DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET. FOR GOVERNOR. WILLIAM F. PACKER, Lycoming County. FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER. NIMROD STRICKLAND, Chester County. FOR JUDGES OF SUPREME COURT. WILLIAM STRONG, Berks County, JAMES THOMPSON, Eric County.

DEMOCRATIC CO. TICKET. Senators. WILLIAM PATTON, Columbia. DR. JOHN K. RAUB, Providence Assembly JOHN H. BRENNEMAN, Mount Joy. THOMAS S. McILVAIN, Salisbury.

JAMES BONES, Manor. SAMUEL WICKS, Fulton. Sheriff.

JACOB SENER, East Hempfield. Prothonotary. WILLIAM CARPENTER, City. Register. WILLIAM HAYS, Little Britain Recorder. HENRY RUSH, Providence. County Treasurer. JOHN S. HOSTETTER, Manheim. Clerk of Orphans' Court. DR. A. S. BARE, Upper Leacock. Clerk of Quarter Sessions. JACOB FOLTZ, City. County Commissioner JOHN WHITESIDE, Colerain.

Prison Inspectors. O. C. M. CAINES, City. C. HUNSHBERGER, West Earl Directors of Poor LEWIS HALDY, City. S. J. MORRISON, City. DR. RICHARD REAM, East Cocalico

Coroner. DR. J. B. FREELAND, City. Auditor.

AMOS A. HAUKE, Paradise. Call for the Tickets.

The Democratic State and County Tickets are now printed and will be ready for distribution on Thursday next. The Chairman of the County Committee, Mr. Swark, in whose possession they are, requests our friends from the different districts of the county to call and get their supplies.

Attend to the Assessments. We advise all our Democratic friends to see to it that they are assessed at least TEN DAYS before the Election. There is no time to lose in the matter. It must be done on or before FRIDAY NEXT, the 2d of October, as after that day it will be too late. The Township and Ward Committees should give some attention to this matter.

The President at Home. President Buchanan reached his home, at Wheatland, on Thursday afternoon last-hav- there no inconsistency in all this? ing left the cars and taken a private conveyance at Columbia. His visit was unheralded, that particular day. He came on private business, and expected to leave for Washington Saturday, and was called upon by numbers of Presbyterian Church, Orange street.

han he has been for the last six months.

By some mistake of the compositor the name of this gentleman was omitted in the -was present and acted with it on Saturday which he is engaged. week, and was the person who nominated WILLIAM CARPENTER, Esq., for Prothonotary. We deem this notice an act of justice to Mr. B., who is perfectly willing to assume his share of the responsibility growing out of the action of the Committee.

Suspension of Specie Payments. The extreme monetary pressure which has prevailed in the large cities for the last three or four weeks, has brought about a similar state of things to that which occurred in 1837. and forced the Banks of Philadelphia and throughout the State generally to a suspension of specie payments. The Bank of Pennsylvania was the first to suspend, on Friday morning. This was followed throughout the day by several others, and on Saturday morning all the banks of the city, by concert, refused to meet the demands made upon them in

This determination of the Philadelphia institutions being communicated to the country, on Saturday morning the Farmers Bank, of this city, (on which there had been a considerable run for a day or two previous) and the Lancaster County Bank both suspended specie payments-the latter, however, not so much from any actual or anticipated run upon it, as from the conviction that a temporary suspension, to be of benefit alike to the Banks and the community, should be general. This institution is one of the soundest in the State, and we are warranted in saying that they are ready at any moment to resume whenever the other Banks of the State are in a condition to do it. The cause of the run upon the Farmers' Bank we cannot account for, unless reports injurious to its reputation were started by some evil-disposed persons for the purpose of embarrassing its operations. It, too, has always been considered one of our soundest monied institutions, and there is no doubt of its solvency. It only succumbed to the pressure after the City Banks had all agreed to suspend, and will doubtless be one amongst the first able and willing to resume—at least we hope so.

There are various opinions in this community as to the policy of a suspension on the part of our two Banks-some condemning their conduct, whilst others approve of it. The major itv of the people, so far as we have have heard an expression of opinion, incline to look favorably upon it, believing that, under the circumstances by which they were surrounded, the wel fare of the community as well as their own pared for the contest? We hope so; but the salvation depended on their taking this course.

May we not hope, however, that the suspension will only be temporary, and also that the Banks will at least strain a point to redeem their Fives, so as to furnish the people with small change in the transaction of their business. Should this be done, we apprehend very districts will see to the matter at once. The little inconvenience will be felt by the public from the suspension.

Since writing the above we have the Lancaster County Bank, for the purpose of accommodating the people with change, will redeem their Fives in specie when presented be active and vigilant-make arrangements

at the counter. Philadelphia, with the exception of the City to poll at least as heavy a vote in the county Bank, the Consolidation Bank, and the Bank as we did last fall. Recollect that every vote of Pennsylvania, are paying specie for their | we poll here in Lancaster county count one Fines and Tens.

More Bank Suspensions.

The suspension is not confined to Philad'a, and Lancaster, but is general, we believe, all over the State. The Banks of Baltimore have also suspended specie payments, and it is believed that the New York Banks, as well as those in the other principal cities will be obliged to follow suit.

The whole thing has, doubtless, prought about by the inordinate speculation in western lands, railroad atocks, and in flour, generally, (to which too many Banks were made to loan themselves,) together with the and towns which has obtained for the last few themselves to doing a legitimate business. speculation would not have run so wild-the community would have been benefited, and we should not now be a witness to the widespread desolation and ruin which has overtaken the mercantile and other interests of the country.

We hope the people will elect honest and intelligent men to the next Legislature, and that they, when they go to Harrisburg, will institute a most searching and thorough investigation into the way the Banks of this Commonwealth have been managed for the last four or five years. Let them ascertain the facts in the case, and if any of these institutions are found to have been connected, in any way, with speculators, note shavers, &c., &c., by which the people have suffered loss, let them be blotted out of existence without delay. Now is the time to discriminate-to sift suspending specie payments, forfeited their well have been formed. charters; and that forfeiture ought to be en- Sheriff. forced against every rotten, corrupt and swindling concern in the State.

