The Lancaster Intelligencer

GEO. SANDERSON, EDITOR.
A. SANDERSON, Associate.

LANCASTER, PA., OCTOBER 30, 1860.

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DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT:
STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS, of Illinois.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:
HERSCHEL V. JOHNSON, of Georgia.

FOR PRESIDENT:
JOHN C. BRECKINRIDGE, of Kentucky.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:
GEN. JOSEPH LANE, of Oregon.

ELECTORS:
GEORGE M. KEIM,
RICHARD VAUX,
FREDERICK A. SERVER,
WILLIAM C. PATTERSON,
JOSEPH CROCKETT,
JOHN G. BRENNER,
GEORGE W. JACOBY,
CHARLES KELLY,
OLIVER P. JAMES,
DAVID SCHALL,
JOEL L. LIGHTNER,
SAMUEL S. BARBER,
THOMAS H. WALKER,
STEPHEN S. WINCHESTER,
JOSEPH LAUBACH,
ISAAC RECKHOW,
GEORGE D. JACKSON,
JOHN A. AHL,
JOEL B. DANNER,
JESSE R. CRAWFORD,
HORATIO N. LEE,
JOSHUA B. HOWELL,
NATHANIEL P. FETTERMAN,
SAMUEL MARSHALL,
WILLIAM BOOK,
BYRON D. HAMLIN,
GAYLORD CHURCH.

☞ We have carefully corrected the Democratic Electoral Ticket, as above, and caution our friends against any *spurious* tickets which may be afloat on the day of the election, or previously.

☞ The Presidential Election will take place on TUESDAY NEXT, the 6th of November.

GET YOUR TICKETS!

The Democratic Electoral Tickets are all folded and ready for distribution. Our friends from the different districts in the county would do well to call on the Chairman of the County Committee, F. S. PYFER, Esq., and get their supplies without any delay. There is nothing like having plenty of ammunition in good time.

ORGANIZE! ORGANIZE!

We trust our Democratic friends all over the county will at once organize their forces for the great battle on TUESDAY NEXT.—All is not yet lost that is in danger. One more determined charge against the enemy's line, and the day may be won. There is nothing like doing our duty, anyhow. Again we urge upon our friends the necessity of an immediate and thorough organization.

Spurious Electoral Tickets!

DEMOCRATS, BE ON YOUR GUARD!!

It appears that some restless spirits, foiled in their expectations of mischief against the Democratic party, by the withdrawal of the straight-out Douglas Electoral Ticket, have got up an Electoral Ticket of their own, which they are distributing throughout the State for the purpose of aiding in the election of Lincoln, by withdrawing Democratic votes from the regular Reading Electoral Ticket.—A number of these bogus tickets have already found their way into Berks county, and the attempt will doubtless be made to palm them off upon unsuspecting voters as the genuine Democratic ticket. The following is a copy of one of them, which was handed to us yesterday by a friend. We publish it, in order that our readers may be forewarned against the attempted fraud. The names substituted for those upon the regular ticket, are printed in *Italic:*

ELECTORS:
Richard Vaux,
John Cessna,
John Alexander,
Frederick Stoever,
Joseph Crockett,
Edward Wartman,
George W. Jacoby,
Joseph Dowdall,
Isaiah James,
David Schall,
John Black,
Samuel S. Barber,
Thomas H. Walker,
Stephen S. Winchester,
Joseph Laubach,
Isaac Reckhow,
George D. Jackson,
William L. Gorgas,
Joel B. Danner,
Jesse R. Crawford,
Francis Lacre,
Joshua B. Howell,
Nathaniel P. Fetterman,
Samuel Marshall,
William Book,
Byron D. Hamlin,
Gaylord Church.

Democrats! do not be deceived by this miserable attempt to give aid and comfort to the Black Republicans. Remember, *the Reading Electoral Ticket*, headed with the name of GEORGE M. KEIM, IS THE ONLY DEMOCRATIC TICKET IN THE FIELD. *Every vote cast for any other, will be equal to a vote against the Democracy, and help to give the State to Lincoln!* No man who is truly a Democrat, will join in such a treasonable plot to betray his party.

☞ We copy the above from the Reading *Gazette* of Saturday. The *spurious* tickets referred to will doubtless be circulated all over the State for the purpose of deceiving honest voters, and thus indirectly aiding the Black Republicans; and we, therefore, caution the Democratic voters of Lancaster county against this attempted fraud and imposition. The genuine Electoral Ticket is the one at our editorial head—all others are *bogus*, and should be guarded against.

AN EXCELLENT ADDRESS.

