The Soldiers Resolve to Vote as they Fought. The "Boys in Blue" still for the Union. From the Carlisle Volunteer.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CONVENTION.

For some weeks past the following call appeared at the head of the Carlisle Herald, the abolition organ of Cumber-, the abolition organ of Cumberland County: TO THE SOLDIERS OF PENNSYLVANIA.

TO THE SOLDIERS OF PENNSYLVANIA.

HARRISBURG, May 1, 1866.
In obedience to the authority vested in me by a resolution adopted by the Convention of Soldiers, held in this city, on the eighth day of March, 1866, I do hereby request the honorably discharged soldiers of Pennsylvania to meet in their respective Legislative districts, and elect delegates, the second of the convention during repeated. not exceeding five in number, to represent their district in a Soldiers' Convention, to

be held in the city of Pittsburg, on Tuesday the fifth of June next, at ten o'clock, A. M.

Where any Representative district comprises more than one county, the manner of electing the delegates is respectfully referred to the soldlers of the district, for such conference as will result in a fair representa-

tion of each county.

Citizens who have borne arms in defense of the nation against treason have especial interest in the purpose of this Convention, and it is desirable that as full a representation of the bruve defenders of the country as possible should be secured on this occa-

J. F. HARTRANFT. Late Brevet Major General, U. S. A. In accordance with the above call a coun-meeting of honorably discharged officers nd soldiers of Cumberland County will be and soldiers of Cumberland County will be held at Rheem's Hall, on Monday the 28th of May, at 11 o'clock, A. M. to select Five Delegates to represent the county in said Convention and to make arrangements for appointing Sonatorial Delegates in connec-tion with York county. ion with York county.

In pursuance of this notice, a large and enthusiastic meeting of honorably discharged soldiers, convened in Rheem's Hall, at the appointed houron Monday last. Nearly every borough and township in the county was represent-ed during the session of the Conven-

A temporary organization waseffected by calling Capt. E. Beatty, of Carlisle, to the chair, and selecting Capt. Jno. D. Adair as Secretary.

The following permanent officers were then elected: President—Capt, Jacob Dorsheimer of Mechanicsburg, Vice Presidents—Capt, Alex, S. Wood-burn, of Newton; Capt, T. F. Singiser, of Mechanicsburg, and Capt E. Beatty, of Car-

Necretaries—Capt, Isaiah H. Graham, of South Middleton, and Capt. Edgar Lee, of

The object of the meeting, as contained in the published call, was then stated y the President. On motion of Capt. Vagoner, it was then resolved that the Convention proceed to elect five delegates to represent Cumberland County in the Convention to be held at Pittsburg. The following gentlemen were then elected, with but slight opposition from a few Thad. Stevens radicals who were in the Convention—the vote standing about one hundred and thirty-three to twenty. The delegates are: Capt. Alex. S. Woodburn, of Newton; Capt. S. C. Wagoner, of Newville; Capt. W. P. Lloyd, of Lower Allen; Capt. J. A. Graham, of Frankford, and Captain Isalah H. Graham, of South Middleton.

Here Capt. Edgar Lee addressed the meeting, and declared that if it was the object of the Convention to endorse Andrew Johnson, he wished it distinctly understood that he was opposed to Johnson's policy, and wished to to Johnson's policy, and wished to withdraw from the Convention. Capt. Beatty and two or three others made similar remarks and also withdrew.

The following resolutions were then offered by Capt. Lloyd and unanimously

adopted: We the Soldiers of Cumberland County, who took part in the war for the Union, being this day assembled in Convention, under the eall of Major General Hartranft, do hereby declare to our fellow citizens our continents.

Account that maying longin for the Union, and assisted in restoring the national authority throughout the land, we are unalterably opposed to the Radieal revolutionists in Congress, who are attempting to do what the rebels failed to do—subvert our free institutions and destroy the Union.

Resolved, That the Rebellion being crushed and its armies dispersed, the people of the Southern States should be immediately restored to their rights in the Union, and loyal representatives should be admitted to Congress; and we declare the late action of Congress, excluding those States for four years from representation and at the same time making them subject to taxation, to be unjust and tyrannical.

Resolved. That this Government was Resolved, That this Government was made for white men, and should be so per-

made for white men, and should be so perpetuated; and we are therefore opposed to negro suffrage, and will sustain no candidate for office who will not avow himself unequivocally opposed to negro suffrage and negro equality.

Resolved, That we will sustain no party which seeks to detract from the honor justly due to white Soldiers, of conquering the Rebellion and saving the Union, by declaring that without the assistance of the negro, the that without the assistance of the negro, the cause would have been lost, and that "the

negro bears the palm."

Resolved, That we are in favor of the Resolved, That we are in favor of the equalization of the bounties of Soldiers and Sailors who fought in the war for the Union; and we arge upon Congress speedy legislation to effect this object.

Resolved, That we will stand by Andrew Johnson in his noble efforts to defent the bold bad men who stand in the way of the restoration of the States to their full Constitutional stights and that was believe

restoration of the States to their full Constitutional rights, and that we believe that in his magnanimous policy is only to be found a sure road to a restoration of a union of hearts, and union of States, and peace and prosperity to the land.

\*\*Resolved\*\*, That we believe that Hon. Hiester Clymer, the Democratic candidate for Governor of Pennsylvania, holds upon all the great principles of public policy views similar to our own, and is a firm supporter of President Johnson, and that there-

porter of President Johnson, and that there we will support him with our voice The hour of noon having arrived, the

Convention adjourned to meet at 2 P M., in the Court Hall. On the reassembling of the Convention, on motion of Captain Wagoner a committee on organization of one from each township in the county was ap-

pointed. After the transaction of some other business the Convention adjourned.

SCENES IN THE CONVENTION. There were many amusing incidents connected with the Soldiers' Convention, on Monday last. When the Convention was about to adjourn for dinner Mr. John Adair informed the soldiers that they could not meet in the Hall that afternoon, it having been rented for an Abolition meeting at 3 o'clock. This meeting was improvised by the Abolition leaders, the "Soldiers' friends," for the purpose of breaking up the Convention. The 'boys in blue' at once resolved to meet in the Court House or in front of it, and thus circumvented their pretended friends.

When the Chairman was appointing

the Standing Committee, the Districts were called in turn, and a member appointed from each. "New Cumberland," called the Secretary. No response. "Will some gentleman be kind enough to name a Committeeman from New Cumberland?" asked the Presi-Captain Waggoner, of Newville dent. Captain Waggoner, of New Yine, rose to his feet and very deliberately, with mock seriousness, suggested the name of John W. Geary. The suggestion was received with a shout of derivative learning and the President resive laughter, and the President re fused to add the name to the Committe until John endorsed the platform of the

Jonvention.
One of the radicals denounced the resolutions as "hell-born," and "disloyal," and was about withdrawing from the room, when the boys surrounded him and refused to let him out until he apologized for his insulting language. EDITORIAL COMMENTS OF THE VOL-

UNTEER. The "boys in blue" have come home, They have not only come home, but they have spoken in tones of thunder which will be heard from the Delaware to the Ohio. They have spoken to the people of Pennsylvania from the very home of John W. Geary, and they brand with the mark of falsehood the plea that the hero of Snickersville"

Soldiers' candidate."

