WAR NEWS.

From Fortress Monroe—Surrender of Norfolk—A Bloodless Victory—The Merrimac Blown Up—Portsmouth and the Navy Yard Captured by Gen. Wool

WASHINGTON, May 11.

The following was received at the War Department this morning.

FORTRESS MONROE, May 10.

Twelve o'clock, at night. Norfolk is ours and also Portsmouth and the Navy Yard. Gen. Wool, having completed the landing of his forces at Willoughby Point, about 9 o'clock this morning commenced his march on Norfolk with five thousand men. Secretary Chase accompanied the General.

About five miles from the landing place a rebel battery was found on the opposite side of the Bridge over Tanner's Creek. After a few discharges of companies of infantry the rebels burned the bridge. This compelled our forces to march around five miles further. At five o'clock in the afternoon our forces were within a short distance of Norfolk, and were met by a delegation of citizens, and the city was formally surrendered. Our troops marched in and we now have possession.

Gen. Viele is in command in Norfolk as military Governor. The city and navy yard were not burnt. The fires which have been seen for some hours proved to be the woods on fire. Gen. Wool with Secretary Chase returned about 11 o'clock. Gen. Huger withdrew his force without a battle.

Com. Rogers's expedition was heard from this afternoon, ascending the James river.

The Merrimac Blown Up.

WASHINGTON, May 11.

The following has just been received:

FORT MONROE May 11.

The Merrimac was blown up by the rebels at two minutes before five o'clock this morning. She was set fire to about three o'clock. The explosion took place at the time stated. It is said to have been a grand sight by those who saw it. The Monitor, Stevens, and the gunboats have gone up towards Norfolk.

(Signed) E. E. SANFORD, Mil. Supervisor.

The Galena Sinks the Yorktown and Captures the Jamestown.

NEW YORK, May 11.

Special despatches state that the iron clad steamer Galena has sunk the rebel steamer Yorktown and captured the Jamestown in the James river.

Great Naval Fight on the Mississippi—Another Union Victory.

WASHINGTON, May 11.

The following dispatch has been received by the Navy Department to-day:

FLAG SHIP BENTON, above Ft. Pillow, Mississippi River, May 10—via Cairo, May 11.

To Hon. Gideon Welles, Secretary of the Navy.

The naval engagement for which the rebels have been preparing took place this morning. The rebel fleet, consisting of eight iron clad gunboats, four of which were fitted up with rams, came up handsomely. The action lasted one hour. Two of the rebel gunboats were blown up and one sunk, when the enemy retired precipitately under the guns of the fort. Only six vessels of my squadron were engaged. The Cincinnati sustained some injury from the rams, but will be in fighting condition to-morrow. Capt. Stemble distinguished himself—he is seriously wounded. The Benton is uninjured. Mortar boat 16 in charge of Second Master Gregory, behaved with great spirit. The rebel squadron is supposed to be commanded by Commodore Hollins.

(Signed) C. H. DAVIS.

Captain commanding the Western Flotilla on the Mississippi River, pro tem.

The March on Richmond.

NEW KENT COURT HOUSE, Va., May 10—8 o'clock p. m.—The pursuit of the retreating rebels by our troops, under command of Gen. Stoneman, has in every respect been successful. His headquarters are now here, within from five to seven miles of Richmond, while the advance, consisting of the 8th Illinois cavalry, is five miles ahead. The enemy is in sight, but gradually falling back.

The inhabitants have in nearly every instance left, but from the best information that has been obtained the enemy will make a stand at Bottom Bridge, fifteen miles from Richmond and the head waters of the Chickahominy river.

Gen. McClellan with the main body of the army, is rapidly following up within a few miles.

Cumberland, a small town on the Pomonky river, and two miles and half from here was deserted this morning by the enemy, and is now occupied by our troops.

There are no rebels to be seen, as reported by our scouts, this side of the Chickahominy river, except on the direct road to Richmond.

The force under General Stoneman consisted of the 2nd Rhode Island and 9th Pennsylvania regiments of infantry, Capt Robinson's battery of light artillery, and the 6th cavalry under Major Williams.

The rear-guard of the enemy which remained here last night and which our men had to drive before them, was Gen. Longstreet's division consisting of ten regiments of infantry and two batteries, and a regiment of the 1st Virginia cavalry.

Our advance was this morning strengthened, on ascertaining the force of the enemy, by the 8th Illinois cavalry and two regiments of the first Jersey brigade.

The enemy on leaving here this forenoon, fired two buildings containing commissary and quartermaster's stores.

The engagement yesterday between our advance and the enemy's rear at Slater's Mills, three miles from here, resulted in 14 of the enemy's cavalry being killed and several taken prisoners. They secured their wounded. The 6th cavalry which made a most brilliant charge, had three men killed, three missing and 13 wounded.

