MESSAGE FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The following message was delivered to the Legislature on Tuesday last. After being read in both house, committees of conference were appointed with instructions to report by bill on the subject as early as practicable:

PENNSYLVANIA EXECUTIVE CHAMBER,
HARRISBURG, April 9, 1861.

To the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

GENTLEMEN:

As the period fixed for the adjournment of the Legislature is rapidly approaching, I feel constrained by a sense of duty to call your attention to the condition of the military organization of the State.

It is scarcely necessary to say more than that the militia system of the State, during a long period distinguished by the pursuits of peaceful industry exclusively, has become wholly inefficient, and the interference of the Legislature is required to remove its deficits, and to render it useful and available to the public service.

Many of our volunteer companies do not possess the number of men required by our militia law, and steps should be forthwith taken to supply these deficiencies. There are numerous companies, too, that are without the necessary arms; and of the arms that are distributed, but few are provided with the more modern appliances to render them serviceable.

I recommend, therefore, that the Legislature make immediate provision for the removal of these capital defects; that arms be procured and distributed to those of our citizens who may enter into the military service of the State; and that steps be taken to change the guns already distributed, by the adoption of such well known and tried improvements as will render them effective in the event of their employment in actual service.

In this connection I recommend the establishment of a Military Bureau at the capital; and that the militia laws of the Commonwealth be so modified and amended as to impart to the military organisation of the State, the vitality and energy essential to its practical value and usefulness.

Precautions, such as I have suggested, are wise and proper at all times, in a Government like ours; but special and momentous considerations, arising from the condition of public affairs outside of the limits, yet of incalculable consequence to the people, and demanding the gravest attention of the Legislature of Pennsylvania, invest the subject to which your action is invited by this communication, with extraordinary interest and importance. We cannot be insensible to the fact that serious jealousies and divisions distract the public mind, and that, in portions of this Union, the peace of the country, if not the safety of the Government itself, is endangered. Military organizations of a formidable character, and which seem not to be demanded by any existing public exigency, have been formed in certain of the States. On whatever pretexts these extraordinary military preparations may have been made, no purpose that may contemplate resistance to the enforcement of the laws will meet sympathy or encouragement from the people of this Commonwealth.—Pennsylvania yields to no State in her respect for, and her willingness to protect, by all needful guarantees, the constitutional rights, and constitutional independence, of her sister States, nor in fidelity to that constitutional Union whose unexampled benefits have been showered alike upon herself and them.

The most exalted public policy and the clearest obligations of true patriotism, therefore, admonish us, in the existing deplorable and dangerous crisis of affairs, that our system should receive from the Legislature that prompt attention which public exigencies, either of the State or the Nation, may appear to demand, and which may seem, in your wisdom, best adapted to preserve and secure to the people of Pennsylvania and the Union the blessing of peace and the integrity and stability of our unrivalled constitutional government.

The government of this great State was established by its illustrious founder "in deeds of peace;" our people have been trained and disciplined in those arts which lead to the promotion of their own moral and physical development and progress, and with the highest regard for the rights of others, have always cultivated fraternal relations with the people of all the States devoted to the Constitution and the Union, and always recognizing the spirit of concession and compromise that underlies the foundation of the government, Pennsylvania offers no counsel, and takes no action in the nature of a menace; her desire is for peace, and her object, the preservation of the personal and political rights of citizens, of the true sovereignty of States, and the supremacy of law and order.

Animated by these sentiments, and indulging an earnest hope of the speedy restoration of those harmonious and friendly relations between the various members of this Confederacy which have brought our beloved country to a condition of unequalled power and prosperity, I commit the grave subject of this communication to your deliberation.

A. G. CURTIN.

HOW DOES IT LOOK NOW?

Last fall, when the Republicans were hurrying along our streets, night after night, jostling and running over each other in their eagerness to join the torchlight procession, hailing each other boisterously as brave and intrepid "Wide Awakes," displaying their broad capes, fanciful lanterns and flags, decorated with witty devices and funny mottoes, we warned them, again and again, of the sad and disastrous consequences which must follow their possible success in electing a sectional President. We told them over and over again to beware. We begged of them, by every consideration of patriotism and of humanity, to desist from a course which would inevitably prove ruinous to the best interests of the country. We referred them to the prophetic warnings of the wise men in all ages of the Republic, from Washington down. We said then, and we repeat it again, it is utterly impossible and forever out of the question to live in peace, in a Republic where all have a common interest in the government, without affording the fairest and the fullest opportunity for all to vote for their governors and their rulers. The Republicans did not believe us. The Wide Awakes would not even listen to our warning. The lanterns and capes and flags multiplied in our streets and in our public squares. Cannons were fired, banners floated in the breezes of the night, trumpets were blown and drums were beaten, until the young men and maidens, old men and matrons, fairly ran mad with the idea of being able to elect a President without the aid of the South. Well, the deed is done. The Wide Awakes have triumphed. To their care is committed the government of these United States, what there is left of them.

