LANCASTER, PA., AUGUST 23, 1859 CIRCULATION, 2000 COPIES:

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE, \$2,00 per annum. 8. M. PETTENGILL & Co.'s ADVERTISING AGENCY, 11 man street, New York, and 10 State street, S. M. PETTENGILL & Co., are Agents for The Lancaste seer, and the most influential and largest circula ting Newspapers in the United States and the Canadas .-They are authorized to contract for us at our lowest rates

DEMOCRATIC STATE NOMINATIONS. AUDITOR GENERAL: RICHARDSON L. WRIGHT, Philada. SURVEYOR GENERAL:

JOHN ROWE, Franklin. COUNTY COMMITTEE MEETING. The Democratic County Committee of Lancaster County will meet at the public house of Emanuel Shober, in the City of Lancaster, on WEDNESDAY, the 24th day of AU-GUST, at 11 o'clock, A. M. Every member is reques attend, as business of importance will be transacted.

"IN UNION THERE IS STRENGTH." It behooves every sincere and honest Demo to the common enemy. When thoroughly united the Democracy of Pennsylvania have never yet been beaten, and never can behence the constant efforts of the Opposition, never be permitted. Democrats may honestly upon in 1860. differ about men and measures, and may disapprove of some of the acts of those who have | question that will come up? There would been elevated to power by their suffrages; but this should not estrange them from the party, or prevent them from yielding a hearty honestly nominated by their State or County Messrs. WRIGHT and Rows, our candidates

for Auditor General and Surveyor General, are fairly and legitimately the nominees of the party-made such by the unanimous voice of the Democratic State Convention. They are, moreover, able and tried men, of high moral and political integrity, and in every way worthy the suffrages of the people. No man of any party will dare to lay anything to their charge either morally, socially, or politically. They are pure men. Their entire record presents a clean sheet; and, if elected, they will do credit to themselves in the faithful discharge of their duties, and be an honor to their constituency. Then, why should they not have the zealous support of a united Democracy?. Why should they not command every Democratic vote in the Commonwealth? If our friends have in the past differed somewhat about certain measures of the General Government, that is no reason why our excellent candidates for the State offices should suffer .quarreling any longer over its dead carcase : any Democrat attempting to hold Messrs. WRIGHT and Rowe responsible for the actions of President Buchanan, or Judge Douglas, or took an active part in the broils growing out of that foolish question.

Let us, then-one and all-as good Demi crats, and as well-wishers of the bonor and prosperity of our noble old Commonwealth, be determined to let by gones be by-gones, to sacrifice our prejudices for the common good, and to unite heart and hand, as one man, in support of the State ticket, and in this way assist in spreading the pure principles of Democracy throughout the length and breadth of the land.

JUST AS WAS PREDICTED: Whilst the sale of the State road to the

Pennsylvania Railroad was being agitated, we more than once stated it as our belief that if ever the road passed into their hands, they would monopolize all the carrying trade, and crush out everything like private enterprise along the line. This prediction was disregarded by the forwarding men, many of whom voted and acted with the party that accomplished the sale. They now see, if they did not before, that we were right in what we said. On Wednesday last, a notice was served on the forwarding and commission merchants of this city and county, informing them that from and after the first of September all the freight forwarded by them in their own cars would be charged as "first class." Under this arrangement it is very easy to perceive that it will be utterly impossible for them to carry freight of the lower classes at the same rates heretofore charged their customers, and which are charged by the Company. The consequence, therefore, will be that they will be forced off the road in a short time, and the has been assigned. Company will monopolize the entire business

We do not blame the Pennsylvania Railroad Company for taking care of their own interests. It is nothing more than what individuals or other companies would do if they had the power. The blame should rest, where it properly belongs, on the party, with Governor Pollock at its head, who sold the Main Line to the Company. Had the State retained the control of the road, the forwarding and commission merchants between Columbia and Philadelphia would have continued to prosper: these gentlemen are practical business men, and, in all probability, the Lancaster Locomotive Works would also have remained in everything that it should be in appearance, successful operation, thus furnishing employment to several hundred mechanics, and, annually scattering thousands of dollars throughout this community. But the Know-Nothing Abolition party, in an evil day for the Commonwealth, got control of the Executive and Legislative branches of the govern- pleasure in forwarding the names and subment—the Public Works were sold to the scription money of any of our friends who Pennsylvania Railroad Company at a ruinous | may desire to become subscribers. sacrifice-and all parties here in Lancaster county are now reaping the consequences of that suicidal act. We shall advert to this subject again.

APPOINTMENT BY THE PRESIDENT. ALEXANDER DIMITRY, of Louisiana, to be Minister Resident at Costa Rica and Nicaragua. Mr. D.'s intimate knowledge of our foreign relations, having been for a consider- turning the immense stone columns for the able period the Translating Clerk in the State | public Department—his perfect knowledge of the and unfinished, has been destroyed. The Spanish language, high scholarly attainments loss is estimated at from fifty to sixty thou and social qualities—eminently fit him for the sand dollars. There was no insurance upon important position.

THE SLAVERY QUESTION. The Black Republican press, universally, every Republican journal and announced by every Republican orator. It is as certain as any future event well can be, that the Republican opposition will stand in solid column on the slavery issue.

In what shape is this question to be presented? Of course this is a point over which the control; for both must take just the issue which that portion of the Opposition which is based on slavery agitation see fit to tender .-This mischievous element at the North has assumed various shapes just as suited the exigences of those who sought to use it for the purpose of attaining political power. In 1820. under the political leaders of whom Rufus King was the chief, it assumed the position of hostility against the "admission of any State without the indispensable condition of a prohibition of slavery." The Democracy had to take this issue. Jefferson wrote in 1820, " The | champion of the rights of the States." Missouri question is a mere party trick," and with that profound insight that marked his view of men and things, he explains how these leaders were "taking advantage of the virtuous feelings of the people to effect a division of parties by a geographical line," and thus obtain "on local principles" the majority they failed to get on "general principles." That was the issue that was met and defeated

The slavery agitators next presented the Wilmot Proviso; but this is a dead issue .-Again, in 1856 they presented the Kansas issue. These agitators alleged that the question was whether Kansas should be free or whether it should be slave. In reality there crat to inculcate a spirit of harmony in our, was no such question for the nation to decide : glorious old party, as without that we are for it was a local question However, the unassuming gentleman, exceedingly affable constantly in danger of falling an easy prey Northern agitators, seeking political power, and pleasant in his manners, and made the people believe there was such an issue, and it so far answered their purposes that by it they well nigh swept the North .-But it is admitted now that this humbug has by whatever name they may be called, to had its day; this Kansas question is out of divide and then conquer us. This should the ring; it is obsolete, and cannot be harped What can then be the form of the slavery

seem to be no other answer than that it will be the issue which Senator Seward has presented; that of a conflict between free States support to their candidates when fairly and and slave States. Let it be recollected that the South has never presented a slavery issue. If this section ever had a firm exponent it was John C. Calhoun; and again and again he solemnly declared, in his Senatorial seat, that let the slavery subject alone. This is the solid and its citizens." opinion of the masses of the South to day. -They ask nothing of Congress. The Northern slavery agitators are now seizing with hungry avidity on every scrap of Southern opinion about a slave code by Congress, or a re-opening of the slave trade, in order to make the Northern mind believe that the South mean to make these the 1860 issues. But against this stands the great fact, that the South never presented a slavery issue: the issue has alcertainly predicted that the South will say in opinion six weeks ago. 1860, as it has said before, we ask nothing of

