Miscellaneous.

Speech of James Guthrie. There was a supper in Frankford, Ky., on Saturday last, given to members of the Legislature, by Mr. Guthrie, Powell's successor in the United States Senate. He said: I went as a representative from Kentucky to the Peace Convention, and warned them that this war would prove the most disastrous

that ever took place. I believe the Union will be restored. I believe that when we strike down the arms of the South we will find there many true friends. I have always been a Union man, for I have always been a Union man, for I frosts, occurring between the commended did not think we could afford to give it ment of the cane ripening and its manufac-When I go to Congress it will be as representative of the Union men of this State. We are the Union men who sayed Kentucky in her present position. Some thought we were too slow, and they wanted a convention; but why should we quarrel? It is to the inter est of Kentucky that she stands by the Union. It is to her interest that we do not separate it. I have no objection to those Union men whose patriotism and devotion to the Union are above mine; but when they are of my age they may think, as I do, of their duty to the constitution and obedience to the laws. If any man supported me, thinking I would not vote for what is constitutional, he is very much mistaken. I always thought I had a right to do as I pleased with my own property, but I never believed I pos-sessed the right to take another man's sessed the right to take it a servant, I have no right to take it away. If slavery falls by the rebellion let it go. If I understand the Unoin men who have gone to the field, they are willing that slavery, if it is necessary for the good of the country, should go down. As your representative I intend to put down the rebellion by the use of men and money; but I do not intend to set the rights of property at naught. If slavery goes by the rebellion, I am ready to help to clear away the wreck. Is it a reproach to Kentucky that she did not want to shed brothers blood, but called for peace until she became the laugh of the whole land? Serious times are ahead of us. We have learned that the consti-tution and laws have been trampled upon in high places; that the rights of property and persons have been outraged in high places, and that robbers through the land are plundering the people. When I go to Congress I will ask for a restoration of the reverence for the constitution, reverence for the law. I desire that the time shall come when we all will learn to love the constitution more and better. I do not believe that the men in power, who have been guilty of outrages on property and persons, will always remain there; and not once in ten times did they have the sanction of higher authority. I will endeavor, as far as is in my power, to recall the haleyon days of the republic, and show those in power that the greatest glory they can acquire is to restore happiness to the Union. None can love the Union more than those who supported by Mr. more than those who supported me. Mr. Lincoln is a better man than many think, and I believe good will come of this administration: but if not, then in

A Writ of Habeas Corpus Suspended by the President.

Tuesday was set apart for the return of the writs of habeas corpus on the Super-intendent of the Old Capitol prison, commanding him to produce the bodies of Christopher V. Hogan and John Dugan with date and cause of their arrest. They were formerly employed as detectives on the Metropolitan Police force, and subseaently Hogan was a special de-ctives of the Treasury Department. Whileso acting a robbery was committed in February last. The trunk of Major Malone, a paymaster of the army, was cobbed of nearly twenty thousand dollars. Sometime after Hogan and Dugan were arrested by Superintendent Wood on a charge of being concerned in the robbery, and they have ever since been held in custody. This morning, at the convening of the general term of the court, Mr. Wood appeared to answer the writs and handed his return to the court. Superintendent Wood answer-

The body of Hogan or Dugan is in was arrested and imprisoned by authority of the Presi dent of the United States. I do not produce his body by reason of the order of the President of the United States endorsed upon said writ, to which reference is hereby respectfully made. The endorsement of the President on writ is as follows :-

The within named Hogan or Dugan was arrested and imprisoned by my authority. The writ of habeas corpus is suspended, and the officer having Hogan or Dugan in custody is directed not to produce his body, but to hold him in custody until further orders, giving this order in his return to the court.

JAN. 23, 1865. A LINCOLN.

Suspected of Being a Spy.

Jackson Wallace, alias Lieut. Bissell was arrested several days since in the vicinity of Eutaw street, Baltin upon suspicion of being a spy. He was clad in the full uniform of United States Lieutenant of infantry, and upon examination acknowledged that he was a Confederate soldier, and belonged to the Second Virginia Infantry but stated that he had for a long time been on detached service, both within and without the Confederate lines. He had for n.onth past been in Mongomery county, Md., on recruiting service, and when arrested had with him Charles W. A. Davis, of Rockville, whom he enlisted for the Confederate army, under the representation that he was recruiting men for guard duty in Washington. He was formerly connected with Gen. Sterling Price's army but latterly was under General A. Pagili. On Saturday Col. Woolley forwarded him to Washington, in company with Davis, to be confined in the Old Capitol until the Washington authorities can investigate his case. Ho appears to be about nineteen years o ige, and says he was raised in Houston county, Texas. Upon being told that he would probably be shot, he quickly replied, "I can die like a man, sir." He equits Davis of any complicity with

VOLUNTEER PRISONER.—Says the Sandusky Register: First Lieut. S. Mc Clung, of Alabama, but an officer in the 1st Tennessee artillery, P. A. C. S., captured by Gen. Stoneman, December 14th 1864, and paroled by Gen. S. to report at Knoxville, Tenn., and then paroled at Knoxville by Gen. Carter for forty eight hours, and then sent to Louisvill inder guard, arrived at Sandusky Cleveland, yesterday noon, having travelled "on his own hook" from Louisville, Ky., without guards or parole. On arriving at this place he voluntarily reported to Department Provost Marshal, John Jenny, and stated his destination was the military prison on Johnson's Island, After dinner he resumed his line of march, reported at the island, and was introduced into "the Bull Pen," with all the

NAPOLEON'S OPINION.-During the stay of the Emperor Napoleon at Lyons, in reply to an address of a deputation the winter was a very trying one for the working classes if the American war nately the news from that quarter is bad. I have reason to think that this fatal war is by no means near its end.

- Sir Walter Scott once stated that he kept a lowland laird waiting for him in the library at Abbottsford, and that when he came in he found the laird deep in a book which Sir Walter perceived to be Johnson's Dictionary. "Well, Mr. ---," said Sir Walter, "how do you like your book?" "They're very pretty stories, Sir Walter," replied the laird, "but they're uncommon short."

Two or three weeks ago the Republican papers and leaders were vociferous in their praise of Butler; there was no one quite equal to him. Now there are none so poor as to do him reverence; they all approve of his removal and appland the Administration

The Toronto Leader says that the British Government has ordered thirty gunboats, carrying three thousand five hundred trained men, to be sent out from England to the lakes, and they will probably be here as soon as naviga-

Local Intelligence.