A Soldiers' Convention assembled in this place, on Monday last, under the auspices of the Republican party, to bolister up the failing fortunes of Gen. Geary. The call for the Convention was Geary. The call for the Convention was published in the Republican papers of the county and in none others. The programme was "cut and dried" by the home-guard defachment of Carlisle, the resolutions were prepared, and the delegates to Pittsburg selected long before the day of the Convention. The meeting was called to order by a few patriotic gen tlemen of town, before the delegates from a distance had time to reach the Hall but the opportune arrival of about one lead trumps with five and an honor in hundred and fifty "boys in blue" from their hands."

THE CUMBERLAND COUNTY SULDIERS' the rural districts forced the patriotic fifteen from Carlisle to reconsider their action and go into a new election for officers of the Convention. It soon be-came evident to the astonished followers of Sumner and Stevens, who are expected to have everything their own way, that out of about one hundred and why, that of should one humate than seventy delegates present, fully one hundred and fifty of them repudiated the nomination of John W. Geary, and extunsiastically favored the election of Hiester Clymer. Five delegates were elected to the Pittsburg Convention, every one whom is an ardent supporter of Mr. Clymer; and resolutions were adopted denouncing the radical dis-unionists in Congress, declaring that the Southern States are entitled to immediate representation, avowing their oppo sition to negro suffrage, and endorsing the policy of Andrew Johnson and the nomination of Hiester Clymer.

The proceedings of this Convention have fallen like a bomb-shell into the Radical camp, and the visages of Abolition managers of Cumberland county are as wobegone as if they were just returning from the funeral o their nearest relative. 'The conduct of the select few who sought to control the Convention was ridiculously ab surd. They were astounded, stunned, stupefied by the overwhelming voice of the soldiers against them and their disunion projects. Their paper General had led them into a terrible masked battery. Could it be possible that the soldiers would turn against the men who had supplied them with rotten pork and shoddy garments? Were the "boys in blue" after all nothing but a set of malignant "copperheads?" They would have no affiliation with such miscreants, and the fifteen or twenty "loyal" fellows, who sought to make a little capital for themselves and their candidate by manipulating the Convention, withdrew in disgust, but hat in hand, and with all the dignity of Toombs, Slidell and Wigfall, when they seceded from the Senate of the United States. It was the secession of the "boys in black" from the "boys in blue." Their withdrawal created considerable merriment among the sol dicrs; but the Convention proceeded with its business, totally unconscious o

the vast amount of respectability, loy-alty, intelligence and virtue which had withdrawn from its deliberations.

This Convention scaled the fate

Gen. John W. Geary. Repudiated by the soldiers of his own county—by men who are his neighbors and who know him—by those who know exactly the value of the services he rendered his country during the war—with what assurance can he ask the support of the soldiers of Pennsylvania? His quach military reputation has been swept away by the indignant scorn of the fighting soldiers of Cumberland county—the brave boys, many of whom followed the Stars and Stripes through every battle-field from Gainsville to Petersburg. He is literally more defunct than a "dead duck." The soldiers meant this as no idle declaration, nor did they merely intend to pay Hiester Clymer an empty compliment They are organizing for the campaign; a standing committee has been appointed and clubs are to be started everywhere; and among the soldiers of Cumberland county alone an overwhelming majority will be rolled up against the Stevens Forney disunion candidate for Governor An effort will doubtless be made to make t appear that this was a "copperhead Convention; but we heard soldiers, who took part in it and remained in it to the last, declare that they had never voted a Democratic ticket in their lives, but that they could not and would not support John W. Geary on a disunion, negro-equality platform. Moreover it was called by the republican leaders, its prelim inary organization was exclusively Re publican, and its purpose was to advance the interests of the Republican party. If the Abolition managers were beaten If the Abolition managers were beaten at their own game, they have none but themselves to blame. We have simply themselves to blame. We have simply followed their advice during the indignities and persecutions of the last five years, and patiently "waited until the soldiers came home."

Last Hours of General Scott. Correspondence of the N. Y. Herald. Roe's House, West Point, May 29 1866.—Lieutenant General Winfield Scott died at his house to-day at five minutes past 11. He departed peacefully. No struggle indicated the passage of the old hero's soul from its earthly tenement. Although his demise was anticipated yet his death was com-paratively sudden. Upon his arrival here on the evening of the 10th inst., liv special boat from New York, it wa observed that he was very feeble. Upon descending from the carriage he tottered a little and had to pause upon every step as he mounted to the hotel. After a few days, however, he rallied considerably, and as late as Saturday, at half past two, was out to the library and the village riding. The same day he wrote some letters to friends; but a few days before he requested Gen, Callum, con mandant of the post, to indite a letter for him, which he franked himself, though in an almost illegible hand.

He appeared to suffer from no specific ailment, but rather a general decline of physical strength. His mind was clear n the last. So little expectation was here of his immediate demise that his daughter Mrs. Hoyt, of New York, who had been staying with him for some days, left there for home yesterday. Last night the General was taken with a chill, and the assistant surgeon of the post, Dr. Marsh, was immediately sum post, Dr. Marsh, was immediately summoned. Even then there appeared to be no danger, and at nine o'clock this morning Dr. Marsh assured General Collum that he had no apprehension of immediate dissolution: but in a short time it became evident that the event ul and useful life of the patriot soldier

was drawing to a close.
The chaplain, Rev. J. A. French, was called in and taking the General'shand recited a prayer. Though quite con-scious and cognizant that death was upon him the power of speech was gone, but the dying soldier pressed the hand of the clergyman and bowed his head pentedly in token of his consciousness the last of the solemn rites which Mr. French was performing according t the rules of the Episcopal church.

At precisely five minutes after eleven quietly as if a slumber, the patriot whose ife has been so intimately associated with the military history of his country

There were present with him at the last moment General G. W. Callum Commandant of West Point, and for many years Aid to General Scott; Surgeon Head, Assistant Surgeon Marsh, Chaplain French, and the General's faithful body servant. General Callum immediately telegraphed to Mrs. Hoyt tho arrived here at five o'clock this afternoon. At the desire of the deceased General'

daughter, Mrs. Hoyt—and it is though the old hero himself had the same wish—the remains will be interred in the West Point Cemetery.
General Scott had only been confined to bed for the last three days, but during

that time his strength was gradually failing and he seemed to have a presen timent that this was his last visit to West Point, in which institution he tool in intense interest and at which h spent every summer for the last forty When coming from the boat of he 10th of May, he remarked to a frienchat he had come to the old academy to lie, and in conversation with Captain Boynton a few days ago, he replied to some remark concerning his visit to West Point that he came there to b buried. It seems appropriate that the great military academy of the nation should be the dying place of the nation's

oldest soldier.
The funeral will take place at on o'clock on Friday, with such military pomp as the post can afford. It is exected, however, that there will be arge accession of eminent personage from Washington and elsewhere.

The last words of General Scott are worth remembering. About twenty-five minutes before his death he adressed his hostler, Allen, saying:
'James, how is the horse?' "He is
well, General." "Take care of him, yeii, General. Take care of him, James," said the dying hero, and these were the last intelligible words he uttered. In less than half an hour all was over, and General Scott had become im-

nortal.

