NIMROD STRICKLAND, Chester County. FOR JUDGES OF SUPREME COURT. WILLIAM STRONG, Borks County. JAMES THOMPSON, Eric County.

The Convention -- The Nominations. In another part of to-day's paper will be found the proceedings of the Democratic State Convention, held at Harrisburg on Tuesday last. The nominations are capital ones, eminently fit to be made. Messrs. Strong and THOMPSON have long been known to the people of Pennsylvania as among her ablest lawyers, and most estimable citizens. One of them-Judge Thompson-for several years occupied the position of President Judge of the Courts of Erie and Crawford counties, and gained for himself a high reputation for ability and integrity of character. Both have served together in Congress, and were prominent and influential members in that body.

Mr. Strong comes from the "old Gibralter' of Democracy, and his nomination was justly due to the sound constitutional Democracy of Berks. She will attest the appreciation of the honor conferred upon her by giving her "favorite son," and the balance of the ticket. a majority of not less than 7,000 in October.

Judge Thompson is a strong man in the West. His nomination has given satisfaction to all. Clarion, Westmoreland, Cambria and the other pillars of the Democratic column in that portion of the State will give a good account of themselves next fall.

The resolutions are ably drawn, and breathe the true Democratic spirit. We were glad to see one passed denouncing the iniquitous bill for the sale of the public works. This is a and reflect credit upon the positions for which true reflex of public sentiment, and a marked rebuke to the insolent dictation of the Pennsulvanian in the issue of the day previous.

Democrats of Pennsylvania, your ticket is now complete. Get ready for action. Action, action, action is the word. Let us go boldly forward, and meet the monster Black Republicanism and the interests of an over-grown monopoly in their filthy dens, and crush them out forever. We have the power in our hands. Let us see to it that our energies are not wasted by supineness. PACKER and Repeal will be inscribed on our banners, and with this motto we will go forward to a certain and glorious

Reflecting Public Opinion.

The resolutions unanimously passed by the Democratic State Convention in opposition to the increase of Banks, and the bill for the Francisco and San Diego, with Mr. James E. Birch, at the rate of \$150,000 per annum; sale of the Main Line to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, by the last Legislature, will meet with a hearty response from a vast majority of the people, of all parties, in this section of the Commonwealth. The action of rence, Kansas, utters a scathing rebuke to the the Convention in this matter was but the Black Republican papers and croakers who reflex of public opinion. The last Legislature | are constantly proclaiming Kansas will be a (we mean a majority of those composing it) slave State. We extract the following from was, beyond all question or doubt, the most the Herald, which by the way, is the organ reckless and corrupt body of men who were of the Free State men of Kansas: ever sent to Harrisburg to enact laws. They went there, not to benefit their constituents, or subserve the interests of the State, but to enrich themselves by bribery and corruption, it a slave State. If Kansas is not a slave and fill their pockets with their ill-gotten gains | State it will not be the fault of demagogues at the expense of the honest and industrious throughout the North, who, we honestly betax-payers of Pennsylvania.

We are aware that these are hard sayings, and we make them more in sorrow than in State! Nineteen twentieths of the population anger. It is no pleasant task thus to speak of the Territory, at the present rate of increase of the representatives of the people; but when rascality and corruption stalk forth in broad day-light in the high places of the Com- Kansas, those who have borne the fight in permonwealth-when the people are thus wantonly and wickedly outraged and cheatedthe hitherto fair escutcheon of our good old State besmeared and soiled, and her character tarnished_it is time for the press to speak out in plain and pointed terms. There should be no mincing of matters with scoundrelism, whether it developes itself among bank robbers. gamblers, or legislative robbers.-Neither are a whit better than highwaymenindeed, if there be any difference, the latter class is the more respectable of the four

We are therefore rejoiced that the State Convention took the decided stand it did on the subject. That body has truly spoken the sentiments of the people, and the position will be triumphantly sustained by the popular the Zimmerman Bank at Elgin, and left a forvoice speaking through the ballot-boxes on the tune of some \$5,000,000. Very few such large second Tuesday of October. Had the Con- fortunes are made honorably, and the commit vention failed in discharging their duty in this tee's investigations show that this large estate particular, they would have been recreant to has not been accumulated without departing the high trust confided to them by the people from the golden rule.

Gen. William Walker.

This much abused and somewhat celebrated eight hogsheads of sugar and four hundred man is now in Washington City. His recep- and fifty barrels of molasses were destroyed tion at different points has been peculiarly on Thursday last in Brooklyn, by the burngratifying to all the friends of the Nicaraguan | ing of the storehouse of George W. Baxter. cause. At New Orleans he was requested to | The fire originated by sparks from a laborer's address the citizens, and the request was pipe falling upon a bundle of hay. complied with. An audience of thousands was convened, and the General in an able and eloquent manner pourtrayed his triumphs and Assembly closed its session at Cleveland is a just one in the eyes of many of his coun- the Slavery question, which ended by a protest trymen, and his self-sacrificing spirit is worthy from the representatives of the Southern the most remarkable men of the age. Ten | It will again meet at Chicago, May 20, 1858. years ago he was engaged as a reporter on one of the New Orleans daily papers. Afterwards he practised law at San Francisco, and Lexington, June 1, and will meet at New at the present time occupies a most conspicuous space in the public eye. He has talents sufficient to adorn any station, and, if we do not mistake the "signs of the times." his fondest wishes for Nicaraguan independence will yet be realized.

The delegates from Lancaster county in the State Convention were Messrs. William Patton, George G. Brush, B. M. Stauffer, Joel L. Lightner, Isaac E. Hiester and H. B. Swarr—the two latter gentlemen substituted for Messrs. T. S. McIlvain and Jacob F Kautz who were not in attendance.

Mr. Patton was on the Committee on resolutions, and Mr. HIESTER on the Committee to inform Messrs. Strong and Thompson of their nomination.

The "Southern Monitor."

This is the title of a new candidate for

public favor, devoted to Southern interests, just established, at Philadelphia, by J. B. JONES, formerly editor of the Washington Madisonian. The first number gives promise that the paper will be conducted with ability and spirit, and our Southern friends will have a faithful guardian of their rights—which, by the way, are the rights of the Constitutionat the North. The paper is printed in folio form, presents a neat typographical appear-

The Secretary of War has ordered twenty-five hundred men to march for Utah, and will send three or four hundred more. It is said that Col. Cummings will be the

the Constitution.

ance, and commends itself not only to South

ern support, but to that of all true lovers of

The Injunction. In the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, on the 6th inst., application was made by the Board of Canal Commissioners for a prelimin-ary injunction to restrain the Pennsylvania laid before the Convention the call of the State Central Railroad Company from purchashing the Main Line of the Public Works of the State, and the Court appointed the 12th inst., for the hearing of the motion, at Harrisburg. At the request of the Counsel concerned for the Railroad Company, the time for hearing was

illiam M. Meredith, counsel for com-

plainants, have leave to move the Court in

bane at Harrisburg, on the 12th of June inst., at 9 o'clock, A. M., for a preliminary

injunction, according to the prayer of the bill,

notice of motion to be given to the defendants.

