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ADVERTISEMENTS.—Advertisements, not exceeding one square, (12 lines.) will be inserted three times for one dollar, and twenty-fire cents for each additional insertion. Those of a greater length in proportion.

Jon PRINTING—Such as Rand Bills, Posters, Pamphlets Blanks, Labels, &c., &c., executed with accuracy and a the shortest notice.

For the Intelligencer. FRIENDSHIP'S POWER.

BY AMO. The cloud that wraps the sky in gloom And frowns upon the earth, awhile Dispels, and leaves, for brightness, room, When gentle sunbeams sweetly smile:-So, when the heart with sorrow seems To earthly joys and pleasure dead, A ray of Friendship softly gleams, Restoring light and hope instead! Sweet is the power that friendship may, Like Angel visits fair, impart, To shed a calm and holy ray Upon the lone and wearied heart-Dry up the tears, which sorrow makes From weary cyclids wildly flow, And lift on wings of seraph light The heart from earthly cares or woe. Oh! glorious boon from Heaven sent To cheer man on his rugged way, Our mighty Savior gladly lent To thee a kind, celestial ray! That thou might steal upon the heart While in its pilgrimage below, And, with thy holy light, impart That peace thou ever can'st bestow

HICKORY GROVE, Providence Twp., Sep't. 1857 NR. BUCHANAN'S SPEECH.

(EXTRACTS,) IN SENATE, JANUARY 22, 1840. IN SENATE, JANUARY 22, 1840.

What has been the financial history of the country for the hast twenty-five years? I can speak with positive knowledge upon this subject during the period of eighteen years since I first came into public life. It has been a history of constant vibration—of extravagant expansions in the business of the country, succeeded by ruinous contractions. At successive intervals many of the best and most enterprising men of the country have been crushed. They have fallen victums at the shrine of the insatiate and insatiable spirit of extravagant banking and speculation. Starting at the extreme point of depression of one of these periods, we find that the country has been glutted with foreign merchandise, and it requires all our efforts to pay the debt thus contracted to foreign nations. At this crisis the banks can do nothing to relieve the people. In order to preserve their own existence, they are compelled to contract to foreign nations. At this crisis the banks can do nothing to relieve the people. In order to preserve their own existence, they are compelled to contract their loans and their issues. In the hour of distress, when their assistance is most needed, they can do nothing for their votaries. Every article sinks in price, men are unable to pay their debts, and wide-spread rain pervades the lind. During this first year of the cycle, we are able to import but comparatively little foreign merchandise, and this affords the country an opportunity of recruiting its exhausted energies. The next year the patient begins to recover. Domestic manufactures flourten in proportion as foreign goods become scarce. The industry and enterprise of our citizens have been exerted with energy, and our productions have liquidated the foreign duct. The third year a fair business is done. The country presents a flourishing appearance. The banks, relieved from the drains of specie required for foreign export, begin once more to expand, and tempt the unwary to their ruin. Property of all descriptions commands fair price. The fourth or fifth year the era of extravagant banking and speculation returns, again to be succeeded by another ruinous revulsion.

This was the history of the country up till 1837—Since then we have travelled the road to ruin much fmore rapidly than in former years. Before that period it had required from three to six years to get up an expansion and its corresponding explosion.

We have now witnessed the astounding fact that we have now witnessed the astounding

There never has existed a nation on carth, except our own, that could endure such rapid and violent expansions and contractions. It is the buoyancy of youth—it is the energies of our population—it is the spirit which never quails before difficulties—which enables us to endure such shocks without utter ruin. Yes, sir, a difference in the amount of our imports, between the years 1836 and 1838, of seventy-seven millions of dullars is sufficient to expite the extensibmillions of dollars, is sufficient to excite the astonish

millions of dollars, is sufficient to excite the astonishment of the world.

What causes chiefly operated to produce this speedy recurrence of the second explosion and the second suspension of specie payments? Three may be mentioned. In the first place, after the bank suspension of 1837, every person who was friendly to well-regulated banks, if such a thing be possible under the present system, ardently desired that the different State Legislatures might impose upon them some wholesome restrictions. It was expected that they would be compelled to keep a certain amount of specie in their vaults in proportion to their circulation and deposits; that the foundation of a specie basis for our paper currency should be laid by propeople. Indeed, it would almost seem as it will be the State Legislatures had met for no other purpose than to legalize the previous suspension of specie payments. No efficient restrictions were imposed; payments. No efficient restrictions were imposed; and the banks were thus taught that they might thereafter go unpunished—unwhipped of justice.—Past impunity prevented them from reducing their business and ourtailing their profits in such a manner as to render them secure in the day of trial They have fallen again; I fear again to enjoy the same impunity.

have fallen again; I fear again to enjoy the same impunity.

In the second place, the immense amount of money loaned to many of the States in England, a large portion of which was brought home in the form of keign merchandise, afforded great facilities for overalling, or rather overbuying.

And in the third place, the conduct of the Bank of the United States greatly tended to produce these excessive importations. That institution became the broker for the sale of all State bonds in Europe. It endeavored to monopolize the entire cotton trade of the country; and it drew bills of exchange on England, most freely, at moderate rates, against the proland, most freely, at moderate rates, against the proceeds of the bonds and of its cotton. Every temptation was thus presented to speculations in foreign perchanding

tion was thus presented to speculations in loreign merchandise.

These three causes combining, have occasioned a second suspension of specie payments within two years after the first, and produced this bloated credit system, from the wreck of which our country is now deeply suffering.

I most heartily concur with the Senator from Kentucky in one of his positions. We certainly produce too little and import too much. Our expanded credit system is the great cause of this calamity. Confine it within safe and reasonable bounds, and this disastrous effect will no longer be produced. It is not in the power of Congress to do much towards a consummation so desireable. Still we shall do all we can; and the present bill will exercise some influence in restraining the banks from making extravagant loans and emitting extravagant issues. agant loans and emitting extravagant issues.

What effect has this bloated system of credit pro What effect has this bloated system of credit produced upon the morals of the country? In the large commercial cities, it has converted almost all men of business into gamblers. Where is there now to be found the old-fashioned importing merchant, whose word was as good as his bond, and who was content to grow rich, as our fathers did, by the successive and regular profits of many years of patient industry? Such men were the glory and pride of commerce, and olevated the character of their country both at home and abroad. I ask, where are they? Is not the race almost extinct? All now desire to grow rich rapidly. Each takes his chance in the lottery of speculation. Although there may be a hundred chances to one against him, each, eagerly intent upon the golden prize, overlooks the intervening rocks and quicksands between him and it, and when he fondly thinks he is about to clutch it, he sinks into bankruptcy and ruin. Such has been the fate of thousands of our most enterprising citizens.

zens.

If the speculator should prove successful and win the golden prize, no matter by what means he may have acquired his wealth, this clothes him with hon-

short, every quality which ought to confer distinc-tion in society—sink into insignificance when com-pared with wealth. Money is equivalent to a title of nobility in our larger commercial cities. This is the effect of the credit system.

of nobility in our larger commercial cities. This is the effect of the credit system.