In another column will be found an address from Hon. WILLIAM H. WELSH, Chairman of the Democratic State Executive Committee. We ask the special attention of the voters of Pennsylvania to this address. It urges the importance and necessity of our casting the full conservative vote of the State, not only that our organization may be preserved, but in order to show our Southern brethren, that the true Democracy of Pennsylvania are willing and ready, as in days past, to rally around the Constitution and the equality of the States; that now, as then, the true Northern National Democracy will stand like a wall of fire around the Constitution to preserve its compromises, and to withstand any aggression upon the Constitutional rights of any portion of our citizens or any section of the Union.

This address also inculcates the high duty of all conservative men to cast aside individual preferences, and to rally in a common cause against a common enemy.

It cautions our friends in the neighboring States against a Black Republican scheme now on foot, to colonize votes in New Jersey and New York, from Pennsylvania, when they think they can be spared.

We again commend this address to the attention of the people.

☞ J. C. Adams, the California bear-hunter, whole head was little else but a mass of scars received in battle with the grizzlies, died at Neparset, Mass., on the 26th inst.

THE RIGHT SPIRIT.

We have met with a number of Democrats from different parts of the county since the election, and were gratified not to find one who was disheartened by the result. On the contrary, each and all expressed themselves more determined to labor and work for the good old cause now, than they would have been if we had carried the State by a large majority. This is the right spirit. It is the only spirit or feeling proper to a Democrat under present circumstances; and we hope to see this spirit manifest itself by becoming zeal and activity in every township and district in the county. This is no time for despondency or indifference. A true Democrat never desponds. Defeat is regarded as only a temporary disaster, that but prompts to increased vigilance and renewed efforts, which are sure to crown the glorious old banner of Jefferson and Jackson with victory at an early day. Take courage, then, Democrats, one and all, and rally for the November contest. There are hundreds and thousands of men in Pennsylvania, who voted for Curtin, who will not risk and endanger the future peace and harmony of our glorious, blood-bought Union, and the general prosperity of our great country, by voting for such a rank, sectional Abolitionist as Lincoln. Up, then, fellow Democrats of Lancaster county, and to work. By proper efforts and bringing out all our voters, the Abolition majority of October will certainly be considerably reduced in November; and if other counties do the same, as they undoubtedly will, a majority of the votes of the State will be cast against Lincoln.

THE ISSUE TO BE DECIDED!

The Presidential election is rapidly approaching. In one week from to-day the people of the United States will have to determine by their votes whether the Government is to be conducted, for the next four years, in accordance with the spirit and policy of our institutions, dealing out equal and exact justice to all sections of the Union, and thus strengthening the bonds which unite US as a free and independent people; or whether it is to be conducted on new and sectional principles, and thereby trample upon the Constitutional rights of fifteen sovereign States of the Confederacy. The great question to be determined is, whether we are to remain a united and happy people, or whether (by the elevation of ABRAHAM LINCOLN to the Presidency) we are to become discordant and dissevered, and thus wreck the fondest hopes of the friends of liberty throughout the civilized world.

The indications in the South have a gloomy and foreboding appearance. In the event of LINCOLN'S election, appearances justify the apprehension that several of the Southern States will immediately take measures to secede, and more of them will soon follow the example. The Union once dissevered will never more be united. Even if such a step on their part brought about a civil war, as in all human probability it would, and the North, by superior numbers, would overwhelm them, they could not be brought back into the Union as co-equal and sovereign States, but would have to be held as conquered provinces; and it would require an immense standing army to be kept there, at an enormous expense, all the time, to keep them in subjection. This is sober truth, and the people of Pennsylvania would do well to consider what they are doing when they go to the polls on Tuesday next to cast their votes for a Chief Magistrate of the Nation. The times are portentous—dangers are thickening around our beloved country, and every lover of our institutions should pause upon the threshold of disunion, and resolve to lend a helping hand to stay the fell demon of discord which is brooding over this fair heritage bequeathed to us by our revolutionary fathers.

There *is* danger to the Union—imminent danger, and the election of LINCOLN would unquestionably precipitate the crisis. Disguise it as they may—treat it with levity as our Republican opponents choose—the election of Tuesday next *may* sound the death-knell to the Union, and many of our Northern people will repent, when too late, their hasty and inconsiderate action in forcing the issue upon our Southern brethren. We speak earnestly and feelingly on the subject, and would urge upon our Democratic friends, and all others who love the Constitution and the Union, to turn out in their strength at the Presidential election, and cast their votes in such a way as will assist in saving the Republic from the dangers which threaten its continued existence.

A WORD IN REPLY.

