## DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT:
STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS, of Illinois. HERSCHEL V. JOHNSON, of Georgia.

FOR PRESIDENT JOHN C. BRECKINRIDGE, of Kentucky. FOR VICE PRESIDENT:
GEN. JOSEPH LANE, of Oregon. FOR GOVERNOR: HENRY D. FOSTER, of Westmoreland.

ELECTORS: GENATORIAL ELECTORS.
George M. Keim, of Berks county.
Richard Vaux, of Philadelphia.

Frederick Server,
William C. Patterson,
Joseph Crockett, jr.,
J. G. Brenner, 14. J. Reckhow,
15. George D. Jackson
16. J. A. Ahl,
17. J. B. Danner.
18. J. R. Crawford,
19. H. N. Lee,
20. J. B. Howell,
21. N. P. Fetterman,
22. Samuel Marshall,
23. William Book,
24. B. D. Hamiln,
25. Gaylord Church. J. G. Brenner, J. W. Jacoby, Charles Kelly, Charles Keny,
O. P. James,
David Scholl,
Joel L. Lightner,
O. S. B. Barber,
II. T. H. Walker,
II. Sesph Laubach
O. L. B. Winchester,
II. Joseph Laubach
TI BESOLUTION OF THE DEMOCRATIC STATE EXECU-TIVE COMMITTEE.

Resolution of the Democratic State executive the headed with the name of Stephen A. Douglas or John C. Brecknidge as an Elector at large, and in the sent of the success of said ticket, if the greater number of votes shall have been cast for Stephen A. Douglas then the vote of the Electoral College of the State shall be cast for Stephen A. Douglas and Herschel V. Johnson for President and Yice President; but if for John C. Breckinridge, then for John C. Breckinridge and Joseph Lane, for the same offices. If the vote of Pennsylvania cannot elect the candidates for whom a majority of the votes are cast, and is on elect any man running for the office of President for the Electoral College shall be cast for that candidate. If it will not elect either of the Democrats for whom it is cast, or any of the Democrats who were voted for in the States, then the vote shall be cast for the candidate who has the majority of the votes of the State; and that the Chairman of this Committee be instructed to obtain from the gentlemen on the Democratic Electoral Ticket of the State their several and distinct pledges of acquisesence in the foregoing resolution, and to report the result of his action in the premises at the next meeting of the Committee, to be held on the — day of —

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY COMMITTEE. The members of the Democratic County Committee will phie at the Public House of Emanuel Shober, in the City of Lancaster, on SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER the 15th, at 11 o'clock, A. M. As business of importance will be laid before the Committee, it is carnestly hoped that every nember will be present. FREDERICK S. PYFER,

## LANGASTER, September 4, 1860. TOWNSHIP COMMITTEES.

Adamstown Bor.— Bart—Harrison Graham, Edwin Garrett, George Prese. Brecknock—Reuben E. Shober, Peter Leininger, Jonathan Smith. Joel Brossman, Joel Kind. rosaman, Joet Kind. -Barton Witman, William Yohn, Dr. B. F. Bunn, Lot Rogers, Samuel Styer. Clay—John Elser, Esq., Edward Schnerr, Martin Bentz, John Demmy, Samuel Buck. Colerain—Wm. N. Galbraith, James R. Scott, George

 N. W.—J. M. Watts, Jacob S. Miller, Jacob S. Roath, Samuel F. Eberlin, N. McDonald.
 S. W.—Benjamin Herr, Adam Maxton, Peter A. Kimburg, James Schroder, Cortical Conference on the Confe A. Kimburg, James Schroder, Cornellus Tyson.

Cocalico East.—Benjamia Swartz, William Binkley, C. Echternacht, Jenkins Lewis, Georgo Sveigart.

Cocalico West.—Josesph Landis, Dr. Samuel Wiest, Augustus Strein, John Reinhold, Benjamin Gerhard.

Conestoga.—Christian Henry, Sr. Christian Musser, Henry Stehman, Thomas McKivan, Wm. Wrods.

Conoy.—Georgo Hackenberger, James Galbraith, Christian Eppier, Franklin McNeill, Jacob A. Miller.

Donegal East.—P. V. Albright, Michael Keiler, Abraham Geltmacher. Wegt-Daniel Nunemacher, Andrew Kelly,

for.

Dr. H. E. Raub, Robert W. Moore, Thomas
James Welch, Patrick Glackla.
ter Ream, James Darrow, John H. Hull, George

-Samuel Wicks, Lawrence Hipple, Samuel W. Fulton—Samuel Wiess, Lawrence Inpple, Samuel W. Scott, Dr. D. D. Swift, Joses Jenkins.

Hempfield East—Henry Hoffman, Dr. G. W. Groff,
Benjamin Lutz, Jacob Sener, Dr. John Ream.

Hempfield West—Dr. E. Haldeman. John S. Boys, Honry Lampeter East—Thomas B. Rowe, Henry W. Gara, Christian Brb. Audraw Roberts, Christian Hoss.

Lambeter West—Henry M. Miller, Thomas Dobson, Jacob Kautz, Samuel Wesver, Benjsmin Leachey.

City—N. W. W.—Jeremiah McElligot, Dr. John Longenecker, Samuel C. Taylor, George Brown, Jacob B. Amwake.

a N. E. W.—Charles M. Howell, William Lowry, John Ditlow.

8. W. W.—Christian Frailey, James Wilhelm, Davis Fraim, Jacob Hitts, Jacob Eris-

man.

8. E. W.—Col. W. S. Amweg, John T. MacGonigle
Davis Kitch, John Witlinger, John

Deaner.
Lancaster Twp.—Benjamin Huber, Daniel Hartman Adam Henderson, James Davis.

Adam Henderson, James Davis.

Lescock Upper—Wm. Weidman, Cyrus Miller. Dr. Isaac

O. Weidler. Washington Simmons, John B. Raft.

Little Britain—J. W. F. Drift, Bordley Patterson, Morris

Reynolds, William Hays, Jr., Henry C. King.

Manheim Bor.—George Mengel, A. J. Eby, D. M. Brosey,

Michael White, Jacob Neavling.

Manheim Twp.—Joseph Wisner, John Flory, Geo. Urban,

George Hambright, M. Heiser.

Manor—John Brandt, Adam S. Dafrich, Value Vision,

Manor—John Brandt, Adam S. Dafrich, Value Vision, Lentz. —John Reed, M. R. Sample, J. L. Lightner urorge Hambright, M. Heiser.

Manor—John Brandt, Adam S. Detrich, John Killheffer,
Park Mason, Charles J. Rhoads, David Shoff.

Marletts—John W. Clark, Dr. John Houston, James
Puffy, Philip Detritch, David Cochrao.

Martic—James Haddon, James H. Pogan, Jacob Lehman
Monte La Par In James Haddon, James H. Pegan, Jacob Lehman. Iount Joy Bor.—S. H. Eckert, A. D. Reese, J. M. Culp. Henry Shaffner. y Twp.—Adam Ream, Jonathan Nicholas Henry Gants.
Paradise—Joseph Hassen, Cyrus Jackson, Edwin Hopton,
Henry Gervin, David McFalls. Gervin, David McFalls.

in—Emanuel Keener, Aaron Longenecker, Samuel rer, Jacob Eberly, James McMullin.

nea—Christian B. Herr, Michael Zercher, Henry Providence-John C. Smith, Amos Winters, Thomas -F. Gantz, S. Nauman, Jacob Becker, H. B Becker, John Becker.

