THE REECTIONS.

The Democracy Still at Work.

Putnam county, New York, shows a Democratic gain on the vote for supervisors, of over 290.

Green county, New York, shows a Democratic and Stepublican supervisors.

At the charter disction in Sackett's Harbor, the Democrate steeled their President by 52 majority. In Roestland county, according to the Using & Country, the Board of Supervisors will stand 3 Democrate and f. Republican.

Ningate country, New York, last fall gave over six hundred majority against the Democrate ticket, and in 1850 over twelve hundred majority for Lincoln. Now, according to the Lockport Advertiser, the Democrate in town elections have a majority of 535.

In Ohio the Democrate are having good success in the local elections. The Allentown Democrat gives returns from most of the towns in its country, and pronounces them "truly encouraging." The Plymouth Democrate brings like satisfactory intelligence.

At Columbus, the Capital of Ohio, the Democracy At Columbus, the Capital of Ohio, the Democracy

At Columbus, the Capital of Ohio, the Democracy have elected the entire ticket, according to the Statesman "without the loss of a man." In St. Clairsville, where the Democrate were beaten last year, the late election for township officers resulted in a Democratic majority of 150. York township has also been carried entire by the Democracy. From beyond the Mississippi, too, we have loud notes of rejolcing. The Dubuque Herald gives the result in that city, with pictorial comments—the entire city ticket being Democratic by majorities ranging from 272 to 522, the Mayor receiving a majority of 319. The Herald adds: "Hereafter Democratic can walk the streets of Dubuque without being subjected to insult, with impunity."

In Mishigan, things are working satisfactorily. The Bepublican paper at Ann Arbor claims the election of its party ticket in Ann Arbor, for city officers, but concedes that the county has gone Democratic, 8 to 7, in the Board of Supervisors.

Wisconsin also sends tidings of Democratic victories. We recorded last week the success of the Bemocratic ticket in Milwaukie, Madison, Racine, Kenosha and Janesville. The Democratic Press, at

Kenosha and Janesville. The Democratic Press, at Fond du Lao, gives the vote in that thriving city: Bonesteel, Dem., 683; Ewen, Rep., 410—Democratic majority, 278 Watertown, in the same State, has given Judson Prentiss, Dem., 500 majority for Mayor; while in Laerosse, where Lincoln had 146 majority, and where, one year ago, the Republicans elected their Mayor by 76, the Democrats have just elected their candidate for the mayoralty by 267 majority. Every city in Wisconsin has this year gone Democratic. Last year all but two were Republican. sha and Janesville. The Democratic Press a illinois is furnishing her share of the evidence that

Democratic party still lives. The Chicago ibuns, Rep., says: cownship elections were held in Illinois on Tues-Township elections were held in Illinois on Tuesday, the last instant. In Peoria, the Democratic majority was 345, and five Democrates and one Republican were chosen Supervisors. In Springfield there was no opposition to the regular Democratic tloket. In Rook Island, the officers elected are all Democrats; ditto in Moline.

According to the Galena Courier, "a grand Democratic victory" has been achieved in the towns in that part of the State.

St. Paul, the capital of the young State of Minnesota, has just elected the entire Democratic city ticket by majorities ranging from three to four hundred, and also five of the seven trustees. The St. Paul Journal brings us full particulars, and very

Paul Journal brings us full particulars, and very justily exults over the success of the Democracy in that chief city on the Upper Mississippi.

In Davenport, hitherto a strong Republican town, the Democrats, although losing their Mayor, elect a majority of the Aldermen, the Marshal and Clerk, by handsome majorities.

the Democrats, although losing their Mayor, elect a majority of the Aldermen, the Marshal and Clerk, by handsome majorities.

Changing our point of observation from the extreme Northwest to down East, we are greeted with intelligence of a Democratic victory in Hartford, Conn., where William J. Hammersley, Esq.,—the best-abused Democrat in Connecticut—has just been elected Mayor by 64 majority.

New Jersey.—We have glorious news from Democratic New Jersey. Elections were held in many of the cities and towns on Monday last, with results highly gratifying to the Democracy.

Trenton leads the column. The Democrats elect nine out of eleven city officers, ten conneilmen out of thirteen, five aldermen out of six, and 55 ward officers to 19 Republicans. A combination of circumstances gives the Republican Mayor a re-election by a majority of 41 against 109 last year Even this the True American thinks may be more nominal than real, when a critical examination of the pollists shall be had.

In Elizabeth our Democratic friends have won a decisive victory, electing their ticket by 300 majority. The Trenton True American, which is ever putiting.

lecisive victory, electing their ticket by 300 majority. The Trenton True American, which is ever untiring in the Democratic cause, has the following, respecting the vote in the other counties:

In Essex county the Democrats have carried their entire tickets in Belleville, Caldwell, and other townships, the Republicans only holding their ground in Bloomfield and Milburn.

In United accounts the Calculation of the ground in Bloomfeld and Milburn.

In Union county, Elizabeth has gone for the Democratic ticket, by 300 majority. In New Providence the Republicans surrendered at discretion, and the Democracy carried everything before them.

In Morris county, Morristown elected the Democratic ticket by 140 majority, and in Chatham, hitherto a stronghold of Republicanism, the Democrats elected their entire ticket.

These are merely the preliminary skirmishes to the great rout which the people are preparing to give Black Republicanism next fall.

circumstances!"
Through Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Pennsylvania and New York, the town and city elections appear to have resulted in a triumph for the Demecracy. They will succeed in all those States at the Congressional elections next fall.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

THE ELECTION IN CRICAGO. The Chicago Tribuns (Rep.) of Wednesday, says:

"The majorities of the Democratic ticket foot up
1,487 for the office of mayor—and the other will not
fall far behind. The Republicans had majorities in
two wards amounting to 442."

The fact is only worthy of notice because the city
has for the lect in vacance of Republicans.

has for the last six years gone Republican by a majority of from 800 to 2,000, and there was a straight issue, both candidates being good men. HURRAH FOR DAYTON!

The Democracy of Dayton, on the 7th inst., did nebly, electing their entire city ticket. The Empire says, the verdict of the people is as follows: For Mayor-Gillespie 148; Marshal-Cain, 85; City Treasurer-Reese, 21; Infirmary Director-Marshall, 142; Wood Measurer-Allen, 304. We are "satisfied with the verdict."

At the Abolition fusion convention to nominate their ticket, they

their ticket, they

Resolved, That we will take the occasion of our Essolved, That we will take the occasion of our ensuing sity election to make it known to all men that the City of Dayton repudiates Clement L. Vallandigham and his organ, the Dayton Emptre, and rebukes them for their refusal to support the Government in its death struggle with treason; and to the end that this rebuke may be more emphatio, we call upon all loyal men, without respect to party, to vote for the Union, anti-Vallandigham, and anti-Empire ticket this day nominated.

Abolition fusion majority last October in Dayton, 492; gain, 640.

A LITTLE MORE.

The Democratic ticket for city officers at Spring-field, Illinois—President Lincoln's home—has been elected by about two hundred majority. At the city election in Leavenworth, Kansas, the whole Demo-cratic general ticket was triumphant. The Democrate gave the Republicans of Keokuk ac close run for mayor. The Republican candidate was elected by two or three majority.