Some scribbler for the Philadelphia *Press*, writing from Lancaster, makes a covert attack upon the senior editor of the Intelligencer, on account of an effigy burning which took place here on the evening of Friday the 19th inst., and which he alleges was intended to represent Col. John W. Forney. Whether it was so intended we are not able to say; but, if it was, it may be of some interest to the *Press* correspondent and the public to know, that the party who did the act was mainly composed of the friends of Mr. DOUGLAS—very few of the BRECKINRIDGE men having participated either in the procession or bon-fire. As for the editor of the Intelligencer, he neither knew of the effigy, nor did he, directly or indirectly, participate in the proceedings of the evening. Nay, more: he is opposed to the burning of Col. Forney or any other man in effigy, however much he may differ with him in political opinion. We have nothing more to say on the subject; but we will wager a year's subscription that Col. Forney's Lancaster correspondent voted for CURTIN at the late election, that he is now heart and soul for LINCOLN, and that he is a Black Republican in disguise.

"UP, GUARDS, AND AT THEM!"

These were the words of Wellington, at Waterloo, and pointing to the Opposition, we say to Democrats, "UP GUARDS, AND AT THEM!" The enemy has triumphed in the preliminary or first battle of the campaign.—Let not this dishearten or discourage you. Stand fast to your integrity and by your organization—continue boldly to advocate and contend for the doctrines of the Constitution as handed down to you by Washington, Jefferson, Jackson and Polk. Maintain your organization in the several townships and districts, and prepare for the great battle next week. True Democrats are never driven from the field by a defeat. On the contrary, it but prompts them to increased activity and energy, because they know that if they are faithful to the good old cause, victory will, in due time, be their reward. Rally, then, fellow Democrats, and we will show the Black Republicans, on the 6th of November, that we are not vanquished, if we were beaten at the late election.

UNITED STATES SENATOR.

Both branches of the Legislature being largely Republican, that party will have things their own way. The squabble as to who shall be United States Senator, in place of Gov. Bigler, has already commenced. A number of disinterested patriots are named in connexion with the position—some of them worthy and capable, and others unworthy and incapable. Among the names mentioned are those of David Wilmot, Morton McMichael, Alexander K. McClure, Ex-Gov. Pollock, A. H. Reeder, Thaddeus Stevens, Eli Slifer, Henry C. Carey, and Wm. B. Mann, and doubtless there are scores of others who would have no objection to serving the 'dear people' in that capacity.

A CONTRAST.

If the condition of the negro slaves at the South and the free negroes of the North be contrasted, we find no difficulty in determining where the comfort, happiness and well-being of the race are best subserved. In the South, as everybody is aware, the wants of the negro from infancy to death are supplied. He is not in sickness or in old age cast off to shift for himself. The duty of this care by the master is not only a moral but a legal obligation, which is seldom if ever violated. If it be violated in rare instances, public opinion neither tolerates nor excuses the offence. As a universal rule, then, the negro slaves of the South are well fed and well cared for in all respects, and are, if not meddled with by Abolitionists, the happiest creatures on the face of the earth.

Everybody knows something of the condition of the negroes of the North, though no great pains have been taken to procure statistics concerning it, until recently; and these only for a single city. They are equally true, however, of every Northern city, as of New York. They are contained chiefly, in the reports of the almshouse department, and the colored home, and the colored orphan asylum of New York for the last year. The whole colored population of that city is about 10,000. Of this number, nearly 3,000 were on the list of out-door poor, 300 were inmates of the colored home, and 220 were provided for in the colored orphan asylum, making more than 3,500 in all. This is more than one in three of the whole colored population, which is an enormous per centage. But if to it we add the hundreds who live mainly upon private charity, the number will approach 5,000, or nearly one-half the whole. It is estimated that of those remaining, one-eighth live by thieving. So not more than one third of the whole colored population maintain themselves independently and honestly. The same statistics show that every one in eleven was committed to prison for criminal offences, and that only twenty in all are taxpayers, representing less than three hundred thousand dollars of real estate. Thus in form of taxes, the negroes do little towards supporting their own poor. It is a population which is not only a nuisance, but an expensive nuisance. And it does not improve—quite the reverse. And in New York there is motive for improvement. A negro with a freehold of $250 becomes a voter at all elections. We are not informed of the whole number of voters in the State, but it is small.

Whatever else this contrast argues, it certainly does not argue in favor of free negroes, either as a blessing to themselves or to the whites.

We would suggest, did we think they would act on the suggestion, that the Abolitionists abate something of the violence of their crusade in behalf of freedom to the Southern negroes, and direct their energies towards the liberation of the thousands of Northern negroes from the almshouses which they do so much inhabit. It may, to be sure, require the exercise of some pecuniary benevolence, but the money now expended in the working of the underground railroad will go far in reimbursing the outlay of the new enterprise.