Straaburg Bor.—Robert Downey, Issacher Reoss, James Ourran, Augustus Myers, Wm. Echteruach, Henry Taggert.

Btrasburg Twp.—James Clark, Henry Spindler, Jr.,

Daniel E. Potts, Jefferson N. Neff, Elam Girvin.

Sadabury—John A. Rhea, Franklin Homsher, Isaac Sadsbury—John A. Rhes, Franklin Homsher, Isaac Walker.
Sallsbury—David Kurtz, Samuel Worrell, Dr. John Wallace, Brisben Skiles, B. F. Houston, John Bartley.
Warwick.—R. R. Tehudy, C. R. Kryder, Hiram Kline.
Washington Bor.—Col. Joseph Schoch, Dr. W. W. Bitner, Jacob Bair.

ADDRESS OF THE STATE COMMITTEE. We publish in another column the address

issued by Mr. Welsh, Chairman of the State Committee, to the Democracy of Pennsylvania. It is admirable for brevity and point, and faithfully reflects the true spirit which now actuates the earnest and true-hearted Democracy of the State.

Mr. W., has had more difficulties to encoun ter than any of his predecessors in the same position; but he is fully competent and willhim by the Reading Convention.

THE INDEPENDENT TICKET. Some three or four of the candidates placed unon the Independent County ticket having declined the nomination, the Committee have supplied their places. It is proper to say that the gentlemen who have declined, with one exception, (Lewis R. Hibshman,) are warmly and decidedly in favor of the independent movement. They had their names taken off the ticket from personal considerations alone, and their places have been supplied with equally good and worthy men. The following is the ticket complete, and it embraces as much intelligence and moral worth.

as any ticket ever formed in the County : State Senators:
CHRISTIAN L. HUNSECKER, Manheim
SOLOMON DILLER, Earl.

Assembly:
SAMUEL A. WORTH, Colerain
DAVID H. LECHE, Leacock, DAVID H. LECHE, Leacock, SAMUEL LINDSAY, Marietta, JOHN C. WALTON, City. Sheriff: HENRY S. SHENCK, City. Prothonotary : GERARDUS CLARKSON, City Register:
JOHN MARTIN, Conestoga. Recorder: ELIAS H. RHOADS, East Cocalico Clerk of Quarter Sessions .

DAVID HAUKE, Clay. Clerk of Orphans Court: County Commissioner: WILLIAM SPENCER, Strasbu Prison Inspectors:

JACOB E. CROSS, Rapho,

SAMUEL BLANK, Salisbury. Directors of the Poor:

3AOD M. FRANTZ, Lancaster twp,
HINNEY SHRKINGE, Manbeim,
JOHN HSHLEMAN, West Lampeter, (1 year.)

Coroner: 30HN HAMILTON, City.

Auditor:

HON. DANIEL ULLMAN. This gentleman, hailing from New Yorkthe time an inveterate office seeker-delivered a speech in this City, on Wednesday night ast, the purpose of which evidently was to convince the friends of BELL and EVERETT the Rail Splitter. Some of his allusions to the "Constitutional Union" men and their candidates were coarse and offensive, to say nothing of his abuse of Mr. BUCHANAN. Judge Douglas, Mr. Breckingidge, General LANE. and other prominent Democrats .-Whether his mission—for he was brought here to browbeat the BELL and EVERETT men. and whip them into the traces of Black CURTIN and LINCOLN, is extremely problemat. Republican, Know Nothing blustering dema | Cameron, he is not the same man he was ten gogue to attempt the impossible feat of years ago. We shall see. dragooning them into the ranks of a party whose principles they despise. So far as the from this itinerant orator would add several -twin sisters of one common parentageboth alike hostile to the rights and privileges guaranteed our foreign born citizens under

Our neighbor of the Examiner, who is of temper, has evidently had his mind somewhat unhinged by the recent political movement in this county-especially as it interferes somewhat with his pleasant dreams in reference to a seat in the State Senate. He frets and scolds like any termagant at certain gentlemen-most of them of his own party, too-for having placed an independent ticket in the field, and calls them all sorts of ugly names for daring to kick over the traces. He even vents a little of his spleen at us. who had no hand whatever in getting up the ticket, because, forsooth, we spoke of the gentlemen placed in nomination as worthy and reliable candidates who deserved to be elected. We thought we wrote nothing but the truth in our reference to the ticket, but our brief article is stigmatized by the Exam iner as a "budget of unmitigated lies," "glaring and transparent falsehoods," and the editor winds up his very polite and courteous article by saying that he "doubts if old Satan himself, who is said to be the father of lies, could manage to press as many of them into as small a compass as our cotemporary

the Constitution of our common country.

of the Intelligencer." Now, all this is real naughty in our good looking neighbor, and he deserves a severe spanking for this display of a bad temper: John Grimley. t-John R. Sandoe, Martin E. Stauffer, Isaac and if he continues to indulge in such vituperarrison Haller, Isaac W. Stausser.
est.—Henry Kafroth, Mark Connell, Isaac Ruth,
sser. Jr., Jacob Bear.
sser. Jr., Jacob Bear.
sser. Jr., Jacob Bear.
We shall, how-Ephrats—John W. Lebers, Peter H. Fry. John Sheaffer, David Wieder, Emanuel Mobler.

Elizabeth—Jos. S. Koener, John Elser, Isasc G. Wechter.

Elizabeth on Boyer, Benjamin Shaeffer, H. M. Breneman.

Eden—

E John-take our advice and be a good boy for (if you are lucky enough to be elected, of which a goodly number of people have strong doubts,) don't make a judy of yourself by scolding everybody who will not acknowledge you to be a second Solomon in intellectual endowmenta.

## OFFICIAL INSOLENCE.

We learn from a communication in the Express, of Thursday evening, that the County Commissioners, acting under the instructions and by the dictation of their Solicitor. Ep-WARD REILLY, Esq., have refused access to the records in their office which would show how much-how many thousands of dollars -the County had to pay in consequence of the present Republican candidate for Prothon otary contesting the election of WILLIAM CARPENTER, Esq., who was elected by a majority of the people to that office. This is, indeed, a new feature in the political programme, when the County Commissioners who are but the agents of the people, permptorily refuse to let the tax-payers know in what way their money has been appropriated! This ought not to be tolerated, and the people should demand a full statement of the expen es saddled upon them by the extraordinary contest above referred to, even though such an exposure might be damaging to Mr. MAR-TIN at this time. The refusal on the part of the Commissioners is strong presumptive evidence of something wrong-at least they are afraid of the result such an exposure might produce; -but, as faithful custodians of the tax-payers' interests, they ought not to permit their Solicitor to influence them against doing what the people have been anxiously waiting to see done for nearly three years, to wit: a full and fair exhibit of the expenses of the contested election case of 1857.

WM. CARPENTER, ESQ.

