr. Dickens, if he concludes to come here, will begin in that city in December next. It is probable that Gen. Hancock's trip to Washington will be given up, and that h

Washington will be given up, and that he will be ordered to proceed immediately to New Orleans, on account of the death of Gen. Griffin. Gen. J. A. Mower is in temporary command at present, and he has commenced his administration by ordering the discontinuance of all armed public meetings. meetings. Frenchman named Negroin is rivaling

ly searched by the almost frantic mother, while every thought-of spot about the place was examined by Mr. Graves, and several neighbors, who joined him in the search. All efforts to induce the girl to tell the whereabouts of the child proved of no avail. At last one gentleman, while searching, discovered her slipping away, and in discovered her slipping away, and the company to the same way. He has come to supply the same way. He has come in the same way. several million dollars worth of the preciou

stones.

The yellow fever at Houston, Texas, is raging fearfully, and has become prevalent in numerous other towns in the interior of the State. In Houston one thousand cases are reported, with from ten to fifteen deaths daily. The Postmaster and the Collector had both died and the commandant and his family were sick. In New Orleans one hundred and three deaths occurred on Saturday and Sunday.

The cholera continues to make great rav-The cholera continues to make great rav ages in Italy. There are seventy cases a day in Rome, nearly a bundred a day in day in Rome, nearly a hundred a day in Palermo, and about twenty in Genoa.—
There have been some cases on the Italian lakes, and tourists say that the diligences over the Simpion have been crowded with Italians flying from the dreaded postilence. In crossing to St. Bernard from Italy travellers have had to submit to fumigation.

In Newcastle, Henry county, Kentuck last Thursday, a negro girl employed in the family of William Graves, having been offended by his wife, took their three year old child to a field and beat out its brains old child to a field and beat out its brains with a stone. She concealed the body in some undergrowth near by, where, after some hours' search, it was found by the family. The girl was arrested, tried next day and convicted. She will doubtless be housed.

hanged. We are assured that the reports from We are assured that the reports from Italy are very discouraging to travelers who are wending their way thither to see some-thing of the ancient Queen of the World. Cholera has appeared here and there, and in some places is spreading rapidly, and be-coming terrific; bidding fair to suffuse itself over the whole beautiful, but miasmatic self over the whole beautiful, but ministration continent. It has terrified tourists to such a degree that they are flocking over the Alps and from Switzerland bither in hundreds, and the steamers of America will probably run full now for some time to

come.

An important case, with reference to the validity of contracts, was recently tried in Virginia. It appears that in January, 1863, a Mr. Dersner bought the Bollingbroke estate in Fauquier county, of Robert Bolling, agreeing to make payment in Confederate treasury notes. Dersner did not punctually fulfil his contract and pay in cash. The war having terminated, Bolling held that the default of Dersner had released him from all obligation to carry out the confrom all obligation to carry out the con-tract. Dersner asked for a strict execution of the contract. The court rendered a decision in favor of Bolling, ordering the con-

\_\_\_\_ The Trial of Davis.--Row the Farce Will be Played.

A letter from Richmond says that Davis will appear for trial at the November term of the United States District Court at Rich of the United States District Court at Rich mond, and the case will probably be finally disposed of in this way: The counsel for the defense will declare themselves ready for trial. The Court will signify its assent in the same manner. The government will ask for time under the pretense of being unprepared—a shift to get out of the trial. The Court will then say that it will be in session for a considerable period, which will afford the government ample time to prepare, and if its representatives fall to prosecute the prisoner before the term of the Court expires, it will in that case probably declare the prisoner discharged in the absence of the prosecutor.

ence of the prosecutor. ----Life Insurance,

An exchange newspaper says that W. H. Langley, of Gallipolis, Ohio, has his life insured, to the amount of \$300,000; W. H. Seward, \$100,000; A. T. Stewart and James M. Beebe, the dry goods kings, for nearly the same; Richard Borden, of Fall River, \$140,000; while among the heavy losses paid may be mentioned Hon. Samuel Law rence, of Boston, for \$50,000; Rufus Choate \$40,000, John W. Crafts \$110,000, Ex-Governor Gilmore and Robert N. Corning, of \$40,000, John W. Crafts \$110,000, Ex-Gover-nor Gilmore and Robert N. Corning, of New Hampshire, \$25,000 each. Among the bequests in the will of the late Hon. Abbott Lawrence, of Boston, was a life assurance for the sole benefit of his wife, for \$40,000, which has probably been subsisting for many years—showing the estimate which he placed upon life assurance and its security.

for Sale or Reut.