Gentlemen of the Republican party, gentlemen of the Wide Awake clubs, how do you like it? How does it look now? To those of you who have been successful in procuring offices at Washington, no doubt the prospect is pleasant; but we beg to inquire respectfully of those who have been unfortunate in their applications, how the matter stands with them? And then, there are thousands who never expected place or office, thousands who live by the sweat of the brow—shoemakers, carpenters, hatters, weavers, spinners, painters, engravers, in short, all sorts of mechanics and laborers, those who have to earn by their toil, bread for themselves and for their children.—How does it look to you, gentlemen? No longer ago than the very last autumn, you had plenty of employment, at very good wages. You could readily meet your rent, your grocer's bill, your doctor's bill, and those of your tailor and butcher. Now, you find these necessary expenses very hard for you. You can scarcely sleep at night in peace for anxiety about them.

How does it look to you? The Republicans told you, told all of us, repeatedly, everywhere, that if Mr. Lincoln were only once elected all would be calm and quiet and peaceful; that labor would be in demand, and the people would be happy again. But so far from realizing any advantages from the election of Mr. Lincoln, things are growing worse. The Wide Awakes, if you ask them to-day, cannot but admit that we are not improving in the least, but are, in fact, upon the retrograde. Who, then, has gained anything by the election of a sectional President? Rather let us ask, who has not lost? Seven of the States of this Union have left us. Nearly all the advantage which the vast carrying trade of the South has been to us is now gone. The Southern market is all but lost to us. Our people are compelled to be idle, all but those who are hunting after office, with but a poor prospect indeed for the future. And all of this for no other cause, none in the world, except the election of a sectional President.—But for the election of Mr. Lincoln, the country would have been at this moment in as prosperous a condition as it has been since the war of the Revolution. There is no cause known or conjectured by anybody, but the election, which has brought upon us our present misfortunes.—*Boston Courier.*

THE FAMINE IN INDIA—*Two Millions of People Starving.*—The news from India is frightful in the extreme, "famine is devastating the country." The London Times of the 29th ult., in an article on the subject, after alluding to the fact that the famine is created by drought, says:

"It is a drought in a land where the sun bakes up the soil almost to the hardness of pottery, and where the earth, without rain in the accustomed season, is an impenetrable crust. Where irrigation works exist the scanty waters will suffice to produce scanty crops, but where there are no such works there is no vegetation to be found. Mr. Edmonstone, the Lieutenant Governor of the Northwestern Provinces, had himself seen that in a march of twenty miles there was not a green blade in any direction. Families were fleeing away from the death which threatened them. Emaciated multitudes were drooping and dying by the way. And all this, we are told, is but the beginning of the terrible calamity which threatens to involve a population reckoned by one of the speakers at the Mansion House at seven millions and a half. One of these stated that two millions and a half are actually starving."

PHILADELPHIA CORRESPONDENCE.

PHILADELPHIA, April 11th, 1861.

MESSRS. EDITORS: The resolutions adopted by the Governor of the State to place this conservative old Commonwealth upon a war footing excites great enthusiasm among the Republicans and other disunionists here. Anything that looks like a disposition to enforce the odious doctrine of their party as laid down in the Chicago platform, is received with exultation; and the idea of carrying war into a united and unhappy country, simply because such a war will sustain their base intentions in that "irrepressible conflict" inaugurated by nigger-loving hypocrites, is to them a grain of comfort to which they had looked forward hopelessly for many a day. So Nero fiddled when Rome was burning.

Our Republican papers are rejoicing over a very comforting two cent victory which the party has gained in Patterson and Elizabeth, two very large towns (we suppose) in New Jersey, not to Know which, (we suppose again) is to confess ourself unknown. A large grain of comfort, on the faith of which they talk of running another Presidential candidate in 1864. So you see your victories in Lancaster, and other towns in the State, the Democratic triumphs in Ohio, Illinois, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, and every other State where the Republican majorities of November last have been repudiated by subsequent ballotings, are all of no account. What a blow, to think that Lincoln might be elected over again by the voice of New Jersey!!

The Scott Legion will celebrate the fourteenth anniversary of the battle of Cerro Gordo, this day week, by an excursion to Pottsville. It is intended to form a Wyskoop Legion at that town, in honor of the commander of the Pennsylvanians in the Mexican War. The Scott Legion of Philadelphia was the first organization of soldiers in this country who had served in that war. When they visited New York they organized the Scott Guard, of that city, also composed of returned Mexican volunteers. Since that time various similar corps have been organized throughout the Union.

