Monday, March 3.

In the Senate to-day, Mr. Lane (Indr) presented the credentials of Hon. Joseph A. Wright, appointed Senator from Indiana, in place of Mr. Bright, who was expelled. Mr. Wright appeared and took the cast or office. The bill compelling masters of American vessels clearing for foreign or other ports to take the cast of allegiance, was reported and passed.—The bill to encourage anlistments, by allowing each volunteer that enters the fregular service to draw at once twenty-five dollars of the one hundred to which he would be entitled at the clase of the war, was laid over. The debase on the confiscation bill was resumed, and the bill was funder consideration until the Senate want into Expentive seasion.

In the House the Committee on Elections reported unfavorably on the claim of Mr. Veitch to a seat in the House as representative of the Seventh Congres-Monday, March 3.

unfavorably on the claim of Mr. Veitch to a seat in the House as representative of the Seventh Gongressional district of Virginia. A resolution was adopted calling on the President for copies of all correspondence relating to the condition of Marico and the designs of the Allied Powers. A resolution was laid over calling upon the President for information as to whether any offer had been made by the Executive to the Allied Powers to assume the public debt of Maxico, or any part thereof; and also, whether any offer had been made by the Executive to Great Britain, or any toreign Power, of the free navigation of the Mississippl.

Tugsday, March 4. —
A joint resolution was referred to the Benate Committee on the Library to-day, appointing flenry, Barnard, of Connecticut, to fill the vacancy in the Board of Regents of the Smithsonian Institute, occasioned by the death of President Falton. The

Board of Regents of the Smithsonian Institute, occasioned by the death of President Fatton. The Military Committee reported the House bill prohibiting the return of fugitive slaves by officers of the army and navy. The following bits were passed: Providing for the safe keeping and maintenance of United States prisoners; authorising the appointment of a commission for the preservation of the Atlantic fisheries; providing for the custody of the presents received from the King of Siam. The confusation bill was then taken up, and speeches against it were made by Messra. McDougall and Cowan.

The House concurred in the Senate's amendments to the bill authorizing additional clerks in the office of the assistant treasurer of New York and the appointment of a deputy assistant treasurer. The Pennsylvania contested election case was then taken up, the pending resolution being that John Kline is not, but that John P. Verree, the sitting member, is entitled to a seat as the member from the Third Congressional District, which, after some debate, was adopted. Mr. Shanks made a long speech in defence of General Fremont, and Mr. Olm followed in the same vein, with a defence of General Ripley, of the Ordnance Department.

WEDNESDAY, March 5.

Mr. Sherman reported to the Senate to-day a bill regulating the pay of the Navy Department. A bill introduced by Mr. Sumner to provide for carrying mails of the United States to foreign ports was referred. The resolution to transfer the supervision of the Capitol extension from the War Department of the Department of the Interior was discussed but not decided upon. Mr. Morrill made a long speech in favor of the confiscation bill; after which Mr. Dixon offered a joint resolution to make aquitable settlements with those who are under pointly for falling to construct machinery by the day faxed in the contract. The resolution was referred. On motion of Mr. Grimes the bill to provide for the codification and revision of the laws of the District of Columbia WEDNESDAY, March 5. and revision of the laws of the District of Columbia was taken up and passed. Several amendments were made to the bill defining the pay and emoluments of army officers, and among them one fixing the pay ne fixing the pay

of army officers, and among them one fixing the pay of chaplains at \$1,200 per year.

In the House, Mr. Crittenden, from the Committee on Foreign Affairs, reported a bill, which was passed, making an appropriation of \$60,353, the proportion of the United States, as damages and compensation to the King of Hanover for the sacrifices inquired in his abolition of the Statt dues in accordance with the terms of the treaty. The resolution to remove the bakeries from the Capitol was tabled by a vote of 6 to 42. Mr. Duell, from the Committee on Revolutionary Pensions, reported a bill for the discontinuance of the pensions to the children of officers and soldiers of the Revolution which was passed. Mr. Soldiers of the Revolution, which was passed. Mr. Edwards, from the Committee on Public Expenditures, reported a joint resolution, which was passed, authorizing the Searchard of War to cause all model. Edwards, from the Committee on Public Expenditures, reported a joint resolution, which was passed, authorizing the Secretary of War to cause all goods furnished as army supplies, now on hand, and unsuitable for use, to be sold for the benefit of the United States. Mr. Dunn, from the Committee on Millitary Affairs, reported a bill, which was passed, providing for the appointment of hospital chaplains. The House then acted on the amendments of the Senate to the legislative, judicial, and executive appropriation bill. Among those concurred in was appropriation bill. Among these concurred in was one that the compensation by law shall not be con-strued to include more than two mileages for the present Congress, and another appropriating the un-expended balance for the construction of the Philaexpended balance for the sexpended balance f

The Senate transacted very little business to-day in open session, but confirmed a large number of appointments in secret session. Mr. Collamer, from the Postoffice Committee, reported back the postal money order bill. Mr. Hale, from the Naval Commoney order bill. money order bill. Mr. Hale, from the Naval Committee, reported a joint resolution, which was adopted, tendering the thanks of Congress to Commodore Goldsborough, his officers and seamen, for their gallant conduct at Roanoke Island. On motion of Mr. Sherman, the bill in relation to the pay of members of Congress was taken up, and an amendment was adopted making the mileage of members twenty cents a mile.

adopted making the mileage of members twenty cents a mile.

The House adopted several amendments to the bill providing for the organization of the staff attached to the divisions of the United States regular and volunteer service, and then passed it. A message was received from the President relative to emanci-Muchon, which was reterred to the Committee of the Whole on the State of the Union. The bill to regulate the franking privilege was considered in Committee of the Whole, and Mr. Perry made a speech against extreme anti-slavery measures and Mr. Davis in favor of them. Mr. Kelly read a long statement from Mr. Alexander Cummings, defending himself lexander Cummings, defending himself arges made against him by the committee

FRIDAY, March 7. The President's message was referred by the Senate to-day to the Judiciary Committee. On motion of Mr. Wade, the bill to provide for the occupation and cultivation of the cutton lands was taken up, and after some debate passed. Mr. Davis stated that the Legislature of Kentucky, which had passed resolutions requesting his predecessor and colleague to resign, wished to know when the Senate would take action on the resolution for the expulsion of Mr. on the resolution for the expulsion of Mr. Powell, as they do not want to adjourn and allow a disloyal and traitorous governor to appoint any one in his place. Mr. Trumbull said that the committee would soon report on the case. Mr. Powell asked for an investigation, and declared his ability to show that all his acts had been in accordance with the will of the people of Kentucky, as expressed by the res-loutions of strict neutrality. The Senate adjourned

loutions of strict neutrality. The Senate adjourned until Monday.

