DEMOCRATIC STATE NOMINATIONS AUDITOR GENERAL: RICHARDSON L. WRIGHT, Philads.

SURVEYOR GENERAL: JOHN ROWE, Franklin.

IS IT ANY WONDER: The German population of the north-western States are indignant-and justly so-at the Black Republicans of Massachusetts for degrading the white foreigners of that ancient Commonwealth below the level of the negro, as they have done in their recent amendment to the Constitution. In that State a white man who happens to have been born on the other side of the Atlantic, must reside five years, under the general law of Congress, before he can become naturalized; and, in additon, two years longer-making seven years in all, after he lands upon our shoresbefore he can exercise the right of suffragea right, to use the language of the Declaration of Independence, inestimable to freemen, and formidable to tyrants only. But this is not the worst feature of the Massachusetts law. The Republicans, who have the entire sway in all the departments of the government of that State, have not only degraded the white man in the way we have stated, but the negro is there elevated by giving him the right of suffrage upon one year's residence, provided he is a property holder to a small amount! Thus, then, the white German or Irishman may spend his time and money, may acquire property, and add to the general wealth of the State-may even assist in fighting the battles of his adopted country, as very many of them have done in the past-and yet, for seven long years, he is deprived of one of the dearest rights of an American citizens; whilst the miserable negro who escapes from a Southern master, or, it may be, has been brought from Africa within a year or two previous by some Yankee trader, and who is never called upon to take up arms in defence of the country, or bear any of the burdens of government, or add in any way to the wealth of the community, is only required to reside one short year in the State, previous to an election, to give him the right to vote, if

otherwise qualified! No wonder, then, that the German population of the north-west-those hardy and industrious men who fell the forests and cultivate the soil of that prolific region of our country-should feel themselves insulted and degraded by the action of the Black Republi can Know Nothing party of Massachusetts; and no marvel that they, in common with all our adopted citizens every where-Irish, English, Scotch, French, &c., &c.,-should turn, with loathing and disgust, from the foul embrace of these negro-loving, American Republican Yankees of New England, and eschew forever the infamous party whom they so fitly

#### THE "PEOPLE'S PARTY."

The Black Republicans, 'yelep'd the People's County Convention, met in Fulton ton and Daniel C. Mourer.

The delegates are also instructed to "oppose any call, at the present time, for a National Convention to nominate a candidate for President, and all agitation of the Presidential question, as to conventions or candidates."

The adoption of this resolution is evidently intended as a hit at Gen. CAMERON, who, it is well known, is hard at work to get the Black Republican party committed to his Presidential aspirations. There is fun ahead, and no mistake!

### FROM THE SEAT OF WAR.

With singular perversity, rather annoying to honest people at a distance, who are anxious to behold "the beginning of the end,' the confronting armies in Northern Italy seem determined not to engage in mortal combat until they are ready. When the belligerants were last heard from, the Austrians were H. Muhlenberg, Reading, and W. A. Wysong, slowly retiring from the Ticino, for the purpose, probably, of selecting their own ground for the engagement, and also awaiting the arrival of their Emperor to take the command in person.

All the norts of Austria in the Adriatic are blockaded by French men of war. An attack on Venice was apprehended, and the authorities were making preparations for a vigorous

Such is the substance of the last news from the seat of war. The next arrival may, possibly, bring us intelligence of a great battle having been fought. We must wait, as patiently as we can, for the tale of blood and carnage which cannot much longer be delayed. THE WAR COMMENCED.

After the above was in type, the following important news, received by the Steamer City of Washington, came to hand:

We have important news from Europe today, by the steamer City of Washington, ted off Cape Race. The first battle has been fought between the allied armies and the Austrians, in which the latter have been defeated. The battle was fought on the 21st ult., at Montebello, between 15,000 Austrians. Stadion, on the one side, and 6 000 or 7 000 French and a regiment of Sardinian cavalry, under Gen. Forey, on the other. The battle continued during four hours, when the Astrians retreated behi the Po, leaving, it is reported, 1,500 or 2,000 dead upon the field. The French loss is said to be between 600 and 700, including many officers. A number of Austrians were taken prisoners, and had been forwarded to Mar-The King of Naples is dead, and his successor, Francis II, occupies the throne.— There are reports of differences between Lord Palmerston and Lord John Russell, and the defeat of the Derby ministry at an early day is predicted. The London money market was easy, and consols on the 25th were quoted at 91% a 92, for both money and account—an improvement of one half per cent. At Liverpool the cotton market was dull, but without hange in prices. The breadstuffs marke was dull, but the prices remained unchanged The provision market was quiet.

## SOMETHING NEW.

Bishop Potter, of Pennsylvania, recently officiated at religious services, held at the residence of the American Legation at Rome, Rev. Mr. Leacock, of Mobile, Alabama, and Rev. Mr. Clements, of Trenton, New Jersey, of confirmation to five persons, among whom was a young English nobleman, the Duke of St. Albans. This was the first time an American Bishop ever administered confirmation in

POSTMASTER APPOINTED. N. B. BROWNE, Esq., formerly State Senator, has been appointed, by the President, Post-Westcott, Esq., removed.

THE PRESIDENT IN N. CAROLINA. The President left Washington on Monday

week, accompanied by the Hon. Jacob Thompson, Secretary of the Interior, on a visit to the University of North Carolina. Upon their arrival at Weldon in that State, on Tuesday, they were formally welcomed by Governor Ellis and ex Governor Bragg, who, ecompanied by several other distinguished itizens and two volunteer military companie rom Raleigh and Wilmington, had proceeded thither to welcome their eminent guests, who were received in the presence of a large concourse of spectators.

The remarks on the occassion were brief and appropriate, and those of the President will attract the more interest from their announcement of his wish to retire to private life at the close of his present term of office. After Gov. Ellis' address Mr. Buchanan said:

"I reciprocate with all my heart the cordial welcome I have just received from the citizens f North Carolina. I have long contemplated visit to your great and fruitful State, but been able to do so till now. I must have come now or not at all, for the age will have attained when my term shall have ended, and when I shall go into retirement s that at which man is warned to remain at rest and prepare for that great event which

"I have always admired this State. It is conservative, and while the fire of y burns as brightly in the bosoms of North Carolinians as in the hearts of any of the inhabitants of this Union, the love of law and order are equally prevalent. Liberty, as cherished by all parties in North Care becomes a great civil blessing, unmixed, as it is, with lawlessness, which would make it

'The Governor has spoken of me as a supporter of the Constitution and the Union, and he has spoken truly. I ever expect to be. As long as this great charter of liberty remains unimpaired, we shall be the greates and the happiest people in the world. But let it be battered, and we become the scorn of the world and the hope of tyrants. Thank God, there is no danger to it from North Car olina, for while she may have had her differences in politics, she has never wavered on the great question of the Constitution. God bless the Old North State!"