We have widely departed from the economical habits and simple virtues of our forefathers. These are the only sure foundations upon which our republican institutions can rest. The desire to make an ostentations display of rapidly acquired wealth has produced a splendor and boundless expense unknown in former times. There is now more extravagance in our large commercial cities than exists in any portion of the world, which I have ever seen, except among the wealthy nobility of England. Thank Heaven this extravagance has but partially reached the mountains and valleys of the interior. The people there, so far as their potential voice can be heard, are determined to put an end to this bloated credit system, which threatens to involve not only their private fortunes, but their political liberties in ruin. On Friday last, when I very unexpectedly addressed the Senate, I stated a principle of political economy which I shall now read from the book. It is this: "That if you double the amount of the necessary circulating medium in any country, you therefore double the nominal price of every article. If, when the circulating medium is fifty millions, an article should cost one dollar, it would cost two if, without any increase of the uses of a circulating medium, the quantity should be increased used in the produced, whether the circulating medium were specie or convertible bank paper mingled with specie. It is the increased quantity of the medium not its character, which produces this effect. Of conree I leave ou or view irredeemable bank paper.

acter, which produces this effect. Of course I leave ou or view irredeemable bank paper.

Let me now recur to the proposition with which I commenced; and I repeat that I do not pretend to mathematical accuracy in the illustration which I shall present. The United States carry on a trade with Germany and France; the former a hard-money country, and the latter approaching it so, nearly as to have no bank notes in circulation under the denomnation of five hundred frances, or nearly one hundred dollars. On the contrary, the United States is emphatically a paper-money country, having eight hundred banks of issue all of them emitting notes of a denomination as low as five dollars, and most of them one, two, and three dollar notes. For every dollar of gold and silver in the vaults of these banks, they issue three, four, five, and some of them as high dollar of gold and silver in the vaults of these banks, they issue three. four, five, and some of them as high asign, and even fifteen, dollars of paper. This produces a vast but ever-changing expansion of the our rency, and a consequent increase of the prices of all articles, the value of which is not regulated by foreign demand, above the prices of similar articles in Germany and France. At particular stages of our expansions, we might with justice apply the principle which I have stated to our trade with these countries, and assert that, from the great redundancy of our currency, articles are manufactured in France and Germany for one-half of their actual cost in this country. Let me present an example. In Germany, where the currency is purely metalic, and the cost of everything is reduced to a hard-money standard, a piece of broadcloth can be manufactured for fifty dollars, the manufacture of which in our country, from the expansion of our paper currency, would not be undertained by the sixthese contents. idollars, the manufacture of which in our country, from the expansion of our paper currency, would cost one hundred dollars? What is the consequence? The foreign French or German manufacturer imports his cloth into our country, and sells it for a hundred dollars. Does not every person perceive that the redundancy of our currency is equal to a premium of one hundred per cent in favor of the foreign manufacturer? No tariff of protection, unless it amounted to prohibition, could-counteract this advantage in favor of foreign manufactures. I would to Heaven that I could arouse the attention of every

more rapidly than in tormer years. Before that period it had required from three to six years to get up an expansion and its corresponding explosion.—We have now witnessed the astounding fact that we can pass through all these changes, and even from one susponsion of specie payments to another, in little more than two years.

It is curious to observe with how much accuracy you can read the ever-changing condition of this country in the varied amount of our importations.—The year 1836 was one of vast expansion, and produced the explosion and suspension of specie payments in 1837. The imports were greatly diminished in 1837, being less than they had been in 1838 they sunk down to twenty-seven millions less than they had been in 1837, and nearly seventy-seven millions of dollars greater than they had been in 1837, and nearly seventy-seven millions of dollars greater than they had been in 1838. This expansion preceded the explosion and suspension of specie payments in the month of October last. Thus we have become such skilful architects of ruin, that a single year was sufficient to prepare the late explosion.

There never has existed a nation on carth, except our own, that could endure such rapid and violent expansions and contractions. It is the buoyaney of youth—it is the energies of our population—it is the spirit which never qualis before difficulties—which enables us to endure such shocks without utter ruin. Yes, sir, a difference in the amount of our imports, between the years 1836 and 1838, of seventy-seven millions of dollars, is sufficient to excite the astonish.

to the subject, their own intelligence and nativ-sagacity would teach them how injuriously they ar affected by our bloated banking and credit system and would enable them to apply the proper correct Although this bill will not have as great an influence as I could dosire, yet, as far as it goes, it will benefit the laboring man as much, and probably more, than any other class of society. What is it he ought most to desire? Constant employment, regular wages, and uniform reasonable prices for the necessaries and comforts of life which he requires. Now, sir, what has been his condition under our system of expansions and contractions? He has suffered more by them than any other class of society. The rate of his wages is fixed and known, and they are the last to raise with the increasing expansion, and the first to fall when the corresponding revulsion occurs. He still continues to receive his dollar per day, whilst the price of every article which he consumes is rapidly rising. He is at length made dollar per day, whilst the price of every article which he consumes is rapidly rising. He is at length made to feel that, although he nominally earns as much or even more than he did formerly, yet, from the increased price of all the necessaries of life, be cannot support his family. Hence, the strikes for higher wages, and the uneasy and excited feelings which have at different periods existed among the laboring classes. But the expansion at length reaches the exploding point, and what does the laboring man now suffer? He is for a season thrown out of employment altogether. Our manufactures are suspended; our public works are stopped; our private enterprises of different kinds are abandoned; and, whilst others are able to weather the storm, he can scarcely procure the means of bare subsistence.

Again, sir: who, do you suppose, held the greater part of the worthless paper of the one hundred and sixty-five broken banks to which I have referred? Certainly it was not the keen and wary speculator, who sayiff characters are a few the storm of the worthless paper of the one hundred and sixty-five broken banks to which I have referred?

Certainly it was not the keen and wary speculator, who snuffs danger from afar. If you were to make the search, you would find more broken bank notes in the cottages of the laboring poor than any where else. And these miserable shinplasters, where are they? After the revulsion of 1837, laborers were glad they? After the revulsion of 1837, laborers were glad to obtain employment on any terms, and they often received it upon the express condition that they should accept this worthless trash in payment. Sir, an entire suppression of all bank notes of a lower denomination than the value of one week's wages of the laboring man is absolutely necessary for his protection. He ought always to receive his wages in gold and silver. Of all men on the earth, the laborer is most interested in having a sound and stable currency.

CARDS.

DR. JOHN M'CALLA, DENTIST .-- Office No. 4 East King street, Lancuster, Pa. apr 18 tf 13 REMOVAL ...-WILLIAM S. AMWEG, Attorney at Law, has removed his office from his former piace into Scatth Duke street, nearly opposite the Trinity Lutheran Church.

(AMUEL H. REYNOLDS, Attorney at Law. Office, No. 14 North Duke street, opposite the Court House. may 5 tf 16

R. S. WELCHENS, SURGEON DEN-TINT.—Office, Kramph's Buildings, second floor, North East corner of North Queen and, Orange streets, Lancas ter, Pa. jan 20 tf 1

TEWTON LIGHTNER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, has removed his Office to North Duke street to the room recently occupied by Hon. I. E. Hiester. Lancaster, apr 1 tf 11

Rt torney at Law, has removed to an office in N. Duk street, nearly opposite new Court House, Lancaster, Pa. apr 1 6m 12 A LDUS J. NEFF, Attorney at Law.—
A Office with B. A. Sheffer, Esq., south-west corner of Centre Square, Lancaster.