"DON'T GIVE UP THE SHIP."

Democrats, defeated in October, let us at least deserve success in November! EVERY DEMOCRATIC VOTE SHOULD BE POLLED! When the evils come upon us that are sure to follow if Lincoln be elected, every Democrat who can not say he voted against him will feel ashamed of himself, while every man who voted for the Democratic Electors will point to that fact in triumph as overwhelming proof that he had nothing to do with imperiling his country, but that he resisted the fatal step manfully.

But it is an old adage that "all is not lost that is in danger." The Republicans have spent all the money they had raised to operate on the late election—their frauds will scarcely be repeated—the Wide Awakes are growing weak in the knees—and there is much to encourage the Democracy in making one more effort for victory. Our candidate for Governor received more votes than any other Democrat ever received in this State, and we can roll up a still larger vote for our Electoral ticket. If we can give it ten thousand more votes than Gen. FOSTER received, or even as many, we will in all probability carry the State, as it is not at all probable that the Republicans can poll near as many votes as they did in October. Once more to the breach, then, friends, and make a final and vigorous effort to save the country from the evils threatening us in the event of LINCOLN'S election.

NEW YORK.

The best informed among our friends in New York appear to feel confident of the success of the Union ticket in that State, and the consequent defeat of LINCOLN. And so of the press. The *News* declares that the State can and will be saved to the Democracy. The *Herald* says the friends of the Constitution and the Union can carry the State. The *Express* appears quite sure of success. The *Journal of Commerce*, always cautious in its predictions, is highly gratified with the prospect, and seems confident of victory. The Albany *Argus*, the leading Democratic paper in the State, thus cheers its readers abroad:—"Intelligence from all parts of the State tends to one end—that New York can and will be redeemed, and that by its vote LINCOLN will be defeated! This is the word that is sent us from the North and South, the East and the West. The intelligence of disaffection and defeat in other States, instead of discouraging the Democracy, has served to arouse and invigorate them. In every county heard from, the intelligence is that the Democratic majority is to be increased or the Republican majority diminished. Mr. LINCOLN has none of the popularity of Fremont; and that candidate, with all his apparent success, was still in a large minority of the popular vote in the State. His opponents, concentrated and recruited by large accessions from the supporters of Republicanism in 1856, have only to unfold their energies, and to push on from this moment with courageous impulse, and they will sweep all before them."

OREGON SENATORS.

The latest news from Oregon indicates a complete fusion between the Douglas and Republican members of the Legislature. They "joined jiblets" and elected Col. E. D. BAKER, (Rep.) and J. A. NESMITH, (Douglas Dem.) U. S. Senators—the first for the short term, and the other for the long term commencing on the 4th of March next. If there is any Democracy in such a fusion we should like to be informed of it.

We have promised an economical administration of the government, and old Abe will redeem that too.—*Scranton Republican.*

Aye, and you promised the people on a certain other memorable occasion "two dollars a day and roast beef," if they would vote for your candidates, and you redeemed your promise by giving them a bankrupt law, by which honest indebtedness was wiped out by wholesale to the tune of millions. A pretty set of fellows, truly, to talk about an honest government, with the recollection of the Galphin frauds, the Joe Ritner history, &c., so fresh in the minds of the people, and even now with their lobby borers exulting in the prospect of a repeal of the tonnage tax.

ADDRESS OF THE DEMOCRATIC STATE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

To the Democracy of Pennsylvania:

The Democratic State Committee deems it a duty, once more to address you, before the final vote for President of the United States. It is enabled to do so now, with a consciousness that, every sacrifice of private feeling having been made, the Democratic party is once more united in the support of the regularly nominated Electoral Ticket, which, in its aggregate, represents the public sentiment of Pennsylvania, adverse to sectionalism, and faithful to the Union and the Constitution.

The object of the State Committee now is, to invoke for that ticket a zealous and active support. Such a support, given in every county in the State, may reverse the defeat at the State election, and, even if it does not, will save the Democratic party from that disintegration which an apparent abandonment of its flag would seem to threaten, and which our ancient enemies so much desire. If the Democratic party in Pennsylvania can be demoralized and broken to pieces, the permanent success of the mercenary crowd now forming the People's or Republican party, will be secured, and the State, which is more substantially Democratic than any one in the Union, be handed over for a series of years, to the control of those whose policy is alien to its true interests—the policy against which the Democratic party has so long and so resolutely contended.

A thorough organization and full vote of the Democracy at the Presidential election, is important for other reasons.

