TERMS.

For the Intelligencer.

THE RED MAN'S DREAM.

BY AMO.

And flowers which did, in sweetness bloom,

Stripped of their glowing beauties lay.

The shades of eve had wrapt in gloon

Each vestige of the sunny day,

Deep solitude now reigned supreme,

And pictured all, in colors fair!

A dusky warrior lonely strayed :

When that proud river he surveyed.

He thought of his bright days of youth,

When, sporting near its silvery tide

In all the bloom of hope and truth,

He stood in all his native pride!

And, of those happy moments, when

But as he viewed the scene around,

Untenanted by them must lie!

Tired of conflicting cares and strife

Oblivious to the things of life

He sank to rest beside the stream,

He dreamed a sweet, enticing dream

Before his wrapt and 'wildered sight,

Were dancing with supreme delight

Before him seemed in joy to flow,

And on its banks, stood side by side

His red-browed friends of long ago

Unto his now enraptured soul

Once more, around the forest fire,

And hade his woes to disappear

The Great Spirit spoke soft words of cheer

And 'round him waves of joy to roll

He sung the WAR SONG of his race ;-

He hailed the trophies of the chase.

Again, he roamed throughout the glade,

Or, take the Buffaloe's shaggy hide.

Thus, while within the power of dreams,

From Fancy's sweet, enrapturing kiss

We'll leave him thus, nor break the spell

That, o'er his lonely spirit flows,-

Removing sorrow's burning touch,

Till, the Great Spirit calls

PROVIDENCE TWP., Oct. 23, 1857.

lost in the steamer "President."

quent preacher and sterling man:

Washington city, for Wesley Chapel.

man. The election for Chaplain of the

with every succeeding sermon.

It is not my purpose to sketch the many

sermons of Mr. Cookman during the time

remember one of his figures of speech.

And hiding transiently his woes

Ay, Child of the Forest, sleep in peace!

Untroubled, dream thy soothing dream

Where spotless suns, unclouded, beam

The Rev. George G. Cookman.

He lived, again, his hours of bliss,

His soul was lit by sunny gleams

With "Metamora" by his side,

To keep the trail, the wild deer made

Again, with yells and whoopings dire,

Bright Angel forms did seem to glide

And fairy creatures, by his side,

Missouri's dark and mighty tide

With all the vigor of his race He tracked the fleet Deer through the glon,

And foremost rode amidst the chase

His anguished bosom heaved a sigh,

That this, their happy hunting ground,

His mighty soul with sadness filled

Along Missouri's verdant banks

But Luna shed a welcome beam

No breezes cooled the sultry air;

1NTELLIGENCER & LANCASTERIAN. There was not a dry eye in the Chamber when he closed his sermon of one hour, PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY, AT NO.. 8 NORTH DUKE STREET,

BY GEO. SANDERSON. and sang alone the single verse of the hymn-

And must this body die—
This well wrought frame decay?
And must these active limbe of mine,
Lie mouldering in the clay?

TERMS.

Subscription.—Two Dollars per annum, payable in advance. No subscription discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the Editor.

Advertisements.—Advertisements. not exceeding one square, (12 lines.) will be inserted three times for one dollar, and twenty-five cents for each additional insertion. Those of a greater length in proportion. The session of Congress was about to close upon the administration of Mr. Van Jon Printing—Such as Hand Bills, Posters, Pamphlets, Blanks, Labels, &c., &c., executed with accuracy and at the shortest notice. Buren. The inauguration of General Harrison was soon to take place. Mr. Cookman had all his arrangements made to visit England on the steamer President. The first dispatch from the new administration was to be confided to his charge. The next Sabbath he was to take leave of the members of Congress in his farewell sermon. The day came. An hour before the usual time the crowd was seen filling the pavements of the Avenue, and pressing up the hill to Representative Hall, which was soon filled to overflowing, and hundreds unable to get seats went away disappointed. I obtained a seat early in front of the clerk's desk. John Quincy Adams sat in the speaker's chair facing Mr. Cookman. The whole space on the tostrum and steps was filled with Senators and Representatives. The moment had come. Mr. Cookman, evidently much affected, kneeled in a thrilling prayer, and rose with his eyes blinded with tears. His voice faltered with suppressed emotion, as he gave out the hymn-

When marshalled on the nightly plain The glittering hosts bestud the sky, One star alone of all the train, Can fix the sinner's wandering eye. Hark ! hark ! to God the chorus breaks From every host, from every gem, But one alone, the Saviour speaks, It is the star of Bethlehem.

Once on the raging seas I rode,
The storm was loud, the night was dark—
The ocean yawned, and rudely blowed.
The wind that tossed my foundering bark'

The hymn was sung by Mr. Cookman alone. I can yet in imagination hear his voice, as it filled the large hall, and the last sounds, with their echoes, died away in the dome.

earth and the heaven fled away; and there was no place for them.

"And I saw the dead, small and great, stand before God, and the books were opened, and another book, which is the book of life, and the dead were judged out of those things which were written in the books, according to their works."