Messrs. Strong and Thompson.

The nominations of Messrs.Strong and

Thompson as candidates for Supreme Judges

by the State Convention, are received by our

political friends throughout the State with the

liveliest satisfaction. Their election in October

next may be regarded as a foregone conclusion.

"The nominees already enjoy an enviable

reputation for their ability and statesmanship,

and both have served with peculiar accepta-

bility in the national legislature. They have

long held a commanding position at the bar in

their unquestioned talent, purity of character,

and high moral worth will add to the already

high repute and the confidence with which the

regarded by all classes of our people. Wholly

nexceptionable, and worthy in all that per-

the esteem of all in a marked degree for their

legal learning, and occupying a broadly national position in all their political action,

both at home and in the national legislature.

they will worthily reflect the sentiments of

From Washington -- Utah Affairs.

The arrival of Hon. Philip Frank Thomas.

who has been designated for the Governorship,

In the event of his non-acceptance, the in-

dications are that Col. Cummings, who having

It is not improbable that an entirely new

be received from those to whom these appoint-

The Postmaster General has concluded a

contract for carrying the mails between San

The Herald of Freedom, published at Law-

THE CROAKING POLICY .- Eastern journals

continue to predict that Kansas will be a slave

State, evidently with the intention of preven-

ting immigration to the Territory and making

lieve, desire it to be made such that their pre-

dictions may be verified. We say again and

from the North, are, or soon will be, in favor

of freedom, and will never consent to be en-

slaved. It is an outrage upon the people of

son in the past, to be thus misrepresented in

the East, and through political journals.

Travel over the entire length and breadth of

Kansas, and it is almost impossible to find a man of either party so lost to truth as to

express a doubt as to the ultimate result.

travel to Utah, with the military forces.

once declined, is now an applicant, will be

occupied the attention of the Cabinet.

they have been selected."

is daily expected

semi-weekly service.

The Philadelphia Argus says:

the 6th instant:

Canal Commissioners

The Penn. Central R. R.

Company, et. al.

ings of the Convention, together with the action of the State Central Committee; which motion was agreed to The list of delegates to the Convention was then read by the Secretary and a number of substitutions made for a changed until the 16th inst., (to-day.) The sent members. following is the order of the Court made on Henry S. Mott et. al.

There appearing to be a contest between Charles Wor rell, and Wm. A. Porter for the seat of senatorial delegate from the city of Philadelphia,

Mr. Huey moved to refer the contest to the delegates In the Supreme

the Supreme Court; which were read.

from the city and county of Philakelphia for their deter-Court. In Equity. Middle District. Mr. Scott moved that the motion be amended by allow-And now, Jane 6th, 1857, on reading the bill of complaint, &c., and on motion of W. L. Hirst, James H. Walton, C. R. Buckalew

ing each of the contestants fifteen minutes to state his case to the Convention; which was agreed to. General Wilson moved that Mr. Worrell be first heard which was not agreed to.

Mr. Wvant moved that Mr. Porter be admitted to a Seat Mr. McKinney moved to amend by substituting the

name of Charles Worrell, which was not agreed to, year Mr. Porter was then admitted to a seat. Mr. H. B. Wright moved that the Convention now proceed to the nomination of candidates for Judges of the

Supreme Court, which motion was agreed to Nominations were then made as follows, viz:

Mr. Webster nominated
Werge Sharswood, Phila.
William William
William William
William William William
William William
William Sharswood, Phila.
William William William
William Sharswood, Philadelphis,
William Sharswood, William Sharswood, William
William Sharswood, William
William William Sharswood, William
William Sharswood, William
William Sharswood, William
William Sharswood, Philadelphia
Clover
J. S. Micalmont, Clarim.
Bucher
William Sharswood, Philadelphia
Commotion the nominations were closed. Nominations were then made as follows, viz:

On motion the nominations were closed. Mr. Wright moved that the Convention proceed to baltheir respective districts and in the State, and lot for candidates and that each delegate vote for two can didates until one is nominated. Mr. Searight moved to amend the motion by providing supreme judicial tribunal of the States is that the Convention vote for one candidate from the East and one from the West until two candidates be nominated

which was not agreed to. The motion of Mr. Wright was then agreed to tains to their duties as citizens, enjoying Mr. Buckalew moved that the balloting be deferred unti the afternoon session which was agreed to. Mr. Cessna moved that the Committee on resolution the second of March last, be continued, the chair supplying all vacancies, and that all resolutions introduced be referred to the Committee, without discussion.

the gallant democracy of the old Keystone, Mr. Wright moved that the committee be enlarged to the number of thirteen, which was accepted as a modification of his motion by Mr. Cessna. Whallon moved to amend by enlarging the commit Mr. Whallon moved to amend by enlarging the committee to thirty-three, one from each Senatorial district, which was not agreed to.

In behalf of the dead I have to testify that Washington, June 12 .- Utah affairs to day

The original motion was then adopted The Convention then ajourned until 21% o'clock in the

AFTERNOON SESSION The Convention re-assembled at 2½0'clock P. M. The Chairman announced the following committee

Messrs. Cessna, Buckalow, Bonsall, Irwin, Patton, Alricks, Dellinger, Brawley, Searight, Weidman, Eldred Cooper and Porter. set of officers in the Territory, will be sent, the Surveyor General included; the three Mr. John W. Maynard withdrew his name as a candidat for Judge of the Supreme Court. The nomination had been made in his absence and without his approbation. Judges will be appointed from the West and Northwest, and the Marshal from Mississippi. Several days will elapse before answers will Mr. Clover withdrew the name of John S. M'Calmont The Convention then proceeded to vote for candidates ments are tendered. The corps of officers will Judges of the Supreme Court as follows:

FIRST BALLOT.
Geo. Sharswood, Philadelphia,
Wm. Strong, Berks, 63
James Thompson, Erie
Wm. A. Stokes, Allegheny, 28
Hopewell Hepburn, do 20
Samuel Hepburn, Comberland
P. C. Shannon, Allegheny,
Thomas S. Bell, Chester,
Abraham S. Wilson, 10
Gaylord Church, 6
Joshua Howell
Chas. W. Hegins, Schuylkill,
Joel Jones, Philadelphia, 2
The whole number of votes cast were 131; necessary for
a choice 66. There was no nomination.
The names of Messrs. Samuel Hepburn, Hegins, Howell,
and Jones were withdrawn.
SECOND BALLOT.