. No Shinnlasters. There is some talk in this community alaware, in 1837, after the Banks suspended; but, if there was a necessity for them then. (which we did not believe,) there is none now. There is a great abundance of gold and silver coin in the country, outside of the Banks, which will soon find its way into circulation, if there is nothing foolishly manufactured to take its place. No more shinplasters say we, and every good citizen should set his face

"The Intelligencer professes to see glaring inconsistency in the course of the Examiner, because it now supports David Wilmot, whose vote for the tariff of '46 it then denounced.'

against any project of the kind.

We clip the above sentence from the Examiner of Wednesday last. And pray, neighbor, is there not glaring inconsistency in your action. You denounced Mr. WILMOT, at the time, for his vote in favor of the tariff of 1846. and now you support him for the first office in the Commonwealth, although there is not a particle of evidence that he has changed his eleven years ago when you so bitterly assailed his motives and actions. Again we ask, is

But, says the Examiner, "the tariff is not now an issue." We admit that it is not, nor and therefore entirely unexpected, at least on did we at any time say it was-although the is the candidate for the responsible office of again on last evening. He was in town on Green's project to promote the manufacture of stood shoulder to shoulder with us in the American railroad iron, that paper says, "we memorable campaign of last year. His qualhis fellow-citizens. On Sunday he was also are glad to note this glimmer of returning ifications for the office are undoubted, and his in town, and occupied his pew in the First sense." And again-"The Free trade policy well-known activity and energy will insure has brought us as near ruin as a strong, healthy The President looks remarkably well, and nation like this can be brought." Was this Clerk of Orphans' Court. appears to be in better health and more cheer | not an attempt on the part of our neighbor to make the tariff policy an issue in the pres ent campaign? But finding that he would be certain to burn his fingers by making such an issue, having the Free trader, Wilmot, as his candidate for Governor, he very wisely list of members of the County Committee, as adopts the more prudent course of backing published in their proceedings in our paper of out of the issue raised by himself, and amuses last week. Mr. Brush is the worthy repre. his readers by calling us some ugly names sentative of Manor township in the Committee such as "idiot," "fool," &c. &c., all of which only go to prove the weakness of the cause in

> The Examiner and Mr. Pownall. last Legislature who voted for the \$3,000,000 road,) from the odium attached to his course, elected. and throw dust in the eyes of its readers, the County Commissioner. Examiner seizes with avidity a slight error voted against it, he was set aside by the Con- Colerain. vention (which body was under railroad and corporation influence) and one of the four, Mr.

a direct issue made by 'Squire Fisher in the Convention. We thank the Examiner for directing our attention to the mistake. It has enabled us to again call public attention to the course of Mr. Pownall, as also to the fact that the "Union" Convention endorsed his vote in opposition to what we are sure is the sentiment of nine-tenths of the people of Lancaster

POWNALL, who voted for the appropriation,

was nominated over him, and that, too, upon

county. The Examiner affects a great deal of taken care of. sympathy for JACOB MYERS, because the Dem- Coroner. ocratic County Committee, for good and substantial reasons, withdrew his name from the truth. Instead of saying he was nominated competent man. by a vote of "thirty-five districts, against twelve | Auditor. votes for his competitor." the truth is he was the choice of only a minority of the Convention. By reference to the proceedings, published in the Intelligencer of the 8th inst., the Examiner will learn that for Clerk of the Orphans' Court the vote stood as follows:-Myers, 22-Kolp, 20-Urich, 4.

Will our neighbor, in his future reference to this subject, be candid enough to make the correction? We shall see.

Organize! Organize!?

But two weeks remain until the election. Are our friends throughout the county precalm which pervades the political atmosphere excites apprehension that there is too much lukewarmness or apathy in our ranks. There is still time to accomplish much in the way of a thorough organization. We hope the committees and the leading men in the different enemy also appear to be inactive-but we must not trust to this. They would fain lull the Democracy to sleep by their feigned inacpleasure of informing our readers that the tivity, and, then, at the proper time, hurl their masses upon us when we are least able to resist the onset. Let our friends everywhere to have every voter at the polls-and leave It is also understood that all the Banks in | nothing undone, in a fair and honorable way,

in the general aggregate for State officers.

THE DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

State Ticket. The State Ticket composed of Gen. WIL-LIAM F. PACKER, for Governor: NIMBOD STRICKLAND, for Canal Commissioner; Messrs. STRONG and THOMPSON, for Supreme Judges; Messrs. Parton and RAUB, for the Senate; and Messis. Brenneman, McIlvain, Bones and Wicks, for the Assembly-is such an one. in all its parts, as must commend itself to the voters of Lancaster county, irrespective of made up of talented, intelligent and reliable signed him. Of the candidates for Governominations were made, and we can only add that four better, or more competent and trustworthy men are not to be found in the broad limits of the Commonwealth.

Legislature. With regard to our candidates for the Senate and Assembly, it is admitted on all hands, even by our opponents themselves, that six better men for the posts, in every respect, were never presented to the people of Lancaster county for their suffrages. Should they be elected, and we are not without hope of their success, their constituents will find them to be honest, capable and trust-worthy, and their legislative course will reflect honor upon | may serve to put the people, who are about to themselves and the community they represent. County Ticket.

The County Ticket is also composed of highly intelligent, reliable and meritorious men.the good from the bad. They have all, by Indeed we do not see how a better ticket could

The candidate for Sheriff, JACOB SENER, is an honest, upright, active business man-a farmer of East Hempfield township-who is so well and favorably known to the people of ready in favor of Shinplasters, for the purposes the county, as to require no eulogy at our of change. We, for one, are dead up against hands. Every body who wishes to see elected any thing of the kind. It was done, we are an active, humane and capable Sheriff will vote for Sever. Prothonotary.

WILLIAM CARPENTER, Esq., of this City, formerly an old line Whig, but an ardent and enthusiastic supporter of Mr. BUCHANAN and the State Ticket last year, is our candidate for Prothonotary. He is known to almost every man, woman and child in the county, as an accomplished scrivener and surveyor, and of unbounded popularity. No more competent man to discharge intelligently the onerous and complicated duties of that important office, could be found any where. Register.