The issue, then, must be that stated and developed by Senator Seward-the law-giver of his party-the legitimate successor of tion is now a dead issue -a thing of the past | tain to array a party by a geographical line; | majority. such a party as Jefferson, Madison, Jackson, CLAY, WEBSTER and WASHINGTON warned the much less can we perceive the propriety of country against. Such a party cannot have affinities in fifteen of the States of the Union.

Congress, and all we ask is to let us alone.

This is the form of the slavery question which the Democracy and the country will Governor Packer, or any other statesman who | have to meet. It is well to ponder on these facts. The geographical party must be met by a National party, owing fealty to principles as wide as our Constitution, and having objects as comprehensive as our whole coun

The boisterous, disreputable, and blackguard conduct of the "People's Party" in this City, at their delegate elections on Saturday evening, was a disgrace to the town. We have witnessed many delegate meetings in town and country, in Lancaster and elsewhere. and seen turbulence and disorder prevail but never anything approaching the scenes of profanity and quarreling that made night hideous, and disturbed the peace of the community, in the neighborhood of two or three of the election polls on Saturday. And this s the party that has always claimed all the decency and all the respectability of the

FROM THE FAR WEST.

We received by mail, on Tuesday last, from Col. STAMBAUGH, a copy of the Leavenworth Herald, of the 9th inst., from which we clip the following notice of his arrival in that

city: Col. Stambaugh, Surveyor General of Utah, accompanied by Capt. Wentz, an exceeding ly clever gentleman, of Lancaster, Pa., and corps of employees, arrived in this city Sunday evening. They are stopping at the Renick. The Col. expects to leave for his distant field of labor on Wednesday.

The Col. is a regular old fashioned Pennsylvania gentleman. He is always ripe with Democracy, and possesses practical talent of the highest order. No better selection could have been made for the high post to which he

He visited the Fort yesterday with a company of friends, and was highly gratified, not only with the beauty of the location, but with the kindness generally extended to him there.

"NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC QUARTERLY RE-VIEW."-This is to be the title of a new Literary and Political Magazine, the first number of which will be issued at Washington City, on the 17th of September, and will thereafter be continued regularly at \$3 per annum. Hon. THOMAS B. FLORENCE, Editor, and C. Wendell, Esq., Printer. Both of and we doubt not they will make the Quarterly and as an able and reliable exponent of the Democratic faith. We wish our friend, Col. FLORENCE, the fullest measure of success in his new enterprise, and shall cheerfully lend a helping hand in extending the circulation of the Review. To this end we shall take

Destructive Fire at Washington.
WASHINGTON, August 16. The extensive machine, blacksmiths, and sawing shops of the Capitol Extension Works, were destroyed by fire, which commenced about half past three o'clock this morning.— The origin of the fire has not been ascertained, but it is supposed to have been accidental. The buildings were comparatively of little value, but the machinery contained in them were very expensive, including the lathe for buildings, powerful engines and tools,

TROUBLE IN THE CAMP.

The "United Opposition" appears to says the Boston Post, are insisting that the getting daily into more and more difficulty in slavery question shall be the political issue of respect to the Massachusetts doctrine of two the Presidential canvass of 1860, and that this | years' denial of the right to vote to persons of alone shall be the basis of their party. This foreign birth after naturalization. A disposiis a fixed fact, seen every day more and more tion to protest, on the part of the American clearly; proclaimed trumpet tongued from branch of the aforesaid Unity, is quite outevery Republican house top; displayed in spoken and decided in various quarters. The resolutions of the Ohio State Republican Convention have met with responses anything but harmonious, from the spread eagle Gibral tars; and the Americans in the Ninth Ward in the city of New York have taken occasion. by a series of resolutions, at once to proclaim against the partnership which has been Democracy or the whole country can have no entered into between the American and Abolition sections, and to protest against the liberties taken with the joint capital stock by

the other member of the firm. They have "Resolved, That the recent action of a State Convention of the Republicans of the State of Ohio, in condemning the people of Massachusetts in amending their Constitution by requiring that two years' residence shall intervene between the time of being natural ized and of voting, is, in our judgment, a high handed and unwarrantable interference with the rights of a sovereign State, and meets with our unqualified disapprobation, and should be indignantly frowned upon by every This is a point which, to the United Oppo

sition, is purely intestinal, and stands to outsiders only in the relation of a subject of Horst, of Bainbridge, with threatening to destroy hi rational curiosity and innocent recreation.

A JUST COMPLMENT .- The Democratic candidate for Auditor General, recently called at McConnellsburg, on his return from a brief visit to Bedford Springs, and his presence at the former place is thus justly noticed by the Fulton Democrat :

"Hon. Richardson L. Wright, the Dem cratic candidate for Auditor General, arrived in our village on Monday last and left on Tuesday for Chambersburg. Whilst here he mingled freely with the people and made very favorable impression upon all who be came acquainted with him. He is a plain doubt an honest and a good man. For the last seven years he has been either a memb of the House of Representatives or of the Senate of this Commonwealth, and during his term of service his conduct has been characterized by a straight-forward, manly and hon est course. Even in the tainted atmospher of Harrisburg, his character for honesty and integrity stands unimpeached and unimpeach He has ever been a fearless and con sistent Democrat, and whilst he has stood up for the principles of our party he has not done so at the expense of justice and right. The record of votes during an unusually long term of nublic service will abundantly prove his honesty and devotion to Democratic principles. His nomination is a credit to the party, and should he be elected (as we have no doubt he will be) we are convinced from our long ac quaintance with him, that he will make only an able and industrious officer, but an honest one, and that he will administer the the South asked nothing of Congress in the duties of the important office for which he is way of legislation: it only asked Congress to a candidate, with fidelity to the Commonwealth

We have the most cheering accounts of the in the western counties of this State. As the time approaches for deciding the political complexion of the State, the earnest, honest working men of the party do not hesitate to declare all past differences forgotten, and express a willingness to co operate for the election of the State ticket. This is as it should be, and we hail the return of friendly feeling as a certain harbinger of feeling as a certain harbinger of We have not, at the present moment success. a particle of doubt of the triumphant election ways come from the North; and it may be of the ticket, which, we confess, was not our

We clip the above cheering paragraph from the Pittsburg Post of Saturday last. It only goes to confirm our private advices for some time past from the western section of the State. Should the eastern counties do their They, we believe, differed themselves about Rufus King. A more sectional issue than a duty at the October election—and we have the Kansas imbroglio, but that difference of war on the Slave States cannot be conceived every confidence they will—the election of opinion made them none the less true and of. Nor can one of a more deleterious nature the Democratic candidates, Messrs. Wright reliable Democrats. And as the Karsas ques be proposed. It presents an issue that is cer- and Rowe, will be secured by a triumphant

The uppleasant feud which has existed in the party for the last two years is rapidly every where, west, east, north and south, the Democracy of the old Keystone are beginning to rouse themselves from their lethargy, and are preparing to present a united front to the cohorts of the opposition. When they act cannot be beaten.

