selves in October. There was a large and enthusiastic meeting of the Democracy of Penn township, at Henry Plasterer's Hotel, on Saturday evening. The meeting was addressed by Geo. Nauman, Esq., of this city, and by Joseph S. Keener and R. R. Tshudy, Esqs. The Democrats of Penn are thoroughly aroused

and eager for the fray.

A large an enthusiastic meeting of the Democracy and Conservaties of Mount Joy Borough was held at the headquarters of the Club on Saturday evening last. Delegates were elected to represent them in the County Convention, the names of whom will be found in another column. Instructions were given to the delegates to procure the election of Capt. J. K. Waltman, as a delegate to the Cleveland Convention. Fourteen new names were added to the roll, nearly all of whom voted for Lincoln and Johnson in 1864.

A large and enthusiastic meeting was held in the large hall at Maytown, of Democrats and Conservative Republicans, last evening, and was presided over by that sterling old Democrat and accomplished gentlemen Henry Haines, Sr. The object of the meeting was to hear the "old war-horse of Democracy," Henry Shaffner, Esq., of Mount Joy, who entertained the audience for over ar hour. His thorough and complete vindication of the restoration policy of President Johnson, his defence of his vetoes, the sifting of the Freedmen's Bureau, together with his scathing condemnation of Congress, stamps him one of our best speakers in the county. Indeed the large and intelligent audience were most agreeably surprised, and showed their appreciation by profound attention the whole time. The Club added 27 new names, among whom were men who last served in the Republican ranks. They now number 90-pretty good for Maytown. Go on we say in the good work. Their officers are—President, H. Haines, Sr. Secretaries, H. Peshler and H. Terry. Cor responding Secretary, T. J. Albright.

PENNSYLVANIA RESERVES. - At a meet ing of former members of the Pennsylvania Reserves, which was held at the La Pierre House on the evening of the 3d July last, i

Resolved .- That for the purpose of estab Resolved,—That for the purpose of estab-lishing a permanent organization of the division of the Pennsylvania Reserves, a Convention be held at Lancaster on the 14th day of September, 1866; that the said con-vention shall consist of three [3] delegates from each regiment, officers, non-commis-sioned officers and privates; it being dis-tinctly understood that this meeting is in no way to be perverted to a political purpose but solely for our joint benefit and pleasure In pursuance of the above resolution, ex tensive arrangements are being made by the few survivors of the Reserves residing in and about this city to give their comrades a fitting reception. The meeting, no doubt will be a pleasant one, and many remin scences of their campaigns will be called to remembrance, and the friendships and at tachments formed in the field and camp will thus be perpetuated through life.

THE BALTIMORE LIEDERKRANZ.-The Baltimore Liederkranz, through its Presi dent, has sent the following eloquent and interesting letter of thanks to Mayor Sanderson for the courtesy and attention shown by himself and his fellow citizens on the Baltimore, September 6, 1866. e of the City o

Lancuster, Pa. SIR: The "Baltimore Liederkranz Asso SIR: The "Baltimore Liederkranz Association" empower me, as their Executive officer, to express to you as Chief Magistrate of the City of Lancaster, our sentiments of highest consideration in your official capacity, and of deepest gratitude socially, in full appreciation of your cordial and kindly attention to the members of our members during our late solourn in your association during our late sojourn in association turing out into separated vis-hospitable city, which we are proud to re-cord as one of the happiest events of our lives, and one which will ever fondly live in the memories of all whose good fortune it has been to participate in the late festival

at Lancaster.

We begalso to express, through you, to the citizens of Lancaster, our sincere gratification and appreciation of the politicourtesy and kind hospitality extended to which so greatly enhanced the pleasur us, which so of our visit. of our visit.
Trusting that your journey through life may be replete with success and happiness, and that our association may leave a pleasant remembrance with yourself and the community over which you preside,
I am, sir, very respectfully, your obedient servant,
F. Woestmann,
President of the Liederkranz Association.

THE INCREASING DEMAND FOR MISH-LER'S BITTERS,-We were informed this morning by Mr. H. F. Benedict, one of the Assistant Assessors of Internal Revenue in this District that the increase in the sale of Dr. Mishler's Celebrated Bitters by the gallon for the month of August over that of July, was 1,000 gallons. This will realize to the Government over \$8,000 for the month of August. This does not include any sales by the bottle, and is another evidence of the wonderful demand for these great Bit-

SUNDAY SCHOOL CELEBRATION,-The

celebration connected with the Locust Grove Sabbath School, in East Hempfield township, which was held on the 25th of August, was a complete success. The scholars assembled at the usual place of meeting at 121 o'clock, A. M., and, headed by the City Cornet Band of Lancaster, marched in procession to the grounds. In the procession a large American flag was carried and sev. eral beautiful banners bearing appropriate mottoes. Arrived at the grounds, the scholars were quietly and orderly seated in front of the stand, which was decorated with evergreens, flags, banners, &c. by the ladies of the neighborhood, and presented a very neat and beautiful appearance. The audience having been called to order by the Superintendant, L. W. Kinsey, the exercises were then opened with prayer. Able addresses were then delivered by Rev. A. H. Kremer, of Lancaster City, and Rev. C. Reimensnyder, Sabbath School Missionary of Lancaster county. The exercises ere then suspended in order that the children and others might partake of refreshments, liberally provided by the citizens of the neighborhood. Fifteen hundred persons are supposed to have enjoyed the nospitality thus extended. After some time spent in recreation and amusement, the children again assembled, and were enter tained by Prof. Beck, of Litiz, in an interesting and instructive address, occupying more than one hour in its delivery, and i

exhibiting and describing his beautiful collection of curiosities. After a short address by the Superinten dant and the performance of the national airs by the band (the excellent music of which elicited the highest encoulums from all) the audience quietly dispersed, well pleased with the exercises, and feeling, no doubt, that the day had been well and prof-

which he amused and delighted them by

itably spent. A FUNNY BOOK has just come to us called "Poetical Acorns from the Great Oak Hall." It is one of the jolliest little books we ever saw-full of fun, side-splitting pictures and capital jokes. It is a good thing to have about the house-or, as it is made to nicely fit in the pocket, it is just what is often wanted to make a merry evening. It is given away gratuitously Wanamaker & Brown, the popular Clothiers, Oak Hall, S. E. cor. 6th and Market sts., Philadelphia, and any body can get it by enclosing their address and a two-cent

stamp for the postage. Excursion.-The choirs of St. John's German Lutheran Church in Reading and of Zion's German Lutheran Church in Luncaster, will hold a pic nic at Litiz Springs, on Monday next, the 17th inst. Members of these congregations will take part in it. and there will be, no doubt, a large con course of people present. We were shown a letter from F. Lauer, Esq., in which he states that at least 500 persons are expected the opposite forms, and river towns are

housekeeper is rated as something very superior, when the credit is due, not to herself, but to their "Barley Sheaf" cooking stove, patented by Messrs. Stewart, Peter-

son & Co., Philadelphia. This stove burns either wood or coal, has a patent dust-sifter, is air-tight and does everything in the whole range of Cookery, in a better manner than any other inve tion extant. It has a patent dust-sifter and emits no gas. We can tell at any time the boiling or baking done by the "Barley

ST. JOHN'S COLLEGE.-Scholarships in this celebrated institution, (the advertisement of which can be found in another column.) for a single term or a year can be secured at this of fice. Full information furnished on applica-tion to office of *Intelligencer*, or to H. E. Nichols, 44 W. Fayette st., Baltimore, Md. LANCASTER HORSE MARKET, MONDAY,

SEPTEMBER 10TH, 1866.—The market seems to be somewhat quiet and steady, with but few arrivals and sales. Trout's.-There were 44 head on hand at

last report. The arrivals during the week were 18 head, 16 of which were to Morgart & Steckman, from Bedford county. The sales amounted to only 10 head, leaving 52

Copcland & Cline's.—Here there were only 19 head at last report. The arrivals since have been only 8 head, and the sales and shipments 18 head, leaving 9 in the stables.

A TRIP TO THE WEST.

Editorial Correspondence. ON BOARD THE "CORA," August 28th, 1866.