(7ALUABLE FARM AT PRIVATE SALE. CONTAINING ABOUT 250 ACRES, CONTAINING ABOUT 250 ACRES, 165 of which are under a high state of cultivation, 75 acres of good Woodland, and a thriving Apple and Peach Orchard of about 10 acres. It is well watered, has several never-failing Springs, and a stream of water running through it. It is well fenced in a large part with new posts and rails. The buildings consist of two large

sist of two large

NEW BRICK DWELLINGS,
two Barns, one of which is a new double-decker,
one large Hay House, Wagon Shed for four
Wagons, Corn Orth, Cleled Grannerles, Cider
House, fine Carr age House, Carpenters, Shoemakers and Blacksmith Shops, Wood House,
Dry Hous, Smoke House, and a two-story
Stone Spring House. Nearli, may be had lime
and other fertilizers, and a good market for
Hay, Grain and Produce. Cheap transportation by water to Baltim-re and Philadelphia
markets.
The subscriber on account of advancing years
and falling health, will sell at a low figure and
on terms to suit the purchaser.

JACOB ZEIGLER,
West Bangor, Peachbottom township,
sep 16 liddsitw. York county, Pa, wolarge NEW BRICK DWELLINGS,

Beal Estate.

DEIVATE SALE.—THE UNDERSIGNED offers to sell at private sale, the farm on which he resides, in Drumore township, Laucaster county, Pa.

CONTAINING ABOUT 240 ACRES,

190 in a very high state of cultivation, divided
into convenient fields by good fences, all having
access to water. 50 ACRES are covered with
thriving timber. All needful buildings, large
and of the most substantial kind. This is a
most desirable property. Terms made to suit.
For further information address Mechanics
Grove Post Office, or call on the farm.

SANDERS MCCULLOUGH.

Stw 88

sep 11 REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

IN DELAWARE BY JAMES B. BRIGGS, Real Estate Agent at CLAYTON, DEL. Over 60,000 Acres of the finest Black and ruck Lands in America. The climate is mild and healthy. Churches and Schools numerous, Lands shown free of charge, sep 18

BERLING THE SUBSCRIBER

Offers at private sale his Farm
CONTAINING THIRTY-FIVE ACRES,
in Little Britain township, Laneaster county,
adjoining lands of Herry Kreider, Rebecca
Runner and Johers. The improvements consists of a TWU-STORY BRICK HOUSE, with
Kitchen attached; Log Barn, Wagon Shed,
and other out-buildings, two wells of good
water and a number of Fruit Trees.

The land is under good tences and in a fair
stale of cultivation.

Persons wishing to view the property will
please call on John J. Evans, residing near to
it, or on the subscriber near the Buck Tavern,
in Drumore township.

JEREMIAH HESS,
sep 18 2tw\*871 Buck P. O., Lancaster co.

sep 18 2tw\*37| Buck P. O., Lancaster co.

VALUABLE REAL ENTATE AT PUB5th, 1857, the undersigned will sell at public
out-cry, in the village of Bareville, on the
Lancaster and New Holland Turnpize, 8 miles
from Lancaster and 4 from New Holland the
following described property, to wit:

A Lot of Ground, containing ONE ACRE,
more or less, with a comfortable TWO-STORY
FRAME DWELLING HOUSE, 22 by 26 feet
thereon erected, having a Kitchen 14 by 16 feet
attached, and a good well of never-failing
Water, with Pump at the door; also a good
FRAME STABLE, 22 by 24 feet, with 7 feet
projection, and a good Barn Floor, a Smoke
House, Hog-sty, and all the other necessary
out-buildings. There is a lot of carefully selected Fruit Trees on the premises, comprising
Apples, Pears, Peaches, Cherries, &c., all in
bearing condition.

The property adjoins the lands of Jacob
Ghiler, Samuel Myers, and others.

Title indisputable, and possession given on
April 181, 1808.

Any person wishing to view the property
will call on John Kramer, on the premises.
Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., when
attendance will be given and terms made
known by

LEWIS E. HARPLE.

ESIRABLE REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.
BEAN SATURDAY, the 12th day of OCTOBER next, the undersigned widow and heirs at
law of George Tomilisson, deceased, will sell
by public vendue, at the public house of John
L. Metzgar, at the west end of Witner's Bridge,
on the Lancaster and Philadelphia Turppke
road, one mile east from the City of Lancaster
A i ract of first-rate Limessive of Lancaster
to first-rate Limessive of Lancaster
togat Creek, at the aforesaid Witner's Bridge,
in Lancaster twp., adjoining lands of Metzgar
and Potts and Abraham Landis, containing
SEVENTEEN ACRES. CESTRABLE REAL ESTATE FOR SALE SEVENTEEN ACRES.

The improvements thereon are a commodious One-storied Stone DWELLING HOUSE with a stone Kitchen attached, and the attic of both finished and divided into pleasaut. Stone Building, trouting with a stone Kitchen attached, and the attic of both finished and divided into piensait rooms; a One-story Stone Building, fronting on the turnpike, with a ceilar under it, formerly used as an ice-house, convertible at a small expense into a Dwelling House or Mechanic's Snop, a commodious Swisser Barn with Wagon Shed and Corn Crib attachei, a Hog Sty and other outbuildings, a Well of excelent Water with a Pump, and a rain water client Water with a Pump, and a rain water of cultivation, under good fences and divided into convenient fields, and the soil is well adapted for a Truck Garden.