Intoxicated by one victory, won mainly through the unhappy differences of the Democracy—sure, without effort, of another in November—the leaders of the Republican party are meditating an extensive export of Pennsylvania voters into the neighboring States, especially in New Jersey and Delaware, where the contest is very close. Not wanted, as they think, here, they will be very serviceable there. Let this fraud be frustrated, if possible, by such activity on our part, as will compel our adversaries to remain at home. It may be, should the attempt at colonizing be persisted in, that Pennsylvania now can be redeemed.

But there is a higher and stronger motive to action. Every Democratic vote cast in November—every vote, indeed, against the Republican ticket—is a vote for the Constitution, the Union, and for the rights and property and safety of our Southern brethren, and swells the great conservative body, which, whether it be at the time a majority or minority, now stands as the only barrier to sectionalism and fanaticism. Should Mr. Lincoln be elected, and his Administration prove, as we fear it will, to be animated by the aggressive spirit of anti-slavery fanaticism, and threaten still more the well ascertained rights of any portion of the Union, the Democratic party of Pennsylvania will be the great constituent of the constitutional opposition, which must check and control the Executive.

It is all important that the elements of such an opposition should develope themselves at the polls now. Such a demonstration of Northern Democratic sentiment, even if it should not insure victory, may ultimately save the Union, by showing to the South how many true friends they have in the North, and especially in those Middle States, which are the truest and most loyal to the Constitution. Let it be remembered that when, in 1854, the storm of kindred fanaticism broke upon Pennsylvania, the Know Nothing candidate was elected Governor by an overwhelming majority; and yet, in less than two years, fanaticism died out as suddenly as it arose, and the Democratic party, true to its principles—faithful, even in disaster, to its standard—resumed its influence and predominance in the State. So will it be now. All depends on activity, on concert, on honorable and magnanimous forgetfulness of past differences.

Let any one who hints at their revival, who seeks to excite again any unkind feeling among Democrats, be marked as an enemy to his country and to his party. Let the County Committees take immediate measures to secure a full vote of the Democratic party, even in districts where local success is impracticable; for, remember that, in November, every vote counts in the great result, and that every Democrat who stays at home, expresses his despair of the Republic, and practically votes with the enemies of the Union and the Constitution.

WILLIAM H. WELSH, Chairman.
Democratic State Executive Committee Rooms, Philadelphia, October 23, 1860.

THE "PRESS" ENDORSED!

At a Republican meeting held in Philadelphia, on Tuesday evening last, ex-Governor POLLOCK made a speech, which is published at length in the *Press* of Wednesday. We make the subjoined extract from the speech for the special benefit of our Democratic readers:

"You have a paper in your city which I would recommend, not only to Republicans, but to every honest, free hearted man in the Union—Democratic, Wide Awakes, or any others. I refer to *The Press*. John W. Forney had said that the Old Public Functionary, Pennsylvania's favorite son, had deceived the people—that he had done wrong. Every Democrat in the State of Pennsylvania must honor him, [Forney,] I care not how they vote at the approaching election.

Now, it is at all times gratifying to a newspaper editor when the course of his paper meets with general approval—especially among his own party friends; but it always has a suspicious look when praise comes exclusively from a political opponent. Still, the ex-Governor, whatever may be his other failings, has never been charged with the sin of ingratitude, and we suppose he is only paying off part of his and his party's indebtedness to the *Press*, in recommending it so strongly to the patronage of the Republicans.

LINCOLN'S MILITARY SERVICES.

Abe Lincoln has just received a patent of 120 acres of land for his military services in the Black Hawk war. He voted against giving bounty lands to soldiers in the Mexican war—voted against even thanking them for their services, and favored a resolution virtually declaring them all murderers and cut throats. His only exploit was in crying loudly for "quarter," when he supposed the Indians were near. Mr. Lincoln himself gives the following account of the services, for which he has just received a land warrant, in one of his chaste and eloquent Congressional speeches, delivered on the 29th of July, 1848:

"By the way, Mr. Speaker, did you know I am a military hero? Yes, sir, in the days of the Black Hawk war I fought, bled, and came away. Speaking of Gen. Cass' career, reminds me of my own. I was not at Still man's defeat, but I was about as near it as Cass was to Hull's surrender; and, like him, I saw the place very soon afterwards. It is quite certain I did not break my sword, for I had none to break; but I bent my musket pretty badly on one occasion. If Cass broke his sword, the idea is, he broke it in desperation; I bent the musket by accident. If Gen. Cass went in advance of me in picking whortleberries, I guess I surpassed him in charges upon the wild onions. If he saw any live fighting Indians, it was more than I did, but I had a good many bloody struggles with the musquitoes; and although I never fainted from loss of blood, I can truly say I was often very hungry."

THE NEGROES IN MOTION.

