The Lancaster Intelligencer

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LANCASTER, PA., OCTOBER 5, 1858

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DEMOCRATIC STATE NOMINATIONS. JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT : WILLIAM A. PORTER, Philadelphi CANAL COMMISSIONER : WESTLEY FROST, Fayette. DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

Congress. JAMES M. HOPKINS, Drumore. Assembly.

HENRY E. LEMAN, City. HENRY SHREINER, Manheim Twp. SAMUEL HOLL, Earl JOHN H. BRENNEMAN, Mt. Joy Bor.

County Commissioner. THOMAS W. HENDERSON, Salisbury. Prison Inspectors. HENRY SHELLY, Rapho. JOHN REINHOLD, West Cocalico.

Directors of the Poor. JOHN ROWE, East Lampeter. FREDERICK KREAMER, U. Leacock

Auditor WILLIAM F. JENKINS, Fulton

IN ELECTION ON TUESDAY NEXT. OCTOBER 12

We shall anticipate our regular publication day by issuing the next number of THE INTELLIGENCER OD Saturday afternoon.

DEMOCRATIC MEETINGS. Mr. HOPKINS, the Democratic candidate for

Congress, addressed a meeting at Safe Harbor. on last evening.

Mr. HOPKINS will address the people Columbia, this evening (Tuesday.) The meeting will also be addressed by Capt. GEO. SAN-DERSON, of Lancaster.

The people of Marietta will be addressed by Mr. Hopkins, and SAMUEL H. REYNOLDS, Esq., of Lancaster, on Wednesday (to morrow) evening-the people of East Earl and the surrounding townships, at the Sorrel Horse Tavern, on Friday evening, by Mr. HOPKINS, -the people of Mount Joy on Saturday afternoon, at 2 o'clock-(Mr. HIESTER will also ad dress this meeting) and the people of Elizabethtown, on the same evening. JAMES L. REYNOLDS, Esq., of Lancaster, will also address the latter meeting.

On Monday evening, the 11th inst., the people of Lancaster City will be addressed by Messre. Hopkins, Sanderson and Hiester, in Fulton Hall.

EXAMINE YOUR TICKET : Let every voter in the county opposed to THADDEUS STEVENS and ABOLITIONISM, be sure that he votes the following ticket :

Judge of Supreme Court. WILLIAM A. PORTER. Canal Commissioner. WESTLEY FROST. Congress. JAMES M. HOPKINS. Assembly. HENRY E. LEMAN, HENRY SHREINER, SAMUEL HOLL, JOHN H. BRENNEMAN. County Commissioner. THOMAS W. HENDERSON.

Prison Inspectors. HENRY SHELLY. JOHN REINHOLD. Directors of the Poor. JOHN ROWE, FREDERICK KREAMER.

Auditor. WILLIAM F. JENKINS.

DEMOCRATS, ARE YOU READY ? This is a pertinent question. Before another issue of our paper can reach many of our

THE TRUE ISSUE. The friends of Mr. STEVENS are endeavoring to mystify the issues of the Congressional canvass, and divert public attention, by talking about the tariff and popular sovereignty. But these are not the real questions at issue.

Even admitting Mr. STEVENS to be a tariff man, and if we are to take his own declara tions, he is in favor of a prohibitory tariff-it is certain that Mr. HOPKINS, on that question, occupies more tenable ground than his competitor. Mr. H. does not favor a prohibitory tariff, but will advocate a tariff for revenue, with such discriminations as will afford all proper and reasonable protection to Pennsylagainst the venerable order of Masonry !vania interests. This is the only kind of a tariff which it is possible to obtain, and the only one which any reasonable man should

ask for. We therefore take the broad and unequivocal ground that Mr. HOPKINS is a better tariff man than Mr. STEVENS, and here we dismiss this part of the subject.

With regard to the doctrine of popular overeignty, we contend that Mr. STEVENS is opposed to it in toto. He took the ground in his speech accepting the nomination, that Congress had the right in all cases to control the legislation of the Territories ; whereas, Mr. HOPKINS advocates the Constitutional right of the PEOPLE of the Territories to legislate for themselves. Here, then is a wide difference between the principles entertained by the two men.

But the true issue between the two candidates is Abolitionism and anti-Abolitionism .-Mr. STEVENS, it will not be denied by any intelligent man in the county or in the State, is a rampant, undisguised ABOLITIONIST, and advocates the perfect equality of the white and black races. So strong is his prejudices in favor of the Negro, that, when a member of the Reform Convention of 1838, he refused to affix his signature to the amended Constitution, because it confined the right of

suffrage to white citizens, to the exclusion of the colored race! And, although, twenty years have passed over his head, he has not abated one tittle of his peculiar friendship for the Negro; in fact, the older he gets, the stronger and more deep-seated his prejudices Masonry itself. It is cheaper, and consebecome in favor of Abolitionism, and all the quently accessible to a more numerous and less cultivated class of people. MASONRY foul and pestilent heresies connected with it. Mr. HOPKINS, on the contrary, is opposed to Abolitionism in every shape and form. He believes this model Government of our's was formed by white men for the benefit of

WHITE MEN; and whilst he would not in Pennsylvania, he is for keeping him in his proper place, socially and politically, and will with the white laboring men of the North.

ABOLITIONISM, therefore, is the leading ssue to be decided by the people of Lancaster county on Tuesday next; and we ask them in all seriousness to ponder well upon it before depositing their ballots. Those who desire the county to be abolitionized, will vote for THADDEUS STEVENS-those who do not wish to bring about this state of things, should by all means cast their suffrages for JAMES M. HOPKINS.

155 The National Foundry dodge, got up in the late Democratic County Convention, which it was fondly hoped would secure to the Democratic candidate a few hundred votes, a la Lecompton land bribe, has been prematurely knocked in the head-Mr. Buchanan's commissioners having reported in favor of a Southern site, somewhere in Virginia. This fact has been communicated in a private letter to one of Mr. Buchanan's friends in this city, but the knowing ones at once concluded that the fact should be suppressed until after the Of course if the proposed national election. foundry is located during the present administration, it will necessarily be in the South. where the President's affections all seem to kansas, Kentucky, Carolina and California, subscribers the battle will have been fought, We clip the above paragraph from the | have come to us laden with the triumphant Saturday Express, for the purpose of pronouncing it an unmitigated FALSEHOOD from beginning to end; and GEIST knew it to be such Democrats ! Are you prepared to go to the polls when he penned it. Not only have no Commissioners been appointed by the President, neighbors go with you? We sincerely hope | but the law authorizing such appointment has | but that Lancaster county, for the first time in not yet been enacted by Congress ! This, of thirty years, has gloriously wheeled into line, itself, is sufficient to contradict the bare-faced and is now acting with them. We have our and demands that you should redouble the and wicked LIE of the unprincipled editor efforts which you have made on former occa- of that Abolition sheet; and the falsehood sions. The enemies of our glorious old party, must be so apparent to every intelligent reader, the revilers of Democratic men and the foes of | that we shall not occupy any more space by noticing it further at this time.