Our Public Squares are beginning to put on their verdure. Yesterday Franklin and Washington squares were opened for the season. The others will be opened to-day or to-morrow, with the exception of Fairmount Park, which is open all the time, for the simple reason that it cannot be closed. The completion of the improvements in this beautiful spot is anxiously desired by the public, but the work progresses slowly from the insufficiency of the appropriations. One good thing money don't make the grass grow, or the trees bloom, or the birds sing.

Another outrage by our Republican legislature is the passage of the bill for the erection of a permanent bridge over the Schuylkill at South street. This is even too much for some of our Republican papers, and the North American scores it handsomely.

The beautiful editon of Dickens' works, which we announced in our last as having been commenced by Messrs. W. A. Townsend & Co., New York, is augmented this week by the publication of "Oliver Twist," in two volumes, uniform with the "Pickwick Papers" in four. Beyond all comparison this is, as far as published, and will be to the end we are sure, the most beautiful, neat, and desirable of the thousand and one editions of the great author constantly multiplying in the press. Its size, its exquisite appearance, its dainty tinted paper, and the excellence of its steel engravings, which are in Darley's and Gilbert's happiest humors, to say nothing of the low price, 75 cents per volume, at which it is published, combine to give it an extraordinary claim upon book-lovers. The two novels now published are Dickens' last, and the reader should at least look after them, if he afterwards concludes to buy no more—that is if he can come to such a conclusion. Mr. McHenry, of 4th and Walnut streets, here, is agent for the State, as he is also of Darley's Illustrated Cooper, from the same press.

Of this latter magnificent work, or set of works, we are approaching the concluding volume. Twenty-seven monthly volumes, each containing a novel complete, have already been published, the last of which comprises The Crater, a Tale of the Pacific. In all these issues there has been no diminution of the standard of elegance and beauty adopted at the outset, and the whole series, from beginning to end, is the most sumptuous and attractive ever issued from any press. No other editon of the great novelist will be needed in the next fifty years.

A neat little volume, exactly to our liking, is "The Sable Cloud, a Southern Tale with Northern Comments," by the Rev. Nehemiah Adams, just published by Messrs. Ticknor & Fields. Better than all other books on the subject this interesting story gives us a true picture of the "institution," and we prize it the more as coming from a northern man. For present troubles the antidote is unfortunately too late, but it may stop the pernicious influence of future Uncle Tom's Cabins. The book is eloquently written, is truthful, and exceedingly interesting.

The same publishers issue, in a very handsome duodecimo, a charming work which takes us back to a most interesting period in all literary history. In "The Autibiography, Letters and Literary Remains of Mrs. Piozzi, (Thrale)" we are brought into contact, as by a living witness, with Dr. Johnson, who is the grand centre of the book and the time, Cobbett, Bubb Dodington, Sir James Fellowes, Byron, Madam D'Arblay, Dr. Burney, Pepys, and a host of registered glories of that brilliant era. The lady's intimacy with Johnson is the point around which revolves the principal interest of the work, and the new picture of his character presented by her will awaken the attention of all who have read the great life of him by Boswell. It forms a necessary sequel to that work.

Probably the best story that Willie Collins has yet written is "The Crossed Path," which Messrs. T. B. Peterson & Brothers, here, have just published in one of their proverbially neat, large duodecimos. After The Woman in White, and the Dead Secret, it may easily be imagined that the public taste would be hardly satisfied with an inferior work from that pen, so that the statement of the publishers that six editions have already been sold, may be accepted as a proof of the great attractions of the work. We need not enumerate the stirring points of Mr. Collins' plots. Few writers combine more pathos, with dramatic skill and power.

The same publishers issue "Father Tom and the Pope," in a little 25 cent volume. This is a droll piece of classic humor. Originally published in Blackwood's Magazine it was read by thousands of the past generation, and is now being as eagerly devoured by thousands of this. If you would have a hearty and "learned" laugh, read Father Tom.

H.

LORD PALMERSTON ON AMERICAN AFFAIRS.—The election of a member for Tiverton, in the room of Lord Palmerston, who had accepted the office of Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports, took place on the 28th ult. Lord Palmerston offered himself for re-election and was returned without opposition.

Lord Palmerston, in returning his thanks, after alluding to the condition of affairs in England, said:—There is but one spot in the political horizon the contemplation of which must inspire us with regret and uneasiness. I mean those convulsions which are now taking place among our cousins in North America, leading to a dissolution of the Union of the formerly United States. It is not for us to judge between the contending parties.—It is not for us to say what ought to be; whether compromises ought to be made by which the Union may be maintained, or whether it is best for the happiness of the sections that they should separate, and form respectively different associations and confederacies. But of this I am sure—every man who hears me, every British heart, will feel that it is our cordial wish that, whatever may be the ultimate result of the differences now prevailing, that result may be brought about by amicable adjustments, and that the world may be saved from the afflicting spectacle of seeing brothers arming against brothers, and parents against children, and of seeing that state of social happiness which has hitherto been the admiration of mankind deformed by dispute, and a country which has been the scene of peace and industry polluted by the effusion of blood.