At the close of the President's speech ex Governor Bragg, in a cordial address, welcomed Mr. Secretary Thompson, a native North Carolinian, who briefly and eloquently replied. The ceremonies at Weldon were then closed with a national air from the band; and, after a few minutes rest, the party. including the military companies, took a special train of cars for Raleigh where they safely arrived in the evening. The address of welcome at Raleigh was delivered by the Hon. Daniel M. Barringer, and was replied to both by the President and Mr. Thompson.

LUTHERAN GENERAL SYNOD. The General Synod of the Lutheran Church in the United States commenced its nineteenth biennial session on the 19th of May. ultimo, at Pittsburg in this State. After transacting a considerable amount of business relative to the temporal affairs of the Church in this country, the Synod adjourned. There was a large attendance at this meeting, representing nearly every part of the Union, and including in its numbers representatives from twenty-four Synod. The session was opened by a sermon from Rev. Dr. Harkey, of Illinois, President of the last Synods. In the course of his sermon, the Rev. gentleman proceeded a give a brief historical sketch of Lutheranism in the United States, from which we learn that in October, 1820, eleven ministers and a few laymen met in Hagerstown, Maryland, to organize the General Synod. Thirty-nine years have passed, and now we have 160 dele

Hall, on Wednesday last, and elected the gates, representing twenty-five Synodical following named gentlemen delegates to their | Districts. At the first organization there were contemplated State Convention, with instruct but 170 Ministers, 5 Synodical Districts, and tions to support the nomination of Thomas E. about 25,000 communicants in the Union; COCHRAN, Esq., (the editor of Mr. Stevens' now there are about 800 Ministers, 150,000 organ in this City,) for Auditor General, viz: communicants and ten Districts not repre-O. J. Dickey, Samuel Slokom, John A. sented in the General Synod. After the Hiestand, James Mehaffey, William Hamil- sermon, the Rev. C. W. Schæffer, D. D., of Germantown, Pa., was elected President; Prof. M. L. Stever, of Gettysburg, Secretary; Hon. P. S. Michler, of Philadelphia, Treasurer, Rev. W. Baum, of Winchester, Virginia, Assistant Secretary. An attempt was made to exclude the venerable Dr. Kurtz, of Baltimore, from the Synod, but after a sharp debate the Dr. triumphed over his opponents, as he generally does over those who strike at him, and was admitted by a vote of 92 yeas to 28

> The Syned was in session seven days, and adjourned to meet in this city, on the 16th of May, 1861. Previous to adjourning, Rev. Kurtz was elected President of the Home Missionary Society and Rev. Dr. McCron, Corresponding Secretary. A Hymn Book Committee was appointed, consisting of Dr. Luther, Philadelphia; John J. Cochran, this city; J. Sulger, Philadelphia; Dr. H.

HON. WILLIAM B. REED.

A large meeting of merchants and others ssembled at the Board of Trade Rooms. Philadelphia, on Tuesday evening last, to hear an address from Hon, William B. Reed, late Minister to China. - Mr. REED made an elaborate speech, in which the course he had pursued in China was seviewed at length, and the accusations of the London Times replied He ably defended the course of our Government in refusing to unite with France and England in waging war upon China. Throughout his whole diplomatic career in that country he cordially co-operated with the Russian Minister, and although at times he was unable to act in harmony with the French and English ministers, yet no positive illfeeling was engendered.

Mr. Reed considers the residence of foreign Ministers at Peking undesirable, and claims that the treaty he formed will be found highly advantageous to American interests. He spoke in high terms of the beneficial influence exercised by the Missionaries, and rejoiced that his treaty contained important provisions

### for their protection in China.

VIRGINIA ELECTION. The State election in Virginia, notwith standing the numerous reports of the Opposition press to the contrary, has resulted in a glorious Democratic triumph. Hon. John LETCHER is chosen Governor by about 5,000 majority, and the rest of the candidates on the State ticket are elected by similar or even Districts, save one, have elected Democratic Representatives. The exception is the Eighth District, where Mr. Boteler (Op.) has beaten Hon. C. J. Faulkner (Dem.) by a small majority. The legislature will be largely Democratic in both branches.

Old Virginia cannot be swerved from her steadfast allegiance to Democratic principles. She was hard run in 1840, when Van Buren's majority was only 1400, and in 1848, when Gen. Cass had about 1500 majority; but still she kept the glorious old flag flying at her mast-head, and was then, and still is, one of the few States of the Union whose back has assisting. The Bishop administered the rites never been turned to the enemy. God bless the "Old Dominion."

> A fire at Jersey City on Wednesday. destroyed the steam ferry boat John S. Darcey, worth \$60,000, and partially burned the New Price 25 cents each. Jersev Railroad Depot.

Our government at Washington has already received the first instalment of \$100.- State Convention will assemble at Harrisburg master of Philadelphia, in place of G. G. | 000 of the debt due us under the Chinese treaty negotiated by Mr. Reed.

THE BOLTER'S FAILURE.

The attempt upon the part of a few disap cinted gentlemen, to transfer the Anti Lecompton Democracy over to the Republicans with but little sympathy among th ded men who have for The right mine masses. years battled against the heresies of our opponents, are not willing to be driven like cattle to the shambles of Black Republi canism. Everywhere throughout the State, there seems to be an almost unanimous cor demnation of the insane policy which led zation, and the regular State ticket.

these bolters to repudiate the regular organi he exception of four or five papers in the State, these men have no mouthpieces, if we except the Opposition editors who loudly praise their actions, and whose commendation is a censure with all true Democrats. Whenever we find Republicans and Know endorsing the political action o Nothings professed Democrats, we are disposed to smell 'nigger in the woodpile."

In the above the Greensburg Democrat expresses the opinion of more than nine tenths of the Democracy of this State. The movement of the Disorganizers is sinking daily into more profound contempt. It had a most disastrous beginning at Harrisburg, and ended at Altoona in the most pitiful confession of weakness, the leaders concluding that there was not vitality enough in the organization to nominate State ticket.

