

W. W. WARD, EDITOR. LANCASTER, PA., JUNE 21, 1864.



CLING TO THE CONSTITUTION. AS THE SHIPWRECKED MARINER CLINGS TO THE LAST PLANK, WHEN NIGHT AND THE TEMPEST CLOSE AROUND HIM.—DANIEL WEBSTER.

But one week elapses before THE INTELLIGENCE passes into the hands of the new firm.

A somewhat pointed and truthful communication from "A FARMER" will be found on our first page, to which we invite the attention of our readers.

There has been some skirmishing between the forces of GRANT and LEE south of the James River, but no decisive battle had been fought at the latest accounts.

Amongst the names which will probably be presented to the Chicago Convention for the Presidential nomination are the following: viz: Gen. GEORGE B. McCLELLAN, of New York.

On Wednesday morning Kautz and Smith attacked the Confederate entrenchments in front of Petersburg. As this town is on the south bank of the Appomattox, and of little military value, the enemy at once began to retreat across the river.

The following is a record of the engagements in which the Pennsylvania Reserves took a prominent and effective part: Mechanicsville and the remaining six days series of battles in the summer of 1862; second battle of Bull Run, South Mountain, Antietam, Fredericksburg, Chancellorsville, Gettysburg, Bristow Station, Rappahannock Station, New Hope Church, Mine Run, battles of the Wilderness, Spotsylvania, and all the engagements of the Fifth Army corps to the 31st of May, 1864, when they took up their line of march for White House, where they embarked for Washington on Tuesday last.

A Republican exchange says the politicians are trying to defeat the people. That is true—the officers, contractors, plunderers, and all the vast hordes of paid pumps and lick-spittles who feed upon the treasury of the Nation are trying to fasten LINCOLN on the country for another term of four years.

The War.

It seems to be evident that General Lee started as soon as General Grant in the late movement from the Chickahominy. Correspondents represent that for two or three days before Grant's march, there were unmistakable evidences of the diminution of the Confederate forces in the Federal front.

General Smith's corps, from White House, was the first part of Grant's army which reached Bermuda Hundred. It arrived and landed on Tuesday afternoon. At dusk General Kautz, with the cavalry of Butler's army, marched out of Bermuda Hundred, crossed to the south bank of the Appomattox, and took the road towards Petersburg.

On Wednesday morning Kautz and Smith attacked the Confederate entrenchments in front of Petersburg. As this town is on the south bank of the Appomattox, and of little military value, the enemy at once began to retreat across the river.

On Thursday week Mr. Lane, of Indiana, said in the State of the Union: He disclaimed from his colleague (Mr. Hendricks) that the country should cry peace. He did so whether the war lasted one year, five years, or a hundred years.

On Tuesday last everything was quiet in front of Marietta, in Georgia. There had been rain for two days, which made the roads impassable, and prevented movements by either Johnston or Sherman.

It is reported that the remnant of the Banks' expedition, having been reinforced by three thousand men from New Orleans, have been taken by General Canby from the mouth of Red River to Port Hudson. This evacuates all Western Louisiana.

Brown's Brethren's Troops. A depot is opened in London for the sale of these leggings, which have been so long in use in America for relieving Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Throat Disorders, and affections of the Lungs. Liverpool Post.

Such a Candidate.

The re-nomination of LINCOLN in the present exigencies of the country, says the Valley Spirit, is an insult to the intelligence of the American people. He has proven himself totally unfit for the position he holds. He is weak, incapable, vacillating, a time-server without either wise comprehension of the present or sagacious forecast of the future.

Such is the public record of the man who is a second time presented to the American people for their suffrages for the first office in their gift. Unless the spirit of '76 is totally extinct in the bosom of a majority of the people, he will be met ignominiously defeated.

Proceedings of Congress. In the Senate, on Wednesday, the bill to prevent speculative transactions in gold and foreign exchange was taken up and passed. Mr. Powell, of Kentucky, moved to take up the bill to prevent military interference in elections in the States, but the motion was promptly rejected by a vote of 56 to 26.

How the Money Goes. In some original proceedings recently initiated against the house of Schofield & Co., Government Contractors in New York, their books were produced in Court to prove the manner in which they did business. At four different dates their bills exhibited the following features:

On Thursday week Mr. Lane, of Indiana, said in the State of the Union: He disclaimed from his colleague (Mr. Hendricks) that the country should cry peace. He did so whether the war lasted one year, five years, or a hundred years.