THE following instructive fact stated by Mr. Lawrence, author of Guy Livingstone, in his recently published novel, Sans Merci, must, it is believed, be useful to a class of whist-players, for whom, without reformation, the fate of "eleven thousand Englishmen" is reserved: "It has been computed," he said very slowly, "that eleven thousand Englishmen, heirs to fair fortunes, are wander-

ing about the continent in a state of

utter destitution because they would not

## Local Intelligence.

THE POOR HOUSE AND HOSPITAL .- WE his morning visited the Poor House and Hospital belonging to the county of Laneaster, and were conducted through the different departments. The Poor House is separate from the Hospital and is built of stone. There is a sitting room for old decrepid women, who also have a dormitory o themselves. Three rooms are apporioned offfor the use of women and children, n one of which rooms we saw a poor little olind infant, the offspring of Peters, who was sentenced at the last Court for the murder of his wife at Reamstown. The men have a sitting room and two dormiories, one being for old men only. There are senarate dining rooms for All the male and female inmates. ooms are patterns of neatness and cleanliness, and are comfortably fitted up. The food that is allowed to the inmates is of the best description, and they are allowed as much as they can eat. They have bread and coffee for breakfast, soup, bread, meat and potatoes for dinner, and bread and cofee for supper; the men who work have also meat morning and evening. The inmates rise at five o'clock in the morning, nd the doors are locked at 9 p. m., the meal hours being 6 a.m., 12 m., and 6 p. m. Attached to the poor house is a bake house, where all the bread for both institutions is nade by an experienced baker, who is employed for that purpose. The consumption of flour is about nine barrels per week at this season of the year, but exceeds that during the winter months. One or two of the inmates are usually employed as carpenters, doing what repairing and fixing is requisite about the building and outhouses, and making coffins. The able bodied men who can work are employed in the garden and upon the farm. The present number of inmates is about 68 males, 47 females, in all 114, which includes children. No colored persons are allowed in this institution. Mr. Samuel Spielman is the House Steward and has the supervision of the farm, which consists of 237 acres of land, all under cultivation, with the exception of broken land made by the Conestoga winding through a portion of it, and places where there are quarries and sand holes. They raise sufficient vegetables and corn for the consumption

ooth institutions, but not sufficient wheat to find them in flour. The Hospital is a brick building on the East of the Poor House and is divided into apartments suitable for the accommodation of the different classes of inmates. There is a room for superannuated women, some of whom are bedridden, blind, unable to walk, and one we noticed who is a mute and partially idiotic. The other apartments in this part of the building are for younger women. The convalescent women have to cook the food for and wait upon the others. The men's department is similarly divided off to the women's, only there are 8 in a room in the men's and only 7 in the wonen's. Amongst the aged and decrepid old men there is one George Carrel, who is quite blind; he served thirteen years in the Army of Napoleon the First, and was with him during his disastrous Russian campaign. He also fought at the battle of Copenhagen, where Lord Nelson had command of the English fleet. In this departnent there are also some few who are partially lunatics, but who are allowed to go where they please during the daytime. One of these unfortunate beings informed us that he owned \$18,000 in gold, and he also was the rightful owner of the Book of Genesis, that he shortly intended to pay his debts and would not allow them to sell his shirt off his back. This class of inmates are locked in cells at night time, in case of any danger. In the upper part of this building some few young convalescent women are employed making upgarments, there are also two shoemakers at work there. The dining rooms and kitchens are in the

pasement. The food is cooked by steam and the rations in this institution are simiar to those in the Poor house. The washhouse is a short distance from the main building and is fitted up with every convenience requisite for the work to be performed there. In the basement there are also two rooms for colored people, one for males and the other for females, and also a number of cells for lunatics who are allowed to walk in an enclosed yard during the lay-time. All the floors in this building are scrubbed every morning, and men are constantly employed in whitewashing the rooms. No building could possibly be kept cleaner, and everything is done for the conducement of health. The Doctor, who has a well fitted-up surgery in the building, visits twice a week and at other times whenever called upon by the Superntendent. The number of inmates in the Hospital at the last meeting of the directors was 112, which number includes 47 nales, adults, 47 females, adults, the balance being children, of this number there

are 13 male and 14 female lunatics. At the North end of the present building a cellar or basement of a new Hospital is now being dug. It'will be 125 feet in length by 30 feet in breath, and is to be built of brick, three stories high, including basement. It will be fitted up with cells for lunatics and rooms for the sick, with all modern improvements. We should, however, have preferred that the new building b erected on more elevated ground, and at reater distance from the present institu-

tions, and used for lunatics only. Mr. J. O. Steinheiser, the Superintendent of the Hospital and Clerk to the Board of Directors evidently spares no pains to alleviate the suffering of those under his charge and appears to have the confidence of that

pitiable class, the lunatics. THE JAIL.—This forenoon we paid a visit our County Juil, and immediately upon entering were struck with the scrupulously neat and clean appearance of everything round us. Mr. J. L. Hoffmeier the clerk. introduced us to Mr. Henry Shubert one of he under-keepers, who showed us around the building and premises. At the present time there are 62 prisoners in the jail, 7 of whom are females. There are 2 colored women and 6 colored men included in that number. The convicts are employed at various trades and occupations. There are Scarpet weavers, 5 Shoemakers, 5 Baske makers, 1 Bag weaver and 1 Cigar maker, besides cooks, bakers, etc. The articles numbetured by the convicts are sold, and in the course of twelve months realize a very considerable sum. We understand that many citizens furnish the varn and rags for carpets and have them woven by the prisoners, paying by the yard for the weaving. The fact of the convicts being kept at profitable labor very much lessens the county taxes, besides having a salutary

effect upon the laborers. Amongst the prisoners is a horse thief waiting for trial, and a deserter from the army. In one of the cells on the second tier is a demented colored man nearly 60 years of age, who has been sent there for safe keeping. He calls himself Jim Crow, and having procured a quantity of carpet rags, has twisted them into various shape: and designs with which he decorates himself, and upon being visited by any one will indulge in a song and break-down dance, and it is astonishing how supple he is for one so old. He has also manufac tured several rag dolls, which he uses a

sentries at the door of his cell. We have visited many jails, both east and west of this, but must assert that we have never seen one where cleanliness is so vell observed and where there is such an absence of that stifling, nauseating atmos phere so common in such institutions equal to the Lancaster jail.

Persons desiring to invest money in a good enterprise, should take the trouble to xamine into the Monte Christo Gold and Silver Mining Company. The plan of oranization prevents the possibility of a oss, and insures a dividend of not less than wenty-five per cent. on the money, with he prospect of nearly double. We chalenge the closest examination. Orders for his stock may be left with Messrs. Bair & Clarkson, of this city.

THE HOUSEHOLD MARKET.-The market was abundantly supplied this morning, and there was a large attendance of buyers and sellers. Prime Butter sold at from 20 to 25c; Eggs 20 to 22c; choice cuts of Beef and Mutton, 20c; Green Peas, 80c per peck; Strawberries. 50c: Currants, 10c; berries, 10c; Rhubarb, 10c; Asparagus, 5@ 10c, and other articles in like proportion. The Fish market was also supplied, with prices unchanged.