	CECCIO BILLEGII	
	Strong,	75
	Sharswood,	56
	Thompson,	
	Stokes,	29
	Hepburn,	
	Shannon,	
	Bell,	
	Wilson,	9
	Church,	4
	Necessary to a choice 65.	
	Hon. Wm. Strong, of Berks county, having receive	d 7
٦	votes, was then declared nominated unanimously.	
	The name of Mr Church was withdrawn	

CHAISWOO						
Thompson	1,				<i></i>	
Stokes,						
Hepburn,						
Shannon,						
Bell,						
Wilson			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Necessary	to a ch	oice 66	—no n	ominat	ion.	
		FOUR	TH BAL	LOT.		
Sharswoo	1					
Thompson						
Stokes,						

express a doubt as to the ultimate result.	71 11304) 1			
express a doubt as to the ditimate result.	Necessary to a choice 65. No nomination. The name			
	of Mr. Shannon was withdrawn.			
Bribery and Corruption in Canada.—	FIFTH BALLOT.			
The Bathurst Courier, of Perth, C. W., says:	Sharswood, 24 Bell, 4			
The Corruption Committee of the House of	Stokes, 22			
Assembly are making some extraordinary dis-	Thompson,			
closures in reference to the Southern railroad.	Mr. Bell was withdrawn.			
Wholesale bribery and corruption are being	SIXTH BALLOT.			
brought to light, in which the late S. Zimmer-				
man, Isaac Buchanan, Sir A. McNab, Receiver				
brought to light, in which the late S. Zimmer-	SIXTH BALLOT. 24 Sharswood, 48 Thompson, 48 Hepburn, 39			

man, Isaac Buchanan, Sir A. McNab, Receiver General Morrison, Mr. Rankin, and J. G. Vansittart, are implicated. Thousands of pounds Necessary to a choice 65. No nomination. The name of Mr. Stokes was withdrawn. bribes are said to have been received by them. The Mr. Zimmerman alluded to lost his life some six weeks stace. He was proprietor of sary to a choice 65-no nomination EIGHTH BALLOT.

Necessary to a cohice 66—no nomination. Whole number of votes cast 128; necessary to a choi One thousand nine hundred and fifty

EVENING SESSION:

tion in the National Cabinet.

Resolved, That we fully approve of the policy of the National administration, as thus far exhibited, and have undiminished confidence in its distinguished head, and in those associated with him in the conduct of public affairs.

w.

Resolved, That in the opinion of this Convention the

last Legislature, whose general course was so repugnant to the feelings, policy and principles of the Democratic party, that it cannot be held responsible for any of its acts, dem onstrated in its especial manner, its total want of respect

for the right of the people to demand from their govern-ment a safe and sound currency, by the enormous, indis-criminate and unnecessary increase of the banking capital of the State.

Resolved, That, the passage of the act of the last Legis-

a sale of works which cost the State nearly twenty

Mr. Yeager moved that the resolutions as reported b

n the National Cabinet

Hon. James Thompson, of Erie county, was declare Mr. Brawley moved that when the Conventian adjour t will adjourn until 71/2 o'clock this evening. Mr. Wright moved to amend by adjourning without day:

The motion of Mr. Brawley was adopted and the Conver The Presbyterian (N. S.) General The Convention met at 7½ o'clock.

Mr. Wilson moved that a committee of three be appoint vicissitudes in ill-fated Nicaragua. His cause June 3, alter a warm and exciting debate on ed to inform Mr. Strong and Mr. Thompson of their nom of commendation. Gen. WALKER is one of churches, and the likelihood of a separation. The motion was agreed to, and the chairman appointed Messrs. Wilson, Schnabel and Isaac E. Hiester said com The Presbyterian (O.S) General Assembly Mr. Cessna, Chairman of the Committee on Resolutions, Mr. Cessna, Chairman of the Committee on Resolutions, reported the following:

Resolved, That the Judicial character of Peunsylvania has derived additional lustro from the eminent abilities and learning of Judges Lewis and Elack, whose successors we have this day nominated. That the one who retires to private life carries with him the respect and esteem, both of the profession with which his duties associated him and of the people whom he served, and while we did recret to lose the other from the Bench, we express our gratification that his eminent abilities have been brought into requisition in the National Cabinet. closed its session in peace and harmony, at

Orleans, May 28, 1858. CINCINNATI, June 13 .- This morning as four U. S. Deputy Marshals were arresting a fugitive slave and his wife, the slave stabbed Mr. J. C. Elliott, one of the Deputies, with a long sword knife, upon which another Deputy Marshal snot the slave in the abdomen four times. The negroes were then taken into custody. The Marshals wounds are of a dangerous character. The negroe's are thought to be mortal. The affray occurred in a room on Vine street, near the Post office, where the

negroes were secreted. St. Louis, June 15 .- Sir George Gore and uite returned here yesterday, after three days' absence, on a hunting expediton to the head waters of the Missouri. He reports that the country was never in a worse condition respect-

ing the Indians.

The Santee and Sioux tribes were commit ting atrocities against the whites, and since the removal of the troops from Forts Randall and Lookout, the Indians in the neighborhood had assumed a hostile attitude. A party of United States troops had march ed out against the Santees.

Rev. Bishop Ames, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, has purchased the Episcopal Church, has purchased the Episcopal Church and the purchased the Episcopal Church and the principles of sound legislation. That whilst in name it purports to be copal church edifice, in Indianapolis, and presented it to the South street mission of that city. Bishop Ames resides in Indianapolis, and is a gentleman of large wealth.

a sale of works which cost the State nearly twenty millions of dollars, it is intended to be, in resility, a gift of those works to a corporation: that in permitting the abandonment of a large portion of said works there is a great sacrifice of the interests of the people, especially of those in the western part of the State; that the bill contains none of those safeguards for the future management of the line proposed to be consolidated which are required for the protection of the trade and commerce of the State; and in the entire exemption and release of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company from all taxation upon its capital stock, business and property forever, is established a dangerous precedent of doubtful constitutionality, and an odious distinction between a powerful corporation and the tax-paying citizens of the State. SANTA ANNA TURNED UP !-- the Ex-Dictator of Mexico from his exile in Carthagena, has pronuniamentoed against the Comonfort administration, the new constitution, the laws affecting the property and privileges of the &c., and asserts that there must be clergy, &c., and asserts that there must be Mr. Yeager moved that the resolutions another revolution, though half of the Terridadopted, which was agreed to unanimously. tory of the Republic should have to be sold to supply the sinews of war!

