DESCRIPTION PRICE, \$2,00 per annum.

DEMOCRATIC STATE NOMINATIONS. JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT : WILLIAM A. PORTER, Philadelphia.

CANAL COMMISSIONER: WESTLEY FROST, Fayette. COUNTY COMMITTEE MEETING. Queen street, in the city of Lancaster, on SATURDAY, the 28th day of AUGUST, 1858, at 10 o'clock, A. M. Every menber is earnestly desired to attend, as business of great nce connected with the approaching campaign, will demand the consideration of the H. B. SWARR, Chairman.

LANCASTER, August 17, 1858.

COUNTY COMMITTEE.

The following named persons constitute the Commi The following named persons constitute the Colombian M. B. Swarr, City, Chairman.

Adamstown—Elias Redcay, S. W. W.—Jacob F. Kautz, S. W. W.—Jacob F. Kautz, N. E. W.—James H. Barnes, Cernarvon—E. D. White, Clay—John Elser, Esq.

Lanc'r Twp.—Benj. Huber, Lampeter E.—Col.J. Lightner Colombian A. D. Whitasida. Adamson—Brecknock—David mccon-, Bart—H. S. Kerns, Bart—H. S. Kerns, Esq. n Elser, Esq. A. D. Whiteside, Lampeter E.—Col.J. lightner
" W.—Samuel Long,
Leacock.—John L. Lightner,
" U.—Dr. A. S. Bare,
L. Britain.—B. S. Patterson,
Manhelm Twp.—Benj. Eby,
tt, N. W.—William Patton,

S. W.—F. H. Ebur, Cocalico E.—Cyrus Ream, "W.—Dr. Sam'l Weist

Two W.—Henry Funk,
Drumore.—Dr. B. F. Sides.
Barl—Dr. Samuel Ringwalt,
Earl E.—Martin E. Stauffer,
W.—Martin Cafroth,
Ephrata—Dr. H. Reemsnyder.
Elizabeth—G. Biemesderfer,
Elizabeth-G. Biemesderfer,
Elizabeth-enry H. Breneman,
Fulton—Samuel Wicks, Esq.,
Salisbury—Dr. Jacob Neff.
Hempfield E.—Dr. S. Parker,
Sasbury—Issae Walker,
Hempfield W.—J. M. Weller,
Warwick—S. E. Keller,
Lancaster City,
Washington—Jos. E. Charles. ncaster City, N. W. W.—Col. J. Rankin,

KANSAS REMAINS A TERRITORY. The vote in Kansas on the acceptance of the Lecompton Constitution, as proposed by the "English Bill," resulted pretty much as everybody expected-in the rejection of the proposition by a large majority-probably, not less than 7,000, in a vote of some 13 or 14,000. Full returns have not yet been received, but enough are known to indicate this result.

The act of Congress under which the vote was taken, provides, in substance, that if this Constitution is rejected. Kansas shall remain a Territory until she has a population equal to the number required for a member of Congress under the apportionment of 1850, which is, in round numbers, 93,000. This vote, therefore, would seem to indicate that the people of Kansas prefer to remain a Territory, for a while at least, in preference to incurring the expense of a State government, which would be an onerous undertaking for a popu lation of some 40,000 souls, greatly less than one half the number embraced in the limits of our own county of Lancaster. Whether they will permit the question to rest until they have the requisite population, as contemplated by the act of Congress, or whether they will take immediate steps to form another Constitution and apply for admission as a State at the next session of Congress, is more than we can tell; nor do we think it is material one way or the other. The question is now in their own hands, and upon them will rest the responsibility. The whole country will be no longer agitated. If the people of Kansas had decided to come into the Union under the "English Bill," we should at once have had an addition of two Black Republicans in the U. S. Senate and one in the House. As it is, the country is saved from such an infliction, at least for the time being, and for this we

have cause to be thankful. GOVERNOR PACKER. Being on a flying visit to Harrisburg, on

Thursday last, we called upon the Governor, Commonwealth, Mr. Hiester, was present half very pleasantly in conversation with these distinguished gentlemen.

Governor PACKER and his family are now settled comfortably in the Executive mansion, purchased by the Legislature for the residence of our Governors. The building is a very comfortable and well finished dwelling, situated in Second street, immediately above the site of the late Presbyterian church.

RETURNED TO WASHINGTON. President Buchanan and suite left Bedford Springs on Friday morning, and reached Washington City next day. The President is said to be much recruited in health from the trip, and is looking remarkably well.

THE \$10,000,000 LOAN. The ten million loan, proposals for which were issued by the Secretary of the Treasury has all been taken by Banking Institutions and Brokers in New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and New Haven-principally by the former-at an average premium of nearly five

CONGRESSIONAL.

EDWARD McPHERSON, Esq., formerly editor of the Independent Whig of this city, and the. projector of the Inland Daily Times, has been nominated for Congress by the Black Repub licans in the Franklin District. His chances for an election we should take to be very slim, inasmuch as the able and accomplished Reilly, the present member, will be the Democratic candidate. Mr. McP. is a young gentleman of considerable talents, a clever political writer, and would make a tolerably fair member of Congress-if elected.

LATE FROM THE ATLANTIC CABLE. We find the following despatch in the Philadelphia papers of yesterday:

New York, Aug. 15.—The following message from Mr. De Sauty, one of the assistant electricians of the Atlantic Telegraph Company, and who is credited with being the first to apply the Morse instrument to submarine telegraphing, has been received: TRINITY BAY, Aug. 14.

To the Directors of the Atlantic Telegraph: The cause of not transmitting and receiving intelligence through the cable, is that the instruments require a great deal of care and adjusting-I am doing this as fast as possible. You should not look upon the Cable as an ordinary short telegraph line, that can be worked through directly. The Cable has been successfully laid, and telegraphic signals have passed through at pleasure, but we have encountered many difficulties, which require time, and which only many experiments can

entirely overcome. no reason to doubt that we shall able within a few days to surmount all difficulties. I will send the earliest intimation of of the probable time that the Queen's message may be expected.

DE SAUTY.

"Young Ladies' Academy of the Visita-TION."-We direct the attention of our readers to the advertisement of this Institution-one of ment. Since the occurrence the subscription the best of its class in the country-in another list of the paper has increased three hundred. column. We are glad to learn of 'its highly flourishing condition. The Academy is located at Frederick, one of Maryland's most pleasant course at a late riot.

The Germantown Telegraph, an indeproclivities, pays the following compliment to the State administration:

Governor Packer and his cabinet have returned to the seat of Government, from their visits to Cape May and Atlantic City. We never had a more respectable Chief Magistrate, or a cabinet of more integrity and ability. Judging his administration so far as it ad and has been developed, it is clearly progressed and has been developed, it is on titled to the confidence of the people.