In the House it was resolved, on motion of Mr. Cox, that the Secretary of War communicate to this House the number, age and condition of the Africans who have been under the supervision of Major General John E. Wool, commanding at Fortress Monroe, Virginia, since he has had control of that department together with the amount of work commissions. Virginia, since he has had control of that department together with the amount of work or service performed by them, the pay, if any, which they have received, and the cost to the government for their maintenance and support. Mr. Gurley introduced a bill to secure to pilots, engineers, sailors, and crews upon the gunboats and war vessels, their bounty and pensions—The Senate bill authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to purchase coin was passed, with an amendment that the demand notes shall be receivable for duties on: imports the bill to rander valid amendment that the demand notes shall be receivable for duties on; imports the bill to render valid and to authorize the extension of the patent granted John S. Mine for an improvement in the manufacture of lamp-black was passed by a vote of 73 against 39. The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the state of the Union, the bill regulating the franking privilege being nominally under consideration. Mr. Blair made a long speech against Gen. Fremont's acts as commander of the Department of the West, to which Mr. Colfax replied nefense of the general. The House adjourned until defense of the general. The House adjourned until

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE. FEIDAY, March 7, 1862. The House assembled at 10 A M., Hon. John Rowe,

Speaker, in the chair.

Prayer by Chaplain Felty, of the 107th regiment. MILITIA COMMITTEE REPORT. Mr. Shannon, from the Committee on Militia, reported with amendments, a bill to provide for the adjudication of certain military claims.

adjudication of certain military claims.

APPEOPRIATION RILL.

Mr. Armstrong called up the bill to provide for the ordinary expenses of the Government and other general and specific appropriations.

The bill was considered in committee of the whole. On an amendment to appropriate \$10,000 (which was afterwards modified to \$15,000) to the Western Pennsylvania hospital to be used in completing the Dix Mont's hospital building,

Mr. Armstrong was opposed to the measure, because the tax imposed on the people of the State, this year, would not be less than \$15,000,000.

The amendment was agreed to.

EXECUTIVE MESSAGE.

The Governor transmitted to the House, through the Deputy Secretary of the Commonwealth, Col. Samuel B. Thomas, a communication that he had approved and signed the following acts:

An act to authorize the Buck Mountain coal company to purchase, in certain cases real estate at sheriffs' sales.

An act to amend and extend the charter of the Independent Mutual fire insurance company of Philadelphia, Montgomery and Bucks counties.

A further supplement to the act incorporating the M'Kean railroad company.
A supplement to an act extending the charter of the Pennsylvania Salt manufacturing company. A supplement to an acceptance of company of Penusylvania Salt manufacturing company.

An act to incorporate the Oil Creek transportation

company.

A supplement to an act in relation to the public

An act confirming the title to certain real estate

An act confirming the title to certain real estate conveyed by John Seibert, Executor of Benjamin Sharpneck, to Henry Frick.

An act to extend the charter of the Farmers' and Mechanics' land and building association.

An act to extend and perpetuate the charter of the Machpelah cemetery society, of Philadelphia.

An act relative to the payment of millitary orders.

A supplement to an act relative to the commencement of actions.

An act to incorporate the Carpenter cemetery as-

THISTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS.—FIRST SESSION. Representatives in Congress to procure the passage of an set relative to the payment of volunteers.

Jaint resolution relative to the proper treatmer
of the killed and wounded Pennsylvania soldiers.

of the killed and wounded Pennsylvania soldiers.

Resolutions relative to the pay of S. C. Slaymaker, as clork to the committee strying the contested election case in the Sixth Legislative District of Phitadelphia, for the homeint of the Legislative on the Zidol February. The hour of an having arrived, the House took a recess till 3 o'clock.

The House of the Chair and the Chair and Country of the Arminion State of the Chair and th

me The House coatiners are insultantion of the bill to provide for the ordinary expenses of the government and other government and other government and other government and other time and passed of the bill after receiving numberous amendments, was read a second and third time and passed of the provided of the comment of the comment

On motion of Mr. Bigham, the further, consider

At the celebration at Louisville, Ky., on the JAMES GUTHRIE delivered an address, from which we extract the following:

by the laws they have violated, but I am for the largest forgiveness consistent with the restoration of the Constitution and the safety, of the Union. All are not leaders in this rebellion who have sected as its noisy chamnions, through the press, or on the stump, or

filled bigb places in the strife.

My policy would embrace all who are repentant. History records that the Jews, of the Almighty, again the favored nation and again resisted his sacred laws, and were again and again chastised for their rebellious acts. The scheme of salvation, under our holy religion, is based on repentance. When God forgives the repentant sinner, shall not man forgive his repentant fellow man? us not be too exacting Let us remember that we are but human. The great truth should be present with us, that

"To err is human, to forgive divine."

This is the teaching of God's truth. The people often rebelled against Jehovah, but Jehovah himself forgave the repentant sinners. This is the lesson of the Christian religion. As we expect forgiveness for our offences, we must forgive. If these misguided men, who have taken up arms against the best government ever seen, repent and come back to their allegiance, let us receive them and show them the goodness and power of the nation in its power to forgive. These who repent of this rebellion, if pardoned, will not go willily unpunished. They will have to bear the burden of conscious guilt, the reproaches of those whose earthly prospects they have blighted, and the widows and orphans they have made and caused to mourn and the mistrust that must accompany them to the grave I would declare this amnesty and pardon as a war measure. It may draw thousands who feel that rebellion is not a remedy for existing or supposed evils, and are earnestly and hopefully awaiting to escape, as far as possible, from the consequences of their acts. I would open the door for them. Many of the seceded States have always been for the Union. and only await the time they may safely take ground for it. I would declare the amnesty and pardon as a financial measure, as a measure of economy in this most expensive and wasteful civil war. I believe it would act promptly in the restoration of the Constitution and the Union, and be more effective in restoring the Union than the victories our armies have or shall obtain days it would save to the nation more than ten times the value of all the estates you could possibly confiscate in accordance with the and a plate from it went crashing through the deck, and struck the second engineer tates of non-combatants; the old men, the in the side, inflicting a wound from which all other manufacturies 3 per centum ad valoimbecile, from whatever cause, are out of the reach of the most inveterate enemies of the off and his eyes and teeth being torn from rebellion. We ought not to waste and destroy the property of those whom we don't intend their sockets by the flying coals and ashes. to punish as rebels. Their estates are a part of the fixed capital of the nation, and we Orleans, an Englishman by birth. He was I have spoken of and considered the co-restoration of the Constitution and the Union as a

encounter. those whose constant cry is for the blood of the rebels and the confiscation of their estates, Mr. Stewart, Chaplain of the Niagara. to teach their purposes, would trample the Constitution, the rights of property, and the principles of humanity under foot, and blast true cause. forever the prosperity of the nation. Such men propose to establish, through congressional action, provisional governments over the seceded States.