WILLIAM HAYS, of Little Britain, is the candidate for Register. He is a highly intel. to bear upon the Legislature. ligent farmer of that township, of mature years and unflinching integrity, who, if matter that they may guard in time against elected, will honestly and faithfully dis- their representatives in the next Legislature charge his duties and render general satisfac- re-enacting some of the disreputable scenes of tion to the people. No better man could have been selected for the post.

Our candidate for Recorder is HENRY RUSH, opinion;—on the contrary, Wilmor is known Esq., of Providence township. He, too, is a to be as much of a Free-trader now as he was farmer—a man of strict integrity, and undoubted business qualifications, who would discharge the duties of the office correctly and doubt the policy of such a proceeding at this to the entire satisfaction of the people. County Treasurer.

JOHN S. HOSTETTER, of Manheim township, Examiner, of the 9th inst., did what it falsely Gounty Treasurer. He also was one of the charges upon us. Speaking of Gen. Duff old line Whigs of the county who so gallantly him a very heavy vote where he is best known.

For Clerk of the Orphans' Court-an office county, we have Dr. Adam S. Bare, of Upper undoubted business qualifications, the Dr's candidate. Clerk of Quarter Sessions.

JACOB FOLTZ, Esq., of this City, (and for several years Deputy Sheriff,) is the candidate for Clerk of the Quarter Sessions. Mr. F. is another of the old line Whigs who rallied In its efforts to extricate Mr. Pownall (one under our glorious banner in the campaign of of the four members from Lancaster co., in the 1856. His superior qualifications for the correct and faithful discharge of the duties of appropriation to the Sunbury and Eric Rail- the office are undoubted, and he deserves to be

For County Commissioner the Convention that occurred in one of our paragraphs last selected our veteran Democratic friend, John week, in which the compositor made us to say Whiteside, of Colerain. A better selection that all the members from this county, save could not have been made, and the tax-payers Mr. Pownale, voted against the Sunbury and of the county, if they desire to be represented Eric appropriation. We intended to say that in the Board by a strictly conscientious man, all the members, with the exception of Mr. well qualified for the post, should by all means KAUFFMAN, voted for it; and because Mr. K. cast their votes for the honest old farmer of

> For Prison Inspectors we have O. C. M. CAINES, an intelligent and deserving Mechanic and Architect of this City, and CHRISTIAN HUNSHBERGER, a worthy farmer of West Earl. These gentlemen are both well qualified to fill the office, and we hope to see them elected. Directors of Poor.

> Our candidates for Directors of the Poor are Lewis Haldy and S. J. Morrison, two worthy and industrious Mechanics of this City, and Dr. RICHARD REAM, an intelligent Physician of East Cocalico. We hope to see them elected, as the interests of the county and the inmates of the establishment would be well

Dr. James B. Freeland, a highly respectable and intelligent Physician, of this City, ticket. These erocodile tears are well under- is our candidate for Coroner. The office is stood by the community, and will do no harm. one which should at all times be filled by But, in stating how he was nominated by the | Physician, and the choice of the Convention Convention, the Examiner ought to tell the could not have fallen on a more worthy or

Amos A. HAUK, of Paradise, the candidate for Auditor, is an excellent clerk and accountant, and admirably qualified for the post .-Both he and Dr. FREELAND were old line Whigs who assisted us in fighting the battles of last year, and who deserve well of the Democratic party.

Such is the Democratic State and County Ticket presented to the people of Lancaster county. As we stated last week, it is one in all its parts, of which we feel proud. It is composed of men throughout of whom any party might be proud. It is a ticket which commends itself strongly, not only to the Democratic party, but to the honest and independent voters outside of that party. In short, it is just such a ticket as deserves to be elected and if the people of the county are alive to their true interests, and we believe they are, it will be elected.

Senator Bigler's Speech.

According to promise we publish this week (on our first page) the great speech of Senator BIGLER, at Clarion, in reply to WILMOT. It is a plain, powerful and convincing argument throughout, and is highly creditable to the head and heart of its distinguished author .-Senator Bigler dissects with a master hand the sophisms of WILMOT, and shows the arch agitator up in his true light to the gaze of the We recommend all our readers to give this speech a careful and unprejudiced

The State Fair at Philadelphia, com

Be Warned in Time!

The success hitherto of Railroad Companies in obtaining, from the Pennsylvania Legislature, enactments for their exclusive benefit, to the great injury and wrong of the tax-papers of the State, is an argument for extreme vigilance on the part of the people, and for great care and caution in the selection of their repmen, each of whom is peculiarly well qualified schemes for the benefit of corporations at the extravagant modes of living in our large cities to fill with dignity and ability the station as expense of the public treasury. We advise our strength. The election of Mr. Buchanan years. Had the Banks generally confined nor, Canal Commissioner and Supreme Judges, eyes upon the schemers, and send Messrs. Parpower, and now the National Democracy conwhose triumphant election is a foregone conton, RAUB, BRENNEMAN, McIlvain, Bones and trol the Senate, the House of Representatives, clusion, we have spoken repeatedly since the Wicks to watch them! See what the Sunbury and the Executive department of the govern-& Erie Railroad is after:

THE SUNBURY AND ERIE ROAD. -We trust that the County Convention, which is to convene on the 3d of September, will bear in mind this great work, when the nominations for the Legislature come up. We know not what measure or measures of relief and aid will be introduced the coming session, but learn that its friends design to make application, in some shape, with strong hopes of success. county, more interested than any other place should be on hand, and well represented. She should have active, zealous and working members, and men of ability. The above paragraph—says the Harrisburg

Union-from the last number of the Erie Gazette. elect members to the next Legislature, upon their guard. The Sunbury and Erie Railroad Company made a vigorous and memorable assault upon the Treasury at the last session, and came so near carrying their point, that they are emboldened to renew their demands "with strong hopes of success." What the nature of their renewed plans are we have no means of anticipating, but we hope that by the meeting of the next Legislature there wil be two obstacles fatal to their success: first, the adoption by the people of the amendment to the Constitution prohibiting the State lending its credit to any corporation; second, the election of an honest Legislature, composed of men with the requisite integrity and firmness to resist the appeals of begging corporations, whether such appeals are made to their sympathies or to their pockets.