FOREIGN NEWS.

By the steamship Asia, at New York on Thursday, we are in possession of two days later news from Europe. The Peace Confer ence at Zurich was to meet on the 8th inst:-Count Colleredo, the Austrian; Mr. De Sambrus, the Sardinian, and De Bourgency, the French representative to the Peace Conference. had either reached Zurich or were en route for the meeting on the 8th. In the British Parinment, a bill creating a naval reserve of among the builders of London were becoming more serious every day. It was expected that 40,000 men would be without employment on the day the steamer sailed. The disarmament of the French navy was pro gressing. It is reported that an attempt had been made to poison Garibaldi.

A letter from St. Petersburg, of the 25th of July, states that the people there were greatly and disagreeably surprised at the announcement of the treaty of Villafranca .--Napoleon's popularity, which had stood very high in the city, was on the wane, as the inhabitants thought that Austria had not been sufficiently humiliated. It was said, however, that the Czar did not share in the feeling, as, previous to the treaty day, an active correspondence had been kept up between his Cabinet and the Russian Ministers in Paris and Vienna. The Russian Ambassador to Pekin had enjoyed a most splendid reception. Government and the people were very proud of the frigate General The Archduke Constantine had left for Spithead, London and Cherbourg.

From the Allentown (Pa.) Democrat. A FEW QUESTIONS.

Democrats! cut this out and ask your Know-Nothing and Republican neighbors the following simple questions: Who are in favor of giving negroes the right of suffrage, which they refuse to foreignborn citizens?

The Know Nothings and Republicans. Who passed the law in Massachusetts preventing foreign born citizens from voting when duly naturalized according to the Const tution of the United States

The Know Nothings and Republicans

Who recommended the same law to b assed in New Jersey? The Know Nothings and Republicans. Who recommended the same law to b passed in New York? The Know Nothings and Republicans.
Who sanctioned and approved that odious

neasure in Pennsylvania, by giving silent onsent in their late State convention? The Know Nothings and Republicans.
Who introduced a bill in the legislature of Ohio to strike out the word "white" the constitution, in order to give negroes the

right of suffrage?

The Know Nothings and Republicans. Who are in favor of foreigners not voting until they are 21 years in this country? The Know Nothings and Republicans. Who voted against admitting Minnesota free State?

The Know Nothings and Republicans. Who voted against admitting Oregon as ree State? The Know Nothings and Republicans. Who carried banners in 1856, upon which only sixteen States appeared, where there

The Know Nothings and Republicans.
Who were in favor of letting the Union The Know Nothings and Republicans.

hould have been thirty one?

Court Proceedings--August Term, Quar-The August Term of the Quarter Sessions' Court was held last week-Judges Haves and Briston on he bench. The attendance of interested parties and specators was very large-"Tow Hill," as usual, furnishing

Twenty-two grand jurors answered to their names. who, ifter Jacob Foreman, Esq., of Conoy, had been appointed Judge Hayes briefly charged the grand jury, reciting their duties and congratulating them that among the large amount of cases, which would be brought before them,

nce of both.

here were none of a capital nature and but few of the The morning session of Monday was taken up principally v motions, etc., in the Court of Common Pleas, receiv John Bankert, convicted of larceny at a previous terr

was again placed upon trial and a verdict of not guilt-The case of Robert J. Brown, charged with mans was continued to the November Term, on account of the beence of material witnesses for the defence

f the Court, and to whom a new trial had been granted

between Mary Bohlen and Mary Rinehart, the latter being better known among the "tancy" by the sobriquet of "Tur key Hill." The parties reside in Taylor's Alley, in this city, and neither were "behind the door" when the "giff f gab" was allotted to the mortals inhabiting this mundane sphere. The case was disposed of by binding each party over to keep the peace and pay the costs, in default of which both were politely invited by our gallant little friend, Deputy Sheriff Martin, to take a ride in the "Black Maria" to the Stone Mansion in East King street

Com'th vs. Rebecca Bracht. This defendant, a middleaged maiden lady, who carried a bright little "cherub" in her arms, was charged by her brother-in-law, John 8 property, &c. The jury were of opinion that she was guilty the naughty actions charged against her, and Miss Rebecca was sentenced to pay the costs and give securit

for her future good behavior. Michael Brady plead guilty to stealing a coat, the roperty of Col. Owen Hopple, and sundry articles belonging to Mr. Andrew Reilly. He was sentenced to the County Prison for twelve months.

Another sort of cross action between Henry Finefron and his beloved spouse was called up. Each charged the other with attempting to argue questions a la fisticuff style. The Court ordered both to give ball for their future ood behavior and pay the costs of prosecution, which sing unable to do they were sent to Prison. George Franciscus, for threatening an assault on the

person of Mrs. Leah King, was ordered to give bail in the sum of \$100 to keep the peace towards her. John Weidle and Franklin Scott plead guilty to ste lot of chickens, and were each sentenced to the County Prison for two months William Seiber plead guilty to the larceny of a coat, and

was given six months in the County Prison Michael Fink plead guilty to larceny on two indicts entenced to twelve mouths in the County Prison. Theodore Tangert, of Brecknock, plead guilty to the ceny of a watch and some other articles, but, having previously borns a good character, received only six month n the County Prison.

stealing a lot of merchandize, &c., and was sentenced t one year in the County Prison. Miss Martha Brown, one of Tow Hill's loveliest brunett was convicted of stealing two quilts, the property of an old darkey named Mills, and sentenced to six months in the

Henry Jones, the darkey who gave "leg bail" some time

nce, but was arrested in Chester county, plead guilty

Ehrman Huber, Charles Clinger and George Heinley, th bree young men who robbed the toll gate at Witmer's Bridge, were brought up and being arraigned plead guilty The circumstances connected with the robbery being of recent date are well known to our readers, and therefore a repetition is unnecessary. Huber is the son of the toll gate keeper, and his confession led to the arrest of the other parties. All the defendants reside in this city, and have long been suspected of making their living by unlaw ful means, although Huber has never been charged with crime before. The amount of money taken was over two hundred dollars, about one-half of which was recovered .-The Court, after consultation, sentenced the defendants as follows: Ehrman Huber to three years' imprisonment i the Eastern Penitentiary; Charles Clinger to two years' imprisonment in the same Institution; George Heinley to two years' imprisonment in the same Institution.