SUGAR.—The only portions of the United States where the sugar cane can be grown with even tolerable success, are small districts in the States of Louisiana, Texas, Florida, Alabama and Mississippi. Of hese, however, Louisiana, as far as soil, climate and temperature are concerned, is best adapted to that branch of agriculture; yet the cane is not indigenous to that State. It may be considered a precarious crop even in Louisiana, owing to the frequent heavy frosts, occurring between the commence ture into sugar. It is frequently the case there that half of the cane crop is lost by frost. In Louisiana, the most famed of all the Southern States for the growth of the cane, there are but a few parishes where it can be successfully grown. The region of the State bordering on both sides of the Mississippi, from Baton Rouge to its mouth, and the regions bordering on Bayous Fische, Lapouche and Atctrofalaya, and a few other Bayous, are the only localities where the cultivation of the cane is remunerative. It is evident therefore that the people of this country, must depend for their supply of sugar upon Tropical countries, or else engage in its manufacture from the

beet. Since the commencement of the pres civil war but little sugar has been made in Louisiana. The confiscated sugar plantations, worked by Yankee adventurers in earch of fortunes, under the system of free negro labor have proven complete failures, or the reason that this branch of agriculture requires for its successful management the highest degree of skill, combined with an abundance of labor during the season of cutting the cane, as well as a large capital invested in machinery. On many of the sugar plantations of Louisiana the machinery and fixtures for manufacturing sugar cost as much as \$100,000. The lessees of contiscated sugar plantations hold by too precarious a title to justify them in keeping in repair the extensive works and machinery for sugar making. The cane is grown rom cuttings, but the quality of the saccharine juice deteriorates in quality with each harvesting of the cane, and experience has demonstrated that the successful manufacture of sugar requires the cane to be replanted at least every three years. After the third year's harvesting of the crop in Louisiana, and all other countries, where the cane is not indigenous, the saccharine will not make sugar, its only product is an nferior article of molasses; it appears to lose the property of crystalizing into sugar. For want of the knowledge of this fact the Government lessees in 1862 and 1863 cut down all the cane, and made no provision for replanting; their extreme greed to get rich suddenly induced them to attempt more than could be accomplished, and fully one-half of the cane grown in that State during those years was lost. The cane was cut and the juice allowed to ferment in the stalk, when, of course, its product was four years we will have an opportunity nothing but an inferior article of molasses. In consequence of the failures of the lessees of government plantations in the making of sugar in the years 1862 and 1863, most of these lessees during the past year, prompted by the high prices of cotton, destroyed the growing cane and put the lands

nto cotton, expecting to realize immense profits from the cultivation of that staple but, whether owing to a special dispensation of Divine Providence, or to natural laws governing the distribution of distinct species of vegetation over the earth, the cultivation of cotton on the sugar lands of Louisians has proven a huge failure. Those whose cupidity for sudden wealth led them to en gage in the enterprise, lost all their capita nvested in it. The cotton grew finely unt the bolls commenced forming, when sud denly myriads of worms made their appear ance and destroyed it all. . The disappear ance of vegetation before the swarms of locusts in Egypt has never been more com plete than the disappearance of the cotto plants before the worms on the sugar lands of Louisiana during the past year. So great has been the havoc among the lessees o rished them capital for working them, th is doubtful whether any persons can b induced to engage in this business in th uture. It is a well established fact that fiv lollars have been lost in these enterprises

where one dollar has been realized.

To every one familiar with the facts, it is positive certainty that the sugar lands or Louisiana, and the other States, must be vorked by slave labor, or be suffered to grow up again into primeval forests. The very nature of the business of making sugar requires the absolute control of a vast mount of labor, and it can never be sucessfully conducted except where the growth of the cane and the making of the sugar be ong to a single establishment, and the lar er the plantation, properly stocked, the reater the success attending its manufacure. The cultivation of cereal crops may ture. The cultivation of cereal crops may be best conducted on small farms; but not so with sugar cane. The harvesting of grain can be extended over a censiderable space of time. I can remain in shock after being cut for weeks, and it does not injure it for years if placed in barns or under cover.—

With the sugar cure it is different. I all with the sugar cure it is different. I all same in the sugar cure it is different. With the sugar cane it is different. In all ountries where the sugar cane can be grown, the high temperature causes fermentation f the juice in the stalk within a few hours, entirely destroying the sugar. It must therefore, be taken directly from the field when cut to the mill, and the juice pressed and immediately put in process of manu ecture. The harvest and manufacture of the cane into sugar, are, in fact, but a single operation, and the whole business must be o arranged and controlled that every department of it, from the cutting of the can o the barrelling or boxing of the sugar for market, goes on smoothly and harmonious

Let any one for a moment imagine the

pering many thousand acres, cut up into mall tracts like the grain farms of the Northern States, and each farmer having a agar apparatus, steam engines, vacaum oans, furnace for the manufacture and all the recessary paraphernalia of a sugar establish ment, and it is plainly to be seen, that the original expense of procuring the machin ery, and keeping it in repair, would cos nore than the value of all the sugar that could be made from a fifty or one hundred acre tract, leaving nothing for the expense of living, or for the payment of necessary labor, equally impracticable would be the idea of separating the manuacture from the business of growing the cane. A sugar manufactory, depending for its cane upon a few dozen farmers on tifty or one hundred-acre farms, who take their own time for planting their cane, the whole possibly planted at the same time and ripening at the same period, would be too pre arions to justify any man having a knowledge of the business to engage in such an undertaking. The cane is too heavy to be transported to any distance of traders, in which they insisted that event of any time elapsing, between being cut and put in process of sufacture. No proposition can therefore manufacture of sugar from cane must, from necessity, be conducted on a large scale, on present price of sugar is an illustration of cents, not for the support of the Governby which alone the cane can be cultivated

FULTON TWP., Jan. 1865.

and David S. Clark,

sugar which they are now doing.