NAVIGATING THE MISSOURI. The wonders of the "Father of Waters is a great navigable stream are surpassed by the turbulent and muddy Missouri. The Mississippi has been clasped by the hands of civilization, and all along its course from its source to its mouth, cities and towns have sprung up to mark the advancing growth of our vast country. It is well known, and has been so often described by the tourist and so repeatedly sketched by the artist, that every general reader is amiliar with its principal features.

Not so the Missouri. Navigable for ove

hree thousand miles from St. Louis, its pper waters are a terra incognita, except a few. The fur trader and the trapper who lived amid the solitudes of the forests which line the banks of every Western iver, had traced the Missouri to its sources ong before the gold and silver of Idaho and Montana tempted the adventurous minor. Only of late years have the soli-tudes of these far-off regions seen disturbed by the shrill whistle of steamers, which take one trip as far as Fort Benton during the season. Starting from St. Louis in March or by the first of April, so as to ake advantage of the "snow rise," they arry provisions and the multitude of ar cles of traffic which are demanded by those who trade with the Indians, the sol liers in the different forts, and such settlers s are to be found this far beyond the bounds of civilization. Some idea of the profits of such a trip may be formed when we state that the boat on which we are now writing harged fifteen cents a pound for freight and three hundred dollars for passengers on the trip she made last spring, and that er total profits were some fifty thousand dollars. Quite a number of the passengers we now have on board have "come through out the mountains," and the stories they

n any breast. The "Cora" made the trip up last spring n sixty days. Some boats run through in ess time, but sixty days is considered a short passage. After getting some four or five hundred miles above St. Joseph, which is a little over five hundred above St. Louis all the wood used for fuel has to be cut and carried on board by the crew. Sometimes it is not attainable within half a mile from the shore. That single fact will give an ide recent visit of the Liederkranz to this city: I of the character of the trip. Yet there is no doubt that the passenger would be amply and for all the inconveniences to whi he would be subjected. He would not find ime hanging heavily on his hands. The magnificence of the scenery is such as t excite the highest admiration in all who have ever beheld it, and we have spent ours in listening to the wonderful stories of those who have made "the trip to the mountains."

tell are enough to stir the love of adventure

The obstacles to navigation presented b his river are proverbial. The soil on its banks is generally either a soft loam or a oose sand until the rocky shores of the far Northwestern regions are reached. The curent is wonderfully rapid, and the bank re liable to be cut away by it. Even the high bluffs are undermined and swept down o form bars and bottom land below, which ere in turn torn up and carried to some still ower point of deposit. The river is a mud ly rapid as far up as the mouth of the Yelow Stone. Above that point it is a clear placid stream, but still very rapid.

Pilots cannot steer their boats on the Mis ouri by "land marks," as they do on th Mississippi and other rivers. The channe is constantly shifting, and a boat cannot de end on finding water enough to float her o-day where there was a superabundance esterday. We have had abundant evidence of the

reacherous character of the stream. Ever

since 3 o'clock last Sunday, some two hours

ifter we left St. Joseph, we have been laboring with all the strength of our entire crew and all the power of our machinery to for the "Cora" over a bar. Last Wednesday she was run up a channel on the right of the island at the head of which we now he, finding ample water. On near ing this point on Sunday we saw the "Welcome" lying in shore, busily engaged in landing her freight. Our boat beingsmaller and of lighter draft, the captain and pilot concluded they would be able to get down. The result was that we stuck fast on a bar, and have been here for forty-four hours. Yesterday morning we managed to get started up stream again, and, after landing

ome 2,000 bushels of corn, concluded we were light enough to get on. We would ave succeeded but for a manouvre of the 'Welcome," which forced us out of proper ourse and threw us into shoal water, whe e stuck fast again. For some hours yesterday evening both oats lay close along side of each other, one striving to make its way up, the other down. The scene was a perfect pandemonium or he water. What, with the dark columns o smoke which ascended from four huge stacks, the gleaming of the fierce fires it the furnaces, the varied and discordan notes of the huge machinery, the rush and roar of the water as it was dashed into foam by the powerful wheels, the ringing of bells, the screech of steam whistles, the racking of ropes and cordage, the loud

ommands of the officers and the multitu linous strange oaths of the striving and hurrying of the scene was one of the wildest character conceivable. An hour or so after dark the "Welcome," after drifting against us, and threatening to do us serious njury, managed to strike a favorable poin and to make her way up the stream, when she unloaded the balance of her freight, and then returned to the other side of the island to secure what she left behind her An hour ago we succeeded in getting over the bar, and the crew are now engaged in reloading the freight which they spent all

of last night in removing to shore with the

vawl. It sometimes happens that the river will leave a boat high and dry upon some shoal Quite a number of instances of the kind were related to us by the officers on board. One boat, which made "the mountain trip," last summer, had to be abandoned by crew, and was destroyed by ice last spring. A party of soldiers, who set out from one of the upper forts to visit here last winter, were only saved from freezing to death by being discovered by some friendly Indians. As we passed down the river this afternoon we saw many corn fields which were being partially swept away by the river, and a number of houses and barns, which must go before long, unless the current should change. Last spring the town of Brunswick was almost entirely destroyed, part of it being swept away and nearly all the balance torn down and removed by the inhabitants. Forests of cotton wood are swept away yearly, and it is not an uncommon thing to see a bank carried off for a distance of a fourth of a mile inland during a single season. When one bank recede:

WHERE THE CREDIT IS DUE.—Many a Such being the case, the river is necessar rily full of drift wood and snags. yers" are peculiar to rivers of this character, and are especially abundant in the Missouri. They are formed by somelarge tree being rapidly undermined by the current and precipitated into the stream with weight of earth attached to the root sufficient to sink it to the bottom, where it finally effects a lodgment and is securely anchore by an accumulation of the drifting sand. The top swinging round points down stream and presents a dangerous obstacle, es pecially to ascending boats. When the water is up they are often entirely covered, and it is decidedly difficult to detect their presence. A little round eddy is all that tells of the hidden danger. To descending boats they are not an object of dread and we have "scraped" over a number of them, with a jarring of the structure and a grating noise which would be alarming to nervous traveller. Such are some of the

peculiar features of this great river. Just about noon to-day we got off safely, and have had a smooth and rapid run to this notorious city, passing by Daniphon and Atchison, both points of note during the Kansas troubles.

Leavenworth is a handsome looking place of over twenty thousand inhabitants. We have no time to say more of it, as we leave in the cars for Lexington city in a few moments. We may possibly send you a letter from that point. H. G. SMITH. from that point.

SPRINGFIELD, Illinois, Sept. 4, 1866. The last letter sent you was mailed a Leavenworth, Kansas. This we write dur ing a delay of a couple of hours at this celebrated town. As we look out from the windows, or stand in the door and gaze up and down its streets, the prospect is not a pleasant one. The rain is coming down in orrents, and the sidewalks are covered nches deep with a black oozy mud, have not ventured out of the hotel, and shall vait for some occasion when it can be more omfortably done to take a look at the house and grave of the late President of the United States.

To resume the sketch of our trip Wes vould take up more time than we can comnand. A hurried glance backward wil have to suffice. At Leavenworth we took the cars on the

Pacific Railroad for Warrensburg, a town ome thirty miles south of Lexington city. This road is broad gauge, and the passenger cars are the most comfortable we ever occupied. It was nearly dark when we left Leavenworth, and we could see but little of the country along the route, but even by the dim light of the moon could not fail to notice that it was a magnificent agricultural region, yielding the most profuse returns for the rudest culture. In the morning, at Warrensburg, we found

hack which had come from Lexington the lay before, and my brother and self were lucky enough to secure it. The trip over he prairies and through the rich timber land along the route would have been de lightful but for the dust. In this part of Missouri they have not had any rain for two months, and the oldest inhabitant can not remember seeing such a drought. Yet, in spite of all this, the crops of corn, hemp and grass are such as we never saw before All that we have ever heard or read of the fertility of Western lands is surpassed by Lafayette county, Missouri. One hundred and fifty bushels of corn in the ear to the acre is a common yield. Hemp produces: on to the acre, and sells for two hundred dollars a ton at St. Louis. Corn and hemp can be grown crop after crop for many years on the same land without the slight est apparent diminution of fertility. were shown one field which had been it emp for twenty years in succession, and he last crop was heavier than any which and preceded. Another field was pointed out to us which had been cultivated in corn or seventeen successive years, and we only needed to look to be assured of its immense capacity to produce at present. No manure

s saved or used, and there seems to be no necessity for rotation in crops. The land is light loose loam from six to ten feet in onth, and its fertility is as exhaustless a t is wonderful. Happening to remark that re thought we saw one hemp field along the route with a few piles of manure on it a farmer who overheard us exclaimed that he would "bet that man was a candidate for the insane asylum." The farming here is done roughly, yet the yield is such as we never saw approached elsewhere. The labor of tillage is very light, and the expense of ulture not one half what it is in Lancaste

Lexington was before the war one of th andsomest cities in the West. It is located on a high bluff on the south bank of the Missour: river and has always been healthy There were a number of flourishing collegiate institutions here before the war which were well attended. All the public buildings suffered greatly, and private pro perty was not spared. It will soon begin improve now, and before long will re ume its former prosperity.