BACKING DOWN ! Our discussion with the Intelligencer on the ariff has become "flat, stale and unprofitable," or the reason that our opponent cannot be

nduced to let his readers see both sides of

Such is the language of the Examiner, in reply to our strictures upon the inconsistent course of that paper. The editor is evidently 'ashamed" of the position he took some three weeks ago in his justification of the Republican State Convention for abandoning Pennsyl vania interests, and would now most willingly claw off from the contest. But we are not willing that he shall do so, without a candid acknowledgment on his part that he has, for expediency sake, abandoned the old Whig doctrine of protection, and is willing to become free trader, or anything else, so as to suit the

notion of the Republican free trade candidates on the State ticket, and throw dust in the eyes of his readers! Why not make a clean breast of it, like the Reading Journal, whose confession we published last week, and acknowledge the corn at once, without any farther tergiversation or mystification! Why not say, in so many words, like his more honest contemporhe would have been "ashamed of the Conventhe Peoples party, so-called "do not confine State or locality." The Examiner does not attempt to combat

our argument that State Conventions ought to uents, whose interests are widely different jority. from those of persons residing near the Arooswith the great mass of the people of Lancaster prosperity of the people. County, who entertain some old-fashioned otions with regard to the duty of their representatives in Congress and the State Legisla-

ecratic measure, and under it the country at shouted some three years ago. large prospered beyond all precedent in our not have been accomplished, and yet the Examiner and other papers of the same ilk have the effrontery to charge the whole responsibil-If, as they allege, the modification of the tariff the Democratic party? Why not be candid passed away forever. and honest enough to assume a full share of the responsibility for the Republican party.-We had the Senate-they had the House; of course, each party is about equally at fault, if

We do not wish to see the Examiner playing fast and loose on this question. We want that paper to define its position. If it be for free-trade, the editor should not be "ashamed" to toe the mark, fairly and squarely, in favor of the doctrine. If it sanctions a protective tariff, let the editor at once cease to defend the action of the Republican State Convention, in his office, and found him looking well, and acknowledge that his conduct is insincere, and nominating a Democratic candidate for Conin excellent spirits. The Secretary of the also that his sole object is to gull and declive gress in your district, will convene in a few the honest and unsuspecting people. We part of the time, and we spent an hour and a want no backing down at this stage of the of the Convention. If I lived in your district,

> ing Institution, located at Wilmington, Delaware, is eminently worthy and deserving of in another column) on the first of September, under the auspices of the following named excellent Faculty, viz:

Rev. John Wilson, A. M., President and

Rev. Stearns Patterson, A. M., Professor f Ancient Languages and Belles Lettres. Rev. Thomas J. Thompson, Professor of Mental Philosophy.

Mr. CHARLES GROBE. Professor of Music. Rev. ALFRED T. SCOTT, Professor of Drawng and Painting. Mr. Stephen Shelp, Teacher of Penman-

of Higher Mathematics. Miss Annie E. Peck, Teacher of English

Miss Bellah Woolston, Teacher of Mathe-Miss SARAH C. Young, Teacher of English

Monsieur Victor Value, Teacher of Modern Languages.

During the past Collegiate year, there were 125 students in the Institution, and the ensuing year, we learn, promises fair to open with a still greater number, such is the high character it sustains throughout the country.

Rev. Dr. Hodgson, of this City, is one of the Trustees of this Institution, and will take pleasure in communicating any information that may be desired respecting it.

MISSOURI ELECTION. St. Logis, August 13.—The returns from the different Congressional Districts of the State indicate the following results:

First District-J. Richard Barrett, National Democrat, elected-626 majority. Second District-Thomas L. Anderson, National Democrat, elected—4500 majority. Third District-John B. Clark, National Democrat. elected-4500 majority. Fourth District-James A. Craig, National

Democrat, elected-4000 majority. Fifth District-James A. Woodson, National Democrat, elected-500 majority. Sixth District-John S. Phelps, National Democrat, elected—5000 majority.
Seventh District—John W. Noell, National

Democrat, elected—3099 majority. ATTACK ON A BALTIMORE NEWSPA-PER OFFICE. An attack was made on the office of the Ex change newspaper. At eleven o'clock on

Thursday last, about a dozen men arrived,

with revolvers, and at a given signal gathered

at the office. They covered the operations of two who entered and assaulted the superintendent, Mr. Carter, with bricks and other missiles, broke the furniture, &c. He was badly injured .-One arrest was made. There is much excite

The Exchange has lately been pretty severe upon a policeman named English, and his

THE FALL ELECTIONS.

Between now and the eighth of November pendent journal, but of decidedly Republican next, the free States will elect 127 of the 236 members of the next United States House of Representatives, leaving nine to be elected in March and April next-three in New Hampshire, four in Connecticut, and two in Rhade Island. Vermont will commence the election of members of Congress September 7th, and Maine will follow six days later in the same month. The Middle and Western States will the Black Republicans took to themselves the the last week there were 140 deaths from yelelect their 118 in October and November. | lion's share?

DEMOCRATIC SUCCESS!

In Missouri the Democrats have elected all duced abundant revenue to meet all the wants the members of Congress, and have a popular majority in the State of not less than 20,000 ! of the National Government, while at the KENTUCKY has gone Democratic by from 10 same time it afforded incidental protection to 12,000 majority! In Louisville, the strong to our manufacturers in a just and reasonahold of Know Nothingism and the centre of ble degree. The capitalists who invested the Crittenden and Marshall influence, the their money were protected, the working man was protected, and the consumer was protect-Democrats came pretty near tying their oppo nents. In 1856, this city gave 2000 majority | ed from the monopoly created by unjust and for Filimore; in 1857, it gave over 1100 for unwise governmental interference with the the Know Nothing ticket, and now the ticket laws of supply and demand. But this party has at all times clamored for protection and was of the same party is only elected by the

meagre majority of about 250 votes! NORTH CAROLINA is almost entirely sided, the Democrats having swept the State by immense majorities, and carried all the members of Congress but one! The popular majority on the vote for Governor, will be from 10 to 12,000!

In ARKANSAS the Democracy have carried the State by an overwhelming majority. Hon. Albert Rust and Hon. T. C. Hindman, are of protection. They did not increase the elected to Congress by an immense vote.

OREGON, too, has gone Democratic. At the is the only way of protecting American indus late election, the Democrats carried all the try, but they actually lowered them, and at ary, that "the resolution was framed to suit departments of the government by decisive the present time made large additions to the the prejudices" of Democrats, and not because majorities. The Democratic majority in the free list. This, it must be borne in mind, was Legislature is overwhelming, securing the accomplished by a House of Representatives election of two additional Democrats to the in which the Opposition majority was very State line," and, therefore, he is gratified that U. S. Senate, who, with the Democratic Representative elect, will take their seats in Con- Democrats. The Comittee of Ways and Means, themselves to the interests of any particular gress immediately upon the admission of the of which Hon. Lewis D. Campbell, a prominew State.