I am glad to see our Union armies advancing, although the weather is bad and the roads almost impassable, and I hope they will now strike heavy and quick. We want no provisional governments in the States under congressional action. The Union sentiment will be strong enough in all the secence Shates will be strong enough in all the secence Shates when supported by the Union armies, to take possession of the State governments and bring voice from the tomb, one not to be lightly regarded, and it was the duty of every citizen to garded, and it was the duty of every citizen to garded, and it was the duty of present events, and will be strong enough in all the seceded States sound logic and convincing eloquence in the material force of our Union armies. Do not be surprised as the armies advance, to find that the work of restoration is more prompt and decisive than the work of secession, and far more unanimous. Kentucky had no heart for this civil war. She thought and felt that it ought not to have been, and hoped her voice for peace would be heard. When she found I have felt and hoped with Kentucky, and my

heart and judgment are still with her. with efficient aid from the Executive Department, I see no reason why the Constitution and the Union may not be restored within the next ninety or one hundred days, and more than half this immense army restored to their peaceful homes and their usual industrial pursuits. May God great this and give us peace and a happy reunion, and enable us and our children and our children's children, whenever this day shall return, for coming centuries to appreciate and act in accordance with the farewell advice of Washington, and An act to pay S. J. Rea as clerk to the committee in the contested election case of Charles F. Abbott. An act in regard to municipal claims in the city of Philadelphia. make those who have engaged in this civil ed any injury from the Government; from war, and those who have sympathized with them, and their posterity as loval to the them, and their posterity as loyal to the shadow of his own vine and fig tree, and there Constitution, the Union, and the laws as was none to molestor make him afraid. Such Washington himself, and cause the enemies

The Detroit Free Press thinks the rebellion will soon be at an end, but, it well and From every town and hamlet they are pour-A supplement to an act in relation to the public printing, approved April 9, 1856.

An act relating to the Cambria iron company.
A further supplement to the act incorporating the gasting and Columbia railroad company.
An act to grant certain rights to the market companies in the city of Philadelphia.
An act repealing the law making an appropriation out of the county funds to agricultural societies, as to the county of Greene.

A further supplement to the act incorporating the panies in the city of Philadelphia.
An act repealing the law making an appropriation out of the county funds to agricultural societies, as to the county of Greene.

A further supplement to the act incorporating the panies in the body politic just so long witnessing the honors paid to Washington on the occasion of his Eastern tour, and of the enthusiasm that everywhere abounded. In the address to the Senate announcing his death he was characterized as "first in peace, first in war, first in the hearts of his countrymen." Many years have passed, and this judgment has been confirmed. Of all the heroes of ancient or modern times, whose deeds have not perished truly says, "the causes of future insurrec- ing their strong men into the field, and, thanks are treasonable. They have bred civil war, modern times, whose deeds have not perished and were intended to breed it. They are unclean spirits which possess the nation, and must be east out if we would return to our old happiness and processite."

An AWEWARD POSITION .- We learn that, on Monday night week, a house at Mexico corner, occupied by two families, was so completely submerged in the snow, that in the morning nothing of it could be seen. The inmates at sociation.

An act to confirm the revised grades and survey regulations as per plan number forty-four in the eleventh survey district in the city of Philadelphia.

An act to confirm the revised grades and survey submerged in the snow, that in the morning submerged in the could be seen. The immates at tempted to escape by tearing boards from the gable ends of the house, but did not succeed in making their exit, and they were obliged to An act to confirm the revised grades and survey gulations as per plan number forty-four in the leventh survey district in the city of Philadelphia.

An act to extend the act incorporating the Parkers Mutual fire insurance company of Philadelphia in Making their exit, and they were obliged to remain in that youstloss the fire which prevents negroes and mulatoes article which prevents negroes and mulatoes them from exercising the rights of suffrage, and requires the General Assembly to pass have to carry out the provisions of the article.

A further supplement to the act to incorporate the gable ands of the house, but did not succeed in making their exit, and they were obliged to remain in that youstloss of the position of Brigadier-General article which prevents negroes and mulatoes from emigrating into this State, prohibits and requires the General Assembly to pass have to carry out the provisions of the article.

A further supplement to the act to incorporate the gable and of the house, but did not succeed in lates from emigrating into this State, prohibits and requires the General Assembly to pass have to carry out the provisions of the article.

The article which prevents negroes and mulatoes them emigrating into this State, prohibits and requires the General Assembly to pass have to carry out the provisions of the article.

The article which prevents negroes and mulatoes them emigrating into this State, prohibits and requires the from emigrating into the right of suffrage.

A further supplement to the act to incorporate the provisions of the article was adopted by sections in Com-

UAPTURE OF THE REBEL STEAMER

The N. Y. Herald has a letter from Ship Island dated Feb. 22d. On Board the Brooklyn are Messrs. HARRY CARSON and WILLIAM U. HESS, of this city—the former s graduate of the Intelligeneer Office, and the latter for several years one of the principal clerks in Sheaffer's Book Store. The letter relates the following:

On the morning of the 19th inst. at the Pass and make for the eastward. She immediately gave chase, and followed her closely until late in the afternoon, when the rebel steamer finding the Brooklyn gaining on her, ran in close to the land, for the on motion of Mr. Bigham, the further, considers to the bill was postponed ill Monday afternoon when it is to be taken up as the special order.

Mr. Cochran, from the Committee on Banks, reported with amandments, the bill sequiring the reported with amandments, the bill was posted by the banks.

On motion of Mr. Bigham, the further, considers the constant of the sequiring the reported of getting into smoother water, where she could make better time. As far ported with amandments, the bill sequiring the reported of getting into smoother water, where she could make better time. As far ported with amandments, the bill sequiring the reported with a sequiring probability have escaped; but subsequent events proved that in avoiding Scylla she At the celebration at Louisville, Ky, on the met her Charybdis. As she approached anniversary of Washington's birth day, Hon. the Dauphin Island Pass, off Mobile Bay, the gun-boat South Carolina, saw her and This day, if the power was with me, an amnesty and the figure is arms or not who is a prescribed time, give up their arms and the rebel cause, acknowledge the supremon of the Constitution and the laws, and prescribed time, it is a prescribed to the laws and prescribed time, give up their arms and the rebel cause, acknowledge the supremon of the Constitution and the laws, and prescribed with the laws they have violated, but I am for the laws they have violated, but I am for Magnelia late New (rleans with about the Magnelia late (rleans with the rebel about six colock in the evening, and board-about six colock in the eve headed her off, firing several shell at her. Magnolia left New Orleans with about fourteen hundred bales of cotton, but the crew had thrown over the deck load—consisting of some two hundred and fifty bales of cotton-to lighten the vessel; they had also thrown over a fine gun for the same purpose. The boarding officers found the ship on fire, and were three hours in ex-

tinguishing the flames. The captain, Wm. S. Shannon, of New Orleans, formerly of Philadelphia, and crew, and two passengers-in all twentyone persons-were made prisoners. The captain and first engineer, being perfectly desperate, were double ironed, and the prize was then towed into Ship Island Rhoads, and delivered to the flag officer, Commodore McKean, on the next day, the 20th. The Magnolia will probably be towed to Key West by the Niagara, her cargo re-shipped for the North, and she will then be repaired and used in the service as a gunboat. She is well adapted for the purpose, being capable of sixteen knots; and when light drawing only five and a half feet of water. With her full cargo she drew only eight feet and a half.

The value of the vessel and cargodollars. The desperation of her officers, is a striking illustration of the terrible earnestness of the foe with whom we have to deal. The owners of the cotton agreed with Captain Shannon that he should and ate heartily and slept well. He was found guilty, and sentenced to death, and his vana, or, in the event of his finding capture inevitable, he should destroy the ship .--The reward of a successful issue of the enterprise was to be one thousand dollars more than his pay. When Captain Shannon saw that there was no hope of escape from the South Carolina, he had the connection pipe and the sea cock cut, hoping by these means to sink his vessel. He also had the cotton fired in several different places, and the engineer tied the safety valve down, exhausted the water in the valve down, exhausted the water in the diffy or one hundred boilers, and tried to blow the ship up.