ELOQUENT EXTRACT

From the Speech of Mr. Voorhees, of Indiana, in the House of Representatives at Washington, Feb. 10, 1862:

"Sir, to my mind it as an omen of evil that the spirit of Abolitionism, like a lurking fiend of mischief, a Mephistophles iniquity, should boldly stalk in here, and in such a crisis as this, assume to control American legislation. Its croaking raven cry is a baleful sound to the cause of the Union. Its arrogant and defiant demands fill the future with gloom. It no longer comes in here the skulking and despised, miscreant that it once was; but with the elevated mien and swaggering port of a conquerer, it strides forward over the mangled form of constitutional government. It no longer hides, and cowers, and denies its nature, and assumes false shapes, like Satan in the garden of Paradise, with which to heppile and despised miscreant chart of more committee, proceeded to speak at length in vindication of its action, and it reply to the as-alist made upon him for his conducting the premises. A running debate ensued, after which further considered the conducting the premises. A running debate ensued, after which further considered the conducting the premises. A running debate was posponed until Monday. like Satan in the garden of Paradise, with which to beguile and deceive, as it did a few short years ago. The veiled Prophet of Khorassan has revealed himself, and his hideous face is almost enough to affright union

and concord from the land.
"Why comes this fell spirit here now accompanied by its train of horrors? It has no passed prohibiting negro emigration into this merit in the past to entitle it to control the present or shape the future. It can point to lition headquarters of the Empire State. It is no good act that it has ever accomplished .-The cause of Abolitionism is parren of policies to the londest shrieks. For Syracuse to be cent results. No State, no Territory has it tored the londest shrieks. For Syracuse to be ever dedicated to free labor, and no slave has protesting now against a possible irruption of contrabands, then, is not the handsome thing. has never had the sanction of the great and It savors of base hypocrisy, if not something good names which, like the stars in the clear even worse. upper sky, adorn and illuminate our history. On the contrary, it has been the object of their incessant malediction from the hour of its of Nisi Prius at Philadelphia, before Justice birth. Its presence in the halls of Congress Read, in the case of Dunlap vs. Anderson, an was their abhorrence, and the prognosticated

THIRTY REVENTE CONCRESS FIRST ARRAIGN.

In the Senate to-day the Vice-President pro tempresented petitions in favor of a bankrupt faw; also in favor of a ship canal from Lake Michigan to the Missispip river. Mr. Lane presented a petition from free colored cilizens of the United States, which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations; praying for setting aside portions of the territory outside of the national limits for their colonisation, and naming Central America. The resolution calling for information in regard to the case of Gen. Stone was taken up, and a general and somewhat personal debate ensued. Finally Mr. McDongall accepted Mr. Wilson's resolution in place of his own, calling on the President, if not incompatible with the public interest, to furnish all the information relating to the arrest and imprisonment of Gen. Stone, which then passed. The confiscation bill was taken up, and Mr. Davis obtained the foor. The Senate then went into executive session. The Senste then went into executive session.

In the House Mr. Edwards introduced a bill, which was referred to the Committee on Ways and

In the House Mr. Edwards introduced a bill, which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means, making appropriations for a bounty to the widows and legal heirs of volunteers who have died or may die, and of the killed or who may be killed in the service. A resolution was passed, which was subsequently resoinded, requesting the Secretary of the Treasury to communicate a statement of the expenditures of money in the Department of the expenditures of money in the Department of the West. On motion of Mr. Nixon, the Secretary of War was requested to furnish the House with a statement of all appointments of brigadier-generals, regular and volunteer, for the year ending April 1, 1862. On motion of Mr. Blake, the Secretary of War was directed to cause the necessary blank forms to be printed and distributed among the sick and wounded soldiers and their relatives, in order that they obtain the back-pay and bounty due to said soldiers. Mr. Cox submitted a resolution, which was rejected by a vote of 65 against 31, calling on the Secretary of War fournish the House with information in regard to the condition and employment of contrabands in Gen. Wool's department and the District of Columbia. A resolution was adopted instructing the Committee on Invalid Pensions to report a bill providing pensions for disabled soldiers of the Present war. The vote calling for the expenditure of the Western Department was reconsidered and the resolution rejected. Mr. Diven's resolution requesting the attorney-general to institute proceedings to recover from John C. Frement and E. L. and the resolution rejected. Mr. Diven's resolution requesting the attorney-general to institute proceedings to recover from John C. Fremont and E. L. Beard the money obtained from the Treasury by order of the former and payable to the latter, as set forth in the report of the select committee on contracts, was then taken up. A long and animated debate ensued, in which Messrs. Diven and Blair spoke in favor of the resolution and Messrs. Colfax, Stevens, and Phelps, of California, spoke against it. The resolution was finally tabled. Mr. Aldrich's resolution instructing the Judiciary Committee to report back the bill to subject certain persons to military trial, was then adopted. The bill relates to the trial and punishment of military officers charged with swindling.

TUESDAY, April 22.

In the Senate to-day Mr. Clark, from the select committee on the case of Senator Starke, made a

In the Senate to-day Mr. Clark, from the select committee on the case of Senator Starke, made a report that the committee find him to be disloyal to the government. Mr. Anthony presented a resolution calling on the President for copies of all orders of the commanding general's instructions, etc., given to General Sherman, lately in command of the South Carolina Department. The bill for the establishment of a department of agriculture was taken up. Mr. Wright's substitute for the bill was rejected.—Mr. Foster moved to amend the bill by a substitute providing for a statistical and agricultural bureau. Pending a vote, the bill to confiscate the property and free the slaves of rebels was taken up, and Mr. Davis spoke at length in opposition to the measure. He contended that Congress had no more right to free the slaves than to confiscate the jewelry in the country.

country.
In the House Mr. McPherson presented six peti-In the House Mr. McPherson presented six petitions in favor of the establishment of a professorship of German in the West Point Military Academy.—On motion of Mr. Morrill a resolution was adopted requesting the President to strike from the roils the name of any army officer who has been known to be habitually intoxicated by the use of spirituous liquors while in the service. An unsuccessful effort was made to lay the fifteen or sixteen confiscation bills on the table, but the motion to do so was lost by yeas 39, nays 6:

WEDMESDAY, April 23.

In the Senate to-day a resolution was passed in

WEDNESDAY, April 23 in relation to the pay of the first senators and representatives from Minnesota. Mr. Hale offered a resolution, which was adopted, that the Military Committee inquire whether any general in the army before Yorktown had exhibited himself drunk in before Yorktown had exhibited himself drunk in the face of the enemy, and if any measures have been taken for the trial and punishment of such officer. Mr. Davis introduced a bill prescribing an additional eath for grand and petit jurors in the United States courts. The bill reorganizing the independence of Hayti and authorizing the appointment of a diplomatic representative was taken up, and after Mr. Sumner had delivered a speech in favor of its passage, further consideration of the subject was postponed until Thursday. The confiscation bill was next considered and Mr. Davis proceeded in his speech on the subject, commenced on Tuesday. Mr. Sherman offered an amendment to the bill, specifying persons to whom the confiscation may apply, including those who may hereafter hold office in any way under the rebel government.

way under the rebel government.

In the House the Senate bill for the relief of the owners, officers, and crew of the Danish bark Jergen Lorentzen, was passed. Mr. Blair, from the Military Committee, reported a bill to create a board of com-missioners to examine into the coast and harbor de-DEMOCRATIC VICTORIES.

The City of Springfield, Illinois, the Capital of the State, has elected the Democratic Mayor and city officers by a majority of 193. Last year it was Republican.

This state is a state of the state and narror defenses. The confiscation bill was tabled by a vote of 54 against 48. The bill authorizing the President to direct our generals to declare the slaves of the rebels free, and pledging the faith of the United States to make full and fair compensation to loyal men who have actively supported the Union, for any losses they may sustain in consequence, was taken

sity officers by a majority of 193. Last year it was Republican.

In Rushville, Indiana, the Democratic ticket was elected by a majority of 50.

Plymouth, Indiana, elected the Democratic ticket was been Republican.

In Hillsborough, Ohio, the Democrats succeeded in choosing their entire ticket, and were successful in most of the towns in Highland county. Colonel Pike's Hillsborough Gazette says:

"In a town and township where, a few months ago, a Democrat could scarcely dare own that he was a member of that party where some of the best citizens were threatened with hemp by the infuriated rabble, and where the Democratic press was almost entirely muzzled, the indomitable Democrats are now in the ascendant, and will remain so from this time forward. What a glorious triumph, under the circumstances!"