REMOVAL.—WILLIAM B. FORDNEY, Attorney at Law, has removed his office from North Queen street to the building in the south-east corner of Centre Square, formerly known as Hubley's Hotel.

Lancaster, april 10

WILLIAM WHITESIDE, SURGEON
DENCIST.—Office in North Queen street, 3d door
from Orange, and directly over Sprenger & Westhaeffer's
Book Store.
Lancaster, may 27, 1856.
1v 16

LANCASTER CITY, PA., TUESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 13, 1857.

JESSE LANDIS, Attorney at Law .-- Of-fice one door east of Lechler's Hotel, East King street, Ameaster, Pa.

\$3. All kinds of Scrivening—such as writing Wills.

\$43. All kinds of Scrivening—such as writing Wills.

beeds, Mortagues, Accounts, &c., will be attended to with orrectness and despatch.

may 15, '55 tf-17 R. J. T. BAKER, Homeopathic Physician successor to Dr. M. Alliston scian, successor to Dr. McAlbister.

Office 19 E. Orange st., nearly opposite the First Gernan Reformed Church.

Laucaster, April 17

JAMES BLACK, Attorney at Law.--Of-fice in East King street, two doors east of Lechler's Hotel. Lancaster, Pa. 45-All business connected with his profession, and all kinds of writing, such as preparing. Deeds, Mortgages. Wills, Stating Accounts, &c., promptly attended to. may 15.

A LEXANDER HARRIS, Attorney at LEXANDER HARRIS, Attorney at LAW. Office South Queen St., West side, near Vine St. References:
Governor James Pollock, Harrisburg.
Hon. Andrew G. Curtin, do.
Hon. James M. Sellers, do.
A. K. McGure. Esq., Chambersburg. apr 7 ly 12

PETER D. MYERS,
REAL ESTATE AGENT, A REAL ESTATE AGENT,

Will attend to the Renting of Houses, Collecting House
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feb 17. 1y 5

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G. W. DEWEES,
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Plain Gilt Looking Glasses, Portraits and Picture Frames of
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which I will sell from 10 to 15 per cent, less than any other
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 6m 16 KENSINGTON INSURANCE COMPANY
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aug 11 3m 30 No. 10 N. Duke street, Lancaster.

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39-All new work warranted.

Kepairing also attended to with dispatch. He respectfully solicits as hare of public patronage.

my 5-1y-16

Will, IAM COX.

my 5 by 16

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The undersigned, late of the American House,
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friends, and the public generally, that he has taken the
above well-known and popular HOUSE, (long known
as the Red Lion Hotel), which he has filled up with
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quality. The house has also been removated and improved in a manner which will compare favorably with any
of the Hotels in the City, and cannot fail to give satisfaction to those who may patronize this establishment.

The TABLE will always be supplied with the choicest
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to make his Guests confortable, and he flatters himself
that by strict attention to business, he will marit and receive a liberal share of public patronage.

G. W. HINKLE,
Proprietor.

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Give us a call, and we will be sure to please and give satisfaction, or no charge.

C. KIEFFER. Lancaster, feb 5 ff 3

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The establishment is under the Superintendence of Mr.
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our fitzens; and as none but the most competent and
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O O FING SLATE.—The subscribers have just received a fresh supply of very superior GUAGED SLATE, that far surpass in point of quality any they have ever before bud or seen, and request persons in want to call and look at them before purchasing. They have none but first class workmen employed. All jobs done by us are warranted. Terms moderate.

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Charter Perpetual. Insure against Loss by Fire, and receive money on Deposit, as heretofore, paying 5 per cent. on Deposits made for 39 days or longer.
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nfr 25 tf 14

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CUTLERY AND TOOL WAREHOUSE. PHILADELPHIA.
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22. A general assortment of HOUSEKEEPING ARTI-CLES constantly on hand, to which he would call your special attention.

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No. 910 Market St., West of 9th, South side, Philadelphia.

june 30 6m 24

June 30

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FRESH FROM THE PRESS.
Published by MILLER & HEACHAM,
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Tis Midnight on the stormy deep.
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I deem this notice but due to my friends and myself, in order to counteract any wrong impression that may have

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***PAGENTS ACHAEM.**

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***PARTICAN CHAEM.*

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APA Agents wanted.

BAUMAN, TANners and Curriers Store, back of Robt. Moderwell's
Commission Warehouse, fronting on the Railroad and
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Constantly on hand a full assortment of all kinds Saddler's
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"Rouzer's celebrated Sole Leather," also, Leather Banda,
well stretched, suitable for all kinds of machinery, of any
leugth and width required, made of a superior quality of
Leather, Furnace Bellows, Band and Lacing Leather, Garden Hose, Tanner's Oil, Currier's Tools, Moroccos, Shoe
Findings, &c.

All kinds old Leather bought in the rough; highest pices
given lor Hides and Skins in cash; orders will be prompt-Findings, &c.

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feb 5 ly 6

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The terms for the Sessions will be the same as heretofore.
viz:—Matriculation, \$500. Tuition \$29,00. Demonstrator's Ticket, \$5,00. (Every Student is required to engage
in dissection one session before Graduation.) Graduation,
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The Lecture Rooms are newly finished, neat, and comfortable, and in a central locality (in College Hail, Walnut
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their arrival.
Tickets for the session may be obtained of the Boan of Street,) where students with their arrival.

Tickets for the session may be obtained of the Dean of the Fincally, at bis Office, No. 113 Smith St., or of Prof. C. H. CLEAVELAND, Secretary of the Fincally, No. 139 Seventh St., near Elm.

JOHN KING, M. D., Dean.

19 24

june 30

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Port Royal, Caroline Co., Va.
Or to JNO. T. MOODY, Agent,
Pleasant Grove, Lancaster co., Pa.

Pleasant Grove, Lancaster co.. Pa.

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Noland 2, Corner of East King and Centre
Square, Lancaster, keep constantly on hand a
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Leather TRUNKS. Carriage WHIPS, Velvet, Brussel CARPET HAGS, and Ladies SATCHELLS and Summer HORSE
(C)VERS. We would call the attention of Farmers and
Storckeepers to our assortment of superior Leather WHIPS,
and also to our variety of FLY XETS from different manufacturers. After a size to our variety with a state agricultural Fair held in Lancaster, N. B.—At the State Agricultural Fair held in Lancaster, October 1852, PREMIUMS were awarded to them for Stddless and Trunks, and the Harness compared favorably with others.

[sug 11 tf 30] E. S. & SON.

Havanna Segars of the most approved brands. Just DR. JOHN WAYLAN'S Drug Store, No. 60 North Queen Street. PROPOSALS FOR LOAN.—In pursuance of the provisous of an Ordinance passed by the Select and Common Councils of the city of Lancaster, on the 5th day of August, 1856, proposals for loaning to said city the sum of \$20,000, as a permanent loan, in sums of not less than \$100, will be received at the Mayor's Office, for which coupon bonds and certificates of City Loan will be issued. Said loan to be appropriated to the payment of damages accruing (com opening streats within said city.

J. ZIMMERMAN.

sopt 9 tf 34

1857. 1857. ANCASTER COUNTY AGRICULTU-

FIRST ANNUAL EXHIBITION.

A T L A N C A S T E R, P E N N A .,

WEDNESDAY. THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY,

OCTOBER 14, 15, 16 AND 17, 1857. Certificate of Membership, - - - \$1,00 Single Admission, - - - - 25 cts.