Howell Cobb remained here last night, and left with the rebels this morning.

The enemy's retreat has been most admirably accomplished, carrying almost everything with them in the share of forage and provisions; the wagon trains moving in the daytime and their troops at night.

The enemy covered their retreat with a line of skirmishers stretched along the main road to country, driving in their stragglers at the point of the bayonet.

The Richmond papers of the 6th, make no mention of the movements of their army.

The country between here and Bottom Bridge is thickly wooded, with few clearings, and in many places low and swampy.

The jail here was burnt yesterday.

The railroad from West Point the bridge where it crosses the Pomonky river has been torn up. The destruction of the bridge will probably follow.

The Capture of New Orleans—The Attack on Forts Jackson and St. Philip—Six Days' Engagement—Eleven Rebel Gunboats Destroyed—The Ram Manassas Sunk—4,000 of Gen. Butler's Troops Above the Forts.

By the steamship Columbia, which arrived at New York, the Cuban Herald Extra has been received containing the particulars of the bombardment of Forts Jackson and St. Philip on the Mississippi.

The bomb boat Daniel Smith arrived at Havana on the 20th ult. bringing dispatches for the U. S. Government.—By her we have the particulars of the bombardment of the forts—which had been carried on for six days with unabated fury. The Daniel Smith left the scene of action on the 6th ult.

The chain which was placed across the river was broken by two of the gunboats.

Twenty one mortar and three gunboats had been engaged in the attack upon the forts, and succeeded, on the 24th, in silencing the fortifications, and in securing the safe passage up the river of fourteen war steamers, who were bound for New Orleans, eighty miles above.

The Hartford was set on fire by coming in contact with one of the fire-ships but the fire was extinguished before much damage was done.

The federal forces had destroyed eleven confederate gunboats.

The federal gunboat Verona and the confederate steamer Webster had an engagement, and the Webster run into the Verona injuring her so badly (the Verona) that she was in a sinking condition. The Verona, while in this disabled condition, fired eight guns into the Webster with such destructive and crushing effect that they both went down together.

The federal gunboat Maria J. Carlton was sunk by the guns of the forts.

Gen. Butler has landed four thousand men above the forts.

On the 25th a flag of truce was sent on board to Com. Porter, asking what terms would be demanded in the surrender? The reply was "unconditional," and the arrangements for the surrender were to be made on the 27th.

It is said the contest had been a very hard one, many of the men on the mortar boats falling at their posts from fatigue, solicnessnity had they been kept at work.

The floating battery Manassas was sunk by the steamship Mississippi. Fire ships had been sent down the river every night by the confederates; but a force was detailed with small boats to tow them off where they could do no harm.

The loss on the part of the federals is said to be one hundred and fourteen, while that of the confederates is not known.

Four hundred confederate prisoners have been taken.

The federal flag now waves over the custom house at New Orleans.

ABOLITION CONSISTENCY.

The gentleman from Kentucky (Mr. Crittenden) asked what would four millions of slaves turned loose do? Turned loose! This term was used as if the slaves were wild beasts. Now he (Mr. Lovejoy) had this to say: at present he would let them alone to take care of themselves.

Secure in the knowledge that in his own State (Illinois) the honest arms of white labor will not be paralyzed by the degrading competition which the emancipation of the negroes would inflict on her laboring white men—her laws denying the negro "freedom" to breathe the air of Heaven within her borders—the inconsistent fanatic is willing to help the tide of black competition roll over and engulph the white laboring men of New York and Pennsylvania, neither of which States have such laws. This is what the bellowing Lovejoy means when he proposes to let the negroes "take care of themselves!"—*Albany Argus.*

A WOMAN APPOINTED MAJOR.—The Peoria (Ill.) Transcript says:

Governor Yates has paid a rather unusual but well-merited compliment to Mrs. Reynolds, wife of Lieut. Reynolds, of Company A, Seventeenth Illinois, and a resident of this city. Mrs. Reynolds has accompanied her husband through the greater part of the campaign through which the Seventeenth has passed, sharing with him the dangers and privations of a soldier's life. She was present at the battle of Pittsburg Landing, and, like a ministering angel, attended to the wants of as many of the wounded and dying soldiers as she could, thus winning the gratitude and esteem of the brave fellows by whom she was surrounded. Governor Yates, hearing of her heroic and praiseworthy conduct, presented her with a commission as Major in the army, the document conferring the well-merited honor, being made out with all due formality, and having attached the great seal of the State. Probably no lady in America will ever again have such a distinguished military honor conferred upon her. Mrs. Reynolds is now in this city, and leaves to join her regiment in a day or two.