In the Philadelphia *Ledger*, of Wednesday last, the following advertisement appeared:

ATTENTION WIDE AWAKES!—The colored citizens of Philadelphia will meet nightly at S. Williamson's, Seventh street, near Lombard, for the purpose of organizing a City Wide Awake Club.
THOS. JOHNSON, Sec. pro tem.

Here we have the natural fruits of an abolition victory in Pennsylvania. The negroes, like their Anglo Saxon *confreres*, are organizing semi-military bands, and preparing to take the first step in the march to perfect social and political equality, which is so sacredly promised them by the abolitionized Republican party.

POTATOES AT THE WEST.—The Davenport (Iowa) *Democrat* says: "If anybody wants to see potatoes by the cord—good measure—let them step down to the levee. There is not shipping enough at this time on the Upper Mississippi to move them away as fast they accumulate. Farmers complain a little that the price is too low, but they are the only party to blame; if they want higher prices they must not raise so many. The market price is from twelve to fifteen cents per bushel."

CITY AND COUNTY AFFAIRS.

CHURCH DEDICATION.—The newly-finished edifice of St. Paul's M. E. Church, South Queen street, was dedicated on Sunday morning last by Rev. Bishop JANES, D. D., of New York. The venerable Bishop, who is a pleasing speaker, a gentleman of fine personal appearance, but simple and unaffected in manner, preached an able, earnest and eloquent discourse, after which he dedicated the building according to the new ritual of the M. E. Church. The exercises were deeply interesting and solemn, and were listened to by a crowded and attentive congregation.

In the afternoon short addresses were delivered by Rev. Messrs. DEMUND, THOMAS, STECK and ELLIOTT of this city, HUGHES of Salisbridge, and FERNLEY of Philadelphia.

In the evening Rev. THOMAS J. FERNLEY, of Philadelphia, preached to a crowded congregation. His sermon was a fine one, delivered in an earnest, pleasing manner, and was attentively listened to.

The collections throughout the day amounted to nearly $1,000, which is certainly a munificent sum.

Excellent singing was furnished throughout the day by the efficient Choir of the Duke Street M. E. Church, under the direction of the Leader, Prof. JOSEPH L. AMES. The fine-toned Melodeon of the above Church was skilfully played by the Melodeonist.

Much credit is due to the indefatigable and gentlemanly Pastor of St. Paul's Church, Rev. JOSEPH L. HEYSINGER, for the manner in which the interesting services of the day were conducted.

MILITARY PARADE AT MANHEIM.—The Fencibles of this city, Mount Joy Rifles, and Manheim Rifles, comprising a portion of the 1st Regiment of Lancaster County Volunteers, paraded at Manheim Borough on Saturday last. The turn out, though not large, was exceedingly fine, and was witnessed by a large number of spectators. The Fencibles speak in the highest terms of their treatment by the citizens of Manheim. The Fencibles' Silver Band added greatly to the attractiveness of the scene by their glorious, soul-stirring music.

NIGHT WATCHMEN.—The Mayor has made the following appointments of Night Watchmen, viz:

N. W. Ward—Henry Diehl, Hiram H. Hambright, William Flick.

N. E. Ward—George Ruth, John Conner, Joseph Dorwart.

S. W. Ward—Philip Fornhoff, Michael Kennedy, Jacob Foose.

S. E. Ward—George Bonce, Frederick Reiter, John Clare.

They will enter upon their duties on to-morrow evening.

DEMOCRATIC MEETINGS.—The Democrats of Drumore and the surrounding townships, and all those favorable to the election of the Reading Electoral Ticket, will meet at the public house of Alexander Holton, "Unicorn Hotel," on Friday next, at 1 o'clock, P. M. Addresses will be delivered by Jacob B. Amwake, Esq., of this city, and Mr. W. F. Swift, of Fulton twp.

The Democrats of Paradise and the surrounding townships will meet at the public house of Edwin Hopton, "Kinzer's Hotel," on Friday evening next, at 7 o'clock.—The meeting will be addressed by Hon. Geo. Sanderson, H. B. Swarr, Esq., Frederick S. Pyfer, Esq., and others. The Strasburg Brass Band will be in attendance.

A meeting of the friends of Breckinridge, Lane and the Reading Electoral Ticket will be held at the public house of Wm. J. Hess, in Quarryville, on Friday afternoon next, at 1 o'clock. The meeting will be addressed by Dr. John K. Rauh, H. M. North, Esq., William T. McPhail, Esq., and Mr. W. F. Swift.

The Democrats of Paradise and the surrounding townships will meet at the public house of James Frew, "Black Horse Hotel," on Thursday evening next, at 7 o'clock.—Addresses will be delivered by Geo. W. McElroy, Esq., W. T. McPhail, Esq., Simon P. Eby, Esq., and Alfred Sanderson. The Strasburg Brass Band will be in attendance.