COTTON MILL No. 3.—Yesterday after-100n we visited Conestorn Steam Cotton Mill No. 3, and were shown through the different departments by Dr. Henry Carpenter, one of the proprietors. The Engine Room is fitted up with a double engine of two hundred and fifty horse power, having horizontal cylinders. It is of N.T. Green's patent, and was built by Thurston, Gardner t Co., of Providence, R. I., the pattern being made and the engine complet ready to run in four weeks from the date of the order being given. Green's patent consists in an improved valve and one room there are two sets of Boilers. one set consisting of six plain cylinder boilers 30 feet long and 30 inches in diameter, and one furnace boiler with flues, 60 inches in diameter and 24 feet long; these are only used in case of accident to those in constant use or when they may require cleaning. Those which are in daily use consist of five tubular boilers 4 feet in diameter, 18 feet long, and each containing 54 three inch tubes. About four tons of common anthracite coal is consumed daily. The cotton house is a long brick fire proc building, 40 feet by 100 feet, and is used for storing away the raw material in bales The willow room is the first place to which the raw material istaken, where it is sorted and passed through a willow machine which cleanses it and blows it free from dust through a tube into the picking room, where it is taken as required, and pass ed through a second cleansing machine, formed into rolls, and passed into the carding room. In this department there are sixty-nine carding machines in opera tion. The rolls are carried off from the carding machines on the speeder, where they are reduced down to a fine degree and spooled, preparatory to being taken to the mule or spining room. The departments that we have already noticed are on the first floor of the building. On the the third floor is the mule or spinning room, where the cotton is spun and wound on the bobbins and then transferred to the dressing room. This room is 250 feet long by 60 wide, unite free from pillars, and contains 22 mules on each of which are 512 spindles making in all 10,240. These are attended by young boys and girls, who tie up the yarn in case of a break, remove the bobbins when full, etc. The attic above is used as an additional spinning room, and contains one pair of mules, with 1024 spindles, and four spinning frames, with 512 spindles. The bobbins are transferred to the dressing

room on the first floor, where the yarn is dressed, the warp wound upon large beams and the filling spooled and then taken to the weaving room on the second floor, where it is woven into cloth for the printing of calicoes. The weaving room is of the same dimensions as the mule room, and is fitted up with 280 looms, which are attended by both males and temales, each of whom take charge of from two to six, according to their experience and skill. About forty yards of cloth per day is turned off each oom. The cloth after being taken off is transferred to the cloth room on the first loor, where it is brushed, measured and folded by machinery and put up into bales. each bale being marked with the number of yards, numbered and registered.

The machinery used in this extensive

Factory is of the most improved pattern and has been erected at an enormous outlay. There are nearly three hundred hands inployed, and the wages paid monthly average about \$5000, which amount i brought from abroad and circulated amongst our Lancaster merchants, hence the benefit to our city of such enterpises as we have described. The name or style of the firm who own

this extensive concern is Messrs. Shenk Bausman, Carpenter & Co., the individual members of the firm being Benjamin F. Shenk, Jacob Bausman, Dr. John L. Atlee. Sr., Thomas Baumgardner and Dr. Henry Carpenter. This firm also own Mill No. 4 which is

being fitted up in similar style to No. 3. It has a single horizontal cylinder one hundred horse power engine, and will run 80 looms in the weaving room. It is calculated that this mill turn out about two-fifths as much cloth as No. 3. The firm expect to have it in full operation in the course of a few weeks.

THE GAS WORKS .- The works from which the gas used in this city is supplied were organized in 1849 and were at first started for the manufacture of gas from Rosin which proving to be too expensive a process, it was found expedient to change them into coal gas works. The coal which is at present used is of a bituminous nature and procured in the neighborhood of Pittsburg, in the Youghioghenny Valley, and is gen erally conceded to be the best gas producing coal in this State. In the retort house there are seven benches each containing three retorts, but at the present time they are only using two of the benches. When the gas is generated in the retorts it is conveved to the purifying room, which contains fou purifiers packed with lime, through which the gas passes and is then conveyed to the metres and from thence, after being meas ured, to the large iron tanks or reservoirs commonly called gasometers. Of the gas ometers there are two, a very large one capable of holding 45,000 cubic feet of gas the other will hold but 20,000 cubic feet from these tanks the gas is conveyed through the main pipes into the service pipes. The lime which is used to purify the gas is burned upon the premises from oyster shells, for the purpose of doing which, the dust from the coke is used. The coke that is taken from the retorts is sold at 10 cents per bushel on the premises and there is a great demand for it. Not so however with the gas tar, for which there does no appear to be any market in this city. If some enterprising citizen would start lamp black factory here, we think he could do well with it. There are at present about 11,000 feet of main pipe laid down in the

city, and the streets are lighted with about 107 burners. The company, at the present season of the year manufacture from 22,000 to 25 000 cubic feet of gas per day, but in the winter months they reach as high as 60,000 feet and upwards.

These works belong to a chartered stock company, the shares being originally worth \$25, but they are now selling at about

\$30 or \$31 and are paying a semi-annual dividend of from \$1 to \$1.25 per share. The Board of Directors are Messrs. C Hager, Jacob Bausman, James L. Reynolds, Luther Richards, Hon. H. G. Long, and Drs. J. L. Atlee and H. Carpenter. C. Hager, Esq., is the President; James L Reynolds, Esq., the Secretary, and George K. Reed, Esq., the Treasurer. Mr. Hugh Corcoran is the Superintendent of

works. HORSE STEALING .- On Saturday morning Mr. John Murphy, of the firm of Leman. Murphy & Co., Livery Stable keepers of this city, received a telegram from Mr. Hugh Tower, Livery Stable keeper of Harrisburg, stating that a bay mare and open top buggy, giving an accurate description of both. vere stolen from him yesterday. Mr. Murphy immediately proceeded to the several stables in this city, and found a buggy answering the description in Mr. William Ray's yard, and upon inquiry was informed that the man who had left the buggy there had sold to Mr. George Hartman a mare for \$100, but had not yet been paid for her. By some means the object of Mr. Murphy's inquiries leaked out, and the thief hearing

thereof, cleared out without calling on Mr Hartman for the price of the mare. Finding that the scamp had got wind that his robbery was known here, Mr. Murphy proceeded to the depot in order to search hrough the Philadelphia train due here at 9.10 A. M., but it had just left when he reached there. He then telegraphed to Mr. Zook, the conductor of the train, to Parkesburg, a description of the thief, and in answer received word that he was on the train and talling Mr. M. to follow on the fast line. which had already passed this city. Mr. Murphy again telegraphed to the conductor to have the man arrrested in Philadelphia and to held him, and that he, Mr. M., would

THE POOR HOUSE AND HOSPITAL .- OR Saturday last the Directors of the Poor held their usual monthly meeting, when the following report for the month ending May 31st, 1866, was rendered: Admissions, 29; discharges, 50; elopements, 1; births, 1; deaths, 5; remaining in the house, men. 54: women, 20: children, 17; Total, 91. Bemaining in the

be there to-night.

A NEW HEARSE.-Mr. Lewis Suter on Friday received from Messrs A. B. Landis & Co., of Mount Joy, the manufacturers, a very elegant new hearse. It is of a neath canopy shape with arched top. The sides are fitted with oval plates of glass, extending the full length, and there is an oval glass light in the door at the back. The roller and slides in the inside are of the latest improvements and patterns. Either white or black drapery of cloth of the finest texture can be hung on the inside as occasion may require, and either white or black plumes of the best manufacture can be used on the top. The sockets for the plumes are of German silver frosted. The running gear is of the best description, and fitted with patent Eliptic springs. The lamps are of the latest style, and the external of the hearse is a glossy black, the carriage altogother being unique and handsome. We would add, that much taste in design

hearse and \$120 for the plumes. ANNUAL CONCLAVE OF THE GRAND COMMANDERY .- On Tuesday, the 12th instant, the annual conclave of the Grand Commandery of Knights Templar of the State of Pennsylvania, will commence in this city. The committee of management have been notified that there will be dele gations of 60 from Reading, accompanied by a Brass Band, 60 from York, 60 from Easton, accompanied by the celebrated Bethlehem Brass Band of 28 instruments, 35 from Bloomsburg, and 40 from Altoons They have not yet heard from Philadelphia, Harrisburg and Pittsburg, but large lelegations are expected from those cities On Wednesday, the 13th instant, it is the intention to have a parade in full uniform the route of which will be duly noticed in

and mechanical skill in execution has been

displayed in its manufacture. Mr. Suter

informs us that it cost him \$1,000 for the

IMPORTANT COURT PROCEEDINGS-In the urt of Common Pleas-Before Hon H. G.

this paper.