Mr. Cookman was more affected when he gave us the text, than I had ever seen him before. He several times passed his handkerchief over his eyes before he began. The first sentences are fresh in my recol-

"When Massillon, one of the greatest divines that France ever knew, was called to preach the funeral sermon of the departed King, in the Cathedral at Paris. before the reigning King, the royal family, the chambers, and the grandees of France, he took with him to the sacred desk a little of its power to inflict injury upon the golden urn, containing a lock of hair of the late King. The immense congregation was seated, and the silence of death ned. Massillon arose, held the little urn in his fingers, his hand resting upon the sacred cushion. All eyes were intently fixed upon the King. As his hand was returned to the sacred cushion, the loud Many of our readers doubtless rememand solemn voice of Massillon was heard ber the Rev. Mr. Uookman, the talented in every part of the cathedral, 'God alone is great!' So I say to you, to-day, my Methodist minister, who was chaplain of beloved hearers, there is no human greatthe United States Senate, and subsequently

ness, 'God alone is great !' " The subject was the Day of Judgment The following sketch from the reminis-I had heard it preached before many times, cences of the Hon. O. H. Smith, published but never as I heard it then. The imin the Indianapolis Journal, will be highly mense congregation was held almost breathless with the most beautiful, sublime interesting to all who remember the eloand powerful sermon I ever heard. He spoke of the final separation in the great It was Sabbath morning. The last of day of judgment and fancied the anger of the city church bells was ringing as I left of the Lord locking the door that opened my boarding house on Capitol Hill, at to the bottomless pit, stepping upon the ramparts, letting fall the key into the abyss below, and dropping the last tear was quarterly meeting. The preacher had closed his sermon, when there arose at the over the fallen and condemned man .desk, a slender spare man, about five feet He closed-

eight, dark complexion, black hair falling "I go to the land of my birth, to pres carclessly over his high forehead, lean once more to my heart my aged mother, bony face, wide mouth, round-breasted and drop a tear on the grave of my sainted black coat, with velvet falling collar, black father; farewell, farewell." vest and pantaloons. Addressing the

And he sank overpowered to his seat. congregation, he said: "We desire to while the whole congregation responded take up a small collection for the relief of with sympathizing tears.

destitute, worn out Methodist preachers General Harrison had been inaugurated. and their families. We appeal to-day to The despatches for the British government the hearts of the congregation," and took were signed by Mr. Webster and delivered his seat. A large collection followed. I to Mr. Cookman. He took leave of his whispered to Patrick G. Good, of Ohio, friends at Washington, and left for New who sat beside me, "Who is that?" "Don't York. As we parted his last words were, you know him? It is George G. Cook-"May heaven bless you, Mr. Smith; if ever I return you shall see me in the The next Sabbath I was at the Chapel

West. again. Mr. Cookman preached. I re-A few days afterwards, there was seen turned satisfied that he was no ordinary passing Governor's Island the splendid new steamer "President," on her outward Senate came on a few days after, and withtrip to Liverpool, with Mr. Cookman, Tyout the knowledge of Mr. Cookman, I prirone Power, and a long list of other disvately suggested his name to the Senators tinguished passengers on board. The flying around me. The most of them had heard steamer had left the lighthouse far behind, him preach. He was elected Chaplain by and moved gallantly on up the open Atlana decided vote over the Rev. Henry Slitic, with the prospects of as speedy and safe voyage as any vessel that ever crossed the clouds in the heaven portended a storm .-

cer, against whom there was not the least objection, but we wanted to bring Mr. ocean. Night was approaching. The Cookman more prominently before the public. The next Sabbath he preached his first sermon in the hall of the House, to a The winds blew and howled a dreadful hurricane. The ill-fated vessel was seen very large congregation, from the text, late in the evening, struggling with fate— "The sword of the Lord and of Gideon." now lying in the trough of the sea, now on He made a profound impression on his the top of the wave, now upon her side, hearers that day, which seemed to increase and again plunging, as it were into the

abyss below. "The storm was loud, the night was dark. The ocean yawned, and rudely blowed The wind that tossed my foundering bark."

he was Chaplain of the Senate, the most of which I heard. He was a clear, distinct Morning came. The sun rose on an and powerful preacher. The remarkable open sea. The "President," with all on clearness of his mental vision enabled him board, had gone down and was never heard to see and describe whatever he touched of more. Thus perished, ere he reached so as almost to make Paul, Silas, Peter, the meridian of life, one of the eminent Mark and John stand before you as he divines of our country. named them. His tone of voice, as he

warmed with his subject, and the tear EVERY WORD TRUE. The character stealing down his cheek, were irresistible. of the men of a community depends much As a pulpit orator, take him all in all, he on that of the young women. If the lathad few equals and no superiors, that I ter are cultivated, intelligent and accomever heard. There was no place for a plished, the young men will feel the reehoir where Cookman sang. His voice was melody itself. I heard him in the quirement that they themselves should be upright, gentlemanly and refined; but if Senate Chamber on the funeral occasion of their female friends are frivolous and silly, Senator Betts, of Connecticut. The Chamthe young men will be found dissipated ber was crowded. The President, Departand worthless. But remember, always, ment, Foreign Ministers, Senators and Representatives were there. I distinctly brother's integrity. She is the surest in- eradicate the evil. The men who profit self this evening such a simpleton, that I As the human family come upon the culcator of a faith in woman's purity. As by the abuses, and desire to perpetuate can't for the life of me tell which side great stage of life, they find at every fork a daughter, she is the true light of the them, will continue to besiege the halls of of my bread is buttered!" of the road the finger board distinctly home. The pride of the father oftenest is legislation in the General Government as pointing to the grave—to the grave! There centered on his sons, but his affection is artifice, to mislead and deceive the public know whether the law recently enacted artifice, to mislead and deceive the public know whether the law recently enacted

LANCASTER CITY, PA., TUESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 10, 1857.