In CHICAGO, Ill., there was a local election was Chairman, reported a bill for reducing recently, which was previously claimed by the the Tariff of 1846 to the House, and in his lay down a State policy, and that members of Republicans to be a test. The result was that speech on that occasion he thus talks of Congress are elected in Pennsylvania not to Smith McClevery, Esq., the Democratic canfirst and mainly their own immediate constit- too, in a ward which gave Fremont 400 ma-These are all signs of the times which can-

took or Rio Grande. Our neighbor does not not be overlooked, and go to show, clearly and make the attempt, for the simple reason that conclusively, that the progress of Democracy such an effort would be ridiculous. He does is onward, and that nothing can arrest its duty in order to have stability and permanency not, in the last issue of the Examiner, even progress. It is the party of the people and of and in order to have the question withdrawn essay to bolster up his untenable position, but the country, and is destined to "crush out" is very willing to drop the whole discussion Black Republicanism and every other ism as "flat, stale and unprofitable." We have which arrays itself in opposition to the integno doubt it is so to him; but it is not the case rity of the Union and the rights, welfare and

CAMERON A BAD EGG! Bennett, of the New York Herald, has dropped Simon Cameron for the Presidency, and ture, and who expect to be enlightened on the is now advising the People's party to put up subject of the tariff and every other question Gen. Scott once more, as the most available of public importance, by the newspapers of the candidate. He is doubtless convinced that Simon would be a worse speculation than even The tariff of 1846 was emphatically a Dem. George Law, for whom he so vociferously

BENNETT thinks that old Lundy's Lane i history as a nation. That tariff was repealed the only available candidate of the Opposition or modified in 1857, mainly through the infor the Presidency in 1860, and can possibly strumentality of a Republican House of Rep- be carried through by the "practical camresentatives—for without their action it could paign policy of 1840," which is the only course "that offers a hope of success."

We agree with the Herald that the chance of the Opposition is extremely slim indeed, in ity of the measure upon the Democratic party! 1860-so much so, in our opinion, that even "hard cider and coon skins" cannot save them in 1857 was the cause of the financial troubles from a worse defeat than they got in 1856. hrough which the country is passing, but The day for the successful exhibition of such which we do not believe, why saddle it upon tom foolery as displayed itself in 1840, has

A SHALLOW ROORBACK.

The following silly attempt to put in circulation a forged letter from President Buchanan, originated in the New Albany Tribune. The blackguard who wrote it might, at least, have attempted to imitate the style of a gentleman, and not have placed his own accustomed slang phrases in the President's mouth. However, there are but few fools who will believe the letter genuine.. WASHINGTON, July 25, 1858.

Hon. Wm. H. English-DEAR SIR. - Aware that the Convention for hope that you may be the unanimous nominee and had a thousand votes, you should have Occupying the position you do, I WESLEYAN FEMALE COLLEGE. - This flourish- consider it essential that you should succeed in obtaining the nomination. A failure in this would be regarded by me as a rebuke of my administration. There may be some aspirant patronage. The next session of the College will open (as will be seen by an advertisement so, say to them that by giving you a clear so, say to them that by giving you a clear track they will gain my favor and may expect to be provided for in a suitable manner. If nominated, I will throw as much assistance

into your district as you may desire. Our friend Hughes, I see, has a hard row to Professor of Moral Philosophy and Natural hoe. He will be liberally sustained. Of this you may rest assured.

Your Friend. JAMES BUCHANAN

THE RIGHT SPIRIT. Some months ago, when the Presidents

Nicaragua and Costa Rica met and amicably arranged the question of boundary between the two countries, they also prepared an address Mrs. H. H. Wilson, Preceptress, and Teacher or appeal, in the names of their respective governments, and dispatched it to those of France and Great Britain, inviting their protection and assistance against the United States.

Our government has, in consequence, proceeded to act in such a manner as will plainly but firmly indicate to all foreign powers that the United States will not consent to their interference in Central American affairs, nor to any measures which may have the effect of injuring our interests in that quarter, and obstructing the transit routes to and from the Pacific. The government will act in accordance with the Monroe doctrine.

CONGRESSIONAL BRAINS .- The Lowel Courier tells of a Congressman from Maine, who paid a political editor \$10 to write his accep tance of the nomination, and \$10 to write his speech to his constituents on the occasion of his re election. The price is entirely too cheap. The "honorable" member doubtless valued the brains of the editor at the price he put upon his constituents' and his own. He had no doubt often cheated them by a ten dollar speech, with the belief that he was a man of ability and a profound statesman .-He is is not the first political legislator who has been indebted to an editor for all the public distinction he ever ecquired.

WHO OWNS CHICAGO ?- An intelligent correspondent of the Cleveland Review, writing from Chicago, says: "I should say that every real estate man is mortgaged for five times more than he can pay. As a general item upon this point, I will state upon the authority of a friend, who saw the records, that the assessed valuation of the taxable property of Chicago, last spring, was about \$36,000,000, while the amount recorded upon bond and mortgage, which it was pledged to secure, was over one hundred and nine millions of dollars! Comment is unnecessary to explain the total bankruptcy of this foflated town.-Among the older inhabitants there are a few men of means; but the city belongs to Eastern capitalists, who hold it on bond and mortgage security, and who could not in the aggregate, realize thirty cents on the dollar, and visit our merchant vessels on the high

if they sold out the town to-morrow." FRAUDS.—The Black Republican press are trying to make out that frauds were committed in the district of Missouri where Mr. Blair was defeated, and that he was the victim. Did any body ever hear of an election where Black Republicans were well beaten when they did not complain about frauds? Did a vote of the people. anybody ever hear of an investigation of alleged frauds, where it was not proved that

THE OPPOSITION AND THE TABIFF. CITY AND COUNTY AFFAIRS It is conceded that the Tariff of 1846 pro

THE QUEEN'S MESSAGE-THE PROGRAMM OR LANCASTER.—The message from Queen Victoria to President Buchanan is expected to be transmitted over the Atlantic Telegraph Cable some time during the present week. Upon the receipt of the message in this city, the fact will be announced by the firing of cannon, to be immediately followed with the ringing of the bells of the different Churches, the Court House, Factories and Fire Engine Houses. In the evening the demonstration will be continued with bonfires and illuminations by privat citizens. The City Hall and other public buildings should to be made at once. We understand the Odd Fellows' Hall, South Queen s

will be briliantly illuminated. All the gas burners in the not content to let this Tariff alone They were building will be lighted, and the Hall thrown open to not content to see the Iron and Coal interests visitors, with the beautiful jinsignia of the Order exposed of the State prospering marvelously under the to their inspection, while a row of tapers, arranged alon Tariff of 1846. They must have an issue of will be a fine feature of the scene. It is hoped that the success of this great enterprize master achievement of the 19th century-will be commen Tariff of 1846, which was consummated during

some sort upon the Tariff, and hence they

inaugurated the scheme of modifying the

the XXXIVth Congress. But this movement

was directly in the face of their old theory

duties, which, according to their arguments

from party politics:

duty in the future."

Again. I believe that, if this question were

reported by the Committee of Conference as a

roll around, reap a rich harvest from the bill;

if Pennsylvania will cling to her old policy,

coal, and prevents the passage of this bill,

upon the shoulders of Pennsylvania must rest

The main point in this speech of the leader

the tariff in 1857, when they had the whole

the whole movement in that direction is a

mere pretence. It is protection when it suits

that will best suit their dishonest ends .-

THE OPPOSITION PLATFORM.