He cts. per pound; writing paper 2 cts. per pound. succeeded in bursting one of the boilers, confiscate in accordance with the and a plate from it went crashing through widows, the orphaus, the insane, or the he died in about five hours. His face was rem. On railroad passengers 2 mills per mile want it as a part of the national capital to increase the annual production of the country wife and four children to lament his tragito meet the unusual taxation that must go cal fate. His body was enclosed in a plain with this war, and follow it for many years. | coffin, and yesterday morning was brought over to Ship Island by Midshipman Hunt. fixed fact, and have the most perfect convict of the Niagara, and buried, by permission tions of it. Yet we have difficulties to of General Phelps, in the brigade cemete-

ry. The beautiful service of the Episco-The worst enemies of the Constitution are pal Church was read; and some earnest and appropriate remarks made by the Rev. The ceremony was as respectful and serious as though the object of it had died in a

GEN. CASS AT DETROIT.

An address from the veteran statesman, Gen. Cass, formed a part of the observances at Detroit on the 22d ultimo.

The General in answer to repeated calls. came forward and said that he was not prepared to make a speech on that occasion; that he should consider it ill-timed to make one is strong enough in Tennessee, and I believe after listening to the address just read. It would be presumptuous to attempt to give cines, to force to its admonitions. It was a prophetic express. take serious thought of present events, and ponder well the teachings given by Washing-It was good for all to meet on this natal day, and it was especially good now, when our country is rent with strife—a country which country is rent with strife—a country which has possessed greater freedom than has ever fallen to the lot of any Government. But lately we have heard the cry from a portion of it, "To your tents, O, Israel!" Their hosts Their hosts | cessary. are endeavoring to destroy this Temple of Liberty which Washington has bequeathed to that hope was vain, she girded on her armor and determined to strike for the Constitution, the Union, and the flag. Last in the field, she wants to be first in the work of restoration.—

The applause which followed the remark was absolutely deafening and again and again the in the efficient aid from the Executive Departwith efficient aid from the Executive Departstronger emphasis, and the applause was re-Our glorious fabric, continued the speaker, shall still survive, protected by our brave army and navy, and defying the storm, it shall still stand and spread its shadow far and wide like the "shadow of a great rock in a weary land."

There have been many causeless insurrections; rebellions have often appeared on the page of history, but never before was there such a rebellion as this. Previous to it no man could rise up and say that he had ever receiv loyal to the shadow of his own vine and fig tree, and there of the Constitution and the Union to become the present generation to witness. It is a a spectacle as this rebellion was reserved for time, however, to congratulate ourselves on the patriotism. the wisdom and firmness, which greeted with tumultuous applause.

-Springfield, Ill., March 5.—The State Constitutional Convention to day discussed the ty of Philadelphia.

Resolutions relative to the defences of the Delagathered to dig them ont. By tunneling forty
feet through the snow the blockeded families
Joint resolutions instructing our Senators and

No result was positive unitated to the convention, and concurred in
by a vote of 45 against 13.

A caused of Resolutions in Committee of the Whole. The report was then
gress was held to day at which the subject of
emancipation was considered. No result was

A PIENDISH CRIMINAL. The Paris correspondent of the N. Y. World relates the following a series. A trial of a case, almost unequaled in th

annals of crime, has just been concluded at Bourg, near Lyons. A man named Dumol-lard was charged with a number of murders, and his wife with being accessory to then He lived near Lyons, and his practice for He lived hear Lyons, and his practice for several years past, it appears, has been to go to the city frequently, and separe his vip-tim in the following manner: Meeting a girl who looked like a servant he would inquire about half-past six o'clock, as the sloop-of getting into conversation with her, would state that he was employed at a blateau a fying off Pass l'Outre, at the mouths of the Mississippi, she saw a steamer come out of in search of a servant girl, to whom very in search of a servant gri, to whom very superior wages would be paid. If the girl whom he accested was looking for a place she would generally accept his offer, and they would start out to the oras together. Dumoliard so contrived it that they should reach the station at which they were to descend after dark, when he would shoulder the girl's trunk or box and start with her scross the fields. Arrived at a convenient spot he would violate her, kill her, and bury her, and take the trunk to his house. Finally, a girl becoming frightened, asked him as ey were walking through the woods, they were not nearly arrived at the chatear Dumollard replied they were, but that he would hide the trunk among the trees, as was very heavy, and would ome for it in the morning. He put down the trunk, and the girl starting to run he threw a sort of running noose, over her head a She snoceeded in escaping, however, and giving information to the police authorities.

Dumollard was watched, and finally his

house was searched, when the following arti-cles of female clothing were found: Thirty-five pairs of gaiters, sixty seven pairs of stockings, thirty-eight cape, ten pairs of stays, seventy one handkerchiefs, a number of collars, chemisettes, &c., amountings to eleven hundred articles—five hundred and forty-six of which were recognized by girl who had been entired in the manner above stated, but who, becoming trightened, had escaped, and by the friends of others who had been killed. Three or four skeletons and bodies of females were discovered in the wood between the station and Dumollard's house and before the examining magistrate the prisoner acknowledged that within the last eight years he had murdered six young women and had made attempts upon nine others who escaped with the loss of their clothing. On the trial, however, he denied this statement, and invented an incredible story, say ing that he had not committed the murder himself, but had engaged the servants for two persons whom he did not know, but whom he did not dare to disobey he in that case they would have taken his life; that these men and their accomplices, who former a band of eighty, had made way with the young woman, and had given him their cloth ing and forty france for each one, telling him that they were well placed; and he never supposed they were murdered until their bodies were found. He could give no information as to who these men were, or where they lived, and says he saw but two of them at Lyons, and these pointed out to him the girls he was to betray. It is supposed that eleven hundred and seventy bales of cotton
—is estimated at a quarter of a million of
dollars. The desperation of her officers, is had probably seized in her dying agonies. During the trial Dumollard declared that the vitnesses had formed a conspiracy to ruin him, and manifested the utmost indifference

labor. THE TAX BILL. WASHINGTON, March 3. The tax bill provides for duty on spirituous quors of 15 cents per gallon; ale and beer \$1 per barrel : stem or leaf tobacco 3 cents per ound, to add when manufactured 5 cents, and on eigars 5, 10 and 20 cents, per pound, according to value; on lard and linseed oil, burn-ing fluid, crude coal oil, 5 cents per gallon; refined coal oil 10 cents per gallon; gas per 1,000 cubic feet 25 cents; bank note paper printing paper, 3 mills per pound; so mills per pound; salt 4 cents per 100 po of travel; commutation tickets 3 per centum; steamboat travel 1 mill per mile, and omnibus ferry boats, and horse railroads, 3 per cent. on gross receipts from passengers; advertise ments 5 per cent, on amount of receipts an nually; for use of carrages annually from I to \$10, according to value; gold watches \$1; sile ver watches 50 cents; gold plate 50 cents per ounce, silver plate 3 cents per ounce : billiard tables \$20; on slaughtered cattle 50 cents; each hog 10 cents: each sheep 5 cents: licen ee, bankers \$100; auctioneers \$20; wholesale dealers fifty dollars; retail dealers in liquore \$20; retail dealers in goods \$10; pawnbrokers fifty dollars : rectifiers \$100 : brewers \$50 hotels, inns and taverns graduated according to rental, from \$5 to \$200; eating houses \$10 commissission brokers \$50; other brokers \$20 theatres \$100; circuses \$50; bowling alleys \$5 each alley; wholesale pedlers \$50; other pedlers \$50 to \$20; coal oil distillers \$20 ncome 3 per cent on all over \$600, deducting income derived from dividends, &c. taxed separately : railroad bonds and dividends and bank and saving institutions 3 per cent. payments of all salaries of officers in the civil ilitary or naval service of the United States including Senators and members of Congress per cent.; salaries and distributed shares o personal property of deceased persons from o 5 per cent, according to the degrees of re-

lationship and stamp duties on all kinds o legal and commercial papers, all patent medicines, telegraphic messages and all goods by The bill also provides for the appointment by the President of a commissioner of internal revenue with a salary of 5,000 dollars. His office is to be in the Treasury department with a suitable number of clerks. The country is to be divided as the President may direct into convenient collection districts, with an assessor and collector, to be appointed by the President, for each district, who shall have power to appoint such deputies as may be ne-