THE ATTITUDE OF VIRGINIA

The Virginia Convention on Wednesday adopted the 12th and 13th of the series of resolutions pending before that body, as follows;

Resolved, That the people of Virginia will await any reasonable time to obtain answers from the other States to the propositions of amendment of the Constitution, aware of the embarrassments that may produce delay; but will expect, as an indispensable condition, that a pacific policy will be adopted towards the seceded States, and that no attempt will be made to subject them to Federal authority, nor to reinforce any of the forts situated on the mainland, or within the harbors of any of the seceded States, nor to recapture the forts, arsenals and other property of the United States within their limits, nor to exact payment of imposts on their commerce, nor any measure be restored to justly calculated to provoke hostilities by a collision.—And the forts, arsenals, magazines and other places ceded to the United States, and situate on the main land, or for the protection of the harbors of the seceded States, ought, for the purposes of pacification, to be evacuated by the authorities of the Federal Government.

Resolved, That in the opinion of this Convention, the people of Virginia would regard any action of the Federal Government, or Confederated States, tending to produce a collision of forces, pending the efforts for an adjustment of the existing difficulties, as unwise, and injurious to the interests of both, and they would regard any such action on the part of either as leaving them free to determine their own future policy.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ **The American Medical and Toilet** Receipt Book.—This book contains *Recipes* and *Directions for* making all the most valuable Medical preparations in use; also Recipes and full and explicit directions for making all the most popular and useful Cosmetics, Perfumes, Unguents, Hair Restoratives, and Toilet Articles. If you are suffering with any chronic disease—if you wish a beautiful complexion, a fine head of hair, a smooth face, a clear skin, a luxuriant beard or moustache—or if you wish to know anything and everything in the Medical and Toilet line, you should, by all means, procure a copy of this book. For full particulars, and a sample of the work (sent free), address the publisher, Dr. T. L. CHAPMAN, No. 631 Broadway, New York. [mar 30 3m 43]

☞ **Spaulding's Prepared Glue** is designed for repairing furniture in all cases where cabinet makers' glue is used. It is excellent for mending books, satisfactory for household use, novel, quickly dissolved, firmly—fit is put up in a bottle or glass glue pot, with a brush, and will become indispensable to the housekeeper. mar 5 1m 2

☞ **Equality to All! Uniformity of Price!** A new feature in Business. Every one his own Salesman. Jones & Co., of the Crescent One Price Clothing Store, 602 Market street, above 6th, in addition to having the largest, most varied and fashionable stock of Clothing in Philadelphia, made expressly for retail sales, have constituted every one his own Salesman, by having marked in figures on each article, the very lowest price at which it is sold for, so they cannot possibly vary—all must buy alike.

The goods are all well sponged and pressed and great pains taken with the making, so that all can buy with the full assurance of getting a good article at the very lowest price.

Remember the Crescent, in Market, above 6th, No. 604. Feb 28 1y 5 JONES & CO.

☞ **The Cures made by Prof. De Grath** with his "ELECTRIC OIL," are almost miraculous and so wonderful and instantaneous, so satisfactory, and mitigating of human ill, as to call upon public functionaries, and those having charge of public institutions for the sick and suffering, to look well into this well attested matter, the simple efficacy of this "ELECTRIC OIL."

☞ See Advertisement. [apr 9 1m 13

☞ **Weakness of the Stomach and Indigestion.**—Another great Cure effected by Boerhave's Holland Bitters.—The wife of Peter De Witte, living in Holland Town, Sheboygan county, Wisconsin, suffered much from Weakness of the Stomach and Indigestion. She had been under a physician's care for some time, but the disease seemed to baffle even his skill. She purchased some Holland Bitters at our office, which has given tone to her stomach; her appetite and strength are returning, and we firmly believe that this is another great cure effected by your medicine.

We have still to record many wonderful cures effected by this remedy, but must wait another opportunity. One thing you can rely upon, what we published are from persons much respected in our community, and are literally true. J. QUINTUS.

Ed. Sheboygan Nieuwabode, Sheboygan, Wis.