Another Town Burned. The city of Alexandria, the most beautiful town in Louisiana, was recently almost entirely destroyed, having been set on fire by the Union soldiers. Twenty-six squares were burned, with most of the household furniture that was in them.

General McClellan delivered the oration, last week, at the dedication of the site for the Battle Monument at West Point, in memory of the officers and soldiers of the regular army who have fallen in the present war.

President Lincoln visited the Sanitary Fair, at Philadelphia, on Thursday last, and was waited on by a large number of the officers and soldiers of the fair.

President Lincoln visited the Sanitary Fair, at Philadelphia, on Thursday last, and was waited on by a large number of the officers and soldiers of the fair. Upon being escorted he made the following characteristic speech:

I suppose that this toast was intended to open the way for something. It is a toast to the war, at the best, it is a toast to the war of our time, in its magnitude and in its duration, is one of the most terrible. It has deranged business, totally in many localities, and partially in all localities; it has destroyed property, and ruined homes; it has produced a national debt and taxation unprecedented, at least in this country.

Such is the public record of the man who is a second time presented to the American people for their suffrages for the first office in their gift. Unless the spirit of '76 is totally extinct in the bosom of a majority of the people, he will be met ignominiously defeated.

Proceedings of Congress. In the Senate, on Wednesday, the bill to prevent speculative transactions in gold and foreign exchange was taken up and passed. Mr. Powell, of Kentucky, moved to take up the bill to prevent military interference in elections in the States, but the motion was promptly rejected by a vote of 56 to 26.

How the Money Goes. In some original proceedings recently initiated against the house of Schofield & Co., Government Contractors in New York, their books were produced in Court to prove the manner in which they did business. At four different dates their bills exhibited the following features:

On Thursday week Mr. Lane, of Indiana, said in the State of the Union: He disclaimed from his colleague (Mr. Hendricks) that the country should cry peace. He did so whether the war lasted one year, five years, or a hundred years.

Another Town Burned. The city of Alexandria, the most beautiful town in Louisiana, was recently almost entirely destroyed, having been set on fire by the Union soldiers. Twenty-six squares were burned, with most of the household furniture that was in them.

General McClellan delivered the oration, last week, at the dedication of the site for the Battle Monument at West Point, in memory of the officers and soldiers of the regular army who have fallen in the present war.

Local Department.

The Conscriptio wheel was again put in operation on Friday last. The credits not having arrived, the contractors which were to be paid, were not paid, and the contractors which were to be paid, were not paid.

Proceedings of Congress. In the Senate, on Wednesday, the bill to prevent speculative transactions in gold and foreign exchange was taken up and passed. Mr. Powell, of Kentucky, moved to take up the bill to prevent military interference in elections in the States, but the motion was promptly rejected by a vote of 56 to 26.

How the Money Goes. In some original proceedings recently initiated against the house of Schofield & Co., Government Contractors in New York, their books were produced in Court to prove the manner in which they did business. At four different dates their bills exhibited the following features:

On Thursday week Mr. Lane, of Indiana, said in the State of the Union: He disclaimed from his colleague (Mr. Hendricks) that the country should cry peace. He did so whether the war lasted one year, five years, or a hundred years.

Another Town Burned. The city of Alexandria, the most beautiful town in Louisiana, was recently almost entirely destroyed, having been set on fire by the Union soldiers. Twenty-six squares were burned, with most of the household furniture that was in them.

General McClellan delivered the oration, last week, at the dedication of the site for the Battle Monument at West Point, in memory of the officers and soldiers of the regular army who have fallen in the present war.

Proceedings of Congress. In the Senate, on Wednesday, the bill to prevent speculative transactions in gold and foreign exchange was taken up and passed. Mr. Powell, of Kentucky, moved to take up the bill to prevent military interference in elections in the States, but the motion was promptly rejected by a vote of 56 to 26.

How the Money Goes. In some original proceedings recently initiated against the house of Schofield & Co., Government Contractors in New York, their books were produced in Court to prove the manner in which they did business. At four different dates their bills exhibited the following features:

8. W. WARD BIRTH FUNDS.

8. W. W. WARD BIRTH FUNDS. I will thank you to publish in your paper, the following list of Birth Funds for the Ward Society for the year 1864.