There is a bank of first quality building sand just opened on said tract, which will yield an income of at least \$300 a year.

This property bits location on a good turnpike roud and close to the most desirable now for sale in the virtity of the city.

Possession and an indisputable title will be given on the first any of April next.

Fersons desiring to view the premises before the day of sale, or desiring any information relative thereto, will please call on the understander. No. 2 East Orang Street, Lancaster, is complete the street, Lancaster, The sale will commence at 150 clock in the aiternoon, when terms of the move in the sale will commence at 150 clock in the aiternoon, when terms of the condensate, or on W. The Sale will commence at 150 clock in the aiternoon, when terms of the condensate, or on W. The Sale will commence at 150 clock in the aiternoon, when terms of the condensate.

PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ESTATE.-Will be sold at the public house of G. J. Hildebrand, in the village of Quarryville, Lancaster county, Pa., on SATUKDAY, OUTOBER caster county, Pa., on SATUKDAY, OCTOBER
5th, 1867, the following valuable real estate:
No. 1. A Lot of Ground fronting on the Limes
tone road, 19 feet, also fronting on the State
road, 55 feet, and 110 feet deep, apon which is
erected a well finished three-story FRAME
BUILDING, fronting on the Limestone road,
60 feet and fronting on the State road, 30 feet.
This building consists of a large store room
and wareroom. On the second floor there are
four rooms suitable for tradesmen, how occupied by a Milliner and Dentist. On the third
floor there is a large hall and anter coom, now
occupied by the American Mechanics. There such that is a substitute of the state of th

road, 63 feet, and 100 feet in depth, on which is erected a two and a half-story Frame Dwelling 20 by 24 feet.

No. 3. A Lot of Ground fronting on the Churchtown road, 35 feet, and 100 feet in depth, on which is erected a two-story FRAME DWELLING, 20 by 24 feet. There are good cellars under all the above buildings.

The above is a valuable property to persons wishing to engage in the Mercantile business, as the customs of myself and hands win amount to from \$2,500 to \$3,000 a year. There has been a very large business done in the place, and no doubt can be greatly increased.

One-half of the purchase money will bedealt out of the store at market prices if the purchaser requires it.

Sale to commence at 20'-lock, P. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by 50 b. HESS.

A VERY VALUABLE AND DESIRABLE
A REAL ENTATE AT PUBLIC SALE.—On
WEDNESDAY, the 9th day of OCTOBER, 1807,
the undersigned will sell ut public sale, at the
public house of Geo. H. Miller, (Spring Grove
Hotel,) in brumore township, Loncaster co,
l'a, the tollowing described Keal Estate, viz:
A valuable Farm, generally known as the
"Moderwell Farm, generally known as the
CONTAINING 178 ACRES,
more or less situated in Drumore township.

A valuable Farm, generally known as the "Moderwell Farm, generally known as the "Moderwell Farm, generally known as the "Moderwell Farm," The property of the south of Lancaster CONTAINING 178 ACRES, more or less, situated in Drumore township, Lancaster county, if miles south of Quarryville, on the road leading from the latter place to the Unicorn, adjoining lands of Thomas C. Collins, William J. Hess, Samuel Keen, Jacob Snavely, and others. The improvements are a large two-story STONE DWELLING HOUSE, with a well of water at the door, a two-story Stone Summer House, a Large Switzer Barn, with Cattle Shed attached, measuring 107 feet long by 61 and 40, a SAW MILL doing an excellent business, and a sufficient water power for driving a Grist Mill, and one of the best locations for the same in the county, there being a thick-ly settled scope of country around the premises, forming a centre of near ten miles in which there is no Grist Mill. Also, a Blacksmith Shop, Hog House, Spring House, and all other necessary outbuildings. There is also a large young Orchard of choice Fruit Tree-in good bearing condition.

There are three different streams of water passing through the premises, and the fields are so arranged that cattle can have access to water from all of them.

About 40 acres of the above tract are covered with heavy Timber, consisting of White, Black and Rock Oak, Hickory, Poplar and Chestnut, The land is in a high state of cultivation, and one of the most productive farms in the county, and is under good fences, and is considered by every person acquainted with the property to be one of the finest locations and most desirable properties to be found anywhere, and is a rare opportunity for explainists and other persons desiring such. This property requires no recommendations from the undersigned, but needs only to be examined.