The Democratic party has frequently taught ambitious men who were once among her leaders, how powerless they are when they attempt to betray her. Swimming with the tide, they have imagined themselves proprietors of the party, able to influence or control its destiny. But when they try to turn the tide, they find to their sorrow that it flows on notwithstanding all their spluttering and splashing. So many warnings of this kind would have taught the the leaders of this movement some caution had they not been blinded by disappointment or determined to signalize their apostacy by inflicting as much injury as possible upon the party that gave them their short lived consequence. They are already so well known and so heartily despised by the Democracy of the State that it is something like speaking ill of the dead to bestow upon their movement even a parting kick .- Patriot,

"WHEN ROGUES FALL OUT !" &c. The opposition in Kansas, now that the pro-slavery pressure is removed, are beginning to form parties among themselves, which threaten as much bitterness toward one another as was ever exhibited by the slavery and anti slavery parties. Governor Robinson, of Topeka memory, bears very strong testimony against the Abolition portion of the party with which he is associated. In a recent letter to the Lawrence Herald of Freedom he notices the fact, witnessed by himself, "of peaceable, law abiding and well disposed Free-State men, guilty of no crime, so far as it is known, set upon in the streets of Lawrence, shouted at, brickbatted, stoned, fired at and robbed. After the robbery had been finished the affair was claimed by the leader of the in accordance with the Republican 'princi bed" if he did not leave Lawrence. His letter off the corpse of the Kansas nigger.

closes in the following style: "I am told that these republican ruffians originated the call for the Republican Con vention at Osawatomie, and that it is their in rule in the past and mob laws in the future. If such be the fact, if to be a Republican must endorse theft, robbery, murder and as essination I prefer to be something else than a Republican. If no other Republican organization offers, I will calmly look on, as did large numbers of the Democrats while the order ruffians were running their party to de struction. My motto has been, for years, Free Soil, Free Men, Free Speech, and law, order and good government, and I am not yet prepared to exchange it for rapine murder and

That is pretty strong talk for a leader against the brethren. The bleeding that Kansas now suffers is caused by the Republicans, in accordance with Republican principles."

THE PRESIDENT & THE MORMONS. Attorney General Black, under the instruc tion of the President, has replied to the joint letter of the Utah Judges on the subject of the military force with which the Court for the second district, was attended during the term recently held at Provo City. He says it is very probable that the Mormons have been guilty of crimes for which they deserve the severst punishment, and that it is not intended by the government to let any one escape against whom the proper proofs can be produced. With that view the District Attorney has been instructed to use all possible diligence in bringing criminals of every class and of all degrees to justice. The usual and established modes of dealing with public offenders must be exhausted before any others are adopted. On the whole, the President is very decidedly of the opinion, first, that the Governor of the Territory alone has power to issue a requisition upon the commanding General for the whole or part of the army; second, that there was no apparent occasion for the presence of the troops at Provo; third that if a rescue of the prisoners in custody had been attempted, it was the duty of the Marshal, and not of the Judge, to summon the force which might be necessary to prevent it: fourth, that the troops aught not to have been sent to Provo without the concurrence of the Governor, nor kept there against his remonstrance; fifth, that the disregard of these principles and rules of action has been in

### many ways extremely unfortunate.

WILLIAM FLINN, ESQ. Doing Business in a Business Way.-In the course of the past year, the Navy Agent at this point has disbursed upwards of a million of dollars on Government account. in payments great and small, and every one of thousand vouchers have been passed by the accounting officers of the Treasury, just rendered by him. This fact embraces proof that the affairs of his responsible office are conducted with business tact and fidelity, making it clear indeed that he and his corps of assistants are valuable public officers.

The foregoing notice of the business like manner in which the highly responsible post of Navy Agent, at the City of Washington, is attended to by the present worthy incumbent, WILLIAM FLINN, Esq., we clip from the Washington Star.

Mr. FLINN is a model officer-honest and larger majorities. All the Congressional urbanity and courtesy to all who have business with his department, he has won their esteem and confidence, and the "latch string" of his door is always out when his numerous friends call to see him. The notice above shows conclusively that the President did considered good authority by the Opposition wisely and well in selecting him for that im-

portant office. THE EDITORS' BOOK TABLE. THE FOREIGN REVIEWS.—We are indebted to Mes Sprenger & Westhaeffer, of 44 North Queen street, for the terly-also for the May numbers of the North British Raview and Blackwood's Edinburg Magazine. These work are all re-printed and re-published by Leonard Scott & Co. New York. The political article of the London Quarterly, in the

umber,-"Foreign Affairs-War in Italy"-will be read with more than usual interest at the present time, as it "THE ABBOT" and "THE ANTIQUARY"-Two of Sin Walter Scott's celebrated Novels-have been received from T. R. Peterson & Bros., 306 Chesnut street, Philadelphia.

A REPUBLICAN GATHERING. The Opposition-alias Black Republicanon to morrow, to nominate candidates for Auditor General and Surveyor General.

INTERESTING FROM WASHINGTON, CITY AND COUNTY AFFAIRS.

Washington, June 1.-Application has been made to the French government, in the event that Germany becomes involved in the present war in Europe, and the German ports are blockaded, to permit steamers carrying and from Bremen and Hamburg, in the same with evergreens and flowers, displaying much taste of manner as we permitted the English mail part of the Committee of Arrangements and their steamers to enter and depart from Vera Cruz

during the war with Mexico.

The President recently, in alluding to the harge that his visit to North Carolina was green no doubt the work of fair and skilful hands. with a view to a nomination for a second term, said that nothing was further from his inten tion than this, and he would avail himself of the first opportunity publicly to disabuse the minds of those who suspected him of having any design to become again a candidate for

the Presidency.

Despatches to the Secretary of the Navy ender it certain that slavers bound to several Southern States are now on the coast of Africa. Their cargoes are expected to arrive this Fall n Mississippi and Texas.
The frigate Sabine will return to Brazil,

oin the Mediterranean squadron. The Cabinet met yesterday, but did not attempt to do anything except routine business is stated as a remarkable fact, that although it was long ago known that Post-master Westcott, of Philadelphia, would be removed, there were no applicants for the ten gentlemen had, however, been metioned in that connection to the President, who, when he appointed Mr. Browne, was not certain of his christian name, but afterwards ascertained it through a

political friend. A HIT TOO GOOD TO BE LOST .- Bill Polk, as he is familiarly called in Tennessee, is a man of decided wit and humor. He seems to be disgusted with the eternal agitation of the nigger question, and does not appear to have much respect for the good sense of the agitators. The Franklin (Tennessee) Review relates the following "good one" of him:

A good story is told of Bill Polk, in connection with his canvass with Thomas for Thomas had spoken first at Shelbyville and as is now the case with nearly all anti-Democratic speakers and writers, thought to make great capital out of the nigger He spoke long and loudly about question. Kansas and Lecompton; in fact, he spoke of nothing else. At the close of his speech Polk arose, and with that peculiar comical look which he knows so well how to assume, he called loudly for the Sheriff of Bedford County. No response, and again Bill called at the top of his lungs, Mr. Sheriff; I say Mr. Sheriff, come here.