Clinger and Heinley also plead guilty to stealing quantity of molasses, the property of John Fondersmith grocer, in East King street, and were respectively sentenced to eight months' imprisonment in the Eastern Penitentiary the sentence to be computed from the time of the expl ration of the former sentence. This makes the time of in carceration of these defendants two years and eight months The Court in sentencing Huber remarked that, in consideration of the fact of his having planned the robbery of his father, induced it to give him a more severe sentence than his accomplices.

Com'th vs. John Lebkichler. The defendant in this ca was charged with an attempt to commit arson, on the night of the 24th of May last, by firing the building on the orth-west corner of Centre Square, the basement of which was at that time occupied by Mr. J. J. Keyes, provision dealer, in which was placed a quantity of rag with oil and set fire to. The circumstances of the case are familiar to all our readers. John Simpson, who was first charged with the offence, made a confessi implicated Lebkichler as an accomplice. Lebkichler, however, denied all knowledge of the testimony was pretty much to the same effect as that made giving place to a better state of feeling-and in his confession at the Mayor's office. The District Attorto the jury who returned a verdict of not guilty, and de-

John Simpson plead guilty to the attempted arson or Keves' Provision Store, and was sentenced to five years imprisonment in the Eastern Penitentiary. The same defendant plead guilty to the robbery of pistols at the in concert, the Democracy of Pennsylvania Lancaster County Bank, in East King street, and was sentenced to six months in the Eastern Penitentiary. The grand jury ignored the bill against James H. Barne

directed the prosecutor to pay the costs. The bill against Henry Selvert for arson was ign

Charles Williams plead guilty to the larceny of a shawl from the residence of Hon. C. Kieffer, in Lime street, and was sentenced to nine months in the County Prison. Com'th vs. George Anderson. The defendant, about the was arraigned on the charge of committing a gross and brutal outrage on the person of a white and interesting little girl, nine years of age, named Mary Connelly, of Salisbury two. The particulars of this flendish affair we reported in our columns at the time of the occurrence. The 30,000 men was progressing. The strikes case was fully made out, and after a brief charge from his Honor, Judge Hayes, it was given to the jury, who in a few minutes returned with a verdict of guilty. The devilish monster (for he looked more like one than anything els we can compare him to) was sentenced to twelve year imprisonment in the Eastern Penitentiary, the full extent of the law. The announcement of the sentence was received with applause in the Court room, which was promptly suppressed. Com'th vs. Daniel Good. Fornication and bastardy of

complaint of M. Louisa Eshleman. Verdict guilty. The usual sentence in such cases was imposed.

Com'th vs. John Kautz. The defendant was charg ith keeping a disorderly house, better known as the 'Slab Tavern." in the S. W. Ward. This case excited grea erest among the "fancy" men and women in attendance Verdict guilty. Sentenced to pay a fine of \$150 and cost.

William Henry Whitefoot plead guilty to the larceny clock and some augers from Witlinger's Hotel, S. Queen street. Sentenced to eight months in the County Prison a fast young German, on the 2d of July last, it will be recollected, robbed his employer, Mr. Wagoner, dairyman of Manheim twp., of about \$200; came to the city, hired horse and wagon at Shober's Livery Stable under the pr tence of going a short distance into the country, but with which he ran away to Reading, claiming the horse and wagon as his own. He was arrested in two or three days afterwards, by Mr. John Shober, and brought back. The case occupied about an hour in trying, the jury bringing in a verdict of guilty. Sentenced to three years' imprison ment in the County Prison.

The same defendant plead guilty to br chest, and stealing from his employer, Mr. Wagoner, \$200. Sentenced to one year in the same Institution. Yeage came to America about two years since, and avows his intention of striking for the fatherland as soon as his term

Com'th vs. Israel Coleman, (colored,) of Brecknock twp. Indicted for selling liquor without license, and also for selling liquor on Sunday. The jury found him guilty on the first indictment, but could not agree on the second .-Sentenced to pay a fine of \$20 and costs.

Leah King was indicted for keeping a disorderly house the corner of James and Mulberry streets. This case was given to the jury on Wednesday evening. They remained out all night and returned to the Court room or Thursday morning, about 11 o'clock, stating that they were unable to agree. They were sent back to try it again, but returned late in the afternoon without coming to any agreement, and were accordingly discharged. Com'th vs. Benjamin Goodman alias Benjamin Good -

Indicted for the larceny of twenty calf-skins, near Roths ville. The jury rendered a verdict of guilty without leaving the box. Sentenced to one year's imprisonment in the Eastern Penitentiary. George Jamison, hailing from the delectable region of Tow Hill, and one of its most blooded young bucks, was

arraigned for keeping a disorderly house. The jury evidently sympathized with "brudder" Jamison, for the returned a verdict of not guilty. George was exceedingly glad thereat, and went on his way rejoicing. Charles Early and William Jones, two hearty buck negroes, were indicted for the larceny of a lot of chickens rom Daniel Conrad, of Conestoga twp., in July last. Verdict guilty. Sentenced each to six months in the County

adopted.

Resolved, That the thanks of all who feel an interest in said road, is due to the land-holders who have already with an unprecedented generosity released their land damages between Adamstown, Reamstown and Littz, and if the same liberality be extended to the remainder of the routes proposed, it will ensure the completion of the cheapest and most desirable Railroad in any country.

Resolved, That the thanks of the meeting are due to the Reading, Columbia and Lancaster Press, for its efforts to further the interests of this important entering the Com'th vs. Lewis Suter. The defendant, who carries on an extensive livery and stage business in this city, was indicted for passing counterfeit bank notes knowing them This case consumed nearly the whole of Thursday. The prosecution was conducted with great tack and ingenuity by the District Attorney, and Suter was dended with consummate ability by Hon. Thaddens Stevens and J. B. Amwake, Esq. The jury returned a verdict of the interests of this important enterprise guilty. The defendant's counsel moved an arrest of judgnent on the ground that the offence was not laid down as

CITY AND COUNTY AFFAIRS. ing reasons for a new trial: [The motion for a new trial rill go over to the Argument Courf()

1. The Court erred in admitting

forged money.

2. The verdict was against the law and evidence. No evidence of the visitence of the York County Bank was given at the fifts!

3. It has/been discovered since the verdict that John Evans, one of the jurors, had formed and expressed an opinion of the defendant's guilt, declaring that defendant was as guilty as h—11.