This gentleman-the courteous and efficien Prothonotary of the county-seems to be made ing to grapple with them, and is a leader in the target at which the envenomed and all respects worthy the confidence reposed in poisonous shafts of the Black Republican press of this City are hurled; and the effort is made, by satire and ridicule, to hold him up to public contempt. And why all this?-Simply, because, as a freeman, he chooses to think for himself, and is unwilling to play "second fiddle" to Hiestand, Hamilton, Muhlenberg & Co., and the other Cameronians who now control the destinies of the Republican party of the county. Mr. CARPENTER'S numerous friends of all parties in the county will be very apt to teach certain of these defamers a lesson at the polls in October.

UNION ON FOSTER.

Negotiations are going on between the BRECKINRIDGE and Douglas Clubs of this City-at the instance of the former organization-for a union on Gen. HENRY. D. FOSTER, the Democratic nominee for Governor. Committees have the matter in hand, and we sincerely hope the contemplated fusion of the two Clubs may be effected. Let the watchword of both organizations be, "united we stand, divided we fall." If we must dispute about Presidential candidates, let us agree to disagree on that subject at least until after the second Tuesday of October.

Another Richmond!-Mr. Christian SHENK, of this City, is out in a card announcing himself as an independent candidate for Sheriff. If Christian gets fifty votes in the County he will be more lucky than anybody anticipates, and they will be taken in about equal numbers from Boyn and Schenck, the two candidates previously in the field. This dodge to defeat SCHENCE will not work, and Christian might be much better employed than in permitting himself to be used for the purpose of injuring his poor neighbor.

THE REPUBLICANS SOLD: At the Convention of the so called "Peoat one period of his life a Democrat, then a | ple's Party," in this county, the Republicans, Whig, then a riproarious Know Nothing, and par excellence, were sold out, body and breechnow a straight out Black Republican, and all es, to the CAMBRONIAN or guerrilla wing of the party. Tis true, Mr. Stevens was unanimously nominated for Congress, and two or three of his friends were placed on the ticket for minor offices; but the candidates for the that they ought to come into the support of Senate and Assembly, for Prothonotary, Sheriff, and indeed all the principal and most influential places, are out and out friends of Gen. CAMERON, and will do his bidding, if elected. Mr. STEVENS will be re elected to Congress, but that election is intended by his great rival to finish his political course .-Henceforth he is to be laid upon the shelf, and the political destinies of the Old Guard will pass into the hands of his more adroit Republicanism-will result in any good to and unscrupulous adversary! This is the Winnebago programme -hence the nomination ical. On the contrary, we believe that it has of Messrs. Hiestand, Hamilton, Martin, seriously damaged their cause. The friends and the rest of the tribe. Whether Mr. of Bell and Evererr in Lancaster county, so | Stevens will consent to quietly fold his arms far as we know them, are all high toned, and permit the sceptre of power to pass from honorable men, who have the good of the his hands, is another question which the Union at heart, and utterly detest sectionalism; future will determine. He may do so; but, and it will be in vain for any imported Black if he is thus passive under the lash of Gen.

ABOLITIONISTS FOILED:

Week before last the Abolitionists of Phil-Democrats are concerned, such tirades of adelphia, under the lead of the notorious abuse against their party and candidates only | Passmore Williamson-a prominent supporter rouse them to action, and a visit or two more of Abraham Lincoln-run foul of a snag in attempting to free a slave woman against her hundred more votes to Gen. Foster on the will. She is residing temporarily in Philathe second Tuesday of October. Our German delphia with her master, and the Abolitionists, friends, too, will hardly be persuaded to vote without her knowledge, sued out a writ of for Currin and Lincoln after Mr. U.'s attempt | habeas corpus for her release. She appeared to prove that Know Nothingism and Black in Court with her master, who stated that he Republicanism are one and the same thing did not profess to hold her as a slave, well proverbial for his good nature and equanimity ed five dollars for information as to the person who sued out the writ. The Judge, much to his credit, promptly dismissed the whole proceedings. She is a sensible colored woman. Had she embraced "freedom," she would probably now already be living in some foul cellar, surrounded with poverty and vice, in the glorious enjoyment of starvation coupled with "liberty!" She is said to be a genteel looking colored woman, was brought from Virginia, and wishes to return again with her master's family to whom she is ardently attached.

GEN. FOSTER ON THE TARIFF. Next week we propose publishing Gen. FOSTER'S Tariff Record, as carefully compiled from the Congressional Globe. It will furnish indisputable evidence that, while a member of Congress, he was one of the most active and able advocates of the interests of Pennsylvania, and acquitted himself in such a way as to reflect credit on his constituents whom he so ably represented in the Congress of the such a record? Not one of them. They talk tariff by the hour, and yet are supporting a free trader for the Vice Presidency! Out upon such hypocrisy. Their sole object is to throw dust in the eyes of the people, so that | Harrisburg Patriot remarks: they may ride into power-and when once in. they care nothing about the masses or their time we would advise him to cultivate a | you please-that did not abuse their power, better temper before he gets to the Senate, as and so disgust the people that the government such ebullitions there might suggest the idea was taken from them at the first opportunity remarkably quick perception of the point of of "pistols and coffee for two." Now, then, and again placed in Democratic hands. So an argument, and addresses himself entirely it has been heretofore, and so it will be in all the future; and when you get to Harrisburg, | time to come. Even if it were possible for Mr. CURTIN to be elected, which we do not believe, his administration would become so odious to the people in less than one year that they would long for the period to arrive when they could, through the instrumentality of the ballot-box, burl it from nower.

HON. STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS. Mr. Douglas, in his recent trip South made speeches at Norfolk, Petersburg, Richmond, Staunton, Winchester and Harper's Ferry, Va.; also at Raleigh, in North Carolina. On Wednesday afternoon he spoke at Frederick, with that gentlemanly courtesy for which both Md., on Thursday evening in Baltimore, on Friday evening at Harrisburg, on Saturday at Reading, and in the evening at Pottsville From there we believe he goes to Eastonsubsequent to which, reports say, he leaves for the West, after delivering some five or six speeches in the State of New York.

The meeting at Harrisburg to hear Mr. Douglas is represented to have been very large and imposing, and his speech as one of considerable ability, although not equal to some of his previous efforts. He was introduced to the meeting by Governor PACKER in a neat and pertinent address. Mayor Kerner presided, and the whole affair passed off very

satisfactorily to all who witnessed it.

It is charged, and not denied, that HANNI-BAL HAMLIN, the Black Republican candidate for Vice President, when a member of Congress, received a fee of seven thousand dollars for lobbying a claim of twenty-eight thousand dollars through that body! Comment upon so disreputable a transaction is needless. The Republicans who support a man of this stamp should never say anything about Covode Committees, or the corruption of the Democratic party. Even Daniel Ullman, the great Know Nothing Negro Sympathizer, who made a speech in our City on Wednesday night last, should have held down his head in shame when he was talking so lustily about the corrupting power of money in our Presidential elections.

SEVERE SENTENCES .- In Cumberland county last week two women were convicted of keep idg houses of ill-fame, and each sentenced by the Judge to one year's imprisonment. An example or two of this kind might have a tendency to close some of the many pitfalls that beset the path of the youth of our city.