THE NEW COUNTY AUDITORS.—The new poard of County Auditors organized on Monday. Jacob A. Miller, Esq., of Conoy, an able and efficient officer, and thoroughly correct business man, and the only Democratic member of the Board in our recollection, retired. The present Auditors are: Messrs. John Strohm, Jr., Samuel Book

so long as it is continued will the people be

AGRICOLA.

compelled to pay the enormous price for

LISTOP KILLED AND WOUNDED AT FORT FISHER.—The following is a list of the killed and wounded in the Pennsylvania Regi ments in the late attack on Fort Fisher:

TWO HUNDRED AND THIRD PENNISYL Külled,—Col. J. M. Moore, Lieutenant Colonel J. W. Lyman, Lieutenant M. Hart, Captain J. T. Smallwood; Sergeants G. A. Kendig, G. Faler, D. W. Scull, J. G. Wesner, J. L. Schlegelmeilch, E. A. Lake; Corporal C. Beals; Privates W. D. Walker, J. H. Hisler, J. Hopstickler, M. R. Robinson, G. Robinson, B. Cooper, F. Uder, J. Bailey, F. L. Brandon, George Watson, C. Tenerey, J. Dehil, J. Smith, W. Blending, O. Heitshow, J. Bannon, J. Strong, G. Beck, R. E. Kilton, J. A. Lake, J. Nailor, W. D. Gray, W. Welchawest, W. R. Willer, R. Jenkins, R. Oatley, J. Peters, J. H. Soyer, A. Tollinger. VANIA. A. Tollinger.

Wounded—Lieut. W. J. Boggs, Capt. A.

Duncan, Lieut. Peter

A. Tollinger.

Wounded—Lieut. W. J. Boggs, Capt. A. McCrun, Lieut. C. B. Duncan, Lieut. Peter Alt, Lieut. J. S. Nelson; Sergts. J. Potter, J. Marshall, P. Dick, W. H. Lang, S. G. Lewis, S. McFarland, S. Romey, Corporals J. H. Pickel, J. Bitts, B. F. Manard; Sergt. J. J. Culver; Corporal V. Dale, Chas. H. Marshall, M. Mullin, F. Mann, R. F. Nemand, H. Young, C. Harding, S. Snyder, P. S. Bright, R. Callaran, Sergt. Hemphill; Corporals W. D. Morrison, Spangler F. Kaufman, Sergent Frank Sourbeer, Corp. D. R. Shay. Privates W. Hickey, M. McMillen, M. A. Caswell, L. Watson, W. W. Aurnaut, A. J. Keller, W. J. Cordman, B. McMillen, D. Hess, J. A. Deal, E. B. Haycock, J. Duffee, E. D. Clynch, Wm. Frutam, Wm. Farra, L. L. Connerty, W. H. Camp, W. Canfield, A. B. Canford, U. Stevens, N. C. Strickland, U. Shull, B. L. Taylor, E. Winslow, B. Lisson, C. Daily, J. M. Warner, J. B. Rainart, G. A. Roberts, L. Brant, C. Titman, W. W. Wilbur, C. G. Page, T. Ackley, A. T. Clyne, I. Hanson, J. M. Settzer, J. R. Richardson, G. G. Kayne, P. Shleigel, I. Haudson, J. Shmole, D. Abrams. J. Aylesworth, J. Burnett, J. Brown, C. Bronson, F. Fisher, Z. Harding, W. Labor, F. Lavy, A. Marvin, M. Terwilger, J. Anderson, S. Brubsker, L. Colwell, J. Detrick, C. Henry, J. Leinercauk, J. W. Metcalf, P. Robins, S. Solomon, F. Snyder, F. Strong, J. Smith, G. W. Vaniwever, J. H. Whittebread, A. D. Whitman, G. M. Caldwell, G. H. Clark, W. James, D. Mullison, W. E. Snooks, G. Tripp, H. D. Dissinger, H. Whitebread, A. D. Whitman, G. M. Caldwell, G. H. Clark, W. James, D. Mullison, W. E. Snooks, G. Tripp, H. D. Dissinger, M. Shoelock, F. McFalls, J. Tracy, M. Clyne, C. Maneline, E. B. Morrison, J. D. Reiley, J. D. Stiner, J.J. Stauffer, S. P. Windor, A. Pipper, S. Bethlehem, W. Casner, H. J. Glacin, J. J. Gilbert, J. B. Sunday, D. Longsdorf, J. L. Lulzenberg, A. W. Smith, S. H. Smith, C. Thompson, E. S. Adams, W. Brown, J. B. Butteher, C. Caldwalder, A. A. Isinberger, J. Frisher, J. P. Good, J. Hogentogel, B. Kurisley, J. Suttman, J. Weiss, J. F. Russell, G. O. Wheeler, (W. H. Saurb, missing.)

NINETY-SEVENTH PENNSYLVANIA.

Külted—Lieutenant H. Obidon, S. J.

Killed-Lieutenant H. Obidon, S. J. Killed—Lieutenant H. Obidon, S. J. Johnson, H. Wingate, P. Swartz.
Wounded—First Lieutenant J. Wainright, Lieutenant L. Thomas, Lieut. C. F. Haynes, G. W. Duffy, Sergeant G. M. Middleton, G. W. Bennett, L. P. Mailand, W. McCartey, Second Lieutenant J. B. Taylor, Sergeants C. Warren, O. Sharrolter, D. Harry, R. Black; First Lieutenant T. M. Smedley, Corporals T. Clark, D. P. Corley M. C. Black; First Lieutenant T. M. Smedley, Corporals T. Clark, D. R. Cockran, T. Cra-gan, A. Fry; C. Welch, B. English, M. St. Clair, J. Slisley, S. Chase, W. McIntosh, J. heridan, H. McNile, D. Grant, A. Me-Geban, H. Martin, W. Dawson, W. Howser, A. Hazel, P. Schwartz, W. Powell, J. McDermont, F. Todd, M. Dewey, L. Beagle, SEVENTY-SIATH PENNSYLVANI. SEVENTY-SIXTH PENNSYLVANIA.

Killed—Sergeant J. Shook, Corporal L. Killed—Sergeant J. Shook, Corporal L. McGlathery,
Wowaled—Colonel J. S. Littell, Sergeant T B. Lindsay, J. W. Delmiller, J. R. Harman, Torporal C. Caldwell, G. Snyder, J. Benrose, W. H. Smith, W. J. Wrigle, J. R. Rupert, P. Smith, L. R. Cole, O. W. Chapman, J. Fetter, J. D. Davis, J. C. Gibbons, J. Thomas, J. Boother, Corporal Henry Unness mission Inness, missing.