What shape this application will assume w are at a loss to conjecture. No doubt the managers have some plan in view by which legislative aid may be obtained without violating the letter of the Constitutional amendment. Of one thing we feel assured; and that is, that whatever plan is determined upon, it will be urged by all the appliances that corporations have learned by experience to bring

We call the attention of the people to this last session

Extra Session of the Legislature.

Governor Pollock has issued a Proclamation convening the Legislature, in extra session, on Tuesday the 6th of October, for the purpose, we suppose, of legalizing the suspension of specie payments by the Banks. We time. Why not have waited until after the election and then, if necessary, convene the new Legislature? Were the officers of the City Banks and the Governor afraid to trust rod swallowing up all others. Although a representatives fresh from the ranks of the few dangerous extremists may desire to conpeople? It looks very much like it.

Important to the Iron Interest. The Secretary of the Treasury, Hon. Howell Cobb, has issued a circular to the Iron Manufacturers of the country, dated August, 1857, asking information on various points relative se to the people of the concludes the circular by saying that "the Leacock. To great energy of character and interest, by promoting its production and increasing its consumption, has been commendevelopment."

This is encouraging to our iron men. When they see at a glance that the National Administration, representing the Democratic party of the country, has taken a bold and fearless stand with a view of rendering aid and protection to this great interest, they may be satisfied that justice will not be withheld in case they suffer from a southern man, who has been rated as a British free trader by the enemies of the Demo-

People of Pennsylvania-of Lancaster county! Whom will you choose to rule over you, PACKER and the friends of your dearest interests, or WILMOT, the Black Republican Free Trader and his Abolition allies? Choose ye between them whom ye will serve.

Sale of Fort Snelling.

The New York Times and other newspapers about the country have been making a great outery over the alleged sacrifice made in the sale of the Fort Snelling reservation, by order of the Government, and intimations have been held out that the Secretary of War sold it by private sale for less than it was worth, to serve himself and friends. The Washington Union says the sale was made by two officers appointed by the Secretary of War, and that they went out with instructions not to sell it for less than \$7,50 per acre. That they received an offer of \$70,000 for it, but refused to sell for less than \$12 per acre, to which price the person who offered the \$70,000 finally came up. This was a larger price than the Government has ever received for public lands, for at every public sale combinations of speculators are made to keep down the price, the Government never getting more than from \$1,50 to \$5 per acre. It was this fact that induced the Government to sell at private sale, and it has saved \$80,000 by the sale, compared with other prices at which Government reservation have been sold at public sale. Some persons probably, have missed fleecing the Government of its lands without a fair equivalent. and now their public virtue feels outraged at the loss. If the Secretary of War has done anything wrong in the transaction it is easy enough to show proofs of the fact. At present the transaction stands to his credit as a very favorable one to the Government.

Justice with a Vengeance! At the Court of General Sessions of New York city, last week, Judge Russell sentenced young man named John Henningen to forty years' imprisonment in the State Prison, for knocking a man down and robbing him of \$5 and an old hat! What a fool Henningen was! Why did'nt he steal \$50,000 or \$500,000 while he was about it? They could not have punished him more severely, and, peradventure, would have let him off altogether. Five dollars and an old hat! The rascal deserved his sentence for stealing so little. He evidently did not know that justice is not blind, but peeps from under her muffle, examines the condition of the prisoner and decides accordingly.

Hon. J. GLANCY Jones has our thanks for a copy of the Mechanical Division of the Patent Office Report for 1856, in three volumes. Time was when one thin volume contained the whole of this Report. But the business of the Patent Office has increased in a ten-fold greater ratio than any of the other Departments of Government.

Agitation of Slavery in Congress. The triumphs of the National Democracy ver the Black Republicans in the free States; and over the Know Nothings in the South, have given us a good working majority in the next House of Representatives. In spite of seen the worst. The "run" on the Philadelphia Banks or

and the control of th

all the slanders and calumnies of the disunionists, says the Richmond Enquirer, the condition resentatives. We trust and believe that the of the National Democracy was never more people of Lancaster county are awake upon healthy and harmonious than at present. Two this subject. But it can do no harm to show years ago the successes of the Black Republigrain, cattle, sugar, and the necessaries of life party. It is emphatically a strong ticket, them that preparations are already being cans in the free States and the temporary made to approach the next Legislature with prosperity of Sam in the slave States had reduced our numbers, and temporarily crippledthe citizens of this great county to keep their was the first cheering sign of our returning

The Supreme Court of the United States has given greater dignity and importance to the principles of the Democratic party, by rendering a decision in the Dred Scott case in strict conformity with the doctrine embodied in the Kansas-Nebraska act, and in that resolution of the Cincinnati Convention which relates to the constitutional rights of the people of the United States in the Territories.

There never was, therefore, a period in the history of party when there was more concord and harmony in the ranks of the National Democracy than at present. North and South they occupy precisely the same position on the slavery question. There is nothing, so far as the slavery question is concerned, about which

the National Democracy can possibly differ. The whole question of slavery in the territories having been laid at rest by the decision of the Supreme Court in the Dred Scott case, and by the acts for the establishment of territorial governments in Kansas, and in Nebraska, there is no phase of the slavery question which can be legitimately made the subject of controversy in Congress. We sincerely trust that the representatives of the National Democracy in the next Congress will oppose and deprecate the agitation of slavery. They will have a good reliable majority of at

least fifteen in the House of Representatives. and every conservative, reflecting citzen of the United States desires that the discussion of slavery may forever be banished from the halls of Congress. The whole question having been settled, the agitation of a question so exciting and disturbing should be punished as a crime by all who have the interests of the Union at heart.

Let the National Democracy, now the domi nant party in this country, determine to put down every attempt of factionists from whatever quarter they may come, to re-open the hateful question of "slavery" agitation. For nearly thirty years this bone of conten-

tion has engaged the attention of Congress, to the exclusion of nearly every thing else. The true interests of the nation, the most important questions of domestic and foreign policy have been neglected, that sectional strife endangering the prosperity of the country might be kept up, by designing demagogues and raving fanatics. Speculators and lobby members availing themselves of the turmoil, confusion and excitement engendered by this hateful question, have pillaged the government of countless millions. All the most important interests of the country have suffered in consequences of this question, like Aaron's tinue the work of sectional agitation, the great mass of the people, North and South, desire that the agitation of the slavery question shall cease now and forever.