General Jackson and Banks.

with such determined resolution, or crushed them so effectually, as he did. With the people at his back he bid defiance to the whole monied power of the country. But Gen. Jackson understood their seductive and insidious arts to well to suppose that they would not make other efforts to fix themselves upon the vitals of the country. He therefore took special pains in his farewell address, which he bequeathed to his countrymen at the close of his eventful public career, to anticipate these evils, recount their dangers, and warn their posterity against them. It was for us who are now upon the theatre of action that he wrote. Let us heed, therefore, the following words of wisdom as though the patriot and sage still lived, and was speaking to us from the capital: "The severe lessons of expérience will,

I doubt not, be sufficient to prevent Con-

gress from again chartering such a monopoly, (as the Bank of the United States) even if the Constitution did not present an insuperable objection to it. But you must remember, fellow-citizens, that eternal vigilance by the people is the price of liberty; and that you must pay the price if you wish to secure the blessing. It behooves you, therefore, to be watchful in your States, as well as in the Federal Government. The power which the moneyed interest can exercise, when concentrated under a single head and with our present system of currency, was sufficiently demonstrated in the struggle made by the Bank "And I saw a great white throne, and of the United States. Defeated in the him that sat on it, from whose face the general government, the same class of intriguers and politicians will now resort to the States, and endeavor to obtain there the same organization which they failed to perpetuate in the Union; and with specious and deceitful plans of public advantages, and State interests, and State pride, they will endeavor to establish in the different States one monied institution with overgrown capital and exclusive privileges sufficient to enable it to control the operations of the other banks. Such an institution will be pregnant with the same evils produced by the Bank of the United States, although its sphere of action is more confined; and in the State in which it is chartered, the money power will be able to embody its whole strength, and to move together with undivided forces to accomplish any object it may wish to attain .-You have already had abundant evidence agricultural, mechanical and laboring classes of society; and over those whose engagements in trade or speculation ren-der them dependent on bank facilities, the dominion of the State monopoly will be abolished, and their obedience unlimited. With such a bank, and a paper currency. the money power would in a few years govern the State and control its measures; and if a sufficient number of States can be induced to create such establishments, the time will soon come when it will again take the field against the United States, and succeed in perfecting and perpetuating its organization by a charter from Congress. "It is one of the serious evils of our present system of banking, that it enables one class of society-and that by, no means a numerous one-by its control over the

> terests of all the others, and to exercise more than its just proportion of influence The agricultural, the in political affairs. mechanical, and the laboring classes have little or no share in the direction of the great monied corporation; and from their habits and the nature of their pursuits, they are incapable of forming extensive combinations to act together with united force. Such concert of action may sometimes be produced in a single city, or in a small district of country, by means of personal communication with each other; but they have no regular or active correspondence with those who are engaged in similar pursuits in distant places; they have but little patronage to give to the press, and exercise but a small share of influence over it; they have no crowd of dependents about them, who hope to grow rich without labor, by their countenance and favor, and who are, therefore, always ready to execute their wishes. The planter, the farmer, the mechanic and the laborer, all know that their success depends upon their own industry and economy, and that they must not expect to become suddenly rich by the fruits of their toil. Yet these classes of society form the great body of the people of the United States; they are the bone and sinew of the country; men who love liberty, and desire nothing but equal rights and equal laws, millions of freemen who possess it. But their side, they are in constant danger of losing their fair influence in the government, and with difficulty maintaining their

currency, to act injuriously upon the in-

just rights against the incessant efforts daily made to encroach upon them. "The mischief springs from the power which the monied interest derives from a trol, from the multitude of corporations with exclusive privileges which they have succeeded in obtaining in the different States, and which are employed altogether for their benefit; and unless you become more watchful in your States, and check this spirit of monopoly and thirst for exclusive privileges, you will, in the end, find that the most important powers of government have been given or bartered away; and the control over your dearest interests has passed into the hands of these corporations

"The paper money system, and its natural associates, monopoly and exclusive

and perpetuating your free institutions. In OUR STATE GOVERNMENT. There was no one question with which your hands is rightfully placed the sover- A knowledge of the structure of our the strong mind of Andrew Jackson grapeling eighty of the country, and to you every State Government, and of the organization pled, says the Nashville Union, that he responsible Tribular is ultimately responsible. It is always in your power more thoroughly comprehended at the close to see that the wishes of the people are of his illustrious public career, than that carried into faithful execution, and their And, yet when it comes to the test, we of currency and the evils of the banking will, when once made known, must sooner are surprised to find how many are at a system, Federal and State. No one warred or later be obeyed. And while the people loss to answer the simplest question relatremain, as I trust they ever will, uncorrupted and incorruptible, and continue watchful and jealous of their rights, the

> "But it will require steady and persevering exertions on your part to rid yourselves of the iniquities and mischiefs of we take the liberty of copying, with some the paper system, and to check the spirit alterations and additions: of monopoly and other abuses which have administration of the Government, to reyet remains to require all your energy and form Bill" of 1845, to wit: \$4,000 a year. perseverance. This power, however, is in your hands, and the remedy must and will be applied, if you determine upon it."

A Caudle Lecture Reversed. The following is "rich, rare and racy," and a capital hit at some husbands, and may be read profitably by all who are inclined to find fault where there is no fault. "A place for everything and everything in its place," is a rule that would prevent many lectures were it practised more. But just hear Mr. Caudle :-