CHESTER VALLEY TYPE .- This is the title of a neat and handsomely printed weekly newspaper, just started at Coatesville, in Chester county. It is neutral in politics, and filled with interesting local and other intelli gence. James E. Giffin, Esq., is the editor and publisher, and we wish him every success in the enterprise-we know he deserves it, and if talents and industry are available, the Type is bound to flourish and prosper.

Fusion in New York .- The respective Committees of the Democratic party held meetings last week, in the City of New York, and finally agreed upon a fusion electoral ticket. as follows: Douglas 15; Breckin-RIDGE 10; BELL 10. If this arrangement is carried out in good faith, Old Abe may as well " hang up his fiddle."

READING AND COLUMBIA RAILROAD The city papers state that the contract for building this road has been awarded to Jame Moore & Co., of New York -said firm having subscribed a large amount of the stock. The building of the road may, therefore, now be set down as a fixed fact.

The population of Cincinnati is 158,-851. The population in 1850 was 115,435.

ADDRESS OF THE DEMOCRATIC CITY AND COUNTY AFFAIRS.

OF PENNSYLVANIA.

To the Democracy of Pennsylvania: In a few weeks you will be called upon to perform the most important duty that ever devolved upon you a American citizens. At no time, in the history of our country was your action invested with desper interest of

most important duty that ever derolved upon you as American cilizens. At no time in the history of cur country was your action invested with desper interest or fraught with greater consequences. Pennyityania is again the battle ground of the Union; and upon her decision, in October next, will depend, in a great messure, the triumph or defeat of the Republican party in the Rowenber context. Desply impressed with this truth, the Democratic, State Executive Committee desires briefly to address you. It needs no lengthy argument at this times to call you to a sense of duty. In the crisis now impending, every true patriot can see at a single glance the pathway he should tread with unfaltering footsteps.

Rief since the separation of the National Democracy at Baltimore, the State Committee has earnestly labored to promote the union of the Democratic party in Pennsylvania. It has sought no other object, it has struggled to produce no other result. When the chasm yawned that threatened to engulf the powerful organization which, in times past, has been able to contend successfully with the foese of the Constitution and the contenmers of the quality of the States, the great heart of the American people was filled with dread, and the Democratic masses were overwhelmed with constrenation. The Republican party viewed our intermedine warfare with ill disguised delight. It is leaders, confident of success, boldly enunciated their dangerous and treasonable sentiments. The advocates of the odious doctrines of Seward, Sunner, Lincoin and John Brown, became reckless and defant. They believed that the prestige of success which had crowned the labors of the Reading Convention was irrevocably broken, and they promptly made the Keystone State the field of their active and energetic servitions. On our soil the battle is to be fought, and with our people the victory or defeat must be accomplished. In this emergency, the State Committee, actuated by feelings of particitism and prompted only by a wish to secure the triumph of the "good ol

is committed with confidence to the calm good sense of the people of Pennsylvanis.

It cannot be denied that the union of the Democratic party will result in a brilliant triumph in October. On that initial battle all our energies must now be concentrated. We have a leader worthy of our cause. With an enthusiasm never before equalied in any political assemblage, Henry D. Foster, of Westmoreland, was selected as our standard bearer in that important contest. He did not seek the nomination. He repeatedly declined being a candidate for the office. When struggling partisans met at Reading to advance the interests of their peculiar favorites, he remained in the outer tetriement of his own home. ites, he remained in the quiet retirement of his own home with no thought of personal advancement, and anxion only for the success of the Democratic principles. The presentation of his name to the Convention was met by prompt withdrawal, at his urgent solicitation. But whe the voice of the people unanimously proclaimed him the leader of the party in his native Commonwealth he did not be the collection of the people unanimously proclaimed him the leader of the party in his native Commonwealth he did not refer to the who the call it duty at tasking no preferred. did not profess to hold her as a slave, well knowing the laws of the State, and if she wished to leave him and be free she was at perfect liberty to go when and where she pleased. The woman stated that she was well treated—that she knew her rights, but did not wish to be free, and indignantly offered five dollars for information as to the person of the party in his native Commonwealth he did not refuse to bey any word or act of his own. The record of his nite is the record of a Pennsylvania patriot. In overy postition he has occupied, he has obeyed the instincts of his nature in laboring for the good of those who gave him place any power. The purity of his private character; the ability which marks every act of his public life; the devotion has shown to the industrial interests of Pennsylvania in the halls of our National Congress and State Legislature the halls of our National Congress and State Legislature involving the true policy of our State Government; and the conservatism which has always characterized his view upon National issues, make him emineantly worthy of the vital interests. You will not be thus appealed to in vain. The people are with the Democratic party, and vill follow its flag, because it is the party of the Union and the Constitution. It has made this country great and powerful. It has never ceased to struggle for the elevation of the masses, and for the establishment of the true policy of government. Its power is exhibited in the rapid growth of our extanded boundaries, in the general prosperity and happiness of our people, and in the free and liberal character that has been given to our political institutions. In invoking thorough and complete organization throughout the State in behalf of this party, a simple duty is required of the Democratic masses. The State Committee is now actively engaged in endeavoring to secure this sure and tively engaged in endeavoring to secure this sure rtain precursor of victory. We must be united in contest, or our cause is utterly hopeless. Parties, as well as nations, perish before the evil genius of dissonation Although clouds and darkness may surround us, the union of the Democracy will avert were valently. Although clouds and darkness may surround us, the union of the Democracy will avert every calamity by which wo may be threatoned, and will carry our banner in triumph through the storm and battle.

WM. H. WELSH, Chairman.
PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 3, 1860.

FOSTER TAKES THE STUMP. Gen. FOSTER has intimated to Col. CURTIN his willingness to meet him in discussion, at such times and places as may be agreed upon by the Democratic and Republican State Committees. This is a challenge, we venture any of the Black Republican leaders, show agreeable to the Republican candidate, as he well knows the great talents and ability of the Democratic nominee. But he will have to "face the music," as there is no backing down now. Speaking on this subject, the

If Mr. CURTIN can be induced to meet Mr. FOSTER, the contest will be instructive and and print any of his speeches. Mr. FOSTER is a powerful and solid reasoner. He has a to the understanding of his audience. is not a particle of clap trap or spread eagleism about him; and yet he has the power of com manding attention. Men at once recognize his capacity. Those who expect to be amused be disappointed; but those who wish to be instructed will learn something from him to think about. He appeals to the reason and not to the passions or prejudices of his hearers He enforces truth logically and clearly. questions to be determined in this campaign are serious questions, involving serious results and they should be treated with earnestness Mr. Foster will speak as a responsible man to responsible men, and will no doubt make a great impression upon the people. no doubt that the discussion will be conducted

A STORY DENIED !