AMPLE GROUNDS ARE PROVIDED, upplied with water and all necessary convenience Exhibition, in the immediate vicinity of the city COMMODIOUS BUILDINGS COMMODIOUS BUILDINGS
will be creeded on the Grounds, for the display of the Mochanic Arts, Domestic and Ilouschold Goods, Farming and Garden Implements, Fruits. Vegetables, and Flowers.—
Also, COVKED STALIS AND SHEDS, for Horses, Sheep and swine, and Tables for Coops of Poultry.

27 Exhibitors must become Members of the Society, and have their articles and stock entered on the Secretary's Books, ou or before Tuesday noon, October 13th.

HORSES will be received on the morning of the Exhibition, but must be entered previously.

HAY AND STRAW will be furnished gratis for all animals entered for premiums, and Grain will be provided at cost price to those wishing to purchase. A Splendid Half Mile Course is provided for the Trial an Speed of Horses.

 $STE\widehat{AMPOWER}$ will be furnished on the Ground for the trial of Machines. Mechanics baving machinery to exhibit are particularly invited to avail themselves of this opportunity.

The Exhibition will open to the public ON WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY. All Articles of Stock for Exhibition Transported over the Railrouds Free of Charge. EXCURSION TICKETS ISSUED AT HALF PRICE.

LIBERAL PREMIUMS OFFERED TO EXHIBITORS.
The Judges are requested to meet the Gfficers of the Society, at the Instiness Office, on the Show Grounds, on WED NESDAY MORNING, at 11 o'clock, to make arrangements

The Speed of Horses will be tried on Thursday, when an un usual fine display of Animals is Espected. PLOWING MATCH ON FRIDAY.
After which an Address will bedelivered by GOV. JAMES POLLOCK.

After the Address, the Reports of the Judges will be announced, and on Saturday, at 12 o'clock, M., the Exhibition will close, when persons having articles on exhibition must take charge of them, as the Society cannot give attention to them further than to deliver them over to the exhibitors.

EP All persons intending to exhibit stock or any other article, must sixulfy their intontion, on or before the 12th day of thetoher, to

A. R. SPANGLER,

General Superintendent.

MANAGERS:
SAMUEL W. BEECHER, MARIS HOOPES,
S. P. SPENCER, MARE CONNELL, JR.,
A. K. BOWERS, JACON NISSLEY.
JOS. KONIGMACHER, President.
DAVID G. ESHLEMAN, Sec'y. sep 8 td 34

PORTABLE CIDER MILLS--KRAUSER'S PATENT, for hand or horse power, the
best in use, Wheeler's Horse Powers and Threshers, Improved Grain Fans, Penpock's Wheat Drills.
Cooper's Lime and Guano Spreaders, the most approved Hay and Fodder Cutters, Mot's Soilers, Grindstones
ready hung, with a general assortment of Agricultural
and Horticultural implements.

PASCHALL, MORRIS & CO.,
Implement and Seed Stope 7th and Market, Phil's Implement and Seed Store, 7th and Market, Phil'a. aug 11 tf 30

ANCY FURS FOR LADIES.—JOHN
FAREIRA & CO., (New No.) 818 MARKET St., above Eighth, Philadelphia. Importers, Manufacturers and dealers in Ladies, Gentlemen and Childrens FANCY FURS, Wholesale and Retail. J. F. & Co., would call the attention of Dealers and the Public generally to their immense stock of Fancy Furs for Ladies, Gentlemen and Children; their assortment embraces every article and kind of FANCY FURS, that will be worn during the Season—such as Full Capes, Half Capes, Quarter Capes, Talmas, Victorines, Boas, Muffs and Muffatees, from the Finest Russian Sable to the lowest priced Domestic Furs.

For Gentlemen the largest assortment of Fur Collars, Gloves, Gauntiets, &c., being the direct Importers of all our Furs and Manufacturers of them under our own supervision, we feel eastified we can offer better inducements to dealers and the public generally than any other house, having an immense assortment to select from and at the Manufacturers prices.—We only ask a call.

JOHN PAREIRA & CO., No. 818 Market Street, above Eighth, Philada.

AGER & BROTHERS, ARE NOW opening a large assortment of goods, suitable for the season, many of which have been purchased at the New York and Philadelphia nuctions and will be sold cheap.

Blk. Silks of superior quality, Blk. Silk Robes, do. do., Fancy Dress Silks, new styles; Plain and Fancy Mousselins, Poll de Cheores, French Merinoes and Cashmers; Cloths, Cassimers, Vestings, Over Coatings, Cassimerts, Vestings, Over Coatings, Cassimetts, Vestings of the ROTHERS.

Stella Shawls, sewed and printed borders; Cheneille

SHAWLS

Stella Shawls, sawed and printed borders; Cheneille Shawls, Thibet Shawls, Bik. mode and high cols.; Bay State Woolen Shawls.

CARPETS, FLOOR OIL CLOTHS, &c.

CARPETS, FLOOR OIL CLOTHS, &c.

Carpets, Valvet, Brussels Ingrain and Rag; Floor Oil Cloths, from oue to four yds. wide; Woollen Draggets, 1½ to 3 yds. wide; Linen Crumb Cloth, 3 yds. wide; Red Blankets, all sizes and xualities.

Prime.

WiSCONSIN AND ITS RESOURCES, with "Lake Superior, its Commerce and Navigation," Constitution of the State, Maps, its Railroads, &c., by Jas. S. Bitchie.

SCHOOL DAYS AT RUGBY. by an Old Boy. Republished from a late English edition, by Tickner & Fields, Boston ed from a late Euglish edition, by Tickner & Fields, Boston.

THE POETICAL WORKS OF LEIGH HUNT, in Blue and Gold. The Poets in blue and gold are the most elegant and tasteful of any in print.

THR GUIDE TO THE ORACLES, or the Bible Student'S Vade Mecum, by ALFREN NEVIN, D. D., published by Murray, Young & Co. It has the facts of the Bible compressed into a most convenient shape. Every Sabbath School teacher and Student of the Bible should have it. sep 23tf 37

MURRAY, YOUNG & CO.

THE ECLECTIC COLLEGE OF MEDICINE. CISCINNÁTI. O. The Winter Session of 1857-8
will commence on Monday the 12th day of October, and continue sixteen weeks. A full and thorough course of Lectures will be given. occupying six or seven hours daily, with good opportunities for attention to practical Anatomy, to make the Commencial Hospital. The preliminary course of Lectures will commence on Monday, the 28th September, and continue daily untit the commencement of the regular Lectures.

The arrangement of the chairs will be as follows:—
The arrangement of the chairs will be as follows:—
The arrangement of the chairs will be as follows:—
The professor of Anatomy and Physiology.

J. F. JUDGE, M. D.

Professor of Materia Medica and Therapeutics.
W. SIERWOOD, M. D.,
Professor of Materia Medica and Therapeutics.
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Professor of Materia Medica and Therapeutics.
W. SIERWOOD, M. D.,
Professor of Materia Medica and Therapeutics.
W. SIERWOOD, M. D.,
Professor of Medical Practice and Pathenayu.

selves.
N. B. DRY GOODS—A good assortment on hand, which he sells at cost.
L. BAUM, sen 8 tf 34
No. 62 N. Queen st.

he sells at cost.

sep 8 ti 34

No. 62 N. Queen st.