Persons wishing to view the above property before the sale, will be shown the same by G. W. Hensel, Quarryville, or H. E. Raub, residing on the same. Persons desiring information can cal

Guardians of the minor Executor of John Moderwell described in

VALUABLE BEAL ESTATE AT PUBLIC SALE.—On THURSDAY, the 10th day of OCTOBER, 1887, the undersigned Administratrix of the estate of Emanuel Mohler, late of Ephrata township, dec'd, will sell at public vendue, on Purpart No.1, by virtue of an Order of the Orphans' Court, the following described vendue, on rurpart No. 1, by virtue of an Order of the Ordhans' Court, the following described real estate.

Purpart No. 1. Consisting of a Plantation and Tract of Limestone Land, adjoining the Lancaster and Reading road, about 2 miles north of Ephrata, and near the Columbia and Reading Railroad, in said township, containing 101 ACRES AND 26 PERCHES, more or less, adjoining lands of Simon Mohler, Edward Hibshman, Levi Mohler, and George Levan, whereon are erected adouble two story 10WELLING HOUNE, one part Sandstone, the other Brick. Also, a one-story Stone Summer House, &c. Al-o, a large Bank Barn. Carriage House, Grain Shed, Wood House, Blacksmith Shop, Cider Press House, Wagon Shed, Corn Crib. Pig Sty, &c. All the buildings being in good condition.

Shop, Clder Fress House, Wagon Shed, Corn Crib, Pig Sty, &c. All the buildings being in good condition,
A fine Orchard of the most choice Fruit Trees, and three small Vineyards of a great variety of choice Grapes.

There is running water between the house and barn, easily accessible to both; also a well of never-failing water with pump in the Summer House. The whole is conveniently divided into fields.

No. 2. A one two-story frame weatherboarded DWELLING HOUSE, small Summer House, table and Pig Sty, with a small tract of Sand Stone Land containing

SEVEN ACRES AND FORTY PERCHES, more or less, adjoining lands of Levi Mohler, simon Mohler, &c., and the publicroad jeading to Hahnstown, and situated but a short distance from No. 1.

No. 4. A Tract of Mountain Land, situated on the Ephrata ridge, containing

7 ACRES AND 130 PERCHES, more or less, being mostly Sprout Timber, soon fit for cutting.

No. 5. Another Tract of Mountain Land, adjoining the above, containing

3 ACRES AND 80 PERCHES.

No 5. Abouter tractor mountain tanu, au-joining the above, containing 3 ACRES AND 80 PERCHES, more or less, being young, thriving Sprout Land.
Also the undivided half part of another Tract of Sprout Land, situated on said Ephrata ridge, of Sprout Land, situated on said Ephrata ridge, containing in the whole 2 ACRES AND 55 PERCHES, more or less, being thriving, young Timber. All of the above described Woodland being mostly Chestnut Timber. Saie to commence at 10 clock, P. M., when terms will be made known by SUSAN MOHLER, sep 18 tsw 37 Administratrix.

HERMAN MILLER, ] STEAM SOAP AND CANDLE FACTORY. Real Estate.

TWO HUNDRED AND THIRTY ACRES
OF PRIME LIMESTONE LAND,
In Clark county, Va.
Is half miles from a Railroad Depot; good improvements; well fenced and watered; an abundance of good timber, and so arranged as to divide well into two farms. I have also other farm property for sale, all of which will be sold low, the object being to make a division of the estate. Those in search of land in this section might do well to give me ac call before purchasing alsowhere. For further information call on or address. THOS. N. LUPTON
yiels little two. (who is agent for Helrs.)

Je 18 1tdatfw) (who is agent for Heirs.)

OCTOBARO FARM FOR SALE.—ON SATURDAY, OCTOBER 25TH, 1887, by virtue of the directions of the will of Jacob Brown, deceased, will be sold at public sale on the premises, the late farm of said deceased, situate in Little Britain township, Lancaster county, adjoining lands of Reuben Cook, Henry P. Townsend and others, containing 158 ACRES, 79 PERCHES, about 3 miles from West Nottingham Station, on Baltimore and Philadelphia Central R. 50 acres thereof is valuable White Oak and Hickory woodland, the remainder is arable land divided into nine fields all convenient to water. The improvements consist of a two story STONE DWELLING HOUSE, divided into seven apartments, FRAME BARN, 50 19 52 feet, Wagon house, and other improvements. All the buildings are covered with slate. There is an orcuard of choice fruit trees in fine bearing order on the premises. The land is in a high state of cultivation and under good fences. A Spring and Spring House near the Dwelling House, and running water on the pluce.

One-third of the purchase money is to remain charged as widow's dower during the life of the widow of said Jacob Brown, deceased.