THE PEACH CROP.—The Philadelphia *Press* has the following: "We are reliably informed that the prospects of an abundant peach crop were never so flattering as thus far during the present season, and that, unless some late frost kills the fruit, by far the largest crop ever grown in Eastern Maryland will be gathered. One intelligent gentleman informs us that over one million of trees have been planted this season on the peninsula, embracing Delaware and the eastern shore of Maryland, occupying over ten thousand acres of land. The apple crop, from present appearances, also promises to be a very large one.—There is great trade in lands on the line of the Delaware Peninsular Railroad. Large tracts of land are being laid out for peach orchards in the rich alluvial bottom of Bohemia manor."

THIRTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS—FIRST SESSION.

MONDAY, May 5.

In the Senate to-day, Mr. Ten Eyck offered a resolution, which was adopted, instructing the Military Committee to inquire into the propriety of extending the provisions of the act allowing $100 to volunteers honorably discharged, etc. Mr. Wilson, from the Military Committee, reported back the bill to limit the number of major-generals and brigadier-generals, with an amendment, which was adopted, making the number of major-generals thirty, instead of twenty. Mr. Wilson offered a joint resolution, which was referred, to suspend all business under the act to secure to the officers and men employed in the Western Department and Missouri their pay, &c. He also presented a joint resolution, which was referred, in relation to an exchange of prisoners. The homestead bill was taken up, and Mr. Pomeroy spoke in favor of its passage. Mr. Carlile introduced a bill in relation to personal liberty. The confiscation bill was then taken up and further debated by Messrs. Howe and Foster. The Senate then went into executive session.

In the House Mr. Aldrich introduced a bill, which was referred, indemnifying the people of Kansas for losses and depredations. Mr Thomas introduced a bill, which was referred to the Judiciary Committee, providing for the punishment of treason and the more effectual suppression of the rebellion. The bill to provide increased revenues from imports and to pay the interest on the public debt, etc., was passed. The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the Pacific railroad bill, and after some discussion the previous question was ordered. The bill was ordered to be printed, with the understanding that a vote shall be taken on its passage at two o'clock on Tuesday.

TUESDAY, May 6.

In the Senate, to-day, Mr. Sherman offered a resolution, which was laid over, that the Secretary of War communicate to the Senate copies of all the reports of officers in command at the recent battles at Pittsburg Landing. The homestead bill was taken up, and Mr Carlile's amendment was rejected by a vote of 25 to 11. The bill was then passed by yeas 33, nays 7. The confiscation bill was taken up, and Mr. Wilson offered an amendment to the amendment of Mr Collamer, striking out all after the first section and substituting the second section. It provides that the act shall not be construed in any way to affect the punishment of any person for treason. Mr. Clark moved that all the bills be referred to a special committee of seven. After considerable debate the motion was modified so as to make the number of the committee nine, and it was then carried by a vote of 24 to 14. Mr. Fessenden, from the Committee on Finance, reported the tax bill, with amendments. The Senate subsequently went into executive session.

In the House Mr. Cox from the Committee on Foreign Affairs reported the Senate bill appropriating $2 500 to the owners and officers of the Spanish bark Providence, illegally detained by the blockade. Mr. Bingham from the Committee on the Judiciary offered a resolution, which was adopted, that a committee of two be appointed to go to the bar of the Senate and impeach one West H. Humphreys on a charge of high treason. The report of the Committee on Elections declaring F. E. Lowe is not entitled to a seat as a representative from California was adopted. The Pacific Railroad and telegraph bill was passed by a vote of 79 to 49. Mr. Segar was admitted to a seat in the House from the First district of Virginia by twenty-four majority. Messrs. Washburne and Conkling apologized to the House for the unparliamentary language made use of on a recent occasion while debating the action of the Investigating Committee.

WEDNESDAY, May 7.

In the Senate to-day Mr. Fessenden, from the Committee on Finance, reported a bill, which was passed, making appropriations to reimburse the sinking fund of the officers of the Secretary of the Treasury, &c. The House bill to provide for a deficiency in the payment of volunteers, and for the payment of troops in the Western Department, was reported from the same committee, debated, and laid over. The House bill to provide increased revenue was passed. Mr. Fessenden offered a resolution, which was adopted, that the Committee of Commerce inquire whether any legislation is necessary in relation to vessels belonging to loyal citizens heretofore which have been seized and confiscated by the rebels, and recaptured at New Orleans and other places. Mr. Sumner offered a resolution for the expulsion of Senator Starke, of Oregon, which was laid over. Mr. McDougall, from the Naval Committee, reported a bill, which was passed, authorizing the payment of advances made by Commodore Farragut while in California. A message was received from the House announcing the appointment of a committee of two to proceed to the Senate and impeach W. H. Humphreys, judge of the District of Tennessee, and the committee appeared when the usual form was gone through with. The bill for the incorporation of the Washington and Georgetown Railroad Company was considered, and the House amendments disagreed to, so that the bill could go to a committee of conference.—Mr. Wilson introduced a bill for the appointment of military storekeepers. The bill to limit the number of brigadiers and major generals was further debated. The President *pro tem* announced the select committee on the confiscation bill to consist of Messrs. Clark (abstinent), Collamer, Trumbull, Cowan, Wilson, Harris, and Sherman (Republicans)—Henderson and Willey (Democrats). Mr. Trumbull was excused from serving on the committee, and Mr. Harlan was appointed in his place. The Senate then went into executive session.