the bill passed by the last Legislature, for the sale of the Main Line of the Public Works, because of chiestorable The members composing the Democratic State Conver tion, met in the Hall of the House of Representatives on tion of hostility to the policy of a sale upon any terms. Mr. Cessua called attention to the fact that a resolution Tuesday the 9th day of June and were called to order at

had been adopted at the morning session requiring that all resolutions should be referred to the committee on res re-assembling the Convention, and the letter olutions without debate. from Judge Lewis declining the nomination for Judge of Mr. Porter addressed the convention, declaring that is aught was added to the resolutions from the committee, a Mr. Wright moved that the declination of Judge Lewis unanimously adopted, it must be something much stronger be accepted and his letter be published with the proceed

> Mr. Wright expressed his gratification at the wording of Mr. Scott moved that the resolution be referred to th mmittee with instructions to report forthwith. Mr. McManus moved that the motion and the resolu e indefinitely postponed, which was agreed to.

Mr. Schnable read extracts from Monday's Pennsy and delivered a very energetic address which was severel On motion of Mr. McManus the thanks of the Convention ere tendered to the President and officers.

The chairman announced that he had appointed Alex McKinney of Westmoreland county, and John Weidman of Lebanon county, to fill omisions made in the origina appointment of the State Central Committee On motion, the Convention adjourned sine die.

The McLean and Pratt Mormon Tragedy The wife of H. H. Mc Lean, the killer of P. P. Pratt. the Mormon Elder, publishes in the Van Buren (Arkansas) Intelligencer letter, defending the memory of the dead Mormon, calling him by a variety of endearing names, and abusing her husband as an odious tyrant, who was guilty of the preposterous cruelty of objecting to her religion, (Mormonism,) and who would not let her bring up her lambs (children) in the faith of her She writes as if sincere to the uttermost believing Parley Pratt a murdered Saint, her husband a monster, and herself the most persecuted of women. She says she was converted to Mormonism before she met Parley, the Saint. She took her children from the school room at San Francisco, and had them baptised in water by Pratt, and confirmed as members of the Church of Latter Day Saints. In justifying herself for this, she coolly says:

If any condemn this act let them also condemn every woman, who refuses to go to perdition with her children, just because her husband makes this choice!

Sending her children away from her to prevent her making Mormons of them, she nsidered a wrong most foul and unnatural. But her husband sent her to New Orleans. where she could see ber children, where she arrived two weeks after her children, whom she found at her father's house, and there she was "closely guarded," and her health declined untill she stole her children, but could not get away with them. Thus she speaks of Saint Parley Pratt, whose attentions to her were reciprocated by her husband in a style

whatever relation existed between us was of my own seeking. When he kept house with his wife, Elizabeth, in San Francisco, I often sought his society, and if any censure me, let them censure me for the strongest impulses of my nature, which have ever prompted me to seek light and truth, despite the difficulties that might intervene between me and the

object of my search. This man was a fountain of light and intelligence, at which thousands might drink, and yet the stream flowed clear, pure, and free. I am willing to acknowledge that I have often sought his door at the dawn of day when his wife was sick, to take some meat, bread, and fruit upon which they might subsist until

the following morning. blame him for being poor? Let them lay the blame upon Him who required his disciples to go with the everlasting Gospel to the nations, without purse or scrip or even two coats. Neither do I deny that I much desired,

from time to time, to have him entertained at our house, even as I gladly entertained my husband's brethren. We had unoccupied rooms and beds, and a profusion of the good things of life, while he was poor and a stranger, and as unpopular as a certain Nazarine who once pilgrimized through the land of Judea, and could not find a place to lay his head. Upon the same principle that I was deprived this privilege, Mary and Martha would have been punished for bathing the feet of their Lord and running to meet him when he returned from a mission

That she attempted to run away with her children to Salt Lake, and was furnished by the Mormons with \$100 to pay her expenses she states, and considers that she was doing a work of righteousness.

How total was her infatuation for Pratt, may be seen in the following: I do not deny that I washed his feet, combed his hair, and often walked that he might ride. Neither do I deny visiting with him number of families in St. Louis, who thought it a greater honor to entertain him, than they would to entertain any king or potentate living

upon the earth. I also confess that it pained me to see him in chains, and fain would I have bathed his wrist where the cursed iron chafed his skin. But this was nothing to what I was yet to Have I not seen his heart's blood dripping from the wound of the deadly knife?

Six pistol balls could not avail Oh! Parley dear, we love you well, Yea, more than mortal tongue can tell, On: yarry dear, we love you well,
Yea, more than mortal tongue can tell.
And we know you'll come again,
Withu's to live, with Christ to reign.
Oh, God of Israel, let the cry
Of Parley's blood come up on high,
And let his wounds before thee plead,
For wrath on him who did the deed.

I am free to declare before angels and men that Parley P. Pratt was innocent of the charges made against him. The most serious charge against her husband is: Mc Lean drove me from him, and that he by his own act, blighted and consigned to eternal death, all the delicate ties that existed between us, and that before Mormonism

crossed our pathway.

However, without knowing it, she testifies that her husband treated her with tenderness, stating that her home was amply provided with good things—which she was so anxious to share with the Mormons—and that when she was unhappy in San Francisco, away from her children, he gave her the means to go where they were. Her prose proves her intense crazy fanaticism, and her poetry shows her to be foolish, and the effect of her epistles on all solid understandings, will be to augment the sympathy which is felt for her husband.

GEN. WALKER'S RETURN TO NICARAGUA Gen. Walker, in the course of his speech as New Orleans, said:

Central America was now in a worse con dition than under the Spanish rule. Mongreism was the secret of its warning fortunes What was to be done? It was left for us to Americanize Central America. On whom rested the right of regenerating the amalga-mated race? On no other than the people of the United States, and especially of the South ern States. I call upon you, therefore, to execute this mission. You cannot, in justice to yourselves, shrink from the duty. You cannot but contribute your energies in carrying out the great principle of American influence. As for myself, forced here as I am, I can bu appeal to you to assist in regaining the Amer ican ascendency. My duty has been paid, and I would not turn back on the path I have traversed. No, gentlemen; forced here against my will, I feel that my duty calls upon

diminished confidence in its distinguished head, and in those associated with him in the conduct of public affairs. Resolved, That the prompt and decisive action of the President of the United States in defence of the elective franchise in the City of Washington at the recent charter election in that city, merits and receives the sanction of all order-loving and law-abiding citizens.