Presently the Sheriff appeared and asked

what he wanted. I want, says Polk, a coroner's jury summoned immediately. My competitor has found a dead carcass. here in this room. The Kansas-Nebraska bill has been dead for two years; it is fast becom ing putrid, and I want an inquest held over i so that it may be decently buried. It needless to say that the nigger speech Thomas was very effectually killed by this unexpected sally of Bill Polk.

The truth is, there is a general, almost universal, demand for a coroner's jury to hold an inquest over the dead and putrid carcass of Kansas, and the nigger question. While yet there was life in it, every particle of party nutriment had been extracted, "sucked dry mob to be a brilliant Republican manœuvre, as a husk," and it is high time a verdict was brought in, "died of exhaustion, &c., &c., ples." He also says he was told by "a peace | and decomposition has so far progressed that officer" that he was "in danger of being rob | it is impossible to identify the body." Bear

TERRIBLE TRAGEDY .- A shocking tragedy occurred in Cincinnati, on Wednesday week. A man named Richard Mahone, the father of tention to make that convention endorse mob three children, was deliberately shot and killed at a public house, by John W. Clawson, who was immediately arrested. The Commercial thus details the circumstances which led to the deed: Clawson is a young man, not probably over

> all to have occurred from an unfortunate marriage. Six years ago he led to the altar young and beautiful girl of Philadelphia.— The marriage was opposed by his and her friends. The objections urged were their ges-she not fifteen, while he wanted three years before attaining his majority. Despite the warnings of friends, they eloped and the warnings of friends, they eloped and were married clandestinely. They came to his city, and for two years their lives were but at last the tempter invaded the happy, sanctity of their home, and the girl-though a mother still a girl-again eloped, not as a wife but as a mistress. She was soon for saken by her seducer, and writing to her who still cherished for his erring wife an unaltered affection, a penitent letter ne received her again, with all her imperfec tions. Two more years rolled away, she performing in the interim the duties of a wife and mother in their fullest sense, the dark spot on their marriage existence was almost forgotten, when a fiend more arch than the first, ingratiated himself into their house hold, and succeeded in alluring her from the path of honor. This was the man whom the husband killed. For a time stolen interviews were had, but of late the twain have lived together publicly as man and mistress.

SURETIES OF COUNTY TREASURERS. The following law, passed by the last Legis-

lature, we publish for public information :-AN ACT relative to Suretics of County Treasurers. Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Common wealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authorit of the same, That whenever any count treasurer within this commonwealth shall fai to pay to the commonwealth, on demand being made, the balance found to be due by him upon settlement of his account by the General and State Treasurer. petition may be presented to the court of common pleas of the county wherein the said treasurer may reside, at the instance of the Attorney General, or one or more of the sureties of said county treasurer, praying for his dismissal from office, on account of said Upon the presentation of said default. the said court shall enter a rule upon said county treasurer, to appear on a day certain, to show cause why he should not be removed from said office; of which due notice shall be given to said county treasurer.

Section 2. That upon the hearing of said rule, if it shall be made to appear to the satisfaction of said court that the said officer is in default for the non-payment of money due the Commonwealth, forthwith make a decree dismissing him from the said office; and upon receiving a certified copy of the said decree, the commissioners the proper county shall immediately fill the vacancy thereby created, until the next general election, by the appointment of a mitable person, who shall give bond in such

amount and with such sureties as shall be ordered and approved by the court of quarter essions of the proper county: Provided, That the sum so found due be paid at any time before such decree is made, it shall discharge he proceedings.

NOT DEAD YET! A little while ago we were told by all the intelligent, competent and deserving. By his Black Republican papers, in and out of Pennsylvania, that the Democratic party was annihilated, dead and buried; but it would nevertheless, seem to have some vitality left, according to the New York Tribune of last week. That paper (and Greely is always

party) says:

all the violent distractions of the Democracy, and their seemingly hopeless divisions in particular sections, the party will present a united front after the nomination at Charles ton, and it will require the harmonious and concerted action of the whole Opposition to secure success in 1860." AN ACCOMMODATING WIFE.-The Augusta

"Nothing is more certain than that, with

(Ga.) Dispatch relates the death of a man in that county under the most horrible circum He was intoxicated, and told hi wife he intended to kill himself. She seconded the proposition, and aided him in getting a rope over a beam in the house, and in getting it around his neck. She then knocked the chair from under him and he fell, breaking his neck. His wife immediately ran away and had not been apprehended.

The Fulton Democrat runs up the name of Hon. John C. Breckinridge as its choice for President in 1860.

THE DIAGNOTHIAN ANNIVERSARY .- It was our good fortune to be present at the 24th Anniversary of the "Lancaster City Exchange," for \$18,000. We under the Diagnothian Literary Society, held at Fulton Hall, on Monday evening, the 30th ult., and the occasion will not mails of the United States to pass freely to soon be forgotten. The siage was beautifully decorated with evergreens and flowers, displaying much taste on the friends. The banner of the Society, neatly trimmed, hung over the stage, while above all appeared the Society's seal motto, "Dum licet utere," beautifully worked in living

The Hall was crowded with a select and attentive audience. As on all similar occasions, the Goddess Beauty (which has so often told with crushing effect on hearts of stone) reigned sunrems. The order which prevailed was remarkably good; no shrill whistle of an ill-bred bey or worse-bred man ventured to annoy speakers or aud The gentlemen of the committee deserve praise for their efforts in this respect, as well as for their politeness and ecommodating spirit. The Fencibles' Band occupied the oncert-room music.

After an appropriate prayer, by the Rev. Mr. STECK. tha Prologue," written for the occasion by Prof. PORTER, Was lelivered by S. S. MILLER, Waynesboro, Pa. It was spoken hough application has been made to have her n a graceful, easy manner, and in a clear, distinct voice. The orator was very successful in bringing out the beauties

> OSEPH D. JOHNSTON, Waynesboro, Pa., was acknowledged to be a very excellent production, and one of the best efforts of the evening. The gentleman proved himself to be a polished writer and deep thinker. His peculiar ner-The Oration, "Mother and Son," by D. EARNEST KLOPP

Hummelstown, Pa., was well spoken. The gentleman has a good voice and was distinctly heard throughout the Hall. endeavored to show the influence of a mother in noulding the character of her son and preparing him for neaful future. He did not, how ver, confine himself stray. The effort was well received. The Essay, by S. B. Moore, of this city, entitled "Repub"

lican Society," was a sound and exceedingly well-written production but the centleman was rather stiff in the elivery, which marred its beauty to a certain degree. Mr. M. is a young gentleman of fine ability, and with a little practice the defect referred to will be remedied.