Pennsylvanian.

tor discourses as follows:

Look at that platform; read it

weigh it : analyze it, tell us-what relation

ship does it hold to the Philadelphia platform

Is it child, grand child, step child, cousin, or

cousin in law? Neither. Does it affirm the

full power of Congress to prohibit in the Ter-ritories "Those twin relics of barbarism-

the invasion of personal and State rights by

the Dred Scott decision? Does it deal vig-

orously with one leading question at issue

Neither. It is negatively Republican and pos

up the weight of a great party. It won't do,

effort—remembering, however, that not the power of a thousand "Union" Conventions

can lead the freemen of the Northern Tier one

oga will endeavor to preserve her integrity-

leaving the State to cipher out its political

THE OHIO DEMOCRACY.

which met at Columbus on the 5th inst., after

nominating their candidates, unanimously

Resolved, That we reaffirm and endorse the

principles set forth in the platform of the

Democratic Convention, which assembled at

selves, without intervention from any quarter.

who differed in opinion, believing that all

who uphold the cardinal principles of the party

Democratic ticket, as good enough Democrats

the pretended right of Great British to search

seas, in time of peace, thus adjusting a

controversy which had remained unsettled

which had already cost us one foreign war.

from the foundation of our Government, and

6th. That, in future, we are opposed to the

admission of a new State into the Union until

the population thereof shall equal the ratio for

Representative in Congress, and until as in

the case of Minnesota, its proposed constitution

shall have been submitted to and approved by

and sustain its organization by voting the

Resolved, That we accept the adjustment of

Kansas into the Union, and

adopted the following resolutions:

Cincinnati in 1856.

admission of

for all purposes.

ter our national affairs.

low fever in New Orleans.

The Ohio Democratic State Convention,

inch from the standard planted in 1856.

of the opposition, Mr. CAMPBELL, is, that it

the responsibility, not mine.'

which sees no other interest than her iron and

orated with becoming spirit by all our citizens

QUARTER SESSIONS' COURT .- The August Term of the Court of Quarter Sessions commenced at 10 o'clock, a. m., on vesterday-Judge HAVES presiding COURT PROCEEDINGS .- A special Court was

held at 10 o'clock, a. m., on Saturday, for the purpose of endering decisions on rules, &c., granting licenses, and other general business. A new trial was granted in the case of Mary Jane Sebas tian, (colored.) previously convicted of the murder of her

The petition for review of the matter of the annexation

of Ephrata and parts of Clay and West Cocalico twps., was

overruled, and decree of annexation ordered as prayed for. A commission was awarded to enquire into the capacity of Peter Getz, of this city, to conduct his affairs, in conseouence of alleged habitual drunkenness. nent Black Republican member from Ohio, reference to J. F. Stephenson, of Martic twp., for similar

It was understood that the contested license cases would be heard on yesterday, to which time the Court adjourned. ATTEMPTED SCICIDE.—On Wednesday last, represent the people of Maine or Texas, but didate, was elected by 130 majority, and that, necessity of withdrawing the Tariff question a man named Augustus Ackerman, living somewhere in by swallowing arsenic. As soon as the fact became known "I am very glad that the gentleman from that the ann had taken joson, Dr. J. Lever, Kentucky is willing to take this feature of the that the man had taken poison, Dr. J. Levergood was called

bill, because Kentucky has a growing iron He is now recovering. interest, as Ohio has; and I believe that that great interest may well afford a reduction of A CHANGE. - We have neglected to notice neretofore the change in the Centre Square Book Store of Murray, Young & Co. WILLIAM F. DUNCAN, a brother Typo, nd for several years one of the popular and efficient prinfrom the party politics of the times, and placed sinal clerks of that firm, has taken the above stand, and on a firm and stable basis. Besides, the adjustment will relieve that interest from the tions as fast as they are issued from the press. His store dangers of having past duties refunded on railroad iron, and the admission of it free of resents the appearance of a busy bee-hive. We wish DUNCAN every success, because there is no fellow better

serving of it. May be always have plenty of "sorts." FATAL ACCIDENT .- On Monday morning. settled, taken as I said, from the arena of the 9th inst., an aged lady named Mary Dæbler, who for party politics, and placed upon the basis some time had been laboring under a severe attack of ckness, while walking across a room at her residence, in finality, Pennsylvania will, before many years West Orange street, fell and broke her arm and thigh bone. After suffering the most excruciating torture, she died rom her injuries on Tuesday evening.

> DESERVED HONOR .- Union College, at its late Commencement, (July 29th.) conferred upon Professor EDWARD BROOKS, of the Lancaster County Normal School, he honorary degree of Master of Arts.

> HAWTHORN FREELAND, Esq., has been apcinted Postmaster at Soudersburg, in this county, i lace of T. E. Huber, resigned.

totally ignores all the idea of a protective tariff, nay, that it even repudiates the measure DILLER'S PATENT AXLE Box .-- Our readers of incidental protection afforded by the Tariff will recollect that some months ago we gave a short ac of 1846, and says that the iron interest "may count of a new natent lubricating axle-box, patented by our friend, Mr. William Diller, of North Water street well afford a reduction of duty in order to this city, which was pronounced by all who had used it have stability and permanency, and in order far superior to any heretofore in use. Soon after that far superior to any nerectors in use. Soon after that to have the question withdrawn from party publication, a yankee, hailing from somewhere "away For Reading, via: Neffsville, Litiz, Rothsville, Ephrata.

"This was the position taken by the down east," filed an "interferance" in the Patent Office, Reamstown, Adamstown and Gouglersville, daily, at 8 down east," filed an "interferance" in the Patent Office politics." This was the position taken by the assuming that Mr. Diller had infringed upon his claim of Opposition in 1857. They then repudiated the priority. Mr. Diller was summoned to defend his claim protective theory, and argued in favor of withwhich he did successfully, and he has received official drawing the tariff question from politics. notice that his patent is valid, the priority of his improve ment having been clearly established. The application of They then reduced the duty on Iron, and the vankee, who turns out to be a Massachusetts man, is threatened Pennsylvania, if she did not accept onsequently rejected. This is other "feather in the the reduction at once, they would vote for the cap" of one of our most ingenious mechanics.

admission of railroad iron free of duty in the PURE RYE WHISKEY. - Those of our readers future. Nearly the whole Opposition in who may feel inclined to taste the real stuff, and no Congress united in the effort by which the deception, will find the genuine article of double distilled Pure Rye Whiskey, at the Distillery of Levi M. GROFF, Tariff of 1846 was prostrated, and that of near Bareville. There is no mistake in this matter. See 1857 inaugurated in its place. Senators SEWARD, WILSON, and all the master spirits THE PROPOSED ATHENEUM .- A meeting of

of the Opposition, gave their consent to this itizens in favor of consolidating the various literary, scheme by which the manufacturers of the scientific and benevolent societies of this city into one, each Eastern States were to be favored. They had retaining its separate organization, convened in the Common Council Chamber, City Hall, on Wednesday morning no words of pathetic expostulation then over last, at 10 o'clock. Dr. F. A. MUHLENBERG was called to the chair, and Horace Rathvon, Esq., officiated as Socrethe breaking down of the protective system. It was free Wool and free Iron, with Lawtary. The object of the meeting was briefly stated by the RENCE, STONE & Co. to foot the bill, and this President. Hop A. L. Haves read the following communication was the basis of Black Republican action on

Gentlemen: I am much gratified at the efforts now being Gentlemen: I am much gratified at the efforts now being made to found an Atheneum for the City and County of Lauraster, where all may meet on terms of perfect equality for the acquisition of useful knowledge, and hope that your laudable exertious may be crowned with success.