" Now, Mrs. Caudle, I should like to know what has become of my hat? Here I've been hunting all over the house, and lost ten minutes that should have been given to the Mutual Life Insurance Co. Now, I say, what have you done with that hat? You have not seen it? Of course not; never do see it. Frank, go and get my hat, and Jane, fetch me my came. What' that? You can't find my hat? Now, Mrs. Caudle, I should like to know why you will persist in training your children in such a heedless manner! He can't find my hat. To be sure not; how can he if you don't learn him to look? Did I not leave it in the kitchen when I went there last night after something to eat? How the deuce should you know? I say it's your business to know, and to have my things all ready for me in the morning, and not have me losing so much of my time. Eh! you have too much else to do? Of course you have, with three servants and two children! Be calm! O yes, I will be calm! You see I am calm, and if you would only be so I should have been able to find my hat long ago, instead of staying here to listen to your excuse, when I ought to be down town attending to business. I wonder how you expect I'm to keep this house going, if I'm to be kept waiting here for my hat. What! how can you help it? How can you help it? Why, Madam, it's the easiest thing in the world! It's simply this modern management. Now, do you suppose things would go on in this way, if you'd only see that articles are in their right places: but I suppose you haven't got time to do that even! Of course not. Well, there is no use of talking, I must go to the office bare-headed. Your bonnet, madam! Your bonnet! But why should be surprised—why should I be surprised if you should offer me your skirts also, since I seem to have lost all authority in this house? It's not your fault! and pray. then, whose fault is it? I will repeat it over twenty times, if you wish it-whose fault is it? What! the servants? No, ma'am; I tell you, you are mistaken-it's not the servants-I tell you it's your fault. I wonder who oversees the servants—who, madam, but you? Then, it's clearly your fault that I can't find my hat. (Sits down) Well, it's no use talking-I shan't go to the office to-day, and you, ma'am, shan't go to Newport—dy'e hear? It is no use asking, you shan't go. You needn't suppose I'm going to be deprived of my hat in this way, and then allow you to spend my money at Newport. No, ma'am, I'm no such fool as all that comes to. No, ma'am; here I am, and here I'll stay all day, ma'am, and-oh! what! You wish I wouldn't talk so much? I tell you I will talk—I'll talk

tains. I'll smoke all over the house.' "Here," says Mrs. Caudle, "the horrid wretch was about putting his odious precept into practice, when Jane came in with his hat, having found it where it had been left by him, in a corner of the large oak chair, on the back porch."

all day, if I please, and smoke too-d'ye

hear that ? I'll smoke in the dining-room,

and yes, by Jove, I'll smoke in the parlor,

and by Jove, ma'am, I will scent the cur-

THE ECONOMICAL LANDLADY. day, when butter was scarce and high, Mrs. Wiggins hit upon the economical plan of spreading with her own economical and who, moreover, hold the great mass hands the butter upon the allowance of of our national wealth, although it is dis- bread she doled out to her boarderstributed in moderate amounts among the merely to save trouble. Mr. Jordan came home to tea rather late on the first evening with overwhelming numbers and wealth on of this new dodge, sat down in the presence of all the other boarders, and received a slice from Mrs. Wiggins, who had gone through the ceremony of buttering it before his eyes. Mr. Jordan eyed the bread inquisitively, and began to turn it from side to side, and scrutinized it closely paper currency which they are able to con- matter with your bread and butter ?" demanded Mrs. Wiggins. "Nothing-nothing-nothing," said Mr. Jordan, still turnscrutiny. "I'm positive, Mr. Jordan that you do see something." "Now I want," said Mrs. Wiggins, her face becoming flushed with excitement, "I want my boarders to tell me right out when their liberation: "Mrs. Wiggins, there is nothyou; but, Mrs. Wiggins," and here Jorprivileges, have already struck their roots dan glanced mischievously down the vista consultation, but confine themselves excludeep in the soil, and it will require all your of attentive faces, "I have lived in this sively to the duties of their respective that a sister is the best guardian of a efforts to check its further growth, and to world eight and forty years, and I find my-

and duties of its several departments, is what every citizen is supposed to possess. ing to the officers in service of the Commonwealth, and their several functions .--Government is safe, and the cause of free- For the information of such, the Norrisdom will continue to triumph over all her town Watchman has taken the pains to prepare a brief sketch of the State Government as it is at present constituted, which

The Chief Officer of the Commonwealth sprung up with it, and of which it is the is the Governor, who is elected every three main support. So many interests are uni- | years. James Pollock, of Northumberted to resist all reform on this subject, that land county, holds that office now, having you most not hope the conflict will be a been inaugurated on the first Tuesday of short one, nor success easy. My humble January, 1855. He receives an annual efforts have not been spared, during my salary of \$3,500. The Legislature, last winter, inserted a provision in the General store the constitutional currency of gold Appropriation Act, restoring the salary of and silver; and something, I trust, has the Governor, after the expiration of the been done toward the accomplishment of term of the present Governor, to what it this must desireable object. But enough | was previous to the passage of the "Re-

Andrew G. Curtin, of Centre county, is
Secretary of the Commonwealth, at an anbeeds, Mortgages, Accounts, &c., will be attended to with
pull salary of \$1.700. He is appointed

correctness and despatch. by the Governor, and holds his place during his pleasure.

The Secretary was formerly also Superintendent of Common Schools, but the Legislature at its late session, separated the State and School Departments, and made the Superintendent of Common Schools a distinct and independent officer. The present Superintendent is Henry C. Hickock, of Union county, who holds his office for three years from the first Monday of last June. He is appointed by the Governor, "by and with the advice and consent of the Senate." His salary is \$1,400 per annum, and he is liable to be removed by the Governor for misbehavior at any time.

Henry S Magraw, of Lancaster, is State Treasurer, at a salary of \$1,700. This officer is elected by the Senate and House of Representatives in joint convention, on the third Monday of January, in each and every year. The present incumbent is,

serving his second term. The Auditor General is the "watch: dog" of the Treasury, and is the most important of any to the tax-payers of the State. It is his duty to keep the accounts of the Commonwealth correct, to enforce of the Commonwealth correct, to enforce the collection of the revenue, and to see that no plundering hand has entrance to the Treasury. Our fellow-citizen, Jacob Fry, of the Trappe, Montgomery county, is the present incumbent. He was elected by the people last Fall, and took his place on the first Tuesday of May—holds office

that no plundering hand has entrance to in all its various branches, at his shop, in the alley run using east from the Court House, rear of Sprecher's and hechier's Ridels, Lancaiser, where he continues to make to order, and at the lowest possible prices, CARRIAGES of every description, of the best materials and in the most substantial manuer.