The Kansas Constitutional Convention. The Kansas Constitutional Convention met to the manufacture of Iron. The Secretary on the 7th inst., at Lecompton. Some sixty members presented their credentials and were policy of affording encouragement to this great | admitted to seats. Gen. Calhoun was elected permanent President, and Mr. CARY, the correspondent of the New York Times, permapersonal popularity and efficient services in ced by the Government, and I am desirous of nent Secretary. After the permanent organithe party for many years, should, as we have obtaining all the information which can be zation of the Convention it adjourned until no doubt they will, make him a very strong had on the subject, with a view to its further the third Monday of October next. The correspondent of the New York Times in speculating concerning the composition of the Convention and its action on the all-absorbing slavery question, says:

"A majority of the Convention is, I believe, n favor of a submission of the Constitution to the popular vote. It is true there are great differences of opinion, even among those pledged to that policy, as to the extent of requisit from present duties. And this, too, coming qualification of previous residence. Some go for a twelve months' residence, some for six, some for three months, and a few, a very few, for no previous residence at all beyond the fact of proof of actual residence at the time of voting, and of the animus manendi of the voter. I think it probable, that they will compromise on six months, and that six months' residence will elapse between the period of the framing of the Constitution in October and its submission to the people next Spring for adoption or rejection. I say the framing of the Constitution in October, because it is now generally believed, and many of the members of the Convention state it as their belief and hope, that immediately after perfecting the organization of the Convention, the appointment of the committees. and the assignment to these committees of their various tasks, the Convention will adourn until after the elections in October, so as to be guided in their subsequent and final action by the expression of the popular will as

manifested in the interval. The Editor's Book Table.

EMERSON'S MAGAZINE AND PUTNAM'S MONTHLY By J. M. Emerson & Co., 371 Broadway, N. Y. The October number of this consolidated Magazine has been received from the Publishers. It is well filled with highly interesting, instructive and humorous articles, several of them handsomely and appropriately Illustrated, and also a fashion plate for the month. Amongst the capital articles contained in the number are: "Up the Mississippi," "The Life of Washington," "A Tale of Lager Beer," "Last Evening with Allston," "The Sublime and Infinite," "My Thirty Years Out of the Senate," by Major Downing, &c Terms of the Magazine-\$3 per annum for single copy; two copies for \$5, or five copies for \$10. A splendid Librar of Forty Large Bound Volumes is presented to every person who gets up a club of 24 subscribers. NEW WORKS BY PETERSON.

The enterprising publisher, T. B. Peterson, has in pres and will issue on the 1st proxime, a new work by Mrs Caroline Lee Hentz, entitled "The Lost Daughter," con plete in one large duodecimo volume, neatly bound in cloth, for \$1 25, or two volumes, paper cover, for \$1 00 -The publisher has also in press, and will issue on the 3d of October, "Mrs. HALR'S Receipts for the Million." containing 4545 receipts, facts, directions, &c., being a complete Family Directory and Household Guide. This work will be complete in one large volume of 800 pages. Price,

Copies of either of these works will be sent to any part of the United States free of postage, on any one remitting the price of the work to the publisher in a letter, directed to No. 306 Chestnut st., Philadelphia GODEY FOR OCTOBER.

We are already in receipt of the Ladie's Book. This is

lecidedly the best number yet issued, and to give it full

ustice, it must be seen to be appreciated. Reader, just send \$3 to L. A. Godey, Philadelphia, and we will guaran tes you will never regret it. THE HAPPY HOME AND PARLOR MAGAZINE. By C The October number is a capital one in its reading mat ter, and its embellishments are superb. "The Last Supper" is indeed a beautiful engraving, and is, itself, worth the

he price of the number. This Magazine is one which should be in every family. The moral tone running through all its articles are ad mirably adapted to benefit the young and rising generation Terms-\$2 per nunum, in advance MERBY'S MUSEUM AND SCHOOL FELLOW. by J. N. Stearns & Co., 116 Nassau street, N.

A most capital little work published monthly, and intended specially to interest and benefit the youth of both sexes. It is handsomely illustrated

GREAT WHEAT CROP .- The St. Paul Min-

solian says, on sixty acres of land, in Washington county, Minnesota, there was raised his season the enormous yield of three thousand bushels of wheat, or fifty bushels to the acre. The grain is of the finest and heaviest quality, actually weight four or five pounds more to the bushel than the standard weight. The crop was raised from seed which has long been in the Territory, and was thoroughly ac-

CITY AND COUNTY AFFAIRS.

THE MONEY-PANIC-"RUN" ON THE BANKS -Suspension of "Specia" Payments.—The money panic is now at its height-at least we hope so. "Hard times" are upon us in earnest, and yet, it is to be feared, we have not Friday, and their suspension of "specie" payments, has the effect of causing a tremendous rush on our Banks. East King street, that is the first square, (East King is the Wall street of Lancaster,) was filled, on Safurday morning, with an anxious crowd long while before the Banks opened, and when the opening hour did arrive there was a perfect 'pell mell" rush into the banking rooms. The excitement was most intense, however. in the immediate vicinity of the Farmers' Bank, there being, comparatively, but a little crowd in front of the Laucaster County Bank. The Cashiers, Tellers, &c., politely informed the gentlemen with their "fives," "tens," "twenties," and even "fifties" and "hundreds," that "specie" payment had been suspended, and. was no use "knocking at the door."-This was a sore blow to the hundreds of country people who had come to town that morning for marketing business generally, but for a "run" on the Banks especially. | and we believe that all will get safely through this severy Some of them took the matter good-naturedly enough, but others, again, were as "cross as a bear with a sore head." For an hour or two the excitement was up to "fever heat," but by noon everything was "calm as a summer's morn." Some persons in this city are in favor of the re-issuing of 'shin plasters." This is the sheerest nonsense. There is plenty of "specie" locked up in the country which must ow find its way into general use. We are decidedly opposed to having our pockets crammed full of such stuff, the whole, perhaps, hardly amounting to a dollar. Rash measures will not do. The people must meet the "crisis" calmly and dispassionately. Good results may yet spring out of the "storm" which is now sweeping like a whirlwind

GYGER'S NEW BUILDING .- The iron front of Gyger & Co.'s new Banking House, in East King street, was put up last week. It is elegant and massive and is, without doubt, the handsomest in the city. The building is rapidly approaching completion.