THE MASONIC INQUISITION.

The sums paid witnesses and printing alon in the investigation of Free Masonry, in 1836, exceeded TWO THOUSAND DOLLARS, and the pay of members and officers of the Legis lature, during the time consumed in the investigation was not less than TWELVE THOUSAND DOLLARS more-making in all, some FOURTEEN THOUSAND DOL-LARS. Add to this the interest of twentytwo years, and we have the round sum of THIRTY THOUSAND DOLLARS of the people's money recklessly squandered by THADDEUS STEVENS in his wicked crusade

What think the Tax-Payers of Lancaster county ? In his report to the Legislature, Mr. STE-VENS, Chairman of the Inquisitorial Committee. June 13, 1836, thus spoke of Free Masons and Odd Fellows:

"Many of the ceremonies, which we have not space to notice, are of a most HORRID and BLASPHEMOUS character. Many of them, to the casual observer, appear to be merely childish, ridiculous, and foolish. But they are far from deserving that character .-They are founded on the deepest knowledge of the human heart. For the safe execution of the ultimate DARK objects of secret societies, it is indispensably necessary to secure perfect secrecy. Although the candidate is bound to this by the most APPALLING OATHS and HORRID PENALTIES, yet the strongest guarantee is the personal degradation which he is made to endure. Pride and shame

operate more powerfully than even conscience A Mason might disclose the VILLANY OF THE ORDER, and justify himself by plead-ing the unlawful and demoralizing character the oaths. But he would, with much more difficulty, be persuaded to exhibit himself to the public, naked, hoodwinked, with a rope round his neck, cuffed, beat, and bruised, by

his fellow members.

"The testimony disclosed the secret oaths, ceremonies, and objects of the enalties, ociety of Odd Fellows; an institution little ess dangerous to the community than Free masonry. As Masonry has declined under the pressure of public opinion, this institution has flourished; and if the elder brother should doomed to premature death, this seems designed to reign in its stead. It is feared that may become even more dangerous than IS THE ARISTOCRATIC, AND ODD FEL LOWSHIP THE PLEBEIAN ORDER OF INIQUITY. NEITHER OF THEM BOAST OF ONE VIRTUE TO ATONE FOR A THOUSAND VICES."

After reading these extracts we marvel that oppress the negro, Bor deprive him of any of any Mason or Odd Fellow, or any other the rights and privileges which he enjoys here citizen who is opposed to any interference with the rights of conscience, or other individual rights guaranteed under the Constitunot consent to place him on an equal footing | tion, can think for one moment of voting for the author of this infamous outrage.

DO YOUR DUTY, DEMOCRATS.

The obligation to support our candidates, a at all times strong, and should never be forgotten, under any circumstances ; but the strength of the obligation is increased when good and able men, whose time and talents are worth much to themselves, and who have much to lose and nothing to gain by serving the public, consent to permit their names to

go on the ticket. We should manifest our such men, by exerting our utmost energies to elect them. The only reward we can offer them—for the emoluments of office afford them no adequate compensation-is a vote that will prove to them that their fellow citizens are not insensible to their merits.

Feeling sure that our ticket is made up of some of the best men of the county, we are justified in thus invoking for our candidates the earnest and active support of every Democrat in the district. The southwest breezes blowing over the political battle-fields of Missouri, Ar-

MR. STEVENS IN CONGRESS. We want the respectable white population

of Lancaster county to look at the subjoined chaste and classic effusions of the Republican andidate for a seat in the National Legislature. After reading this extract, can any man, who has any regard for decency and for the character of our county, vote for him ? Extract of a speech in Congress by Mr. Stevens June 10, 1850:

"I do not remember one of the numerous

gentlemen who have referred to my remarks, who has attempted to deny one of the facts, or refute one of the arguments; they have noticed them merely to vituperate their author. To uch remarks there can be no reply by him who is not willing to place himself on a level I cannot enter that arena. with blackguards I will leave the filth and the slime of Billings gate to the fish-women, and to their worth coadjutors, the gentleman from Virginia, [Mr. Millson,] from North Carolina, [Mr. Stanly,] from Kentucky, [Mr. Stanton,] from Tennes see, [Mr. Williams,] and all that tribe With ther I can have no controversy. When want to combat with such opponents and such weapons, I can find them any day by entering the fish market, without defiling this Hall. I beg those respectable fish ladies, however to understand that I do not include my col

eague from Bucks county among those whom deem fit to be their associates. I would not o degrade them. There is, in the natural world, a little. snot ted, contemptible animal, which is armed by nature with a foctid, volatile, penetrating virus which so pollutes whoever attacks it, as t

make him offensive to himself and all around him for a long time. Indeed, he is almost incapable of purification. Nothing, sir, no insult shall provoke me to crush so filthy a beast ! Mr. Chairman, I crave your pardon for this

unprofitable digression. I trust I shall never again be betrayed into a similar one, even to brush off these invading vermin. I will not go into a discussion as to the

original equality and identity of the human race. I am not learned in those things, nor unfortunately, in any other. But I appeal to the learned men of this House, the gentleman from Alabama, [Mr. Hilliard,] from Massa chusetts, [Mr. Mann,] from Vermont, [Mr Meacham,] to say if the ethnological research es of the past and present age-whether drawn from the physiology or the philology of tribes and nations of men-do not all corroborate the recorded fact that "He hath made of one blood all nations of men ;" and that their ent great variety in color, form, and intellect is the effect of climate, habits, food, and edu eation. Let not the white man therefore des pair on account of the misfortune of his color Homer informs us that the moment a man becomes a slave, he loses half the man; and a few short years of apprenticeship will expunge all the rest except the faint glimmerings of an immortal soul. Take your stand, therefore courageously in the swamp, spade and mai tock in hand, and uncovered, and half naked toil beneath the broiling sun. Go home to your hut at night, and sleep on the bar ground, and go forth in the morning unwashed to your daily labor, and a few short years, or a generation or two at most, will give you a color that will pass muster in the most fastidious and pious slave market in Christendom. Your shape also will gradually conform to your condition. Your parched and swoller ips will assume a chronic and permanent thick ness of the most approved style. Your feet, unconfined by shoes, and accustomed to a marshy soil, will shoot out behind, and side ways until they will assume the most delight ful symmetry of slavery. Deprived of all edu cation, cut off from all ambitious aspirations your mind would soon lose all foolish and perplexing desires for freedom ; and the whole man would be sunk into a most happy and appreciation of the self-sacrificing spirit of contented indifference. And all these faculties, features, and color, would descend to your fortunate posterity; for no fact is better estab-lised than that the accidental or acquired quali ties of body and mind are transmissible and become hereditary. True, your descendants wil be black, stupid and ugly. But they would

only be so many incontestible evidences of their natural right and fitness for the enjoy ment of this state of moral, political, and personal happiness !"