25 All new work warranted.

Repairing also attended to with dispatch. He respectively solicits a share of public patronage.

26 MINAKING.

27 All MAKING.

WILLIAM COX.

Tuesday of last May, to continue three years, at a salary of \$1,400 per annum. Thomas E. Franklin, of Lancaster city, is Attorney General. He holds his office by appointment of the Governor. An Act of the last Legislature has made a great . change in the powers and duties of this: officer. Under the law as it existed since the creation of the office of District Attorney, the Attorney General's office was one more of honor than of trust and influence. His duties were merely nominal, and he received a salary of only \$300 a year.-But the Act of 1857 reconstructed the office entirely, and it is now one of the first importance in the administration of our public business. Under this Act, the Attorney General is required to have his office at Harrisburg, to prosecute all suits against defaulting public officers, to collect all debts due to the Commonwealth, to act as counsel in all cases in the Supreme Court wherein the Commonwealth is a narty, and to give opinions on questions of law submitted to him by the Governor, Auditor General, State Treasurer, Surveyor General or Canal Commissioners .-He must give bond in the sum of \$30,000 as security for the faithful performance of his duties. He is allowed a clerk, and receives a salary of \$3,000 a year. The present Attorney General will hold his

office until a successor is appointed. The Public Works are controlled by a Board, consisting of three Canal Commissioners, one of whom is elected every year, to serve three years. The Board consists of Henry S. Mott, of Pike county; Arnold Plumer, of Venango county; and George Scott, of Columbia county. Their pay is Four Dollars a day. They have the appointment of a State Engineer, whose salary Three Thousand Dollars a year. Edward F. Gay, of Philadelphia is the present Engineer. The Board had a large amount of official patronage before the disposal of the Main Line, &c., to the Pennsylvania Rail

Road Company. Since then it has been much curtailed. In politics, the Governor, Secretary, Superintendent of Common Schools, and Attorney General are opposed to the Democratic party. They came into power with the rise of the new American Order which swept the State in 1854. To what political organization they now hold, we cannot positively say, although we believe that, with the exception of the Governor, they may be classed as American Republicans. The Auditor General, Surveyor General, State through his spectacles. "What is the Treasurer, and three Canal Commissioners, are Democrats.

In the olden time, when the Governor had the appointment of the several Heads ing the piece over, and persisting in his of Departments, they formed what was called his Cabinet, and were consulted by him in matters connected with the administration. Then the Executive had an immense amount of patronage at his command, and his duties were more onerous and imporvittles doesn't suit! Now, Mr. Jordan tant; but in these latter days when the what is it?" Mr. Jordan laid down the office is one more of dignity than power, slice upon his plate, raised his spectacles and the people elect every public functionto his forehead, and replied, with great de- ary, from Constable up to Judges of the Supreme Court, the Governor is his own ing the matter with the bread, I assure | counsellor-the other officers of the Government are never called about him for Departments.

That divine bundle of oddities and queer conceits, with many wholesome truths, Lorenzo Dow, defined a death bed repentance to be "burning out the candle old age, and death but the road that leads therefore, be the sum and substance of all. look for safety and the means of guarding supplied to doctors with pills in their pockets. Ing the snuff in the Lord's face."

CARDS.

DR. JOHN M'CALLA, DENTIST .- Office No. 4 East King street, Lancaster, Pa. apr 18 tf 13 DEMOVAL .-- WILLIAM S. ANWEG, Aftorney at Law, has removed his office from his rmer place into South Duke street, nearly opposite the rinity Lutheran Church. AMUEL H. REYNOLDS, Attorney at

Law. Office, No. 14 North Duke street, opposite the Court House.

DR. S. WELCHENS, SURGEON DEN-TIST.—Office, Kramph's Buildings, second floor, North corner of North Queen and Orange streets, Lancas-ia. jan 20 tf 1

NEWTON LIGHTNER, ATTORNEY
AT LAW, has removed his Office to North Duke street,
to the room recently occupied by Hon. 1. E. Hiester.
Laucaster, apr 1

REMOVAL.--ISAAC E. HIESTER, Attorney at Law, has removed to an office in N. Duke street, nearly opposite new Court House, Lancaster, Pa. anr 1 6m 12 A LDUS J. NEFF, Attorney at Law.-Office with B. A. Shæfer, Esq., south-west corner of
Centre Square, Lancaster.

REMOVAL:--WILLIAM B. FORDNEY,
Attorney at Lw, has removed his office from North Attorney at Law, has removed his office from North usen street to the building in the south east corner of entre Square, formerly known as Hubbey's Hotel. Lancaster, april 10

WILLIAM WHITESIDE, SURGEON W MILIAM WHITESIDE, SURGEON DENCIST.—Office in North Queen street, 3d door rom Orange, and directly over Sprenger & Westhaeffer's look Store. Lancaster, may 27, 1856.

JESSE LANDIS, Attorney at Law .-- Of-fice one door east of Lechler's Hotel, East King street,

R. J. T. BAKER, Homeopathic Phy-Office 19 E. Orange st., nearly opposite the First German Reformed Church.
Lancaster, April 17 (4513)

JAMES BLACK, Attorney at Law.--Of-fice in East King street, two doors east of Lechler's Hotel, Lancaster, Pa. & All business connected with his profession, and all kinds of writing, such as preparing Deeds, Mortgages, Wills. Stating Accounts, &c., promptly attended to. may 15.