It gives me real pleasure to advance your efforts by pledging myself to contribute one thousand dollars, on the first of January next, and annually thereafter, for three consecutive years, five hundred dollars, to be expended in the purchase of books and necessary appliances, towards forming the nucleus of so excellent an Institution.

Very respectfully your friend, &c. control of the House of Representatives. If they were in favor of protection, why did they desert it in 1857? They are not, and hence a political purpose. It is free trade when

Very respectfully your friend, &c. E. C. REIGART Hon. A. L. Hayes, Hon. B. Champneys, Hot Burrowes, Geo. Sanderson, John Wise, and Ja LANCASTER, August 7, 1858.

A plan for the organization was then read, which, after The Tioga Agitator, a leading Republican ome discussion and various amendments, was adopted .paper, is out against the namby pamby plat will be published at length in due time. The plan provides for the election of officers and a board form apopted by the opposition convention of directors, who were elected as follows: President, Eman-

which put John M. Read in nomination for el C. Reigart, Esq ; Vice President, Dr F. A. Muhlenberg; Judge of the Supreme Court, and William E. Secretary, J. L. Hoffmeier, Esq.: Treasurer, Horace Rathon, Esq.; Board of Directors, Hon. A. L. Haves, Rev. E. Frazer for Canal Commissioner. The Agita-J. Gerhart, D. D. Rev. H. Harbaugh, John Wise, Esq., James Black, Esq., Geo. Sanderson. Esq., Hon. Thos. H. Some time since we took occasion to say to our fusion cotemporaries that the Convention John Wise, Esq., offered the following resolution which would not dare to deal with living questions

Resolved. That the thanks of this meeting be extended o Emanuel C. Reigart, Eq., for the very liberal donation f \$2.500 towards the establishment of the institution hich we have this day organized. James Black, Esq., offered the following resolution:

Ames Black, 1841, olered the following resolution:

Resolved. That a committee consisting of three members (the President being one) be appointed to confer with a similar committee appointed by the Howard Association, and the Historical, Agricultural and Mechanies' Institute, and with any committee which may be appointed by any similar society, to agree upon a p'an of union as proposed—the committee to report such plan of union as agreed upon, to the association for ratification.

The resolution was advanted and the about appointed the Polygamy and Slavery?" Does it denounce The resolution was adopted, and the chair appointed the Howing committee: E. C. Reigart, Esq., Hon. Thos. H. itively mild-clever-harmless. It might do as Burrowes, and John Wise, Esq. a toy for political babies, but it will not hold

LANCASTER COUNTY AGRICULTURAL AND ME-HANICAL SOCIETY.-The Lancaster County Agricultural and Mechanical Society held its first meeting, under its new charter granted by the Court of Common Pleas, on Monday

The officers, as provided by the charter, continue in their respective positions until the election in January next.— They are as follows: President, Joseph Konigmacher; Secary, David G. Eshleman; Treasurer, Benjamin Mishler; Managers, S. P. Spencer, A. K. Bowers, S. W. Beecher Mark Connell, jr., Maris Hoopes, Jacob Nissley. The following are the proceedings of the meeting:

LANCASTER, August 9, 1868.
The Lancaster County Agricultural and Mechanical Society met this day in accordance with the provisions of its charter. Mr. Konigmacher in the chair.
The President in frund the Society that he had received a note from Join Stroam, President of the Old Labocaster Agricultural Society, requesting him to inform Judge Watts, President of the Board of Trustees of the Pennsyl-vania Agricultural Society, that he, Mr. Strohm, no longer desired to occupy the position of Vice President of said Society, insamuch as the Society of which he was Presi-dent had cased to exist, and that the said letter had been remitted to Judge Watts in accordance with Mr. Strohm's request.

the Kansas controversy, by the passage at the recent session of Congress of the Conference bill English reported for the unconditional recognizing the right of the people of that Territory alone to decide finally and for themthe question of admission under the constitu-3d. We regard the Lecompton controversy, o called, as at an end, and as being a settled issue, therefore, we refuse to recognize it as a

4th. That we have full and abiding confidence in the ability, patriotism, and elevated purity of character of James Buchanan, the present Chief Magistrate of the United States, and in his wisdom and experience to adminis 5th. Resolved. Upon the recent settlement by the present Democratic Administration of

The Board of Managers made a report that they had appointed committees to obtain subscriptions from the siptients, and that said committee inform them that so far they have been partially successful. They further report that they have not selected grounds, but that as soon as a sufficient sum is subscribed they will at once select grounds and appoint a superintendent. The following resolution was also unanimously adopted: Resolved, That inasmuch as the last Fair resulted in a leficit which the Managers were obliged to pay out of their own pockets, it is not expedient for the Board to incur any responsibility this year until the citizens of Lancaster subscribe a sufficient sum to authorize them to proceed

YELLOW FEVER IN NEW ORLEANS .- During

TARGET EXCERSION .- The Fencilles had eir annual tarret excursion on Wednesday morning last. Bridge. They made a full dress parade from their Armory, Fulton Hall, at 8 o'clock. The prizes were—lst, a Silver Maltese Cross, which was won by Alderman C. F. Voigt; 2d, the old Fencibles' Silver Medal, won by Private B. Lawrence Mathews; 3d, a Silver Cup, (permanent prize.) won by Private C. B. Hebble-a Printer at that! The typos' 'shooting sticks" are in fine trim just now! The Fencibles looked finely as usual, and marched with the strictest

FAWKES' STEAM PLOUGH .- The trial of Fawkes' Steam Plough at Christiana, on last Wednesday and Thursday, attracted considerable attention. It has proven itself superior to any other plow now in use. The Express of Thursday says: For an experimental machine, we consider the trial of sterday a complete success. The inventor labored under

nilitary precision to the exquisite music of the Band.

"For an experimental machine, we consider the trial of yesterday a complete success. The inventor labored under many disadvantages, in imperfection of details, which time and experience will readily remove or supply. The iron pulleys connected with the lifting apparatus were not ready in time and wooden ones were used, which gaveway, and required the locomotive to be stopped to lift and lower the plows. The fireman was inexperienced and oner allowed the first to become smothered, from which some inferred the engine lacked power, although the boiler was at no time during the day worked to its full capacity. All admitted that the plowing was as well done as could be done with borses, and a little better than is often done.