WHAT LANCASTER COUNTY PAYS INTO THE STATE TREASURY .- The report of the Auditor General shows that the whole amount paid into the State Treasury for the fiscal year, ending Nov. 30, 1864, was \$4,733,313 02. Of this amount Lancaster county paid \$153,580 27, as follows:

$^{\rm n}$		
a	TAX ON BANK DIVIDENDS.	
50	Columbia Bank	1,42
	Farmers' Bank	7,44
1-	Farmers' Bank of Mount Joy	1,020
al	Lancaster County Bank	3,328
il	Mount Joy Bank	489
1-	TAX ON CORPORATION STOCK	s.
r- i	Columbia Bank	1.128
	Farmers' Bank	2,190
r-	Farmers' Bank of Mount Joy	425
DI	Lancaster County Bank	1,612
1-	· Mount Joy Bank	24-
n	Chesnut Hill Railroad	361
- 1	Lancaster and Ephrata Turnpike	ti-
ls	Lancaster and Litiz do	120
ut.	Lancaster and Marietta do	113
01	Lancaster, Elizabethtown and	
r-	Middletown Turnpike	220
- 1	Lancaster & Susquehanna Turn-	
at	pike	110
e e	Manor Turnpike	91
ıe	New Holland Turnkike	108
·e	Willow Street do	77
.6	Chesput Hill Iron Ore Company	450
15	the state of the s	

TATE, LOANS, ENROLMENT OF City of Lancaster.. litiz Turnpike Company. Willow Street Turnpike New Holland New Holland do.
Lancaster, Elizabethtown and
Middletown Turnpike......
Lancaster Home Mutual Insurance Company...
Columbia Bridge Company...
Shenk's Ferry Bridge Company...
Columbia Oil Company...
Columbia Oil Company... 10 00 Charter Lancaster County Bank McGrann & Co., (Brokers) Geo, C. Hawthorne, late do
Samuel L. Leaman, (Recorder)
Geo, Whitson, late do
TAX ON CERTAIN OFFICES,
John Seldomridge, (Prothonotary)
Peter Martin, late do
Geo, C. Hawthorne, late Register
Henry Musser, late Clerk Sessions
COLLATERAL INHERITANCE TAX.
Finlen Franklin, (Register)
Geo, C. Hawthorne, late do
TAYERN LICENSES,

TAVERN LICENSES, Samuel Hess, Tro John Denlinger, late Treasurer RETAILERS' LICENSES, CIRCUS. BOWLING SALOONS, &C. Samuel Hess, Treast John Denlinger, late do ugar plantations of Louisiana, often num-Patent Medicines

Distillery and Breweries

PREMIUMS ON CHARTERS, 21 - 38Total amount paid..... ...\$153.580.27The following is the amount paid to Lanaster county, Corporations in the county and for Pensions during the same period Home for Friendless Children....

\$14,207 58 of our young men think of going to Savannah? We think they are making a great mistake, and shall give our reasons briefly: In the first place the warm and sickly season is rapidly approaching, and persons not acclimated stand in very great danger of having a siege of yellow fever or some of the other diseases incident to a warm climate. In the second place, we are certain that boarding is very high, and inferior at that, and although mechanics may and would be destroyed in value, in the get \$3 a day, it will not amount to as much as \$1.50 a day here. Third, no mechanic is positively certain that he will get to Savannah, after being offered high wages by a soshould continue, he said: "Unfortu- be more clear than that the cultivation and called Government agent. For instance: two or three young men who left this city a week or ten days since, having engaged large plantations, and byslave labor. The themselves to one of these "Government agents," are now in Baltimore, the agent what the people who consume it have having "given them the slip" at that point, gained by Abolitionism. Every pound of sugar consumed pays a tax of about 15 selves. What authority he had for coming here, and offering wages and transportation ment, but because of the destruction of the to our mechanics and laboring men we sugar manufacture of the country, by the know not. We do know, however, that demoralization and destruction of the labor | these young men are in Baltimore, and are not on their way to Savannah, nor is it very and manufactured into sugar. How long likely they soon will be. The old adage, the people will allow their passions to run better let well enough alone," is truly apnlicable in theirs and similar cases. The insane policy of the present National Ad-ministration for the abolition of slavery, it is difficult to say, but it is certain that just so long as it is continued will the people be compelled to pay the energons where away with their reason, and continue the

Clothing, &c.

CENTRAL EMPORIUM OF FASHIONS.
H, K. KILLIAN,
MERCHANT TAILOR AND CLOTHIER. LANCASTER, PA.
Contantly on hand a large and well selected
ssortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and
YESTINGS, which will be made up to order in VESTIMOS, TO SERVICE STATES AND GENTS' READY-MADE CLOTHING AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS in great variety always n hand.
Thankful for the very liberal share of patronge heretofore received, I hope to merit a con-H, K. KILLIAN. ITW 25

·Lime-----Its Effects on Soils. Lime, in some of its combinations constitutes an important ingredient in the composition of all the cereals, grains

·

as well as grasses. Its presence, therefore, in the soil, is to be recongnized as a condition of fertility. For instance when this mineral is combined with rough, viscid and tenacious clay, it renders it more friable, and more susceptible to the ameliorating action of atmospheric agencies. Clay, in which there is a due mixture of calcareous matter, is much more easily ærified, and consequently not so liable to be injured by an accumulation of water. On the other hand, it was a powerful tendency to con solidate sand, and to increase both it tenacity and its power of retaining water. It also favors the decomposition and reciprocal action of the nutritive juices contained in the soil, but it is doubtful as vet whether it transmits its carbonic acid to the humus, or even to the vegetables contained on the soil, though this isthe opinion entertained by many writers, both in this country and in Euwriters, both in this country and in Eu-rope. There are many reasons, indeed, to induce such a belief, although the investigations of science have not yet established the fact as incontrovertible. Another important office performed by lime, is the total prevention of acid formations, which, under certain circumstances, are so easily produced in the soil. When acid exists, it tends to neutralize them, and prevent those noxious effects to which they inevitably give rise. In other words, it converts them into manure. This is seen in its

effects upon those light silicious sands where the presence of acids produces the sorrel plant, and other productions of a sour nature, and of little worth for ny purpose to which the farmer can apply them.