MICHIGAN DEMOCRATIC CONVEN-TION.

DETROIT. March 6. The Democratic State Convention met in this city yesterday, and was organized by the elec-tion of H. H. Riley, of St. Joseph county, as permanent president. The attendance was very large. Fully five hundred delegates were present, and the proceedings harmonious through-out. It was deemed inexpedient to nominate candidates for State officers at this time. Res olutions were passed expressive of the position of the democracy of Michigan in the present crisis, and promising its support to the Government in all constitutional means to suppress the rebellion, and opposing the termination of the war until all resistance to the Government, under the Constitution, everywhere ceases.— Abolitionism is strongly denounced as equally guilty with Southern Secessionism, and the speedy extinguishment of both hoped for; approving of the modification of Fremont's pr clamation and Cameron's report, and of the appointment of the present Secretary of Var. as an indication that the President wil adhere to the Constitution, and denouncing corruption and extravagance, and demanding honesty and economy in the administration of the Government.

CAMERON PUGNACIOUS. The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia Evening Journal, of March 4th, says: Last night an altercation occurred at Willard's Hotel between the late Secretary of War, Gen. Cameron, and Mr. Van Wyck, Chairman of the Congressional Committee. The late Secretary was hot and choleric, and The late Secretary was not and choleric, and wanted a pretext to whip the Chairman of the Committee; but the latter was cool, and declined politely, but firmly, to accord that favor clined politely, but firmly, to accord that favor made hown.

Sale to begin at 7 clock, P. M., when therem will be made known.

B. C. DARLINGTON. to his very urgent assailant, who was obliged reluctantly to subside, without a fight over the grievances inflicted by the Committee.

FROM WASHINGTON. Washington, March 6.—The Hon, Andrey THE NEGRO TO BE EXCLUDED FROM ILLINOIS. Johnson left for Tennessee this morning, to assume the office of Provisional Governor, to

report was, in short: "You mastreyaquate a mardi et eji equinant indi del manniferator

GREAT! PRODUCT OF IRON. -Blast fornace No. 3, of the Lackswanna Iron and Coal Combative at Scratton. Parlimide during the Bast our weeks the largest amount of iron ever, roduced in that length of time by a single irnace in the United States, and probably in 15 cm the world the yield of the last week amount-ing to the upparalleled product of 3761 tons and advent apportant Profice and application

\$25 I Remployment 1.78 (F. N. T. B. W. N. T. B. D.) 1875 I We will pay from \$25 to \$75 per month and all expenses to active Agents, or give a commission. Fartfculars sen free. Address Fire Seying Machine Company, R. JAMES General Agent, Milan, Ohio. [aug 27 ly 33]

Among the many apparent trifles continuity being brought to the surface from the ideal under-worldoutheauthouth, there are occasionally simple tricles costing but little in detail, but whose combined benefits, usefulness and concern of time and money, agregate on the basis of millions. Such an article in Examine, Expraine Gupta. It uses are insumerable, and as its cost is next to nothing, the demand for it is universal. its created with chemicals, and used cold t little ridifier time for its application.—Fro urnal, New York, August 27, 1859. 44 To Consumptives .-- The Advertise

To Consumptives.—The Advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple refinedy, shad sisting submerd several years with a severe lung affection, and the dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to this fellow sufferers the means of care.

To all who desire, it, he, will send a copy of the prescription to used (free of charge,) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a Suzz Curg row Consumption, Asthum, Beometris, 26. The only object of the advertiser in sending the prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he bopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a bleasing.

Pairties wishing the prescription will please address.

EEV. EDWARD A. WILSON, plan 21 3m 22 Williamblurgh, Kings Co., New York.

Equality to AU: Uniformity of Business: Every one bis own Sale Pilice! A new feature of Business: Every one his own Salesman. Jones & Co., of the Crescent One Price Clothing Store 622 Market 64786; 5000 Market

MARRIAGES.

On the 4th inst., by the Rev. J. J. Strine, Christian H. Iershoy to Jane Shultz, both, of Paradise.
By the same, Samuel Shoff, of Conestogo, to Christiana By the same, Emuel Shoff, of Conestogo, to Christiana Lehman, of Martic.
On the 23d of February, by Rew. 17. V. Eckert, at the residence of his parents, George II. Kendig to Miss Maggie B. Leferre, both of Quarryrille, this country. On the 5th inst, by the same, at the G. R. Parsonage, New Providence, John V. Bryson, of Eden, to Miss Mary Elizabeth Evans, of Coleralty, this country. wife to twenty years' imprisonment at hard

DEATHS

In this city, on the 8th inst. Blisabeth Erisman, in the 61st year of his age.

In this city on the 8th inst., John A. Landis, aged 84 years, 5 months and 20 days. [Funeral from his late residence, No.121 South Queen street, this (Tuasday)) afternoon at 2 o'clock.]

On Tuesday night last, in this city, Catharine Kichler aged about 65 years.

On the 4th inst, in this city, Benjamin Hersh, in the of his age: 2 dnesday night last, in Marietta, Mrs. Ann Stehon wednesday inguitas, in matters, and age of a san, aged 47 years.

In Watwick township, on the 6th inst., Col. Christian lies, in the 8th year of his age.

On the 6th inst., in this city, Joseph Ehrenfried, in the th year of his age. In Manor township, on Saturday, March 1st, Daniel, son feb 25

Alas! how changed that lovely flower. Which bloomed and cheered our heart Fair, fleeting comfort of an hour, How soon we're called to part.

THE MARKETS. Lancaster Wholesale Grain Market prected weekly by J. B. Birnie & Bro., Forwarding and Commission Merchants, No. 91 North Queen street. LANGASTER, March 10.

Rye 4 Cloverseed " Whiskey, in hhds....

Filladelphia Market.

New York Market.

Flour is dull; sales of 6.000 bbls. at \$5.38@5.50 for State; \$5.38@5.55 for Obic, and \$5.86@6.15 for Southern. Wheat has a daclining tendency; sales unimportant: Corn dull and 20,000 bus sold at 50@62 cents. Beef steady. Lard steady at 734@8% cents. Whisty dull at 20 cents. Recipts of Flour, 12,921 bbls.; Wheat, 3,033 bushels; Corn, 825 bushels.