FRANK STOUCH .- Prof. Frank Stouch will re-open his Dancing Academy, at Fulton Hall, on Monday next, as will be seen by reference to his card in another column. This will be good news to Frank's nun friends, who are fond of enjoying themselves in the "misty nazes of the dance."

DEMOCRATIC MASS MEETING .- One of the largest and most enthusiastic Democratic meetings ever held in this county took place at the public house of John F. Keihl, in Fairville, on Saturday evening last. The following persons were elected officers of the meeting:—

President—Christian Showalter. Vice Presidents—Joseph Kuser, R. K. Snyder, Joseph Newpher. Secretary-Solomon Mosner. The meeting was then addressed by W. Seeger Darrow, Samuel Hull, Jacob B. Amwake, Esq., Col. William Patton and John W. Merkley, Esq.

THE AGRICULTURAL EXHIBITION. - We paid visit the other day to the Fair Grounds, and found matters beginning to assume the shape of a real agricultural exhibition. The grounds are enclosed with a substantial oard fence. On Wednesday last a pole, over sixty feet in length, was erected from the top of which floats a large The race track is 30 feet wide and fully half a mile long. A few of our fast trotting nags' powers have already been put to the test upon it, and it has proved quite satisfactory. Around the northern and eastern sides of the enclosure some 300 stalls for cattle have been put up. The buildings for the display of agricultural implements, fancy articles, fruit, &c , are now being erected. They will be ten in number. The grounds are situated in the extreme northern part of the city, and the principal entrances will North Prince street and the Plank Road. The General Superintendent, Mr. Spangler, is present all the time, giving his personal supervision to everything con-

sected with the grounds. We have been informed that a large number of entries have already been made of different kinds of articles, and every day fresh entries are being recorded. We are certain that this Fair will be an honor to Lancaster county. There can be no question about it if our citizens manifest half as much interest as the officers and managers of the Agricultural Society. Lancaster, the "garden spot of Pennsylvania," ought not to be behind her sister counties in this spect, but, rather, far ahead. The Fair commences on Wednesday the 14th of October, and will continue through out the week.

THE HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY .- The Lancaster City and County Horticultural Society has been not full much short of \$125,000-about \$50,000 of which permanently organized by the election of the following gentlemen as officers, who will serve for the ensuing year:

gentlemen as officers, who will serve for the ensuing year:

President—Dn. H. E. MURLENBERG.

President—Dn. H. E. MURLENBERG.

Vice Presidents—Hon. John Zimmerman, Casper Hillar,
John Miller, Jacob B. Garber.

Corresponding Severtary—John J. Libhart.

Recording Severtary—C. H. Lefevre.

Trasurer—Cyrus N. Herr.

Librarian—Frederick Cooper.

Board of Managers—Hon. John Strohm, Jacob Frantz,
Thos. H. Burrowes, Esq. James Black, Esq., D. G. Eshle
man, Esq., Newton Lightner, Esa, Benjamin Horr, Esq., J.
Hartman Hershey, Harvey Bracitolli, Lovi S. Reist, Esq.,
John B. Warfel, Esq., J. K. Hoffer, Louis G. Lyte, John M.
Summy, C. B. Herr, Henry G. Horr, John Bardy, fr., Aldus
J. Groft, Dr. Samuel Parker, John G. Horrard, Jacob
M. Mehafly, C. H. Lefavre, Daniel Filer, (Pequen, Jacob
N. Miller, Dr. W. A. Shelly, Dr. P. Berr, (Pequen, Jacob
N. Miller, Dr. W. A. Shelly, Dr. P. Wellinger, Dr. J. H.
Kutte, Dr. Thos, Ellmaker, Dr. S. Wellinger, Dr. J. H.
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Kutte, Dr. Thos, Ellmaker, Dr. S. Wellinger, Dr. J. H.
Kutte, Dr. H. Stauffer, Eller, Meders, S. Albert K.
Warfel, F. W. Beates, John Musser, Br. Gen Br. Greberter, Montheller, Br. Lander, Edward, M.
Wellinger, M. L. Lecher, Benjamin F. Rowe, Frederick Cooper,

William S. Hough, F. H. Stauffer A TRIO OF BEAUTIES!-Brothers Goodall of the Daily Times, and Whitman of the Harrisburg Herald, the world. He was on his way to Kansas. are still contending about our beauty! O! gentlemen, we beg of you to desist. For the sake of "suffering humanity" do! Because you happened to be born "good looking" it does not, by any means, follow that we were, or that we should be placed in your galaxy of beauties! However, if you will only quit writing about it, we will "own up" that we are good looking. The following is a trio of handsom. young men, whom any Photographist might be proud to have in a conspicuous place in his Gallery. What says our friend Johnston? Here they are: Whitman of the Herald, Goodall of the Times, and—somebody else. Modesty orbids us to say who the latter individual is!

FINE AMBROTYPES.—Passing along North queen street, the other day, we noticed in the case, in front f Dellinger's Daguerrian Gallery, a large ambrotype view f the meeting of citizens held in Centre Square on the 4th of July last. The view is a most capital one—the officers, rator and reporters, on the principal stand, being easily recognized. Prominent on the other stand are the Cont nentals who, it will be remembered, assisted the National Choir in the exercises of that morning. The other is a view of the Keystone Cricket Club of this

city. The countenances of all the members are easily ecognized at a glance. These pictures are really well exeuted, and reflect the highest credit on Mr. Dellinger.