TRUITTREES!

FRUITTREES!

Great Inducements to Lovers of Good Fruit.

The undersigned having entered into a co-partnerebip for the purpose of establishing a

NURSER!

in the vicinity of Strasburg, and in order to supply the
Fall and Spring Trade, have made arrangements with David
Miller, r., of the Cumberland Nurseries, by which we will
be able to fill all orders for

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES,
at the shortest notice, and on reasonable terms.

APPLE, PEAR, PEACH,

CHERRY, GAGE, APRICOT,

AND OTHER FRUIT TREES.

NATIVE GRAPES,

STRAWBERRY, RASPBERRY,

GOOSEBERRY AND CUBRANT PLANTS,
of every variety, warranted true to name, and of superior
quality. By careful and strict attention to business, we
hope to merit and receive a share of public patronage.
Address,

Strasburg P. O, Lancaster county, Pa.

A. K. WARFEL,

REFERENCES:

Hon John Zimmerman, Lancaster city, Pa.

Straeburg P. O., Lancaster county, Pa.

A. K. Warfel,

REFERENCES:
Hon. John Zimmerman, Lancaster city, Pa.
Chn. H. Lefevre,
""
Hugh S. Gara, ""
Anthony Lechler, ""
Hon. John Strohm, Providence, Lancaster county, Pa.
Samuel Koneagy, M. D., Straeburg ""
Jacob Groff, M. D., "" ""
Jacob Frantz, Paradise, ""
sep 7"

3m*34

3m*34 COUNTY MAP.—The subscribers are preparing lish a new and complete MAP OF LANCASTER CITY AND COUNTY,

publish a new and complete

MAP OF LANCASTER CITY AND COUNTY,
to be entirely made up of actual surveys to be taken upon
the ground, and to be drawn to a much larger scale than
any heretofore issued. The enlarged scale of the work will
admit of the great advantage of clearly designating every
public and private improvement, and attaching the name
thereto; also, of ascertaining with more precision, any required distance throughout the county. Every public
Road and Stream, Mill, Mill Race and Mill Dam, Store,
Hotel, Post Office, Place of Worship, School House, Smith
Shop, &c., &c., will be acurately shown thereon. The
Dwellings also, with the names of owners attached, will be
inserted in the proper position. An enlarged City Plan,
and Plane of the Boroughs and principal Villages, will be
nserted in the margin. A Table, showing the correct distance from each place of importance to that of every other
in the county, will be upon the Map; also. a Statistical
Table, and views of the principal County Buildings.
Without a ressurvey of the whole county, an accurate
map of it cannot be published; we have already made surveys of a a number of the Townships, and many of the inhabitants of the county are aware of the time and pains we
have taken to perfect them. We will be equally assiduous
in our endeavors to make this a reliable and valuable work,
and hope to merit a share of public patronage.
The size of our Map will be at least five feet by four, and
it will cost \$5 per copy.

H. P. BRIDGENS, Phil's. will cost \$5 per copy. aug 18 6m*31

H. F. BRIDGENS, Phil'a. CHAS. THON, Lanc'r Tw'p. REED, MCGRANN, KELLY & CO., BANKÉRS, GRANITE BUILDING. NORTH QUEEN ST., LANC'R, Will receive money on Deposit and pay interest thereon as

ollows:
5 per cent, for any length of time.
5 / " for one year.
Collections unde in all parts of the United States.
Money sent to England, Ireland, Germany, France, &c.
Passage certificates for sale from Liverpool to New York,
r Lincaster. Passage certificates for sale from Liverpool to New York, or Lancaster.

Land warrants and uncurrent unoney bought and sold. Spanish and Mexican dollars, old U. S. gold and silver coins bought at a premium.

Special stention will be paid by G. K. Reed to the Negotiation of Commercial paper, Stocks, Loans, and all marketable securities in New York or Philadelphia.

Our friends may rely upon promptness, and our personal attention to their interests in the transaction of any business which may be intrusted to us, and we hold ourselves individually liable for all money intrusted to our care.

GEO. K. REED,

RICHARD McGRANN, Sr.,

PATRICK RELLY,

june 23 1 y 23

A. McCONOMY.

D'EING AND SCOURING.
PHILIP HUDSON, FANCY DYER,
three doors above Cherry Street, respectfully informs the

Phila. mar 17

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R. W. H. WIT MOR,

OF THE CITY OF PHILADELPHIA,

Where he has been in successful practice for a number of years, received his education at the best Medical College in the United States, and had the experience and practice in the different Hearith for some learning and the practice. years, received his education at the best Medical College in the United States, and had the experience and practice in the different Hospitals for several years; a member of the Analytical Medical Institute of New York, and late Medical Surgeon of the U. S. Navy, now offers himself to the public to attend any professional calls.

The purest medicines always on hand direct from the best Laboratories of our country, and the Botanical Gardens of the world. No patent medicines prescribed or recommended. Medicines used only which will not break down the constitution, but will renovate the system from all injuries it has sustained from mineral medicines.—Chronic and difficult diseases must be treated upon analytical principles; which is to know and ascertain what diseases its insture and character require a knowledge of the chemical constituent of every solid and fluid of the human body—the changes those solids and fluid are capable of undergoing. To know what medicines to employ to cure diseases, requires a knowledge of the chemical constituents of all agents employed in medicines, and if we are in possession of this knowledge, it is possible to cure any disease—no matter of how long standing—and leave the patient in a healthy and perfectly cured condition!

Dysprepsia, that distressing disease and fell destroyer of health and happiness, undermining the constitution, and yearly carrying thousands to untimely graves, can most emphatically be cored.

RIEEMATISM, in any form or condition, chronic or acute, warranted curable; Kpilepay, or falling sickness, all chronic and Scroffulous Diseases, which have baffied all previous medical skill, can be curred by my treatment, when the constitution is not exhausted.

I do say all diseases, (yee, Consumprion) can be curad.

CANCER CURED WITHOUT THE KNIFE.

I will remain in my office on Wednesdays and Saturdays, from 9 oclock, A. M. to 3 P. M., to accommodate patients

CANCER CURED WITHOUT THE KNIFE.
I will remain in my office on Wednesdays and Saturdays,
from 9 o'clock, A. M. to 3 P. M., to accommodate patients
from a distance, and consult in the English and German
languages; will make visits to any distance if required;
may be addressed by letter, Fulton Square, Lancaster
city, Pa. W. H. WITMOR, M. D.
my 19

Hotel, Lancaster Pa., Disturbations and HATS, CAPS AND STRAW GOODS.

We are always prepared to supply the public with all the different Styles of Hats, of the best qualities and at such prices as to defy competition.

CAPS AND STRAW HATS.

such prices as to defy competition.

CAPS AND STRAW HATS.

Our assortment of Caps and Straw Hats is the largest, best and most fashionable in the city.

We are also manufacturing the PATENT FLEXIBLE STLK, HAT, which for beauty of finish, cannot be surpassed. The improvement consists of a combination of principle to render the Silk Hat Band, after a slight wear, as soft and pleasant to the head as a soft Hat. The "Flexible Band' combines the softness of the Felt Hat, with the beauty and dressy appearance of the Silk Hat, and from its yielding nature, readily conforms to the shape of the head, thus avoiding in a very great measure, the trouble and inconvenience of conforming and shaping, as the principle of the conformator is embodied in the improvement.