Resolved, That in the eminent public services, the high moral worth and in the sound legal learning of WM. STRONG and JAMES THONDRON, the nominees of this Convention: 2 Judges of the Supreme Court, the best evidences are iunnished of their fitness to discharge the responsible duties to which they are about to be called by the people.

Resolved, That the principle contained in the recent decision of the Supreme Court of the United States, in the case of Dred Scott vs. John P. A. Sanford, in regard to the political rights of the Negro race, meets the hearty acquiescence of the judgment of the Democratic citizens of Pennylvania, and is as much commended to the whole people of the United States by the force of truth and patriotism as it is equally binding on all by the highest sanctions of law.

Resolved, That in the opinion of this Convention the ne to return. [Applause.] All who are nearest and dearest to me are there. There sleep the men, soldiers and offi cers. whose rights I cannot fail to see respec ted; here to, the heirs of those who have per ished claim that I should return: nor while I draw one breath, shall I leave a single stone unturned in securing them in their inheritance. I call upon you then, fellow-citizens, male and female, whose triends and relative have perished, to lend your aid-upon the men to assist with their fortunes and purses upon the mothers to belt the swords about their sons: upon the maiden, as she listens to the lover at her feet, until he shall vow to go forth on the mission of his duty. Aye, fellow citizens, I call upon you all, by the glorious recollections of the past and the bright antici pations of the future, to assist in carrying out and perfecting the Americanization of Centra America. [Tremendous applause.]

> The Editor's Book Table. PUTNAM'S MONTHLY—Published by Miller & Curtis 321 Broadway, N. York, at \$3 per annum. The July number, which commences the 10th volume A Season at the White Mountains; We: The Embre lered Handkerchief; The Old Museum; Venerable Bede Early Rising; Mizzen-Top Musings; The Baby Extermi nator; Witching Times; Lord Brougham; Female Cooper age, &c., &c. The whole handsomely illustrated.

The receipts of gold from San Francisco, by the last two steamers amounted to Resolved, That the action of this Convention condemning nearly \$3, 400, 000.

CITY AND COUNTY AFFAIRS.

IT DID'NT COME! -Our readers will recollect hat Saturday last, the 13th inst., was the day fixed upon restion by the tail of the Comet. It did'nt do anything of the kind, however—and here we are, on this 16th of June, anno domini 1857, safe and sound "as a bug in a rug," and without any intention of leaving this lower of our's, we believe, wags on about in the usual way, and bids defiance to all comets and other long-bearded animals. We breathe "freer and deeper," now that we have escaped a switch from the tail of so ugly a customer as our friend the Comet.

BISHOP ONDERDONK.—Bishop ONDERDONK of Philadelphia, preached on Sunday morning in St. James P. E. Church, Duke and Orange streets, and in the evening at St. John's Free Church, Spring Garden. His sermon: were exceedingly able, and a deep-toned fervor and piet; pervaded throughout. His audiences were large, and h was listened to with the most profound attention

St. JOHN'S FREE P. E. CHURCH .- Rev. Mr. APPLETON has accepted the Rectorship of this Church, and will enter upon the discharge of his duties on Sunday next He is spoken of as a young gentleman of fine talents, and cellent Christian character.

·DARKNESS REIGNED!-Whilst the congregaion at St. John's P. E. Church, Spring Garden, were istening to the able and profound discourse of Rishop INDERDONE, the gas suddenly went out, and darkness for ime prevailed. The lights were re-lit, but the Bishop had not fairly got under way, when, presto! change! out they went a second time. They were again re-lit, but no turthe trouble was experienced. We understand that our gas-sy riend played the same queer freak at the Duke Street M. Church. He is a very troublesome customer at times.

REV. WALTER F. POWELL.-This gentleman entered upon the discharge of his duties as Pastor of the 1st Presbyterian Church, Orange street, on Saturday last. His introductory sermon is highly spoken of. REV. ALFRED NEVIN, D. D .- We understand that this gentleman has been tendered one of the Professorshins in the Lafayette College, at Easton, Pa., and thinks of ac-We shall be sorry to part with cepting the same. by his gentlemanly and christian bearing.

LITTLE DORRIT .- MURRAY, YOUNG & Co. have just received advance copies of Little Dorrit, one of Dickens' best and most popular works. Our thanks ar due to the above firm for a copy. The work is complete it one volume, and is retailed at 50 cents. Of course ever holy will procure a copy. Call so n, as it is expected the

HUMANE FIRE COMPANY .- At a meeting of this Company on Friday evening, at the hall in Manor street, the following persons were elected officers: Presi lent-Davis M. Fraim; Vice President-Joseph Brillhart Secretary-Edwin E. Snyder: Treasurer-George M. Steinman; Chief Engineer-Wm. H. Lutz; Assistant Engineers -John Beckel, William Lorentz; Directors-Geo, Killian, George Huffnagle, Henry Donis, Washington Wineour, Henry Dreppard, Michael Huffnagie, John Brown, William

THE FENCIBLES' PIC NIC .- This affair comes off on Thursday next at Hershey's Woods, on the new Wabank road. From the list of managers published we doubt not it will be one of the most pleasant Pic Nics eve gotten up in this city. The Fencibles will parade from their Armory, in Prince street, accompanied with music from their Band. There will be Target practice on the ground for a medal now in the possession of the veteran Captain. A merry time to all who participate. Our thanks are due to the managers for a complimentary card.

CRICKET CLUB, No. 2.—This association organized on last night week, in the Young America Hall, McConomy's Building, West King street. Abraham Gibbs was elected President, and George Markley, Secretary. A committee of five was appointed to prepare a Constitution and By-Laws for the government of the Club in their exer cises. The Club consists of about twenty members-some quired. Those of our young men who desire to engage in healthful exercise should join such an organizatio

WABANK .- The sale of this beautiful water ing place has been stopped, and it has been rented by Messrs. Henry Weaver and Adam Trout. The new firm have already commenced operations, and from their well known reputation will, undoubtedly, render the place favorite summer resort. It is a fine watering place, and will accommodate a large number of guests. The grounds are finely laid out, and the scenery is magnificent. Th fishing advantages are great, and, in fact, everything is o the first order for the accommodation of strangers.

HOOPS DENOUNCED IN THE BIBLE,-Thfollowing is an extract from Isaiah iii. 18: "In that day the Lord will take away the bravery of their tinkling orna ments about their feet, and their combs, and their round tire like the moon " Bad news for "my ladie."