MR. READ AND THE TARIFF. We see by the North American, of Tuesday last, that Mr. JOHN M. READ, the Republican candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court, has authorized that paper to contradict the charge made against him of having signed letter to Vice President DALLAS, congratu Let us send them a response on the wings of lating him upon his casting vote in favor of the bracing wind of October, that will assure the tariff of 1846. That paper says, that the name appended to the letter was Mr. John FWe make the above correction with pleasure as we do not wish to do injustice to any man, no matter how much we are opposed to him no share of this gratifying message to write, and litically. We, therefore, take it for granted that let us be sure to write it in characters so leg- Mr. READ did not sign the letter; but it would have been more satisfactory to the public, had that gentleman defined his position then and now. If he did not approve of the act of Mr. DALLAS, he might have said so in a few words; and if he approves of Protection now, he might have been equally explicit. If Mr. READ has not been greatly misunderstood, he was, for several years, looked upon as one of the most radical anti-tariff and anti-bank men in the State, and always violently opposed to monop olies of every kind. He may have changed his opinions on these subjects with his change

CHRONICLES OF WOOLLY-DOM.

CHAPTER IV. 1. Now James the Chief Captain of the D was a mighty man of valor, and the army under his com mand was composed of brave and true men who feared not the wrath of King Thaddens, nor trembled at his name. 2. And it came to pass that James pitched his tent in the great valley of the Conowingo, as thou goest towards the south or great river of Susquehanna, and to him all the Captains of the Democratic and Silver Gray tribes resorted,

and there was a very great multitude. 3. And the Chief Captain sent forth heralds in ever ection-north, south, east and west-and gave com mandment to them saying :

4. Make proclamation in all the provinces of the kingom, and thus shalt thou announce my decree, that all who lay down their arms in every part of the realm and retire peaceably to their homes and firesides, shall receive full and free pardon; but to those who resist my authority and disregard my decree, it is my command that they be slain with the sword, and their wives and children carried into captivity. 5. And the Chief Captain further directed his Lieuten-

ants to attack the King's forces in the provinces of the hill country, from the Chief City of the Kingdom even to Mount Libanus in the north, and from the City of Adams in the east even to the Conowago in the west, and to cap ture alive the King's Captains Esaias and Peter and Joseph. so that he might take summary vengeance on these r

6. The Chief Captain also directed that an attack should forthwith be made on the strong holds of Conestoga and Martic in the south country, of Paradise and Salisbury in the east, and on the second city of the Kingdom, called Columbia, in the west, and to slay the woolly tribes with he edge of the sword, but to capture alive Samuel the King's Banker, and to bring him into his presence, so that as might receive a just retribution at his hands.

7. And James of Drumore further issued orders to his eutenants in the west country, Joshua and John and Henry and Charles and Nathan, to capture the cities of int Joy, and Marietta on the great river, and Maytown and Elizabeth, and Manheim, and to slay all their inhabi tants with the edge of the sword, and to rase the founda-tions of the walls, to burn the cities with fire and to pass the ploughshare of destruction over them, so that not estige of their former greatness might remain.

8. And the Lieutenants of James went forth, they and he tribes of valiant men who followed their standards, and the enemy fied dismayed at their approach, and many of the King's troops were slain, and their wives and little ones carried into captivity. Many also of the chief men were captured alive, and there was great commotion and bitter lamentations throughout all the country of the insanchanna. And the Chief Captain directed the King's sanker Samuel, to be deprived of his inheritance and banished from the land.

9. Meantime King Thaddeus had fied from his palace on the four and twentieth day of the ninth month, baving at irst determined to take up his abode with Nathaniel the Boisterous, in the Gap country; but finding the forces of James, under his Lieutenants Thomas and David and Eli and Isaac in hot pursuit, he continued his flight to the avtreme eastern border of the Kingdom, in the City called nristiana, and there took lodgings with one George the Mosbite, a chief of the Woolly-Herd tribe. And the Monbites dwelt in that land.

10. And thither his Chief Captain and Scribes and ounsellors repaired, namely, Oliver the Rampant, Edward ellor, Jay the Keeper of the King's Prison, Essia the Empty, Alexander the Lusty, Anthony the King' apbearer, John the Keeper of the King's Seal, Walter th Bly, Philip the Bailiff, James the Rechabite, William the spector of the King's Balld-Box, Abraham the King's Armor Bearer, and the Chiefs of the Woolly-head Tribes nd they took counsel with the King.

11. And the King was grieved in his heart, and spake n the duties of camp life was delighted nany bitter things to his Counsellors, saying miserable nforters are ye all. And they all got them quickly from his presence, and he retired to his Chamber and would not comforted: whereupon Roland the King's Page lifted up his voice and wept.

12. And it came to pass that whilst the King remained in his chamber, behold! Beajamin the Gray Beard, a trusty messenger, arrived with the tidings that Jacob the Jebu ite, one of the royal gunners, had been captured by Isaac and Samuel, two of the Lieutenants of James of Drumore and that his battery had been turned against the King's forces in the chief city of the realm.

13. Whereupon, the King summoned to his presence Willis, and Thomas of the country of the Gadarites beyond the great river, two of his principal Captains and Gunners nd commanded then to retake the battery, and to bring Jacob the Jebusite before him, bound hand and foot, so that he may be dealt with according to the laws of Woollyom, which altereth not. And Willis and Thomas departe from the royal chamber.

did the King's countenance change, and he ummoned into his presence Alexander the Lusty and ames the Little, and command them to proceed through the realm, and with a loud voice make known the King's vishes to his subjects. And Alexander and James girded up their loins and proceeded forthwith on their journey. 15. Meantime the Lieutenants of the Chief Captain, ames of Drumore, waxed valiant in battle, they and the men under their command, and many of the King's sub ects were slain with the edge of the sword, and many others to save their lives, enlisted in the army of James 16. And the whole country of the Conestoga resounded

cause that the keeper and wardens do, namely, that he was laboring under a fit of mania a potu, which disease he A GREAT STATE PAPER. has not been free from since his incarceration; to-day he

CITY AND COUNTY AFFAIRS.