This is one of the oldest counties in Mis ouri, and was early settled by a superior class of people, mostly from Virginia, Kenucky and Maryland. The society is fine, and there are very many inducements offer ed to parties looking for a location in the West, Improved properties close to the city command one hundred dollars an acre, but magnificent land, with good improvements, can be had within eight miles for forty dollars per acre. The people of this section of Missouri are anxious to have their country filled up, and they will welcome emigrants who will come without intolerant fanatical

Politically Missouri is to-day in a worse ondition than any other State in the Union. The radical crew who have managed to gain possession of the offices by means of the bayonet dare not trust the people to use the ballot. They came into power by the agency of force, and their rule cannot endure a moment longer than they are susained by force. Numbering, as they do. less than one-fourth of the voting population of the State, they must be completely overwhelmed the moment the substantial citizens are allowed to vote. Seeing this, and being convinced that they will not be aided in their schemes by the President, they are ready for almost any desperate expedient. It may be that Missouri is destined to see blood flow again, but at all hazards her people are resolved not to be trampled in the dust. They will use all peaceable means to regain their rights as reemen, but will never rest satisfied until hese are secured. Wherever we went in the State we found a few Radicals holding office and depriving the mass of the old settlers from the right of voting. In Lafayette county there were less than three hundred adicals. Yet this petty minority ruled the county. It is impossible that any such state of affairs should continue. The end

of it must come, and that right speedily. From Lexington we went by stage northward to the St. Joseph Railroad, passing through a fine section of country where land is cheap. The tide of emigration is setting in, and soon these magnificent farm lands will be under culture, yielding such rops for little labor as cannot be produced in the East.

From Quincy, on the east bank of the Mississippi, to Springfield, the Wabashand ireat Western Railroad passes through about the finest agricultural section of Illi-

nois, which is exceedingly beautiful. The radicals hereabouts are terribly ex ercised over the Philadelphia Convention. They resemble a nest of wounded vipers and are filled with uncontrollable fury. They see that their infamous and corrupt political organization is doomed to ineviable defeat and they rage like a set of nadmen. We have been much amused at he remarks we have heard from the crowd about the hotel where we are now writing. They see no hope from the Jack Hamilton convention and are in trouble about the fraternization of the radical whites with the negro Fred. Douglass. Just now a party of them were discussing that question, and damning the folly of giving the sable loyalist such an enthusiastic reception. listened with quiet pleasure and satisfac-

The Radicals who hold control of Springfield refused to tender the hospitalities of the city to President Johnson, who will pass through here on his way to St. Louis. They die very hard, with curses and impre cations on their lips. It is time to leave for the train and I must drop this hurried scrawl.

H. G. SMITH.

THE PRESIDENT'S SPEECH AT ST. LOUIS HOT SHOT POURED INTO THE BADICALS.

HANG JEFF. DAVIS. Call on Chief Justice Chase to Hang

Jeff. Davis." WHY DON'T YOU HANG THAD. STEVENS?

A Traitor at One End of the Line is as Bad as a Traitor at the Other. RADICALS TO BE KICKED OUT OF OFFICE.

RADICAL BILLS TO BE VETOED. The Constitution and the Union Shall be Preserved.

A large crowd having assembled in front of the Hotel at which the President stopped in St. Louis, on Saturday evening, His Excellency appeared on the balcony and addressed them as fol-

the baloony and addressed them as follow:

It be baloony and addressed them as follow:

| Description | Descriptio lows: Fellow Citizens: In being introduced to been recognized by the government of the United States, and every man engaged in that rebellion, in that Convention, with the

that I have been traduced and abused; I know it has come in advance of me here, as elsewhere, that I have attempted to exercise an arbitrary power resisting laws that were intended to be forced upon the government (cheers), that I had exercised that power, (cries "Bully for you,") that I had abandoned the party that elected me, and that I was a traitor (cheers,) because I exercised the veto power in attempting and did arrest for a time a bill that was called a "Freedmen's Bureau Bill," 'Yes, that I was a traitor, and I have been traduced; I

exercised the veto power in attempting and did arrest for a time a bill that was called a "Freedmen's Bureau Bill," Yes, that I was a traitor, and I have been traduced; I have been slandered; I have been maligned. Now, my countrymen, here tonght, it is very easy to indulge in epithets, it is easy to call a man Judas, and cry out traitor, but when he is called upon to give arguments and facts, he is very often found wanting. Judas Iscariot—Judas. There was a Judas and he was one of the twelve apostles. The twelve apostles had a Christ. If I have played the Judas who has been my Christ that I have played the Judas with? Was it Thad. Stevens? Was it Wendell Philipps? Was it Charles Summer? [Hisses and cheers.] These are the men that stop and compare themselves with the Saviour, and every body that differs with them in opinion, and tries to stay and arrest their diabolical and nefarious policy, is to be denounced as a Judas. ["Hurrah for Andy!" and cheers.] In the days when there was a Christ, while there was a Judas there were unbelievers—yes, oh yes, unbelievers in Christ, men who persecuted and slandered and preferred charges and condemned and put Him to death on the cross, to satisfy unbelievers; and this same persecuting diabolical. and nefarious clan to-day, would

lievers; and this same persecuting diabol cal, and nefarious clan to day, woul

cute and shed the blood of innocent

eat, and hearboas that to the persecute and shed the blood of innocent men to carry out their purposes. [Cheers.] But, let me tell you, let me give you a few words here to-night. But ashorttime since I heard some one say in the crowd that we had a Moses. [Laughter.] Yes there is a Moses, and I know sometimes it has been said that I have said that I would be the Moses of the colored man (cries of "Never!") and cheers. Why I have labored as much in the cause of emancipation as any other mortal man living; but while I have striven to emancipate the colored man, I have felt and now feel that we have a great many white men that want emancipation. There is a set amongst you that have got shackles on their limbs, and are as much under the heel and control of their musters as the colored man that we set the state of the

heir masters as the colored man that was

emancipated. I call upon you here to-night as freemen as men to favor the eman

anderstand the whole system and how it operates; we know how the slaves have been worked heretofore. There original owners bought the land and raised the country of the co

owners bought the land and raised the negroes, or purchased them, as the case might be, paid all the expenses of carrying on the farm, and after producing tobacco, cotton, hemp, and flax, and all the various products of the South, bringing them into market without any profit on them, while these owners put it all into