LIST OF RETAILERS .- From a classified list of retailers doing business in this county it appears that the number, including brokers, keepers of ten pin alloys and billiard tables, is 1103. The number of retailers in the city is 237. The number in Reading foots up 248, which exceeds that of any other place in the interior of the State

I. O. O. F .- Washington Encampment, No. 11, I. O. O. F., at their stated meeting, on Tuesday evening last, elected the following officers to serve for the next

C. P.—Henry J. Steigerwalt. H. P.—Frederick Achey. S. W.—George F. Rote. J. W.—Eziom Spera. The Encampment meets on the second and fourth Tues

DEATH BY POISONING-THE WIFE ARRESTED on Suspicion.-A colored man by the name of Sebastian. living in Marietta, died suddenly on Friday week, and wa buried next day. His wife (whom he married but a few weeks since) was arrested on suspicion of having cause his death by poison. The evidence against her is that she bought arsenic a

a drug store on Thursday, and on Friday he was taken very ill, with great pain in the stomach and intestines .-Applied to a physician for medicine to relieve him, and obtained laudanum, of which she gave him an overdos and quieted both him and the pain forever.

AN IMPORTANT MEDICINE FOR LUNG COM-PLAINTS .- Dr. Keyser's Pectoral Syrup, sold at Heinitsh's 13 East King street, has won an enviable reputation in th various Diseases of the Lungs and Pulmonary Organs. We are aware of no medicine that has given such general satisfaction, and why should it not? Dr. Keyser is a regular physician, now in the Wholesale Drug business in Pittsargh, and we are assured by him that he mixes and weighs, with his own hands, every ounce of ingredie that goes into this valuable compound, giving thereby guarantee of great care, at least, in its compounding.

Minnesota Correspondence.

MANKATO, M. T., May 24th, 1857 GEO. SANDERSON, ESQ.—Dear Sir:—I thought I might well employ this wet afternoon in letting you know o GEO. SANDERSON, Esq.—Dear Sir:—I though, well employ this wet afternoon in letting you know our whereabouts and how we are getting along, as well as anything else that I could employ my time at. We arrived in this place on the 12th inst., about 7 o'clock, A. M., and took lodgings at the Mankato House, all in good health and spirits. On our way up the river we fell in with Geo. Shields, at St. Paul, to whom we showed our letters of introduction, and were very kindly received by him. He advised us to examine the country for ourselves and draw our conclusions from what we could discover in our travels and ofter we had heard every man a suggestions to use on and after we had heard every man's suggestions to use our own discretion in making our selections for the future.—
He very kindly furnished us with letters of introduction to certain individuals in the Territory, for which we are used to be the selection of the

to certain individuals in the Territory, for which we are under obligations to him. In traveling through the country we find that considerable consternation exists in relation to the Indian depredations that have been committed near Spirit Lake, in Iowa, and the southern part of Minnesota, the real cause of which it is pretty hard to arrive at. However there are some things which we witness daily here that may be considered as directly bearing upon the conduct of the Indians, which is simply the great amount of drunkenness prevailing among them. You may readily ask, how do they obtain liquor when such stringent laws exist in relation to selling that article to them? Well, sir, there are laws making it aimost a criminal offence for any person to sell an Indian liquor, but these laws are like a great many other human laws framed in such a way as to let the Indian have as much liquor as he wishes to have; whilst making it aimost a criminal offence for any person to sell an Indian liquor, but these laws are like a great many other human laws framed in such a way as to let the Indian have as much liquor as he wishes to have; whilst they prevent the settlers from selling to the Indians, they are silent in relation to selling to the half-breeds, who are no better than the Indians and, in many respects, a great deal worse. The half-breeds can purchase as much liquor as they want, and as they live with and are connected with the Indians proper, why, as a matter of course, the Indians can get from them as much as they want. So you see that there is very little prohibition after all in regard to keeping the Indians sober—and all that is wanted on the part of the half-breeds is to get an opportunity of robbing the defenceless settlers, which is very easily done by instigating drunken Indians to commit cert.in depredations, whist they, the half-breeds, take charge of the robbing department, which they attend to very diligently. However we entertain hopes that this state of affairs will not exist much longer. We expect the removal of one of the tribes, that is the Winnebages. You may say we expect it to be the case because we wish it to be so. but I think there is some extent—we do wish it to be so; but I think there is some tangible reason notwithstanding for our hopes. I believe the Tribe consists only in numbering about 1800 in all, and their country is very rich not only in regard to fertile prairie but to good water also. Power almost equal to the Falls of St. Authony on the Mississippi, as well as some of the best Timber lands in the Territory, with Coal and Plaster of Paris thereon. Now, sir, this beautiful reservation, which is about equal to 13 miles square, is so situated as to be directly on the route of two of those Railroads for which Congress, at its last session, gave grants of public land, and which are now being surveyed, viz: the Root River Road and the Still Water and Sioux City Road, both of which will bisect

ropes," as the saying is, but that this Tribe will be removed before three years.

It is thought by some of our citizens here that there may be difficulties experienced this fail from the Sloux Indians in relation to those recent depredations. It is confidently asserted that they know who the depredators were, and also that certain persons of their Tribe were along at the time. They number about 60,000 warriors in all, 10,000 of whom are situated on this side of the Missouri River and are very insolent. The reason for this opinion is simply this: Of the ladies who were captured at Springfield, only two have yet been recovered, and they had to be bought; and just as soon as the others can be secured Government will ask reparation in some manner, which, it is thought, they will be likely to refuse, as is indicated by certain acts of theirs. In fact they have seemed to manifest a great deal of obstinacy for some time back, and were very willing to engage in plundering the whites whenever an opportunity presented itself; and to say the least about them thay are the most ugly set of creatures I have ever seen. Those noble traits of Indian character which it has pleased certain historians to write about will do well enough to

certain historians to write about will do well enough to read about at a distance; but to live with and near them

ST. LOUIS CORRESPONDENCE.