Sale to commence at 2 o'clock, P. M. of said day, when the conditions will be made known by DAVID BROWN, Executor:

CATHARINE BROWN, Executor:

AURILIC SALE.—ON WEDNESDAY, OC-

PUBLIC SALE.—ON WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 2d, 1867, in pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Lancaster county, the undersigned will sell at public sale, on the premises, the following real estate, late the estate of John Sweigart, dec'd, viz: A tract of Land

CONTAINING 24 ACRES estate of John Sweigart, dec'd., viz: A tract of Land

CONTAINING 24 ACRES, more or less, situated in West Donegal township, Lancaster county, Pa., near the Falmouth turnplke, 3 miles west of the borough of Elizabethtown, and adjoining lands of George Sweigart, David Myers and others. The improvements erected thereon, are a 1½ story Log Weather-boarded HOUSE, Frame Barn, Hog Sty and other out-buildings, a spring of neverfalling water near the door, and a large variety of choice Fruit Trees. The property is well fenced and in a good state of cultivation.

Persons wishing to view the premises will please call on the undersigned residing near by. Possession and title will be given on April 1st, 1868.

1868.
Sile to commence at 2 o'clock, on said day when attendance will be given and conditions made known by MART!N SWEIGART, SORIIS ES WEIGART, sep 11 3tw\* 36

A SNIGNEES' SALE OF REAL ESTATE AN WEST FALLOWFIELD, ON SATURDAY, OCTOBER 12th, 1857.—Will be sold at public sale, on the above day, a Farm of ONE HUNDRED AND NINE ACRES, situated in West Fallowfield township, Chester county, one mile west from Cochranville, four miles south from the Pennsylvania Railroad, at Penningtenville, and adjoining lands of Alexander Hodgson, Joseph P. Walton, Esq., David Rambo, and others. Convenient to milis, stores, and places of public worsnip of different religious denominations. The improvements are a comfortable DWELLING HOUSE with stone basement and frame thereon, with kitchen and cellar in the basement, 3 rooms on the second floor, 4 rooms on the third floor, and 2 garrets. The house has lately been repaired by plastering and papering. There is also a comfortable Two-Story LOG TENEMENT on the premises, Log Barn, with Stabiling undermath, SAW AND FEED MILL, with a first-rate water power. About 12 Acres at anding with Heavy Timber of different Rods as well as oak, chesnut and hickory. A GOD APPLE ORCHARD, and an abundance of other fruit trees and vines, a never-failing spring of water within twenty yards of the door, over which is erected a stone Mileh House, a well of water with pump therein under cover at the kitchen door.

Persons wishing to view the premises, will call on Joseph Hermsted residing thereon.
Sale to commence at 2 o'clock, on said day, when terms will be made known by Sale to commence at 2 0 000 by when terms will be made known by MAHLON FOX, Assignee 18w 3

A NEW HOLLAND FARM AT PUBLIC SALE.—On TUESDAY, OCTOBER 1st, 1857, will be sold at Public Vendue, at the Styer House, in the village of New Holland, Lancaster county, that certain plantation or tract of land, the estate of John Holland, late of the city of Philadelphia, deceased, containing ABUUT 1732/ACKES, situated about one quarter of a mile North of the center of said village, along the Hinkletown road, and with other public roads along the other three sides of it, adjoining lands of Mr. Musser, Isaac Martin, Cornelius F. Roland, Christian S. Musselman, Isaac E. Hiester Esq., Amos Rhoads, Benjamin Sprecher and Solomon Martin. There is on the property a DWELLING HOUSE, Swisser Harn with wagon shed and corn-crib, making the barn 91 by 33 feet, also a stone building do by 33 leet, awell of water near the barn and the dwelling, which it is said cannot be pumped dry, a young Orchard of the best varieties of fruit in the prine of bearing age and condition, and other improvements. About thirty acres of the land is covered with heavy and valuable Walnut, Hickory, white and black Oak timber, many of the trees being large enough to produce more than three cords of wood each, straight and clean, and very valuable to be converted into sawed stuff. A never-failing stream of water enters the South Eastern part of the land, not far from the barn and with a few deviations runs through the Eastern part of the land. Valuable limestone quarries could easily be opened along the whole of the Northern line of the tract, and at a small expense the waters of said well could be made to run through the barn yard.

Sale to commence at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, when terms will be made known by ROLAND DILLER, Administrator with the will annexed, and deboons non of the said deceased, see 113tw. NEW HOLLAND FARM AT PUBLIC

bonis non of the said deceased.

sep 113t-w

1. Holl, Auc'r.

CREAT SALE OF VALUABLE LIME.

STONE FARMS! At Private or Public Sale.—Ten Valuable Farms situated in Penn Mannor, in the celebrated agricultural garden of Sinking Valley, Blair County, Pa., convenient to Hollidaysburg, the growing citles of Tyrone, Altoona, Tyrone Iron Works, and other stations on the great Pennsylvania Central Railroad.

These farms from 3 to 7 miles from Tyrone City, comprising from 100 to 250 Acres, each, due proportions under good cultivation with fine orchards, commodious houses, and large bank barns, with running water near the buildings, are all situated in the heart of Sinking Valley, one of the most beautiful and wealthy valleys in the State, known as the Lancaster County or Garden of Middle Pennsylvania, rich in minerals, blessed with gushing springs of delightful water, among them the famous Arch Spring, possessing a deep limestone soil, not excelled for wheat growing and agricultural purposes by that of any Valley in the State, whilst Blair County with its various manufactories of iron, zinc, lead, nails, car wheels, lumber, lime, &c., with its railroads and canal facilities, growing cities, &c., is one of the most important counts.