"Mr. Fawkes has undoubtedly fairly started in the achievement of a great triumph in agricultural mechanics, and, not many years hence, we shall expect to hear of his steam ploughs running on the prairies of the West, as in dispensable adjuncts to western farming, while his name will be honorably mentioned in connection with the county which gave to the world a Fulton. He has many details to perfect, but he has undoubtedly secured the correct principle, and no great improvement was ever brought to perfect in an experimental machine. He has worked faithfully for two years, investing all his means, and his

perfection in an experimental machine. He has worked faithfully for two years, investing all his means, and his time and labor in this darling of his inventive genius. As yet no one has reaped any pecuniary advantage from it, except the clitzens of Christiana, to some of whom this exhibition has been a harvest. To Mr. Fawkes they are deeply indebted, and we respectfully suggest that they make up for him a handsome purse which, with his limited means, would be an acceptable testimonial.

"It was the intention of the inventor and patrates to proceed, at an early day, to Chicago, with this rlough; but the late meeting of the Philadelphia Agricultural Society, this machine was oronounced superior to the laydell plough, and the Society authorized the Secretary to at the late meeting of the Philadelphia Agricultural Society, this machine was rononunced superior to the Boydell plough, and the Society authorized the Secretary to Invite Mr. Fowkes to give a public trial of his Phouch at that city, the Society paying his expenses by private contributions among the members. It is probable that he may accept the invitation, and also exhibit it at the State Pair at Pittsburg before taking it to the West. The State Society ought to follow the example of the Philadelphians in offering to defray expenses.

"Mr. Jos. W. Fawkes, the inventor and patentee, is a series of the county and is not each thirty-they years of

"Mr. Jos, W. Fawkes, the inventor and patentee, is a native of this county, and is not over thirty-three years of age. He is also the patentee of the best lime-spreader over introduced. His merhanical abilities are all natural, having had a very limited education, understanding imper-fectly the science of mechanics, as such. He deserves much credit for his ind-mitable enercy and perseverance."

BARN STRUCK BY LIGHTNING .- Last evening the barn of Jacob High, about a mile north-east of Spring Grove Forge, in East Earl twp., was struck by lightning and consumed, together with a large stock of grain, bay, etc. Fortunately no horses or cattle were in the barn at the time. The fire occurred between 8 and 9 o'clock. have not been able to learn the extent of Mr. High's loss, but is-heavy. -The thunder storm passed over that section of the

county at a much earlier hour than it visited this city. It rained heavily at New Holland near midnight, but five miles this side the dust was barely laid .- Thursday's Ex LOCAL MAIL ARRANGEMENTS-CLOSING OF

THE MAILS AT THE LANCASTER POST OFFICE.-The following carefully prepared table of the hours for closing the various mails at the post office in this city, will be found very use ful for reference, by business men and others. A correct Eastern Through Mail—For Philadelphia, New York and Eastern States, at 6, 45 p. m.
Way Mail East—For Philadelphia and intermediate offices, at 8, 45 a. m.
Western Through Mail East—Western Through Mail East—For Philadelphia and intermediate offices, at 8, 45 a. m.

at 8, 45 a. m.
Western Through Mail—For Columbia, Harrisburg, Pitt.
burg and Western States, at 6, 45 p. m.
Way Mail West—For Landlsville, Elizabethtown, Mount
Joy, Middletown, Harrisburg, Lewistown, Huntingdon,
Tyrone, Altoona, Hollidaysburg (and Way Mail between
Altoona and Pittsburg) at 9½ a. m.
Southern Mail—For Columbia, York, Baltimore, Washington B. C. and Southern States, at 9½ a. m. ton, D. C., and Southern States, at 9½ a. m. Pittsburg Through Mail, at 2 p. m. For Strasburg, vis: Catango, Quarryville, Martinsville, and New Providence, at 8, 45 a. m.

a. m. For Lebanon, via: East Hempfield, Manheim, White Oak, Hope and Cornwall, daily, at 914 a. m. rsville and Slackwater, daily, at 1 p. m.

For Safe Harbor, daily, at 1 p. m. For Hinkletown, via: Landis Valley, Oregon, West Earl, and Farmersville, daily, at 2 p. m. or Paradise, via : Greenland and Soudersburg, daily, at 3 p. m. For Litiz, via: Neffsville, daily, 3 p. m. For Marietta, via: Hempfield and Silver Spring, daily, 3 p. m. For Strasburg, via: Fertility and Wheatland Mills, daily at

3 p. m.
For New Holland, via: Binkley's Bridge Leacock, Barevill
Beartown, Bowmansville and Muddy Creek, daily, at p. m. For Phoenixville, via: New Holland, Blue Ball, Goodville, Churchtown, Morgantown, Honeybrook, Chester Springs and Kimberton, Tri weekly, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 12 m. or Port Deposit, Md., via; Willow Street, Smithville, Buck, Chesnut Level, Green, Pleasant Grove, Rock Springs, Md.; and Rowlandsville, Md., Tri-weekly, Monday, Wednes day and Friday, at 0 a. day and Friday, at 6a. m. or Colebrook, via : Sware's Mill, Old Line, Sporting Hill and Mastersonville, Tri-weekly, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 12 m. or Vocansville and Terre Hill, Tri weekly, Monday, Thurs-

day and Sa'urday, 2 p. m.

For Liberty Square, via: Conestoga, Martieville, Colemanville and Mount Nebo, Somi-weekly, Wednesday and Saturday, at 1 p. to. For Bethesda, via : Willow Street and Rawlinsville, Monday For New Danville, weekly, Wednesday, at 9 a. m.
Office hours, from 7 a. m. to 8 p. m. On Sunday, from 9

10 a. m. Postage to California, Oregon and Washington Territocents. ers, alleged to be valuable, will be registered, and a receipt given therefor, on application and payment registration fee of five cents, in addition to the ostage.

All letters are required to be pre-paid with stamps before
they can be mailed.

H. B. SWARR, Postmaster.

COLUMBIA AFFAIRS.-We glean the following "items" from Saturday's Spy:

Libel.—On Friday morning. Samuel Wright, editor of the Ostambia Spy, was arrested by officer Waring, of York, and brought before Justice Welsh, to answer a charge of 10th, preferred by Daniel Jucobs, a citizen of York bornough, referred by Daniel Jucobs, a citizen of York bornough, referred by Daniel Jucobs, a citizen of York bornough, which which our citizens are already sufficiently acquinted. The arrest was under in the most gentlemantamaner by officer Waring, but all his politeness could not save the prisoner from a shouting escort to the Justice's office. The niserable man sneaked up Front street followed by a howling crowd of curlous, and on his arrival at the Blue Front, that classic temple was surrounded by a multitude, by some estimated at shout 5000 men, women and children: we do not think the number was so great. On confronting the Justice, that awful dignitary's cycs flashed with exultation, and the prisoner there read his miserable doom. We do not wish to insinuste aught against the 'Squire, but we fancied we detected a determination of the magistrate to settle off with the editor for repeated shywing up in the police reports of the Spy, and continued defeat at the game of billiards. The defendant is a large, square ing "items" from Saturday's Spy: magistrate to settle off with the editor for repeated showing up in the police reports of the Spy, and continued dofeat at the game of billiards. The defendant is a larce square built, ill-looking fellow of about five and forty, with a very dirty shirt, and his hair cut fighting feshion. He is of blustering disposition generally, but on the present occasion, the fight was completely subdued in the old gentleman. No hearing was necessary, hall only being required for the prisoner's appearance to answer. This, after protracted negotiation, was obtained, and the editor discharged from custody, the justice parting with him reluctantly, evidently charrined that the nature of the charge did not admit of a decision, sending both plantiff and defendant down for thirty days at hard labor. The popular feeling against the prisoner was intense, and the amount of sympathy extended to him may be imagined from the follow

admit of a decision, sending both plantit and the above down for thirty days at hard labor. The popular feeling against the prisoner was intense, and the amount of sympathy extended to him may be imagined from the following remark of one of the crowd, Perry Hood, to a friend, Bill Brown:

"Dah! I'se mity glad dat Sam Wright 'ill get his name in de Spy, anyhow!"