Pestivities—Meding in the Varieties Theator Dough Festivities—Meding in the Varieties Theatre-Eloque. Speeches. dv. dv.—Limits of the City of St. Louis-Gro. Wulker's Address—Major Richardson and Capt Diller, of Illinois—Fort Dodge, dc.

the first time, and St. Louis was the great attraction of all. The Railroad Celebration, upon the completion of the Ohio and Mississippi Road, uniting St. Louis, the "Emporium of the West," with Cincinnati and the Atlantic cities with one continuous chain of railroad, was one of the most gor geons and brilliant displays ever witnessed in the far West. On Thursday the ceremonies took place in Cincinnati, and though the arrangements there were gotten up magnificent style, they were nothing when compare with the ceremonies and festivities of our own city. At 12 o'clock on Thursday night the arrival of the train on the opposite side of the Mississippi, was announced by the ring of cannon, and re-echoed from this side by the rangements. Four steamboats were chartered to cross the river and lodge the guests on the opposite side for the night. At 8 o'clock on Friday morning the levee was rowded, and after the invited guests had partaken of breakfast on the boats, the lines were cut and the steamers played up and down the river-giving those on board a but never seen, as well as the magnificent display of at least fifty steamers lying at port, from all of which flags and streamers floated in the breeze. The roar of cannot from the steamers, on which were the city's guests, was quickly answered from the shore, announcing that all was in readiness for their reception. Between 9 and 10 o'clock souls, who took their places in the line of procession which was formed along the leves and through the streets leading to the river. At 11 o'clock the line was stretched, and the whole moved off in quick step to the music of the various bands. The Grand Marshal headed the procession, fol lowed by the St. Louis Gravs; next the orator of the day Judge Ed. Bates; then the guests in carriages-about 75 in number; following which was the Baltimore Brass Band; next were 112 omnibuses, all filled with citizens; then the National Guards and Band; following which were the Sons of Malta; next the Central Fire Company the hose carriage drawn by the members in uniform, and the engine by four horses; St. Louis Fire Company; Mis-

souri Fire Company, with a Band; Liberty Fire Laclede Fire Company; Lafayette Hook and Ladder Com pany. All of the engines and hose carriages were beautifully and tastefully decorated with flowers and artificials Take the firemen altogether they were certainly the feature that were promiscuously showered upon them as they passed through the streets, proved conclusively that they were the observed of all observers, and the procession would have lost much of its beauty and grandeur, had they not have been in the procession. Then followed another band; next the Washington Guards: then followed the Missouri Gymnastic Society; Socilar Sanger Choir; St. Louis Sanger Band: Gruetli Verein and Concordia Gesang Verein, the Turners, &c., &c.; then a brass band; next the Union Rifles; the Swiss Rifles; Mounted Rifles, and then following in the rear of all was the Artillery with their guns. As the procession moved along the streets it was rected from the side-walks by long and loud huzzas, and smiles of the ladies and the waving of handkerchiefs. The rocession proceeded to the Fair Grounds, about four miles from the river, where the guests were welcomed by Judge Ed. Bates, who was the orator of the day. It may not be out of place to let your readers know who of the guests were present upon this occasion-men were here from the West before.

From Virginia-Hon. Fayette McMullen, lately appoint ed Governor of Washington Territory; J. R. Thompson, Esq., editor of the Southern Literary Messenger, Rich-

MARYLAND-Hon, J. Dixon Roman; Col. Anthony Kimmel, the "Linganere Farmer" of Western Maryland, Vice President of the U.S. Agricultural Association; Hon. J. forrison Harris, Representative of Baltimore county, in he Legislature; Hon. William H. Travers, Speaker of the House of Delegates; Ex-Governor Thomas, Hon. F. P. Blair, Sr., Wm. Prescott Smith, Esq., Assistant Master o Transportation Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, Wm. Pinkney White, Esq., of the Baitimore Bar. Оню—Professer Mitchell, Cincinnati Observatory; Hon.

Mr. Flagg, Hon. S. E. Adams, Mayor of Chillicothe. ILLINOIS-Governor Reynolds, Ex-Governor Koerner. KENTUCKY-Gen. W. S. Pilcher, Mayor of Louisville. NEW YORK-Hon. Erastus Brooks, of the Legislature, and

ditor of the N. Y. Express. There were a large number of the Press in atte many whom were Messrs, W. B. Shaw, of the New York Herald; J. B. Swain, Times; Wm. B. McMasters, News; C. A. Sparks, Brooklyn Times; R. R. R. Dumars, Elmira

WASHINGTON-E. G. Dill, Union; W. B. Topping, Southern Press; W. D. Wallach, Star. BALTIMORE-Eddington Fulton, American; Clifton W. Tayleur, Clipper: H. H. Young, Argus.

CINCINNATI-John D. Caldwell, Junius Brown, Joseph Glenn, Gazette; Alexander Walker, J. W. Wilmington, Enquirer; E. B. Reed, Times; Edward E. Cross, Press; M. Halsted, Commercial; W. T. Coggeshall, Ladies' Repos ry; and Ohio State; S. H. Kaufman, Zanesville Courier L. Andrews, Marietta Intelligencer; A. P. Miller, Scioto Gazette, Chillicothe.

INDIANA—A. B. ————, Madison Courier. Indianapolis, B. W. H. Ellis, of We the People;" J. W. Bingham, Sen-

tinel; T. W. Elliott, Journal.

MILWAURIZ-E. M. Boothe, Free Democrat. CHICAGO-Mr. Davidson, Tribune. HAMILTON, Canada West-Geo. W. West and W. M. Ni-

After the speeches, dinner and toasts, the excursionists returned to the city in procession and were escorted to their different lodgings, all seemingly pleased with the anner in which the celebration was conducted and hospitality of our citizens. We were sorry that Mr. Buchanan and Gen Cass were not here to participate in this ever to the most gigantic enterprises of the continent. All the business houses were closed, and many of the stores and public places were ,tastefully decorated. In the evening streets were lit up with Bon Fires, and Fire Works

ented a spectacle worthy of the occasion. Very unexpectedly another train arrived from Cincinnati on Saturday morning, with some 600 guests. Although hey arrived a day after the feast, a public meeting was called in the Varieties Theatre on Saturday night, and these "better late than never," were appropriately received and velcomed by a speech from Mr. Drake on the part of the

city authorities and the citizens generally. Judge Sam. Black, of Penna., was loudly called for, who ame forward and responded in his usual able, happy and eloquent style. He spoke about 20 minutes-his remarks applause from the audience. Judge Black was decidedly he lien of the calabration and will return to Pennsylvania Single exception, pronounce Judge Black the man of the elebration. We had the pleasure of an introduction, and vas surprised to learn from him that he knew your corresondent and our connections, as well as we knew them territory. He has made many warm and influential friends

Mr. Black. Next, Mr. Erastus Brooks, of the New York Express, was introduced to the audience, whose speech was highly applauded. The Hon. Mr. Phelps, Speaker of the House of Representatives of Massachuseets, next occupied ati, Judge Ellis, of Indiana, Mr. Corry, of Ohio, and the Hon. Mr. Loomis, of Pennsylvania. Mr. Pinckney, of Maryland, made the closing speech, which was complete with rit, fancy and imagination. Judge S. A. Douglass, of Illi. iois, was loudly called for during the whole evening, and, after that the excitement got so high for "Senator Douglass," that the President of the meeting—the Mayor of the city-could no longer keep back the Senator's name, very faintly announced to the audience, that the " Distinguished wish to throw cold water upon any of the arrangements ade by the City Council, the Mayor of the city, and the city authorities, and do not speak advisedly, when we say that from all we can understand, Mr. Douglas was not invited to this meeting, although he was invited by the Railroad Directory to participate in the celebration. If to extend an invitation to one of our country's greatest simply because he did not agree with them on certain political topics, when others, entertaining Judge Douglas' views and opinions, from a great distance, had the warm hand of friendship and welcome extended to them, we think it was a very little trick on the part of those who had the management and control of this Saturday night We are an admirer and friend of Judge las, and it caused our Democratic blood to boil at such littleness of men "robed in brief authority."