The hull of grain grown on lands in which there is a proper admixture of lime, is invariably found to be far thinner and the farina, of the grain itself far greater than when growing on land where there is a deficiency of this earth. Such land is found to be far more favor such that is found to be far more favor-able to all those plants—a numerous class—which bear pods, or, in other words which belong to the class "dia-delphia;" consequently clover succeds well on it, and it has hence been ascertained by reiterated and accurate experiments that one of the most valuable applications that can be made to lands bearing red or white clover is a compost of which lime is an ingredient. But here we would remark, that not-

withstanding a certain proportion of lime, or calcarous earth, is indispensi-ble to the fertility of every description of land, too great a proportion of it is prejudicial. On this subject one of the ablest writers whose pen has shed light upon agriculture, says: "Lime in large quantities is prejudicial in districts where a chalky formation exists, because it does not retain moisture; and has even a greater disposition than sand to suffer it to evaporate, consequently, during warm, dry weather, it is totally parched and reduced to dust. It also consumes manure and humus very rapidly, accellerates the passage of those substances to the plants, and thus hastens the vegetation at first, and does not reserve any nutrition for their sup-port during the latter stages of their DRY GOODS REDUCED.

And here we may, perhaps, remark hat as we are not aware of much land in which there is actually present too great a quantity of lime, the most effi-cient method of testing the value of any soil, with reference to its calcareous the composition of a rightly balanced soil, is thus summed up by Reissert and Setz: "Calcareous.—That portion of lime in which is most advantageous to it is a quality equal to that of pure chyotics." it, is a quality equal to that of pure clay. Of all the fifty-three varieties of soils produced by artificial combination, ex-perimented on by Tillett, that which appeared to be the most favorable to the vegetation of grain, was composed of three-eights of potter's clay, four-eighths of shell or fossil marl, and one-eightly of sand." These data are of importance

development; on which account they fall off and perish before their maturi

to the practical farmer.—Germantown Telegraph. Professional Cards.

NEWTON LIGHTNER, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, NORTH DUKE STREET, (Nearly opposite the Court House,) LANCASTER, PA.

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW opposite Cooper's Hotel, WEST KING STREET, aug 29

H. B. SWARR ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, No. 13 North Duke Street, (Near the Court House,) LANCASTER, PAJ tfdew 1

SAMUEL H. REYNOLDS ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, No. 53 East KING STREET, (Opposite Lechler's Hotel,) LANCASTER, PA.

H. M. NORTH, TTORNEY-AT-LAW COLUMBIA, PA. ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, No. 21 North Duke street, LANCASTER, PA.

J. B. KAUFMAN, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, SOUTH DUKE STREET, LANCASTER, PA. Soldiers' bounty, back pay and pensions ollected without delay. aug 29

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, No. 44 East King street, (Above Lechler's Hotel,) LANCASTER, PA. ABRAM SHANK, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

No. 36 North Duke Street,

WILLIAM B. FORDNEY

LANCASTER, PA. aug 29 PR. SWENTZEL ontinues to practice DENTISTRY, at his Office; in North Queen Street, Half a square south of the Railroad Depo

DR. JOHN MCCALLA. SURGEON DENTIST, Office and residence opposite Cooper's Hotel WEST KING STREET, LANCASTER, PA. DR. H. B. DUNLAP,

SURGEON DENTIST. MAIN STREET, MOUNT JOY, LANCASTER COUNTY, PA All business entrusted to his care will be romptly attended to, aug 29 B. LIVINGSTON,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW No. 11 North Duke Street, (A few doors north of the Court House,) LANCASTER, PA. REUBEN H. LONG. ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, No. 8 NORTH DUKE STREET,

LANCASTER, PA. DR. S. H. METZGER, HOMCEPATHIC PHYSICIAN, NORTH QUEEN STREET, LANCASTER, PA. All professional calls promptly attended to, and 29 tfd 1

(Opposite Court House,)

Beal Estate.

VALUABLE LIMESTONE PROPERTY
AT PRIVATE SALE.—Those extensive
QUARRIES, isituated in Paradise township,
Lancaster county, near London Grove Taverni,
containing about FOUR ACRES OF VERY
SUPERIOR LIMESTONE and three Kilns there
on in good condition, adjoining lands of Jacob
Eby, James P. Mclivain and others. A comfortable DWELLING HOUSE, Stable, and
Spring House are erected thereon. The lime
from these kilns is always in great demand,
and from thirty to forty thousand bushels have
been sold in one year. The premises are inexhaustible. This business stand will be sold at
private sale upon reasonable terms. One-half
the purchase money may remain in the property if desired. rtylf desired.
Any person wishing to purchase will address the undersigned at Lancaster city.
Possession given immediately.
AND. M. PRANTZ,
No. 21 North Duke street,
Agent for H. 8 Mancha.

DUBLYC SALE.—ON WEDNESDAY
EVENING, FEBRUARY Sth, 1885, by virtue of the last will and testament of Samuel Downey, late of Lancaster city, deceased, will be sold, by the undersigned surviving executor, at public vendue, at the Public House of ISAAC POWELL, in NORTH QUEEN Street, in said city, the following real estate, to wit:

No. 1.—A lot of ground in Lancaster city, fronting east on Mulberry street 64 feet 4½ inches, and running back to a 14 feet alley 245 feet, and adjoining on the north the property of Henry Leonard, and on the south the property of the late Sebastian Eschick, with a one story double frame Dwelling House thereon erected. ed. 2.—A lot of ground in said city, situated No. 2.—Alot of ground in said city, situated on the southeast corner of Lemon and Charlotte streets, fronting on Charlotte street & feet 4½ inches, and adjoining on the south the property now of Wm. Gorrecht, with a two-story Frame Dwelling House, and a small log weather-boarded House thereon erected.