[Sworn and subscribed to by Lewis Suber, Aug. 19, 1859.[
That old Prison Bird Last Popular was assisted to the head. That old Prison bird, Jack Remick, was tried for the lar ceny of a lot of goods from Charles M. Wright, living ner umbia, on the night of the 6th of May last. Verdic guilty, and Jack was sent back to his first and only true love" to ruminate for one year over his past follies and misfortunes. Jack out of Prison is like a fish out of water

-he is out of his natural element. Christopher Hoover, of Marietta, was indicted for selling out license, and found guilty. Sentenced to pay a fine of \$30. Edward Hughes, a young colored buck, hailing from the

ssic region of Tow Hill we suppose, was indicted for an assault and battery on Ruth Ann Anderson, a buxom miss of the deepest brunette style of beauty, likewise hailing from the same odorous locality. Edward hasn't much gallantry for the fair sex, and the jury thinking so too, and having a just compassion for Ruth Ann's wounded "feelins," therefore found him guilty. Sentenced to te days in the County Prison Heronimus Horter, who keeps a beer house in St. Joseph

street, was indicted on two counts: first for selling liquo n Sunday, and second for selling without a license. Ver dict guilty. On the first count he was sentenced to pay fine of \$10 and costs; and on the second to pay a fine of \$10, costs, and undergo ten days' imprisonment in the County Prison. John Shatz, an elderly man, residing somewhere in th suburbs of the city, was charged by Mrs. Mary Ann Wallace with having committed an assault and battery on he

Verdict guilty. Sentenced to pay a fine of \$1 and costs. The plaintiff in the preceding case, Mrs. Wallace, was indicted for selling liquor without license, found guilty, and sentenced to pay a fine of \$10 and costs. One of the witnesses, in answer to a question as to the kind of rique to be had at this establishment, gave it the name of "Killne-quick." Truly, a delightful beverage: Mary Utzinger was charged with committing an assault and battery on Mrs. J. Smith! of Leacock twp. The dispute

was about swine, and Mary pitched into the immortal John's wife at a terrible rate. The jury, however, would not give the ubiquitous John's wife the satisfaction she demanded for injuries received. Verdict not guilty, and county for costs. Com'th vs. Jeremiah Gray, alias Gray Cochran, Joseph Lytle, alias Joseph Sands, and John Waller. The defend

ants were charged with placing obstructions on a branch road of the Harrisburg, Mount Joy and Portsmouth Railroad, passing through the Borough of Marietta. An account of the arrest of one of the party at Baltimore was riven in our columns a counte of weeks since. The reason r placing the obstructions on the road was to run the ngine and cars off the track into a tavern kept by a Mr Taylor, because he refused the defendants whiskey. The ive, fortunately, took an opposite direction, running owards the river. Verdict guilty. Sentenced to two year each in the Eastern Penitentiary

Com'th vs. Charles Boughter. Indicted for obtaining noney under false pretences from Jacob Leaman. Verdict guilty. [Motion lu arrest of judgment, and reasons flied

Stephen James plead guilty to stealing \$20 in money from Leah Holsinger, and was sentenced to one year's imprisonment in the County Prison. John Clepper was indicted for selling liquor without

cense, and also for keeping a gambling and disorderly house. Verdict not guilty, but detendant for costs. Justice Parr plead guilty to an assault and battery Miss Mary Frank, and was fined \$5 and costs, and sent to the County Prison for thirty days.

Israel Eaton was indicted for fornication and bastardy.

The only feature in this case different from all similar ones was the fact that the suit was not brought within two years, and therefore was barred by the statute. The vidence disclosed the fact that the defendant fled from ustice, and therefore the plez availed him nothing. Usual

Henry Good, who keeps a house of doubtful reputation omewhere in the S. E. Ward, was indicted for selling liquor without license, and also for selling liquor on Sun Verdict guilty. Sentenced to pay a fine of \$20 and costs for selling without license: and for selling on Sunday to pay a fine of \$20 and undergo an imprisonment of 20 lays in the County Prison. Sarah Cochran, a young, pretty and modest-looking

oman, from Marietta, was indicted for keeping a disorlerly house, and for adultery. Verdict guilty. Septenced The Grand Jury, having completed their labors, and

isited the various public institutions, made their customary report on Saturday morning. It is as follows: REPORT OF THE GRAND JURY.

To the Honorable the Judges of the Court of Quarter sessions of the Peace of Lancaster County:

The Grand Inquest inquiring for the County of Lancaster, at the August Sessions, 1859, respectfully rep-That they have passed upon all the bills submitted to them by the District Attorney, and presented the same to thee Ocurt. It is unfortunate for the public, as well as the Grand Inquest, that the number of bills brought to their notice was so unusually large; yet graitfying to that, with but a few exceptions, there were none of a serious character. The Jury bave had under consideration a number of cases in which persons were charged with selling liquor contrary to law, and have learned that this is carried on to an alarming extent, to which we would respectfully call the attention of the Court, hoping that the law may be enforced in a mauner that will prevent this illegal traffic. The Grand Inquest recommend to the County Commissioners the erection of a public drinking fountain, upon the stone elevation in front of the Court House, for the he stone elevation in front of the Court House, for the

the stone elevation in front of the Court House, for the accommodation of the public. Also, to adopt some means of employment that will secure the labor of vagrants while nadergoing temporary confinement in the County Prison. The Grand Jury having visited and inspected the public buildings of the county, found the Poor House and Hospital in a good condition, and the management under the present stewardship as satisfactory as the limited capacity of the buildings will admit.

The Prison was found to be in good order under the management of the keeper, Jay Cadwell, and the unfortunate inmates as properly provided for as their situation and the limits of the buildings will allow.

In retiring from their duties, the Grand Inquest respectifully tender their thanks to the Honorable Court, the Distinct of the Management of the Keeper, Jay Cadwell, and the content of the Keeper of the Cadwell of the C

ally tender their thanks to the Honorable Court, the rict Attorney, and officers, for their kind attentions. AN OMNIUM GATHERUM.-The different clans into which the Opposition party is divided, in this county, will assemble, through their representatives, at ulton Hall, on to morrow, for the purpose of patching up a ticket, of every hue and color, to present to the faithful lage of "black spirits and white, blue spirits and grav. and their proceedings will be looked upon with intens interest by the office-hunting fraternity whose name i

legion in this county. The delegate elections in this city on Saturday were the scenes of many rich occurrences, which the pencil of a Hogarth would have delighted to revel in. "Fraud." ballot-box stuffers," "liars," etc., etc., were terms freely used by prominent members of the opposition, and men oo, high in official positions. Where these choice epithets were of no avail "knock-downs" were resorted to as more potent means of argument. Being an outsider, and somewhat like the old woman whose husband was fighting a rocious bear, we didn't care much "which whipped." It was only a family quarrel among our opposition nd of course no concern of ours. It is hard to tell from the manner in which things are mixed up what faction carried he city, but we rather think Lieut. EMLEN FRANKLIN, for District Attorney, and ROBERT H. LONG, Esq., for County reasurer, have a majority of the wards.