Through Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Pennsylvania and New York, the town and city elections appear in the subsequently passed as reported from the committee by a voic of 32 to 7. The confiscration will remain to the substance of the committee of the union, for any losses they may sustain in consequence, was taken up and a general debate ensued. Mr. Frank presented in the war subsetuent of New York, requesting the reposition of the Legislature of New York, requesting the and a snarp departe ensued. The bill for the recognition of Hayti and Liberia was taken up, and it was subsequently passed as reported from the committee by a vote of 32 to 7. The confiscation bill was taken up and Mr. Collamer spoke in favor of the measure. Mr. King moved to amend the bill so as to include all persons levying war against the United States and giving aid and comfort thereto. After a debate the amendment was disagreed to by a vote of 32 to 7. The amendment offered by Mr. Sherman, limiting confiscation to persons who hold certain limiting confiscation to persons who hold certain offices under the rebel government, was adopted by yeas 27, nays 11. The Senate went into executive

yeas 21, nays 11. The Senate went into executive session.

In the House Mr. Vallandigham offered a resolution, which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, calling on the President for copies of the correspondence between the French and United States governments, received—within the last two months, relating to the troubles in this country.—Mr. Aldrich, from the Committee on Indian Affairs, reported a bill, which was referred to the Committee of the Whole, authorizing a treaty to be made with the Indians of Utah, with a view to purchasing their lands; also, a bill authorizing treaties with the Navajoes of New Mexico, defining their limits and extinguishing their titles to lands out of the United States. Mr. Fenton introduced a bill, which was referred to the Committee on Claims, to settle the States. Mr. Fenton introduced a bill, which was referred to the Committee on Claims, to settle the accounts of New York for advances made by that state during the war with Great Britain, and for other purposes. The confiscation bill was taken up, and after considerable debate was referred to a select committee of seven by a vote of 90 to 31. Mr. Walton introduced a bill relating to treason and the rebellion, which was referred to the select committee. A resolution was passed ordering 200,000 copies of the agricultural part of the Patent Office report to be printed for the use of members, and 15,000 copies for the Patent Office. The House, in Committee of the Whole, considered the bill making an appropriation for bounties to the widows and legal heirs of volunteers called into service under the law of July, volunteers called into service under the law of July 1861. In the course of the debate, Mr. Vallandig

1881. In the course of the debate, Mr. Vallandigham, in reply to certain imputations made upon his character by Senator Wade, as being actuated in his conduct by disloyal motives, denounced him as a liar, scoundrel and coward. Mr. Hutchins thereupon offered a resolution declaring Mr. Vallandigham, for the use of the offensive language, deserving of the censure of the House.

FRIDAY, April 25.

In the Senate to-day Mr. Sherman presented resolutions from the Legislature of Ohio concerning the rebel prisoners of Columbus. Mr. Latham introduced a bill, which was referred, to quiet certain land titles in California. Mr Cowan introduced a bill to amend the act of April 30, 1796. The bill to establish a line of steamships between San Francisco and Shanghai

FREE NEGROES IN NEW YORK .- A New York letter, dated April 21, says: petitions the Syracuse people are deluging the State Legislature with, asking that a law be

The town is in a broad grin to-day over the State. Syracuse, you know, is the great abogood act that it has ever accomplished.—
cause of Abolitionism is barren of benefit results. No State, no Territory has it

HEAVY VERDICT .- Last week, in the Court was their abhorrence, and the prognosticated evil, and evil only, and continually," from the jury returned a verdict for plaintiff for why comes it here now? It never was a \$10.500. Mr Dunley, the plaintiff, is a citizen friend to the Union, and it is not to-day. It of Harrisburg, and Mr. Anderson, the defend-never wanted a Union with Slave States or a ant, was at the time the offence was committed fellowship with slaveholders, and does not several years ago, a member of the Legislature from York county.

ABOLITION AND CIVIL WAR. Extract from a Speech of Henry Clay, in the U.S. senate, Feb. 7, 1839, on th Reception of Abelition Patitions.

Extract from a Specia of Heavy Clay, in the U.S. Semane, Feb. 7, 1836, on the Reception of Abelition Fritisms.

Sit, I am not in the habit of speaking lightly of the possibility of dissolving this asppy Union. The Senate knows that I have deprecated allusions, on ordinary occasions, to that direct events. The country will testify that, if there be anything in the history of my public career worthy of recollection, it is the truth and sinearity of my ardeat devotion to its lasting preservation. But we should be false in our allegiance to it, if we did not discriminate between the imaginary and real dangers by which it may be resilled. Abolition should no longer be regarded as an imaginary danger. The abolitionists, let me suppose, succeed in their present sim of uniting the inhabitants of the free States so one man, against the inhabitants of the free States as one man, against the inhabitants of the free States. Union on the one side will beget union on the other. And this process of reciprocal consolidation will be attended with all the violent prejudices, embittered passions, and implacable animosities which ever degraded or deformed human nature. A virtual dissolution of the Union will have taken place while the forms of its existence remain. The most valuable element of union, mutual kindness, the feelings of sympathy, the fraternal bonds, which now happily unite us, will have been extinguished forever. One section will stand in menseing and hostile array against the other. The collision of opinion will be quickly followed by the clash of arms. I will not attempt to describe scenes which now happily lie concealed from our view. Abolitionists themselves would shruk back in dismay and horror at the contemplation of desolated fields, configrated cities, murdered inhabitants, and the overthrow of the fairest fabric of human government that ever rose to animate the hopes of civilized man. Nor should these abolitionists fatter themselves that, if they can succeed in their object of uniting the people of the free

liberty. Wherever it is safe and practicable, I desire to see every portion of the human family in the enjoyment of it. But I prefer the liberty of my own country to that of any other people, and the liberty of my own race to that of any other race. The liberty of the descendants of Africa in the United States is incompatable with the safety and liberty of the European descendants. Their slavery forms an exception—an exception resulting from a stern and inexorable necessity—to the general liberty in the United States. We did not originate, nor are we responsible for, this necessity. Their liberty, if it were possible, could only be established by violating the Union. And beneath the ruins of the Union would be buried, sooner or later, the liberty of both races.

aces.
But if one dark spot exists on our political horizon, But if one dark spot exists on our political horizon, is it not obscured by the bright and effaigent and cheering light that beams all around us? Was ever a people before so blessed as we are, if true to our selves? Did ever any other nation contain within its bosom so many elements of prosperity, of greatness, and of glory? Our only real danger lies ahead, conspicuous, elevated, and visible. It was clearly discerned at the commencement, and distinctly seen throughout our whole career. Shall we wantonly run upon it, and destroy all the glorious anticipations of the high destiny that awaits us? I beseech the abolitionists themselves, solemnly to pause in their mad and fatal course. Amid the infinite variety of objects of humanity and benevolence which riety of objects of humanity and benevolence which

their mad and fatal course. Amid the infinite variety of objects of humanity and benevolence which invite the employment of their energies, let them select some one more harmless, that does not threaten to deluge our country in blood. I call upon that small portion of the clergy, which has lent itself to these wild and ruinous schemes, not to forget the holy nature of the divine mission of the founder of our religion, and to profit by his peaceful examples. I entreat that portion of my countrywomen who have given their countenance to abolition, to remember that they are ever most loved and honored when moving in their own appropriate and delightful sphere; and to reflect that the ink which they shed in subscribing with their fair hands abolition petitions may prove but the prelude to the shedding of the blood of their brethren. I adjure all the inhabitants of the free States to rebuke and discountenance, by their opinion and their example, measures which must inevitably lead to the most calamitous consequences. And let us all as countrymen, as friends, and as brothers, cherish in unfading memory the motto which bore our ancestors triumphantly through all the trials of the revolution, and, if adhered to, it will conduct their posterity through all that may, in the dispensations of Providenance. hered to, it will conduct their posterity through all that may, in the dispensations of Providence, be re-served for them.