lifty dollars for two years service—
[Your attention, I want to make a lodgment in your midst, of the facts, because I
want to clinch it on the other side]—[cheers]
—the brave boy, the patriotic young man
who followed his gallant officers, slept on
the tented field, and perfled his life, and
shed his blood, and left his limbs behind
him, and came home mangled and mained, he can get \$50 bounty, if he has served
two years, but the members of Congress,
who never smelt gunpowder can get \$4,000
extra pay, [Great cheering.] This is a faint
picture my countrymen of what has transpired. [A voice, "stick to that question."]
Fellow-citizens you are all familiar with
the work of restoration. You know that
since the rebellion collapsed and the armies
were suppressed in the field that everything that could be done has been done by
the executive department of the government,
ment for the restoration of the government, that rebellion, in that Convention, with the intention of superseding and upturning the civil government which had been recognized by the government of the United States, I say that he was a traitor to the Constitution of the United States (cheers), and hence you find that another rebellion was commenced, having its origin in the Radical intention of superseding and upturning the civil government which had been recognized by the government of the United States, is any that he was a traitor to the Constitution of the United States (cheers), and hence you find that another rebellion was commenced, having its origin in the Radical Congress. These men were to go there, a government was to be organized, and the one in existence in Louisiana was to be superseded, set aside, and overthrown. You talk to me about New Orleans, and there the question was to come up when they had ment for the restoration of the government the question was to come up when they had established their government—a question of political powers, which of the two governments, was to be recognized—a new government inaugurated under this defunct Convention, set up in violation of law and without the will of the people. Then, when they had established their government, and extended a universal and impartial franchise, as they called it, to this colored population—then this Radical Congress was to determine that a government established on negro votes was to be the government of States you can find that you cannot even amend that Constitution so as to deprive any State of its equal suffrage in the Senate. (A voice—"They have never been out, I say so, too. That is what I have always said. They have never been out, and they cannot go out. [Cheers.] That being the fact, under the Constitution, they are entitled to equal representation in the Congress of the United States, without violating the Constitution (cheers), and the lation—then this Idualization Congress was to determine that a government established on negro votes was to be the government of Louisiana. [Voice—"Never" cheers and eries of "Hurrah for Andy."] So much for the New Orleans riots, and there was the cause and the origin of the blood that was shed, and every drop of blood that was shed, and every drop of blood that was shed is upon their skirts and they are responsible for it. I could test this thing a little closer, but will not do it here to-night; but when you talk about New Orleans and talk about the causes and consequences that resulted from proceedings of that kind perhaps as I have been introduced here and you have provoked questions of this kind, though it does not provoke me, I will tell you a few wholesome things that have been done by this Radical Congress, (cheers) in connection with New Orleans and the extension of the elective franchise. I know that I have been traduced and abused; I know it has come in advance of me here,

lating the Constitution (cheers), and the same argument applies to the House of Representatives. How then does the matter stand? It used to be one of the arguments that if the States withdrew their Representatives and Senators, that was secession, a peaceable breaking-up of the government. Now the Radical power in this government turn around and assume that the States are out of the Union, that they are not entitled to representation in Congress. [Cheers.] That, to say they are dissolutionists, and their position now is to perpetuate a disruption of the government and that, too, while they are denying the States the right of representation, they impose taxation upon them. Let the government be restored. Let peace be restored among this people. I have labored for it; I am for it now. I deny this doctrine of secession, come from what quarter it may, whether from the North or from the South, I am opposed to it, I am for the Union of the States. I know it has been said that I have exercised my pardoning power. Yes, I have. Large numbers have applied for pardon and I have granted them purdon, yet there are some who condemn and hold me responsible for doing wrong. If I have erred, I have cred on the side of mercy. [Voice—"Hang Jeff. Davis,"] Call on Judge Chase to hang Jeff. Davis, will yon? [Great cheering.] I am not the court, I am not the jury nor the judge. Before the case comes to me, and all other cases, it would have to come on application as a case for pardon. That is the only way the case can get to me. Why don't Judge Chase, the Chief Justice of the United States, in whose district he is—why don't betry him? [Loud cheers.] But perhaps, I could answer lating the Constitution (cheers), and the same argument applies to the House o Representatives. How then does the mat-

whose district he is-why don't he try him? whose district he is—why don't he try him? [Loud cheers.] But, perhaps, I could answer the question. As sometimes persons want to be facetious and indulge in reparter, I might ask him a question. Why don't you hang Thad. Stevens and Wendell Phillips [Great cheering.] A traitor at one end of the line is as bad as a traitor at the other. Oh, they talk about bread and butter. [Langhter.] Yes, these men are the most Oh, they talk about bread and butter. [Laughter.] Yes, these men are the most perfect and complete bread and butter party that has ever appeared in this government. [Great cheering.] They have staid at home here five or six years, held the offices, grown fat, and enjoyed all the emoluments of position, and now, when you are talking about turning one of them out, oh, it is proscription, and hence they come forward and propose in Congress to downt? To pass laws to prevent the Executive from turning anybody out. Well,

what? To pass laws to prevent the Executive from turning anybody out. Well,
let me say to you, if you will stand by me
in this action (cheers), if you will stand by
me in trying to give the people a fair chance,
soldiers and citizens, to participate in these
offices, God being willing, I will kick them
out. I will kick them out as fast as I can.
Let me say to you in conclusion, that what
I have said, I intended to say. I was provoked into this, and I care not for their
menaces, the taunts, and the jeers. I care
not for threats. I do not intend to be bullied
by my enemies, nor over-awed by my methacs, in the continue of the bullied by my enemies, nor over-awed by my friends; but God willing, with your help, I will veto their measures when ever they come to me. I place myself upon the ramparts of the Constitution. When I see the enemy approaching, so long as I have eyes to see and ears to hear, or tongue to sound the alarm, so help me God I will do it, and call on the people to be my judges. (Cheers.) I tell you here to-night that the Constitution of this country is being enconched upon. I tell you here to-night that the citadel of liberty is being endangered. [A voice, "Go it Andy."] Say to them, go to work; take the Constitution as your palladium of civil and religious liberemancipited. I can upon you have the emancipation of the white man, as well as the colored ones. I have been in favor of emancipation. I have nothing to disguise about that. I have tried to do as much, and have done as much, and when they talk about Moses and the colored man being led into the promised land, where is the land that his clan proposes to lead them into? When we talk about taking them out from among the white population and sending them to other climes, what is it they propose? Why, it is to give us a Freedmen's Bureau, and, after giving us a Freedmen's Bureau, what then? Why, here in the South it is not necessary for me to talk to you, where I have lived and where you have lived, and understand the whole system and how it

them, go to work; take the constitution as your pulladium of civil and religious liberty; take it as our chief ark of surety. Inow, in conclusion, my countrymen, hand over to you the flag of your country with thirty-six stars upon it. I hand over to you your Constitution, with the charge and responsibility of preserving it intact. I hand over to you country or these States. bility of preserving it intact. I hand over to you to-day the Union of these States the great magic circle which embraces them all. I hand them all over to you—the them all. I hand them all over to you—the people, in whom I have always trusted in all greattenergencies: I hand them over to you, men, who can rise above party, who can stand around the altar of a common country, with their faces uplifted to Heaven, swearing by Him who lives forever and ever, that the altar and all shall sink in the dust, but that the Constitution and the

dust, but that the Constitution and the Union shall be preserved.

Then, in bidding you good night, I leave all in your charge, and thank you for the cordial welcome you have given in this spontaneous outpouring of the people of ing them into market without any profit on them, while these owners put it all into their pockets. This was their condition before the emancipation; this was their condition before we talked about their Moses. [Laughter.] I ask your attention. Let me call your attention to one single fact, the Freedmen's Bureau. [Laughter and hisses.] Slavery was an accursed institution until emancipation took place. It was an accursed institution while one set of men worked them and got the profits; but after emancipation took place they gave us the Freedmen's Bureau, they gave us their agents to go to every county, every township, to every school district in the United States, especially the Southern States. They gave us twelve millions of dollars and placed the power in the hands of the Executive, who Special Aotices. MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY, any Essa of Warning and Instruction for Young Men. Also, Diseases and Abuses which prostrate the vital powers, with sure means of relief. Sent free of charge in sealed letter envelopes. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Page 18th and 18th and Men. P P GUSTINE.

FURNITURE WARE ROOMS, N. E. COR, OF SECOND AND RACE STS., PHILADELPHIA.