In the House, Mr. Eliot, from the Committee on Commerce, reported a bill, which was passed, establishing a port of entry and delivery in Beaufort district, S. C., at or near Hilton Head, to be called the port of Port Royal, and providing for the appointment of the necessary officers, etc. The resolutions of the Maryland Legislature, appropriating $10.000 for the relief of the families of the soldiers of the Massachusetts Sixth Regiment who suffered by the 19th of April riot in Baltimore, were read.—Consideration of the Nebraska contested election case was then resumed, and after some debate Mr. Washburne moved to lay the whole subject on the table, which was carried by a vote of 64 to 38. This vote retains Mr. Dally (Rep) in his seat.

THURSDAY, May 8.

In the Senate to-day the resolution of the House for the impeachment of Judge Humphreys was referred to a select committee of three. The bill to establish a port of entry and delivery at Hilton's Head, South Carolina was passed. The bill making an appropriation for deficiencies of payment to the volunteers was passed after considerable debate. The bill limiting the number of major and brigadier-generals was taken up, and Mr. Hale's amendment to make the number one hundred and eighty instead of two hundred was rejected by a vote of 19 to 16. The bill was then passed. The bill providing for the education of colored children in the District of Columbia was amended by adding a new section repealing the black code of the District.

In the House the consideration of the Iowa contested election case was postponed until the first Wednesday in December. A resolution was adopted, calling on the Secretary of War for information in regard to the alleged killing of two citizens of Fauquier county, Virginia, by two soldiers of the United States. The bill to organize a territorial government for Arizona was taken up, and, after considerable debate, passed. Mr. Lovejoy called up the bill to secure freedom to all persons within the exclusive jurisdiction of the federal government, and demanded the previous question. Mr. Cox moved to lay the bill on the table, which was negatived by yeas 59, nays 64. Without taking further action upon the measure the House adjourned.

FRIDAY, May 9.

In the Senate to-day, Mr. Chandler, from the Committee on Commerce, reported the House bill relative to the better protection of revenue. Mr. Sherman's resolution, calling for the reports of the officers commanding at the battles at Pittsburg Landing, was taken up and debated by Messrs. Sherman, Powell, Harlan, Browning, and Wilson (Mass.) At the conclusion of the debate the resolution was adopted. The select committee on the impeachment of Judge Humphreys reported a resolution that the Senate will take proper order thereon, and give due notice to the House, which was adopted. The bill for the education of the colored children in the District of Columbia was adopted by a vote of 26 to 7. The Senate then adjourned until Monday.

In the House. Mr. Lovejoy offered a resolution, which was adopted, expressing gratitude to the Almighty for the recent victories achieved by the armies of the Potomac, and tendering thanks of the House to General McClellan for the display of those high military qualities which secure important results with but little sacrifice of human life. Mr. Lovejoy offered a substitute for the bill to secure freedom to all persons within the exclusive jurisdiction of the federal government. Upon this motion a long debate was had without coming to a decision. The House adjourned until Monday.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

$25 ! AGENTS WANTED ! $75 !

We will pay from $25 to $75 per month, and all expenses, to active Agents, or give a commission. Particulars sent free. Address Erie Sewing Machine Company, R. JAMES, General Agent. Milan, Ohio. [aug 27 1y33

Among the many apparent trifles continually being brought to the surface from the ideal under-world of the unknown, there are occasionally simple articles costing but little in detail, but whose combined benefits, usefulness and economy of time and money, aggregate on the basis of millions. Such an article is SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE. Its uses are innumerable, and its cost is next to nothing, the demand for it is universal. It is prepared with chemicals, and used cold—requiring but little skill or time for its application.—*From the Home Journal*, New York, August 27, 1859. [feb 11 1m 5

Equality to All! Uniformity of Price! A new feature of Business: Every one his own Salesman. Jones & Co., of the Crescent One Price Clothing Store, 602 Market street, above 6th, in addition to having the largest, most varied and fashionable stock of Clothing in Philadelphia, made expressly for retail sales, have constituted every one his own Salesman, by having marked in figures, on each article, the very lowest price it can be sold for, so they cannot possibly vary—all must buy alike.