JAS. W. WALL AND SIMON CAMERON To the Editor of the N. Y Tribune: Sia: My attention has been called to the following paragraph appearing under your telegraphic head, in your issue of yesterday, and dated Philadelphia: " Mr. Wall is present here from Burlington

with a number of friends, intending to chas-tise Mr. Cameron for the injury done him last fall in locking him up in Fort Lafay-

The above statement is a sheer fabrication visited Philadelphia on Tuesday to fulfil an engagement made on the Sunday previous.
I did not even know of the distinguished presence of the ex-Secretary of War in Philadelphia, and was only made aware of it upon entering the Continental Hotel by a number of police who appeared to be watching my ery movement. I learned to my surprise that Simon Cameron was at the hotel; and apprehensive of a personal attack from me, had thus protected " his exits and his entrances" by an armed posse. The announcement, while it surprised me, at the same time was gratifying, as a manifest tion that the ex-Secretary was just beginning to have a realizing sense of the enormity of the wrong and outrage inflicted upon me. An awakened conscience first makes a coward of a man : but sometimes the very fear it pro vokes is the harbinger of a genuine repentance that induces the awakened, frightened sinner to "go and sin no more." Let us all hope

and pray that it may be so in this particular instance. The ex-Secretary may, however, dismiss his fears of a personal chastisement, and his starred body-guard. The wrong he has inflicted upon me is of a character that an assault mon a gray haired man like him will not remedy. The grave issue between himself and the man he has so foully wronged cannot be dragged down for settlement to the low arena of the bar-room of a hotel, or decided by a struggle to which blackguards only resort for a settle-ment of their difficulties. His own conduct, according to all the rules, has placed him out-side the pale within whose limits gentlemen

alone have their remedies for grievances of this igh grade. final settlement, therefore, of this question must be left to the legal tribunals of e country at the proper time. Therein, i the great principles of constitutional liberty are not a mockery, and our boasted freedom sham, may yet be left a place of refuge for iberty against despotism, the oppressed

Yours, respectfully,
JAMES W. WALL.
Burlington, April 17, 1862.

GENERAL T. W. SHERMAN. While the country is rejoicing over the capmind that it is really the work of Brigadier General Thomas W. Sherman. He planned and executed the investment of the fort, and the guns which reduced it were placed in position by him. He was much embarrassed and delayed in all his operations by the tardiness of the Government in supplying the guns that he applied for soon after his landing at Port Royal. When the guns, at last did arrive, the carriages were not with them and this caused a new delay. Finally everything was procured and the batteries were erected. Just as deneral Sherman was ready to fire upon Fort Pulaski, the order superseding him came, and Major General Hunter will get the credit for a work which was really Sherman's. Military people, and people of good judgment who are military, regard the investment and capture of Fort Pulaski as one of the most skilful and prilliant operations of the war. It is all the more to be admired, in that it was done with little bloodshed. But the politicians and the newspaper strategists, who have already done so much to embarrass the cause of the Union in this war, raised a clamor against him, and the Government was weak enough to yield to it, just as they yielded to that fiercer and more wicked clamor raised against General McClellan, depriving him of a large part of his com-mand, deranging all his plans, and crippling him in every possible way. McClellan will, we firmly believe, triumph over his enemies at the North as well as the South. Sherman, too, will ontlive all the columnies of the politicians, and add new lustre to his already tary fame. The fall of Fort Pulaski is his work, and in the army of the Mississippi, the scene of his next service, we are confident that he will give new proof of his ability as a

RAILROAD CO. IN A PLRASANT MOOD .- The Philadelphia City finances being badly in disorder, and the teachers of the schools having had no pay, except on a shave, for nearly a year, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company generously steps foward and advances \$100,000 (not due till the 15th of May,) provided none of it should go into the pockets of the shavers. Good!

TERASON AND BLASPHERY. While rejoicing in the manimity with of our beloved Union and Constitution agains: Southern disunionists, we are pained to know

that there are in the North a band of equally unscrupulous men, who have for years waged a bitter war against the Palladium of our a bitter war sgainst the Pallaulum of the liberties, denouncing it as a "covenant with Oats are agreement with hell." Recent Record Coverned death and an agreement with hell." Recent events have conspired to make these men less bold and arrogant in their public declarations, and have also caused many, who formerly ab forred their detestable doctrines, to regard them with no allowance. But the virus is still there, the cloven foot is only concealed. To show that the spirit of deadly hostility to our Government still animates them, let me give you a few extracts from one of their chief

At a Convention, held in Albany, Feb. 7th and 8th. PARKER PILLSBURY made an address occupying five columns of the Anti Starry Standard, from which I take the following sentences, illustrating the spirit of the opinions and doctrines of these arch-traitors : "I do not wish to see this Government pro-

longed another day in its present form. the contrary, I have been for twenty years laboring to overthrow the present dynasty.—

* * * If I do not misjudge the Con stitution, whatever may have been its true character, it was never 20 much an engine of cruelty and of crime as it is at the present It seems to me the present Ad tration is, on one hand, the weakest, and on the other hand the wickedest, we have ever had. Mr. Buchanan's Administration is under infinite obligations to it for casting its wickedness and imbecility so far into the

"I cannot join in the congratulations I so often hear as to the hopefulness of the signs of the times. I do not want to see hopefulness. I am not rejoiced at tidings of victory to the Northern arms. I would far rather see defeat. (!) * * I rejoice in defeat and disaster rather than in victory, because I do not believe the North is in any condition to improve any great success which may attend its arms. I think the abolitionists fail sufficiently to recognize one great fact, and that is the persistent, determined, God-defying, heaven-provoking impenitence of the North.

* Holding these opinions, I do not desire
success to the Northern army.

* I say,
let us have war; let us have all its disasters and all its defeats, if the condition of the poor slave is not to be changed."

Are these the words and sentiments of a loyal citizen? Can such cold-blooded and 10yai citizen 7 Can such cold-blooded and Subscription books will be kept open from 10 o'clock, A. traitorous sentiments find a response anywhere M., to 4 o'clock, P. M. except in the hearts of traitors and rebels against the best government the world has ever seen? Are the men holding such views to mould the opinions and rule the minds of our Union-loving citizens? Without quoting more of his views on this

point, let us give a single extract, which, while perfectly characteristic, almost makes one shudder at the impious blasphemy that could travesty the words of Inspiration by describing the execution of a fanatic and criminal in he touching language that records the death of the Son of God: "John Brown, like a mighty angel, came

down from heaven, and if the powers had per mitted would have bound that dragon (of secession) for a thousand millenial years and forever. You seized the first, grandest hero of the nineteenth century, and hung him upon a cross—the sublimest, as well as the saddest, spectacle since the scene upon Calvary, that veiled the very heavens in sackcloth and darkness. John Brown taught us the way; but ness. John Brown taught us the way; out the people would not learn. He came, the very God made flesh, and pointed out the road; but the people and the Government would not walk therein. He was, almost literally, the way and the truth, and he would have been the life, but the nation was not worthy I sometimes think that on that fearful morning. the 2nd of December, 1859, as he bowed his bead and gave up the ghost, that the recording angel wrote in the ledgers of heaven, of this nation, It is finished."