According to a sketch of a recent speech o Judge Douglas, he stated that "the President told him if he did not obey him, and vote to force the Lecompton constitution upon the people against their will, he would take off the head of every friend he (Douglas) had in office." This statement was lately inclosed in a note to President Buchanan by ex Governor Smith, of Virginia, who was desirous of enowing whether it was true. The President replied in a brief letter, from which we quote:

"Surely there must have been some mis take in the report of the speech, because I never held any such conversation with Judge Douglas; nor any conversation affording the least color or pretext for such a statement. was not in my nature to address such threatening language to any gentleman. Be ides. I have not remove riends, and not one of his relatives. Even among those of his friends who have rendered hemselves prominently hostile to the meas ures of the administration, a majority still

remain in office.
"I might add, that I have never held a political conversation with Judge Douglas, on this or any other subject, since the day my first annual message, of the 8th December 1857, was read in the Senate, and I did not transmit the Kansas constitution to Congress until the 2d of February, 1858, the question of slavery not having been decided by a vote of the people until the 21st of Dec., 1857. Now, my dear sir, in writing thus to you

have transgressed a rule which I had pre scribed for myself, not to contradict any state nent assailing my public conduct or character until after the conclusion of my term of office. A statement, however, comes with such force from a Senator of the U. States, who is one of my constitutional advisers, and this, too, in a public speech delivered by him in his can vass for the highest elective office in the world, that I deem the present case a proper exception.'

WEST EARL IS SPEAKING!

A Democratic meeting was held in West Earl township on Saturday, the 8th inst., at the public house of Henr Fritz. The meeting was organized by the selection of JEE EMMAN Moellet as President, Mesers. John Foraxr, Per Emman and others as Vice Presidents, and a number of Secretaries. The President on taking the chair delivere a very able and elequent speech, advocating the election of Douglas, Johnson and Foster. The meeting was addressed by Col. Why. S. Amwen and Jacon B. Amwarg, Esq., of the City of Lancaster, and Mr. Hills, of Ephrata. It was ver largely attended by the Democracy of Rast and West Earl For the Intelligencer.

Misser. Editors: The Republicans in this place, made a grand display last Saturday, attending a meeting in Springfield, Cheeter county. They had been making preparations for several days, and we expected to see a large delegation leave town. The wagon was drawn up in front of John Myers' Hotel, with seast to accommodate at least thirty or forty persons, and a lerge flag hoisted. We watted for some time to see the friends of "Honest Old Aba" fill the vacant seats, but to our astonishment only three persons took passage, and one of them was a renegate Democrat.

A TERRIBLE CATASTROPHE.

OVER THREE HUNDRED LIVES LOST!

The steamer Lady Elgin was run into a chooner, off Wauskegan, on Lake Michigan early on Saturday morning last, and sunk within twenty minutes after the collision tool place. She had upwards of 350 passengers on board, including several military and fire

"CAMP PATTERSON."-The State Military Encampment at York closed on Saturday. During the ground, including two or three from Baltimore and Washngton City. The Fencibles and Jackson Rifles left for the Sucampment on Tuesday morning in a special train. The marched, to soul-stirring music from their drum corps, to Centre-Square, where their gallant commander, Capt. Hawsame, who won innumerable praises at York, put them through the Hardes drill, which they performed in a very le manner. The Fencibles, in company with the Philadelphia Greys, Capt. RUSH, returned on Saturday afternoon at 1½ o'clock, the Band playing "Home, Sweet Home," in the sweetest style, as the train came into the depot. The Greys laid over until the arrival of the 2.30 , and during the interval, at the invitation of their fast friends, the Fencibles, partook of a fine lunch at Franke's Saloon, North Prince street.

The Rifles and Pencilles were delighted with their came duties. They looked a good deal bronzed, but were in the est of health and spirits.

The two finest Bands at the Encamp earned, were the U.S. Marine Band of Washington City, and the Fencibles' Band of this city. The latter was selected by the Commanding General to do all the parading music, and it is needless to say that it was well done -There is no Band in Pennsylvania, and very few, indeed in the country, that can furnish better music than on own Fencibles' Band, and no wonder our citizens feel justly proud of it.

LADIES' TRACT ANNIVERSARY .- The anni versary of the Ladies' City Tract Society was held on Sun day evening last, in Trinity Lutheran Church, Duke street and very able and eloquent addresses were delivered b Rev. Mesers, Powett and Demund. The annual report we read by Rev. Mr. KROTEL, who also made some appropriate remarks. The congregation was large, and a handso collection was taken up for the Society.

GERMAN PIC NIC .- The congregation of St. senh's German Catholic Church, St. Joseph street, held their Annual Pic Nic at Rocky Spring yesterday. The St Joseph's and St. Peter's Societies, and St. Paul's Beneficia Society, participated in the Pic Nic, and marched to the ground headed by the Jackson Rifles' Band, which dis coursed excellent music. A number of beautiful flags and banners were in the line of procession. The attendance of and everything passed off pleasantly.

TORCHLIGHT PARADE -The Wide Awakes of this city and two or three neighboring villages, to the had a torchlight purade on Wednesday evening last. The Jackson Rifles' and Millersville Bands furnished the music The procession halted in Centre Square, where addresses vers delivered by Hon. Daniel Ullman, of New York, and Hop. THADDERS STEVENS. After the meeting was over the Wide Awakes again paraded through several streets in the vestern part of the city until near midnight.

LEFT FOR CALIFORNIA .- Our good friend ACOB F. KAUTZ, Esq., left yesterday in the Fast Line West, and Utah. He will go to St. Louis, and from thence, in company with Capt. Mowny, Commissioner, proceed to San Francisco by the Pony Overland Express. Alderman KAUTZ carries with him the heartfelt wishes of hosts of friends for a safe and pleasant journey over the Plains. We hope to see him return home safe and sound both in a physical and

pecuniary point of view. RELIGIOUS -A Union Prayer Meeting Convention will be held in this city, on Wednesday, the 26th inst., in the Duke Street M. E. Church, commencing at 3 o'clock, P. M., and to be continued in the evening. Christians of all denominations are invited to attend. The Committee of Arrangements hope that a strong representation will be present from all parts of the county, and especially from Young Men's Christian Associations Pastors of the city and county, favorable to Union Prayer feetings, are requested to announce it from their pulpits and have the bills, they receive, put up at some prominen

Murper.-An old colored woman, named Eve Callsberry, was murdered on Saturday last, in Cones oga township, a few miles south of this city. Suspicion strong against an ill-looking German, named Jaco Whitman, who was seen near where the woman was found a few minutes previous to the murder. There were marks Union. Can Col. CURTIN or Mr. COVODE, or to say, which will be anything else than of blood upon his clothing. He was arrested by Deputy Coroner Hebble, and brought to this city on yesterds morning, when the Mayor committed him for trial at the

A WIDE AWAKE SATURNALIA.—It appears that the Black Republicans are to have a grand mass meeting at Lancaster on the 19th. It appears that the Constitutional Union party are giving them some trouble there, and they are obliged to resort, in what has heretofore been one of their impregnable fortresses, to "glittering uniforms of various colors, blazing torches, gay flags and banners, and brilliant transparencies, making a magnificent pageant," even in their stronghold to keep up the wavering faith of their party. The Telegraph says: . The Wide Awakes of our city are preparing to visit

Yes-exactly-we have heard of these hundred and fifty before they were to come out on the second parade; but unfortunately, they then dwindled from 86 to 56. All the black mounted men and boys they can raise to go to Lancaster, even by paying their fare, will not be over fifty .-The Telegraph further says:

ne Telegraph further says:

"Politically, this Wide Awake organization is one full promise. It enlists and animates a body of active, zealsearched and disciplined for the approaching carvass. Their street and disciplined for the approaching carvass. Their ous, patriotic, indomitable YOUNG MEX, who are bell trained and disciplined for the approaching canvass. The energies and influence will be felt at the polis in Octob and November." Probably-but most of the indomitable young men who

wear the black mountings are so very young, that their influence, so for as voting is concerned, will amount to very little in October or November. If they are training for any other purpose, they should be admonished by the fate of John Brown, Cook and Coppie, that blows can be given as well as received .- Harrisburg I atriot.