A LEXANDER HARRIS, Attorney at LAW. Office South Queen St., West side, near Vincential Control of the Control o

LEXANDER HARRIS, At LAW Office South Queen St., West REFERENCES: GOVERNOR SPILL STREET, AND ADDRESS OF THE ADDR

PETER D. MYERS,
REAL ESTATE AGENT,

REAL ESTATE AGENT,
PHILADELPHIA.
will attend to the Renting of Houses, Collecting House
and Ground Rents, &c. Agencies entrusted to his care
will be thankfully received, and carefully attended to.—
Satisfactory reference given. Office N. E. corner of
SEVENTH and SANSOM streets, Second Floor, No. 10.
6ah12

ENSINGTON INSURANCE COMPANY
OF PHILADELPHIA.
Authorized Capital, \$300,000. Office, No. 405 Walnut
street, PHILADELPHIA. Make insurance against loss or
damage by fire on public or private buildings, furniture
and merchandize generally on favorable terms.
WM. B. WILEY, Agent,
aug 11 3m 30 No. 10 N. Duke street, Lancaster.

spectfully informs his friends and the parties on the COACH MAKING,

on the first Tuesday of May—holds office
three years, and has an annual salary of
\$1,700.

John Rowe, of Franklin county, is Surveyor General, having been elected last
October. His term also began on the first

October. His term also began on the first term also began on the fir quality. The house has also been renovated and improved in a manner which will compare favorably with any of the Hotels in the City, and cannot fail to give satisfaction to those who may patronize this establishment. The TARLE will always be supplied with the choicest Provisions the market affords: and the Bar with the PUREST AND BEST LIQUORS. Nothing shall be left undone to make his Guests comfortable, and he flatters himself that by strict attention to business, he will merit and receive a liberal share of public patronage.

G. W. HINKLE,

TO HOUSEKEEPERS--LOW PRICES
AND A RARE CHANCE.—Persons intending to commence the world, with a fair prospect of success, will please call on the subscriber before purchasing elsewhere.
STOVES of the latest and most improved patterns.—Kitchen Ranges, Cooking Stoves, Parlor and Sitting Room Stoves, all warranted. Also
A general assortment of COPPER KETTLES, manufactured under the immediate inspection at the Prontetor.

A general assortment of COPPER KETTLES, manufactured under the immediate hasperton of the Proprietor. None but the best workmen employed. This branch of the business is headed by J. Springer, who is known to be one, if not the best mechanic, in his line, in the country. TIN WAIR, of every variety, at the lowest prices and of the best quality, all warranted.

Give us a call, and we will be sure to please and give satisfaction, or no charge.

Lancaster, feb 5 ff 3

C. KLEFFER,
Proprietor.

NEW IRON AND BRASS FOUNDRY. The Proprietors of the Lancaster Locomotive Works would respectfully call the attention of the public to the extensive Iron and Brass Foundries connected with their establishment. We are now prepared to manufacture STATION ARY ENGINES,

MILL AND SAW MILL CASTINGS, CAR WHEELS, and every other description of cast iron work at short u-tice and reduced prices. Also, all kinds of BRASS CASTINGS.

SS CASTINGS.

COPPER RIVETS,

SOLDER AND BABBIT METAL. The establishment is under the Superintendence of Mr. John Brandt, Sr. whose mechanical skill is well known to our citizens; and as none but the most competent and thorough workmen are employed, we are confident of giving entire satisfaction, to all who may favor us with their contents.

have just received a fresh supply of very superior UAGED SLATE, that far surpass in point of quality any hey have ever before had or seen, and request persons in rant to call and look at them before purchasing. They

apr 28

GEO. M. STEINMAN & CO., West Ring St.
tf25

PENNSYLVANIA PATENT AGENCY.

J. FRANKLIN REIGART, of Lancaster city, obtains
tetters Patent from the U. S. Patent Office, on the most
reasonable terms. Drawings of all kinds of Machinery,

SCHAEFFERANDSON,
No 1 and 2, Corner of East King and Centre
Square, Lancaster, keep constantly on hand a
large assortment of SADDLEILY for sale, whole
sale and retail, consisting of Patent Steel Spring
Saddles, Shafter and every other style, single and
double CARRIAGE HARNESS, Steel Spring, Sole
Leather TRUNKS, Carriage WHIPS, Velvet, Brussel CARPET BAGS, and Ladies SATCHELLS and Summer HORSE
COVERS. We would call the attention of Farmers and

We would call the attention facturers.

N. B.—At the State Agricultural Fair held in Lancaster.
October 1852, PREMIUMS were awarded to them for Saddied and Trunks, and the Harness compared favorably with
others.

[aug 11 tf 30]

E. S. & SON.

INLAND INSURANCE AND DEPOSIT INLAND INSURANCE AND DEPOSI
Company.—Office, corner of Centre Square and Sou
Queen st., Lancaster, Pa.
Capital \$125,000.
Charter Perpetual. Insure against Loss by Fire, and
ceive money on Deposit, as heretofore, paying 5 per cent.
Deposits made for 30 days or longer.

RUDOLPH F. RAUCH,
RUDOLPH F. RAUCH,
Scretary and Treasurer

5 0 0 AGENTS WANTED!
A HONESTEAD FOR \$101
THIRD DIVISION.
\$310,000 WORTH OF FARMS AND BUILDING LOTS. \$310,000 WORTH OF PARMS AND BUILDING LOTS.
In the Gold Region of Culpepper County, Virginia, to be divided amongst 10,200 subscribers on the 7th of December, 1857. Subscriptions only ten dollars down; or \$15, one half down, the rest on delivery of Deed. Every subscriber will get a Building Lot or a Farm, ranging in value from \$10 to \$25,000. These Farms and Lots are solds och apto induce settlements, a sufficient number being reserved, the increase in the value of which will compensate for the apparent low price now asked. Upwards of 1350 lots are already sold, and a company of settlers, called the "Itarpatanxocx Plonker Association," is now forming and will soon commence a settlement. Ample security will be given for the faithful performance of contracts and promises. Nearly 45,000 acres of land in different parts of Virginia now at command and will be sold to settlers at from \$1 up to \$300 per acre. Unquestionable titles will in all cases be given. Wood-cutters, coopers, farmers, &c. are wanted, and \$27.500 Agents to obtain subscribers, to whom the write that they are making \$200 per month. For full particulars, Subscriptions, Agencies, &c., apply to aug 11 6m 30 Port Royal, Caroline Co., Ya.