Special Notices.

was to work this machinery with the army brought to his aid and to sustain it. Then let us run it with twelve millions as a beginning, and in the end receive fifty or sixty millions, as the case may be, and let

sixty millions, as the case may be, and let us work the four millions of slaves. In fine, the Freedmen's Bureau was a proposi-

us work the four millions of slaves. In fine, the Freedmen's Bureau was a proposition to transfer four millions of slaves in the United States from their original owners to a new set of task-masters. [Voice, "Never," and cheers.] I have been laboring for years to emancipate them, and then I was opposed to seeing them transferred to a new set of task-masters to be worked with more rigor than they had been worked with more rigor than they had been worked heretofore. [Cheers.] Yes, under this new system, they would work the slaves and call on the government to bear all the expenses, and if there were any profits left, why they would pocket them. [Laughter and cheers.] While you, the people, must pay the expense of running the machine out of your own pockets, while they get the profits of it. The President is wrong because he vetoed the Freedmen's Bureau Bill, and all this because he choose to exercise the veto power; he committed a high offence, and therefore ought to be impeached. [A voice, "Naver"] Yes yes they are ready to im

power; he committed a high offence, and therefore ought to be impeached. [A voice, "Never."] Yes, yes, they are ready to impeach him, [a voice, "Let them try it,"] and if they were satisfied they had the next Congress by a decided majority as this, upon some pretext or other they would vacate the Executive Department of the United States. Let me call the soldiers' attention to this immaculate Congress, that could make war upon the Executive because he stands upon the Constitution, and vindi-

STRANGE, BUT TRUE. Every young lady and gentle Eyr STRANGE, BUT TRUE.
Every young lady and gantleman in the United States can hear something very much to their advantage by return mail (free of charge), by addressing the undersigned. Those having fears of being humbugged will oblige by not noticing this card. All others will please address their obedient servant,

THOS. F. CHAPMAN,

Jan 3 19 52
SEI Broadway, New York.

Jan 3 19 52

881 Broadway, New York.

87 KNOW THY DESTINY!

Madame E. F. Thornton, the great English Astrologist, Clairwoyant and Psychometrician, who has astonished the scientific classes of the Old World, has now located herself at Hudson, N. Y. Madame Thornton possesses such wonderful powers of second sight, as to enable her to impart knowledge of the greatest importance to the single or married of either sex. While in a state of trance, she delineates the very features of the person you are to marry, and by the ald of an instrument of intense power, known as the Psychomotrope, guarantees to produce a life-like picture of the future husband or wife of the applicant, together with date of marriage, position in life, leading traits of character, &c. This is no humbug, as thousands of testimonials can assert. She will send, when desired, a certified certificate, or written guarantee, that the picture is what it purports to be. By enclosing a small lock of hair, and stating place of birth, age, disposition and complexion, and enciosing to cents and stamped envelope addressed to yourself, you will receive the picture and desired information by return mail. All communications sacredy confidential. Address, in confidence, Madame E. F. Thornton, P. O. Box 22, Hudson, N. Y. md&w

A NEW PERFUME FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF.

A NEW PERFUME FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF.

"Night Blooming Cereus." Phalou's "Night Blooming Cereus." "Night Blooming Cereus." Phalon's Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus." "Night Blooming Cereus."

A most exquisite, delicate, and Fragrant Perfume, distilled from the care and beautiful flower from which it takes its mone. Manufactured only by PHALON & SON, New York. BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

ASK FOR PHALON -TAKE NO OTHER. THE GLORY OF MAN IS STRENGTH.

The Glory of Man is Strength
A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous
and Genital Deblity, Nightly Emissions, and Seminal
Weakness, the result of youthful indiscretion, and
came near ending his days in hopeless misery, will,
for the suke of suffering man, send to any one afflicted
the stupple means used by him, which effected a cure

for the sake of suited man, such the simple means used by him, which effected a cure in a few weeks, after the failure of numerous medicines. Send a directed envolope, and it will cost you JOHN B. OGDEN, No. 13 Chamber st., N. Y.

Marriages.

MOODY-HALL.—In this city, this morning, by the Rev. Thomas B. Barker, Mr. Charles H. Moody to Miss Helen M. Hall, both of Roches-ter. N V ter, N. Y.
RANKIN-JEFFERIES.—In this city, on Thurs day morning the 6th inst, by the Rev. Pr. Fulk Wm. W. Rankin, Esq., of Lockhaven, to Miss M. Ametia Jefferles, daughter of the late Thomas Jefferles, Esq., of this city, Lucoming Gazette and Clinton Democrat O'NEAL-MCCAFFERTY.—On the 6th inst., by Diense copy.!
O'NEAL-MCCAFFERTY.—On the 6th inst., by Rev. Father Barry, Mr. Charles O'Neal, of Washington, D. C., to Miss Annie E. McCafferty, daughter of James McCafferty, Esq., of this city.

Deaths.

HAMILTON.— t Fort Smith, Arkansas, Aug. 20th, of Typhold Fever, Alfred G., son of Geo. B. Hamilton, Esq., aged 2l years, formerly of this city. R. Hamilton, Esq., aged 27 years, formers of this city. Jones.—Suddenly, in this city, on the 6th Inst., Mrs. Elmira E. Jones, daughter of the late Robert Powers, Esq., in the 30th year of the rago.

Sowers.—In this city, on the 6th Inst., Mr. Henry Sowers, in the 80th year of his age.

JOHNSON.—On the 8th Inst., in this city, Miss Elizabeth Johnson, nice of Daniel McCort. SCHETRENBHAND.—On the 5th Inst., in this city, Lizzle D., daughter of John A. and Barbara Scheurenbraud, aged 4 years, 5 months and 5 days. Bys. Ender S.—In this city, on Wednesday morn-ng the 5th inst., Mary Ann Enders, in the 40th ng the 5th inst., Mary Ann Engels, a very year of her age.

KITCH.—On the the 4th inst., at Eden, Manteim twp., Margaret. daughter of Davis and Emma Kitch, aged 3 years, 10 months and 2 days.

COYLE.—On Saturday, September 8th, Ann wife of James Coyle, of this city, aged 37 years.

Markets. The Markets at Acon To-day. PHILADELPHA, Sept. 11.—Flour firm. North-vestern Family at \$11.75@12.50, Pa. and Ohto lo. at \$12@18.50, and Fanev at \$14@16. Rye Flour dull at \$5.75@6. Rye Flour dull at \$5.75@a.
Corn Meal at \$4.25.
Prime Southern Red Wheat at \$2.78@2.80.
White at \$2.90@3.
Corn dull; Yellow 91c; Mixed 88c.

Corn dull; Yellow 91c; Mixeu soc.
Oats in fair request at 47c.
Whisky at \$2.37 for Pa, and \$2.40 for Ohlo.
New York, Sept. II.—Cotton is quiet.
Flour is 25 cents higher; State at \$5.85@11.50,
Ohlo at \$8.90@13, Western at \$5.85@10.50, Southern at \$11@15.75. n at \$11@15.15. Wheat is scarce and has advanced 2@3 cents id new Amber State at \$2.80, No. 2, Common wankie at \$1.90. orn is dull and declining.

Lard is dull. Whiskey dull. NIOCK MRTHEIN. PHILADELPHIA, Sept. II. Penna, 5's...... Philadelphia and Eric.... Morris Canal. Reading..... Penna, Railrowl..... Cumberiand Frid...
Illinois Central Scrip...
Michigan Southern...
New York Central...
Keading ...
Hudson River...
Canton Company...
Missouri 6s....

U. S. 6's 1867. U. S. 5s U. S. 5s Treasury 7 3-10... 5-20's.... Ten-forties..... Gold.... The Philadelphia Cattle Market.

Coupons 1881........ Do 1862... Do 1865.

J. H. Hood, do J. J. A. Chain & Bro., Penna J. Clemson, do J. Chain, Western do Cows are in demand, at an advance; 700 head sold at \$50@70 for springers, and \$75@105 for cov

sold at \$50%70 for springers, and \$5.39100 for cow and calf.
Sheep are in fair demand; 10,070 head sold at \$5.391/\$7 th gross, as to quality.
How are dull and lower; 1,20) head sold at the different yards at from \$13,50%14.50 the 100 hs, net.