What a rich time is in store for outsiders at the Convenion to-morrow. We shouldn't be surprised, from what we ave heard, that a motion will be made there to throw out we or three of the city wards, on account of "polling more otes than there were voters." And this is the party, par cellence, which claims all the decency, honesty and espectability in its ranks! O, tempora! O, mores

REGIMENTAL PARADE .- Col. HERR has orlered the 1st Regiment, Lancaster County Volunteers, to arade in full dress uniform at Maytown, at I o'clock, P. M., Saturday, September 3rd. The Fenci bles and Jackson Rifles, we understand, will take part in the parade.

THE READING AND COLUMBIA RAILROAD. In pursuance of notice issued by the Commissioners of he above road, the citizens of Ephrata, and other friends f the enterprise met at the house of John W. Gross.' Dr D. E. Shirk of New Ephrata, was called to the chair, and Esalas Billingsfelt of Adamstown, appointed Secretary .-The object of calling the meeting was stated by the Chairnan, when the following report from 'Squire Martin, of New Ephrata was read:

New Ephrata was read:
To the Committee of the Incorporation of the Reading and
Columbia Railroad Company:

In pursuance of my appointment to make settlement
with the land-owners along the line of the proposed Reading and Columbia Railroad, with a view of interchanging
views and obtaining releases for damages arising from the
construction of the Railroad; my time did not permit me
so far to call more than once upon the land-owners, but,
notwithstanding this, I have the satisfaction to report
that I have procured releases for all damages area of coefnotwithstanding this, I have the satisfaction to report that I have procured releases for all damages free of cost for two-thirds of the distance. When I called some of the farmers were absent from their homes, and those whom I saw, wanted a little time for reflection. I am convinced that my second visit to the land-owners will enable me to procure releases for at least three-fourths of the distance between Reamstown and Litiz. 'Squire Billingsfelt, who was appointed to obtain releases

Reamstown, made a verbal communication to the effect that he had procured releases from three-fourths of the and owners living between Reamstown and Adamstown, and he had a fair prospect of obtaining the remainder On motion a committee of seven consisting of Adam Konigmacher, S. Miller, B. E. Shirk, H. Miller, J. Flickinger, M. Fry and J. S. Hacker, were appointed to draft resolutions expressive of the sense of the meeting. The Committee submitted the following resolutions, which on

notion were unanimously adopted : WHEELS, The Commissioners of said Railroad did give legal notice, that the books for the subscription to the capital stock should be opened on the 8th of August, at Columbia, and whereas the Commissioners at said meeting did resolve to open the books aforesaid, on to-day, at this place. Be it therefore resolved, that subscriptions to the capital of said Reading and Columbia Railroad be made, and five dollars per share paid in, in accordance with the charter of said road.

harter of seld road.

Resolved, That the Commissioners be directed to proceed at once with the surveys of said Railroad, and that we recommend that the route which affords the best and easiest grades, and the least expenditure of money, be

The subscription book being opened the sum of six thousand dollars was subscribed by those present, and the a felony in the bill of indictment, and also gave the follow- meeting was adjourned sine die.

POSTPONEMENT.—The parade of the Earl fantry, which was to have taken place on Saturday last t Mrs. Anna M. Weidler's Hotel, in Bareville, has been stponed until Saturday next, the 27th inst. askow, Esq., will address the Company.

THE GAP MURDER -A Coroner's inques ras held on the body of Thos. G. Henderson, jr., a highly espectable citizen of Salisbury twp., who came to his eath by a blow from a stone, thrown by a man named Sylvester McFillan, on the 11th inst The deceased was taken up insensible, and lingered for several days in that state before he died. In the meantime, the author of the deed made his escape, but it is to be hoped he will yet pprehended and brought to justice.

The various conflicting reports in circulation in regard to this sad affair are now set to rest, by the verdict of roner's inquest, who declare that the brutal assault was ntirely unprovoked.

AN IMPOSTOR DISCOVERED .- A European Ger man, sailing under the name of Frederick Weber, called pon the Rev. G. F. Krotel of this city a few days since, the purpose of making collections to aid in the erection of a Lutheran church in Morris co., New Jersey, but that ntleman had a copy of the Reading Times containing an exposure of the rascal, which he pointed out to him. Weber immediately plead guilty, tore up his paper and promised amendment. It is presumed that this scamp will make another attempt to impose upon the unsuspec ng in other towns. He is represented as a man of medium height, with a bloated face, red hair, tolerably well clad, aring glasses and carrying a cane.

PROF. WISE .- Prof. WISE has been very successful lately in his trans-continental ærial voyages. lis last one at Lafayette, Indiana, pretty much proved a failure. Instead of coming to Philadelphia, or eastward at all, he landed at Crawfordsville, in the same State, and we believe south-west of Lafayette. Prof. W. will, no doubt, be able to satisfactorily account for the non-appearance of the "Jupiter" in these parts. He arrived at home in this city, we understand, yesterday morning

DEPARTURE OF TRAINS, AND CLOSING OF THE MAILS AT THE CITY POST OFFICE.—The different Passenger

	Trains on the Pennsylvania and branch railroads leave the
	city as follows:
	LEAVE EASTWARD.
	Fast Line 100 a. n
	Through Express
	Lancaster Accommodation
	Mail Train
	Harrisburg Accommodation
i	LEAVE WESTWARD.
	Through Express
	Mail Train
	Fast Line
	Harrisburg Accommodation
	Lancaster Accommodation 8.00 p. n.
i	Emigrant Train 100 a. 11
ı	CLOSING OF MAILS BY RAILROAD
	CLOSING OF MAILS BY RAILROAD

Vay Mail East—For Philadelphia and Intermediat estern Through Mail—For Columbia, Harrisburg, Pitts-purg and Western States, at 01% at the control of the cont western Inrough wait—for columbia, therrisburg, Pitts-burg and Western States, at 9/2 a. m., and 8 p. m. Yay Mail West—For Lundisville, Elizabethiown, Mount Joy, Middletowa, Harrisburg, Lewistown, Huntingdon, Tyrone, Altoona, Hollidaysburg (and Way Mail between Altoona and Pittsburg,) at 9/2 a. m. Scuthern Mail—For Columbia, York, Baltimore, Washing-ton, D. C., and Southern States, at 9/2 a. m. Pittsburg Through Mail, at 1/2 p. m. For Strasburg, via: Camargo-Quarryville, Martinsville, and Now Providence, at 6.45 a. m.

Pittsburg inrough Man, as 172 p. ...
For Strasburg, vis. Camargor Quarryvillo, Martinov and New Providence, at 6.45 a. m.
ARRIVAL OF MAILS BY RAILBOAD.
Through Mail East. ... 11/2 a. m., 101/2 a. m., and 21/2 m., 101/2 a. m., 101/2 a. m., 101/2 a.