Or to JNO. T. MOODY, Agent,

Port Royal, Caroline Co., Va. Or to JNO. T. MOODY, Agent, Pleasant Grove, Lancaster co., Pa DORTABLE CIDER MILLS -- KRAUS.

EIVS PATENT, for hand or horse power, the tin uso, Wheeler's Horse Powers and Thresh-Improved Grain Fans, Pennock's Wheat Drills, per's Lime and Guane Spreaders, the most ap-ved Hay and Fodder Cutters, Mott's Boilers, Grindstenes proved Hay and Fodder Cutters, Mott's Boilers, Grindstenes ready hung, with a general assortment of Agricultural and Horticultural implements.

PASCHALL, MORRIS & CO.,
Implement and Seed Store, 7th and Market, Phil'a. aug 11

in every style, and made with rich dark tones, so much admired in fine steel engravings. Persons wanting a number, can obtain them at reduced prices, and as well executed as the productions of the most noted Photographers in the country. A large and beautiful assortment of fine GILT FRAMES

GILT FRAMES
direct from the manufactory, Oval and Square, especially
made for Ambrotypes, Daguerreotypes &c. These frames
will be sold filled with good pictures at a little more cost

ew and improved style.

PHOTOGRAPHS OR PICTURES ON PAPER.

will be sold filled with good pictures.

than an ordinary case,

FANCY CASES

of every description suitable for all styles of Pictures.

In corroboration of the above, the public are invited to call and examine specimens on exhibition at my Gallery in EAST KINGSt., over the Camargo Paper Co.'s Store.

my 19 tf18

R. W. ADDIS. DATENT AMBROTYPES .-- The sub-

PATENT AMBROTYPES.—The sub-acribers having purchased the exclusive right of Lan-caster city, are enabled to offer to the public a new style of Pictures, far exceeding, in beauty and durability, any ever before made. These pictures are not reversed, as daguerrec-types are and may be seen in anylight. They also possess the rare property of being inventionally, being hermatically sealed between glass plates, which is secured by Letters Patent, in the United States, Great Britain and France, and practised in Lancaster city by T. & W. CUMMINGS. only, over Sprecher & Bro.'s New Store, North Queen st., Lancaster.

EXPLANATION.

The term AMBROTYPE, by which these Pictures are designated; is derived from the Greek word Ambroloz, signifying indestructibility, permanency, &c. The Picture is taken upon plate glass, to which another plate of corresponding size is secured with an indestructible cement, by by which the picture will retain its original brilliancy for ignes; it will not corrode by acids, nor be injured by wather or climate. It is bold in its effect, beautiful in one, surpasses any thing in the gradations or light and shade, and may be seen in any light. The public are cautioned against imitations made on single plates of glass, with the Slack varnish in immediate contact with the Picture.

AMBROTYPE STERESCOPES MUST BE SEEN, to be appreciated—the relief being fully as perfect as life. Citizens and Strangers are invited to call at the Ambrotype Gallery of the undersigned, and examine specimens before they procure Pictures elsewhere, as they are assured of polite attention.

SEP 25 1736

The undersigned respectfully announces to his old friends and patrons, and to the public that he continues to keep on hand a large assortment of Cooking Parlor, Of-fice and other STOVES, of the latest and most approved patterns. He also continues to carry on extensively the manufacture of
TIN, SHEET-IRON AND COPPER WARE
Of all kinds, made in the neatest and most subst

manner.

Housekeepers and persons going to housekeeping supplied with all articles desired at the very lowest prices.

Persons wishing articles in his line are invited: togall at his old stand, East King Street, a few doors from Centre Square.

CHRISTIAN KIEFFER.

RY GOUDS.—The subscriber has received his new FALL AND WINTER MULLINE.

RY GOUDS.—The subscriber has received his new FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
of the latest styles, which he is selling rery low at wholesale or retail, so as to suit all customers. Ills stock consists of Silks, Satins, Modes, Velvets, Crapes, Lawns, Tarlton, Capinets; Silk, Satin and Velvet Ribbons; Lawns,
Edgings, Blonds, Quiltings, Plushes, Straw Goods of all
kinds: Gimp, Straw Cord, French Blond, French and Domestic Flowers of the latest styles; a large assortment of Feathers, ready-made BONNETS, trimmed
in the latest Paris style; Frames, Chemille, Bonnet and Ribbon Wires, and a great many articles unnecessary to mention—in fact, everything that is needed in that
tine of business. He invites his friends and customers to
call before purchasing elsewhere, as he is satisfied that he
can exhibit a better and cheaper stock of goods than ever
before brought to this city. Call and cramino for yourselves.

N. B. DRY GOODS—A good assortment on hand, which
he sells at cost.

L. BAUM,
sep S 1734

CARD TO THE PUBLIC .-- Having for several years enjoyed a very extensive and liberal paironage in the several departments of my business, I tender my friends and the public, and beg acceptance of my best thanks for their generous support.

The business at the Chesnut street Iron Works will receive prompt and immediate attention, together with a careful effort to render entire satisfaction in the speedy and skilful excention of orders.