The goods are all well sponged and prepared and great pains taken in the making, so that all can buy with the full assurance of getting a good article at the very lowest price.

Remember the Crescent, in Market, above 6th, No. 604

feb 22 1y-5 JONES & CO.

To Consumptives.—The Advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and the dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge,) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE FOR CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,

Jan 21 3m 2] Williamsburgh, Kings Co., New York.

DEATHS.

On the 9th inst., in this city, Andrew Jackson Nelson, aged 26 years, 1 month and 8 days.

On the 8th inst., Charles Pancoast, son of Gerardus and Mary E. Clarkson, in the 2d year of his age.

On the 6th inst., in this city, Mrs. Elizabeth Shubrooks, aged 70 years.

On the 4th inst., at Hinkletown, Barbara Sowers, aged 87 years.

On the 28th ult., at Hinkletown, Jacob Brenize, in the 86th year of his age.

On the 10th inst., in this city, John Getz, aged 81 years.

On the 7th inst., in this city, Mrs. Eliza Poolman, aged 56 years.

MARRIAGES.

On the 6th inst., by Rev. J. J. Stirine, Jonas Crumwell to Anna Gohn, both of York county.

On the 4th inst., by Rev Mr. Sleeman at Harrisburg, Andrew Zeller, of Columbia, to Mary Kuechler, of Harrisburg, Pa.

By Rev. A. H. Kauffman, Benjamin R. Kendig to Barbara C Stofer, all of Manor.

On the 8th inst., in this city, by Rev. Walter Powell, William A. Smithurst, of Philadelphia, to Miss Emma Miller, daughter of the late Dr. John Miller, of this city.

THE MARKETS.

Lancaster Wholesale Grain Market.

Corrected weekly by J. R. BURKE & BRO., Forwarding and Commission Merchants, No. 91 North Queen street.

LANCASTER, May 12.

Flour, Superfine, ₩ bbl		$5.00
" Extra "		5.25
White Wheat, ₩ bushel		1.25
Red " "		1.20
Corn, old "		44
" new "		
Oats "		28
Rye "		62
Cloverseed "		22
Whiskey, in hhds		22½
" in bbls		

LANCASTER COUNTY BANK.
May 6 1862.

THE DIRECTORS HAVE THIS DAY declared a Dividend of FOUR PER CENT. on the Capital Stock paid in, payable on demand.

may 13 3t 18] W. L. PEIPER, Cashier.

FARMERS' BANK OF LANCASTER.
May 6th. 1862.

THE DIRECTORS HAVE THIS DAY declared a Dividend of One Dollar and Seventy-five Cents per share, on the Capital Stock paid in, or three and one half per cent., payable on demand.

may 13 3t 18] EDW. H. BROWN, Cashier.

STATEMENT OF THE FARMERS' BANK OF LANCASTER, MAY 6TH, 1862.

ASSETS.

Bills Discounted and Loans		$548,259 22
U. S. Gov. Loans and Treasury Notes		96,845 00
Due from Banks and Ass't Treasurer U. S. at Philadelphia		129,468 14
Pennsylvania 6 per cent. Loan of 1861		202,090 00
Notes and Checks of other Banks		87,282 24
Banking House and other Real Estate		10,900 00
Farmers' Bank Stock		67,350 00
Gold and Silver Coin		92,515 25
		$1,052,909 95

LIABILITIES.

Notes in Circulation	$268,200 00	
Due to other Banks	21,026 06	
Due Depositors	271,734 71	
Dividends unpaid	294 25	563,255 02
Capital Stock	$450,000	
		$491,654 93

Lancaster City, ss:

I certify that the foregoing is a true statement to the best of my knowledge and belief.

EDW. H. BROWN, Cashier.

Sworn and subscribed before me, this 6th day of May, 1862.

WM. B. WILEY, Alderman.

may 13 1t 18

STATE OF THE LANCASTER COUNTY BANK, THURSDAY MORNING, MAY 1st, 1862.

Bills Discounted		$575 764 21
Bonds and Mortgages		32,138 75
Real Estate		12,744 93
Penna. 5 per cent. Loan		20,000 00
U. S. 7 3-10 Treasury Notes		30,000 00
Gold and Silver		98 034 22
Notes and Checks of other Banks		60,551 45
Cash due from other Banks		148,659 21
		$975,892 77
Due Depositors	$211,831 85	
Notes in Circulation	427,574 00	
Dividends Unpaid	2 156 60	
Due to Banks	23,900 47	
Due Commonwealth of Penna	2,801 18	668,763 69
		$307,129 08
Capital Stock,	$269,455 00	

Lancaster City, ss:

Before me, J. C. Van Camp, an Alderman of the City of Lancaster, personally appeared W. L. Peiper, Cashier of the Lancaster County Bank, who being duly sworn, doth say, that the foregoing statement is correct, to the best of his knowledge and belief.