New Advertisements. A CONSERVATIVE MASS MEETING

OF THE CITIZENS OF LANCASTER COUNTY Will be held N THE CITY OF LANCASTER ON TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 25th, 1866, and will be addressed by the ION. HIESTER CLYMER,

Hon. EDGAR COWAN, and other distinguished statesmen. Friends of the Union and the Constitution urn out. By order of the Democratic County Com mittee. A. J. STEINMAN, Chr'n. B. J. McGrann, Sec'y.

sep ll VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT PUBLIC SALE.—By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Frederick county, Md., and in pursuance of the last will and testament of Jacob Saylor, late of said county, deceased, the subscriber as Executor, will sell at public sale, at the late residence of said deceased, about one mile north of Herring's Mill. on Beaver Dam, in Johnsville district, on MONDAY, the 1st day of OUTOBER, 1886, at 1 o'clock, P. 'M., that valuable farm, the "SAYLOIK HOMESTEAD." This property has been in possession of the Saylors about a century; it is a very desirable property CONTAINING 185 ACRES, about 35 acres of it is Timber land; the other part is laid offin eight fields well supplied with water; this property is of first quality of land, blue slate and limestone, and is in a healthy neighborhood, and is convenient to Churches, Mills, Stores and Smith Shops. It is also near the present terminus of the Western Maryland Railroad. The improvements consist of a large LUG DWELLING HOUNE, weather-loarded and in good condition, and well arnaged or two mamilies to occupy; a good VALUABLE BEAL ESTATE AT PUB LIC BALE.—By virtue of an order of th

Raifroad. The improvements consist of a large LOG DWELLING HOUSE, weather-boarded and in good condition, and well arranged for two ismilles to occupy; a good dairy with a never-failing spring running through it; a Wash House with water running through it; a LARGE BANK BARN, with double foor, two Garners, Wagon Shed and Corn House attached. The Barn is nearly new, is allow the complete, and there is also every other controlled in the same on the farm a large Orenard of choice Terms of SALE—One-third of the purchase money to be paid on the dwelling.

TERMS OF SALE—One-third of the purchase money to be paid on the day of sale or on the railfeation thereof by the Court, and the remaining two-thirds in one and two years, with interest from day of sale, the deferred payments to be secured by the notes or bonds of the purchase money which will not be required until after the death of the widow, but only the interest thereon annually.

Any person wishing to view the farm will please call on the subscriber, living % of a mile rom Union Bridge, and two miles from fully show them the same.

RESPLEES.

New Advertisements.

TALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT PUR

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT PUBLIC SALE.—In pursuance of an Order of the Orphans' Court of Lancaster county, the andersigned, Administrators of the Estate of James McSparran, late of Fulton township, deceased, will sell by public vendue the following real estate of said deceased, on WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER IS, 1883, at the public house of Wim Hutton, at Peach Bottom:

No. 1. A Lot or piece of Ground, situate in Fulton township aforesaid, adjoining other lands of James McSparran, dee'd, and others, and adjoining the Susquehanna river, containing 68 PERCHES, more or less, with a large stone and frame DWELLING HOUSE, which is now and has for many years been occupied as a Licensed Hotel, (and at present kept as such by Mr. Hutton.) and doing a very large amount of business; good stabling and shedding, a fountain of good water at the door, and other improvements thereon. Also, at the same time, one undivided sixth part of a Thoroughlare Fish Pot in the Susquehanna river, at Peach Bottom.

No. 2. A Lot or piece of Ground, situate in Falton township aforesaid, adjoining No. 1, and other lands of James McSparran, dee'd, and also the river Susquehanna, containing of PERCHES, more or less, with a large frame DWELLING and STORE HOUSE, (in which a large and lucrative mercantile business has been done,) a large Ware House, and other improvements thereon.

No. 3. A Lot or piece of Ground, situate in Fulton township aforesaid, adjoining lands of W. Whitaker, and also the Susquehanna river, containing 70 PERCHES, more or less, with a frame DWELLING HOUSE and other improvements thereon.

w. whitaker, and also the susquenting river, containing 70 PERCHES, more or less, with a frame DWELLING HOUSE and other improvements thereon.

No. 4. A Lot or piece of Ground, situate in Fulton township aforesaid, adjoining other lands of James McSparran, dec'd, and the Susquehanna river, containing TPERCHES, more or less, with a frame DWELLING HOUSE and other improvements thereon.

These properties are well worthy the attention of business men. The Columbia and Maryland Line Raliroad, now in process of construction, runs along the front of the whole of them, and as business places they are unsurpassed in the vicinity.

And on THURSDAY, OUTOBER 19th, 1866, they will sell at the late residence of James McSparran, dec'd, in Fulton township, all that certain plantation or tract of land, situate in Fulton township, Lancaster county, adjoining lands of S. W. P. Boyd, Richard Jones, Thomas Stubbs, and others, containing 111 ACRES, more or less, of Patented Land, with a large and convenient stone and frame DWELLING HOUSE, double-decker frame BARN, with Stone Stabling, Wagon Shed and Corn Crib, with other necessary out-buildings and improvements thereon; a flue Orchard of choice fruit trees, in good bearing order; an excellent stream of Water running through this property, and excellent springs or Water at the buildings.

This farm is divided into convenient fields, is under good fence, and in a high state of cultivation, and for convenience and productiveness is surpassed by but few farms in the county. The neighborhood is healthy, and the farm well located, convenient to churches, schools, mills, stores, &c., &c., and offers great inducements to any one wishing to engage in agricultural pursuits or to invest money in real estate.

eal estate.

Persons wishing to view any of the abo Persons wishing to view any of the indeed described properties prior to the sale, will please call on James McSparran, at the late residence of the deceased.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock P. M. on each of said days, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

AMELIA F. McSPARRAN,

JAMES McSPARRAN,

sop 12 tsw 36]

Administrators.

DUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.—ON FRIDAY, the 5th day of OCTOBER A. D., 1893, in pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Lancaster county, the undersigned will offer at public vendue, at the Public House of, Na'shaniel Trout, in Gordon-ville, Leacock township, the iollowing real estate, inte of Lieut. David H. Leche, deceased, viz: extate, iate of heat. David in becase, deceased,
A tract of about FIVE ACRES of land, sitnated in said village of Gordonville, adjoining
the Pennsylvania Railroad, and lands of Sain!
Kaufman and Sanuel Brua, on which are
erected a substantial TWO-STORY AND ATITC BRICK DWELLING HUJSE, (late the
residence of said deceased) with two-story and
attic Brick Kitchen attached, a Wash House,
Coal and Wood House, under one roof near the
dwelling, Brick Smoke House, Frame and
Plastered Milk House, krame Barn, and other
eccessary out-buildings. The land is in a high
state of cultivation and under good fences.
There is an Orchard of some 33 Apple Trees in
bearing age, and a younger Orchard plantial
about nine years ago on the place, besides
Cherry and other choice Fruit Trees. The
house is conveniently and comfortably arranged, having the modern improvements.
There is a hail with stair-case through the
center on first floor, and hail on second floor,
string room, fronting to the Southeast or a
lawn, which is planted with fine and thry in
shade and evergreen trees and struberry.
There are 4 rooms on the second floor, al
sleoping and 1 store room on front and inone
a in the attic over the kitcher; and most
excellent cellar under the building, with pumpnear the Wash-nouse, with a darden near by
This place was fitted up by deceased in water
near the Wash-nouse, with a darden near by
This place was fitted up by deceased.

Persons wishing to see the property before
the day of saie, will please call on the undersigned residing on the same.

Saie to commence at the property before
the day of saie, will please call on the undersigned residing on the same.

Saie to commence at the mand place, in private
case of more of the Urbunay Court of Lauiz:
A tract of about FIVE ACRES of land, sit

ALSO, At the same time and place, in pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Lau-caster County, the undersigned will offer at public vendue, the following real estate, late of said Lieut. David H. Leche, deceased, viz: A Lot of Ground, containing ONE FOURTH OF AN ACRE, ONE FOURTH OF A. ACRE, more or less, on which is erected a Two-story Frame DWELLING HOUSE, with Kitchen attached, Frame Stable, and excellent Clstern and other improvements thereto belonging, adjoining the above-mentioned property and lands or Samuel Kauffman.

The house has recently been given excellent repuir and is a desirable residence.
Persons wishing to view the property, will please call on Mrs. Harriet A. Leche, residing on the Mansion property adjoining.

Sale to commence at 10 clock, P. M., of sald day, when terms will be made known by

day, when terms will be made known by S. R. SAMPLE, Guardian of minor children of Lieut. D. J. D. WARFEL, Auctioneer. sep 11 tsw3t SSIGNEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATI

A SIGNEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE
and Personal Property, in West Fallownield, on SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 29th, 1896.
Wit be sold at public sale, on SATURDAY,
the 29th of SEPTEMBER, 1896, a Farm
CONTAINING 109 ACRES,
assigned to the subscriber, by Joseph sstead, and Jane, his wife, for the benefit of creditors, situate in West Fallowfield township,
Che-ter county, one mile northwest of Cochraville, and 4 miles from the Pennsylvania
Railroad at Penningtonville and Christiana.
The property is bounded by lands of Alex.
Hodgson, David Rambo, Elisha McLimans and
others.