Proceedings of Congress. In the Senate, on Wednesday, the bill to prevent speculative transactions in gold and foreign exchange was taken up and passed. Mr. Powell, of Kentucky, moved to take up the bill to prevent military interference in elections in the States, but the motion was promptly rejected by a vote of 56 to 26.

How the Money Goes. In some original proceedings recently initiated against the house of Schofield & Co., Government Contractors in New York, their books were produced in Court to prove the manner in which they did business. At four different dates their bills exhibited the following features:

On Thursday week Mr. Lane, of Indiana, said in the State of the Union: He disclaimed from his colleague (Mr. Hendricks) that the country should cry peace. He did so whether the war lasted one year, five years, or a hundred years.

Another Town Burned. The city of Alexandria, the most beautiful town in Louisiana, was recently almost entirely destroyed, having been set on fire by the Union soldiers. Twenty-six squares were burned, with most of the household furniture that was in them.

General McClellan delivered the oration, last week, at the dedication of the site for the Battle Monument at West Point, in memory of the officers and soldiers of the regular army who have fallen in the present war.

Proceedings of Congress. In the Senate, on Wednesday, the bill to prevent speculative transactions in gold and foreign exchange was taken up and passed. Mr. Powell, of Kentucky, moved to take up the bill to prevent military interference in elections in the States, but the motion was promptly rejected by a vote of 56 to 26.

How the Money Goes. In some original proceedings recently initiated against the house of Schofield & Co., Government Contractors in New York, their books were produced in Court to prove the manner in which they did business. At four different dates their bills exhibited the following features:

The Lincoln Platform.

The Convention which assembled in Baltimore on Tuesday, the 7th inst., nominated for President, and for the Presidency, and Andrew Johnson, for Vice-President. As a matter of history we give the platform adopted by the Convention upon which its candidates ran for the votes of the people:

Resolved, 1. That it is the highest duty of every American citizen to maintain, against all enemies, the integrity of the Union, and the paramount authority of the Constitution of the United States; and that, laying aside all differences and political opinions, we pledge our lives, our fortunes, and our sacred honor, to the maintenance of the Union, and to the preservation of the Constitution.

Resolved, 2. That we approve and applaud the measures of the Administration, in full reliance upon the patriotic patriotism, the heroic valor, and the sagacious foresight of the President, and the sagacious foresight of the President, and the sagacious foresight of the President.

Resolved, 3. That we approve and applaud the measures of the Administration, in full reliance upon the patriotic patriotism, the heroic valor, and the sagacious foresight of the President, and the sagacious foresight of the President.

Resolved, 4. That we approve and applaud the measures of the Administration, in full reliance upon the patriotic patriotism, the heroic valor, and the sagacious foresight of the President, and the sagacious foresight of the President.

Resolved, 5. That we approve and applaud the measures of the Administration, in full reliance upon the patriotic patriotism, the heroic valor, and the sagacious foresight of the President, and the sagacious foresight of the President.

Resolved, 6. That we approve and applaud the measures of the Administration, in full reliance upon the patriotic patriotism, the heroic valor, and the sagacious foresight of the President, and the sagacious foresight of the President.

THE DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL CONVENTION.

The Chicago Times has out representing the building in which the Democratic National Convention will be held in that city on the 4th of July next. It is a temporary edifice erected for the occasion, and will be the largest structure ever raised in Chicago.

The building will be of gigantic proportions, measuring 625 feet in length, 100 feet in width, and 100 feet in height. It will be built of brick, and will be finished in white marble.

The building will be of gigantic proportions, measuring 625 feet in length, 100 feet in width, and 100 feet in height. It will be built of brick, and will be finished in white marble.

The building will be of gigantic proportions, measuring 625 feet in length, 100 feet in width, and 100 feet in height. It will be built of brick, and will be finished in white marble.

The building will be of gigantic proportions, measuring 625 feet in length, 100 feet in width, and 100 feet in height. It will be built of brick, and will be finished in white marble.

The building will be of gigantic proportions, measuring 625 feet in length, 100 feet in width, and 100 feet in height. It will be built of brick, and will be finished in white marble.

The building will be of gigantic proportions, measuring 625 feet in length, 100 feet in width, and 100 feet in height. It will be built of brick, and will be finished in white marble.