W. L. PEIPER, Cashier.

Sworn and subscribed, May 1st, 1862, coram.

may 13 1t 18] J. C. VAN CAMP, Alderman.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—On MONDAY, the 16th day of JUNE next, the undersigned Executors of the Will of Joseph Konigmacher, deceased, in execution of an order of the Orphans' Court of Lancaster county, will sell by public vendue, at the public house of HENRY S. SHENK, Sign of the Lamb, in West King street, Lancaster, the following real estate, late of said deceased, to wit:

No. 1. The undivided half part of and in a LOT OF GROUND, on the east side of Prince street, between Chestnut and Walnut streets, in the City of Lancaster, containing in front on Prince street aforesaid, 64 feet and 4½ inches, and extending in depth of that width eastward to the Pennsylvania Railroad, with a three-storied BRICK BUILDING used as a CARRYING SHOP and LIKEWISE MANUFACTORY, a LARGE FRAME SHOP, and a Railroad Track thereon.—The whole of the brick building is under cellar and so arranged as to be at very small expense converted into three dwelling houses.

This property is one of the best locations for business of any kind on the Railroad.

No. 2. The undivided half part of a LOT OF GROUND, on the north side of West King street, between Mulberry and Charlotte streets, in said city, containing in front on said King street, 64 feet 4½ inches, and extending in depth northward 215 feet to a 14 feet wide public alley, with a STONE DWELLING HOUSE, TAN YARD and STEAM TANNERY, and other improvements thereon.

Also, of a half lot of Ground on the north side of the aforesaid public alley, running along the rear of the last above described lot, containing in front on said alley 64 feet 4½ inches, and extending in depth northward 122 feet and 6 inches, more or less, with a Frame Stable and Wagon Shed thereon.

The last two described lots have been used together as the "Tannery Property."

No. 3 The undivided half part of a lot of Ground on the south side of East Orange street, near east of Plum street, in said city, containing in front on said Orange street 24 feet, and extending southward 100 feet to a 12 feet wide alley.

No. 4. The undivided half part of a lot of Ground, adjoining the above on Orange street, containing in front on Orange street 23 feet, and extending in depth southward 100 feet to said alley.

Sale will begin at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of said day when terms will be made known.

Persons wishing to view the premises before the day of sale will please call on W. Carpenter, No. 27 East Orange street, or on Jeremiah Bauman, Esq., at No. 1.

ADAM KONIGMACHER,
W. CARPENTER,
Executors.

Lancaster, May 12, 1862. tf 18

GARDNER & HEMMINGS'

GREAT AMERICAN CIRCUS,

The largest and most completely equipped Equestrian Establishment in the world, comprises

THE GREATEST TROUPE

Of European and American Male and Female Artists, and the most Magnificent Collection of wonderfully

TRAINED HORSES AND PONIES

ever brought together, affording facilities for the presentation of more novel and varied Performances than have ever been given in a traveling exhibition.

The management takes pleasure in announcing to the public that they are able for this season of '62, to cater for their amusement in a superior manner to any traveling company. The wagons have been newly painted and decorated so as to present a neat and elegant appearance. The harness is new and beautiful. The wardrobe is of the most costly description, manufactured from designs imported from Paris during the past Winter; and in fact the whole paraphernalia is of such a description as to at once give satisfaction to all.

WILL EXHIBIT IN

LANCASTER.....TUESDAY, MAY 20.
PENNINGTONVILLE.....MONDAY, MAY 19.
MOUNT JOY.....WEDNESDAY, MAY 21.

Afternoon and evening of each day. Doors open at 2 and 7—Performance to commence half an hour later.

Admission 25 cents.

One of the greatest features of this Exhibition is the

ENGLISH STEEPLE CHASE,

Introducing the entire Company, mounted upon their highly-mettled, thorough-bred Horses, leaping Hurdles, Hedges, &c.

THE ZOUAVE HALT,

Will also form another feature of the Show, in which the Horses will, at the word of command, lie down, set up, and go through a great variety of performances.

The beautiful Trick Horse, Washington, will appear at each Entertainment, and go through his wonderful and truly surprising performances.

LOOK AT THE NAMES.

Dan Gardner, R. Hemmings, George Derious, John Foster, Henry Morris, Signor Parker, F. W. Whitiker, Mons Banola, King Brothers, Miss Eliza Gardner, Mad. Camille, Little Minnie, Master Ed. Gardner, C. Bicker, J. Wambold, T. Boline, Dick Ball, and a host of auxiliaries; the whole forming a bright constellation of Equestrian, Acrobatic and Gymnastic talent; the whole enlivened by the wit of three great Clowns—Dan Gardner, John Foster and Young Dan.