The property is bounded by lands of Alex. Hodgson, David Rambo, Elisha McLimans and others.

The improvements are a comfortable weather boarded HOUSE, lath and plastered inside, Basement Kitchen and cellar underneath; three rooms on first and four on second floorand two good sized garrets; a well of excellent water at the kitchen door, under roof, with pump therein; Milk House over a never-failing spring of water, within thirty yards of the house; Log Barn, Frame Wagon House, Corn Cribs, Hog House and other out-buildings; TENANT HOUSE, SAW and FEED MILL; with a good water-power. There is a good Apple Orchard on the premises and other fruit rees. The cleared land is in a good state of cultivation. Twelve or fourteen acres of the property is well set with heavy Oak and Chestnut Timber. This property is convenient to churches, schools and mechanics.

Persons wishing to view the property, will be shown the same by calling on the undersigned, living near Penningtonville.

Also, on the same day and place, will be soid the following Personal Property, Viz: Three Horses, 2 Mich Cows, 1 Yoke of good Ozen, Young Cattle, 3 Sows and pigs, 3 Shoats, 3 Wagons, 1 Ox Cart, Ploughs, Harrows, Wagon, Plow, Harness, I Reaper and Mower, Cutting Box, Winnowing Mill, Corn Tsheller, Hay by the ton, Corn Fodder by the bundle, Corn by the bundle, I tot of Wheat and Oats Straw, lot of new Chestnut Posts, 8 hives of Bees, &c.

Also, a quantity of Household and Kitchen Furniture, nothere enumerated.

Sale to commence at 11 o'clock, on said day, when terms will be made known by MAHLON FOX, Assignee.

WM. B. REYNOLDS, Auct. sep 8 ltd 4 3tw

DRIVATE SALE OF LAND IN CLARKE or the heirs of Richard Hardesty, decided, at private sale, one Tract of Land, lying Berryville turnpike, near the Spouts arm, 5 miles from Winchester and 5 miles erryville containing
TWO HUNDRED ACRES, eighty acres of which are in fine timber, the balance cleared and in a good state of cultivation. The DWELLING is a fine stone building, containing nine rooms. There is a good well of water in the yard, and all necessary improvements on the premises.

Also, another Tract of Land, lying east of and Also, another Trace of Lanu, sying cast of adjoining the first, containing.

TWO HUNDRED AND SEVENTY ACRES, thirty acres of which are in good timber. There is a good TENANT HOUSE on it. There are three wells of water on this farm. Bott tracts are limestone. Address, for terms, A. D. HARDESTY, or C. W. HARDESTY, or C. W. HARDESTY, Berryville, Clarke county, Va, sep 10

DUBLIC SALE OF A VALUABLE FARM

As agent of the heirs of Dr. John Hanger, dec'd, I will offer for sale, on THURSDAY, the lith day of OCTOBER, at 11 o'clock, on the premises, the farm on which the deceased resided at the time of his death, two and a hair miles north of Waynesborough, and near Zion Church. The land is No. 1 limestone, and in a good state of cultivation. There are about 55 Acres of cleared, and 49 of very superior timber. There are about 15 Acres of Meadow. The improvements are good, and consist of a large mprovements are good, and consist DWELLING HOUSE, Barn, and all DWELUING HOUSE, Barn, and all necessary put-houses. The spring cannot be surpassed in the Valley of Virginia—this is saying a great leal. I know, but I challenge a comparison. It is seldom that such property is in market; to pleasantly and conveniently situated, of so small a quantity of land, and yet so well increased before the property and t proved, being but 2½ miles from Waynesboro Depot, on the Virginia Contral Baliroad, of Augusta county, 'di, and altoget er, no the most doulrable homes in Augusta county. Terms accommodating, and made known on lay of sale.

If the land is sold, I will sell, at the same If the land is sold, I will sell, at the same time and place, 3 horses, one coit, 4 head of cattle, 10 sheep, 25 hogs, one four-horse and one two-horse wagen, one Buckeye Reaper and Mower, in good order, one wheat fan, gear, plows, harrows, &c.

Any one desirous of obtaining information can address me at Hermitage, Augusta county, Va., or J. D. Hanger, who is now residing on the land, at Waynesboro, Va.

SAMUEL KENNERLY, Jr.,
Agent for the heirs of Dr. John Hanger, dec'd. sep 7

PUBLIC SALE ON MONDAY, THE PUBLIC SALE.....ON MONDAY, 1815 Ist day of OCTOBER, 1826, the subscriber will sell at public sale, on the premises, in East Donegal twp., Lancaster county, a Tract of Land, containing A ACRES, moreor less adjoining lands of Jonas Mumnoy.

more or less, adjoining lands of Jonas Mumma, James L. Reynolds and others. The improve-ments thereon area LOG'DWELLING HOUSE Mone Barn, Corn House and other outbuild-Hone Barn, coin before the premises previous to the sale, will be shown the same by the subscriber, residing in Marietta, or by Henry Bishop, residing thereon.

The property will be sold either entire or divided to suit purchasers.
Sale to commence at one o'clock, on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

JAMES B. CLARK. New Advertisements.

OBPHANS' COURT SALE....ON WEDNESDAY, OUTOBER 3, 1886, will be sold, in pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Lancaster county, at public sale, at the public honse of G. H. Millio '(Spring Grove Hotel.) the real estate of Thomas Moderwell, dec'd, in Drumore township, Lancaster county, Pa., I mile south of Quarryville, on the road leading from Quarryville to the Unicorn, the following valuable real estate viz:

A tract of land containing
83 ACRES,
more or less adjoining lands of Samuel Keen,

A tract of land containing

Si ACRES,
more or less, adjoining lands of Samuel Keen,
Thom s C. Coilins, and lands of Robert Moderwell, dec'd. About 12 acres of the above land
are covered with heavy timber, ready to cut.
There are two streams of Water passing
through it, which makes water acces tible to
all the fields. The land is in a high state of cultivation, and under good fonces.
Any person wishing to view said premises
before the day of sale, will please cail on the
subscriber residing near the same.
Possession will be given April lst, 1897.
Sale to commence at 2 ociock, P. M., on said
day, when terms will be made known by
II. E. RAUB,
Administrator of said deceased,
sep 11

H. MABREY. THE CHEAPEST PLACE TO GET

sepll

INGER'S & HOWE'S SEWING MACHINES. ALSO, SILK, THREAD, COTTON.

NEEDLES, SHUTTLES, AND ALL SEWING MACHINE TRIMMINGS. All Machines warranted. No. 122 NORTH FOURTH STREET PHILADELPHIA.

Begal Aotices.

ESTATE OF CHRISTIAN ELIAS, LATE of Lancaster city, deceased.—The under-ESTATE OF CHRISTIAN ELIAS, LAGE of Lancaster city, deceased.—The undersigned Auditor, appointed to distribute the balance remaining in the hands of Catharine Elias, Administratrix of said deceased, to and among those legally entitled to the same, will attend for that purpose on WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 19th, 1869, at 20-clock P. M. in the Court House, in the City of Lancaster, where all persons interested in said distribution may attend.

SIMON P. EBY, Auditor,

Letters of Administration on the estate of Jacob Burtnel, late of Lancaster city, deed, having been granted to the subscriber residing in East Lampeter township, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them, without delay, properly authoriteated for settlement to

BENJAMIN W. HARNISH.

and 15 aug 15

STATE OF JACOB BARTHEL, DEC'D.
Letters of Administration on the estate

BY 32

FIGURE 15. STATE OF HENRY GANZ, DECD.—
Letters Testamentary on the estate of Henry Ganz, late of the City of Lancastor, dec'd, having been granted to the subscribers residing in said city, all persons Indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those baving claims will present them, without delay, properly authenticated for settlement.