And Brown made answer "Dat's so."

The last soon of the miserable Samuel he was drowning his sorrow in lager, at Andy's. He looked very beery out of his eyes, and was endeavoring to kiss his ball. He is entirely unfit to attend to his editorial duties, or this roport would not nave obtained insertion among the police items. The reporter intends leaving town as soon as he hears of the editor recovering from his bust.

SHERWARDLY CAMP.—A camp meeting of the Methodist Episcopal denomination will be held at the usual ground, commencing on Friday, 20th inst. For the accommodation of visitors from this section, a Sunday train will be run of visitors from this section, a Sunday train will be run of the camp, will be issued. It will add to the feeling of security among the passengers to add that Mr. T. A. Trombo, the gentlemanly conductor of the train between this and York, will have charge of the excursion train through the entire route.

The "Heritarion" in York.—Some explanation of a par-

the entire route.

The "IRRITATION" IN YORK.—Some explanation of a paragraph which appeared in last week's Spy seems to be demanded. ciety met this day in accordance with the provisions of its charter. Mr. Konigmacher in the chair.

The President informed the Society that he had received a note from John Strohm, President of the Old Lancaster Agricultural Society, requesting him to inform Judge Watts, President of the Board of Trustees of the Pennsylvania Agricultural Society, that he, Mr. Strohm, no longer was required to occupy the position of Vice President of said Society, insamuch as the Society of which he was President had ceased to exist, and that the said letter had been remitted to Judge Watts in accordance with Mr. Strohm's request.

The following preamble and resolutions were submitted and unanimously adopted:

At the following preamble and resolutions were submitted and unanimously ad-pted:

Whereas, The Lancaster County Agricultural and Mechanical Society bas obtained from the Court of Common Pleas, of the County of Lancaster, a Charter of Incorporation. And Whereas, A Nociety permanently established, which shall properly conduct an Exhibition or Fair, at least once a year, will be of incalculable advantages to our Agricultural and Mechanical community, by bringing together people of different parts of the county, and of different views and modes of transacting business, thus enabling all to compare ideas, and select and combine what in best in their different parts of the county, and of different views and modes of transacting business, thus enabling all to compare ideas, and select and combine what in agricultural implements make its necessary to farmers we an opportunity of seeing them together, and the original comparative merits; therefore

And Werkeras. The constant changes and improvements in agricultural implements make its necessary to farmers we an opportunity of seeing them together, and the original comparative merits; therefore

"We are proved the itch as ravaging the cholera the idea of buries, the top of which, we thought bore sufficient.

The following preamble and resolutions were submitted and unanimously ad-pted:

Whereas, The Lancaster, Charter of Incorporation and Mechanical Society bas obtained from the Court of Common Pleas, of the County of Lancaster, and chart of the County of the County of a submitted to a provent by the regularly increasing prices obtained by those we reported the itch as ravaging that to merit set idea of buries, and impossibility to preclude its serious consideration of adoption.

The prompt acknowledgement of a fault is the simplest and most honorable atomenent. We now see that park in provents by the regularly, but are by no m-ans prepared to admit ourselves actuated by a mean spirit, to injure on the buries, and impossibility to preclude its serious consideration of a

objects aforesaid.

Rasolved, That the strictost eronomy be used in the management of the Fair, in order that, if possible, a fund may be acquired for the purpose of purchasing grounds and erecting permanent buildings, so that hereafter the Society may have regular anunal exhibitions, at which the smoney appropriated to the erection of temporary buildings may be devoted to premiums and other objects of interest to the Society.

Resolved, That while we attach the greatest importance to the improvement of the breed of horses, and while the propriety of making the most ample arrangements for trials of Speed is fully recognized, such trials ought not to be made the most prominent features of exhibitions.

Resolved, That as almost every family in the county is directly interested in some part of such exhibitions, and excels in some particular branch of Agriculture, Horticulture, Mechanical and Household employments, in which they can do credit to themselves and the Society, all should consider themselves especially and cordially invited to bring to the exhibition whatever they may deem worthy of notice on the occasion.

The Board of Managers made a report that they had appointed committees to obtain subscriptions from the citizens, and that said committee inform them that so far they have been partially successful. They further report that they have not selected grounds, but that as soon as a sufficient sum is subscribed they will at once select grounds and appoint a superintendent.

The following resolution was also unanimously adopted:

Recoved, That insanuch as the last Fair resulted in a deficit which the Managers were obliged to pay out of their own pockast, it is not expedient for the Board to incur any responsibility this year until the citizens of Lancaster subscribe a sufficient sum to authorize them to proceed the country of the property and exhaustical continuation of Lancaster subscribe a sufficient sum to authorize them to proceed the country of the sum of the property and the selection of the property the entire supply of water can be derived from near the town. This will indeed be a subject in our place if it proves practicable.

ers for aggravated assault and battery, with intent to rob, murder and commit vielence. John had come to Columbia on a kind of a batter, having first curefully primed himself with first class three cent whiskey for the occasion. Arrived at the basin end of town, like the man with the bill of fare, he commenced at the beginning, and was gradually drinking his way down town, when he came across the larger beer saloon of John Gaus, which he conscientiously gave the benefit of his patronage. He ordered liberally, imbibed freely, and left precipitately, neglecting to settle, obviously. The proprietor of the "seal" cried, 'pretael at the rescue! and with the aid of several compatriots, who strangely happened to be within hall of a lager saloon, arrested Taylor in his mad casers. The latter represented that the Germans had emptted his pockets of his en'ire available resources, which upon oath, he solemnly declared amounted to the sum of fifteen cents. The defonse was clamorous, but before it assumed definite shape the "Squire succumbed; the prostrating nature of the complaint, which was poured directly into his cars and nose in fumes of mingled lager and corn, rendered a patient hearing of the case impossible. The audience was postponed until next morning at 9 o'clock, with the hope that the plaintiff would appear sufficiently solver to make an intelligent charge. Both parties

o'clock, with the hope that the plaintiff would appear sufficiently sober to make an intelligent charge. Both parties were held under \$100 for their appearance.