I deem this notice but due to my friends and myself, in order to counteract any wrong impression that may have

I deem this notice but due to my trienus and mysels, in order to counteract any wrong impression that may have been caused by my card to sell or rent my works.

My purpose is to receive and execute all orders, (which are respectfully solicited) and will only case the business whenever I may be able either to sell or rent advantageously.

C. KIEFFER.

aug 4

IF TS! GIFTS!! GIFTS!! GIFTS!!

At the Quaker City Purchasing House of Duane Rulison, Philadelphia. By buying a book for \$1, or more, you are at once presented with a prize, worth from 25 cents to \$100, consisting of Fine Gold Jewelry, Watches, &c. All orders by mail will be promptly filled, and the prize or prizes will accompany the books. Our list contains all of the most popular books of the day, and will be sold at the usual restail prices, many of them for less. Persons wishing any particular book can order at once, and it will be forwarded with a gift. A catalogue giving full information, with a list of books and gifts, will be sent postpaid, by addressing

No. 33, S. Third Street, Phila.

ED Agents wanted.

RANIMAN. TANA. KONIGMACHER & BAUMAN, TANners and Curriers Store, back of Robt. Moderwalls.

ners and Curriers Store, back of Robt. Moderwell's Commission Warehouse, frouting on the Railroad and North Prince street. Cheap for Cash or approved, credit— Constantly on hand a full assortment of all kinds Saddler's Constantly on hand a full assortment of all kinds Saddler's and Shoemaker's Leather, of superior quality, including "Rouzer's celebrated Sole Leather," also, Leather Bands, well stretched, suitable for all kinds of machinery, of any length and width required, made of a superior quality of Leather, Furnace Bellows, Band and Lacing Leather, Garden Hoso, Tanner's Oil, Currler's Teols, Moroccos, Shoe Findings, &c.

All kinds old Leather bought in the rough; highest prices given for Hides and Skins in cash; orders will be promptly attended to.

THE ECLECTIC COLLEGE OF MEDITURE. CINCINATI, O. The Winter Session of 1857-8

THE ECLECTIC COLLEGE OF MEDI-CINE. CINCINNAII, O. The Winter Session of 1857-8 will commence on Monday the 12th day of October, and continue sixteen weeks. A full and thorough course of Lectures will be given, occupying six or seven hours daily, with good opportunities for attention to practical Anatomy, and with ample Clinical facilities at the Commencial Hos-pital. The preliminary course of Lectures will commence on Monday, the 28th September, and continue daily until the commencement of the regular Lectures.

on Monday, the 28th September, and continue daily untithe commencement of the regular Lectures.

The arrangement of the chairs will be as follows:—
The arrangement of the chairs will be as follows:—
The Ext. St. JOHN, M. D.,

Professor of Anatomy and Physiology.
A. J. HOWE, M. D.,

Professor of Matchan Margary.
C. H. CLEAVELAND, M. D.,

Professor of Matcha Medica and Therapeutics.
WM. SHERWOOD, M. D.,

Professor of Medical Practice and Pathology.
J. R. BUCHANAN, M. D.,

Emeritus Professor of Cerebral Phology and Institutes
of Medicine. R. BUCHANAN, 32. D.,
or of Cerebral Physiology and Institutes
of Medicine.
JOHN KING, M. D.,
thinks and Diseases of Women & Children

Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women & Children.
The terms for the Sessions will be the same as heretofore, viz:—Matriculation, \$2,00. Third \$29,00. Demonstrator's Ticket, \$5,00. (Every Student is required to engage in dissection one session before Graduation.) Graduation, \$25.00. The Lecture Rooms are newly finished, neat, and comfortable, and in a central locality (in College Hall, Walnut Street.) where students will find it convenient to call on their arrival.

Street,) where students with their arrival.

Tickets for the session may be obtained of the Dean of the Fuculty, at his Office, No. 113 Pmith St., or of Prof. C. H. CLEAVELAND, Scredary of the Fuculty, No. 139 Seventh St., near Elm.

JOHN KING, M. D., Dean. 1924

No. 95 North Th treenth street, Philadelphia, Pa., three doors above Cherry Street, respectfully informs the citizens of Lancaster county and elsewhere, that all kinds of Silks, Crapes, Merinoes, &c., are dyed in the most fashionable and permanent colors. Ladies' cashmere and crape shawls, cloaks, &c., cleansed and pressed equal to new; Silk dresses watered in superior style; Gentlemen's apparel scoured and dyed in superior style; Centlemen's apparel scoured and dyed in superior style; in short, Dyeing in all its various branches done at short notice, and on the lowest terms. Also, Carpets Cleansed. A call is earnestly solicited, as it is very convenient for those who should want anything in the above line.

Phila. mar 17 19-9

Phila. mar 17

1y-9

HOVER'S LIQUID HAIR DYE.—This HAIR DYE needs only a trial to satisfy all of its perfection as a Dye, and the following testimonial from that eminent Analytic Chemist, Professor Booth, of the U. S. Mint, will only confirm what thousands have previously borne testimony to.

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"LABORATORY FOR PRACTICAL CHEMISTRY,
Sr. STEPHEN'S PLACE,
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"Being well acquainted with the substances composing
Hover's Liquid Hair Dye, I am satisfied that by following
the simple directions given for its use, it will not injure
the Hair or Skin, but will give a natural and durable color
to the hair. JAMES C. BOOTH, Analytic Chemist,
HOVER'S WRITING INKS, including Hover's Fluid,
and Hover's Indelible lake, are too well known and introduced to require any additional testimony of their charactest. The sales have been increasing since their first introduction, giving evidence that the articles truly possess
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Orders addressed to the Manufactory, No. 410 RACE St.
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