by P. B. RIDGWAY, Sharpstown, N. J. Although the soil

of New Jersey is sandy and somewhat barren, the speaker showed that the brains of her sous are not unproductive of sound and beautiful thoughts. The oration was creditcultivates his rich, deep voice, he will make a noble orator ne objection was the length of the piece, a fault against which all should guard. "Sir John Howard" received an eloquent tribute to his memory from W. R. Obth, Hummelstown, Pa. His devo-tion to the cause of suffering humanity was depicted in

flowery and fiery language. His style abounds in almost too many flowers of rhetoric, which the gentleman would o well to clip a little. He, like the third speaker, was "I Still Live," was the subject of a neat and beautifully itten oration by W. H. SHEIBLEY, Landisburg, Pa. His

delivery was good, but he, unfortunately, took his position too far back on the stage, which prevented him from being distinctly heard in some parts of the Hall. His manner of speaking is natural and graceful, and displays oratorical WALTER SCOTT DITTO, of Conocheague, Md., closed th

evening's entertainment with an oration. Subject.—"Dum licet utere." It was admitted by all to be a "star perform ance." It was a beautiful and polished production, and delivered in an eloquent and easy manner. The orators of the evening all received numerous tokens of appreciation from the Fair Sex in the form of boquets.—
At the close of some of the orations, they were literally

showered upon the stage. After the benediction, by Prof. APPLE, the audience slowly dispersed, all delighted with the happy manner in which the evening's entertainment had passed off. Success the Diagnothian Literary Society, and may all succeeding Anniversaries pass off as happily, as triumphantly, and as

FUNERAL DISCOURSE ON THE DEATH OF REV. JOHN C. BAKER, D. D .- On Sunday morning last Rev. G F. Krotel preached a funeral discourse, in Trinity Lutheran Church, Duke street, on the death of Rev. John C. BAKER, D. D., from the text-" Behold an Israelite indeed in whom is no guile." The sermon was one of the most able, eloquent and feeling we have ever listened to. The peaker gave a full and exceedingly interesting history of and then made a beautiful application of them to the character of the illustrious dead A more eloquent panegyric we venture to say has never been pronounced in this city. When the speaker referred to the intimate connection of Dr. Baker with Trinity Church, of which he was Pastor for twenty-five years, and his services in various ther capacities in our midst, there was not a heart in the ast congregation unmoved; and in the concluding part twenty four years of age. His troubles seem of the sermon when the closing scenes of his death vere given with an earnestness and feeling which nearly overcame the speaker, scarculy a dry eye was to be obse

The Church, which will hold the most people of any in the city, was literally jammed with members of all tions—a fitting tribute to the memory of one of

THE GERMAN RIFLE SOCIETY .- This efficient organization paraded yesterday in full uniform, and made truly fine appearance. They proceeded to their grounds on the Conestoga, near Witmer's Bridge, and spent the day very pleasantly in the exercises of target shooting, &c They were accompanied by an excellent brass band.

THE DEMCCRATIC NATIONAL PLATFORM. - Dr

JACOB HORLACHER, of New Berlin, Union county, Pa., has presented us with a chart, which is called "The Democratic National Platform." The chart contains very good likenesses of President Buchanan and Vice President Breckin ridge, various passages of Scripture to prove that Slavery is right, &c. The Dr. will lecture in Centre Square this evening, and we advise all our city readers to attend. TRIBUTE OF RESPECT .- At a meeting of the Page Literary Society of the Lancaster County Normal

School the foll-wing resolutions, in reference to the death f Mr. DAVID W. RINEHART, were unanimously adopted: Whereas, Death has removed from our midst our esteemed friend, David W. Riuchart, who has been an active and worthy member of our Society; therefore, be it Resolved. That we deeply sympathize with the relatives of the deceased, who mourn over the grave of a son and brother, the summer of whose life had not yet dawned. Resolved. That the Secretary of this Society be, and is hereby, requested to transmit a copy of these resolutions to the family of the departed, and also to two of the county spaces for nublication.

#### J. A. M. PASSMORE, REBECCA MOORE, SALLIE E. BOLTON, y. Committ

Miss Lillie R. Styer, Secretary. ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.-A Mr. Brown, residing in Eden tawnship, this county, attempted to commi spicide by cutting his throat on Sunday week. He used broad axe, and was only prevented from taking his life by the dullness of the instrument, it not being sufficiently

sharp to separate the jugular vein. RAWLINSVILLE CORRESPONDENCE.

RAWLINSVILLE CORRESPONDENCE.—
RAWLINSVILLE, May 17th, 1859.
Messrs. Editors: Not being accustomed to write for the newspapers, I would ask your numerous readers, in consequence of which, to pass over all mistakes.
On the evening of the 16th inst., we were unexpectedly called on to visit the dying bad of one of our worthy citizens, Brother A. Armstrong, a teacher in a select school in our quiet and thriving village, Rawlinsville; a few bours before his spirit winged its flight to the spirit world he was passing along with his fellows, apparently in usual health; but almost in the twinkling of an eye, his heart ceased to pulsate and he was no more. He was a member of the "Kosciusko Lodge" of the I. O. O F., in Rawlinsville, So soon as his brethren were apprised of the fact of his demise they met together for the purpose of making arrangements to perform their last sad office. It was Resolved. That the brethren follow his remains, in procession, clothed in full regalis, to the burial ground, at Bethesda M. E. Church, and that he be burled in accordance with the ceremony of the Order.

That the brethren follow his remains, in procession, clothed in full regalia, to the burial ground, at Bethesda M. E. Church, and that he be buried in accordance with the ceremony of the Order.

How fully did his brethren realize that Man, in this world of misfortune and care, needed Brothermon. In his hours of darkness and trouble, he requires a friendly hand to cheer and comfort him. So did our brother believe in life, though far from the scenes of his youth, with no fond mother to bathe his aching brow, nor loved ones to shed the sympathizing tear,—with none of his kindred around him to take charge of his lifeless remains,—yet said he, "though, comparatively, in a land of strangers, I know I shall be cared for." He was cared for, the motto of the I. O. O. F. was carried out—Friendship, Love and Truth. On this occasion "strangers" could see a Fraternity whose broad toundation is Uoiversal Brotherhood; which opens it doors of rellef and sympathy to all; which teaches the sacred and sublime sentiments of Friendship and Love, and clothes its adherents with the dignity of Truth.