On the morning of the exhibition the Company will enter town in grand procession, headed by Peter Britner's American Brass Band, seated in a beautiful Band Couch, drawn by a line of splendid horses, followed by all the horses, ponies, carriages, luggage vans, &c., &c.

W. H. GARDNER, Agent.

C. WITNEY, Advertiser. [may 13 2t 18

FARMERS, LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST!—The old, reliable Reaper and Mower in the market for 1862 McCORMICK'S WORLD-RENOWNED REAPER AND MOWER. Simplicity, strength, durability, with ease of working, are its cardinal points. It cuts wider, cannot be choked or clogged, is light draught, has no perceptible side pressure, does not chafe the horses' necks, is easy to rake from, turns square corners, and as a Reaper, as a Mower, and as both, is warranted superior to any now in use. We present, therefore, for the coming season a machine one foot wider than those of most makers, with a light draught for two horses, in reaping and mowing—lighter than is required for much narrower machines; also, one with the strength and capacity for four horses, where such are desired. The machine of 1862 embodies marked improvements.

All machines warranted to work well in grass and grain, to be well made and durable, and in addition we say that farmers, who may desire it, are at liberty to work our machine through the harvest with any other, and keep and pay for the one preferred. We deem it unnecessary to give any references, as the machine will recommend itself.—Apply personally or by letter to

JOHN B. ERB, Agent,
Litiz, Lancaster county, Pa.

The Agent can be found in Lancaster at Cooper's Hotel. Sample machines at Cooper's Hotel.

may 13 3t 18

THE GREAT CAUSE OF HUMAN MISERY.
JUST PUBLISHED IN A SEALED ENVELOPE

Price Six Cents.

A LECTURE BY DR. CULVERWELL, ON THE CAUSE AND CURE of Spermatorrhœa, Consumption, Mental and Physical Debility, Nervousness, Epilepsy; Impaired Nutrition of the Body; Lassitude; Weakness of the Limbs and the Back; Indisposition, and Incapacity for Study and Labor; Dullness of Apprehension; Loss of Memory; Aversion to Society; Love of Solitude; Timidity; Self-Distrust; Dizziness; Headache; Affections of the Eyes; Pimples on the Face; Involuntary Emissions, and Sexual Incapacity; the Consequences of Youthful Indiscretion, &c., &c.

This admirable Lecture clearly proves that the above enumerated, often self-inflicted evils, may be removed without medicine and without dangerous surgical operations, and should be read by every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, on the receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, by addressing,

DR. CHAS. J. C. KLINE,
127 Bowery, New York, Post Office Box, 4586.

may 13 tf 18

MANUAL AND DRILL BOOK, FOR the use of all Volunteers and Militia, revised, corrected, and adapted to the discipline of the soldier of the present day, by an officer in the United States Army.

At J. M. WESTHAEFFER'S,

may 14 tf 18] No. 44, Corner N. Queen & Orange sts.

$50 REWARD.—Was stolen from the desk of the subscriber, as Jacob B. Shaffer left her Banks, on Monday night, the 28th day of April, 1862, about FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS, viz: $250 on the Lancaster County Bank, $100 on the Farmers' Bank of Lancaster, and about $50 on other different Banks. The above reward will be paid for the recovery of the money.

may 6 3t 17] PATRICK BRISLAN.

UNITED STATES HOTEL, PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD DEPOT, S. E. CORNER 11TH AND MARKET STREETS, PHILADELPHIA.

H. W. KANAGA, PROPRIETOR.

TERMS—$1.25 per day. [may 23 tf 20

MORE NEW AND INTERESTING BOOKS.

THE EARL'S HEIRS: A TALE OF DOMESTIC LIFE. By the Author of "East Lynne; or, The Earl's Daughter," "The Mystery," &c., &c. Paper price, 50 cents.

MORGAN; OR, THE KNIGHTS OF THE BLACK FLAG: A STRANGE STORY OF BYGONE TIMES. Paper price, 25 cts.

For sale at J. M. WESTHAEFFER'S,

apr 1 tf 15] Cor. North Queen and Orange Sts

REMOVAL.—WILLIAM N. AMER, DENTIST, for five years a student and assistant of Dr. WAYLAN, formerly of this city, has removed his office to the rooms lately occupied by Dr. McCalla, in East King street, two doors from Centre Square, where he is prepared to meet those who may favor him with their confidence, and serve them in the most skillful manner, warranting satisfaction in every reasonable case, both as to operations performed and charges for the same. WM. N. AMER.

apr 1 1y 12

NOTICE.—To the Members of the NORTHERN MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY, OF LANCASTER COUNTY,

that an Election will be held on MONDAY, MAY 19, 1862, between the hours of 9 and 6 o'clock of said day, at the public house of Samuel G. Hacker, in New Ephrata, (now Lincoln,) Lancaster county, for the purpose of electing Three Directors and One Auditor, to serve for three years.