AWARDING THE PRIZES .- The German Rifle Society concluded their celebration on Tuesday, on their grounds, by a competition for the various prizes. The ontest was quite spirited, and drew together a large numper of persons. There were three targets, A, B and C, at which the firing was confined. The firing continued from 10 o'clock a. m. until 5 o'clock p. m. The first prize was carried away by Christian Banchhardt, of Baltimore: the second by A. F. Hoffman, of this city; and the third by J. C. Myer, of Baltimore. The other prizes, five in number were won respectively by the following persons: Messrs. chmidt, Kalk and Schmidt of Philadelphia, Myers of Lancaster, and Dietrich of Baltimore. The persons particl pating had a merry time. The visitors left for their homes on Wednesday, delighted with the cordiality with which they were entortained by their Lancaster brethren.

Robbery .- On Monday last, the stable of ess stolen. The thief offered it for sale at the Franklin House, and afterwards at Mr. Rumple's hardware store, ext door to Mr. Wilson's dwelling, but at both places the very low prices asked excited suspicion that the harnes was stolen, and it was refused. It was finally disposed of to Mesers, Brandt and Vogel. Mr. Wilson, learning the circumstances of the harness being offered for sale, made farther inquiries and recovered it, but the thief cluded Constable Hollingsworth's search. He is known to be an old offender, Samuel Stoutzenberger, recently discharged from jail, where he had served his time on a sentence for firing hay in Marietta.—Columbia Spy.

TURNPIKE ELECTION .- At an election at the ranklin House, Columbia, on the 17th inst., the following gentlemen were elected officers of the Columbia and Wash ngton Turnpike Road Company: President-George G Brush. Managers-Abraham Bruner, Isaac Pusey, George Soyle, Joseph Schoch, Isaac Hinkle, Jacob B. Shuman.

NEW POST OFFICE. -- A new Post Office has been established on the route from Oxford to Pleasant Grove, in this county, at the village of New Texas, ih Fulton township, to be called "Lyle's," and Amo Lyle, Esq., appointed P. M. It will be regularly supplied with tri-weekly mails.

To Consumptives .- Dr. Geo. II. Keyser, of 140 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa., prepares a Medicine for Coughs and Lung Diseases that stands without a rival. It would be well for Consumptive persons to remember this and upon the first approach of a Cough or Cold apply this remedy, which we are assured, from good authority, has cured a great variety of Lung Diseases. You can buy it a Heinlish's Drug Store, 13 East King street.

Canal Corruption.

The Republican papers in this region are publishing a statement that it was proved before a legislative committee that Col. PIOLETT had acted corruptly while Superintendent of the North Branch Canal, and that Gen. PACKER, as Canal Commissioner, had refused to remove him. The charge is not true; but if true,

Judge Wilhor was concerned, for he was then Col. Piolett's clerk! From 1839 to 1842. Wilmot received two dollars a day as clerk to the Superintendent of the North Branch Canal, yet we hear the opposition talk about "State robbers," as though they all belonged to the Democratic party. There has scarcely been a year of David Wilmot's manhood during which he has not been a pensioner on the publie erib .- Lock Haven Register.

Failures in all the large cities continue climated. Winter's cold has no effect on it, try has in a great measure escaped.

ST. LOUIS CORRESPONDENCE. Tight Money Market—Depression of Business—Des Fires—Heavy Robberies—A Murderer Convicted a

The past week has been delightfully pleasant, and we have had several refreshing showers. In a business poin of view, everything is dull and depressed. Money continnes scarce and difficult to obtain, and we can report very little amelioration in the stringency of the market since our last. The discounting institutions through prudential morives, have continued to contract their line of discounts and have been enabled to supply only a very small portion of the demand made upon them. The receipts of money from the country, though increasing, has not been sufficient to afford much relief. Business men have been there fore compelled to rely mainly upon their own resources, and the mutual assistance of each other to raise means to meet their maturing obligations. Thus far, very few of pressure, which has been so unexpectedly brought about. Money from the country will undoubtedly continue to in crease, as the fall trade has fairly opened, though many of the country merchants will probably defer their visit:to the city until toward the close of the month, that they may predict the pressure in the money market will be greatly, i not entirely relieved Money matters are tighter now than they have been in

this city for fifteen years, and the consequence is all departments of trade are dull. There have been many rumors of failures and suspensions in this city, but we have to report that there have been but one failure and two sususions, and one of the latter has again resumed, with fair prospects of the other shortly commencing. The fact our bankers will not buy currency, while our merchants and dealers are obliged to take it in payment for their goods, and when a note falls due-owing to the extreme scarcity of specie funds-the drawer is unable to raise the gold and silver, and the holder refusing to accept currency, because his banker will not buy it from him, makes thing a great deal worse than they otherwise would b heard of a firm paying 71/2 per cent, a month on a loan of a few thousand dolla. -, and another as high as 10 per cent., and money is really scarce at 4, 5, 6 and 7 per cent, per mouth-in fact it would be folly for us to attempt to quot the money market in the present state of affairs-when those who have it have the conscience to demand four times any shave to save themselves and keep affoat. We think in unother week or ten days money matters will be easier and those who can weather the storm that long, need have no apprehension thereafter; but until then, we will not say what moment some one or other may go under.

The steamboat owners of our city some time since passed a resolution that after the 1st inst., they would receive nothing but specie funds for frieght; but owing to the stringency of the money market, they very properly recedthe merchants and dealers do for their goods.

The scarcity of money has a very depressing influence upon our produce market, and has largely curtailed busi less and reduced prices. With small supplies of Wheat the market may be quoted a little better-sales at 70c to \$1 1214; Corn dull at 48 and 50c: Oats steady at 34 to 38c4 Rye 80 to 90c; Whiskey 1812 to 19c; Hay \$1 20 per 100 ths. The receipts of Corn at this port since the 1st of January, 1857 to the 17th of September, were 1,160,296 sacks, against 395,148 same time last year-showing an increase of 774, 148 sacks.

difficult to navigate. Our city is now regarded quite healthy there were but 114 deaths in the past week, out of a popu lation of 130,000 souls.