Owing to the proximity to railroad stations, with the rapidly growing cities of Altoona, Tyrone, and villages along the line, Furnaces, Forges, Zinc Works, Machine Shops, Lumber Manufactories, &c., the farmers of Sinking Valley find a near market, and often at higher than eastern city prices for all poducts, while the great demand for four and feed from the lumbering regions of the Allegheny mountains, Centre, Clearfield and Cambria, cause frequent visits from those in quest of wheat, rye, corn, oats, barley and potutoes at high figures. Huckster wagons in pursuit of poultry, butter, eggs, &c., make their daily rounds to farmers' doors, whilst the butchers of Hollidaysburg, Altoona, Tyrone and other innormal the kilns of the Penna, Sait Company, at Birringham Station, where I,000 bushels per

per four-horse wagon load, less than one-flith cost in the east, and limestone on all these farms.

At Birmingham, so convenient that from some of these farms pupils could attend from home, is, under superintendence of the kev. Greer, a gentleman of eminent learning, an extensive and flourishing Female Seminary, equal to any celebrated institution of the east, and at Bell's Mills, a few miles distant, a flourishing Academy for Boys, under charge of that celebrated teacher, the Rev. Mr. Lossin.

These farms will be sold low in order to close a partnership concern, and terms liberal. Thy will be offered at private sale up the transition of the east, and the sold by that day, they will be offered at private sale up the sold by that day, they will be offered at public sale on the premises, commencing on Thursday, the list day of October next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., with the farm No. I. Sales to continue for three consecutive days.

Persons desirous to purchase will, by calling on the undersigned, be furnished with information as to premises, exhibition of draits, &c., or shown the property and terms made known.

Attorney for Geo. T. Lewis and Geo. TROTTER, of Philadelphia, Chass. L. Borie, and H. P. Borie, of Philadelphia.

TRUSTEE'S SALE

HIGHLY IMPROVED
AND
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE,
NEAR HAGERSTOWN. NEAR HAGERSTOWN.
Under and by virtue of a Decrew.
Court for Washington county, slitting as a Court
of Equity, the undersigned Trustee will sell at
public sale, in front of the Court House door,
Hagerstown on Hagerstown, on TUESDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1867, at 11 o'clock, A. M., all that valuable farm

at 11 O'clock, A. M., all that valuable farm called

PARADISE,
the residence of the late Washington L. Berry, situated on the old Waynesboro' Road, about 5 miles north of Hagerstown, containing
ill ACRES OF LAND,
more or less, 101 of which is
HEAVILY TIMBERED.
The land is in the highest state of cultivation, and under good fencing. The improvements consists of a very large and commodious
BRICK DWELLING, STONE TENMENT
HOUSES, BARN, STABLE, ICE
HOUSE, COKN CRIBS,
and all other necessary out-buildings to be found on a first-class farm. There are never-isalling Springs and a large stream of running water on the farm. The farm will either besold entire, or suddivided, as the Trustee may think most advisable. An accurate plat of the property as subdivided will be exhibited at the sale.
Also, at the same time will be sold an undivided half in a Lot of Mountain Land, containing 11 ACRES,

ing 11 ACRES, more or less.

Terms of sale as prescribed by the Decree are as follows, to wit: One-fourth of the purchase money to be paid in cash on the day of sale, and the balance in four equal annual payments, the purchaser or purchasers giving notes, bearing interest from day of sale, with security to be approved by the Trustee; and upon the payment of the whole purchase money the Trustee will execute a good and sufficient deed of the property to the purchaser or purchasers. The growing crop and corded and down wood will be reserved. Title perfect. All conveyanding inclinded, United Mataes stamps at the cost of the purchaser or purchasers. Possession given April 1, 1888.

Possession given April 1, 1888.

THOS. W. HERRY, Trustee, all Lexington street, Baltimore, Md. Chas. Futterer, Auctioncer.

CHAS. FUTTERER, Auction cer. Itdataw

Real Estate.

A FIRST-RATE FARM IN THE VALLEY OF VIRGINIA FOR SALE.—I wish to sell the Larm on which I live. It is situated in Clarke country, Virginia, on the Shenandoah river, 3 miles southwest of Millwood, 3 miles couth of White Fost, and 12 miles of Winchester. It contains about 200 ACRES of best quality Limestone Land, part river bettom, plenty of wood and water. A fine BRICK DWELLING, containing nine larke rooms; also a Stone House for tenants, outbuildings, a mil site, two large orchards, &c. An extended credit of several years will be given on the most of it, if desired by the purchaser. haser.