The N. G. ordered that the Rev. brother J. N. Magee be requested to preach at the funeral. At which time the Rev. brother delivered a very interesting, solemn and impressive discourse, to a large concourse of friends, from these words, "Prepare to meet thy God." He pointed out clearly the great necessity of always being prepared to die. He showed in a clear and lucid manner that it was the duty of all to begin the work then, because of the shortness of life, certainty of death, and the uncertainty of the time when we should be called to exchange worlds. His remarks to the Order were very appropriate and affecting Indeed, they were of such a character as not soon to be forgotten. He uncerringly showed that every Odd Fellow who lived up to the principles laid down, as a rule, to govern and guide us as Odd Fellows, could not help but urge us on to make that necessary preparation. Indeed, every true Odd Fellow is a good man.

The committee a

tribute of respect was paid to our deceased brother, AArmstrong, aged 60 years:
WHEREAS. It has pleased Almighty God in His all-wise
Providence to call our highly-esteemed brother and fellowtownsman, A-Armstrong, to the split world:
Resolved, That we hold in high estimation the virtues,
fidelity and general character of this praiseworthy brother
of the I. O. O. F.
Resolved, That Kosciusko Lodge has lost a worthy member, and our village a worthy citizen.
Resolved, That we tender to the relatives and friends of
our departed brother.

her, and our village a worthy citizen.

Resolved. That we tender to the relatives and friends of our departed brother the expression of our affectionate sympathy, and entreat for them the continued care and consolation of Him who is the Father of mercies and the

onsolation of Him was is seen and the comfort.

Resolved. That the Lodge room be clothed in mourning for thirty days, as a token of regard for our deceased brother Resolved. That a copy of these resolutions be sent to his brothers—one to Burlington, Iowa, and one to his brother R. Don't NEGLECT A COUGH .-- Of all the disease

to which we are exposed, there are none more deserving of our attention than what is usually termed a "cough of ord," for the reason that if not arrested they are apt to run into fixed disease of some of the air passages, or pul monary tissues, ending in consumption, or incurable brothitis. The way to prevent this is to get a bottle of Dr Keyser's Pectoral Cough Syrup, made by that gentlemat t his geat drug and medicine store, Pittsburg, Pa. The reparation of Dr. Keyser has received the rec f hosts of persons in Pittsburg where it is made, and will not fail to cure the most incipient cases of puln ease. Sold here by C. A. Heinitah.

THE NEW RAILROAD DEPOT .- The Pennsylvania Railroad Company have purchased the Lane property fronting on North Queen and Chesnut streets, known a erection of their new depot.

POSTMASTER APPOINTED.-Henry V. Fair lamb. Esq., has been appointed Postmaster at Chesnut Level, in this county, vice Mrs. Barbara Johnson, resigned

READING AND COLUMBIA RAILEDAD MEETING —A meeting was held at the house of John W. Gross, Ephrata, on Saturday, the 28th ult., when Martin Gross was chosen President, and Jacob Graver. Secretary. After the meeting was organized, and the object stated by Joseph Konigmacher, Esq., one of the commissioners of said road a committee of seven was appointed who reported the following preamble and resolutions, which were adopted

In pursuance of public notice, the friends of the projected Railroad from Reading to Columbia met to day for the purpose of adopting measures to proceed at once with the subscriptions and making a survey of the best routes between these points. This section of Lancaster county, embracing a circle of eight miles, centering at Ephrata, than which there is none more fertile, highly improved, and embracing more substantial resources, than perhaps any agricultural district of the same extent in this or any other State of the Union. Within this circle there are located 36 grist and merchant mills, 24 saw mills, 40 stores, 14 tanneries, besides the neual proportion of other business establishments, including several in-m-works, the Cocalico mill-stone quarries, equally as good as the Connecticut stone, and the Ephrata Mountain Springs, frequented by several thousand visitors during the season. Our coal costs us, delivered, from \$5.00 to \$0.50 per ton; on this article one dollar and more per for may be saved, and at least \$2 per thousand feet on lumber consumed in this district, if this link be built. It is for these and other reasons we are anxious to be placed on an equal footing with other sections of this county. We are now cut off from all the advantages of railroads, and are obliged to use the Conectoga teams to convey the products of our soil to market, taking a full day's wagoning to reach and return from the nearest railroad station; be it therefore Resolved, That we will exert ourselves to raise subscriptions to the products of the subscriptions to the products of the products of the subscriptions to the products of the products of the subscriptions to the products of the products of the subscriptions to the products of the products of the subscriptions to the products of the products of the subscriptions to the products of the products of the subscriptions to the products of the products of the sub

Suppen Death .- On Monday evening last Eliza Stoneroad, residing with her mother at Hauenstein's Mill, Penn township, about 21/2 miles north of this place was found dead in her chamber. She had been subject to

retired to her chamber on Monday sterenoon about two clock in her usual health, and two hours afterwards a member of the tamily entered her room and found her reclining with her face on a feather bed on the window, (a position she frequently occupied.) and that life had field.—Deputy Coroner F. Ensmi-ger summoned a jury to held an inquest over the body, when a verdict was returned that deceased came to her death by congestion of the brain produced by frequent attacher. eceased came to her death by congestion of the broduced by frequent attacks of epilepsy.—Friday's A DEPARTURE OF TRAINS, AND CLOSING OF THE

fails at the City Post Office.—The different Pussenger Trains on the Pennsylvania and branch railroads leave this

LEAVE EASTWARD Fast Line. iarrisburg Accommodation ...5.48 p. m 

vailing among the emigrants between the frontiers a the mud holes of Cherry Creek. Those who have exhausted

a. m.

For Lebanon, via: East Hempfield, Manheim, White Oak,
Mount Hope and Cornwall, daily, at 9½ a. m.

For Millersville and Slackwater, daily, at 1 p. m.

For Safe Harbor, daily, at 1 p. m.

For Hinkletown, via: Landis Valley, Oregon, West Earl,

and Farmersville, daily, at 2 p. m. for Paradise, via : Greenlands and Soudersburg, daily, at 3 p. m. For Litiz, via: Neffsville, daily, 3 p. m. - Wemnfield and Silver Spring, daily, a 3 p. m. or Strasburg, via: Fertility and Wheatland Mills, daily at

3 p. m. For Lampeter, daily, at 3 p. m. For New Holkand, via: Binkley's Bridge, Leacock, Barevill Beartown, Bowmansville and Muddy Creek, daily, at p. m. or Phœnixville, via: New Holland, Blue Ball, Goodville For Phenixville, via: New Holland, Blue hall, Goodville, Churcht-win, Morgantown, Honeybrook, Chester Springs, and Kimberton, Tri-weekly, Tuesday, Thursday and Saudsy, at 12 m.
For Port Deposit, Md., via: Willow Street, Smithville, Buck, Chesnut Level, Green, Plessant Grove, Rock Springs, Md.; and Rowlandsville, Md., Tri-weekly, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6 a. Mill, Old Line, Sporting Hill, and Mastersonville, Tri-weekly, Monday, Wednesday and Friedray Niel, Tri-weekly, Monday, Wednesday and

Friday, at 12 m. or Vogansville and Terre Hill, Tri-weekly, Monday, Thurs-day and Saturday, at 2 p. m. or Idberty Squars, via: Conesfoga, Marticville, Coleman-ville and Mount Nebo, Semi-weekly, Wednesday and Sat-

urday, at 1 p. m.