CLOSING OF MAILS ON THE STAGE ROUTES.

For Reading, via: Neffsville, Litiz, Roth-ville, Ephrata, Reamstown, Adamstown and Gougiersville, daily, at 8 a. n.
or Lebanon, via: East Hempfield, Mauheim, White Oak,
Mount Hope and Cornwall, daily, at 2 p. n.
or Millerwille and Slackwater, Tri-weekly, Tuesday Phursday and Saturday, at 1 p. m. r Safe Harbor, Tri-weekly, Tuesday. Thursday and Satl p. m. own, via: Landis Valley, Oregon, West Earl, ersville, Tri-weekly, Tuesday, Thursday and arday, at 2 p. in.
aradise, via: Greenland and Soudersburg, daily, at

2 p. m. or Lampeter, daily, at 2 p. m. or New Holland, via: Binkley's Bridge, Leacock, Bareville, Beartown, Bowmansville and Muddy Creek, Tri-weekly, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 12 m. or Phenixville, via: New Holland, Blue Ball, Goodville, Churchtown, Morgantown, Honeybrook, Chester Springs, and Kimberton, Tri-weekly, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 12 m. or Port Deposit, Md., via: Willow Street, Smithville, Buck, Chesnut Leage Green, Pleasant Grave, Rock Springs, Md. reen, Pleasant Grove, Rock Springs, Md.; lle, Md., Tri-weekly, Monday, Wednes-

and Rowlandsville, Md., Tri-weekly, Monday, Wednes-day and Friday, at 6 a.m. or Colebrook, via: Swarr's Mill, Old Line, Sporting Hill and Mastersonville, Semi-weekly, Monday and Friday. and Mastersonville, Semi-weekly, Monday and Friday, at 0 a. m. For Vogansville and Terre Hill, Tri weekly, Monday, Thurday and Saturday, at 2 p. m. For Liberty Square, via: Conestoga, Marticville, Colemanville, Mount Nebo, Bethesda and Rawlinsville, Semi-weekly, Tuesday and Saturday, at 1 p. m. For New Danville, weekly, Wednesday, at 9 a. m. Office hours, from 7 a. m. to 8 p. m. On Sunday, from 9 to 10 a. m.

Office h to 10 a. u age to California, Oregon and Washington Territories, 10 cents.
Letters, alleged to be valuable, will be registered, and a receipt given therefor, on application and payment of the registration fee of five cents, in addition to the regular

postage.

All letters are required to be pre-paid with stamps before they can be mailed.

H. B. Swarr, Postmaster. More Club Violence—Riot in the Sixth WARD-No ARRESTS .- On Tuesday night about half-past eleven o'clock, a party of young men hailing from the 7th ward, after participating in the ward meeting of the American party, which took place during the early part of the evening at the Lafayette engine house, made an attack upon the Ashland club house, kept by Richard Prvor, on Little McElderry street, near Aisquith. eral persons were sitting in front of Pryor's house, when the party came down the street, rallying under the cry of "Pioneers." Necks," and crying "Oh you Seventh Ward ers." They had a drum and fife, and tin kettles and pans, and "made night hideous' with their noise. On reaching Prvor's house, they made an indiscriminate parties present, during which fire-arms and oricks were freely used. Pryor and his frie retreated into the house, and opened a brisk fire upon the assailants with revolvers, but it is not known whether any damage was done. Mrs. Pryor was struck on the forehead with brick, which inflicted a severe but not dangerous wound. The rabble then left Pryor's and proceeded into Aisquith street, and, in passing the southeast corner of McElderry and Aisquith streets, a musket was discharged by one of the crowd into the win

dow of the house of a Mr. Donohue. wife was engaged at the time, with an infant in her arms, in closing the shutters, and her son, James Donohue, 17 years of age, was standing behind his mother. One of the balls passed close to Mrs. Donohue's arm, causing a flesh wound, while two balls passed through young Donohue's right arm, and a third entered his right temple and lodged in the read. As soon as shot the lad ran adjoining room and fell to the floor. Hartman was called in and dressed wounds, but was not able to remove the ball. Young Donohue is in a critical condition. party of rowdies then continued on their march without any interruption on the part of the police, or a single arrest being made or even attempted.

or even attempted.

A young man named Robert Bush was next assaulted near Belair market by a portion of the gang. He was knocked down with a slung shot and would have been badly beaten, if not killed, if one of the party had not recognized him as an acquaintance and compelled his companions to desist. - Bultimore Exchange.

the Nashv lle papers mentioned that the venerable and Rev. Joshua Soule, D. D., Senior Bishop of the Methodist Episcopal Church. South, was very ill, and it was feared would not be able to resume the active duties of his We learn, however, that the Bishop has recovered his usual health, and is now on a visit to his relatives in Ohio. On Saturday, July 30th he was at Lebanon near Cincinnati, and preached a funeral sermon on the and thanked God for their deliverance. death of an old friend. The next Sunday, the 31st, he again preached, his sermon occupying one hour and twenty minutes. His subject was the Prodigal Son. Some of his McKendree, George, and others, were very touching. "Sixty years ago," said the Bishop, rom the land-owners along the proposed route, east of on the 5th of January last, I left my father's home to begin the work of a Methodist travel ing preacher, and this day, July 31st, I close the 78th year of my life.' He spoke with his usual distinctness and compass of voice suffi cient to make himself heard by a large congregation.

Something for Epicures .- A writer in one of the London magazines has been discussing the subject of human food and drink. It apnears that on account of the fat and oil conained in the brain and liver, of animals, they are unsuited for delicate stomachs, especially when fried. Kidneys are very tough and difficult of digestion. Tripe is an excellent od, containing a large proportion of albumen and fibrine, and requiring no more than an hour for its digestion. Much evidence is brought forward to show that horseflesh is both palatable and wholesome. It is now regularly offered for sale in Austria, Bol Saxony, Hanover, Switzerland and Belgium. It is stated that the most fastidious epid cannot distingush between horse meat and ox meat, when both are cooked alike. certainly nutritious. The more oily varieties are the least digestible. Eggs are very nutriwhen posched or lightly tious, especially boiled; when boiled hard or fried they are difficult of digestion.