THE FAIR .- The Second Annual Exhibition f the Lancaster County Agricultural and Mechanical iety commences to-day, on their grounds, directly north of Franklin and Marshall College. Should the weather prove favorable, we anticipate a greater number of visitors to our city than were ever here before. The Fencibles' Band has been engaged

nusic during the continua The following is the list of Judges:

-Oattle-Hon. John Strohm, Jacob Shenk Jenry Yundt. Class No. 2-Working Orien, Fat Cattle and Milch Cows -Jacob M. Frants, Michael Barry, Mark Connell, Sr. Class No. 3-Horses, No. 1. Stallions, Brood Mares, Dratt Horses, Match Horses, Colta, &c., for Farm, and Jacks and fuller-John Styer, Francis Lytle, John W. Gross. No. 3: Stallions, Brood Mares, Match Horses, Colta, &c.,

and Riding Horses-Cromwell Blackburn, Josep

gress Class No. 6-Sheep-Wellington Yundt, Martin Green-at, George Metzger. Class No. 7-Swine-Levi S. Beist, William Bell, Levi

Class No. 7.—Swine—Levi S. Reist, William Bell, Levi, W. Groff. Class No. 8.—Poulity—Horace Rikhvon, Lewis Zeigler, Dr. Levi Hull. Class No. 9.—Farm and Household Implements—James Bones, William Konigmacher, Jacob B. Tshudy. Class No. 10.—Farm Machinery—Col. J. Franklin Reigart, Oliver Caldwell, William B. Herr. Class No. 11.—Farm Machinery—Col. J. Franklin Reigart, Oliver Caldwell, William B. Jacobs. Olass No. 12.—Manufactured Articles—No. 1. Carriages, Harness, Bridles, Saddles, Cabinet Ware, Marble Work, &c. —David Cockley, Adam Konigmacher, Samuel Lichten-thaler.

Daler. Class No. 13—Manufactured Articles—No. 2. Hats, Caps.

Cience NU. 13-Manufactured Articles-No. 2. Hata, Caps Millinery, Dry Gooda, Jewelry, Dentistry, Palnting, &c.-Barton B. Martin, John W. Jackson, Henry H. Breneman. Class No. 14-Manufactured Articles-No. 3. Leather, Hardware, Copper Ware, Branhes, &c.-S. S. Spencer, Henry S. Slaymaker, Jacob Huber. Class No. 15-Stoves, Castings, &o.-Elisha Geiger, Pat

Class No. 20 Vietnanie & Slagmaker. Class No. 16-Agricultural Productions and Field Crops -Christian Wise, Jacob S. Kauffman, Richard McGrann-Class No. 17-Flour, Corn Meal, Grain-Hiram Erb, D. Bartholomew, Samuel Allison.

B. Bartholomew, Samuel Allison. Class No. 18-Yegetables-Christian H. Leferre, John Ehler, Moore Connell, Jr. Class No. 19-Fruits, Wins and Cider-Jacob B. Garber, Hon. John Zimmerman, Cyrus N. Herr. Class No. 20-Butter, Cheese, Honey, Bacon, Ham, Ac. -John Heller, Col. Samuel Shoch, Amos S. Henderson.

-John Heiler, Col. Samuel Shoch, Amos S. Henderson. Class No. 21-Ores, Metals, &c. Simon S. Rathvon, Dr. Eil Parry, Paris Häldeman. Class No. 22-Ladies' Work-Dr. J. Augustus Ehler, Mrs. Beunett, Miss Kate Zimmerman, Miss E. Yundt, Miss have an aggregate reduction of al. at \$14,000,-

The reduction of the Revenue is one great

bject to accomplish."-C. G., page 990. Mr. Campbell, as the leader word mouthpiece of the Republican forces, and as the employee of the Eastern Manufacturers, attempred to coax into the support of his low Tariff bil, the Democrats of Kentucky and Pennsylvania, by telling them that there should be no "party politics" in the measure and that they could afford a reduction of duty on Iron in order to have stability in the system and he assured of a rich harvest in a few years Read his no party and free trade set timents: 'I am very glad that the gentleman from entucky is willing to take this feature of the bill, because Kentucky has a growing Iron interest, as Ohio has; and I believe that great interest may well afford a reduction of duty in order to have that great question withdrawn

ness-the heavy tramping of fierce-looking men in regicentals having ceased. We believe every man who shared GOOD TEMPLARS,-A lodge of Good Temp settled, taken, as I said, from the arena of lars was organized in this city, on Friday evening last, by Mr. John J. Jones, of Harrisburg, chief officer of the Grand party politics, and placed upon the basis odge of Pennsylvania. The meeting was held in the

eported by the Committee of Conference as a finality, Pennsylvania will, before many years roll around, reap a rich harvest from the bill; but if Pennsylvania will cling to her old policy which sees no other interest than her iron and coal, and prevents the passage of this bill, upon the shoulders of Pennsylvania must rest the responsibility, not upon mine. Cong. Globe, page 960.

According to the leadership of Mr. Campcell, the bill passed, by the votes of the great body of the Republicans.

Now we submit the question to every candid reader as to the party who caused the reduction of the Tariff of '46: and who is to blame for the "hard times," if they are attributable to the modification of the Tariff laws in '57? From the facts of the case it is very clear that the Republicans managed and voted through pipe was cut he held him in a position to close it until he Congress the modification now complained of in their party platform. How shamefully it becomes them, then, to attempt to repudiate their own acts and cast the blame upon the Democrats. Not eighteen months from the date of their efforts in favor of reduced rates and a free list, they turn around and claim to talk a little; be gave no explanation of any reason for the friends of high rates and a protected list. The Democratic Tariff of '46 had given general satisfaction and wide spread prosperity to the country for twelve years, and its "sta bility" would not have been broken, nor the ederal Treasury been bankrupted, and loan of millions resorted to to keep the wheels of Government in motion, had the Black Republicans been in the minority in the 34th Congress. They then had the power to do mischief, and most effectually did they execute The Nabob Manufacturers of the East contributed their gold and their influence in favor of a reduced Tariff. They succeeded by electing their man Banks for Speaker, who according to arrangement, appointed Camp hell to the head of the Tariff Conmittee; who also by arrangement reported a bill of reduced rates and a free list; and the Republicans, as a party, carried the bill through Congress in spite of opposition. The \$78,000 corrupting fund contributed by Lawrence, Stone & Co., rich manufacturing firm in Boston, throws a little light upon the means and motives at the root of the offensive changes in the Revenue laws. The Congressional Committee of Investigation developed the fact that the Republicans paid liberally to secure the passage of the law, and even went so far as to offer Greeley, of the N. Y. Tribzne, \$1,000 for his assistance.-Honesd ale Herald.