No. 3.—The undivided one-half of three acres of land, in the city of Lancaster in the North West Ward, without Improvement, adjoining on the north the property of John Lorentz; on the east the property of the late Michael McGrann; on the south and west by property of Jacob Griel, John Enders, and others.
Sale to commence at 7 o'clock, when attendance will be given and conditions made known by DAVID DOWNEY,

Surviving Executor of Sami. Downey, jan 18

PUBLIC SALE.....THE SUBSCRIBER. Intending to move to the West, will sell at public sale, on MONDAY, the 6th of FEBRUARY, 1865, at 11 o'clock, A. M., in front of the City Hotel, in Middletown, Frederick county, Md., that desirable farm upon which he resides at the present time, lying two miles southeast of Middletown and six miles west of the City of Frederick, containing 165 ACRES, more or less. This farm is situated in the southeast of Middletown and six miles west of the City of Frederick, containing 165 ACRES more or less. This Farm is situated in the celebrated, Middletown Valley, enclosed will good fencing, divided into convenientfields with several never-failing springs of excellent wate on the place, with an abundance thereof nea the dwelling, and the land is in a high state of cultivation. There are about Three Acres of Timber upon the Farm, the balance is cleared. The improvements consist of the Tree Stee

The improvements consist of a fine Two-Story DWELLING HOUSE, with back building; a fine Bank Barn, Wagon Shed, Corn Cribs, Spring House and all the necessary out-buildings, together with a thrifty Orchard of Choice Fruit.

There is also, another Dwelling House on this Farm, with Stabling, and still another yery There is also, another Dwelling House on this Farm, with Stabiling, and still another very fine Orchard of well selected Fruit.

This property is susceptible of division and from the location of the buildings, situation of the water, Wood, &c., would make two very beautiful and desirable small Farms.

Also, SIX AND A QUARTER ACRES OF LAND lying in Catoctin District, in Frederick county, about eight miles north of Middletown and two miles south of Wolfsville, upon which are erected A FIRST-RATE SAW MILL, A DWELLING HOUSE, STABLE, &c.

This Mill is in the timber region of Frederick county, possesses ample water power and is doing a flourishing business.

Terms will be easy and make known on the lay of sale,
janls (sw 2) JACOB ZENTMYER. Dry Goods, &c.

Are now prepared for ALLANDWINTERTRADE Now is the time to buy while prices are down. A full assortment of SEASONABLE DRY GOODS at Reduced Prices.

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LADIES' FURS! LADIES' FURS!! ine Mink Sable Martaletts and Berthas, ine Dark Fitch Martaletts and Berthas, ine Siberian Squirrel Martaletts and Bertha inerican Fitch and Water Mink Furs.

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It may be relied on as the best mode for the administration of these remedies in the large class of persons of both sexes to which they are applicable. It never interferes with the digestion, and by its concentration the dose is much reduced.

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N. B.—Persons are advised to ask for Tar
rant's Compound Extract of Cubebs and Co rant's Compound Extract of Cubebs and Co-paiba, and take nothing else, as imitations and worthless preparations, under similar names, are in the market. Price \$1.00. Sent by express

need in the market. Frice slaw. Sent by captess on receipt of price.

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THE GREAT INDIAN MEDIC

An unfailing cure for Spermatorrhea, Seminal Weakness, Nocturnal Emissions, and all diseases caused by Self-Pollution; such as Loss of Memory, Universal Lassitude, Pains in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, Weak Nerves, Difficulty of Breathing, Trembling, Wakefulness, Eruptions on the Face, Pale Countenance, Insanity, Consumption, and all the direful complaints caused by departing from the path of virture.

This medicine is a simple vegetable extract, and one in which all can rely, as it has been used in our practice for many years, and with thousands treated, it has not falled in a single instance. Its curative powers have been sufficient to gain victory over the most stubborn mass. To those who have trifled with their consti-tutions, until they think themselves beyond the reach of medical aid, we would say, De-spair not! the Cherokee Cure will restore you to health and vigor, and after all quack doctors have failed.

Price, \$2 per bottle, or three bottles for \$5, 2n. forwarded by express to all parts of the world Pamphlet sent by mail free of postage by DR. W. R. M. ERWIN & CO., Sole Proprietors. No. 63 Liberty street, New York

CLAD NEWS for the UNFORTUNATE THE LONG SOUGHT FOR DISCOVERED AT

LAST. Cures in from one to three days. CHEROKEE REMEDY AND CHEROKER

INJECTION. Compounded from Roots, Barks and Leave CHEROKEE REMEDY, the great Indian Diuretic, cures all diseases of the urinary or-gans, such as Incontinence of the Urine, in-flammation of the Bladder, Inflammation of the Kidneys, Stone in the Bladder, Stricture, Gravel, Gleet, Gonorrhea, and is especially re-commended in those cases of Fluor Albus for Whites in females, where all the old nauseous medicines have failed.

It is prepared in a highly concentrated forn the dose only being from one to two teaspoon fuls three times per day. It is diuretic and alternative in its action purifying and cleansing the blood, causing to flow in all of its original purity and vigor thus removing from the system all pernicion causes which have induced disease. causes which have induced disease.

CHEROKEE INJECTION is intended as an ally or assistant to the CHEROKEE REMEDY and should be used in conjunction with that medicine in all cases of Gonorrhea, Gleet, Fluor Albus or Whites. Its effects are healing, soothing and demuicent; removing all scalding heat, and pain, instead of the burning and almost unendurable pain that is experienced with nearly all the cheap quack Injections.

By the use of to CHEROKEE REMEDY and CHEROKEE In at the same time at the s Price, CHEROKEE RENEDY, \$2 per bottle, Price, CHEROKEE INJECTION, \$2 per bot-tle, or three bottles for \$5. Sent by Express to any address on receipt of

THE CHEROKEE REMEDY. CHEROKEE INJECTION and CHEROKEE CURE, are sold by all enterprising Druggists in the civilized world. Some unprincipled dealers, however, try to sell worthless compounds in the place of these; those which they can purchase at a cheap price, and make more money by selling, than they can on these medicines. As you value your health, ave, the health of your future offspring, do not be deceived by such unprincipled Druggists, ask for these medicines and take no others. If the Druggists will not buy them for you, inclose the money in a letter, and we will send them to you by express, securely sealed and packed from observation. Ladies or Gentlemen can address us in

Patients addressing us will please state plain-ly all the symptoms of their complaints, and write Postoffice, County, State, and name of writer, plain, and inclose postage stamp for DR. W. R. MERWIN & CO. o. 63 Liberty street, New York FRENCH, RICHARDS & CO.