Can treason or blasphemy go further? FATAL CASE OF STABBING -An affray took place in Dillsburg on last Friday afternoon, between two youths named Wm. McKeever, and Frederick Pentz, which resulted in th death of Pentz from a stab inflicted in the left breast, by a knife in the hands of McKeever. It appears that an ill feeling existed between the two boys, and a fight took place between MORE NEW AND INTERESTING It appears that an ill feeling existed between them on Friday morning when they were sep-arated by a gentleman who happened to be near by at the time. In the afternoon they again came in contact, when McKeever states that Pentz again made an attack upon him He then pulled out his pocket knife the blade of which was two inches long, and stabbed Pentz who expired twenty minutes after receiving the wound. McKeever immediately gave himself up, and was taken before Justice Clark at Dillsburg, who committed him to jail to answer the charge of murder. He was brought to York on Saturday morning by Constable Deardiff, and lodged in the county jail. McKeever is quite an intelligent look-ing youth, and is only about 14 years of age. father and mother reside in Dilleburg, where the affray took place. Pentz was about 17 years of age, and was an apprentice to the shoemaking business. His funeral took

York Republican. MUST ALL BE ONE PEOPLE.—The Louisville ournal' in a long article upon the subject of a division of the Union, closes in the following

place on Sunday, and was largely attended .-

forcible sentences. It says:
"We acquired Louisiana because we were esolved that the Lower Mississippi should not be possessed and controlled by any other Gov-ernment than our own, and beyond all question we are still more deeply resolved upon this now than we were then. So long as our people, the people of the mighty West and North west have the strength to strike a blow, they will never consent to any treaty of peace placing the Lower Mississippi under a foreign sover-eignty. In fact there is no earthly truth more the Lower Mississippi and the control of the contro

had gone to Savannah in charge of hospital stores from Wisconsin for the wounde soldiers.

THE DISUNIONISTS THROWING OFF THEIR Masks.—The Hartford, Press is out against a "restoration of the Union as it was," because it fears that in such a Union a "Republican President could not be elected." This is the feeling of all the Abolitionists.

SPECIAL NOTICES \$25 1] RF Employment 1 28 [\$75 t]
A G E N T S W A N T E D !
We will pay from \$25 to \$75 per month, and all expenses, to active Agents, or give a commission. Partien are sont free. Address Brie Sewing Machine Company, R. JAMES, General Agent. Milan, Ohio.

[aug 27 ty 23] eneral Agent. Milan, Ohio. [sug 27 ly 83] aving been restored to health in a few weeks by a very imple remedy, after having suff-red several years with a severel ung affection, and the dread disease, Concumptionan anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means

is anxious to make known to his sellow subserved we meane of core.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CORE FOR CONSUMETION, ASTAINAL, BROWGETINS, &C. The only object of the advertiser in sending the prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he bopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address REV. EDWARD A. WILSON, jan 21 Sm 2] Williamsburgh, Kings Co. New York.

jan 21 Sm 2] Williamsburgh, Kings Co., New York.

23 Equality to All: Uniformity of Plice! A new feature of Business: Every one his own Salesman. Jone & Co., of the Grescent One Price Clothing Store.

62 Market street, above 6th, in addition to having the argest, most varied and fashionable stock of Glothing in Philadelphia, made expressly for retail sales, have constituted every one his own Salesman, by having marked in figures, on each article, the very lowest price it can be soil for, so they cannot possibly vary—all must buy alike. The goods are all well sponged and prepared and great pains taken with the making, so that all can buy with the full assurance of getting a good article at the very lowest price.

Remember the Crescent, in Market, above 6th, No. 604 feb 26 lv.5

On the 24th inst, at the Cadwell House, in this city, by dev. James E. Meredith, Bichard Strode to Lissie M. White, On the 24th inst., at the Cadwell House, in this city, by Bert James E. Meredith, Bichard Strode to Lissie M. White, both of Coatswille.

On the 24th inst., to the Church of the Epiphany, Philadelphia, by the Rt. Rev. Wm. B. Stevens, D. D., the Rev. Henry R. Smith, of Philadelphia, to Grace, daughter of the late Gerardus Clarkson, of this city.

On the 24th inst., by Rev. F. A. Gast, Jacob Martin to Annie E. Gast, both of this city.

DEATHS. On the 23d inst., in this city, Mrs. Bosa Neumsyer, aged 72 years and 4 months.
On the 24th last, in this city, Mrs. Mary Ann. Booth, aged about 55 years.
Suddouly, on the 17th lost, David Wylle, an old and esteemed cities of this city, in the 38th year of his age. On the 17th lost, in Little Britain twp, Walter 6, sort of William W. and Eliza Evans, aged 18 months and 7 days.

THE MARKETS. Commission Merchants, No. 31 North Queen street.

LARCASTER, April 23.

Philadelphia Market.

Philadelphia Market.

Flour is held with much firmness but there is not much doing; 500 bhls. sold at \$5 12½ % bbl. and \$5 62½ for extra. The receipts are light. Kmall sales of Eye Flour at \$2.25@3.37½ and Comment at \$2.70 % bbl. Wheat is scarce and red is in demand at \$1.71. Bye is wanted at 72 conts. Corn active; yellow readily commands 55 cents. Costs wanted at \$7 cents. Provisions very quiet. Sales of Mess Pork at \$12.25@15.0 Secon moves slowly. Lard firm at 8½ cents. Green mests sell freely at 5½65½ cts. for sides and 464½ cts. for shoulders. Coffice is firm; sales of Rio at 18@20 cents. Sugar is in good demand at full rates. Sales of Whisky at 23½@24 cents. New York Market.

Naw York, April 26.

Flour quiet; 8,000 bbls sold. Wheat firm and quick of sale. Corn dechining; sales of 20,000 bus at 57@58 cents. Mess Pork unchanged, Lard firm. Whisky dull—22 cents offered and 22½ cents saked. The off MICH EL Megrann,
L deceased—Letters testamentary on the estate of
Michael McGrann, late of the City of Lancaster, deceased,
having been granted to the undersigned, residing in said
city: All persons indebted to said estate are requested to
make immediate payment, and those having claims will
present them properly authenticated for settlement.

MARGARET McGRANN,
JOHN McGRANN,
apr 29 61* 16]

Kxecutors.

TSTATE OF JOHN REED, DEC'D.—
Letters of Administration on the estate of John Reed, late of Leacock township, dec'd, having been granted to the subscriber, residing in the City of Philadelphia: All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them, without delay, properly authenticated for settlement to

JAMES REED, Administrator, residing in the City of Philadelphia, or H. B. SWARR, his Attorney, apr 29 6t*16]

Lancaster.

NOT IOE ...To the Members of the NORTHERN MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY, that an Election will be held on MONDAY, MAY 19, 1862, between the hours of 10 and 6 o'clock of said day, at the public house of Samuel G. Hacker, in New Sphratz, (now Limoln.) Lancaster county, for the purpose of electing Three Directors and One Auditor, to serve for three years.

April 22, 1862 April 22, 1862. apr 29

CONESTOGO AND BIG SPRING VAL ONESTOGO AND BIG SPRING VAL-LEY TURNPIKE ROAD COMPANY.

The Commissioners to open books and receive subscrip-tions to the capital stock of the "Conestogo and Big Spring Valley Turnpike Road Company," will meet for that pur-pose at the public house of Jacob Huber, in the City of Lancaster, on Monday, Taesday, Wednesday. Thursday and Friday, the 26th, 27th, 28th, 29th, and 30th days of MAY next.

Subscription books will be kept open from 10 o'clock, A

HENRY CARPENTER. GEORGE K. REED, HARRIS BOARDMAN, JOHN ESHLEMAN, JOHN B KRKIDER, HENRY K. STONER. apr 29 5t 161

ESTATE OF DANIEL KREIDER, late TSTATE OF DANIEL KREIDER, late
of Cernaryon twp. decased.—The undersigned havlug been appointed, by the Court, Auditor to distribute the
balance in the hands of David Styer and John Kr-ider,
administrators of the estate of David Kreider, late of Cærnaryon twp., deceased, to and among those legally entitled
thereto, hereby gives notice that he will attend for the purpose of his appointment, at the Library Room, in the Court
House, in the City of Lancaster, on TUESDAY, the 20th
day of MAY, A. D., 1862, at 2 o'clock, P. M., when and
where all persons interested may attend, if they think
proper.