with the shouts of brave men going forth to the war

The New York Herald contains the sub

THE TARIFF PLANK. present indications, the opposition

called by themselves the "People's Party"or the "Republicans"-intend to add the Tariff Plank to their Fusion Platform this fall -hoping thereby to humbug a few voters into the support of their candidates, who otherwise would vote the Democratic ticket, as heretofore. This trick of that tricky party, we presume, will not prove very profitable in this part of the Commonwealth. The leaders of that ever changing party have exhausted their fund of decention and any renewed attempts at their old tricks will be exposed, and the mposition made to recoil upon their guilty heads. All their old notions-called by them principles -they have abandoned, and now for want of something better, revive the Tariff questionan unlucky hit for them, when the proceedings

of the Congress that reduced the rates are more fully known. At the organization of the 34th Congress the Republicans outnumbered the Democrats nearly two to one-and after an unprecedented struggle of months, succeeded in electing Banks, of Massachusetts, Speaker, over the Democrats. In forming the Committees of the House. the Tariff question was kep Speaker Banks, the tool and choice n view. of the Manufacturing Princes of the East, placed CAMPBELL, of Ohio, the leader of the

Republicans in Congress, at the head of the Committee of Ways and Means, because of its control of the Revenue questions, and because Mr. Campbell was a low Tariff man. That we may not be contradicted nor be

lisbelieved, even by those whose party prejuices would incline them to do it, we will publish in this connection a few extracts from the speeches made by Mr. Campbell during the discussion and passage of the Tariff bill now complained of:

"I wished to ascertain whether this general debate is to go on pending so important a question as that of reducing the Revenue of

the Country."-C. G., page 406 "In the higher schedules you will find a reduction, taking the importations of the last year as a basis of calculation. I about \$3,000,000; and if the importation of articles in the intermediate schedules are no more in the future than they were last year, you will

Bennett, Miss Kate Zimmerman, and Adaline Hensel. Class No. 23-Household-Col. D. W. Patterson, Mrs. Margaret Reed, Mrs. John Michael, Mrs. M. A. Witwer, Miss Robecca Wright. Class No. 24-Flowers-Gen. H. B. Jacobs, Abraham Kauffman, Thomas McNell. Class No. 25-Musical Instruments-Washington Keffer

Gass No. 22-July Coll Instruments-washington Keller, Jacob M. Westhaeffer, Francis W. Christ. Class No. 25-Plows and Plowing-John B. Warfel, Jacob Rohrer, Baniel Sousenig, Jacob Eslemshade, Michael Shirk, Class No. 27-Pire Engines-This list not fully completed. Class No. 28-Miscellaucous Articles-Harris Boardman. Henry Stanffer, Thomas Carponter, William C. Beecher. George D. Huusel.

"CAMP CONESTOGA."-"Camp Conestoga as held, according to announcement, last week at Wabank and participated in by all the companies of the Brigade. encampment commenced on Tuesday afternoon.ouring its continuance it was visited by great numbers of ivilians, and on Thursday afternoon fully three thousand of our citizens must have been present at the grand review. which was a decidedly fine affair. The Camp broke up or Friday,-the military were marched back to the city, a istance of four miles, and drawn up in line in Centre Square, where, after a few manœuvres, they were dismissed

n Friday evening our city had resumed its wonted quletfrom the party politics of the time, and placed on a firm and stable basis. "Again, I believe that if this question were

and victory or defeat be the result. We believe a glorious triumph is in store for the Democracy of Lancaster county, if our friends do their duty. Are you all ready, therefore, on THESDAY NEXT, and to see that your you are. The glorious cause for which many of you have battled a life time, is in jeopardy, the Constitution, are busy at work. No labor is too hard, no intrigue too dark, no trick too mean for their leaders to engage in, in order to carry their point. Shall we, therefore, fold our arms and rest satisfied in the goodness of our cause? Shall we stand idle, and permit our unscrupulous opponents to profit by our own neglect? No! a thousand times NO! Let us, then, rise in our strength ! Let us go to the polls, and vote the whole Democratic ticket and see that our friends do likewise and let us be sure that we have the names of William A. Porter, Westley Frost, James M. Hopkins, Henry E. Leman, Henry Shreiner, Samuel Holl, John H. Brenneman, Thomas W. Henderson, Henry Shelly, John Reinhold, John Rowe, Frederick Kreamer, and William F. Jenkins upon it.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS TICKETS! We caution our Democratic friends against spurious tickets, with which the County will be flooded on the day of the election. The enemy will resort to this device, as one means of deceiving and imposing upon honest voters. Beware of them, and see that none such are put in the ballot-box by mistake. Be sure all the Democratic candidates, and that the names are correctly spelled.

EVERY VOTE COUNTS 1

DEMOCRATS! Remember that ONE VOTE may decide the election in this county, on Tuesday next. Hundreds of examples elsewhere might be given to show the fatal effect of one solitary vote remaining away from the polls on the day of election. Good wishes alone for success amount to nothing. Do not indulge in the fatal delusion that our ticket is safe enough without your vote. Put your own ticket in the ballot-box, and see that your Democratic neighbor does the same .--WATCH-WORK-BE VIGILANT-AND WE HAVE EVERY REASON TO BELIEVE THAT WE SHALL BE REWARDED WITH A GLORIOUS VICTORY !

ANOTHER ATTEMPT TO GULL :

A prominent Abolition leader in town, it is said, has promised over one hundred voters in the North West Ward alone to have them appointed WATCHMEN, on condition that they vote for THADDEUS STEVENS! We hope none out after the election, that they have been egregiously deceived !

CONTEMPTIBLE MEANNESS :

Several men came to town a few days ago, from Drumore township, for the purpose of being naturalized. They were met, upon their arrival, by one or two of the Republican leaders here, and told that they would procure their naturalization papers for them, without composed of Democrats, and was of about as to vote for Mr. STEVENS. These honest, hard. a wagon! The bill was framed by Democrats, the ear !"

A WORD OF CAUTION.

We have been advised that quite a large number of tickets, purporting to be Democratic, have been printed with the name of John H. Brenneman left off the Legislative ticket, and that of SAMUEL H. PRICE, one of the Woolly-Head candidates substituted ! This cheat is intended, we suppose. more particularly for this City, Columbia, Marietta, and one or two other points in the county. We hope our friends will be on their guard against this, and every other attempted fraud of the enemy.

THEY CAN'T VOTE FOR STEVENS

None of the old line Whig friends of WIL-IAM CARPENTER, our popular Prothonotary,

can vote for THADDEUS STEVENS, when they reflect on the tremendous efforts he made, and the vast expense he put the county to in order to " treat the election as if it had not taken place," and prevent Mr. CARPENTER from taking the office to which he was fairly and honestly elected. Surely none of them will so far stultify themselves as to vote for the bitter that your ticket contains the names of enemy of their favorite candidate last fall, and whose efforts to prevent him from taking the office after he was elected, cost the tax-payers of the county not less that THREE THOU-

SAND DOLLARS!