For further information apply to editors of ancaster Intelligencer or to myself. I would be glad to see any one wishing to purchase.

Address, REV. JOHN PICKETT, Millwood, Clarke county, Va. aug 20

VALUABLE REAL ENTATE IN LOUDOUN COUNTY VIRGINIA.—I offer for sale the farm on which I reside, containing 296% ACRES,
lying near the Trap, in Loudoun county, on the road leading from Snickersville to Upperville, one mile southeast of the Bine Ridge mountain, ten inlies from Pledmont, on the M.G.R. and fourteen miles from Preceliville on the Loudoun and Hampshire Railroad. The land is of fine quality, well watered and wooded, there is a handsome
STONE DWELLING HOUSE on the premises, and other out-houses. The location is beautiful and remarkably healthy, the greater portion of the land 1- under good stone fencing; it has also a good Apple and Peach Orchard. I would invite the attention of persons wishing to purchase land in Loudoun, to this very desirable farm.

aug 20 lidatiw
A. B. CARTER.

PRIVATE SALE OF DESIRABLE
TOWN PROPERTY.—The undersigned will sell at private sale, a large BRICK MER-CHANT MILL, running three pairs of stones, in excellent running order, doing a large custom business. There are 5 ACRES OF LAND, more or less, adjoining the mill, upon which there is creected a TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE, Brick Barn, entirely new, with stabling for 4 horses and 6 cows; threshing floor, &c. There is an Orchard of Choice Fruit. This property is situated on "Letor's Spring," in the Borough of Carlisie, Cumberland county, Ac. There only reason that the owner has for selling is, that he wisnes to retire from business.

ness.
For further particulars address or call on WM. B. BUTLER. Attorney at Law and Real Estate Agt., iy 23 ltd&uw; Carlisle, Pa.

FOR SALE,....A VALUABLE MILL
Property and Farm, situated in Franklin
county, Penn'a, on the turnpike between
freencastle and Mercersburg, 7 miles from the
Franklin Railroad, 2 miles from sorcersburg
with advantages of fine schools, churches, &c.
The property consists of
The property consists of
County of the Schools, churches, &c.
The property consists of
The property with advantages of me schools, churches, &c.
The property with part in good repair, a Mileler's SIONE HOUSE and Stable, large stone
MANSION HOUSE with beautifully improved
grounds; Stable, Gardens and Fruit, a substantial Farm House and large Stone Barn.
The property with be sold together, or divided
to suit purchasers.
Apply on the premises or by letter to

O suit purchasers.

Apply on the premises or by letter to DR, JOSEPH M, HIESTER, Upton Post Office, Franklin county, Penna. Mail passes the door daily.

Mail passes the door daily.

1td.4fw DRIVATE SALE .... THE SUSSCRIBER being about to decline all farming opera-ions, will sell at private safe the following real estate, to Wir. The safe the township of Nest Fallowfield, county of Chester and State for Prinsplyania, adjoining lands of Alexan-ter Hudgson, David Tambo, John Glifflan der Hudgson, David Rambo, John Gilfillam and others.
CONTAINING ABOUT 220 ACRES.
This is considered one of the best farms in the western part of Chester county.
No. 2 is a farm situated in the town-hip, county and State aforesaid, adjoining lands of James Lights, George R. ss. Abraham Ross and others, known as the "Gennville Farm,"
CONTAINING 191 ACRES,
with extra fine bulldings and running water in every field. It is in a high state of cultivation and would be an elegant summer rest, enco The above farms are about 1½ miles from Coentanville, in West Fallowfield township, Chester county. The above infine are about 12 mines from the above in the

VALUABLE TIMBER LAND AT PUBLIC SALE.—On TUESDAY, OCTOBER lst, 187, will be sold at public vendue, on the premises, a valuable Tract of Chestnut Timber Land, late the estate of Abraham Kantiman, deceased, situated in Martic township, Lancaster couny, on the road leading from the Old Martic Forge to Rawlinsville, about one mile from the former and two miles from the latter place, containing
TWENTY ACRES,
adjoining lands formerly of Elijah Hagen, C.
N. Herr, and land late of Coleman. About

adjoining lands formerly of Elijah Hagen, C. N. Herr, and land late of Coleman. About one-half of it is covered with fine Chestnut Tibber, ready to cut. The average yield of rulls may perhaps run from \$30 to 100 per acre, and of the very best quality. The of cer part of it was cut off within the last ten years, and is thickly strought with the exception of about post and rail ience. It will be sold in lots to suit purcha ers.

Persons wishing to view the above property before the sale, will be shown by Mr. Aument at the smith shop. Indisputable titles will be given on the first day of April, 188.
Sale to commence at 2 o'clock P. M. of said day, whin attendance will be given and terms of sale made known by

C. M. KAUFFMAN,

Trustees of all the heirs of Abraham Kauffman, deceased.