PSTATE OF DOCTOR LEVI HULL,
late of Littz, Warwick township, decessed.—Letters
testamentary on said estate having been taken out by the
undersigned: All persons indebted to the estate are requested to make payment, and those having dalms against
the same, will present them for settlement to the undersigned, residing at Littz.

J. B. TSHUDY,
mar 11 6t 9]

Executor.

Letters of administration on the estate of said Joseph Brimmer, (Druggist,) late of the City of Lancaster, deceased.—Letters of administration on the estate of said Joseph Brimmer, (Druggist,) dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in Lancaster city: All persons in debted to said deceased will make settlement, and those aving accounts against him will present them to
BLAZABETH BRIMMER. mar 11 6t* 9] Administratrix

PRICES REDUCED AT GEORGE M. STEINMAN & CO'S HARDWARE STORE, IN WEST KING ST. Persons in want of Roofing Slate, or wishing to have their buildings covered with Slate, will find it to their interest to call as above! Having made arrangements for a large supply of very superior quality, they will be offered at prices to suit the times. t prices to suit the times.
Also a general assortment of HARDWARE, to which the uttention of Farmers, Mechanics and Merchants is invited.

E M P L O Y M E N T.

The undersigned are desirous of securing the services of a few Young Men, to engage in a Travelling Agency, upon a salary of FORTY DOLLARS PER MONTH, and all expenses paid. This is an opportunity (fiered, and to those who merit the approbation subscribers, by strict attention to business, can be considered to the construction of the constant employment for a term of years. For further particulars, address

ADAMS, HEINAN & CO. 113 and 115 Broad Street, Atkinson Depot, N. H.

DUBLIC SALE .- On SATURDAY Eve ning, MARCH 29th, 1862, will be sold at public sal the public house of John Michael, in the City of Lan ster, that valuable HOUSE AND LOT OF GROUND.

tuate on the east side of North Duke street, in the City of Lancaster, adjoining grounds of heirs of John Baer, deceased, and others.

The Lot contains 64 feet 4 inches front on Duke street, and extends back 245 feet to a 14 feet wide public alley, and is well set with Choice Fruit Trees. The HOUSE is Double Three-Storied with a Two-Storied Back Building, built in the best style, with all the modern improvements; such as Gas, where the market afforded. As a surburban residence it has no superior in the city, having a companding view of the principal theoremity, and situated directly on one of the principal theoremistrates. a commanding view of the surrounding country and situated directly on one of the principal thoroughfares of the city.

To persons destrous of a handsome residence, an oppor-tunity is offered in the sale of this property, such as seldon country.

AN ORDINANCE REPEATING SO AN ORDINANCE REPEATING SO A much of the Ordinance regulating the hour of opening the Markets in the City of Lancaster.

Exc. Be it enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Lancaster; that we much of the Ordinance passed on the 4th day of October, A. D. 1859, as fixes the near of opening the Markets be repeated; and that heire of opening the Markets be at 8 octobe, A. M., from the 1st day of September until the 1st day of May; and from the 1st day of September until the 1st day of May until the 1st day of September.

SEQ. 1. That hereafter Councils shall have power to fix the hour by resolution.

Ordalised and enacted into a law at the City of Lancaster, on the 4th day of March, 1862.

non Countellatina has on any and that James C. Clarpenters,

BEAUREGARD AT FORT DONELSON. -- A COT Letters of administration on the cetate of Carbarine respondent who saw Beauregard at Fort Kichier, his of the City of Lancator, decased, havin Donelson, before the battle, says that after his arrival, he mounted a horse and rode around for two hours, carefully surveying the natural and artificial defences of the place, and his

The LOOKES DEADOR OF THE DESCRIPTION OF THE STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE

and to ashband assummarians it is a substitution of the Board Countries and the Board Countries and the substitution of the Board Countries and the substitution of the Board Countries and Grossis. On the 25 ly, 7 DISTATE OF PETER FIELDS, LATE

Lined Sphritz tography, deceased—Letter of administration on said establishments been granted to the understands of the said to the understands of the said to the DSTATE OF DAVID EVANS, Sr., lat "A Compared nowmake, Lancasure con sty, deck.
Letters of Administration on the above betate having been
granted to the subscriber, residing in said township." All
persons indebted will please make immediate payment
and those having alatins present theme properly authenticated, for settlement-principt. Security PAVID FVATS,
to may 4.64° Signered and said or difficultivator.

A DMINISTRATOR'S NOTIOE Lotter A of administration on the estate of James Laird, late of Laucaster city, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned: All persons having claims or demand against the estate of and deceased are requested to pre-A of aumanter city, deceased, maxing claims or the following claims of the control of said deceased are requested to present the same without delay; and those indebted to said estate vill make payment to ANDREW J. LAIRD, Administrator, ANDREW J. LAIRD, AN Ruck Look, below Middletown, Daugh

A SSIGNED. ESTATE OF CHRISTIAN A HERSHEY AND WIFE.—In the Court of Common Pless of Lancaster Genary.

March 37d, 1862. Petition of Abraham Erisman, one of the assigness of said Christian Hershey and wife, presented, praying to be discharged from the trust, and all further liability, theremoder.

On motion of I. E. Hester, the Court grant's Bule to Abny, causewhy, kibs prayer of the petition. Abould not be granted, returnable on the 4th MONDAY of MARGHE inst.

Natics to be evan by advartishment, to be applished fiftee. otice to be given by advertisement, to be publish mes in two weekly newspapers. On the minute of the control of the

A CCOUNTS OF TRUST AND ASSIGNED
A MESTATES.—The seconds of the following named estates have been exhibited sind filed in the Office of the Prochonous of the Court of Common Pleas of Lancaster unty, to wit: Lancaster Bank, Assigned Estate, Horace, Rathyon, Ar ignee. Solomor Mohr, Assigned Retate, John Lynch. Assignee. Joseph Rineer and wife, Assigned Estate, Thomas O. ollins, Assignee. Peter Smoker, Assigned Estate, Jno. L. Lightner, As A & J. Schook, Assigned Estate, John Kline and Benjamin F. Hiestand, Assignees,
A. H. & J. Schook, Assigneed Estate, John Kline and Benjamin F. Hiestand, Assigneed,
Abin Schook, Assigneed, Estate, John Kline and Benjamin
F. Hiestand, Assigneed, Estate, John Kline and Benjamin
F. Hiestand, Assigneed, Estate, Benjamin R. Hiestand,
Assigneed,

Absigned.

Notice is hereby given to all belight interested in any of said estates, that the Oraric have appointed MONDAY, the said estates, that the Oraric have appointed MONDAY. In 17th day of MARCH, 1862, for the confirmation and allowance of said secounts, unless exceptions be filed or cause shown why said accounts should not be allowed.

PETER MARTIN, Protty.

PROTHONOMARY'S OFFICE, LANGESTER, February 17th, 1862, 526

A HOTEL PROPERTY FOR RENT.