ABUSE OF THE PRESIDENT. The political campaign recently terminated some of the most important States of the Union was marked by a peculiar acerbity on the part of the opposition towards the Presi lent of the United States. Now that the battle is over, we doubt not that some of the more reputable orators and editors would feel no little shame, if not disgust, at their own absurd and truculent charges, if they could be revived to their memories in calm and That stump-spouters, reflecting moments. slang whangers at bar-rooms, Washington correspondents, et id genus omne, should indulge in these silly, extravagant, and notoriously fictitious diatribes against the Chief Magistrate of the country, is only a course. But when we find grave matter of legislators descending to the same low system of defamation, and attempting to give charac-

ter and elevation to what only belongs to the

common sewer of rancorous and malignant

abuse, it is proper that we should call the

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attention of the people to such conduct and stigmatize it as it deserves. It is in the highest degree creditable to the friends of the Administration, and to the journals which uphold and defend them, that they have not retaliated in the same spirit upon the leaders of the opposition, though retorts in abundance were both cogent and at hand. But most particularly have the forbearance, the relenting nature, and the magnanimity of President Buchanan himself been manifested in restrained his more zealous friends from overwhelming his personal assailants with proofs of the tergiversation, the inconsistencies, and the interested motives of the latter. In this respect the course of the President stands out in marked and noble contrast to that of the factious aspirants who prompt, countenance, and even directly utter the most atrocious and indefensible accusations against his principles and his Administration West Chester Jeffersonian.

SINGULAR LYNCHING AFFAIR.-We learn from the Laporte (Indiana) Union that a remarkably singular lynching affair occurred in South Bend on Friday night last. A woman of bad repute was tarred and feathered by women, assisted by two men, and one of the men was afterwards whipped by the citistern Through Mail - For Philadelphia, New York and zens for taking part in an affair that belonged entirely to the women. Here is the story: She had opened a regular assignation house

and attempted to ensuare every one who came within the pale of her endeavors. procedure on her part became too bold and defiant for the more respectable portion of the citizens to endure any longer. They became exasperated, and on Friday took the in their own hands. The ladies to the number of about two hundred assembled, and resolved to avenge their wrongs and protect their daughters from the wiles and snares of this vile resort. They congregated near the new bridge about ten o'clock, and the victim of their revenge being there also, they attacked her, stripping off her clothing, applied to her carcase a liberal coat of tar, then rolled her in a sack of feathers and let her go. But we are informed that the excitement, which was already intense throughout the town, wa still higher after the ladies had raised erformed their task and retired to their homes. It became noised about that two young men had volunteered, during the hottes 3 p. m.
For Litts, via: Neffaville, daily, 2 p. m.
For Marietta, via: Hempfield and Silver Spring, Tri-weekly.
Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 6 a. m.
For Strasburg, via: Fertility and Wheatland Mills, daily at just before the goat of tar and feathers was applied-one held her while the other did the When the male portion of the shearing. pulation became knowing to this fact, they in their turn were exasperated and resolved to lynch them for interfering in a matter that they thought belonged entirely to the ladies They started in pursuit of numbers, and they ran as if for dear life. -One of them was soon overtaken, made fast and the lash was about to be applied, as we are informed, when the Marshal interfered with a posse and rescued him from their attack The other one outran the crowd. and So ends the chapter. up to last accounts had not been heard from

WHOLESALE INCENDIARISM AND ATTEMPTED MURDER-A STORE AND NINE BARNS BURNT. -A villain named Henry Chapman set on fire and destroyed no less than nine barns and one store on Monday night, the 8th inst., on the road from Preston city, (Ct.,) to North Stonington, and attempted to shoot a young man named Charles Wheeler. The Norwich (Ct.) Bulletin of Wednesday, recapitulates the losses, which amount to about \$10,500. The eighth barn fired was that of Mr. Eatham.— Bulletin savs

The ninth and last was Eleazer Wheeler's his own father in law, half a mile beyond, in the edge of North Stonington; loss \$300. Mr. Wheeler's son Charles immediate immediately remarked, on seeing Mr. Latham's barn o fire. "That is some of Henry Chapman's work," and soon the flames burst out from Mr. Wheeler's barn. While they were carrying water to extinguish the fire in the bar one of the boys discovered Chapman at the corner of the house attempting to set fire to some dry brush lying against the house. He immediately gave the alarm. Mr. Wheeler ran into the house and took down a loaded fowling piece, to be used if occasion required. Charles seized an axe, and both rushed to the back door. Chapman was a little distance off, cursing and uttering threats against the whole family. Charles took the gun from his father's hand and fired at him, but the cap only exploded. Chapman then said with a oath, 'There, your gun's missed; now I've got you.' Charles immediately ran in and primed the gun, and Chapman went round in front of the house. Mr. Wheeler followed him, and Chapman drew a pistol on him. By this time Charles had his gun ready,

and punched out a light of glass in a second

story window, fired at Chapman, and he

supposes lodged a charge of shot in his thigh, as he staggered and almost fell down. Cha man then snapped his pistol twice at the head of Mr. Wheeler, but missed fire both times, and then turned and ran off. Mr. struck at him with the axe when he attempted to fire, but just missed him. Mr. Wheeler followed him on the run twenty or thirty rods, but Chapman was too fleet of foot for him. and escaped through a corn field to the woods, but on Wednesday he was found dead about a mile from the house of Mr. Wheeler. nearly one hundred shot wounds on his body. Henry Chapman was thirty-two years of ge. Some ten years ago be married a age. daughter of Mr. Eleazer Wheeler. His conduct was such that, five years ago, she was compelled, for her own safety to peace" against him. During the five years after his marriage he was very intemperate, and when drunk was ugly and dangerous .-His disposition, at all times bad, was made worse by liquor. For the past five years his VENERABLE BISHOP.—Some weeks ago her three children, has stayed at her father's house. He has loafed about Preston and Norwich lately. On Saturday last his wife served a petition for divorce, and Chapman returned from Noank on Monday in a perfect

> of that vicinity, when the news of his death became generally known, "drew a long breath Correspondence of the Baltimore Sun.

rage against his wife, her family, and every

body else. Out of nure revenge he applied

the torch to the barns referred to

Annapolis, August 13. The marriage ceremony between James allusions to his early ministerial life, the Buchanan Henry, Esq., late private secretary of President Buchanan and Miss Mary H Nicholson, the beautiful and accomplished daughter of Colonel Joseph H. Nicholson, of this city, was performed on Tuesday last, by the Rev. Edward Yates Buchanan, of Penn sylvania, a brother of the President of the United States and the uncle of the groom. There were present on the occasion the accomplished Miss Lane, Mr. and Mrs. Secretary Thompson and other distinguished persons from Wash ington, the Eastern shore of the State and elsewhere. Among them were Mr. Collector Schell, of New York, and many other friends of the parties. couple left for New York city on Wednesday.

THE APPLE CROP.—The Doylestown Demo crat speaks from the fat county of Bucks, in

cheering tones, as follows: "The prospect of the apple crop the present year is flattering, and has not been better With occasional excep for several seasons. tions the orchards are loaded down with fruit which promises to be of a good quality. The accounts from other quarters are equally flattering; and the New Jersey papers particularly felicitate themselves upon the abcrop the orchards promise. Apples are almost as much a necessity in the family as potatoes. and when the crop fails their loss is felt, and delicious pies and luscious dumplings, become a thing of the past. This year, are happy to state, there will be no such de-