LongJacob G. Oldweiler, plaintiff, vs. Th School Directors of West Donegal township. This was an action originally commenced by petition for a mandamus to compel the School Directors of the township of West Donegal, to levy and assess a tax to reimburse certain citizens of said township, who had subscribed and paid their money to raise bounties for volunteers who had been mustered into the service of the United States, under the late calls of the Presiden and credited to the said township.

The Petitioner alleged that he and others had subscribed and paid the said money for the purpose aforesaid, with an under standing or agreement, that if a certain bil then pending before the Legislature should become a law, that the said money would be refunded. The bill referred|to subsequently became a law. The Court instead of passing upon the petition, answer and depositions, directed an issue to ascertain the facts.

The understanding or agreement was not made with the corporate authorities, but was made and had at a meeting held in the school house in the said township on the 15th day of February, 1864, which meet ing was composed of tax-payers of said township, two previous meetings having been held on the 9th and 11th of February espectively, and presided over by the same officers. Various propositions were suggested at the first two meetings to raise money for the purpose of avoiding the draft which had utterly failed, when on the evening of the 15th this new plan was proposed, adopted by the meeting as the plain tiff alleged, and proved successful in raising

the amount required. The defendants denied that there was uch an agreement or understanding, and that fact was therefore determined by the jury upon the evidence submitted on both The jury found the main and important

facts in favor of the Plaintiff. The facts having been determined upon the next move will be for a mandamus to compel the School Directors to levy the tax for the payment of said bounties. The amount subscribed and paid by the Plainiffs and others being between \$6,000 and \$7,000.

first that has been tested under the Bounty Act of 1864. A. Herr Smith, Esq., was counsel for the Plaintiff, and N. Ellmaker, Esq., for the

defendants. Daniel Kline, plaintiff, vs. The Columbi and Reading Railroad Company, Defendants. This was an action for the recovery of damages for injury done by the Defend ants in constructing their railroad over the and of the plaintiff. It appeared from the evidence that the said road runs within 250 feet of the plaintiff's barn, making an embankment of ten and a half feet and closing plaintiff's lane that led from the barn vare to his fields, and cutting the field through which it passes, into angles, and making i exceedingly inconvenient of access to th ame. The farm contains about 83 acres about 20 of which with all the improve ments, by the manner in which the road cuts it, are thrown on one side and the bal nce on the other side of the road. The true measure of damages would therefore be the difference between the value of the shole tract unaffected by the Railroad, and as affected by the Railroad.

The case had been cast upon by si iewers, who were appointed by an order of court, and who found \$2000 damages An appeal was then taken and the company having made an affidavit that they ould not get an impartial trial in this county, the same was removed to York county. After three unsuccessful efforts to ry the case in the said county, the records were returned to Lancaster, and a special jury were struck, on the application of the defendants, who viewed the premises. The jury were instructed by the court that it was a question of tact for them to pass upon; and the court further added that the ury were not to take into consideration any fanciful or fictitious damages about the dangers of fire, etc., nor consider the

absence of bridges and crossings. Upon deliberation the jury found a verdict in avor of the plaintiff. Damages \$4,143. A. Herr Smith and William R. Wilson Esqs., were counsel for the plaintiff, and I. M. North and George F. Breneman, Esqs., for the defendants.

LANCASTER HORSE MARKET, MONDAY JUNE 4TH, 1866.-The Horse Market has not been quite as brisk as for several weeks previous. The arrivals and sales are fower ind range as follows: Morgart's.-47 head on hand last Mon-

day. The arrivals during the past week vere 32 head to Messrs. Sharp & Co., Steckman and others. The sales and shipments amount to 47 head, leaving 32 hea yet in the stables.

Copeland & Cline's.—27 head on handlas

Monday. The arrivals were 36 head bought up in the county. The sales and shipment amount to 45 head, leaving 18 head in the stable for sale. THEFT .- A man of the name of Rosen burg applied for work on Saturday last

upon the new brewery building being prected by Mr. Adam Berger, at Millers town, and was engaged, and commenced laboring on Monday morning. He boarded at the same house as Henry Koff, who is working on the building, both sleeping in the one room. Koff went to bed late, and laying his vest with his watch in the pocket at the head of his bed. Some time during the night Rosenburg de camped, stealing the vest, a silver double cased watch, silver watch guard, and a nev pair of calf skin boots, all belonging to Koff. The thief told some of his fellow workmen that he was going to Philadel phia, so Koff has telegraphed the particulars of the robbery to the police authori

TYPOGRAPHICAL.-The National Typo graphical Union commenced its 14th annual session yesterday at Chicago, Illinois The attendance of delegates is large, twenty-two States being represented. The fol owing officers were chosen for the ensuing veer President, John H. Oberdy, of Cairo Ill.; 1st Vice President, James Risk, o Mobile Ala · 2d Vice President, J. E. Davis, of New York; Secretary and Treasarer, Alexander Troup, of Boston, Mass. Corresponding Secretary, M. J. Devine, of Savannah, Georgia. Mr. William B. Savannah, Georgia. Strine, Foreman of the composing room of the Intelligencer, is the delegate from Hospital, men, 46; women, 41; children, 16; Total 103. Total in both Houses, 194. Lancaster Union, No. 70.

It is desirable to have a comfortable room, with sufficient and suitable seats, large blackboard surface, and all needful THE EMPIRE FAIR .- The fair of the Empire Hook and Lidder Company opened a Fulton Hall last evening. The hall is very neatly and prettily decorated with tri-col ored bunting and evergreens entwined around frames in front of the tables, the coats of arms of every State in the Union peing also displayed on the frames. The stage is decorated with the Union Fire Company's flag, two flags belonging to the 122d Regiment, the Fencibles' flag and the Union League flag, grouped and surmounted with the Cap of Liberty. In front of this group

suitable school furniture and apparatus, and for the adoption of a series of books. and for the adoption of a series of and for the adoption of a series of books.

The applicants are requested to come prepared with writing material; and to be present at the place of examination at the time appointed.

The Directors and the public are respectof flags is a fountain, the water spurting through a metallic swan, and at each corner of the basin there is an earthen vase for flowers. On the left of the fountain is a very fine stuffed specimen of that beautiful fully invited to attend. DAVID EVANS, plumed bird, the Peacock, and on either County Superintendant. side of the stage is a large vase for flowers The proscenium is decorated with tri-colore

bunting, with the names of all the fire ompanies in the city intermixed printed coat of arms in the centre. On the right of the proscenium is the flag of the Sun Fire flag. The tables are arrayed around the space for furniture and other heavy goods and also for a refreshment table. On the of 100 feet.