Also, at the same time and place, will be sole the Interest of Nathaniel Kauffman, a minor, in the shore tract, under an Order of the Orphans' Court of Lancaster county.

J. Brady, Auctioneer.

Guardin of

VALUABLE LIMESTONE FARM AT Public Sale.—On SATURDAY, SEPTEM-

VALUABLE LIMESTONE FARM AT Public Said.—On SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER, 28, 1867. The undersigned will offer at public said, their main, situated in Monroe twp., Cumberland county, 4½ miles east of Carlisle, and the same distance west of Mechanicsburg, near Hickorytown, adjoining lands of Urich Strickler, J. Youn, J. Bowers and T. Williamson, containing more or less, there are seven acres of woodland, the balance under the highest state of cultivation. There is a stream of T. Training through the centure of the main T. Training been all heavily limited to the first state of constants of the constant of the main of the constant of the main of the main of the constant of the main of the main of the constant of the main of the

PRIVATE SALE. The undersigned Assignees of Adam H. hreiner, will sell at private sale the following The undersigned Assignees of Adam H. Shreiner, will sell at private sale the following real estate:

No. 1. A Valuable Farm, situated in Wheat-field township, Perry county, on the main road leading from Bloomfield, the county town to Luncannon station on the Penn'a Railroad, 5 miles from either points, containing about 10 ACRES, about 20 acres cleared, residue covered with an abundance of White Cak, Pine and Chestnut and other timber. The improvements are a two-story frame weather boarded and plastered DWFLING HOUSE, with Kitchen attached, a Frame Barn, Tenant House, Cooper Shop and other out-buildings. Also, a valuable GEARED SAW MILL upon a Stream.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

upon a stream.

No. 2. A Tract of Land situated on the same road, about half a mile from Tract No. 1., containing SIX ACRES,
nearly all cleared and planted with choice FRUIT TREES.
A good two-story frame DW ELLING HOUSE,
Stable and other buildings are erected on this tract.

Stable and other buildings are erected on this tract.

These lands are eligibly located and well improved, and are offered for sale on such terms as will make them easy to purchasers. For terms, &c., address the Assigness ortheir Attorney, Chas. J. T. McIntle, at New Bloomfield, Perry county, Pa.

E. OWEN E. OWEN, J. G. REX,

(TALUABLE CHESTER COUNTY FARM ALUABLE CHESTER COUNTY FARM
at Private Sale.—The subscriber intending to remove to the West, offers for sale his
farm, situated in Upper Oxford twp., Chester
county, on the limestone road leading from
Oxford borough to Parkesburg, within three
miles of the former place, and about three
miles from Elkview Station, on the Philadelphila and Baltimore C. R. B.
CONTAINING ABOUT 123% ACRES,
100 Acres of which are under a high state of
cultivation, and the remaining 23% Acres are
good woodland. cultivation, and the remaining 23½ Acres are good woodland. This farm is well watered, having a neverfulling spring and a stream running through the central part; is enclosed with good fence, and has a liriving Apple referred at the improvement spring and a stream running through the central part; is enclosed with good fence, and has a liriving Apple referred at the improvement spring for a good, comfortable STON. MANSION, divided into convenient rooms, with porch in front the length of the building, and good cellar underneath; in good with greet, wagon House and forn crib attached, 45 by 20 feet, with good stabling underneath; wood House, and Granaries in good order. There is running water is upoarn yard, and there are a large Stone Spring House, suitable for diary purposes, etc., convenient to the house, smoke house, and other out-buildings, thereon erocted. The property is convenient to schools, churches, mild, and will be sold on reasonable terms.

For further particulars apply to
FOR further particulars apply to
FRANCIS CONWAY,
Residing on the premises;
or S. H. RICHEY,
Russelville, Chester county;
or BENJ. HICKMAN,
sep 44tw] No. 62 West Orange st., Lancaster,

A DMINISTRATOR'S SALE.—BY VIR-A DMINISTRATOR'S SALE.—BY VIRtue of an Order of the Orphans' Court of
Lancaster County, granted and directed to the
undersigned Administrator to sell the Real
Estate of Frederick Wolfinger, late of the City
of Lancaster, deceased, the undersigned will
sell and expose at Public Vendue, on TUE'sDAY, the 3d of OCTOBER, 1867, at 7 o'clock PM, at the Public House o' Christian Wettig,
West King street, Lancaster City, the following Real Estate, consisting of two double twostory BRICK DWELLING HOUSES, and the
offs belonging thereto, situate on Water st. Story BRICK DWELLING HOUSES, and the lots belonging thereto, situate on Water st., between West King and Orange streets, on the west side of said Water street, in the city of Lancaster, each lot containing in front on Water street 43 feet, more or less, and in depth of the containing in front on the containing in front or the containing in fro Terms of sale will be made known by the undersigned. OHRISTIAN SHEAFFER, sept 11 3tw 38