FRANCIS X. HIEMEZ, or settlement, FRANCIS X, HIEMEZ, HENRY W, GANZ, aug/5 6tw* 52

ISTATE OF ADAM PHILIP FRIES, Late of the City of Lancaster, deceased.— Letters of Administration on said estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted thereto are requested to make imme-diate payment, and those having claims or de-mands against the same will present them for settlement to the undersigned, residing in said city.

Administratrix. lty. aug 8 6tw 31*

DETATE OF HETTIE STOHLER, DE-PRIATE OF HETTIE STOHLER, DEceased.—Letters of administration on the
estate of Hettie Stohler, late of Elizabeth township, deceased, having been granted to the
subscriber residing in Heidelberg township.
Lebanon county, all persons indebted to said
estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those naving claims will present
them, without delay, properly authenticated
for settlement to DANIELF, BITTNER,
aug 8 6kw 31 Schaefferstown, Leb. Co., Pa. ESTATE OF JAMES NEWPHER, SR., deceased.—Letters testamentary on the decised.—Letters testamentary on the estate of James Newpher, Senior, late of East Farl township, decessed, having been granted to the subscribers, residing in said township, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them, without delay, properly authenticated for settlement to WILLIAM NEWPHER, ADAM NEWPHER, aug 8 6tw*31

PSTATE OF HENRY REITZ, LATE OF East Earl Township, deceased. Letters of Administration on said estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted thereto are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them for settlement to the undersigned, residing in the township of Earl. HENRY R. REITZ, aug 22 ctw. (1) Administrator. Administrator.

E STATE OF CATHARINE DELIEB, Late of Ephrata township, Lancuster co., deceased. The undersigned Auditor, appointed to distribute the balance remaining in the hands of Jacob Laush, Administrator, to and appoint those legally emitted to the same, will

among those legally entitled to the same, will attend for that purpose on THURSDAY, SEP-TEMBER 13th, 18, at 10 octock A. M., at his office, in Ephrata townstop, where all persons interested in said distribution may attend. P. MARTIN HEITLER, Auditor, aug 23 E STATE OF WILLIAM KEGERREISE, late of West Cocalico township

Inte of West Cocalico township, deceased, Letters of administration on said estata having been granted to the undersigned, all persons the persons to the control of the co Administrator, East Cocalleo twp

REGISTER'S NOTICE. THE ACCOUNTS REGISTER'S NOTICE-THE ACCOUNTS
of the following persons are filed in the
Register's Office of Lancuster county for confirmation and allowance, at the Orphans'
Court, to be held in the Court House, in the
City of Lancuster, on the THIRD MONDAY IN
SEPTEMBER, (17th) at 10 o'clock, A. M. Margaret A. Lungan, Administratrix of Wm, Lungan, Lungan, Executor of John McColm, Peter H. Sauder, Guardian of Henry News-David McCoim, Executor of John McCoim, Peter H. Sauder, Guardian of Henry Newswanger, Edward Morton, Administrator of William Wallace. W. G. Thompson, Administrator of W. A. G. Thompson, Jacob L. Hess, Guardian of Rudolph Hess. Jonathan F. Stoltzfus, Executor of Maria Smucker, Benjamin Mellinger, Administrator of John, B. Mellinger, who was Guardian of Benjamin Coyle. Coyle. Morris Jackson, Guardian of Joel J. Milner. Morris Jackson, Guardian of Alice H. Mil John Ranck, Guardian of Elizaboth Smoltz, Christianna Smeltz and Julia Ann Smeltz. Samuel H. Price, Administrator de bonis non of Jacob Horzog. Anna Lloyd, Administratrix of Joseph Lloyd. Maria L. Miller, Administratrix of Adam Mil-

ler. Charles D. Pritchett, Guardian of Ellen Remly Joseph Hiddleson, Administrator of Mary Hiddleson.! Isaac Keller, Executor of Mary Keller. Eli Batten, Administrator of Amos Batten Yenry B. Ressler, Administrator of Isaac F ler. William Aug. Atlee, Administrator of Madison T. Ritchie. Philip Oldwiler, Guardian of Mary Ann Meckley. John M. Heyberger, Administrator of Samuel S. Baughman. esse Bucher and Isaac Bucher, Administra-tors of Samuel Bucher, dec'd., who was Guardian of Levi Henry and Martin Brubaker.

John J. Evans and Robert A. Evans, Executors
of James Evans.
Robert A. Evans, Administrator of Catharine
Dissler.
Henry Metzler and Martin Metzler, Administrators of John Metzler. Henry Metzler and Martin Metzler, Administrators of John Metzler.
John Doner and Benjamin Hershey, Executors of Henry Hershey.
Toblas Kreider, Guardian of John Kreider, Jacob Kreider, Guardian of John Kreider, Kreider.
Panny Kolp, Administratrix of David Kolp.
Isaac O. Bruner, Administrator of Wm. Harrison Bruner.
Christian H. Bassler, Administrator of Catharine Bassler.

Bassier. E. Leman, Administrator of Edwin B. Webb. Henry E. Leman, Guardian of Geo. W. Webb. Christian Brubacaer, Moses M. Brubacher and Martin M. Brubacher, Executors of John Brubacher. MARLIN M. DIMORCHER, EXECUTOR Of John Brubscher. C. Hager, Administrator of Andrew Murry, John G. Monier, Levi Mohier and Martin Moh-ler. Executors of John Mohier. Henry Kegerries, Benj. Kegerries and Samuel Kegerries, Administrators of Houry Keger-Regardes, Administrators of Hearly Regarders, Prics.

Daniel Hartzog and Jonathan Hertzler, Administrators of Martin Hartzog.

John Miller, Guardian of Josephine Bair (late Johns).

Joseph Landis, Administrator of John Landis, Kate Minnich and Zacharlas Minnich, Administrators of Jacob Minnich, Jr.

Daniel Heisey, Guardian of Sarah Ebersole.

Michael M. Weidler and Samuel Weidler, Administrators of Michael Weidler, Administrators of Michael Weidler, Clement Geitner, Executor of Jacob Geitner, E. L. H. McCorkle, Administratrix of Wm. S. McCorkle. Clement Gettner, Executor of Jacob Golment Gettner, Executor of Jacob Golment, McCorkle, McCorkle, Gamuel G. Gensemer, Administrator of George Gensemer. Benjamin Breneman, Surviving Executor of Joseph Peck. Henry Nissley, Executors of Henry Nissley, Solomon H. Hagy and Peter Martin, Executors of Daniel Hagy, deceased, who was Executor of John Hagy. John H. Hagy, Solomon H. Hagy and Peter Martin, Administrators (d. b. n. c. t. a.) of John Hagy. Solomon H. Hagy and Peter Martin, Administrators with the Will annexed of Richard Derrick. Ethas Bomberger and Win. S. Brown, Administrators of Leah Hayerstick. Henry Musselman, Gaurdian of Joseph Herr, deceased.

Henry Musselman, Guardian deceased.
Joseph Loos, Guardian of Adam Kurtz.
Joseph Loos, Guardian of Adam Kurtz.
Samuel W. Clay, Administrator of Daniel Clay.
Samuel W. Clay, Administrator of John Basier.
John Strohm, Administrator of John Basier.
EMILEN FRANKLIN,
Legister. REGISTER'S OFFICE, Lancaster. Bone dust: Bone dust:

Bone Dust is known to be the strongest nanure for Grass, Corn and Wheat Fields, and or Flower Gardens.
The subscribers having started their BONE DUST MILL in South Water stroet, near the BONE Started their BONE of the Works, are now grinding Bone Dust, and ire prepared to supply all who may wish to less this MUPERIOR MANURE.

It is free from all other mixtures and we will sell it in small as well as large quantities.

The Highest Price Paid for Bones.

KIRCHER & LEBZELTER, sep 4 sep 4 PLASTIC PLATE ROOFING.

We are now prepared to put on this Roofing Lancaster county. Solon Robinson endorses as the CHEAPEST AND BEST before the ubilic. Everybody in the county who is erectage buildings is invited to send for particulars. Address, AARON WHITE,

aug 14

\$2,000 A YEAR MADE BY ANY ONE perience necessary. The Presidents, Cashlers, and Treasurers, of three Banks indorse the circular. Sent free with samples. Adaress the American Stencil Tool Works, Springfield Vermont.