> Philadelphia, manufacturers of Candies, Fruits, Nuts, and other goods in the confectionary line, invite orders from country lealers. All orders, large or small, will be All orders, large or small, will be

not desire to create jealousy or rivalry amongst the ladies, who have taken so following: nuch trouble in furnishing them and all o "English capitalists have purchased £000-000 of the Colorado mining lands, and their whom are so ably presiding at them, we shall merely give a list of a few articles or each table, selecting such as appeared to us

recent purchase has been the Seaton Lod of 1,000 feet, for which they paid £100,000. o be the most worthy of note. Mrs. Westhactfer's Table. - A silver plated pitcher, a silver-plated breakfast castor, sil ver fruit knife, calendar clock, bread basket June 4th, 1866: bottles of Clinton wine, Boy doll, Frosted Family flour, \$\mathcal{H}\$ bar .... Mrs. Spencer's Table,-A silver plated

pitcher, a silver plated fruit dish and stand, two elegant chairs, the seats of which are covered with berlin wool work, a silver nlated fish slice. Oats.....do Whiskey.....do Children's Bazaar.—Their table is cover-

on large oval cards, with the United State

Company and on the left the Fenian gree

hall and in the centre there is an enclose

right and left of the entrance are severa

ables and benches screened from the public

gaze by the stars and stripes, where little

private parties can set and enjoy their ico-

cream and other refreshments, and have

We visited all the tables, and as we

good time by themselves,

ake.

d with toys, sweet-meats, &c., and the lit. tle folks have a chance of trying their luck in a wheel of fortune.

Mrs. Clara Kauffman's Table.-Four legant vases of wax flowers under glass shades and two beautiful phantom bouquets under shades.

Mrs. Edwin Broom's Table.-One chair vith berlin wool worked sent. A silver plated set on salver for a sick-room. Boquet stand with Tennossee marble slab silver-plated card-basket, a gentleman's quilted robe. Mrs. John II. Reigart's Table.-A silver

plated cake basket, a very neat chamber sett, a carriage Afghan, toy furniture, breac Mrs. Thomas Baumgardner's Table.-

silver-plated tea-sett consisting of 6 pieces carriage Afghan, two guess dolls, a set o vory handled knives. Mrs. Emanuel Gast's Table .- A silverlated cake basket, a worsted worked ot oman, miniature Goddess of Liberty, a silver-plated breakfast castor, an office

hair, the little stranger's basket, beac oasket. Mrs. Strickler Everts' Table .- Four soft cushions, ladies' wrapper, bead basket, cross nade of perforated cardboard, childrens wearing apparels, frosted cake, a silver plated pitcher, silver-plated breakfast cas or, silver knife, silver card basket, leathe

valise. In the Centre Enclosure. - A full set of ros ood horse hair bottomed furniture, 3 children's carriages, I sewing machine, Grove k Baker's make, and 1 of Howe's make. An entire dinner set, a quantity of stone ware, a patent boiler, a beautiful gold aded cane to be presented to the candidat for the Gubenatorial chair who may receive the largest number of votes during the fair Four elegant silver torches to be presented to the Fire Company receiving the largest number of votes during the fair. Mrs Chus M Howell's

ble was laden with cakes ornamented with Hook & Ladder. &c., canned peaches, jellie ice cream, sweet meats; &c., &c. Mrs. Ball's Refreshment Table was groat ng under the weight of boiled ham, roas

Miss Howell's Refreshment Table present ed a spectacle of frosted cakes, sweet neats, strawberries, ice cream that would make a dyspetic jubilant and restore a los appetite.

Miss Lauisa Kerfaat's Refreshment Table n the centre of which was a fine decker vramid frosted cake, was so loaded with cakes, sweet meats, entawha wine, &c., tha we really thought she would require a spe ial committee of gentlemen to keep off th

ourchasers. The table at which the Lemonade wa erved was presided over by a gentleman on this table was the water cooler which ve have before noticed as being on exhibiion at Mr. Flinn's store,

At either end of the room is a telegrap ing instrument, and messages are transmitted and conversations held between riends who are stationed so far apart. The attendance last evening was very

arge, and it has seldom been our good forine to see such an array of beauty at one assemblage, as we then witnessed. We also could not help remarking that the simplicty of dress of many of the ladies seemed to add charms to those who were already eautiful. The initiation of the fair was certainly

success, as we are informed by the Treasirer that the receipts exceeded \$500. We trust our good citizens will extend a ver iberal patronage to this fair, as its s one in which all are interested. The ladies who have taken an active part in getting it up have certainly done their share, it is now nly necessary for the gentlemen to loosen heir purse strings and do their part. Much credit is due to the Committee Arrangements, which consists of Messrs.

Charles M. Howell, A. C. Flinn, A. Lecher, C. Widmyer, James H. Barnes, John Best, Philip Lebzelter, Thomas Greives, William Johnson, Elam Hurst, Dr. W. N. Amer, John B. Kevinski, Bernard J. Mo-Grann, N. Malone, Thomas J. Wentz, William E. Swentzel and John Herr. C. Widnyer, Esq., is the Treasurer and William E. Swentzel the Secretary.

THE Examination of Applicants for Schools in Lancaster county, will be held in the following districts, at the time places hereinafter specified: Lancaster City-June 16th and June 23rd, a. m., High School.

a. m., High School.
Columbia borough—July 5th, 9 a. m.
Marietta borough—July 6th, 9 a. m.
Mount Joy borough—July 7th, 9 a. m.
Bart twp.—July 9th, 10 a. m., Green Tre
Sadsbury twp.—July 10th, 9 a. m., Chri iiana. Salisbury twp.—July 11th, 9a. m., White Horse.
Leacock township and New Milltown

Horse, Strasburg bor, and twp.—July 14th, 9 a. m., High School, Strasburg, Martic twp.—July 16th 9 a., m. Marticille. Providence twp.—July 17th, 9 a. m., New Drumore twp.—July 18th, 9 a. m., Chest-Fulton twp.—July 19th, 9 a.m., Penn

district—July 12th, 9 a. m., Intercourse. Paradise twp.—July 13th, 9 a. m., Black

Little Britain twp.—July 20th, 9 a. m., Oak lll. Eden twp.—July<u>'</u>21st, 9 a. m., Quarry ille. Manor twp.—July 23rd, 9 a. m. Central Manor.
Washington bor.—July 24th, 9 a. m.
Upper Leacock twp.—July 26th, 9 A. M.,
Bareville.

East Lampeter twp.-July 27th, 9 A. M. Enterprise. West Lampeter twp.—July 28th, 9 A. M., Lampeter Square. Conestoga twp.—August 6th, 9 A. M., Conestoga Centre. Safe Harbor district.—August 6th, 8 P. Pequea twp.—August 7th, 9 A. M., Wil-

ow Street.
West Earl twp.—August 8th, 9 A. M., Farmersville.
Warwick twp. and Litiz district.—August 9th, 9 A. M., Litiz.
Manheim twp.—August 10th, 9 A M., ensville. East Hempfield twp.—August 11th, 9 A. f., Petersburg. The Directors of the several Districts are requested to make all necessary arrangements to make the examinations pleasant

pparatus. They are also requested to demand of every applicant for a school to appear before them at the public examination, and
not the employ teachers unless they will fire
produce a valid certificate. Private examination will not be granted except where
the applicant was, necessarily, absent from
home or sick during the time of the public
examinations.

examinations.

Their attention is also directed to the fact hat now is the time for the introduction o

COLORADO. -An idea of the value of some claims (100 feet each), in this district, may be formed when the fact is considered, that it often occurs that they yield millions of dollars, and have in several instances been sold for \$25,000 per foot. Mr. Fields, from 331 feet of the Bobtail Lode has taken ou already over \$200,000 in gold, and \$266,000 has been offered and refused for 331 feet of this same lode, equal to \$800,000 for a claim

GEO. MILLER & SONS, 610 Market street,

THE opinion entertained by those abroad of claims in this district, is shown by the agents and employees are now en route to develop the same. The claims are princi-pally in Russell and Trail districts, and a

LANCASTER GRAIN MARKET, MONDAY, Extra do do do Superfine do do Wheat (white) \$\beta\$ bus . Wheat (red) ... do Rye ... do Corn do Oats ... do Extra ... 9 23

## Latest by Telegraph!

THE FENIANS.