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These Bitters are rapidly winning their way to public favor, and before long will be the only ones in popular demand. The cures they have effected for years past has induced the proprietor to bring them more particularly before the people. They are not a new remedy, the recipe for making the "Bitters" having been in the people. They are not a new remedy, the recipe for making the "Bitters" having been in the people. They are not a new remedy the recipe for making the "Bitters" having been in the people. They are not a new remedy the recipe for making the "Bitters" having been in the proprietor for many years. The ingredients are composed of the following medicinal herbs and roots, all possessing well known curative powers, and are warranted not to contain any other article: Elecampane, Burdock, Spikenard, Soapwort, Peruvian Bark, Buchu, Spicewood, Mullein, Slippery Elm, Sassafras, Sarsaparilla, Gentian Root, Juniper, Spirits Mitre, Balsam Copavia, Cubebs, Dandelien, Pure Spirits and Barberry. The Bitters have been used by persons afflicted with various diseases for some years past, and such has been their success in curing the most obstinate diseases, that the proprietor is now induced for the first time to offer them to the public, with the full confidence and a willingness to guarantee that if properly used they will effect permanent cures in the most obstinate cases of diseases. They are a certain remedy for Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints, Loss of Appetite, Nervous affections, Intermittent Fever, Fever and Ague, General Debility, or Weakness caused by exposure, imprudence or excess, Coughs and Colds, Diarrheza, Headache, Cholera Morbus, Rheumatism or pains in the limbs, Cramp in the Stomach, Neuralgia, Diseases of the Skin, such as Scrofula, Ulcers, etc. Also, Piles, Worms, especially Seat Worms, and all other diseases arising from a disorganized or diseases particularly, and can produce certificates of the most remarkable cures. Those who care suffering with any of these unpleasant complaints, should at once g . MISHLER'

suffering from Irregularities from whatever cause, will find this medicine a safe and certain remedy; but like all other remedies of this class, should be used with caution by married ladies.

Below the afflicted will find a condensed the control of the curs performed on the period. statement of the cures performed on the various individuals whose names are herewith appended, whose Certificates can at any time be seen by calling at the Store of the Proprietor, entre Square, Lancaster, Pa. B. MISHLER, Sole Manufacturer.

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AND MANUFACTURERS OF WHITE LEAD!

AUGUST ROST, a member of Co. D. 99th P. V., was cured by the use of these Bitters of a dangerous wound received in the service. Also, one of his children of Whooping Cough.

JOHN C. WALTON, Lancaster, cured of Diseases of the Spine and Kidneys, &c., contracted in the Army.

THOS. GROOM, Glen Hope, cured of Disease of the Back and Nervous system.

HENRY NAGLE, Lancaster, cured of a stroke of the Palsy, causing the loss of the use of his right arm. Druggists and Patent Medicine Dealers Every-B. L. FAHNESTOCK'S VERMIFUGE AND CONFECTIONS. of the Palsy, causing the loss of the use of his right arm.

JOSEPH WIMER, Philad siphia, certifices that Mishler's Bitters has restored him to health, having been much afflicted with various ailments for a long time.

JAMES KENNEDY, Lancaster, cured of Chronic Diarrhees and Rheumatism.

DANIEL FINEFROCK, Lancaster, cured of Chronic Rheumatism, which he was much afficted with while in the Army-recommends the use of the Bitters to Soldiers and others similarly afflicted.

EVI HART Sr. Lancaster, cured of Rheumatism occasioned by exposure in the Army. DEAR SIR: We take much pleasuro in assuring you that there is no Vermifage now in use that we think equals yours as a WORM DES.
TROYER. We have sold it largely at retail, and with uniform success. We are Druggist and Physicians, and have prescribed if for our matism occasioned by exposure in the Army, CHAS, B. WILLIAMS, Lancaster, certifies that his daughter was cured of a lingering sickness of eight months, from various diseases, by Mishler's Bitters. ness of eight months, from various diseases, by Mishler's Bitters.

HENRY MADERF, Lancaster, was cured of a difficulty in passing his water, by the use of the Bitters, and his wife also relieved from Rheumatic paths.

PHILIP BONCE, Lancaster, cured of an affection of the Kidneys and Bladder, by the use of Mishler's Herb Bitters.

DANL B. HERR, Robrerstown, Lancaster county, certifies that he was cured of severe stitches in his side which he was afflicted with for nine years.

Bulleting in passing his water, by the use of Rheumatic patins.

PHILIP BONCE, Lancaster, cured of an affection of the Kidneys and Bladder, by the use of Mishler's Herb Bitters.

DANL, B. HERR, Robrerstown, Lancaster county, certifies that he was cured of severe stitches in his side which he was afflicted with for nine years.

JAS, BICKING, Littz, Pa., was cured of a severe attack of Chronic Kheumatism.

JOS, H. WATSON, Lancaster, relieved of pains in his Shoulders and limbs, that he was unable to sleep.

ANDREW EBERLY, Lancaster, cured of Creing Cholic—was so severe that he became apprehensive of a Rupture.

MARY J. CARNEY, Lancaster, cured of Creing Cholic—was so severe that he became apprehensive of a Rupture.

MARY J. CARNEY, Lancaster, cured of Creing Cholic—was not he breast and pain in the side by Mishler's litters.

WM. H. JUURDAN, Lancaster, relived of Cholera Morbus in 10 or 15 minutes by the Herb Bitters.

JACOB HAGG, Lancaster, says that his son was relieved of excruciating pains in his legs and arms.

SAML, MCDONNELL, Lancaster, cured of RAUL, MCDONNELL, Lancaster, cured of SAML, MCDONNELL, Lancaster, cured of Cholera Morbus in 10 or 15 minutes by the Herb Bitters. nd arms, SAML, McDONNELL, Lancaster, cured o dyspepsia of 20 years' standing by Mishler' Oyspepsia of 20 years Sitters. H. G. KENDIG, Farmer, near Lancaster, says his daughter was cured of weakness, phinizic, It is well known to the medical profession that IRON is the vital Principle or Life Element of the blood. This is derived chiefly from the food we ent; but if the food is not properly digested, if, from any cause whatev r, the necessary quantity of iron is not taken into the creatation, or becomes reduced, the whole system suffers. The bad blood will irritate the heart, will clog up the lungs, will stupefy the brain, will obstruct the liver, and will send its disease producing elements to all parts of the system, and every one will suffer in whatever organ may be predisposed to disease. ils daughter was care of open daughter was care of open throat, &c.