JAMES McCAA,
April 29, 1862. proper. JAMES
April 29, 1862.
apr 29 [Examiner copy-]

BY 29 [Examiner copy] 4t 16

BIOTINA ROOFING.

MANUFACTURED BY THE
UNITED STATES BIOTINA ROOFING COMPANY.
No. 9 GORE BLCK, CORNER GREEN AND PITTS STS.,
BOSTON, MASS.

This Portable Roofing is the only article ever offered to the public, which is ready prepared to go on the roof without any finishing operation. It is light, handsome, and easily applied, and can be safely and cheaply tr resported to any part of the world. It will not taint or discolor water running over, or lying on it, and is in all respects a very desirable article. It nonconducting properties adapt it especially to covering manufactories of various kinds, and it is confidently offered to the public after a test of four years in all varieties of climate and temperature, for covering all kinds of roofs, flat or pitched, together with care, steamboats, &c.

boats, &c.

It is both cheap and durable. Agents wanted, to whom liberal inducements are offared. Send for sample, circular, &c., with rarticulars, to "U. S. ROOFING CO., No 9 Gors BLOCK, BOSTON." [apr 29 8m 16

MANUAL AND DRILL BOOK, FOR M the use of all Volunteers and Militin, revised, corrected, and adapted to the discipline of the soldier of the present day, by an officer in the United States Army.

At J. M. WESTHAEFFER'S,

may 14 If 18] No. 44, Corner N. Queen & Orange sts.

UNITED STATES HOTEL,
PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD DEPOT,
S. E. CORNER 11rt AND MARKET STREETS,
PHILADELPHIA.
H. W. KANAGA, PROPRIETOR. [may 28 tf 20 TERMS:-\$1,25 per day.

THE EARL'S HEIRS: A TALE OF DOMESTIC LIFE. By
the Author of "East Lynne; or, The Earl's Daughter,"
"The Mystery," & ... &c. Paper orice, 50 cents.
"The Mystery," & ... &c. Paper orice, 50 cents.
"MORGAN: OR, THE KNIGHTS OF THE BLACK FLAG:
A STRANGE BROEN OR BYGONE TIMES. Paper price, 25 cts.
For sale at
apr 1 tf 12]

Cor. North Queen and Orange. Sts

TLECTION:--Notice is heseby given to
Company, that the annual election will be held at the
public house of John Ditlow, in the City of Lancaster, on
THURSDAY, the 24th day of APRIL, A. D., 1862, at 2
octock in the afternoon, to elect five Directors to manage
the affairs of the Company for the ne nexusing year.

A. E. ROBENTS,
LANCASTER, April 1, 1862.

LANCASTER, April 1, 1862. apr 1 ["Union" copy.] WATER BENT NOTICE FOR 1862. The unplicate for Water Rent for 1862 is now ready and in the hands of the City Treasurer. All who wish to save the five per cent. for prompt payment, can do so by calling at his office, East King street, Lancaster.

HENEY C. WENTZ, apr 1 4t 12] HENRY U. WENTZ,

["Union," and "German Democrat" copy.]

["Union," and "German Democrat" copy.]

OTICE .--Public Notice is hereby
ive given, that a LOT OF TIMBER was taken up while
floating in the Susquehana river, on the 17th day of
March, 1862. by George W. Dunkle, consisting of round
white pine logs, about 60 in number, from 12 to 16 feet in
length, of average quality, with various marks, and now
lying on the river shore near McCall's Ferry—a list and
description of which are lodged in my office, in Martic
township. Lancaster county, for the inspection of all concerned. The owner or owners are hereby notified to come
forward, prove property, pay charges and remove, otherwise they will be disposed of according to law.

JOHN McLUNE, J. P.,

April 15th, 1862.

Martic township.

apr 15

HAIR DRESSING AND SHAVING
SAMUEL J. WILLIAMS takes pleasure in notifying his
saloon from Cooper's Hotel to the basement under Peter
M'Conomy's Shoe Store. in West King street, near the
M'rket House, and has fitted it up in new and elegant style
for the accommodation of customers.

Common Schools of the Lancaster City School District, for three years

Wh. B. Willey, Sec'y.

The following are the names of the persons whose terms expire: Dr. John L. Atlee, Dr. J. Aug. Ehler, Danlei Heitshu, Newton Lightner, John B. Livingston, Michael H. Locher. Robert H. Long, Petar McConomy, Godfried Zahm, R. F. Rauch, H. B. Swarr, and one vacancy in place of Gen. George M. Steinman, resigned.

[Examiner, Union, Volkstreund, and Daily Express copy once a week for three weeks]

[apr 15 33 14 NOTICE.--The citizeus of the different OTICE.—The citizeus of the different cities and towns throughout the State are invited to competition for the place at which the next ANNUAL STATE FAIR shall be held. Proposis containing inducements and advantages, directed to the und-rigned Committee, appointed by the Executive Committee, will be received up to; and including May 10th next. Communications should be addressed to either of the following persons: THOMAS P. KNOX, Northstown, Pa.

AMOS E. KAPP. Northumberland, Pa.

JOSHUA WRIGHT, Washington. Pa.

CHAS. K. ENGLE, Philadelphia, Pa.

JOHN P. RUTHERFORD,

JOHN H. ZIEGLER.

By 16

NOTICE.—J. F. COMBS. Currier and Leather Dealer.
1130 Market Street below 12th, Philadelphia, has the most extensive assortment of SOLE AND UPPER LEATHER of all descriptions: Red and Oak Sole Skirting, Slaughter, French and City Califskins, Kips. Wax Upper Morocca, Linings, Lacings, Leather Apron Skins, Shoe Tools, Lastr, Findings, & and every article requisite for Boat and Shoemaking, Wholesale and Retail, at the lowest prices, to which he invites the attention of the trade.

[apr 22 6m 15] the trade. [spr 22 6m 15]

A CUMBERLAND COUNTY FARM FOR

BALE.—A good farm of 121 ACRES mostly. A SALE—A good farm of 121 ACRES, mestly cleared and ilmed, and in an excellent state of cultivation, will be sold at private sale by calling on the subscriber, residing in Newville. Cumberland county, Pa. The improvements are a good LOG HOUSE, weatherboarded, with Wash-Houses Ittached, a good Log Barn, but washed the subscriber of the

A SUPERIOR LIMESTONE FARM A SUPERIOR LIMESTONE FARM
A FOR SALE—The undersigned will sell a highly
cultivated LIMESTONE FARM, situated in one of the interior counties of the State, containing near 2.45 ACRES,
out of which two accellent farms could be made. It has,
excellent improvements, a NEW HOUSE, good
and convenient Barn, Hog Stable an Cornorth,
excellent water near the door, and Spring House.
It is all limestone land, and lies sufficiently high
to make it one of the most productive farms in the State.
It produced last year 1000 bushels wheat, and large
quantities of corn and oats. It is in prime condition and
has 50 Acres of promising wheat growing now.
For location, price, &c., inquire of
D. G. ESHLEMAN,
No. 38 North Duke St., Lancaster,
apr 8 [Examiner copy] 4t 13

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS. \$1.25 2.00 3.50 3.88 4.25 4.50 4.75 5.00 8.50 No. 534 No. 6 No. 81/2 No. 12 Smaller at

CSTATE OF JACOB DORWART, LATE Li of the City of Limcuster, dec'd.—Letters technicated on the last will and testament of the above deceased having been issued to the undersigned: All persons having leating or demands will present them duly authenticated for settlement, and those indebted will make payment without-delay.