WHAT HAVE THEY DONE ?

What has Abolitionism done for Lancaster county? We shall answer this question in few words. It murdered Mr. Gorsuch a white citizen of Maryland, at Christians. a few years ago ; and, less than twelve months ago, it brutally murdered Mrs. REAM and Mrs. GARBER, two respectable white women, in Manheim township! It robs our barns and barn yards, burns our dwellings and store houses, fills our Jail and Poor House.

occupies two-thirds of the time of our Criminal Court, and costs the tax-payers THOU-SANDS OF DOLLARS every year ! This is

what Abolitionism has done, and still does, indirectly for us; and yet, with these facts staring the public in the face, the free white citizens of this county are asked to vote for the leader of the Abolition party-the man | It is a gross libel upon Democrats-no matter of our Democratic friends will be caught with who sympathises with the degraded wretches how poor they may be-to say that they can this bait. If they should be, they will find who are guilty of these violent outrages in our midst !

COL. SAMUEL H. PRICE. This gentleman-one of the Abolition candidates for Assembly-claims that he is the father of the new license law, and expects to get Democratic votes on that ground. What ridiculous presumption ! Mr. PRICE was at the tail end of the Committee, principally any expense, if they would pledge themselves much use there as the fifth wheel would be to working, laboring men indignantly spurned passed by Democrats, and would have been the offered bribe, and gave the minions of enacted into a law, had Mr. P. been on the Stevens to understand that they could pay for other side of the globe. The only thing he their own papers, and that they intended to did was to sign his name to the bill along with Vote for JAMES M. HOPKINS and the whole his Democratic colleagues of the Committee, Democratio State and County ticket! The and to vote for it on its passage through the Mr. Cochran is a clever man, and we there-Abolition pimps went away with "a flea in House. A man of straw might have done the fore welcome him to the editorial corps of the PYFEE, CHARLES P. MUHLENBERG, SIMON P. same.

shouts of our victorious Democratic brethren. them that the Keystone of the Arch is still the Keystone of Democracy; and not only so, Read-hence the mistake. ible that even the jaundiced eyes of Republicanism may read it.

A FEW FACTS FOR TAX-PAYERS ! Many years ago Thaddeus Stevens left Vermont, the land of wooden nutmegs and Yankee notions, and pitched his tent in good old Pennsylvania. From that day to this he has been an eye-sore and a trouble to our people, and has cost the State more than any ten men who have ever lived in it. Look at the figures :

The Gettysburg Tapeworm (prin-\$2,000.000 cipal and interest) about The Buckshot War (principal and 300,000 interest) The Masonic Inquisition (principal and Interest) The Contested Election Case of 30.000

3,000 last year,

\$2.333.000 Amount, To this might be added THREE or FOUR MILLIONS more of the public money, recklessly squandered by the Ritner administration and by his Canal Commissioners (of whom STEVENS was one) in their futile attempt to perpetuate their power in the State. During that administration, they also received about THREE MILLIONS OF DOLLARS from the General Government-the State's quota from the sale of the public lands-and that, too, was spent in their electioneering efforts; and all the time the State debt, instead of being reduced, was increased to the amount of some SIX or EIGHT MILLIONS in the three

years of their misrule !

Tuesday next. If these Yankee adventurers

dear for the whistle" in the past, they should be deprived of the power of repeating such experiments in the future. We want the tax payers to reflect on the matter.

CAN DEMOCRATS BE BOUGHT ?

Never ! NO NEVER ! Yet the Abolition leaders are boasting that, in this city alone, they can and will BUY scores of Democrats to vote for THADDEUS STEVENS, the very head and front of the Abolition party in Pennsylvania, and the most dangerous and vindictive enemy the Democracy ever had in the State! be bought and bribed like NEGROES to do any thing their would be masters tell them ! It is a base insult offered to free White Men, and they should resent it at the baliot box, and teach STEVENS and his minions a lesson which they will never forget.

EDITORIAL CHANGE. The Lancaster Weekly Times, with its change of ownership, has changed its name, and is now published under the old title of the Lancaster Union, and edited by THOMAS E. COCHRAN, Esq., of York. The new editor wields a vigorous pen, and is strong in the support of THADDEUS STEVENS ; but we doubt whether he will be able to save his patron from the fate which awaits him at the ballotbox. Barring his politics, we have no doubt

county.

of politics; but, if he has, would it not be the part of candor to say so, rather than leave every thing to inference?

STEVENS ON FREE MASONRY !

The following toast was drank at the Anti Masonic celebration of the 4th of July, 1834, in Gettysburg, Pa.:

By THADDEUS STEVENS, Esq. Political Anti-Masonry-It will never sleep nor slumber, until MASONRY shall be, not only dead, but BURIED BEYOND THE POWER OF RESURRECTION.

What say our Masonic friends to this toast? After reading it, can any of them or their friends, or any body who wishes well to that venerable and time-honored institution-which numbered amongst its votaries a WASHINGTON a LAFAYETTE, a JACKSON and a CLAY-vote for such a man as STEVENS, the foul-mouthed and bitter reviler of the Order?

THE ABOLITION FIZZLES :

At Mount Joy, the White Horse, Strasburg We wish the voters of Lancaster county to and indeed every other place where Mr. STE. consider this matter well before they vote on vENS has been addressing his friends, the meetings have been remarkably slim, and have made the people of Pennsylvania "pay so entirely destitute of enthusiasm. Even at Mount Joy, one of his strong holds, where he had JOHN S. KUNKLE, of Harrisburg, to help him, the meeting was almost a total failure. Mr. STEVENS may summons "spirits from

the vasty deep," but they will no longer obey the call. Verily, the political race of the old demagogue is nigh at an end.

For the Intelligencer. MONEY! MONEY!! MONEY!!!

Wy is it. Wesrs. Editors, that money has been all tonce so abundant in this city? I have seen, within the ast two or three days, certain men (all brawling adrocates f Srurxs' election) having their pockets and hands full if money—and offsring to bet it too—who, less than two reaks ago, hadn't one half dime to rub against another, and who verenever worth a dollar in their fires! The query s, who furnishes this money? and for what corrupting surpose is it so lavishly scattered in this community? Is t for the purpose of bribing and buying Democrats to vote or the Aboliton candidate for Congress? Or, if not, what Can any body tell? CUJUM PECUS.

For the Intelligencer.