The Latest Intelligence Concerning their Movements.-The Excitement on the Frontier unabated...Legal Proceedings by the U.S. Commissioner at Buffalo,

Boston, June 5.—It is estimated that 600 Fenians left Boston yesterday for St. Albans and Northern New York. About 300 belonging to the 3rd regiment left by the Lowell railroad, junder command of Col. R. E. Spierra Albant an expell number Col. B. F. Fuian. About an equal number took the Fitchburg Railroad. These were a por-tion of Col. Colcontrie's cavalry regiment, and were under the command of Capt.

and were under the command of Capt. O'Neill Larkin.

New York, June 5.—A special from Buffalo states that another Fenian spy was to be shot at Ft. Erie this morning. A large quantity of arms were seized yesterday. A special from Aurora, N. Y., states that the Fenians are moving from Malone, and are said to have artillery. and are said to have artillery.

and are said to have artillery.

Another Buffalo special says, on the arrival of the Canadian troops at Fort Eric after the Fenian retreat, the U.S. Consul was grossly insulted and fired upon by a British officer while standing in his door with the American flag waving over his house. He has demanded an apology.

A Montreal despatch says that all was quiet at 7 o'clock on Monday evening on the Plattsbure border and vicinity. he Plattsburg border and vicinity.

A meeting has been held at Montreal to organize a home guard. A large number of Fenian spies are in the city. The Mayor has compelled the police to take the oath of allegiance, and a number refusing were

ismissed. It is now thought that if the Fenians make a stand anywhere, it will be near or at Cornwall, and there may be a collision at any moment. The Canadian forces are

at any moment. The Canadian forces are very strong there.

The gunboat Royal has gone up canal bound west. The Hercules and Canada will be ready on Wednesday.

The British gunboat Rosaria has arrived from Quebec. All was quiet at Malone and Cornwall and St. Johns.

A Portland, Vt., special says the main body of the Fenians are at Fairfield with small columns at Swatara and Fairfax, about twelve miles from the Canada line.

It is reported that the Fenians have crossed the border in large force, and are marching towards the St. Lawrence.

A large body of Fenians are reported to have passed over the Vermont Central railroad. To-night probably the same force is expected this way. They are said to be

s expected this way. They are said to be 0 strong. birty-seven cases of Fenian arms have Thirty-seven cases of Foundation seized at Rouse's Point. been selzed at Rouse's Point.
The Fenian camp at Fairfied has moved towards the Canada line.
A special message from Gen. Sweeny has reached General Spear's headquarters, and something important will soon be done.
A despatch from St. John's, New Brunswick soys there is great excitement in con-

wick, says there is great excitement in con-sequence of the Canada news. There is much enthusiasm on the part of the volun who will probably be ordered to eers, who will probably be ordered to anada. The British steamer Duncan left Halifax on Sunday with the 17th regulars for Que-poc. Part of the 15th regiment has been ordered to St. Andrews and Ogdensburg.

Despatches says there are about 3,000 regu ars and volunteers at Prescott.

Potsdam, N. Y., June 4.—It is reported hat the Beauharner's Canal is cut by the that the Beauharner's Canal is cut by the Fenians from Cotean du Lac to the St. Lawrence river. It is also stated that General Murphy is to cross at St. Reiss and Cornwall with 4500 infantry. Another column is to cross at Beauharner's or La Prairle, and cut the Lochine Canal. General Speur with 3,000 men is to move from St. Albans via Phillipsburg, cutting the railroads at St. Leiss' Investor and the Grand Trunk St. John's Junction and the Grand Trunk at St. Hilaire and St. Hyacinth. These operations, it is supposed, will cut off Montreal from succor. The force at St. Albans is moving. Sweeny moves to-night from Malone, and a fight is expected by Tuesday

night.

MONTREAL, June 4.—The authorities have reliable information that the Fenians re moving from Fairfield on St. Armands battle is expected during the night. Toronto, June 4.-The volunteers and TORONTO, June 4,—The volunteers and will concentrate at Toronto. About thirty Fenian prisoners from Ft. Erie have been lodged in jail. They will be tried by courtmartial and it is expected will be hanged.

HAMILTON, June 5.—2,000 men are now concentrated along the line of the Detroit and St. Clair rivers and the lines are concentrated along the line of the Detroit and St. Clair rivers, and the lines are strongly picketed. The main concentratration of the troops is about Prescott, that being considered the real point of attack. Few troops from the West have been sent to this point, it being cared for by the regulars and volunteers from Montreal. The West is quiet to-day, all the troops being at the front.

the front.

MEMPHIS, June 4.—Col. O'Neill, the Fe MEMPHIS, June 4.—Col. O'Neill, the Fenian Commander, who made the first advance into Canada, was formerly of the 11th Tennessee regiment, and afterwards commander of the galvanized regiments, composed of men who escaped from the Andersonville and other rebel prisons.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., June 5.—The Fenian train was come up with at Rockville, the first station south of DeKalb junction, by a company of U. S. troops, who took the arms, ammunition and men in charge.

arms, ammunition and men in charge The Fenians were unloading the arm The Fenians were unloading the arms when the troops arrived, intending to run them across the country, having received, information of the troops awaiting them at DeKalb. No resistance was made. This morning's train, going North, has on board a company of Fenians and a detachment of U. S. Regulars.

CINCINNATI, June 5.—A large and enthusuastic Fenian meeting was held last night at Mozart hall, and \$3,000 was subscribed. It was stated that 2300 Fenians

cribed. It was stated that 2300 Fenian scribed. It was states that the left here last night.

BUFFALO, June 5.—At an early hour this morning, warrants were issued by the U. S. Commissioner in this city, commanding the United States Marshal to apprehend the Warian officers now on board the United the United States Marshall to hipprenend the Fenian officers now on board the United States steamer Michigan, and bring them before the Commissioner for examination, when it will be decided whether they shall be held for trial before Judge Hall. The

be held for trial before Judge Hall. The complaint is stated as follows:

Whereas, Complaint has this day been made that — did on or about the 31st day of May, 1866, at the city of Buffalo, within the northern district of New York, and the jurisdiction of the United States, begin and set on foot, and provide and prepare means for a military expedition to be carried on from thence against the territory and dominions of the Province of Upper Canada, a Government and people with which the minions of the Province of Upper Canada, a Government and people with which the United States are at peace, contrary to the provisions of the act of Congress concerning neutrality, passed April 20th, 1818, etc. It is said the officers will make no defence, confessing to a breach of the neutrality laws. The writ of habeas corpus was made returnable at 9 o'clock this morning, but the hearing has been postponed until 9 tomorrow to allow Commander Bryson of the Michigan, time to consult with the Washington authorities. The prisoners are Washington authorities. The prisoners are really in custody of the civil authorities and the military and naval forces are guarding

the military and naval forces are guarding these on the Canada side.

Early this morning four more Fenians were caught, and placed in the Niagara Ferry House. Many have met with a quicker fate, as volunteers shot them immediately on capture. It is reported that no less than 20 or 30 have been shot in the woods about Fort Erie and Ridgway, but this needs confirmation.