☞ **Coughs.—The sudden changes of our** climate are sources of PULMONARY, BRONCHIAL and AROMATIC AFFECTIONS. Experience having proved that simple remedies often act speedily and certainly when taken in the early stages of the disease, recourse should at once be had to "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Lozenges, let the Cold, Cough, or Irritation of the Throat be ever so slight, as by this precaution a more serious attack may be effectually warded off. Public Speakers and Singers will find them effectual for clearing and strengthening the voice. See advertisement. [nov 27 6m 46

☞ **To the Young or Old,**
MALE OR FEMALE,
If you have been suffering from a habit indulged in by the YOUTH OF BOTH SEXES, WHICH CAUSE SO MANY ALARMING SYMPTOMS, *It unfits them for Marriage,* And is the greatest evil which can befall MAN OR WOMAN.
See symptoms enumerated in advertisement, and if you are a sufferer,
Cut out the Advertisement,
And send for it at once,
Delays are dangerous.
Ask for Helmbold's.
Take no other.
Cures guaranteed.
Beware of Counterfeits and Imitations.
jan 22 2m 2

☞ **To Consumptives.—The Advertiser,** having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge,) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE FOR CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address
REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburgh,
oct 16 1y 40] Kings county, New York.

☞ **Dyspepsia.—What is it! how** cured? This question is fully answerable in the pamphlet issued by Dr. O. Phelps Brown, and to be obtained of his authorized agents. It is a plain, straightforward, incontrovertible essay, in itself, of life, health, and disease! Dr. O. Phelps Brown also prepares a remedy which is unexampled in its efficacy. The Acacian Balsam. In cases of Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and Nervous Debility where death seems the manifest destiny of the sufferer, the world can show no parallel to the effects produced by the Acacian Balsam. Each organ of the body feels its beneficial influence. From pain and feebleness, the patient springs up to a cheerful enjoyment of life, and a powerful sense of solid restoration. The Acacian Balsam is sold at $2 per large bottle by
KAUFMAN & CO.,
Sole Agents,
who has also a small number of trial bottles, price 25 cents each, as the proprietor wishes to introduce this remarkable remedy in such a manner as to preclude all doubts of its being a genuine article.
mar 5 1m 8

☞ **The Great English Remedy!**
SIR JAMES CLARKE'S CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS. Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M.D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

This well known medicine is no imposition, but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, it contains nothing hurtful to the constitution.

To MARRIED LADIES it is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Heaviness, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Lowness of Spirits, Hysterics, Sick Headache, Whites, and all the painful disease occasioned by a disordered system, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed.

These Pills have never been known to fail where the directions on the 2nd page of Pamphlet are well observed.

For full particulars, get a pamphlet, free, of the agent

N. B.—$1 and 6 postage stamps enclosed to any authorized agent, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills, by return mail.

KAUFMAN & CO., Agents for Lancaster.
July 10 1y 26

MARRIAGES.

On the 11th inst., by Rev. Mr. Kryder, Emanuel Weidler to Mary Blickenderfer, daughter of Capt. Henry Blickenderfer, both of this city.

On the 10th ult., by Rev. S. R. Boyer, Levi Bechtel, of Earl township, to Selena J. Killian, of Reamstown.

On the 26th ult., by the same, George B. Heil, of East Cocalico, to Jane Davis, of Earl township.

DEATHS.

At his residence, in Little Britain township, on the 31st of March, Robert Patterson, a highly respectable citizen of that township, aged 74 years and 10 days.

In this city, on the 11th inst., Mary Frances, youngest daughter of C. H. and Louisa Breneman, aged 4 years, 3 months and 24 days,

In this city, on the 9th inst., Ellen Minerva, infant daughter of Christian L. and Elizabeth L. Stoner, aged 6 months.

In Carlisle, Pa., on the 6th inst., Ann F., wife of Alfred Sener, and daughter of the late Benjamin Ober, of this city, in the 43d year of her age.

On the 30th ult., in Lititz, Mrs. Maria Catharine Fisher, aged 77 years.

On the 4th inst., in Manheim, Mrs. Lizzie Brozey, in the 77th year of her age.

In Columbia, on the 18th ult., James McMahon, aged 77 years.

Near Churchtown, Lancaster county, March 8th, in the 27th year of her age, Harriet Witman, daughter of William and Catharine Witman.

Her disease was Consumption, which had been for a few years past doing its work slowly and surely upon her delicate frame. But so deceptive was the sly destroyer, that her friends hoped on until almost the last that some means might yet be effectual in her recovery, and she herself, perhaps principally to spare the feelings of those who were so anxious to see her recover, avoided as much as possible all appearances that could throw a gloom over their hopes, and endeavored to revive her sinking energies till no longer able to do so. She rarely spoke to them about the probability of her death, or even about her sickness and the continued decline of her health which was sadly apparent to many. But when on one occasion she suddenly became worse, and the thoughts of her approaching dissolution were so afflicting to the whole family, she threw off all reserve in reference to the matter, and told them plainly that she had no fears of death; they should not weep for her: thoughts of the future had before that time occupied her mind more deeply than they imagined. At different times she expressed a calm and peaceful hope of Heaven. Religion was not with her an object to be neglected till life's last hour and pursued in the languor and uncertainty of the dying moments, but a great concern worthy of deepest and most solemn attention in the bloom and vigor of health—chief amid the business and enjoyment of life. Death, to such a one, is not the end of all that is loved and cherished, but the peaceful transition scene that marks the beginning of heavenly joy as well as the close of earthly life. Her funeral was attended by a large concourse of neighbors and friends, among whom she had been highly esteemed for her qualities of mind and heart. Her remains were laid in the old church-yard of the village Episcopal Church, there "to slumber in the silent dust" till the resurrection morn.