A The old established Hotel and Drove Yard Property in West Philadelphia, known as the LUDWICK'S OLD DROVS YARD, with the rented at a reduced rent. The conventences are a LARGE AND COMMODIOUS HQUES, with a Large Yard and Stabling statached; also shour Fifteen ACRES OF destabling catached; also shour Fifteen ACRES OF a state of the renter of the rente

Lancaster Avenue and 40th 8t.,

RPHANS' COURT SALE OF VALUABLE REALESTATE—On TUESDAY, the 25th day of MABCH, 1862, the undersigned Executors of the Will of Joseph Knoigmacher, deceased, in execution of an affas order of the Orphans' Court of Lancaster County, will sell by public vendue, at the Ephrata Mountain Springs, in Ephrata twp., Lancaster county, the following described real estate late of said deceased, to wit:

The well known and popular watering place, known as "THE EPHRATA MOUNTAIN SPRINGS," in the County of Lancaster, State of Pennsylvana, 13 miles north-eart "The well kniwn and popular watering place, known as "THE EPHRATA MOUNTAIN SPRINGS," in the County of Lancaster, State of Pennsylvania, 13 miles north-east from Lancaster, is miles south-west from Reading, and on the Downingtown, Ephrata and Harrisburg turnpike road, 59 miles west of Philadelphia, 38 miles east of Harrisburg, and 11 miles north of the Bird in Hand, a station on the Pennsylvania Railroad. The property consists of 773/4 ACRES OF LAND part of it excellent farming land, overed with fine Chestant and other Timber, with numerous springs of the purest water, which are conducted to Douches and Baths. The Buildings are extensive and capable of entertaining 500 Visitors.

This Watering Place and Summer Resort has ever since its cominencement been well patronized, at times to its full capacity, and last season had its full proportion in comparison with similar places.

The Columbia and Reading Railroad, now being constructed, passes within a quarter of a mile of the Springs, and when complete will make "The Ephrata Mountain Springs" the most convenient of access of all the fashionable watering places.

The condition of the estate is such, that this property must be sold, and creditors may be benefited by attending the sale.

Persons withing to view the premises before the day of

the sale.

Persons wishing to view the premises before the day of sale will please call on Adam Konigmacher, one of the undersigned executors, residing near Ephrata.

Possession will be girten immediately, if desired.

Sale will begin at 1 o'clock, P. M., of said day, when terms will be made known.

ADAM KONIGMACHER,

ADAM KONIGMACHER, W. CARPENTER, Executors.

THE BEST QUALITIES IN THE MARRET.

The undersigned, having made arrangements with Mr.
B. JONES, for all his best quality of PRAOH BOTTOM
SLATE, for this market; and a similar arrangement with
the proprietors of six of the principal and best quarries in
York county, he has just received a large lot of these
supericr qualitities of Building Slate, which will be put
on by the square, or sold by the ton, on the most reasonable terms. Also, constantly on hand, an EXTRA LIGHT
PEAOH BOTTOM SLATE, intended for Slating on Shingle
Roots. As these qualities of Slate are THE BEST IN THE MARKET, Builders and others will find it to their interest to call and examine samples, at my office in WM. D. SPRECHER'S, New Agricultural and Seed Ware-rooms. GEO. D. SPRECHER, No. 28 Rast King St., 2 doors West of the Court House.

Agr. This is to certify that I do not sell my best quality of Peach Bottom Guaged Slate to any other person in Lancaster, than Geo. D. Sprecher, as above stated.

R. JONES,
Manufacturer of Feach Bottom Boofing Slate.

19.7

MANHOOD; HOW LOST!

HOW RESTORED!

JUST PUBLISHED IN A SEALED ENVILOPE

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhoes, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally, Nervourness, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fitz; Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse, &c. By Rost. J. Culverwell, M. D., Author of the Green Book, &c.

The world-enowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of self-abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, boughes, instruments, rings, or cordilats; pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectually by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may our bimself cheaply, privately, and radically. This lecture will prove a boom to thousands and thousands.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, on the receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, by addressing,

Dz. CHAS. J. C. KLINE,

127 Bowery, New York, Post Office Box, 4586,

194

POWERS, HOTEL,

POWERS, HOTEL,

(PORMELLY MALL'S.)

17 AND 19 PARK ROW,

OPPOSITE THE ASTOR HOUSE AND PARK, NEW YORK.

28 Price of Board \$1.50 per day. The Control of Board \$1.50 per day. The Control of Board \$1.50 per day. The Control of Secretary Period of the Control of Secretary Period of the Control of Secretary Period Office of Secretary Period of Secretary Period of Secretary Period Office of Secretary Period Of

FIRST-CLASS HOLES, ensuring the comfort of its inmates. The patronage of the travelling public is respectfully olicited.
TERMS: \$1,50 PER DAY.
H. L. POWERS,
mar 4 5m 8

Proprietor.

TO FARMERS, GARDENERS AND TRUCKERS.

A. PEYSION'S DISINFECTED POUDRETTE.

Especially Manufactured for Corn, Wheat, Tobacco, Peas, Grass, Cabbage, and every kind of Crop and Trucking.

PRICES: \$15,00 Am \$12,00 FER TON, OR 40 CENTS AND NO CENTS PER BUSHIL. BELOW THE ARSENAL, PHILADELPHIA, EYSSON'S FARM; WOODBURY ROAD, GLOUCESTER, N. J.

PRENCH, RICHARDS & CO., North 4th Street and York JOHN GRAIG, west end of Market Street Bridge. OFFICE OF A. PRYSSON, Library Street, Golds Hall, No. 12. [mar 4 3m 8

THE BLOOK ADE BROKEN.

The subscriber has made arrangements to be supplied with a full supply of the best quality of Roofing Siste, from the Languager and York County Quarries, which he will put on, on the most favorable terms.

He has engaged the services of James Towson, who is known to be one of the best and most careful slaters in this county. AS ALL WORK WARBANTED. CA

Orders reportingly solicited: Building materials always on hand.

Call at JOHN'R. RUSSEL/S HARDWARE STORE, mar 4 2m 8]

No. 8 Hart King STREE, LARGAYER.



Are you sick, feeble, and complaining? Are you out of order, with your system are rained and your selling incomfirtable? These repeated to purious liness. Some it of which we to the things in the standard to purious liness. Some it of which we to the rained to the which we to the rained to the standard to the standar

of the body into vigitous so-style, purify the system from more ordinated for the obstructions which there disease. A cold settles compensar in the body, and do-structs jits natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding upons, pro-ducing general, agreement, suffering and disease. While is this condition, oppressed, by the developments, sake Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they rector, the natural action of the greens, and with it this broyant feeling of health again. What is true and so nangent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many gothe despensate and dearward disampers. The same this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many is do beep select and dangerous distances. The same purpositive select applied them. Caused by similar coderactions and derangements of the natural trinctions of the body, thay are rapidly, and many of them surely, circle by supergeous. Nows who know the ultime of that Pills, will neglect to amplied them when surface it has Pills, will neglect to amplied them when surfacing from the disorders they cure. Statements from leading physicians in some of the principal circle, and from other well known public persons.

From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4, 1886 From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Ro. 4, 1856.

Di. Arra: Vour Pills are the purgion of all time in great in medicine. They have cured my little daughthe of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long effectively affected with blotches and pimples on her tain and in her hair. After our child was cured, this shot little your Pills, and they have cured her.

As a Family Physic.