SAMUEL NISSLY,

April 22, 1862. Secretary.

apr 29 2t 16

CONESTOGO AND BIG SPRING VALLEY TURNPIKE ROAD COMPANY.

The Commissioners to open books and receive subscriptions to the capital stock of the "Conestogo and Big Spring Valley Turnpike Road Company," will meet for that purpose at the public house of Jacob Huber, in the City of Lancaster, on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, the 26th, 27th, 28th, 29th, and 30th days of MAY next.

Subscription books will be kept open from 10 o'clock, A. M., to 4 o'clock, P. M.

HENRY CARPENTER,
GEORGE R. REED,
HARRIS BOARDMAN,
JOHN ESHLEMAN,
JOHN B. KREIDER,
HENRY K. STONER.

apr 29 5t 16]

OFFICE SUSQUEHANNA CANAL COMPANY, CORNER LEXINGTON AND DAVIS STREETS. BALTIMORE, April 26, 1862.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A GENERAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS of this Company will be held at this office on MONDAY, the 12th day of MAY, between the hours of 12 and 2 o'clock, to ELECT OFFICERS AND MANAGERS of the said Company. The Transfer books will close on the 5th proximo, and remain closed until after the election.

By order, TH. M. ABBETT,

may 6 1t 17] Treasurer.

INFALLIBLE CURES FOR DYSPEPSIA, PILES AND RHEUMATISM.—I have three recipes which have seldom failed in an instance to cure the above mentioned diseases, if used according to directions. Hundreds have already used them and been perfectly cured. The medicine can be got in any Drug Store. It is no humbug. I will send the three recipes or either of them, on the receipt of One Dollar.

Address, J. H. GERRY,
Race St., 3 doors above Sixth, Philadelphia.

may 6 3t 17

ESTATE OF CHRISTIAN WEISS, DECEASED.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Christian Weiss, late of Warwick township, deceased, having been granted to the subscribers, residing in said township: All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment immediately, and those having claims will present them, without delay, properly authenticated for settlement.

ANNA WEISS,
JOHN B. ERB,
Executors.

may 6 6t 17]

ESTATE OF MICHAEL McGRANN, deceased.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Michael McGrann, late of the City of Lancaster, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in said city: All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

MARGARET McGRANN,
JOHN McGRANN,
Executors.

apr 29 6t* 16]

ESTATE OF JOHN REED, DEC'D.—Letters of Administration on the estate of John Reed, late of Leacock township, dec'd, having been granted to the subscriber, residing in the City of Lancaster: All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them, without delay, properly authenticated for settlement to

JAMES REED, Administrator,
residing in the City of Philadelphia,
or H. B. SWARR, his Attorney,
Lancaster.

apr 29 6t* 16]

ESTATE OF JACOB DORWART, LATE of the City of Lancaster, dec'd.—Letters testamentary on the last will and testament of the above deceased having been issued to the undersigned: All persons having claims or demands will present them duly authenticated for settlement, and those indebted will make payment without delay.

CHRISTIAN ZECHER,
Executor.

apr 15 7t* 14]

ASSIGNED ESTATE OF GABRIEL SCHLOTT, of the City of Lancaster.—Gabriel Schlott and wife, of the City of Lancaster, having assigned all the estate, real, personal and mixed, (except so much as would be exempt from levy and sale on execution,) of the said Gabriel Schlott to the undersigned, for the benefit of creditors: All persons indebted to the said Gabriel Schlott are requested to make payment, and all persons having claims against him will present them to

JOHN B. ERB, Assignee,
Residing in Litiz.

April 3rd, 1862. apr 8 6t 13

ESTATE OF WILLIAM B. SMITH.—Letters of administration on the estate of William B. Smith, late of Bart township, deceased, having been issued to the subscriber residing in said township: All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment immediately and those having claims will present them, without delay, properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN M. HEYBERGER,
Administrator.

apr 1 6t* 12]

ESTATE OF DANIEL KREIDER, late of Cornarvon twp., deceased.—The undersigned having been appointed, by the Court, Auditor to distribute the balance in the hands of David Styer and John Kreider, administrators of the estate of David Kreider, late of Cornarvon twp., deceased, to and among those legally entitled thereto, hereby gives notice that he will attend for the purpose of his appointment, at the Library Room, in the Court House, in the City of Lancaster, on TUESDAY, the 20th day of MAY, A. D., 1862, at 2 o'clock, P. M., when and where all persons inter