OHRISTIAN EDHER.

Executor.

A S I G N E D ESTATE OF GABRIEL

A SOHLOTT, of the City of Laneauter.—Gabriel Schlott and wile, of the City of Laneauter, having sadgaset all the create, real, personal and mired, (except so much as would be exampt from levy and sale on exacutiom,) of the said dabriel Schlott to the understrand, for the besself of creditors: All persons indebted to the said Gabriel Schlott are requested to make payment, and all persons having claims against him will present them to JOHN B. BRB, Assignes, April 3rd, 1862.

Besiding in Litis. apr 8

Istate of william B. Smith...

Letters of administration on the estate of William B. Smith, late of Bart township, deceased, having been issued to the subscriber residing in said township. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment immediately and those having claims will present them, without delay, properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN M. HEVERGER, Auministrator.

William Schlabach,) Common Pleas of Lancaster Co. Fordinand Burkholder. Domestic Attachment.

TO THE CREDITORS OF THE ABOVE THE CREDITORS OF THE ABOVE named defendant, please take notice that the under-signed will meet on WEDNESDAY, the 14th day of MAY, 1862, at 2 o'clock, afternoon at the house of H. G. Garman, Oregon, Manheim twp, Lancaster county, for the purpose of receiving proof, and determining on your claims against said defendant, when and where you may attend significantly when and where you may attend the county of the purpose of PRAM.

HENRY SHREINER, JOSEPH SIEGFRIED, April 17th, 1862. SPRING DRESS GOODS

PRING DRESS GOOD

HAGER & BROTHERS.

MODES AND BRIGHT OOLD RED PLAIN SILKS,
BROGADE SILKS—Plain Colors,
NEAT CHECK SILKS.
BLACK SILKS—Extra Quality,
ENGLISH AND FRENCH CHINTZES,
NEAT HOURED WOOL DELAINS for Children,
WHITE AND COLORED BRILLIANTES,
LENORAS AND MOZAMBIZES, (New Styles,)
SHEPPARD'S PLAIDS in foil assortment,
NEW SPRING STYLE GINGHAM'S.

MOURNING DRESS GOODS.
BOMBARINES AND DELAINES,
TAMISE CLOTH AND ALPACAS,
FRENCH CHALLIES AND POPLINE,
FOULLARD SILES. FRUIARD SILES,
CRAPES, VEILS, COLLARS, &c.
SPRING CLOAKING CLOTHS,
In full assortment. [apr 1 tf 12]

MEN'S WEAR, M E N'S W E A R,

JUST RECRIVED BY

H A G E R & B R O T H E R S.

BLÁCK AND COLORED FRENCH CLOTHS,

BLACK FRENCH DOESKIN OASSIMERE,

PLAIN AND MIXED COATINGS,

PLAIN AND MIXED COATINGS,

PLAIN AND MIXED COATINGS,

PLAIN AND FANOY MELTONS, (for Suits.)

PLAIN AND FANOY MELTONS, (for Suits.)

BLAT AND PLAIN CASSIMERES for Boys.

BILK, CASHMERE AND MARSHLLES VESTING,

READY-MADE OLOTHING,

of superior manufacture for Men and Boys—a full assortment.

1862, P R I N G 1 HAGER & BROTHERS
are now opening a large stock of OARPETS and OIL
CLOTHS, to which they invite an examination.
NEW STYLES BRUSSELS CARPETS,
NEW STYLES TAPESTRY CARPETS,
EXTRATHERE-PLY CARPETS,
SUPREFINE INGRAIN CARPETS,
YENETIAN AND DUTCH 'ARPETS,
HEMP, BAG AND LIST CARPETS,
DRUGGETS, RUGS AND COCOA MATS,
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
From one to four yards wide.
WINDOW SHADES!
In new and elegant designs.

OW SHADES! WINDOW SHADES!!
In new and elegant designs.
FINE VELVET BORDERED SHADES,
FINE GILL SHADES,
PAINTED AND PLAIN SHADES,
CORDS, TASSELS AND FIXTURE
BUFF AND GREEN CURTAIN HOLLANDS.
112 1862. SPRING! 1862 WALL PAPERS: WALL PAPERS:

TIME PAPERS.

10.000 PIECES WALL PAPERS IN
FINE GOLD PAPERS,
GOLD AND VELVET DECORATIONS,
MARBLE AND OAK DECORATIONS,
NEAT AND GAY GLAZED PAPERS,
PLAIN AND BRIGHT COMMON PAPERS,
BORDERS, STATUES. FIRE BOARD PRINTS,
BLINDS, &c.,
WILL BE S.LD AT
GREATLY REDUCED PRICES,
apr 1 tf 12]
BY HAGER & BROTHERS. BY HAGER & BROTHERS. "THERE IS NO SUCH WORD AS FAIL."

ARRANT'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF CUBEBS AND COPAIBA

This preparation is particularly recommended to the MEDICAL PROFESSION and the PUBLIC, as combining, in the most convenient and efficacious form, the well-established virtues and properties of Cubebs and Copsiba. For the speedy and effectual relief and cure of all BEXUAL DISEASES, it may justly be considered one of the greatest and most valuable discoveries in the annals of medicine, frequently effecting a cure in three or four days. In its preparation as an extract or a paste, the usual nauseous taste is avoided, and it is, consequently, never found to interfers with the digestion, while, from its greater: on-centration, the dose is much reduced. It may be relied on as the best mode for the administration of these remedies in the large class of diseases of both sexes to which they are applicable.

are applicable.

N. B.—Purchasers are advised to ask for
TARRANT'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF CUBEBS AND
COPAIBA,
and to take nothing else—as imitations and worthless
preparations, under similar names, are in the market.
Pamphlets accompany the medicine, containing full and
ample directions. Price, \$1.00. Sent by express on receipt
of release. ample directions. 11100, which is of price.

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by

TARRANT & OO., No. 278 GREENWICH STREET, CORNER OF WARREN STREET, NEW YORK. And For Sale by Druggists Generally.

LINE WATCHES: RICH JEWELRY

FIRE WATCHES' RICH SEWELRY.

SILVER WARE! SILVER WARE!!

PIE, CAKE AND BUTTER KNIVES.

SUGAR, CREAM AND OYSTER SPOONS.

SUGAR, CREAM AND OYSTER LADLES,

SPOONS, FORRS, &c. &c.

LATES STILES AND BEST WORKMASHIP.

SILVER-PLATED WARE!! SILVEE-PLATED WARE!!

BASKETS, CASTORS, PITCHERS, MUGS,

SPOONS, FORKS, &c., &c.,

JUST FROM THE FACTORIES.

WATCHES! WATCHES!! WATCHES!!!

WARRANTAD TIME KEEPES.

CHEAP! CHEAP!! CHEAP!!

WATCHES: WATCHES: WATCHES:
WARRANTED TIME REPERS.
CHEAP! CHEAP!! CHEAP!!
CLOCKS! CLOCKS!!! CLOCKS!!! GILT, COLUMN AND PLAIN PROSTS.

JEWELRY! JEWELRY!!

LATEST STRIES AND BEST QUALTY.

EHOADS & GILLESPIE,

22 1/2 Whist King Street,

Between Cooper's Hotel and J. G. Getz's Dry Goods Store;

dec 17

ANCASTER HOME MUTUAL FIRE INSUBANCE COMPANY.

OFFICE, NO. 58 EAST KING STREET.

This Company having received applications for insurance of Real Retate (\$150,000) to the amount required by its Charter, commenced issuing policies on the 1st day of April, 1802, and is now prepared to insure Real and Personal Property in the City and County of Lancaster. It is strictly on the mutual principle, no profits being contemplated, but an immense saving. Stock insurance Companies being principally designed for the benefit of the stockholders, this company has been organized for the special benefit of the insured parties, and they will control it, as there are no stockholders to do so. Every person insuring property in this company thereby becomes a member thereof, and will be represented therein to the extent of his insurance.