J. L. BAKER, Lancaster, certifies that his family has been much relieved from affliction family has been much relieved from affliction by the Bitters.

E. H. RHOADS, Reamstown, Lancaster co., cured of Inflammatory Rheumatism of one years' standing.

JOHN STYER, Haywood Hospital, Va., was cured of Rheumatism by the Bitters—contracted in the army.

THOS. BROPHY, Lancaster, recovered from an attack of Fever and Ague, by the use of Mishler's Bitters.

A. MUSKETNUSS, Lancaster, cured of what is called a Running Leg, by application of the Bitters. The great value of Bitters.

JOHN ROTE, Lancaster, cured of a Running
Leg of 20 years' standing, by Mishler's Bitters.

ISAAC MCINTYRE, Lancaster, relieved of a
severe pain across his Kidneys, by the Herb
Bitters. is well known and acknowledged by all medi-cal men. The difficulty has been to obtain such a preparation of it as will enter the circulation and assimilate at once with the blood. This point, says Dr. Hayes, Massachusetts State Chemist, has beef attained in the back MAYER, Lancaster, cured of a sever

Bitters.
J. F. VREDENBURG, Lancaster, was entirely ured of a remarkable distressing Abscess by THE PERUVIAN SYRUP he Bitters, HENRY G. KENDIG, Camp Potomac, was cured of Diarrhœa by the use of Mishler's Bit-Protected solution of the Protoxide 1. A New Discovery in Medicine that stri t the root of Disease by supplying the blood with its Vital Principle of Life Element—Iron ers.

A. FAIRER, Lancaster County Poorhouse ared of Dyspepsia and Disease of the Kidney vitha Bitters. THE PERUVIAN SYRUP 'ures Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Dropsy Sever and Ague, Loss of Energy, Low Spirits rible cold on the breast of 3 month's standing, by the Bitters.

JOHN WEIDMAN, Lancaster, says that himself and wife were cured of severe Rheumatism by the Bitters.

A LADY, of Lancaster, writes to Mr. Mishler that the Bitters cured her of Piles of 7 year's standing.

is now no more pain.
I. C. R., a member of Co. F., 135th Regiment.
V., writes to the Proprietor, that the Bitters red him of a distressing cold which had un-

Bitters.
JOHN LESHER, of Reamstown,

Bitters, AMOS GROFF, Lancaster, was relieved of a severe cold in the throat by the use of the Bit

ters.
HENRY J. ETTER, Lancaster, had his sight restored (which he had been deprived of for about 5 years,) by the use of Mishiler's Bitters. CHAS. P. MILLER, Philadelphia, writes of a lady in that city having been cured of the Dumb Ague by the use of the Bitters.
HARRIET ORR, Lancaster, was cured of inward weakness and pain in the back by the

ward weakness and pain in the back by the Herb Bitters. JOHN KAUTZ, Lancaster, had a slight at-tack of Lockjaw, which was cured by the Bit-

Bitters.
MARY CRAKEL, Lancaster, was cured of Cramp in the Stomach by the use of the Bit-

ters; PHILIP FREAS, Lancaster, was cured by Mishler's Bitters, of a severe attack of Cramp

Mishler's Butters, or a severe action in the Stomach.

WM. LECHLER, Lancaster, certifles to being cured of the Piles by the use of Mishler's Bitters.

JOHN KEPHARN, Lancaster, was cured by the Bitters of severe pains in the side and back.

JOSIAH COX, Lancaster, was relieved from Palpitation of the Heart, &c., by the use of the Bitters.

Bitters.

JOHN HOLLMAN, Lancaster, says that his son was cured of pain and weakness in his leg-

ter county, was cured of the Gravel by the use of the Bitters.

FREDERICK LUTZ, Lancaster, certifies to being cured of Rheumatism by taking the Herb Bitters.

ISAAC QUIGLEY, Lancaster, says that his son was cured of Typhold Fever by Mishler's

AND'W NEADING, Lancaster, was relieved f a Dry Cough, of 5 months standing, by

of a Dry Cough, of 5 months standing, by Mishler's Ritters.

S. ALLGEIER, Lancaster, says that his daugher was nearly blind from a cold—was cured by the Bitters.

JOHN CURLEY, Lancaster, was cured by the Herb Bitters of an Abscess in three places. WM. SUYDAM, Lancaster, was cured of Rheumatism, of 10 years standing, by Mishler's Bitters.

Bitters.
CHARLES THON, Lancaster township, was relieved of a distressing pain in his side, by the Herb Bitters.
JACOB E. EVERTS, Lancaster, cured of a severe attack of Acute Rheumatism by Mish-

Ples, &c.
JOHN CONLY, Lancaster, states that the
Bitters cured him of Fever and Ague, which

he had 3 months.

John LAMON had Cramp in the Stomach
for years—the Bitters cured him.
THOS. WALLES, Washington City, states
that the Bitters cured him of Gravel of ten

years standing.

JACOB B. AMWAKE, Esq., Lancaster, was injured at Acquia Landing last January—the Bitters cured him.

JOHN A. TRYER'S WIFE, Lancaster, was cured of Liver Complaint and loss of appetite by the Bitters.

DAVID POTTS, near Lancaster, testifies that the Bitters cured him of a severe attack of Rheumatism, july 7 lyw 26

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G. W. WHITFIELD, Agent at Altoona, Blair county, writes of the success he has met it selling the Bitters.

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MARTHA BENTS, Lancaster, was cured of inflammatory Rheumatism, from cold take REV. ABEL STEVENS, Late Editor Christian Advocate & Journal ears, JOHN SCHOCK, Pequea, Lancaster county was relieved from an attack of the Gravel by Rev. John Pierpont,
Rev. Warren Barton,
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Rev. T. Starr King,
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H. C. GINKINGER, Philadelphia, after being confined to the house for two years, was cured by the use of Mishler's Herb Bitters.

GEO. W. KILLIAN, Lancaster, was confined to the U. S. Hospitals for 10 weeks, by prostration, is recovered to health by the use of the Herb Bitters.

Miss. MARGARET KIRK, Lancaster, was cured of a severe pain in her side and general nervousness, by the use of the Herb Bitters.

Miss. ELIZ. WENDITZ, Lancaster, was cured of Inflammatory Rheumatism by the use of the Bitters.

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