"Another hand is beck'ning us,
Another call is given;
And glows once more with angel steps
The path which reaches Heaven.

"The light of her young life went down,
As sinks behind the hill
The glory of a setting star—
Clear, suddenly and still.

"The blessing of her quiet life
Fell on us like the dew,
And good thoughts, where her footsteps pressed,
Like fairy blossoms grew.

"There seems a shadow on the day,
Her smile no longer cheers;
A dimness on the stars of night,
Like eyes that look through tears.

"Alone unto our Father's will
One thought hath reconciled,
That He whose love exceedeth ours
Hath taken home His child.

"Fold her, Oh, Father! in Thine arms,
And let her henceforth be
A messenger of love between
Our human hearts and Thee.

"Still let her, mild, rebuking, stand
Between us and the wrong,
And her dear memory serve to make
Our faith and virtue strong."

CORNWALL, Pa., April 10, 1861. G.

THE MARKETS.

City Household Market.

LANCASTER, April 13.

Butter sold at 20@22c., Lard 11@12c. ℔ lb.; Eggs 12@13c. ℔ doz.; Live Chickens 45@60c. ℔ pair; Dressed Chickens 28@37c. each; Good Potatoes 80c. ℔ bush. The Fish Market was well supplied with Shad, at from 40@62c. ℔ pair.

Lancaster Wholesale Grain Market.

Corrected weekly by J. R. BITNER & BRO., Forwarding and Commission Merchants, No. 91 North Queen street.

LANCASTER, April 15.

Flour, Superfine, ℔ bbl	$5.00
" Extra "	5 25
White Wheat, ℔ bushel	1.30
Red " "	1.20
Corn, old "	50
" new "	50
Oats "	30
Rye "	70
Cloverseed "	4.50
Whiskey, in hhds	17
" in bbls	17½

Philadelphia Market.

PHILADELPHIA, April 13.

Flour quiet at $5.31@5.50 for Superfine; $5.62@5.75 for Extra; $5.81@6.50 for Extra family; $6.62½@7.50 for fancy. Wheat active, 10,000 bush. red sold at $1.32; and choice at $1.35. Corn steady, 9,000 bush. yellow sold at 60@62c. Whisky quiet at 17½@18c.

Baltimore Market.

BALTIMORE, April 13.

Flour, Howard street and Ohio and City Mills, held at $5.37½ with no sales. Wheat firm at $1.30@1.36 for red; and $1.40@1.65 for white. Corn firm, mixed 57@58; yellow 60@61c. Pork has advanced 50c. sales at $17.50; Lard 9½c. Coffee firm at 12¾@13½c. Whisky dull at 17½@17¾c.

DR. WATLAN & SWENTZEL CONtinue to practice Dentistry at their Office, 60½ North Queen street, half square from the P. R. R. Depot, Lancaster, Pa. [apr 17 tf 14.

☞ **GREAT DISCOVERY.**—I have made a discovery of the utmost importance to every married person of either sex, and will, upon the full particulars concerning it, be any one in receipt of a stamp to pay postage. Address,
DR. J. H. MARTELL,
apr 16 1y 14] Alfred, Maine.

☞ **WATER RENT NOTICE FOR 1861.**—The Duplicate of Water Rent for 1861 is now ready and in the hands of the Treasurer. All who wish to save the 5 per cent. for prompt payment, can do so by calling at his office. HENRY C. WRITZ,
Treasurer and Receiver.
☞ Office at Weaver's Hotel, Corner East King street and Centre Square. apr 16 3t 14.

☞ **NOTICE.—THE PENN MUTUAL LIFE** INSURANCE COMPANY of Philadelphia, hereby gives notice that, in consequence of the resignation of Dr. Ely Parry, all policies heretofore issued by the agency bid fair to the subscriber, who is the only person authorized to receive for premiums in this city.
JOHN ZIMMERMAN,
LANCASTER, April 11, 1861. Agent.
apr 16 3t 14

☞ **ESTATE OF ROBERT PATTERSON.**—Letters testamentary on the Estate of Robert Patterson, late of Little Britain township, Lancaster county, having been issued to the subscribers residing in said township All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them without delay, properly authenticated for settlement.
BORDLEY S. PATTERSON,
EDWARD R. PATTERSON,
apr 16 6t 14] Executors.
OAK HILL, P. O.