FRIGHTERI ACCIDENT-RUNAWAY OF Iorse, and a Man Dragged an Entire Square.—On Wed nesday evening last, about 7 o'clock, a most frightful acc ent happened in South Queen street, between Vine and Jerman streets. A young man named Baltzer Ludwick mployed by Mr. John F. Long as ostler, was coming up South Queen street on horseback, and rossing German the horse stumbled and threw the rider horse again stumbled, and this time threw the rider on his feet, one foot remaining in the stirrup. The horse became frightened, and immediately started up the street at a mo frightful speed, dragging the rider along over the newly piked street. At Vine street the horse turned the corne and the swing caused by the sudden turn drew off th rider's boot, and left him lying in the street literally con ered with wounds, blood and dust. Dr. Cassidy, who wit nessed the accident from his door, was upon the groun in an instant, and Dr. A. J. Oarpenter a moment or tw These gentlemen did all in their power to relieve the unfortunate man's sufferings. He was plac upon a settee and removed to Long & Brimmer's Drug Store, North Queen street, where his wounds were dressed Upon examination it was found that there was a large racture on the back part of the head, a ghastly cut or the left eye, and a number of deep flesh wounds from the neck down to the hips, and probably some internal injuries. The accident was witnessed by a large number of persons the evening being cool and pleasant, most of the families along the square were sitting at their doors, and were thus the involuntary spectators of the frightful scene.

The unfortunate young man is 20 years of age, is a Ger man, and has no relatives in this city. His sufferings have been intense, and the probability of his recovery is still very slight. His escape from instant death was truly

A Good Move. - The following notice, which ow appears in our advertising columns, we consider of sufficient public importance to give it a more prominen asertion gratuitously. It was issued from the Mayor's Office, officially, on the 4th inst.

PROGLAMATION.

Whereas frequent complaints are made by good citizous, at the great annoyance they are subjected to in consequence of the increase of streat begging on the part of children—this is therefore to notify the parents of such children that nuless a stop is put to it by keeping their children at home or sending them to school, they will be arrested as vagrants and committed to the "Home for Friendless Children for the City and County of Lancaster," as provided for in the fourth section of the act of Assembly incorporating the institution. And the Constables of said city are hereby enjoined to arrest all such children, whether male femile, so that they may be dealt with according to law. PROCLAMATION. hereby enjoined to arrest all such contarent whether the female, so that they may be dealt with according to law GEO. SANDERSON, Mayor. Mator's Officz, Lancaster, Sept. 4, 1860.

It is to be hoped that this new regulation will not only put an end to a serious and growing evil, but that it wil be the means of securing to many children now on th highway to ruin a good "Home," where their moral an

DEMOCRATIC MEETING IN SALISBURY TWP .-Democratic meeting, under the auspices of the Democratic Union Club of Salisbury, township, will be held on Thursday evening next, at 7 o'clock, in the village of Bellevue. Addresses will be delivered by WILLIAM T MOPHAIL and ADRAM SHANE, Esque, of this city. The Democrats of Salisbury and the neighboring townships are cordially invited to be present.

FLAG PRESENTATION. - The presentation of neat and beautiful American flag took place at the soire of the Sun Fire Company, on Tuesday evening last, in the Republican Wigwam, South Queen street. It was the gift and handiwork of a number of lady friends. On behalf of the donors, Maj. S. H. Keynolds presented the flag in few pleasant and appropriate remarks, and it was received on behalf of the Sun, by Wm. Aug. Atlee, Esq., in an equally appropriate manner. The flag is of silk, bordered with silver fringe, has thirty-three stars, and the motio of the company worked on a blue field-"When duty call

Anniversary.—The anniversary exercise of the Young Men's Christian Association of Lancaste County will take place in the Presbyterian Church, Paradise, on to-morrow afternoon and evening. Rev. John Chambers, and George H. Stuart and Abraham Martin, Esgra, of Philadelphia, will be present and participate in

In last Saturday evening week the Columbia Foster Club turned out in torchlight procession and made a very hand ome display. Although not in uniform each man carried a torch, and the line was a long one, over one hundred and companies, and only 17 persons have been sixty men being in procession. We believe it is in contemplation by the Club to procure uniforms. I wanted to make their parades very attractive.

LETTER FROM DR. RAUB.-It will be seen by the following letter that Dr. JOHN K. RAUB is forced wing to business engagements, to decline the nomi for Register on the Independent County Ticket:

DR. HENRY CAPPENTER, PRESIDENT OF THE INDEPENDENT COUNTY CONVENTER:

DEAR SIR: Having been placed upon the Independent Ticket as a candidate for the office of Register, I desire Ticket as a candidate for the office of Register, I desire through you to present my sincere thanks to that Convention, for the nuarpected as well as undeserved compliment; but, owing to ejecumataness over which I have not full control, and after mature deliberation, I am compelled to say that I cannot be a candidate for any office in this political compagn. Business engagements would wholly prevent me from entering into the context with that spirit which would be necessary, on my part, to do justice to the ticket as well as to myself.

which would be necessary, on my part, to do justice to the ticket as well as to myself. In withdrawing my name as a candidate, I can positively assure all my friends that the Independent County Ticket meets my most hearty endorsement, and that I will not only support it, but use all honorable means to secure its election. A portion of it I feel certain is bound to be elected. The mode in which the Republican party has nominated its tickets, for the several last years, is positive evidence that its nominating Conventions are almost wholly a swinding, cheating scheme for the purpose of elevating men to positions, recklessly regardless of the qualifications of the candidate, or of the true representation of the will of the people. I am, therefore, pleased to see that men, irrespective of party, are inaugurating this Independent movemen for the correction of such a shameless abuse of power and violation of confidence, and feel satisfied that it should, as, I trust it will, receive a hearty endorsement by the people next October. In conclusion, I reiterate that I am for the ticket, and hope that all my friends are for the same. Yours, very truly,

New Provinence, Sept. 3d, 1860.

NEW PROVIDENCE, Sept. Sd, 1860. FIRE ON WEDNESDAY EVENING .- On Wed eeday evening last, about 9 o'clock, an alarm of fire was raised, but the meeting in Centre Square being in progress at the time, it was generally supposed that the alarm was raised for the purpose of breaking up the meeting—a practice of crying "Wolf! Wolf! when there is entirely too common in this city. On this occasion, however, there was a "wolf." The following account of the re, and comments on the same, we clip from The Express

nre, and comments on the same, we clip from The Express of Thursday evening:

Smoke was seen issning from the basement of the Grocery Store of Harrison Parkman, in Kramph's building, North Queen street, and the fire proved difficult to extinguish.—

It originated in the rear part of the cellar, whi h Mr. Parkman also occupied with goods. There was a division wall partly across the cellar, which interfered considerably with getting a stream of water back directly on the fire, otherwise it might have been extinguished in a few minutes by the judicious use of a single hose.