On Wednesday morning defendant appeared, but the plaintiff failed to be on hand. The court improved the occasion by an edifying address to the audience, in which is henor alluded pointedly to the perniclous effect of mixing whiskey and lager, exhorting his heavers to address to the latter beverage. He admonished John not to sell lager again to a drunken tayleur, and concluded the services by forfeiting the recognizances of the non-appearing defendant.

For the Intelligencer.

MESSIS. SANDERSON.—As the time is fast approaching for the assembling of the Democratic County Convention, permit an old Democrat to suggest for the office of County Commissioner the name of Brisbin Skilles, of Salisbury township. Mr. Skilles was one of the gallant old line Whigs who came over to the Democracy in the memorable contest of 154, and is now an out and out advocate of the Lecompton policy of President Buchanan Ilis nomination would came, heavy vote for the antire Democratic ticket. could cause a heavy vote for the entire

EDITORS' BOOK TABLE.

THE COSMOPOLITAN ART JOURNAL. Published quar trly at 548 Broadway, New York, by the Cosmopolitan Art Association. Terms 50 cents per number, or \$2 per

The number before us is a double one, containing 100 quarto pages of valuable and exceedingly interesting readg matter, with several admirable ongravings " Medita tion," and "The Last Hope," are alone worth the price o

BUYANT & STRATTON'S AMERICAN MERCHANT, & monthly magazine, devoted to Commerce, Banking, Agriculture, Manufactures, Commercial Law, Literature, &c., &c., Published at Nos. 18 and 19 Peter Cooper Intercting. New York, at \$2 per annum. This is a capital work. Each number centains a mas

any where else. THE PRINTER: A monthly periodical, devoted to the interests of the "Art Preservative of all Arts" Published by Henry & Huntington, No. 1 Spruce Street, New York, at \$1 per annum. This is a most valuable publication, and should be in

of varied and exceedingly interesting information, which

the hands of every clitor and printer lin the Union, and indeed, is worthy of patronage by every literary and sci autific mind in the community THE UNITED STATES DEMOCRATIC REVIEW. Course Swackhamer, Editor and Proprietor. Terms (in advance) \$3 per annum. Publish d at 335 Broadway, N. Y. The Angust unmber of this old and favorite periodical has been received. We have had merely time to glance at its contants but sufficient to think that it is worthy to rank with any of its predecessors. The number is embel lished with a handsome engraving, by Buttre, of the late fortimer Livingston, a distinguished merchant and Democrat of New York. The following is the table of contents Non Intervention of Nations: Democracy and Republican ism-Choate and Cushing; Volcanic Flashes from Italy;

&c.: Biographical Sketches-The late Mortimer Livingston Literary Review; Monthly Summary of Events. THE VICE PRESIDENT'S SPEECH.

Boyhood Memories: The Contest in Illinois-Senator

Douglas on Popular Sovereignty-Extracts from his Speech,

The great speech of Mr. Breckinkings is eliciting the highest commendations from our Democratic friends every where. The following letter to the Washington Union, from its New York correspondent, will show the estimate put upon it by the Democracy of the Empire City: New York, July 28, 1858.

The able, vigorous, and thoroughly democratspeech of the Vice President near Florence. in Kentucky, has been "a heavy blow and great discouragement" to both sections of the opposition, coming as it does at the same time h the news of the utter rout of the anti-Lecomptonites in Oregon, and the sensible letters of Messrs. Fondey and French, of Illinois. Mr. Breckinridge's speech is peculiarly calculated to dash the hopes of the the oppositionists, and to make the "honest Americans pause" before they pass into the republican ranks. It portrays the black republicans in their true colors with such graphic precision; it exposes their heresies and claptrap in their hideous nakedness and deformity with such power; it has refuted so triumphantly the various clauses in the indictment of the democracy preferred by the opposition, and it has vindicated with such irresistible truth, plain good sense, and honest sincerity, the principles, acts, and purposes of the administration and of the democratic party, that I do not wonder that the republican and know nothing journals should be full of abuse of the noble young statesman by whom it was hinting darkly that the Vice President was opposed to the policy of the administration that with regard to Kansas he was "with Douglas and Crittenden;" that he was personally hostile to the President, and that on nearly all the leading administration measures he took ground strongly against the President and the majority of his cabinet. They knew that in making these mendacious allusions to Mr. Breckingidge they ran no immediate risk of being flatly contradicted, because the dignity and reserve of the Vice President's position would forbid his flatly contradiction ng their gross falsehoods. On the principle that an untruth, if well stuck to, is as good as truth they have continued making these groundless assertions, and no later than a few a leading black republican sneeringly alluded, in conversation with myself, to the anti-Lecomptonism of the Vice President."-The entire party is rejoiced at Mr. Breckinridge's great speech, and the crushing refutation which it contains of all that the oppositor have said concerning him. It is well that he has made that speech, and it is very well that he made it at the present time. It will necessarily weaken still further the already broken and debilitated ranks of the opposition; and give fresh strength, fresh courage, and fresh energy to the rank and file of our own party. The Evening Post is evidently quite dyspeptic after rending " the Vice President's appeal." Truth well told, and at the right time, is not at all suited to the Post's digestive powers .-And then there was so much truth, so very well told, and just at the proper time it is not wonderful that the suffering Post should be venomous in its own little way.

SCOTCH WATER PIPES.

Some of the Republican newspapers in this and other States have commented severely upon the General Government and its agents, because a contract has been given 'to some Scotch manufacturers of water pipes, for a supply for the acqueduct at Washington. The comments have elicited the following reply from Chief Engineer Meigs, which is sharp and to the point. He says:

"An advertisement for the materials and work needed to complete the acqueduct was published for two months, under the laws of Congress. This advertisement engaged that the lowest responsible bidders should have the contract for the remainder of the iron pipes, many miles of which had been already turnished by a citizen of Camden, N. J., under a former contract. The present contract was awarded to a citizen of Philadelphia, Mr. Lawrence Myers. Thus were all parties of the United States, which pays for the pipes, protected. The price is low. The contract too large to be filled by any one man's means in the required time, and Mr. Myers negotiates with the great iron masters of Philadelphia to assist him; but I suppose, for I know nothing of the matter, he finds their prices too high for his contract, and seeks better terms abroad.

"If this be so, who is to blame? Is it the engineer, who, acting under the laws, invited fair competition, the contractor who seeks to make the best terms he can, or the Philadelphia manufacturers, who allow a Scotch firm hree thousand miles off to undersell them at their own doors?

"I hope that the contractor will succeed in making or purchasing his pipes in this country. No one more than myself would country. regret to see the capitol supplied with water pipes not of our own manufacture, but certainly I cannot interfere in the private business of a contractor, and it was my duty to award the contract to the lowest bidder. He happens to be a Philadelphian.

"While the officers of the Government have no right to pay out more of the money en trusted to them, in order to secure Ame iron, the manufacturers who complain have a perfect right to abate their prices, so far as to keep the work in this country, and they would show more patriotism thus, than by complaining of the contractor who follows his interests, or the engineer who has done his duty."

COUNTY COMMISSIONER.