☞ **STRAY BULL.—Came to the premises** of the subscriber, residing in Caernarvon township, Lancaster county, a STRAY BULL. He is of a bright red color, and is supposed to be 2 years old this Spring. The owner is requested to come forward, pay charges, and take him away, otherwise he will be disposed of according to law. DAVID EVANS,
apr 16 3t* 14] near Beartown.

☞ **SCHOOL ELECTION.—Notice is hereby** given, that an Election will be held at the City Hall, (north side) in the City of Lancaster, on TUESDAY, MAY 7th, 1861, between the hours of 1 and 7 o'clock, P. M., for twelve qualified persons to serve as Directors of the Common Schools of the Lancaster City School District, for three years. A. L. HAYES,
President.
WM. B. WILEY, Sec'y.

The following are the names of the Directors whose terms expire: Rev. G. F. Krotel, Rev. I. S. Demund, John W. Jackson, Wm. Carpenter, Wm. Whiteside, D. W. Patterson, Wm. R. Wilson, A. Herr Smith, Henry M. White, Wm. Aug. Atlee, Horace Rathvon, and Dr. J. Levergood.

[Examiner, Union, Volksfreund and Daily Evening Express, copy once a week for three weeks.]
apr 16 3t 14

☞ **DRESSLER'S** *HAIR JEWELRY STORE,* No. 206 NORTH 8TH STREET ABOVE RACE, PHILADELPHIA.

On hand and for sale, a choice assortment of superior patterns, and will plait to order
BRACELETS,
EAR RINGS,
FINGER RINGS,
BREAST PINS,
CROSSES,
NECKLACES,
GUARD AND
VEST CHAINS.

☞ Orders enclosing the hair to be plaited may be sent by mail. Give a drawing as near as you can on paper, and enclose such amount as you may choose to pay.

Costs as follows: Ear Rings $2 to $6—Breast Pins $3 to $7—Finger Rings 75 cents to $3.50—Vest Chains $6 to $7—Necklaces $2 to $10.

☞ Hair put into Medallions, Box Breast Pins, Rings, &c. OLD GOLD AND SILVER BOUGHT AT FAIR RATES.
apr 16 1y 14

☞ **THE PEOPLES' HAT AND CAP STORE.**
SHULTZ & BRO.,
NO. 20 NORTH QUEEN STREET, LANCASTER, PA.,
PRACTICAL HATTERS,
MANUFACTURERS,
AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
HATS AND CAPS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

We have now in Store the largest and most complete assortment of SPRING STYLE HATS and CAPS ever kept in the city.

We are now manufacturing four new and elegant varieties of Sprin Style SILK and CASSIMERE HATS.

A SPLENDID SILK HAT FOR $3,
AND A SUPERIOR ARTICLE FOR $4.

FELT HATS.

New and elegant styles of Spring and Summer FELT HATS, from the finest beaver to the commonest wool, ranging in prices from $5.00 to 50 cents.

☞ We are amply prepared to "job" all goods in our line to Dealers at the most reasonable rates. They will find it to their advantage to call and examine our large and superior stock.

To those friends, who, during the past, have steadfastly continued their very liberal patronage, we return our sincere thanks, and trust, by strict attention to business, fair dealing and low prices, combined with superior excellence of our goods, to merit a continuance of past favors.

SHIPPING FURS bought, and the highest price paid in cash. JOHN A. SHULTZ,
apr 16 tf 14 HENRY A. SHULTZ.

☞ **ONLY ONE DOLLAR EACH!**
10,000 BEAUTIFUL STEEL PLATE ENGRAVINGS OF THE LORD'S PRAYER FOR SALE!

VALUABLE PROPERTY GIVEN AWAY!

The idea of representing the LORD'S PRAYER by an engraving, and ornamenting it and arranging it in such a manner as to produce at once a model of neatness and taste, was conceived and carried out by RMSBY, the celebrated Bank Note Engraver, of New York city. It commences with exquisitely executed words of 'OUR FATHER,' and then follow in succession the other parts of the Prayer, every phrase of which is engraved in the most elegant and tasteful manner. Near the bottom of the picture is a superbly executed head of OUR SAVIOUR, and encircling the upper part of the engraving are ten angels, each bearing one of the

TEN COMMANDMENTS.

The engraving has received the most unqualified praise from the religious community, as there is nothing of a sectarian character about it, having been recommended by Clergymen of all denominations. As an ornament it is one of the most splendid ever published in this country, and is destined to take the place of a poorer class of engravings. The size of the plate is 20x28 inches, and is unquestionably the cheapest engraving ever offered in this country.