DIRECTES—Rev. Wm. T. Gethard, President; D. G. bis insurance.

Bis insurance.

Bulleto: Base — Rev. Wm. T. Gerhard, President; D. G.

Swartz and J. B. Swartzwelder, Vice Presidents; Christian

H. Lefever, Secretary; John Sheaffer, Treasurer; John D.

Skilles, Christian Gast, Barton B. Martin and Lawrence

Knapp. [apr 15 3m 14]

1862. . APRIL. A NOTHER ARRIVAL OF SPLENDID NEW SPRING GOODS HENTZ BROS.

1 Lot of FOULARD SILKS, only 12½ cents.
1 Lot Spring Challe DELAINES, 2½c.. worth 20c.
1 Lot Brochs VALENCIAS, Boque, 25, 31, 37½c.
1 Lot Super Boqua CHALLIES, only 25c.
1 Lot Super Boqua CHALLIES, only 25c.
All our best CALICOES, selling at 12½c.
1 Lot Extra Good CALICOES, selling at 12½c.
1 Lot Extra Good CALICOES, selling at 12½c.

SHAWL AND CLOAK BOOM. New Stock of SPRING SHAWLS AND CLOAKS. BRAUTIFUL STELLA SHAWLS. "Every day brings something new."

THE CHOICE BARGAINS OF THE DAY. Opened daily at WENTZ BROS., No. 5 East King Street. MME. DEMOREST'S
QUARTERLY MIRROR OF FASHIONS
GREAT IMPROVEMENTS.

GREAT MIRKOR OF FARHONS,
GREAT IMPROVEMENTS.
THE SUMMER SUMBER WILL CONTAIN
POUR LARGE AND SPLENDID FASHION-PLATES,
THREE FULL-SIZED PATTERNS,
Comprising the New French Waist, an Elegant Sleeve, and
a Misses Each, together with nearly 100 Engravings of all
the novelties for Summer Bounets, Cloaks, Trimmings,
Childran's Dresse, etc., and valuable information to Milliners, Dress Makers, Mothern, and Ladies generally, presenting the largest and best Fashion Magazine in the World
published 473 Broadway, New York, and sold everywhere at
26 cts., or sent by mail post free, on receipt of the amount.
Yearly \$1 with the following valuable premium:
Each yearly subscriber will be entitled to the selection
of 50 cents worth of plain patterns, from the designs in
the book, or from the show-room, or they may be ordered
and sent by mail any time during the year, by paying the
postage. postage.

Splendid Inducements to Canvassers.

SUMMER NUMBER WILL BE READY ON OR ABOUT
THE FIRST OF MAY.

3t 15 apr 22

THE ST. LOUIS, CHESTNUT STREET
HOUSE,
BRYWES TRIED AND FOURTH, PRILADELPHIA.

The underrigned, having leased, for a term of years, this popular house, have the pleasure of announcing to their friends and the travelling community that it is now open for the reception of guests. The house since the first of March last, has been entirely renovated and refitted in a superior manner; the apartments are large, well ventilated and furnished in modern style. It is centrally located, convenient to all the depot and steamboat landings, and in the immediate vicinity of the Custom House, Post Office and Corn Exchange.

Connected with the Hotel is a Restaurant for the accommodation of those preferring the European plan. Prices of Rooms from Three to Seven Dollars per week, according to location.

to location.

Board \$1.50 per day. Table d'Hôte for merchants and outiness men from 1 to 3 P. M.

HENRY NEIL. 1SACL DEVOE. REMOVAL - WILLIAM N. AMER,
DENTIST, for five years a student and
assistant of Dr. WAYLAN, formerly of this
city, nas removed his office to the rooms lately
occupied by Dr. McGalla, in East King street, two doors
from Centre Square, where he is prepared to meet those
who may favor him with their confidence, and serve them,
in the most skillful misaner, warrasting satisfaction in
every reasonable case, both as to operations performed and
denigns for the same.

WM. N. AMER.



CATHARTIC PILLS. Are you sick, seeke, and complaining! Are you out of order, with your system deranged, and your feelings uncomfortable! These symptoms are often the present to serious illusts. Sends it of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be avered by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Fills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobatructed in health again. They simulate the functions arrived by not form the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its matural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, antiering, and disease. While in this condition, oppressed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural settles of the average and with it the honoyant

AYER'S

From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Ptb 4, 1868. From a Forecarding Merchast of St. Loss, Feb. 4, 1800.

Dz. Arra: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of nicerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously safficted with blotches and pimples on bar skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, the also tried your Pills, and they have cured her.

ARA MORGRIDGE. As a Family Physic.

Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellent qualities surpass any cithartic we possess. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action on the bowds, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease. Headache,SlokHeadache,Poul Stomach From Dr. Edward Boyd, B. DEAR BRO. ATER: I cannot answer you what complaints I have cured with your Pills better than to say all that we ere treat with a purgative medicine. I place great dependence on an effectual cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing as I do that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly.

DE. J. C. AYER. Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst headache any body can have by a dose or two of your Fills. It seems to arise from a foul atomach, which they cleanse at once.

Yours with great respect, ED. W. PREBLE, Cierl: of Steamer Clarion. Bilious Disorders -- Liver Complaints.

From Dr. Theodore Bell, of New York City.

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of bilious complaints than any one remedy I can moution. I sincerely rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is werthy the confidence of the profession and the people.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTEGRAL OF the profession and the people.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTEGRAL.

Washington, D. C., 7th Feb., 1850.

Size: I have used your Fills in my goneral and house paractice ever since you made then, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for deraugements of that organ. Indeed, I have seldom found a case of bilous disease so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them. Fraternally yours, ALONZO BALL, M. D., Physician of the Marine Hospital. Dysentery, Diarrhea, Relax, Worms. From Dr. J. G. Green, of Chicago.

Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperient I have ever found. Their alterative effect upon the liver nukes them an excellent remedy, whon given in small doses for bilious dysentery and diarrheaa. Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use of women and children.

Dyspepsia, Impurity of the Blood. Prom Rev. J. V. Himes, Pustor of Advent-Church, Boston.
DR. AZER: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood, they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends.

Yours, J. V. HIMES. my friends.

Yours, J. V. Mot. 24, 1855.

Dear Str. I am using your Cathartle Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and purify the foundains of the bload.

JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

Constipation, Costiveness, Suppression, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgin, Dropsy, Paralysis, Fits, etc.

From Dr. J. P. Vaugha, Montreal, Gonda.

Too much cannot be said of your Fills for the cure of conferences. If others of our fraiternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in prochiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in itself. is the presented. the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in fuelf, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe co-fiveness to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease.

From Mrs. E. Stuart, Physician and Midwife, Boston I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promotives of the natural scor-tion when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to cleanse the stomach and expel owners. They are so much the best physic we have that I recommond

From the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Methodist Ents. Church PULASKI HOUSE. Savantuh, Gu. Jan. 6, 1850.
Honored Shr. I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report up case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on exeruciating neutralize pains, which ended in chronic chrometism. Notwithstanding I had the bast of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzle, I tried your Fills. Their effects were slow, but sure. Ry persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

Senate Chambee, Baton Rouge, La., 5 Dec. 1855
DB. AFER: I have been entirely cured, by your Pills, of
Rheumatic Gout—a painful disease that had afficked me
for years.
VINCENT SLIDELL. AS Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skillful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful conequences that frequently follow its incuntions use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever. Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for \$1 Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass. Sold by C. A. HEINITSH, Lancaster, and by one or more traders in every village in the country. [may 14 19

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