For Bethesda, via: Willow Street and Rawlinsville, Wednesday and Saturday, at 6 s. m.

For New Danville, weekly, Wednesday, at 9 s. m. r Betnesda, via: 1911low Street and Lawitusvine, we seeday and Saturday, at 6 a. m. r New Danville, weekly, Wednesday, at 9 a. m. office hours, from 7 a. m. to 8 p. m. On Sunday, from Postage to California, Oregon and Washington Territo-is, 10 cents.

Letters, alleged to be valuable, will be registered, and receipt given therefor, on application and payment of the registration fee of five cents, in addition to the regula postage.

All letters are required to be pre-paid with stamps before they can be mailed.

H. B. Swarr, Postmaster.

A SERENADE.-We are indebted to the gen-A Serenade.—We are indebted to the gentlemen of the Hiawatha Club for a most delightful serenade, on last Wednesday night. The Lancaster Fencibles' Band, engaged by the "Hiawatha," visited our borough and we were among the number delighted by their exquisite music. The band is a fine one, and their performance evinced not only skill but taste. Lancaster is fortunate in possessing a band like the Fencibles'. We were favored with several airs, than which nothing could be sweeter. To the gentlemen from whom the compliment came we express our obligation and acknowledgments. They afforded us a treat and a rare pleasure.—Saturday's Columbia Spy.

TOOTHACHE.—This disease can be cured by R. KEYSER'S TOOTHACHE REMEDY, prepared by him in Pitts oury, Pa., which is put in bottles and sold at 25 cents each-It is an excellent medicine, when diluted, for spongy and ender gums, and is worth ten times its price to al need it. Sold here by C. A. Heinitsh.

THE PARAGUAY EXPEDITION. Letter from an "Old Salt," No. 11.

U. S. STEAMER METACOMET, HARBOR OF MONTEVIDEO, March 30, 1859. FRIENDS SANDERSON: As we leave here this afternoon hought I would drop you a few lines, as some time may clapse before you may hear from me again. The "Cale donia" and "Western Port" take their departure for ome to-day, thus by to-morrow none of our national ves sels, save the brig "Perry" will be left of the twenty American men-of-war, riding at anchor in this harbor ew weeks ago. How far up the river we may go is more than I am able, at present, to say, but most likely not farther than a small place some twenty miles above Buenos Ayres, where we shall take up our winter quarters -snugly sheltered from the Pamperos, which prevail her at this season of the year. As I stated before, this ves sel has been condemned as unseaworthy, and consequen ly, but little will be done with her until we hear news oars." Since we have been here, the boiler has been patched over again, and the engine undergone a thorough overhauling and repairing, so that she may answer ve well for river navigation for a while longer. And I do ope, she may be used for that purpose, during our stay in the river, and be sent further up than our pre tination. From what I have heard, the country border ing on the river is well worth seeing, and I should much like to have a look at it-with the hope that this desi nay be gratided and I thus enabled to give you some de scription of it, I remain yours

# A CHEERING PROSPECT.

arvest are of the most gratifying kind. From nearly every section of the Union the intelligence is one of the most cheering character. The weather, generally speaking, has been auspicious, and our farmers are likely to realize a rich crop. We sincerely trust that this may prove to be the case. This country is eminently agricultural, and while a scarcity of breadstuffs would prove a deplorable national calamity, an abundant harvest must always be regarded as the greatest of blessings. The advices from the other side of the Atlantic are also of an encouraging character. If, therefore, there should be a steady demand and liberal prices, and if this country should be able to produce a surplus of many millions of bushels, the effect could not but prove of the utmost importance. In any event, however, a good crop is always desirable, and we have reason to be grateful fact is, Mr. Blair is placed between two fires—he wants all to Divine Providence for the prospect.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE AT WILKESBARRE .-- A fire broke out in Robert Wilson's store, Wilkesbarre, Pa, on Tuesday morning last, which, before the spread of the flames could be checked, destroyed property valued at \$80,000. Fourteen buildings, nearly the entire north side of the square, were reduced to ashes. The fire is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary. The sufferers are all insured, so that the great bulk of the loss falls on the Insurance Companies.

ST. LOUIS CORRESPONDENCE. no Wheat—Market Review—Terrible —Loss of Life—Pike's Peakers Reti

We could not wish for more delightful or pleasant lamage has been sustained by the recent flood. Boats are

now navigating all the upper rivers, and bringing out large cargoes of produce, &c.

The first sample of the the new cropof wheat was received and sold on 'Change, Saturday, at \$5 per bush. It was bought by A. W. Fagin, of the U. S. Mills, of this city .-There were 25 bushels. It was raised in De Soto county to \$115: Lead \$5.25: Flour \$6 to \$8: Wheat from \$1.10 to \$1,55; Corn 65 to 88c; Oats 60 to 65; Mess Pork \$17,50; Lard 10c; Potatoes 60c to \$1; Whisky 26c; Hay 50 to 90c; Hides 1714; Butter from 16 to 20c; Cheese 9 to 10c % D. We have nothing of an interesting character in local matters to communicate.

On the 26th inst., a terrible storm passed over Morgan county, Ills., doing great damage both to life and property.

A dispatch from Jacksonville, says, its first appearance was that of a fountain boiling over, and seemed about the tive of a man's head, and rapidly increased in size and en, horses, houses, barns, fences, trees, &c., with it, for a stance of twelve miles directly north-east. In the vicinity Jacksonville, thirty-six houses, with all the barns and out-Brown; a Portuguese, in the employ of Mr. Route; Jonethan Carliele; Jacob Sample and wife, and a Mr. Thomas and besides fifty or sixty seriously if not mortally, wound lifted up and carried sixty feet, passing through a window by 30 ft, was carried away and fragments scattered for a route of the storm that has not got rails, boards, &c., stuck in the ground, so that no one can easily pull them out. A man riding in a field was blown from his horse, the saddle orn off and carried about two miles from the place. No ne can form an idea of the terrible effects of this storm. which lasted but five minutes, with but little rain. The loud was very bright, while on either aide it was so dark

The extent of the loss of life and destruction of property s not yet known, but sad news is daily expected from the

course of this terrible hurricane.