All Hats sold at this establishment are made under our own supervision, and we warrant them to be what they are sold for. We respectfully invite the public to gire us a call, as we keep the largest and most complete assortment of all articles in our line in the city of Lancaster.

Age Country FURS bought, and the highest cash prices paid. JUHN A. SHULIZ, HENRY A. SHULIZ, Proprietors.

THE CENTRE SQUARE GROCERY.

JOHN W. HUBLEY, having just completed the enlargement and remodeling of his extensive Grocery establishment, on the corner of NORTH QUEEN STREET and CENTRE SQUARE, is now prepared, with greatly increased facilities, to wait upon all, from city or country, who may favor him with a call. In addition to his extensive stock of GROCERIES AND QUEENSWARE, he has a fall assortment of CONFECTIONARY, FRUITS, NUTS, &c., of every variety the market affords; Also, PICKLES, JELLES AND SYRUPS, (Strawberry, Lemon and Raspberry.)

Every article in his store is fresh and pure, being selected with the greatest care for family use.

**A-Families sending their children for Groceries, can rest assurred that the same attention will be paid to them as to adults.

TAND I GUANO!! GUANO!!

TABLE TO SUPER PROSPRIATE OF LIME.

UANO! GUANO!: GUANO!!

CUANO! GUANO!! GUANO!!

LEINAUS SUPER PHOSPHATE OF LIME.

7,000 TONS.

25-FARMER BS!-CA

FOR YOUR WHEAT CROPS USE LEINAUS SUPER PHOSPHATE OF LIME.

At 2½ cts. a lb. or \$40 a Ton; or use LEINAUS SUPER PHOSPHATE OF LIME,

At 2½ cts. a lb. or \$40 a Ton; or use LEINAUS AMERICAN FERTILIZER, at \$3,50 a bbl. or \$25 a ton.

One barrel of either is sufficient for an Acre of Wheat.

THESE ARE PERMANENT MANURES,

made of reliable Chemical Elements, and have been in successful use for the past 81x Years, improving the soil and increasing the value of the land.

FOUR DIPLOMAS from the State Agricultural Society of Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware and the Crystal Palsoc Association of the City of New York, have been received for these Valuable Fertilizers.

PAMPHLETS in the English and German Language can be had by application at the Office.

A Liberal DISCOUNT to Wholessie Dealers.

The above Fertilizers, delivered FREE of Cartage to any wharf in the old City Proper.

ORDERS sent by Mail accompanied with Cash or Drafts, will be promptly Shipped to any part of the World.

No. 19 South FRONT Street, Philadelphia City, july 21 4m 27

Pannsylvania.

There shall be an additional article to said constitution to be designated as article eleven, as follows:

ARTICERY.

SECTION I. The state may contract debts, to supply casual deficits or failures in revenues, or to mest expenses not obtained to the state of the same sort of the state may contract debts, to supply casual deficits or failures in revenues, or to mest expenses not debts direct and contingent, whether contracted by virtue of one or more acts of the general assembly, or at different periods of time, shall never exceed seven hundred and fifty the thousand dollars, and the money arising from the creation of such debts shall be applied to the purpose for which it was obtained, or to repay the debts so contracted, and to no other purpose whatever.

SECTION 2. In addition to the above limited power the state may contract debts to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the state in war, or to redeem the present outsta ding indebtedness of the state; but the money arising from the centracting of such debts, shall be applied to the purpose for which it was raised, or to repay such debts, and to no other purpose whatever.

SECTION 3. Except the debts above specified, in sections one and two of this article, no debt whatever shall be created by, or on behalf of the state.

SECTION 4. To provide for the payment of the present debt, and any additional debt contracted as aforesaid, the legislature shall, at its first session, after the adoption of this amendment, create a sinking fund, which shall be sufficient to pay the accruing interest on such debt, and annually to reduce the principal thereof by a sum not less than twe hundred and fifty thousand dollars; which sinking fund is also of the same, or any part thereof, and of the income or proceeds of sale of stocks owned by the state, together with other funds, are resources, that may be designated by law. The said sinking fund may be increased, from time to time, by assigning to it any part of the taxes, or other revenues of the state, not required for

There shall be an additional article to said constitution be designated as article XII, as follows:

AR TICE XII.

OF NEW COUNTIES.

Of NEW COUNTIES.

No county shall be divided by a line cutting off over one-tenth of its population, (either to form a new county or otherwise,) without the express assent of such county, by a vote of the electors thereof; nor shall any new county be established, containing less than four hundred square

miles.

THERD AMENDMENT.

From section two of the first article of the constitution, strike out the words, "of the city of Philadelphia, and of each county respectively;" from section five, same article, strike out the words, "of Philadelphia and of the several counties;" from section seven, of the same article, strike ont the words, "neither the city of Philadelphia nor any," and insert in lieu thereof the words, "and no;" and strike out "section four, same article," and in lieu thereof insert the following:

out 'section four, same article," and in lieu thereof insert the following:

"Sectin 4. In the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, and in every seventh year thereafter, representatives to the number of one hundred, shull be apportioned and distributed equally, throughout the state, by districts, in proportion to the number of taxable inhabitants in the several parts thereof; except that any county containing at least three thousand five hundred taxables, may be allowed a separate representation; but no more than three counties shall be joined, and no county shall be divided, in the formation of a district. Any city containing a sufficient number of taxables to entitle it to at least two representatives, shall have a separate representation assigned it, and shall be divided into convenient districts of configuous territory, of equal taxable population as near as may it, and shall be divided into convenient districts of contiguous territory, of equal taxable population as near as may be, each of which districts shall elect one representative."

At the end of section seven, same article, insert these words, "the city of Philadelphia shall be divided into single senatorial districts, of contiguous territory as nearly equal in taxable population as possible; but no ward shall be divided in the formation thereof."

The legislature, at its first session, after the adoption of this amendment, shall divide the city of Philadelphia into senatorial and representative districts, in the manner above provided, such districts to remain unchanged until the apportionment in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

IN SENATE, March 27, 1857.

Resolved, That this resolution pass. On the first amendment, yeas 24, nays 7; on the second amendment, yeas 23, nays 8; on the third amendment, yeas 24, nays 4, on the fourth amendment yeas 23, nays 4.

[Extract from the Journal.]

GEO. W. HAMERSLY, Clerk.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
April 29, 1857.

Resolved, That this resolution pass. On the first amendment, yeas 78, nays 12; on the second amendment, yeas 57, nays 34; on the third amendment, yeas 72, nays 22; on the fourth amendment, yeas 83, nays 7.

[Extract from the Journal.]
JACOB ZEIGLER, Clerk.
Filed in the Secretary's office, May 2, 1857.

A. G. CURTIN,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Secretary of the Commonwealth.

yote in each branch of the Legislature upon the final passage thercof, as appears from the originals on file in this office.

[L. S.] In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused to be affixed the seal of the Secretary's Office, the day and year above written.

A C. CIUTTY

IN SENATE, March 27.1857.