Markets.

The Markets at Noon To-day PHILADELPHIA, June 5. Trade moves slowly, Petroleum duli; 250 bbls Orude sold at 25/40 ; Refined in bond at 41@41/40, and Free at

Avoing doing in Cornmeal.
Whest comes in slowly; 2,000 bus Spring sold at \$2.39; a small lot of Red at \$2.75; White ranges from \$2.00 to \$3.20.

Ryo is steady at \$1.20.
There is a lively demand for Corn, and 7,000 bus Yellow sold at \$90.
Oats are in fair request; 4,000 bus Western sold at \$63650, and Southern at 760.
In Groceries but little doing; an equation sale of 2,000 bugs Rio Corne is announced for Thursday.
Whiskey is unchanged; Fenn's at \$2.20, and Ohio at \$2.20. ing doing in Cornmeal

Ohlo at \$2.20,

NEW YORK, June 5.—Cotton is quiet at 37@
39c. for Middlings; sales of 7,000 bales; receipts
of all ports 15,000 bales; exports do, 14,000 bales.
Flour dull; sales of 6,500 bbls at unchanged
Prices; Southern unchanged, 350 bbls sold;
Canadian drooping, 300 bbls sold.
Wheat dull and drooping; 300 bbs, sold.
Corn quiet; sales of 39,000 bbs at 81@82\cdot corn quiet; sales of 39,000 bbs at 81@82\cdot corn quiet; sales of 59,000 bbs at 900 bbs.

Boel steady,
Pork steady at 193/(6/20\cdot corn quiet sales of 50,000 bbs.

Lard steady at 193/(6/20\cdot corn quiet sales of 50,000 bbs.

Stock Markets, PHILADELPHIA, June 5 NEW YORK, June 5. icago and Rock Island imberland Prfd...... Michigan Southers New York Central, Pennsylvania Coal 1093/ teading ....... Iudson River..

stern Union Telegraph

ury 73-10 10214@10292 14514@14592 Philadelphia Cattle Market, The cattle market is moderately active this week and prices are well maintained. About 1,700 head arrived and sold at the Avenue Drove Yard at from 17,918c for extra Pennsylvania and Western, 15,6184/2c for fair to good do, and 13,614/2c per lib for common, as to quality, closing firm within the above range of prices.

Western 72 J. S. Kirk, Lancaster cound west-.15 @2714 ern 34 MoFillin & Montague, Lan co 100 J. McFillin, Onio 136 Ullman & Bochman, Onio 103 Martin, Fuller & Co western Match, Fullor & Co western Moony & Binith, western P. Mooney & Bro., western H. Chain, western L. Frank, western Blomburg & Frank, western Hope & Co., Lancaster co S. Dryfoos, Pennsylvania J. Clemson, Lancaster co 3. Hood. Crester co

HEEP-Are in better demand at an advance b. gross, as to condition. Cows—Are itrmly held at full prices. 250 head sold at the Avenue Droye Yard at \$50,680 for springers, and \$60,6100 per head for milch cows

Marriages.

FAHNESTOCK—MEYERS.—On the 5th inst., by Right Rev. David Bigler, Mr. Henry R. Fahne-stock to Miss Annie F. Myers, all of this city. So, Harry "has gone and done it" at last you naughty, good-for-nothing fellow, how could you do the thing so quietly? But then our friend is one of those quiet, determined sort of folks who when they once make up their minds to put their necks into the matrimonial "noose" will do so in spite of the — weather and the condition of the streams. We never-theless wish Harry, who, notwithstanding his reticence, is one of the best fellows living, and his fair bride a life journey of unalloyed hap ness. May there not be the slightes

"Silken tie which binds two willing hearts." but all be as smooth, happy and delightful as the haleyon days, ere the tempter made his appearance, of good old Adam and Eve in the larden of Eden.

Hew Advertisements.

DENROSE R. HOOPE'S RCH STREET WHARF, SCHUYLKILL PHILADELPHIA. AGENT FOR THE SALE OF TERRA COTTA WATER PIPES AND HYDRAULIC RAMS.

liso, Plastering, Lath, Calcined Plaster, Hair, White Sand, Bar Sand, &c., &c. june6 6mw\*22 TOTICE .-- A MEETING OF THE STOCK.

M holders in the Lancaster and Vennago that the office of Company, No. 21 North Duke threet, Lancaster city, Fa., JUNE 18, 1898, at 3 clock, A. M., for the purpose of making an assessment upon the capital stock of said company. By order of the Board.

June 6 2tw 22) ESTATE OF FREDERICH GRAMM, late of Bainbridge, Conoy twp., dec'd.—Letters of Administration on said estate hav-

Letters of Administration on said estate having been granted to the undersigned residing in Bainbridge aforesaid: All persons indebted therate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them for settlement to the undersigned, residing in said township. FREIDERICK M. GRAMM, Administrator of Frederick Gramm, dec'd. June 6 ORN SHELLER AND CLEANER .-- THE attention of manufacturers is called to this lately patented improvement, by means of which the farmer can thresh and clean, by one operation, from 1,000 to 1,500 bushels of Corn per day, with no more power than is required to drive the old-fashioned "Cannon Sheller," the machine doing the work in the most thorough manner, and is not liable to get out of order; the farmer being able in a moment to set the machine and to clean any sized corn, moniday or dry.

County and State rights for sale on reasonable terms, by addressing

WM. R. BURNS, Lancaster, Pa june 6 tfw 22 Miscellaneous.

| MMENSE GIFT DISTRIBUTION | AT LANCASTER, PA.,

FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE

UNION STEAM FIRE ENGINE No. 1. 85.000 WORTH OF MAGNIFICENT PRESENTS To be given away without regard to value, for

ONE DOLLAR EACH! NO BLANKS!! EACH TICKET DRAWS A PRIZE. LOOK AT THE LIST OF GIFTS! Handsome Trotting Buggy, valued at...\$200 60 Set of Carriage Harness, on exhibition 

MUSICAL. Splendid Melodeon, valued at .. Imported Violin, Lot of Violins, each " HOUSEHOLD STOCK. Elegant Set of Cottage Furniture, valued at \$100.00 Elegant Set of Cottage Furniture, valued

JEWELRY. Splendid Gold Watches, each val. at...\$100 00 Bilver " " 25 00 1 Large Lot of Watch and Guard Chalus, 5 00 each 500 of Watch Chains, each val. 25c, to 3 00 U Setts Ladies' Jewerry, 22 95 00 to 25 or from 95 00 to 25 or large Lot of Silver-Plated Butter Knives and Spoons, setts, valued at 80 or from 92 60 to 5 00

1 Large Lot Gold Pens and Silver Hold-ers, each..... MISCELLA NEOUS. large lot of Miscellaneous Articles, Every part of this enterprise will be connoted with Honesty, Fairness, and in Good

Faith. EVERYTHING ADVERTISED WILL BE NO POSTPONEMENT!

The Drawing will take place, at Fulton Hall, as soon as all the Tickets are disposed of, due notice of which will be given in the county рареги. TICKETS,

Sent to any address on receipt of \$1. Eleven Tickets will be sent upon receipt of Tickets for sale at the Company's Office.

MISHLER'S NEW BUILDING, utheast Angle of Centre Square Agents wanted everywhere to sell tickets, to om a liberal percentage will be allowed, The prizes were all purchased in Lancaster

J. F. DOWNEY. General Agen x 397, Lancaster, Pa 2md&w eo

and can be seen every day.