Every boat in from the Missourl river brings more or ess of the returning emigration from Pike's Peak. Some 300 discusted and broken Pike's Peakers arrived on the teamer A. B. Chambers on Friday, and 200 on the John Warner, Saturday. A large number of these are penniless, and were charitably alowed a free passage. Passengers the town of Auraria deserted, the inhabitants all prospectng in the mountains. It is said that not much can be done before the 1st of July—and when July comes it will

be put off until September!

The most horrible accounts have reached us concerning the suffering of some of the emigrants.

Three brothers who were travelling together-from Illi from starvation, and the surviving two were obliged to car the dead body of their brother. A few days after, another died, and the surviver was found beside the deceased broth er, eating the flesh from his body! This may or may not be true, and we only give it as the report has

necessity, be compelled to attack those who have, and proba oly murder may be resorted to. They are in a much worse ondition than the overland California emigration ever was and the present state of aff drs on the plains is about as we predicted months ago.

Theron A. Joslin, late Post Master at Sunner, N. T., was

drowned while en route for the "gold regions," in Grass-hopper Creek. He was 23 years of age, and a native of Waitsfield, Vt. The body was not recovered. The remains of the old Barrack of Fort Armstrong, built on Rock Island, in the Mississippi river, between the citie of Davenport on the Iowa side, and Rock Island on that of ing was erected in 1816, and was for years a protection to the early settlers of that region. Thus the hand of the in cendiary has removed one of the earliest relics of the

tlement of the West.

The Lacrosse and Milwaukie Railroad was sold at auc tion on Saturday week, under the third mortage, to Wm Barnes, trustee for the bond-holders, for \$1,593,333 30. being, it is said, 75 per cent of the amount d

The recent assessment of Personal and Real Property in

Another letter was received in this city on Saturday last from Mr. John Wise, in which he says the arrangement have nearly all been completed, and that he, together with Messrs. Gager and La Mountaine will be in our city in a ew weeks, when the great zerial voyage from West to East will be undertaken. There will also be arrangements made Cincinnati, Chillicothe, Columbus, Lynchburg, Winchester Harrisburg, Lancaster, and other cities, as beacons to tell points they are making. If Mr. Wise can prevail upon the authorities of those cities to keep their street lights burn-ing all night, that will serve all the purposes of their observation, and we have not the least doubt but each of those ted to start in the evening from this city, and of course to emain up all night, and, if necessary, part of the next day; miles can be obtained and maintained through the whole night very little of the next day will be wanted to effect a landing on the Atlantic seaboard, somewhere between No

folk and New York. his contemplated extraordinary air-ship excursion, and ith the experience and reputation that Mr. Wise has ac aired through twenty-five years' study and labor, com ined with that of Messrs. Gager and La Mountaine, we edict one of the largest crowds to see them off, ever as mbled in this city.

Since the adoption of the Massachusetts two years mendment—giving the negro the right to vote, and prohib ting the foreign born—thereby placing the negro above the adopted citizen-much dissatisfaction exists among our Jerman population in the West and Northwest. It is an undeniable fact that everything tainted with fanaticist manates from Massachusetts, and the fact is also well nown by every intelligent foreigner in the country, that Black Republicanism and Know Nothingism emanated in and sprung from deluded and fanatical Massachusetts; and is also well known that Black Republicanism and Know Nothingism is one and the same thing in Massachusettsor example, N. P. Banks is both a Black Republican and Know Nothing, Wilson and Sumner are both, and in the whole party opposed to the Democrasy in that State re both Black Republicans and Know Nothings, and the same will be the result in all other States when they obtain the power, and that power can only be had by the Germans giving it to them. Will they do it Pennsylvania? Will they give their secret foe a club to beat out their The intelligence of the German population tell us different. We glory in the pride and patriotism of the Germans of Massachusetts, in their resolutions denouncing ne Black Republican party of that State for adopting suc a stringent Constitutional amendment as that just sancioned by that party in the old Bay State. Let the Gernans take warning in time, and continue in the Demo cratic party—a party which at all times and in all emer constitutional privileges of the adopted citizens. They have fought and defeated the schemes and proscriptive octrines of Know Nothingism-they defeated them on every field, and are now fighting the same proscriptive Republican" for the purpose of deceiving the German poplation. But the Know Nothings were too strong in Mas arry out their proscription, and they have, to the great ciples of Black Republicanism and Know Nothingism are identical, and the Democracy will oppose them to the bit-ter end. It the Germans are so blind that they will not ee, and give their votes against their own best intereststhe negro, they have no one to blame but themselves. The Democratic party will battle, as it always has done, for Democratic principles-that which gives the greatest good The indications in relation to an abundant to the great est number.

Mr. Francis P. Blair, jr., of this city, who went to Boston nd delivered a lecture on niggers-to their elevation on an equality with the white man—and having made speech s at other places since, besides "stumped" the mongrel ticket in April last, and had a resolution pock. eted in their convention, denouncing the action of the Black Republican Legislature of Massachusetts, never ence attered a sylable against the two years' amendment. It was therefore taken for granted that he also approved of this proscription, as he had ample opportunity for raising his voice against it, but wishing to carry water on both houlders, shirked it on every occasion. the German element in the West and Northwest agains the recent action of the Republicans of Massachusetts, has nsiderably frightened the Free Nigger party. A few days ago the editor of the Anexiger (German) addressed a letter Mr. Blair demanding his views on the Two Years' Amendment? Here was a bad fix for him, but knowing that his party here is composed of four fifths Germans, he was necessarily compelled to denounce his Black Republic can brethren of the Old Bay State. He replied in a letter that he was opposed to it (!) and believed it to be the work of the Democratic party! Did any body ever hear of the ocratic party carrying a measure in that State? The Congress to defraud "Missouri Dick" out of his seat—who goes there with 625 majority. He must soft-soap the Know Nothings of Massachusetts better than he has done in his letter. Mr. Blair voted and electioneered for the Know Nothing candidate for Governor in this State, and is to-day brother K. N., with Banks, Wilson and Sumner, of Mas sachusetts. Are the Germans still unconvinced that Black Republicanism and Dark Lanternism are not one and the same thing? They will find out to their sorrow, if elevate that party to power. The white man with them is as good as a nigger—if he behaves himself! The adoption of this Massachusetts amendment would have suited the party outside of that State, much better after the Presiden tial election. But true to her instinct, old Massachuset has kicked the fish into the fire.