Who that loves Art—who that delights to study a fine engraving—who that would receive the impressions which such a work is calculated to impart, would fail to secure a copy when the price is only ONE DOLLAR, with the chance of securing for that sum in addition, a permanent home or another valuable gift?

As a work of art this valuable and beautiful engraving is worth more than the dollar asked for it, as will readily be acknowledged on an inspection of it; but the subscribers intend to make a Gift Distribution to purchasers of the engraving, of valuable presents as follows:

1 House and Lot, in York borough.
2 Building lots.
2 Buggies; Quinn & Palmer's make, warranted.
50 Barrels of Flour, warranted.
1000 Gilt Frames, to suit the Lord's Prayer.
500 Steel Plate Engravings—Birth of Christ.
Magnificent Looking Glasses.

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES.

All kinds of JEWELRY, embracing Cameos, Florentines, Mosaic, Gold Stone, &c.

A gift worth from 50 cents to $500.00, with each engraving sold.

When the engravings are all sold, a meeting of the purchasers will be called at Washington Hall, York, Pa. when the Gifts above named will be distributed in such a manner as the purchasers may determine—the purchasers selecting a committee of disinterested persons to make the awards in such a manner as they may designate.

The proprietors, from the favorable manner in which this Gift Enterprise has been received and the number of engravings already sold, hope to be able to have the whole amount disposed of by the first of July ensuing, and when all are sold they will notify the purchasers, and have the distribution of the Gifts proceeded with.

This engraving has received the commendation of the Reverend Clergy, our first citizens, and, indeed, of all the classes, who enter into it with interest and spirit.

Send on ONE DOLLAR, and four Red Stamps, to pay postage on engraving, and you are sure to get it by return mail. Address,
AUSTIN & WEHRLY,
York, Pa.
J. M. AUSTIN, GEORGE WEHRLY.
General Distributing Office, No. 10 South George street, York, Pa., where the engravings may be seen and purchased.

We are kindly permitted to refer to the undersigned, who have given us written recommendations, but want of space prevents us from giving them in full. Read the following:

THE LORD'S PRAYER.

We have carefully examined this engraving, offered for sale in this community by Messrs. Austin & Wehrly, and do not hesitate to pronounce it one of the finest works of American Art we have ever seen. The design is beautiful, the style of execution is superior, and the illustrations are excellent. Its appearance will at once secure for it the admiration of a refined community, and recommend it to the Christian public. It is highly ornamental, and is calculated to exert a refining influence in a family, and an elevating and purifying effect upon the morals and religion of society, and it should meet, as we understand it deserves, with a rapid and extensive sale.

Rev. Jos. A. Ross, M. E. Church, Carlisle.
Henry Saxton,
Rev. A. A. Lochman, L. L. D. Pastor 1st Lutheran Church, York, Pa.
Rev. A. W. Lilly, Pastor 2nd Lutheran Church.
Rev. O. W. Thompson, Rector St. John's Protestant Eplacopal Church.
Rev. F. F. Hagen, Pastor Moravian Church.
Rev. Syl. Eagle, " St. Patrick's Church.
Rev. Matth. Jos. Mairer, St. Mary's do.
Hon. Thomas E. Cochran, And. Gyn., Penn'a.
Henry Welsh, President York Bank.
David Small, Post Master York, Pa.
And many others.

☞ Editors or Publishers of papers giving this advertisement 6 insertions, will be entitled to an engraving and ticket, by forwarding the paper for that time to our address, or inserting it until that time appointed for the distribution, with an editorial notice once in 4 weeks, will receive the engraving framed with a fine gold gilt frame to suit its size, and a ticket. AUSTIN & WEHRLY.
apr 16 3m 14

THE REASON WHY.

BY THE BARD OF TOWER HALL.

We're neutral, but the public, we
Must ever keep advised—
The entries in Time's Day Book made,
Must all be Journalized.

Full many of them will be found,
And truthful to the letter—
The millions to the Tower Hall,
For splendid bargains—Dr.

The millions know this will be right,
As many men have boasted
Of entries made on their account,
And in the "Ledger" posted.

In truthful rhyme—and of account—
Are made the entries all,
In black and white, correctly by
The Bard of Tower Hall.

Should any ask the question, why
Does Bennett keep a poet?
He has a reason for it, and
We here will plainly show it.

Dame Fortune is upon the road,
And Bennett would entreat her
To smile upon the Tower Hall,
And send a Bard to meet her.

Dropping the figure, Bennett knows
That Bards have many readers,
When for the public good alone
They are the special pleaders.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

A splendid assortment of Spring Clothing, at wholesale and retail, at the lowest cash prices.
BENNETT & CO.
TOWER HALL, 518 MARKET Street, Philadelphia

☞ **VALUABLE WOOD LEAVE AT PUBLIC SALE.**—On SATURDAY, the 4th day of MAY, 1861, will be sold by