CORNER STONE LAYING.—The corner stone of the German Evangelical Lutheran Church on Chestnut Hill, near Silver Spring, in West Hempfield township, will, without regard to the weather, be laid on Sunday the 4th day of November, in the afternoon at 2 o'clock. Revs. G. F. Krotel and Dorsey will officiate on the occasion. Services will be conducted in the German and English languages. The public are respectfully invited to attend.

DEATH OF JACOB REESE.—It seems as if it were but yesterday that we recorded the death of our friend David Reese, of the firm of J. & D. Reese, of the City Hotel, North Queen street. To-day we are called upon to announce the death of the father and surviving member of the late firm, Jacob Reese, which took place on Thursday night last. Mr. Reese had been suffering for several weeks from a dropsical affection, which finally proved fatal. Up to within a recent period he possessed an iron constitution, which carried him through many a severe physical ordeal in the course of three score years.

ATTEMPTED INCENDIARISM.—We learn from the Express that, on Thursday night or Friday morning, a daring attempt was made to fire the stable in the alley in the rear of Fedderson's Hotel, South Queen street. The villain or villains collected a small quantity of straw and other combustible material and placed it in a small window way on a level with the ground. They then apparently covered this over with a piece of slate and applied the match. The straw burnt up and the door of the window was slightly charred, but the absence of a draft prevented the fire from communicating with the straw in the inside. Had the fire got a fair start it would undoubtedly have made bad work, as the stable is a large one, and is filled with hay and straw and is surrounded by a number of frame stables. This attempt should put property-holders on their guard; a close watch should be kept over the out buildings, as it is evident from this attempt that a series of fires are contemplated by the incendiary wretches.

DEPUTY CORONER.—Coroner Balmer has appointed Mr. Joseph C. Snyder, of this city, a Deputy Coroner. The districts in which he is authorized to act are the following: City, Pequea, East and West Lampeter, Manheim and Lancaster twps. The Coroner's office will in future be in the Court House. Mr. Snyder is the gentlemanly and efficient Janitor of the Court House, and the appointment is an excellent one.

A VALUABLE PUBLICATION.—We have received from the publisher, Edward F. James, Esq., of West Chester, a new and useful work entitled "Township and Local Laws of the State of Pennsylvania," compiled from the Acts of Assembly. By Wm. T. Haines, Esq., a member of the West Chester Bar.

This will prove a valuable work for the Township Officers of the State, and our citizens generally. The laws are carefully digested and compiled, with decisions of the Courts upon them in the foot notes; and an excellent selection of forms for every day business, is also included in the work. Such a book is of great value to every one, whether in or out of office, and it merits a very extended circulation. Its digest of the Road, Election and School Laws alone is worth more than the price of the whole work. It is for sale, in this city, at Sheaffer's and Baer's Book Stores. Price, $1.25, bound in leather.

TURNPIKE ELECTION.—The stockholders of the Lancaster and Ephrata Turnpike and Plank Road Company will meet at Horting's Hotel, North Queen street, on Monday next, between the hours of 2 and 4 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year.

IMPORTANT FOREIGN NEWS.

Late arrivals from Europe confirm the previous reports of a great victory achieved by Garibaldi. The battle was fought at Volturno, and it is described as a most bloody one, during which the Neapolitans were driven back in disorder, to Capua, with a loss of 3,000 killed and 5,000 wounded and taken prisoners. Garibaldi's loss was estimated at less than 2,000.

The battle of Volturno commenced by 30,000 Neapolitans attacking the Garibaldians during a thick mist.

The attacking force carried some of the positions, driving back the Garibaldians, whose number was less than half. Garibaldi then went forward, with revolver in hand, and a desperate fight ensued lasting eight hours, and ending in the route of the Neapolitans. The losses on both sides have been already stated.

The German brigade was cut off and driven into the mountains, and the Royalists made a sortie to rescue them, but were repulsed.

The King of Naples and his brothers were present at the battle.

Rumors prevailed that Capua had surrendered and also of a bombardment, but neither have been confirmed.

The line of posts about Volturno are still strongly protected, and the Neapolitans are prepared to defend their positions.

Garibaldi has called on King Victor Emmanuel to go to Naples, and to send him a reinforcement of 14,000 men.

It is reported that the three great Powers have protested against the Piedmontese army entering the Neapolitan territory.