The resolution proposing amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth being under consideration, On the question,
On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the first aniendment?
The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:
Yeas-Mossrs. Brewer, Browne, Coffey, Ely, Evans, Fetter, Flenniken, Frazer, Ingram, Jordan, Killinger, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, Myer, Schofield, Sellers, Shuman, Steele, Straub, Welsh, Wilkins, Wright and Taggart, Speaker—24
NATS-Messrs. Crabb, Cresswell, Finney, Gregg, Harris Penrose and Souther—7.
So the question was determined in the affirmative.
On the question

Penrose and Souther—7.

So the question was determined in the affirmative. On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the second amendment?
The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:
YEAS—Messrs. Brower, Browne, Cresswell, Ely, Evans, Fetter, Finney, Flenniken, Ingram, Jordan, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, Myer, Sellers, Shuman, Souther, Steele, Straub, Welsh, Wilkins, Wright and Taggart, Speaker—23.
NATS—Messrs. Cofey, Crabb, Frazer, Gregg, Harris, Killinger, Penrose and Schofield—8.
So the question was determined in the affirmative. On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the third amendment?
The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:
YEAS—Messrs. Brewer, Browne, Crabb, Cresswell, Ely, Evans, Flenniken, Frazer, Ingram, Jordan, Killinger, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, Myer, Schofield, Sellers, Shuman, Souther, Steele, Straub, Welsh, Wilkins and Wright—24.
NATS—Messrs. Coffey, Gregg, Harris and Penrose—4.
So the question was determined in the affirmative. On the question, Will the Senate agree to the fourth amendment?
The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:
YEAS—Messrs. Brewer, Browne, Coffey, Cresswell, Ely, Evans, Flouniken, Frazer, Ingram, Killinger, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, Myer, Schofield, Sellers, Shuman, Souther, Steele, Straub, Welsh, Wilkins and Wright—23.
NAYS—Messrs. Crabb, Finney, Jordan and Penrose—4.
So the question was determined in the affirmative.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,

In the House of Representatives,

April 29, 1857.

The resolution proposing amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth being under consideration,
On the question,
Will the House agree to the first amendment?
The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:
YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Arthur, Backhouse, Bail, Beck, Bishop, Bower, Brown, Calboun, Campbell, Chase, Cleaver, Crawford, Dickey, Ent. Eyster, Fausold, Foster, Gibboney, Gildea, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hiestand, Hill, Hillegas, Hoffman, (Berks.) Imbrie, Iones, Jacobs, Jonkins, Johnsou, Kauffman, Kerr, Knight, Leisenring, Lougaker, Lovett, Manear, Mangle, M'Calmont, M'Ilvain, Moorbead, Mumma, Musselman, Nichols, Nicholson, Nunuemacher, Pearson, Peters, Petrikin, Pownall, Purcell, Ramsey, Lovett, Manear, Mangle, M'Calmont, M'Ilvain, Moorbead, Mumma, Musselman, Nichols, Nicholson, Nunuemacher, Pearson, Peters, Petrikin, Pownall, Purcell, Ramsey, Chiladelphia,) Ramsey, (York.) Reamer, Reed, Roberts, Rthp, Shaw, Sloan, Smith, (Cambria,) Smith, (Centre,) Stevenson, Tolan, Vail, Vanvoorhis, Vickers, Veeghley, Walter, Westbrook, Whrton, Williston, Witherow, Wright, Zimmerman and Getz, Speaker—78.
NATS—Messrs. Backus, Benson, Dock, Hamilton, Hancock, Hine, Hoffman, (Lebanon,) Lebo, Struthers, Thorn, Warner and Wintrode—12.
So the question, was detormined in the affirmative. On the question, Will the House, agree to the second amendment? The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follow, viz: Yeas—Messrs. Anderson, Backhouse, Ball, Beck, Bower, Calhoun, Campbell, Carty, Ent. Fausold, Foster, Gildea, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hiestand, Hillegas, Hoffman, (Berks,) Housekeeper, Imbrie, Innes, Jenkins, Johns, Johnson, Hauffman, Knight, Leisenring, Longaker, Lovett, Manear, Maugle, M'Ilvain, Moorhead, Musselman, Nichols, Nicholson, Nunuemacher, Pearson, Peters, Petrikin, Pownall, Purcell, Ramsey, (Philadelphia,) Ramsey, (York, Speaker—75.
NATS—Messrs. Arthur, Augustine, Bac

Bower, Brown, Calhoun, Campbell, Chase, Cleaver, Craw ford, Dickey, Ent, Eyster, Fausoid, Foster, Gibboner, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Heistrid, Hill., Hillegas, Hoffman, Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met: That the following amendments are proposed to the constitution of the commonwealth, in accordance with the provisions of the tenth article thereof.

There shall be an additional article to said constitution to be designated as article eleven, as follows:

ARTICIE M.

OF PUBLIC DEBTS.

SECTION 1. The state may contract debts, to supply casual deficits or failures in revenues or to meet expenses and otherwise provided for; but the aggregate amount of such debts direct and contingent, whether contracted by virtue of one or more acts of the general assembly, or at different periods of time, shall never exceed seven hundred and fifty the most of the contracted by wither of one or more acts of the general assembly, or at different periods of time, shall never exceed seven hundred and fifty the most of the contracted by wither of one or more acts of the general assembly, or at different periods of time, shall never exceed seven hundred and fifty the most of the contracted by wither of one or more acts of the general assembly, or at different periods of time, shall never exceed seven hundred and fifty the most of the general assembly and the measurement of the contracted by withing th

22.
So the question was determined in the affirmative.
On the question.
Will the House agree to the fourth amendment?
The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follow, viz:
Yias—Messrs. Anderson, Arthur, Backhouse, Backus, Ball, Beck, Benson, Bishop, Bower, Brown, Calhoun, Campbell, Carty, Chase, Cleaver, Crawford, Dickey, Ent, Eyster, Fausold, Foster, Gibboney, Gildes, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hiestand, Hill, Hillegas, Hofman, (Merka,) Hofman, (Lebanou,) Housekeeper, Imbrie, Innes, Jacobs, Joukins, Johns, Johnson, Kaufman, Kerr, Lobo, Loisenfug, Longaker, Lovett, Manear, Maugle, M'Calmont, M'Ilvain, Mumma, Musselman, Nichols, Nicholsson, Nunemacher, Pearson, Peters, Petrikin, Pownall, Purcell, Ramsey, (Philadelphia, Ramsey, (York.) Ramer, Reed, Roberts, Rupp, Shaw, Sloan, Smith, (Cambria,) Smith, (Centre,) Stevenson, Tolan, Vail, Vanvoorhis, Vickers, Voeghley, Wagouseller, Watter, Warner, Westbrook, Wharton, Williston, Witherow, Zimmorman and Getz, Speaker—S3.
NAYS—Messrs. Dock. Hamilton, Hancock, Struthers, Thorn, Wintrode and Wright—7.
So the question was determined in the affirmative.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE, HARRISBURG, June 22, 1857.

HARRISDURG, June 22, 1857.

Pennsylvania, ss.:

I do certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the "Yeas" and "Nays" taken on the resolution proposing amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, as the same appears on the Journals of the two Houses of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth for the session of 1857. [L. S.] Witness my band and the seal of said office, this twenty-second day of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven.

July 7 3m 25] Secretary of the Commonwealth.