As usual, where a fire department is without any responsible head, great contusion ensued among firemen and citizens, who were in each other's way. Firemen, or those claiming to be such, insisted upon breaking open doors and throwing water where there was not the slightest danger of fire. Thus the stock of Amer's Hat Store and Deichler's Shoe Store were saved from destruction from water only by the persistent efforts of the propristors, who took possession of their doors, and refused to have them opened. Mr. Parkman's grocery, however, did not fare so well. Although when the door was opened, no fire was to be seen from the front of the store, powerful streams were thrown, deluging the goods and playing general smash among the rrockery ware on the shelves, doing much more damage than was done by fire.

The flames finally burned up through the ficor in the rear of the store, when they came in contact with a young Ningara of water, and had to succumb; but the greatest damage was done to the goods before any fire was seen by those who directed those treams. In the meantime, the other tenants of the building were apprised of the fire, and

damage was done to the goods before any fire was seen by those who directed those streams. In the meantime, the other tenants of the building were apprised of the fire, and came to look after their property. Dr. Welchen, who occupies a suite of Dental Rooms on the second floor, found it impossible to ascend the stairway, owing to the dense volume of suffocating smoke which filled the parsage, and climbed up over the awning into the second story window, where he was joined by friends, who packed up his instruments, etc., ready to move in case of danger. By keeping the front windows and shutters closed, the fremen did not succeed in damaging his furniture directly to any great extent.

not succeed in damaging his furniture directly to any great extent.

Mr. J. M. Johnston, who occupies the third floor with his suite of Daguerrean and Photographic Rooms, was less fortunate. He forced his way, at much risk, up the stairway, being nearly suffocated when he reached the door of his rooms; he thinks that in three minutes more he would have been overcome. His first impulse was, naturally, to get a little fresh air, and he threw open one of the front windows; but with the fresh air came a torrent of Conestoga water, driving him back among the smoke, and playing the very deuce with his pictures and chemicals.—Although there was no fire near his rooms, a couple of gallery streams were constantly played upon them and even his canvas sign on the roof was used as a target to display skill in managing a nozele. itisping skill in managing a nozzle.

Mr. Parkman had a stock of goods amounting to over 3000, on which there was an insurance of \$2.500 in the birard, secured only a f-w days ago. Although the insurance will cover the actual dama: a the interruption caused to a business but fairly established is a loss without

demnification.

Dr Welchens sustained but trifling damage, his carpets eing submerged in water which was thrown in above, nd came through the ceilings. He was not insured.

Mr. Johnston's loss is from \$30 to \$50. His chemicals were diluted to a degree altogether inconsistent with the art of aun sketching, but as Mr. Gill kindly offared to lean him anything wanted in that line, Mr. Johnston's business will not be seriously interrupted. He had no insurance. The damage to the building is about \$300, which is con-Baumgardner, has already taken measures to have the damage repaired
Nothing definite has been ascertained as to the origin of the fire, although it is believed to have been accidental, and to have originated in the back part of the cellar.

After the fire was out and the firemen had withdrawn, some excitement was caused by an explosion of gas in the cellar, which might have resulted in an accident. When a building takes fire, in which gas is used, it ought always to be turned off at the street, which was not done in this

case.
This fire gave our cilizens another practical illustration panies, at a bre, cut have any doubt of the absolute neces-sity of a chief Engineer, who shall have sole direction of the department at a fire, and who should be responsible to the city. We have urged this measure heretofore, and we mean to do so again. The perty jealousy of the different companies has herotofore defeated every plan proposed, and it is now time that the City Councils should take the natter in hand, and insist upon the proper organization, twould be better for the citizens and Insurance Compa-ics to pay a Chief Engineer a salary, than to sustain dam-ge from water thrown without judgment or discretion.

LANCASTER AND HARRISBURG RAILROAD .-The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Harrisburg, Lancaster and Mount Joy Railroad Company, was held in Philadelphia on Friday. From the annual report, read by the President, Michael V. Baker, Esq., we glean the follow ing items of interest to many of our readers:

the President, Michael V. Baker, Eeq., we glean the following items of interest to many of our readers:

Receipts for the year ending August 31, 1860, were from passengers carried over the Harrisburg and Lancaster Railroad, and from or to the Pennsylvania Railroad, \$93,-243; from passengers carried over the Harrisburg and Lancaster Railroad from and to the Pennsylvania Railroad, \$8,280; from freight carried over the Harrisburg and Lancaster Railroad not from or to the Pennsylvania Railroad, \$26,782; from freight carried to or from the Pennsylvania Railroad, \$231,704; from Adams' Express, \$7,276; from entry spread and extra bagage, \$3,285; from rents, \$7,349; from mails, \$8,015—making a lotal of \$436-137. The expenditures and charges were, er motive power and transportation of freight and passengers, \$174,828; for repairs to road &c., \$75,269; for tonage tax, assumed to be \$0,000; for claims for damages, \$2,204—tot., \$222,802, leaving \$153,334 for interest, dividends, and State tax on capital stock. The receipts from the main line were \$132,033, and from the branch road \$269,995. The passengers carried on the main line numbered 111,488, and on the branch road \$40 672; total for the year, 152 150. The tonage has increased from \$10,369 1854, to \$29,743 in 1859, and this year, is estimated at 3 per cent, per annum on freight business.

An election for Directors was held with the following Roberts, John Holmes, M. D., James Marco, Robert V Massey, William W. Longstreth, James Mehaffey, (Marietta, John H. Towne, Joshua B. Lippincott, James Young (Middletown,) Edward F. Gay, Thomas Sparks.

LECTURE OF PROF. J. W. FOWLER .- We are leased to learn that this distinguished gentleman will lecture again in Lancaster, on Thursday evening, Sept. s lecture before the Literary Societies of Franklin and Marshall College, in July last, was confessedly one o the finest exhibitions of oratory ever witnessed in our city. Every one that heard him at that time will be lighted at the prospect of doing so again. The subjec happy with the theme of his former lecture. It is, as we earn, "Providential Peculiarities of American History." The lecture will take place during the Agricultural Fair f attending. CENSUS STATISTICS .- We have received the

ollowing additional Census returns from the county:

1	White2101
1	Colored 11
١.	White males1070
١	" females1031
-1	Number of deaths during the year
٠І	Age of the oldest female in the Township
١,	Persons over 82 years of age
r۱	Blind persons
١.	Insane persons
3	Number of dwellings
1	Number of families
1	Number of farms
- 1	Attended school
. 1	Number of Industrial establishments
.	Number bushels of Wheat ground in 3 mills50
- 1	" barrals of Flonr
,	" bushels of Lime in 4 kllns2
2	" bushels of Wheat raised66
. 1	" bushels of Corn
s I	" pounds of Butter
a l	" tons of Hay
. !	Cash value of Farms\$1,71
е 1	Value of real estate 2.04
6	" of personal estate 61
٠ ١	J. B. RAFF, Deputy Mar
	, ,
	MOUNT JOY TOWNSHIP.— Population in 1850
	Population in 1850
3	in 1860
11	i _
e	Decrease
-	The enumeration of 1850 comprised one-half of the
ď	ough of Mount Joy, not at that time incorporated, a