The wholesale fancy and notion store of Messis. Lack man & Busch, on Main street, was discovered to be on tire on Monday afternoon last, and before the flames could he stayed the two upper floors were burned out. The stock of goods was valued at \$50,000, a great portion of which was saved. The goods were insured for \$35,000, and the loss was fully covered. Another fire on Wednesday afternoon, which broke out in a carpenter's shop on 11th street, south of Market, con

sumed the whole block fronting on 11th and Market, and a large and well filled lumber yard in the rear. The wind was very high at the time, and the flames crossed Market street, and spread rapidly through another lumber yard.-The principal sufferers were Messrs, Wright & Co., U. Raub. Wm. Morrison and James Vinden. The entire loss will was covered with insurance. There were between 2.000 000 and \$,000,000 fact of lumber destroyed. Another on Friday night, in a building on Fourth street in the rear of Broadway, and adjoining the store of Mr.

Geo. Fahnestock. Loss about \$8,000. Quito a destructive fire occurred in Keokuk, lowa, on the 11th inst., destroying property amounting in value to o Temple, dry goods merch ints; Marcourt & Page, wholesale grocors; Dustin, Morrison, McLearning, and Huskamp. Messrs. Marcourt & Page lost \$15,000, and were insured fo \$12,000.

At the fire on Wednesday afternoon and night, a Mr. Hughes, a stranger, was robbed of a pocket book contain ing \$300, and a Mr. Morton, of Pennsylvania, was relieved Mr. E. W. Brocks, of Ohio, was robbed a few days since

on the steamer Oglesby, of \$2,448. Mr. B. had only drawn the money a few hours previous to the robbery. His state room was entered and the lock of the trunk was forced. No clue to the thief. The money stolen was the proceeds of the sale of a farm and stock, and was all he possessed in

been arrested on a warrant from the U. S. States Commissioner, for procuring letters from the Post Office belonging to some one else. He is also charged with forging land warrants. No examination has yet been had.

It seems that the mail of the 8th lust., destined for St. Louis, from the Rast, was destroyed by fire. The following ing letter has been received by the Postmaster:

Columbus, O., September 10, 1957 Columnus, O., September Postmaster, St. Louis—Sin: The mail from Washington and Baltimore to St. Louis, of the was almost entirely consumed by fire last a cars, the fragments I have forwarded to you.

Respectfully, W. S. V. PRENTISS, Special Agent. A man by the name of Wm. C. Blake, an engineer b ofession, attempted suicide at the National Hotel the other night, by first cutting his throat in a most shocking manner with a small pen-knife, and afterwards jumping out of the third-story window, and strange to relate, he re ceived no other injury from the fall, than a sprained units He was conveyed to the City Hospital. delirium tremens, he attempted to take his own life. It is thought he will recover. Sharpe, who was on trial for the past week, for the

murder of Dr. Cleveland, has been acquitted. Korre, for the murder of Jacoby, was found guilty of murder in the first degree. The office of the American Express Co., at Madison, Wls. was recently robbed of \$15,000 in gold and silver. The thief or this vos went into the sleeping room of the agent took the keys from his pocket and accomplished the rob

There has been quite an exciting time in Nebraska caused by a desperate encounter between fugitive slaves and white men. The negroes, three in number, were over taken in their escape by Messrs. Davis, Clark and Hanly, of Nebraska, and Mr. Myers, of Missouri. The negroe turned upon them and commenced firing, and killed Mr.
Myers on the spot. Davis shot one of the negroes in the arm, and he run to the river and leaped in, who was closely pursued by Davis, and after a desperate struggle in the water, the negro surrendered; the other two negroes ran to where their pursuers had fastened their horses, cut them loose, mounted, rode them under full speed through ir. Hiram Wilson was entered, and a valuable set of har the timber, when they were shortly lost sight of. Some forty or fifty persons started in pursuit. A report has been circulated hero, that the notoriou

Jim Lane, of Kansas, was killed in a fight at Lawrence .-This is another "roorback" from the "shriekers" to eminates from Kansas through the Black Republican prints —lies most foul, murders never heard of, and roorbacks most damning, will be daily sent into Pennsylvania up to the hour of election. These shrieks from Kaneas are the only capital your Black Republican party have to work upon. The shrickers here are giving up in despair. Ex-Governor Stevens has been elected Delegate to Con-

gress from Washington Territory by a handsome majority. The Old Soldiers of Missouri-the survivors of 1812-ar meet at Marshall, Saline county, on the 22d inst., to consider measures in which they are interested. Mr. John F. Shroder and lady, and Miss Haines, passed

Mr. Michael Zahm, of your city, who has been traveling for the past two months through Iowa, Kansas, and Ne brasks, arrrived in this city on Saturday last, looking unusually well. Mr. Zahm is direct from Kansas, and reports everything in the Territory as quiet as it is here, and emphatically pronounced one and all of the highly olored, exciting statements, as furnished to the northern press by Black Republican correspondents, as "hugh roor backs"-miserable attempts to deceive and humbug the people of the free States.

We cannot conceive what the opponents of D expect to gain by circulating false reports and false state nents in regard to the people of Kansas. Do they really suppose that the citizens of Kausas are not capable of governing themselves, and that these appeals to the sympa-thies of the northern people, will better their condition The real people of Kansas would take it as an insult to be hus degraded, and placed upon a level with the Indianthe wild savage of the forest-and they do not thank the Black Republican correspondents, who are sent there by the party-not as residents, but as agitators of the peace and quiet of their new homes-for telling to the world that they are not capable of governing themselves. just as intelligent people in Kansas as there are to be found in any of the old States, and nine-tenths of them are not aware of the pitiable situation they are placed in by these Black Republican scribblers, for among that number, probably, a northern paper is never seen, and consequently they know nothing of the degrading condition they are repreesented as being placed in.

What do the Blacks expect to accomplish in Pennsylva-

nia; they are certainly not so ignorant as to believe that the Democracy desire to have slavery again in Pennsylvania. If not, why this everlasting harping upon the negro-question—it is first Kansas! Kansas!! Kansas!! then Nigger! Nigger!! Nigger!!! next Slavery! Slavery!! Slaorv!!! It is Missouri, Virginia, Maryland, &c., &c. they want to see made free States. Suppose we do strike . out the slavery clause from our Constitution, do the people the Black Republicans of Pennsylvania, suppose that we would tolerate the negroes thereafter to infest, our State No, sir, when we strike out that clause, we wipe from the soil of our State the entire negro race-we strike that clause to get rid of them, not to extend more privileges.— Are the people of Pennsylvania prepared to receive, feed