JOHN M. READ AND FREE TRADE. JOHN M. READ AND FREE TRADE. Mr. Jonn M. READ, or rather his Committee, de mies that he signed the Dallis letter, and we are bound to be-liere him, for we do not suppose that he would wilfully prevaricate or equivocate on the subject. But Mr. Jonn F. Ran, whose name, it is said, is affired to the letter, also denies having signed it. So, then, the public are as much in the dark as ever; and as Mr. DalLAS is in Europe the truth of the matter cannot be ascertained from him in time for the election, especially as the Atlantic telegraph is not in working order. Perhaps this was the reason why the denial was kept back until this particular time. Be this as it may, there is no question labout Mr. Rian's free trade sentiments, and if his mind has undergone a change, it must be of comparatively recent date, for it is well known in Philodelphis, that, for many years, he was con-sidered the very head and front of the Free Trade party.

DEMOCRATIC MEETING .- A Democratic meet ng will be held at Rawlinsville, on Saturday afternoon, the 9th inst., at 2 o'clock. The meeting will be addressed by FREDERICK S. | EBY, Esqrs., Dr. JOHN K. RAUB, and others. | themselves on Tuesday next.

stance of a bold and comprehensive despatch from Gen. Cass to Gen. LAMAR, U. S. Minister to Nicaragua, which will command universal attention, by developing the policy of the United States Government with reference to

the Central American States. The immediate occasion of this despatch was the mendacious declarations of Presidents MARTINEZ and Mo-RA, in their appeal to the powers of Europe for

protection against, what they are pleased to call, the fillibustering tendencies of the American Government. Its tone and tenor will teach the Governments of Nicaragua and Costa Rica, as well as certain European powers a lesson they will not soon forget. The subjoined paragraph will show the spirit of the whole document. After speaking of the bad conduct of these Central American Governments to the United States, and of our forbear ance, Gen. CASS Savs :

"And still animated with these sentiments the United States will deal with forbearance with this uncourteous provocation, having no fear that their moderation will be misunder stond. But you will give these governments distinctly to understand that a suitable reparation will be insisted on, or the United States will no longer be restrained by the considerations I have adverted to, from seeking by more effica cious means proper redress for these unworkly imputations. Besides the reproaches which this effusion of ill feeling is made the medium of communication to the world, it indicates a line of policy looking to European intervention with American affairs, to which the United States have long since avowed their opposition and which they will resist under all circumstan ces. I refer to the protectorate demanded by the proclamation, and to the governments of France, England and Sardinia to assume the duties attached to that position."

REMEMBER, DEMOCRATS :

That at the present writing, it is not improbable that the selection of the next President of the United States may devolve upon the Lower House of Congress. The importance, therefore, of securing a majority of Democrats in that branch of our National Legislature should not be overlooked. A single vote may be of vast importance. It may lose us a Congressman, and the loss of said Congressman's vote may place the choice of the next President in the hands of the Opposition. Let those Democrats who feel luke warm, and who hesitate about going to the election, remember this important fact. This is no time to falter ; neither is it the time to indulge in crimination and recrimination.-All cannot think alike-and as the unfortunat Kansas question, which for a time bid fair to distract us as a party, has been finally disposed of, we should again rally round the good old flag-staff, and, by every honest means in our power, seek to perpetuate the time-honored principles of our party which are far more important than the Kansas issue ever was, but which for a time, may have been lost sight of. We say again, let no Democrat lose sight

of the importance of casting his vote for the Democratic nominee for Congress, JAMES M. HOPKINS, and the whole Democratic State and County Ticket. Every man on it is worthy of your cordial and zealous support, and we hope no Democrat in the whole county of Lancaster will be recreant to his duty when such important interests are at stake and when, too, we have such promising tokens

of a glorious victory.

DEMOCRATIC MEETING .- A large and enthusiastic meeting of the friends of JAMES M. HOPKINS and the whole Democratic ticket. was held at the White Horse Tavern, in Salisbury township, on Saturday evening, which was addressed by Hon. ISAAC E. HIESTER .----His speech was warmly received, and he was repeatedly and loudly cheered during the progress of his eloquent remarks. Our friends in Salisbury are in high glee, and they will give a splendid account of

in Maine

How he got th inflicted the injury is not accounted for, unless he managed o secrete it about his person before being taken to jall -Wednesday's Express.

American Mechanics' Hall, East King street, and the fol

Juwing ouncers were elected for the present term: W. C. T., James Black; W. V. T., Miss E. R. Kleffer; W. S., James F. Downey; A., George W. Kendrick; W. C., Rev. Dr. Hodgson; W. F. S., John H. Pearsol; W. T., S. W. Murray; W. M., I. Nawton Pierce; D. M., Miss Susan Miller; I. G., Miss Odell; O. G., Samuel S. Holbrock; R. H. S., Miss Mary Miller; L. H. S., Miss Amelia Mengle.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE .- Yesterday afternoon

etween three and four o'clock, a man named Simor

Smeech, who had been committed, from Maytown, on Sat

arday last, for vagrancy and sentenced to thirty days

imprisonment, endeavored to commit suicide by cuttin

is throat. About the time mentioned, the under warder

went to the cell of the prisoner and found him on his

liately apprised Mr. Cadwell of the circumstance, who had

hands and knees bleeding profusely. The warden imme

him laid on the bed. and discovering that only the wind

lispatched a messenger for Dr. Compton, the visiting phy

sician, who upon his arrival found that the unfortunate

nan had nearly severed the wind pipe off and cut a deep

gash in his left wrist, evidently with the intention of

reaching an artery. The Dr. immediately dressed his wounds and at nine

clock last night he was so far recovered as ts be able to

commission of the act, and only attributes it to the same

owing officers were elected for the present term :

LOCAL MAIL ARRANGEMENTS-CLOSING O HE MAILS AT THE LANCASTER POST OFFICE .- The following carefully prepared table of the hours for closing the various mails at the post office in this city, will be found very use-

ful for reference, by business men and others. A correct schedule of this kind has often been enquired for : BY RAILROAD

Eastern Through Mail-For Philadelphia, New York and Eastern States, at 6, 45 p. m. Way Mail East-For Philadelphia and intermediate offices, at 8, 45 a. m. (a) And has been been as a set of the set

and New Providence, at 8.45 a.m. BY STAGE. For Reading, via: Neffsville, Litiz, Rotheville, Ephratz Reamstown, Adamstown and Gouglersville, daily, at

a. m. For Lebanon, via: East Hempfield, Manheim, White Oak, Mount Hope and Cornwall, daily, at 9½ a.m. or Millersville and Slackwater, daily, at 1 p.m. or Safe Harbor, daily, at 1 p.m. or Hinkletown, via: Landis Valley, Oregon, West Earl,

and Farmersville, daily, at 2 p. m. or Paradise, via: Greenland and Soudersburg, daily, a

Sor Litiz, via: Noffsville, dally, 3 p. m. For Litiz, via: Noffsville, dally, 3 p. m. For Marietta, via: Hempfield and Silver Spring, daily, at 3 p. m. or Strasburg, via : Fertility and Wheatland Mills, daily at