THE CITIZENS OF LANCASTER will save money by purchasing their

CHINA AND GLASS OF TYNDALE & MITCHELL. 707 CHESTNUT STREET ABOVE SEVENTH, PHILADELPHIA. AT TINDALE & MITCHELL import the greatest variety of

NEW AND BEAUTIFUL WARES. which they will sell in quantities to suit the wants of the Farmer and Citizen, at Wholesale Prices. aug 25

aug 25

ROBERT W. ADDIS

NEW AND MAGNIFICENT

PHOTOGRAPH

NORTHERN SEY-LIGHT OF ALLERY,
Ests King Street, nearly opposite Lanc's Store,
Having a new and commodious Northerh Sky Light orected
for the purpose, possessing strength, brilliancy and softness
which makes it unsurpassed by any light in the country.
In arranging this gallery, I have paid particular attention
in selecting good instruments of approved manufacture,
and all the recent improvements pertaining to the Ambrotype and Daguerreotype.

This beautiful process, which of late has taken such a
hold on the picture loving community, is practised in all its
varied branches. These pictures are durable, susceptible of
beautiful and life-like coloring, can easily be seen in any
light and when made by experienced operators, combine
many beautiful effects. The Ambrotypes made at this
Gallery are characterized by strength, depth of tone, brilliancy, positions artistic, natural coloring and beauty of
fluish, forming a gem possessing rare merit, and which dehee all compatition to gore! iancy, positions artistic, natural coloring and beauty of high, forming a gem possessing rare merit, and which de-

finish, forming a gem possessing rare merit, and which defies all competition to equal.

Persons having children whose likenesses they have herotofore been unable to obtain, have only to call at my immense Sky Light Gallery, where they can be taken in ONE SECOND, and a satisfactory picture warranted.

taken on IRON and presenting the same appearance as Ambrotypes, can be inserted in Lockets, Breastpins, Rings or any style of cases known.

The great durability of a good Daguerrectype, has been acknowledged by every one, and when maderightly is the prettiest picture known. Having every facility for practising this beautiful art, either in CRAYON OR STEREO-SOOPE, the public are requested to examine specimens on a new and improved style.

SLOFE, the public are requested to examine speciment a new and improved style.

PHOTOGRAPHS OR PICTURES ON PAPER.

In every style, and made with rich dark tonce, so much mired in fine steel engravings. Persons wanting a numl cau obtain them at reduced prices, and as well, executed the productions of the most noted Photographers in country. ountry.
A large and beautiful assortment of fine GILT FRAMES

EXPLANATION.

The term AMEROTYPE, by which these Pictures are designated; is derived from the Greek word Ambrotos, signifying indestructibility, permanency, &c. The Picture is taken upon plate glass, to which another plate of corresponding size is secured with an indestructible cement, by by which the picture will retain its original brilliancy for ages; it will not corrode by acids, nor be injured by water or climate. It is boid in its effect, beautiful in tone, surpasses any thing in the gradations of light and shade, and may be seen in any light. The public are cautioned against initiations made on single plates of glass, with the Slack varuish in immediate contact with the Picture.—buch are not permanent, as the varnish must crack and destroy the Picture.

AMBROTYPE STERESCOPES MUST BE SEEN, to be appreciated—the relief being fully as perfect as life. Citizens and Strangers are invited to call at the Ambrotype Gallery of the undersigned, and examine specimens before they precure Pictures elsewhere, as they are assured of polite attention.

Beg 25tic38

T. & W. CUMMINGS & CO.

TOVES TIN AND COPPER WARE.

The undersigned respectfully announces to his old friends and patrons, and to the public that he continues to keep on hand a large assortment of Cooking Parlor, Office and other STOVES, of the latest and most approved patterns. He also continues to carry on extensively the manufacture of

TIN, SHEET-IRON AND COPPER WARE
Of all kinds, made in the nestest and most substantial manner.

A CARD.--The subscriber thankful to his numerous patrons for past tavors, would again ask for a continuance of the same, and as many more as will please to favor him with their patronage, as he is certain from his knowledge of the Tonsorial Art in all its branches, such as Hair Cutting, Carling, Shawing, Shampooing and Wig-making, he is able to please the most fastidious. pooing and Wig-making, he is able to please the most fastidious.

He also solicits the attention of all to the cleanliness of his Towels. Brushes, Combs and in fact every thing connected with his establishment.

He would likewise mention that he is the only person in the city that can and does color Whiskers and Monstaches, from red or gray to most beautiful brown or black in a very few minutes. Particular attention given to the cutting and trimming of children's hair.

North Queen street, over Long & Co.'s Drug Store, and directly opposite the Granile House.

feb 22 tf 5

directly opposite the Grante House. feb 22 tf 6

NOTICE TO TRAVELERS.

From and after MONDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1854, the Christiana and Chesnut Level Stage Line will leave Christiana Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at 1 P. M., via Coopersville, Green Tree, Paxson's Store, Quarryville, Spring Grove, Mechanics' Grove, to Chesnut Level; returning, will leave the Level at 5 o'clock, A. M., on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, and return the same route to Christiana.

The above arrangement will afford persons an opportunity of traveling in either of two daily lines of cars to and from the cities of Philadelphia and Lancaster.

Dec. 12 tf-47;

By order of the Managers.

A. ROCKAFIELD & CO., NEXT TO

A. Kramph's Clothing Stors, East Orange st., Lancastor Pa., dealers in all the new and popular PAMILY MEDICINES, PERFUMERLY, &c., Wholesale and Retail.

Go-they have just received a fresh supply of WOLF'S CELEBRATED AROMATIC SCHEIDAM SCHNAPPS and will rell to retailers at proprietor's prices. [June 26 tf 38]

CALEBRATED AROMATIC SCHEIDAR SCHAVET and will sell to retailers at proprietor's prices. [June 26 tf 33]

A L L E N & N E E D L E S'

CAUTION—Be particular to observe that every barrel of our article has our name and that of Pulit & Kieth branded on the head. This Caution is rendered necessary, as there are so many articles of doubtful value sold under the name of Super-Phosphator of Lime, as to mislead those who are unacquainted with the value of a are unacquainted with the value of a reunacquainted with the value of a pulling the self-particle.

PRICE \$45 PER 2000 LBS. (2½ CFNTS PER LB.)

A liberal deduction made to Dealers.
Orders for this valuable Fertilizer attended to promptly-Pamphlets describing it, and the mode of applying, can be had gratuitously at our stores, or by mail when desired. It has no superior as a Manure for the WHE AT, RYE, CORN, OATS, and all other crops requiring a LASTING FERTILIZER, producing not only a heavier yield of Grain than Peruvian Guano, but stiffening the straw to support the head.

rarely fails to take well where our Phosphate is applied to Wheat Land.

Wheat Land.

We have a small quantity still in store.

FISH MANURE.

A supply of this valuable article for sale.

PRICE \$30 PER 2000 lbs. (1½ CENT PER LE.).

NO.1. GOVERN MENT PER UVIAN GUANO for sale at the lowest rates.

**ET The Leading Agricultural Journals and Newspapers are regularly filed at our office for the use of hirmers.

Goods can be loaded at either front of our Warchouses.

Farmers are recommended to drive to Water Street and avoid the crowded wharf. Ample facilities are afforded in loading Wagons and attending to the Horses.

ALLEN & NEEDLES,

No. 23 South Wharves, and 41 (new style) South Water St.,