475 ough of Mount Joy, not at that time incorporated, and ther half fell to East Donegal; and the apparent deer n both those townships is caused by the borough b-separately enumerated. Including half the population the borough, as embraced in 1860, and which, accor-to the late enumeration, is 864, we have 3.016, or an ac-necesses of 389 in the township, as limited in 1850. roved land Acres of imt

wheat raise JOHN H. BRENKEMAN, Deputy

THE MONBOE SENATORIAL DISTRICT. e understand that Col. HENRY S. MOTT, of County, has carried three out of four the election of a Black Republic Pike County, has carried three out or rout counties composing the 8th Senatorial District.

counties composing the 8th Senatorial District.

the most disastrous consequences. Of course the most disastrous consequences. Of course it will be a labor of love to support with

MR. BRECKINBIDGE'S SPEECH The imperfect telegraphic report of the great speech of the Hon. John C. Breckin-RIDGE, delivered at Ashland, near Lexington, Ky., on Wednesday last, is published at considerable length in all the leading papers of the larger cities, and will attract universal attention, as well on account of the position occupied by its distinguished author, as the candor and boldness with which he meets and successfully overthrows the charges brought

against him from every quarter. When fully reported and correctly published, this speech will doubtless be found to be a masterly production, alike creditable to the head and heart of the gifted orator. After vindicating the platform on which he stands, and the consistency of his own public record in relation to the doctrines it contains, and also repelling other false and unfounded allegations, such as scheming for the Presidential nomination, &c., &c., he took up the charge of disunion made against him, and spoke in substance as follows:

From sources yet more eminent comes the information that I, and the political organization with which I am connected, are laboring for the disruption of the Confederacy. I do not reply now to what Mr. Douglas says all over New England, in Virginia, and wherever he goes, because it is quite natural for a gentleman, as much interested as he is, to think that any man who approves of my principles must be a disunionist. Laughter.] Indeed, by his declaration, we must be all disunionists in Kentucky, for he declares that those who assert that the Territorial Legislature has no power to exclude slave property, and that Congress should interfere for its protection are disunionists; and that is what the whole Legislature of Kentucky said last year. [Applause.]

my character and antecedents were known, men has not said that I was a disunionist, but intimated that I am connected with an organization whose bone and body is disunion. I refer to Mr. Crittenden, in a speech made at Louisville. I have known and admired him, and he has known me. Towards him I have cherished, and expect to cherish, relations of respectful and cordial esteem. These are reasons, which, even if I had ground for it, would prevent any but perfect courtesy in reply. After speaking of Mr. Lincoln in as complimentary as his principles merit, and the Senator from Illinois in terms of eulogy, he speaks of his fellow citizen in this lan

Mr. Breckinridge here quoted the reference himself and continued as follows:1 I thank my venerable and distinguished friend for the hope he yet entertains that I am not a disunionist. [Laughter and ap-Like a humano lawyer, he gives me the benefit of a doubt, and for this I thank nim. [Renewed cheers.] As to my connection with a party whose principles tend that way, I may speak of that presently. My object is to relieve myself from the imputation of heing a disunionist, and on this I would prefer to receive a direct blow than to have it sound like the reluctant confession of a sorrowful friend. [Applause and laughter.] Mr. B., in passing, paid an eloquent tribute

Gen. Lane, and continued to speak of the charge against himself of being a disunionist. Born within sight of this spot, known to you for nearly forty years, your representativ n the Legislature, in Congress, and having held other situations of trust. I invite any one to point to anything in my character or antecedents which would sanction such a charge [Cheers.] I will not or such an imputation. degrade the dignity of my declaration by epithets; but I proudly challenge my bitterest nemy to point to an act, to disclose an utterance or to reveal a thought of mine ho the Constitution or the union of the States. [Loud cheers.]

The man does not live who has the power to couple my name successfully with the slightest taint of disloyalty to the Constitution

and the Union. [Applause.] But if there be nothing in my character to justify this accuration, what is there in the platform and principles upon which I stand? in the res as to property in the Territories, I will read them, and you can judge whether they accord with the position of the Supreme Court and the government, as I have shown it to day. After reading the resolutions, he continued-

That is the platform and these are the principles avowed. If they are constitutional they are not sectional, for the Constitution is broad nough to cover the whole Union. [Cheers.] He who stands upon the Constitution can neither be sectional or a disunionist. These principles are taken almost verbatim from the opinion of the Supreme Court. They are supported by the precedents and practice of They are the upon which we may well live and by which we may well be willing to die. [Cheers.] They are vital, important, and concern the rights of persons and property. be abstract and unimportant, for they concern the honor and equality of the States.

In reference to the charge of intriguing for the Presidency, Mr. BRECKINRIDGE

"I have been charged with premature am hition. I have been charged with intrigueing for the nomination. I have been charged with eaning before the wishes of the people, and of desiring to thrust myself before the highest office in their gift. To that I answer, it is wholly untrue. I have written o nobody soliciting support. I have intrigued with nobody. I have promised nobody. To these statements I challenge contradiction from any human being."

PROGRESS OF THE CAMPAIGN. Gen. WM. A. STOKES. one of the most orilliant speakers in the State, and an early, ardent and undeviating friend of Mr. Douglas, recently made a speech in Armstrong county. From a sketch of his remarks we extract the following: He spoke in terms of high respect of Mr.

BRECKINRIDGE, and asserted the integrity of his intentions and of most of those who supported him in Pennsylvania. He urged upon all the necessity of union against the common enemy. We had future battles to fight, and to assure victory for the cause of this country we must close our ranks and concentrate our fire upon the fee. In this view he vielded to the arrangement made at Cresson. It was obnoxious to the charge of giving a certain recognition to faction, and he night not have agreed to the scheme in the first instance. But it was now done, past recall; and its practical result would be to give the electoral vote of Pennsylvania to Douglas, if the united Democracy were able o carry the State. This was all the friends of Douglas could desire, and if this end could be obtained by means of a compromise not ours, and for which others were responsible we might be content. Let DougLas triumph, even by the aid of those whose preferences were for another-for Douglas Democratic vindication.

Gen. Stokes discussed State politics, and

presented Gen. FOSTER-" brave Harry with his beaver up," as the chivalric champion of truth, a great lawyer, incorruptible politician -genial, eloquent, wise-one in whose keeping the Commonwealth and all her interests and people would find unquestionable safety All Pennsylvania should be proud to have such a man for Governor. Once at Harrisburg, Governor Foster would receive the homage of all men. In contemplation of his goodness and greatness, faction would be silent and the conflicting parties would be softened. Gen. STOKES feared nothing from the coming contest-already the eagles of victory were hovering in the air ready to descend upon the Democratic banners.

The Cambria Mountaineer, heretofore a straight Douglas paper, has passed into the hands of John Lloyd, who says in his salutatory:

We will, therefore, support S. A. Douglas for the Presidency, because, and only because we believe him to have been fairly nominated by the legal representatives of the party at the Baltimore Convention. A large and respectable number of the party differ from us on this subject, and their opinions are, of course, entitled to respect. As the settlement of the difference of opinion on this subject, we accept of the compromise adopted by the State Central Committee, at its meeting at Cresson on the 9th of July, and will support it, be lieving, as we do, that in the hands of any Democrat the Republic will be safe, and that