3 p. m. 3 p. m. for Lampeter, daily, at 3 p. m. for New Holland, via: Binkley's Bridge Leacock, Barevill Beartown, Bowmansville and Muddy Creek, daily, at

Beartown, Bownansville and Muddy Creek, daily, at 1 p.m. For Phenixville, via: New Holland. Blue Ball, Goodville, Churchtown, Morzantown, Honeybrock, Chester Springs, and Kimberton, Tri weekly, Tuesday, Thursday and Sat-urday, at 12 m. For Port Deposit, Md., via: Willow Street, Bmithville, Bnck, Chesnut Level, Green, Pieasant Grove, Rock Springs. Md.: and Rowinadsville, Md., Tri-weekly, Monday, Wednes-day and Friday, at 6 a. m. For Colebrock via: Swarr's Mill, Old Line, Sporting Hill and Mastersonville, Tri-weekly, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 12 m. For Vogansville and Terre Hill, Tri-weekly, Monday, Thurs-day and Sturday. 2 m.

day and Saturday, 2 p. m. for Liberty Square, via: Conestoga, Marticville, Coleman-ville and Mount Nebo, Semi-weekly, Wednesday and Sat-

urday, at 1 p. m. or Bethesda, via : Willow Street and Rawlinsville, Wed-

nesday and Saturday, at 6 a. m. nesday and Saturday, at 6 a. m. For New Danville, weekly, Wednesday, at 9 a. m. Office hours, from 7 a. m. to 8 p. m. On Sunday, from

o 10 a.m. Postage to California, Oregon and Washington Territo-ies, 10 cents. es, 10 cents. Letters, alleged to be valuable, will be registered, and a eipt given therefor, on application and payment istration fee of five cents, in addition to the

postage. All letters are required to be pre-paid with stamps before they can be mailed. H. B. SWARE, Postmaster. COLUMBIA AFFAIRS .- We glean the follow-

ng "items" from Saturday's Spy:

COLUMBIA AFFAIRS.—We glean the follow-ing "items" from Saturday's Spy: The CONTRENTALS—On Thursday evening this hand of Vocalists gave one of its delightful concerts at the Odd Fellow' Hall, which was, as usual, listened to by a large and appreciative audience. The company has always been a favorite one in Columbia, and the announcement of its coning is certain to excite pleasing expectations which never fail of fulfilment. The entratament of Thursday was a treat and in every way satisfactory to the audience. RAILEOD ACCIDENT—On Thursday morning a wagon driven by Mr. Joan Kane, of Washington borough, was run into at the crossing of Perry street, by the engine of the 11 o'clock mail train, the horse killed, the wagon broken to be fashill burt. Upon examination, the bone of his thigh was found broken and his head cut, the latter wound not serious. Ho was carried to the American House, where he has received every attention. Mr. C. Birawbridge was very efficient in this care for the big lood man, and de-serves credits for his unremitting extending the product and pronounces his state favorable to speedy recovery. It is seldom that our streets are the scone of serious rall road accidents, but we have always dreaded the crossings of union and Perry streets, and anticipated fatal collisions at these points. There is such a positive difference in the accounts of the accident, emanating from equally reliable sources, that it is difficult to fit the blame where it really belongs. By one party it is asserted that no boll was rung by the engineer and that Mr. Fane had no warning of the approach of the train the such are bed no boll was rung by the engineer and that Mr. Fane had no target and the ordinary care taken on entering form. It is not our buncess to dedde the dimpute, but we are to deeply inter-ested in the asfety of our cit.com and to insit that aread dangerous crossings as our low criter... Is shall be approached with extraordinary care, and every signal given that can

th extraordinary care, and every signal given irn travelers of danger.

MAINE ELECTION .- Our latest papers from the State of Maine, positively declare that Mr. Bradbury is elected to Congress in the Sixth District, and the probability is that the Democratic candidate in the Third District has also succeeded. It is, therefore, settled that the Democrats have gained one member of Congress in that State, and quite likely two. The loss to the "Republicans," on the Congressional vote since the last election two years ago, is over seven thousand votes. The years ago, is over seven thousand votes. The ominous results that and in the version of the people stands registered against them and in favor of our revered President, whom they

HUZZA FOR CALIFORNIA

The steamer Moses Taylor, with the California mails of the 6th of September, upwards of 300 passengers, and nearly \$1,600,000 in reasure, arrived at New York on Wednesday vening, from Aspinwall.

The most important news is the triumphant success of the Administration Democratic State ticket by a majority of from 6,000 to 10,000, and a large majority in both branches of the Legislature ! It is a terrible rebuke to BRODERICK and M'KIBBIN, who were arrayed against the Administration all through the ast session of Congress.

The San Francisco National has an able editorial in relation to the glorious Democratic victory in `that State, an extract from which we subjoin, and ask our readers to peruse it

with attention. The National says: "The steamer which goes East to day bears

glorious tidings from the Democracy of California. Since the last sailing a great battle has been fought-a battle of principle against faction, and once more our banner of victory floats proudly in the breeze. Never in the history of party movements was met a more unscrupulous foe than that whose head we have just bruised. Never did a more corrupt conglomeration of despicable isms meet a more signal overthrow at the hands of the people. The issue was distictly made ; the true Democracy rallied under the flag of the Administration, on the one hand, and the mongrel hordes of Black and Broderick, Republicans, leagued in fraternal embrace, on the other. The latter was truly an incongruous mixture. Disappointed office-seekers-broken down party acks-ballot box stuffers, whose occupation had gone-political mountebanks, who have boxed the whole compass of inconsistencies-

boxed the whole compass of inconsistencies— brawling demagogues who, prating of the dignity of labor, never spent an hour of hon-est toil in their lives—sectional agitators, bummers and election brokers-these were some of the delectable elements that went to make up the Opposition. Of such was the ragged army that we have so signally routed.

large mass of those who have been deluded and led astray from their party by designing and unprincipled men, we have no other feelings than those of pity. We regard them with mercy, for verily they knew not what they did. Many of them see their error and already regret their defection. For those, however, who have knowingly and deliberately betrayed their party-who, with their eyes open, have leagued themselves with our enemies who by misrepresentation and falsehood have sought to break down the Administration. nothing remains but to mete out to them the traitors' doom. Let a mark be set upon them let them wear the brand of political infamy. They are now in congenial company-there let them remain. They are where they have been at heart all the time, and where they They are where they have must continue to be. Even when prating most flippantly of Democracy they were Black Republicans full fadged, ready to take wing the first fair day.' That day, as they thought, had come, but alas! it was one of gloomy and ominous result for them. The verdict of the

have so vilely traduced."