THE BEGINNING OF THE END.—"The Philadelphia stock market, on Friday, was very heavy, and prices generally had a downward tendency." So says the *North American*. In New York there was a great depression in stocks also, notwithstanding the effort on the part of the Republicans to toss them up until after the November election. The fact is, the low rates at which the government loan was taken, and the startling fact that there was no bidder south of Washington, the depressed state of the stock market, and the unwillingness to invest in any securities, notwithstanding the great superabundance of capital, indicates clearly that men are beginning to set their houses in order; that they look upon all this as the "beginning of the end." We fear that the capital and business of the North will yet find the nigger a bad investment.

IMMENSE TRADE OF THE LAKES.—The following is from the Detroit *Advertiser*, of Friday week:—"During the thirty six hours, ending last night, ninety-three grain laden vessels, sail and steam, passed this port. The aggregate cargoes amount to about *one million six hundred and seventy four thousand bushels.*" This is a specimen of the business which the Lakes are now doing. Everything that can float has been put in requisition to carry the products of the teeming Northwest to market. Another authority, writing from Detroit, says:—Every means of transportation for freight from this point is made use of, and yet there is an insufficiency. Produce is accumulating for the East, in spite of the numerous steamers that are constantly plying, and all loaded to their utmost capacity. Nine steamers are engaged exclusively in the Lake Superior trade, and yet shippers have found themselves obliged to charter sail vessels to relieve themselves of the pressure.

☞ We direct attention to the advertisement of WM. B. MOREHOUSE & Co., of Jersey City, in another column. They are very extensive importers and wholesale dealers in Liquors, &c., and will fill any orders with promptness and dispatch that may be sent to them.

OFFICIAL VOTE.

VOTE OF THE STATE IN 1859 AND 1860.

COUNTIES.	Aud. Gen'l, 59. Coebran.	Aud. Gen'l, 59. Wright.	Governor, 60. Curtin.	Governor, 60. Foster.
Adams	2529	2539	2778	2849
Allegheny	7984	4720	15879	9190
Armstrong	2282	1943	3474	2698
Beaver	1576	1131	2682	1715
Bedford	2011	2147	2464	2561
Berks	6251	7444	6833	10318
Blair	2600	1449	3051	2172
Bradford	3743	1639	6664	2328
Bucks	5172	5159	6383	6330
Butler	2075	1514	3526	2548
Cambria	1593	1868	2177	2588
Carbon	1491	1640	1722	1930
Centre	2446	2233	3165	2824
Chester	5066	3044	7540	5913
Clarion	532	1216	1795	2297
Clearfield	1129	1448	1755	2040
Clinton	1226	1600	1750	1703
Columbia	1005	1782	1848	2586
Crawford	2766	2141	5277	3178
Cumberland	2921	3224	3625	3716
Dauphin	3331	2217	4555	3302
Delaware	2007	1280	3183	1996
Elk	317	411	421	633
Erie	2325	1119	5613	2469
Fayette	2676	2824	3382	3556
Forrest	37	30	125	66
Franklin	3692	3267	4053	3379
Fulton	716	851	828	957
Greene	785	1596	1529	2669
Huntingdon	2264	1774	3070	2114
Indiana	1922	827	3672	1886
Jefferson	1071	851	1886	1493
Juniata	1223	1309	1503	1465
Lancaster	7602	3433	13012	7153
Lawrence	1351	526	2645	959
Lebanon	2451	1289	3847	2234
Lehigh	3613	3856	4166	4566
Luzerne	5071	5936	6662	6916
Lycoming	2590	2949	3615	3034
M'Kean	600	587	1048	706
Mercer	2770	2225	3624	2794
Mifflin	1372	1439	1723	1490
Monroe	407	1777	822	2163
Montgomery	4535	5056	5812	7392
Montour	602	1154	983	1220
Northampton	2797	4077	3507	5249
Northumberland	1602	2159	2429	2955
Perry	2070	2052	2416	2128
Philadelphia	29525	26366	40233	42119
Pike	135	723	324	843
Potter	918	502	1410	615
Schuylkill	4879	4534	7301	7067
Snyder	1286	737	1704	1134
Somerset	2187	1190	2977	1372
Sullivan	324	525	394	543
Susquehanna	2807	2091	4110	2456
Tioga	1940	1042	4147	1331
Union	1363	840	1820	1019
Venango	2022	1837	2581	2122
Warren	1139	757	2112	1172
Washington	3745	3390	4768	4206
Wayne	1609	1949	2610	2537
Westmoreland	3803	4163	4830	5276
Wyoming	751	945	1192	1366
York	4983	5204	5322	6665
Total	181835	164344	262349	230259

UNION TORCHLIGHT PROCESSION IN NEW YORK—OVER 30,000 MEN IN LINE.

The Union torchlight procession in New York City, on Tuesday night last, is acknowledged on all hands to have been a complete success, marked in all its features with great enthusiasm. The *Journal of Commerce* says it