From Dr. E. W. Curtoright, New Orleans. Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellent publishs angussions catharity was possess. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their ection on the powels, which makes them invaluable to me in the deliy immunity: Machine Stokiston () A consider (-- consider in the consideration in the

Dr. F. C. Atiz. Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst Acudeche may holy an have by a dose of two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleane as once. The W. PRELLE, Yours with great respect. ED. W. PRELLE, Billions Disorders Liver Complaints. From Dr. Theodors — Liver. Limphianus.

From Dr. Theodors Bell, of New York City.

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperion, but I find their bounded, effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of bilious complaints than any one remedy I can inention. I sincerely rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people.

thy the confidence of the profession and the people.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERMS.

Washington, D. C., The Feb., 1856.

Ets I have used your Fills to my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best enthantic we couply. Their regulating, action me, the liver is quick, and decided, consequently they are an admirable remety for deraugoments of that organ, Indeed, I have solden found a case of billionic disease so obtained that it did not readily yield to them. Fraternally yours, ALONZO BALL, M. In.

In practice of the Marine Hospital. Dysentery, Diarrhen, Relax, Worms.

From Dr. J. G. Green, of Chicago.

Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperients I have ever found. Their alterative effect upon the liver makes them an excellent remedy, when given in small doses for billouis dysentery and distribute. Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the just of women and children.

Dyspepsia, Impurity of the Blood.

From Rev. J. V. Himes, Patter of Advent Church, Roston.

Du. Arra: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion, and parify the blood, they are the very best remedy I have eyer known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends,

Yours, J. V. HIMES. my Irlands, Yours, J. V. HIMES

WARSAW, Wyorling Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1886,
DEAR SIR F am using your Cathartic fills in my practice, and fluid them an excellent purgative to cleaning the system and purify the foundative of the blood.

JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

Constipation, Costiveness, Suppression, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgin, Dropsy, Paralysis, Fits, etc.

From Dr. J. P. Yaughn, Montred, Conada.

Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of costiveness. If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in proclaiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although had enough in itself, is they propenite of others that are worse. I believe continues to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease.

From Mar. E. Start Elevisian and Mills & Paralle.

From Mrt. E. Stuart, Physician and Midwife, Boston. I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promotives of the natural score from when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to cleanse the stomach and expel worms. They are so much the best physic we have that I recommended no other to my patients.

From the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Methodist Enis, Church. Prof. the Lev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Methodist Epis, Church,
PULASKI HOUSE, Savannah, Ga., Jan. 6, 1856.
Honord Sir: I should be ungrateful for the relief
your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to
you. A cold settled in my himbs and brought on excruciating neurolyte pains, which ended in chronic rhemautism. Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the
disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your
excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I tried your
Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persovering
in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

SENATE CHAMBER, Baton Rouge, La., 5 Dec. 1855
Dh. Aven: I have been entirely cured, by your Pills, of the that had ufflicted mo ryears.

VINCENT SLIDELL. for years.

App Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever. Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for \$1. Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass. Sold by C. A. HEINITSH, Lancaster, and by one or more traders in every village in the country. [may 14 19 18

HOUSEKEEPING DRY GOODS FOR 1862 BY HAGER & BROTHERS HAGER & BROTHERS.

Having purchased a large stock of Domestic Dry Goods before the late advance in prices, we are enabled to offer great inducements to purchasers.

Bleached Muslins, 3-4, 7-8, 4-4.

Unbleached Muslins, 3-4, 7-8, 4-4.

5-4, 6-4, Pillow Case Muslins.
9-4, 10-4, 12-4 Bleached Sheetings.

Extra Heavy Conestogo Sheetings.

Extra Heavy Conestogo Sheetings.

Furniture Checks and Tickings.

Bleached and Unbleached Sheetings.

Linen Table Damasks.

Linen Table Damasks.

Linen Table Damasks.

Linen Crash and Bird Eye Fowlings, Calleons. Shirting Stripes and Ging ham: reallies Quilts. neaster County Units.
Blankets.
Embossed Table and Piano Covers.
Curtain and Sofa Damasks.
Window Shades.
Buff and Green Curtain Hollands.

CHINA. GLASS AND QUEENSWARE. Gold Band and White French China.

Fancy and White English Stone China.

Blue Rdge and Fancy Granite War

Pittsburg and Boston Glas

Coal Oil and Camphens

1000 LBS. PRIME PHATHERS.

carpets and Velvet Carpets.

Ingrain and Venetian Carpets.

Hemp, Rag and List Carpets.

Mattings, Druggets and Rugs FLOOR OIL CLOTHS FROM 1 TO 4 YARDS WIDE. WALL PAPERS AND DECORATIONS In a Great Variety of Styles and at Low Prices. jan 21

TNSURANCE NOTICE .- The Members of

INSURANCE NOTICE.—The Members of the Farmers' Mutual Insurance Company are hereby notified that a TAX OF ONE-TENTH OF ONE PER CENT., or one dollar on each thousand dollars of the valuation of the property insured, has been levied by the Directors to pay the loss sustained by John Demininger in the burning of his Mill.

Full Duplicates will be left with Adam B. Barr, at his Agricultural Store, East King street, in the City of Lancaster; with Jacob Greenawalt, Treasurer, at his residence in Manor township, and with John Strohm, Secretary, at his residence in Providence township, where any member of the Company can pay his tax previous to the first day of April next.

A partial Duplicate will be left with John Styer, in the village of New Holland, where members residing in the townships of Earl, Earl East, Ephrats, Brecknock, and Casnarvon can pay their quots of tax previous to the first day of April next. Another partial Duplicate will be laft with Myers Heckert at their Hard ware store, in Mount Joy, where members residing in the townships of East and West Donegal, Concy, Mount Joy, Rapho, Clay, Warwick, and Penn can pay their quots of tax previous to the first day of April next. Another partial Duplicate will be laft with Joseph Engles, at his store, at Mount Nebo, where members residing in Martic township can pay their quots of tax within the time above mentioned.

Taxes that are not paid previous to the first day of April next, will be placed in the hands of Collectors, and ten per cent added to the amount, to pay appearse of collection.

By order of the Board of Directors.

By order of the Board of Directors.

JACOB GREENAWALK mar 4 St 8] A B U T E B U B I N E S

A We take this method of informing our friends and
the public generally that our Store, where every piece of
turniture speaks for inself, and where we are meraly to
surprise our customers with our low prices, is in Ess.
King street, directly opposite the Court House.
The No. is 33, and the names are

KASEE A SENN

N. B.—We are prepared to make up all kinds of furnitture, of any design required, from the dnest to the commboset, and warrant every piece to be made substantial,
mar 4 Im 8

CAROLINA YELLOW PINE PLOOH
ING BOARDS .50,000 Feet Carolina Yellow Prine
Dressed Thoring Boards.
30,000 Peet Do. Undressed.
50,000 CYPRESS SHINGLES, No. 1 and 2.
50,000 CYPRESS SHINGLES, No. 1 and 2.
Instructed and for sale at Grand's Landing, on the Constage. Apply to GEO CALDER & On the Constage. Apply to GEO CALDER & On the Constage. Apply to GEO CALDER & On the Constage.

BAAU BARTON & BON
WHOLESAM GROUNES, AND DEALERS IN COUNTRY PRODUCE WINES AND LIQUORS,
No. 166 and 167 North Scools street,
PHILADELPHIA