Lleness of men "robed in brief authority."

Senator Bigler, of Penna, is also in our city, but did not participate in the ceremonies of the Celebration. He is en route, we believe, for Kansas.

In addition to those strangers already mentioned above. In addition to those strangers already mentioned above,

e find the following list on our hotel registers: Col. P G. Washington, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury; Gen. ral Stewart, of Baltimore: Hon, William Corry, of Hamil-Robert C. Schenck, of Obio; Hon. Wm. N. Caldwell, of Ohio; Judge A. T. Ellis, of Vincennes, Ia.; Hon. Stephen A. Douglass, of Ill.; Governor Bigler, of Pa.; D. S. Dodge, banker) N. Y.; Judge Haughton, of Buffalo; Hon. Charles sachusetts; Colonel Kinnel, of Ind.; E. P. Hotchkier Milwaukee Daily Wisconsin; —— Fuller, New Hamp-shire Gazette; H. H. Young, Baltimore Republican; Seretus Longly, Type of the Times, Cincinnati; James W. ennedy, Pittsburgh Chronicle; A. B. Hazzard, Kansas Pioneer: George E. Porter, Baltimore Commercial Journal nd Price Current; Mr. Platt, of the Poughkepsie Eagle N. Y.: Mr. Colby, of the Newburyport Herald, Mass. The members of the Cincinnati City Council, left yester-

The Baltimore Brass Band entertained a large concourse f people on Saturday night in front of the Court House with select musical gems. At a late hour they were taken in omnibuses to different parts of the city, favoring the citizens with pleasing serenades.

A large number of the invited guests met at the Mercantile Library Hall, in order to give some expression of feeling in respect to the many courtesies received during their short stay in our midst, and passed a series of resolu-tions, among which was the following—

day morning on the steamer Baltimore, for an excursion to

Resolved, That the boundless liberality shown in serwhelming reception and kind treatment by the po t. Louis mark them as a community of rare generosity the will be over held in our most grateful remembrance.

Thus ended the railroad calebration in our city. We omitted to state that Mr. McMichael, editor of the hiladelphia Gazette, and Mr. Harvie Washington, correscondent of the same journal, and Mr. Jones, of the Baltiere Sun were in the city and "taking notes," and will no doubt print them, and let us see ourselves as others see us. The N. York journals are represented by their most

ers. Distinguished gentlemen from nearly all parts of the on paid the great Valley of the Mississippi a visit for It may be well enough just now to give a short sketch of ur city limits, which is year by year extending over the county of St. Louis.

The old Spanish town of St. Louis, up to 9th December 1820, contained 232 acres; the city of St. Louis, up to Feb 15, 1841, 563 acres; giving an increase of 231 acres. The city of St. Louis, up to December 5, 1856, contained 2,955 acres; giving an increase of 2,392 acres.

The present extended new limits contain 9,850 acres;

giving an increase of 6,895 acres, or an area of fifteen and half square miles. The extreme length of the present city on the rive front is seven and a fourth miles; the extreme width of the city is three miles. The highest ground within the

present limits is 176 feet above the Directrix, (the curb on ront street,) and 208 feet above low water mark. The length of the old Spanish town was one and a fourth siles; the width of the same was one fourth of a mile .--Previous to 1841 the length of the city was one and three 1856 the length of the city was four and a half miles: the length, six and one-fourth miles; width, two and a half

The present limits will embrace 5000 blocks of land of 300 feet in front by 270 feet in depth, making 60,000 lots of

You can thus see the rapid growth of our city, and we carcely out of our "teens" yet-young, vigorous and promising, and destined to out-grow many of the seaboard cities. Our majestic rivers and great iron arms of railroads must make and build up the far West. We are no longer a 'paper town." but a city of reality, of standing and of im nense wealth—our country around us abounds in agriculture and commerce, and our State cannot much longer be emigration that a few years ago passed by these lands for country farther North, is retracing its steps, and pour ing into our State at every point. People begin to see for themselves what slavery is, and find out that it is not such vield quite as much as those of the free, and it any differbeen here long enough to know that slavery does not in terfere with the labor of those who have come among us Gov. Walker's Inaugural Address to the citizens of Kansas seems to have given general satisfaction. All is quiet in

the Territory. We are pleased to hear that Wm. A. Richardson, of Illinois, and Capt. Isaac R. Diller, have both been rewarded. 🤙 for their gallant services in the Presidential campaign, by Mr. Buchanan—the former Governor of Nebraska, and the latter Consul to Bremen. Men who spend their time and money for the cause should always be remembered, and the the President's fame and generosity.

city, at the house of Maj. Williams, a little boy about 8 years old, who escaped the bloody massacre by the Indians at Springfield, Minnesota Territory, on the 27th of March last, and who was brought to town by the volunteers who Stewart. We learn from some of the survivors of the mas. sacre that he is the son of Josiah Stewart, of Indiana coun ty, Pa. The boy says his Grandfather's name was Fleming -(probably his mother's maiden name.) All the boy's family, father, mother and two little sisters, are among the murdered.

Also, a young lady, about 16 or 17, years of age, named Elizabeth Gardner, whose family were also murdered, she only escaping the horrid fate. She says her father's name any relatives. Her father emigrated from the State of In dians to this State, and was formerly from Steuben County, Both are desirous of hearing from their relatives, if they

have any; and all communications in reference to them addressed to Major WILLIAM WILLIAMS. Ft. Dodge, Webster Co., Iowa, will be promptly answered. They will be kindly cared for till such time as their friends shall come for We have had several heavy rains in the past week, and everything gives promise of a bountiful crop. The weather to-day is very warm. Health of the city good. Rivers in

early part of last week, but has again returned to Minne sota. He speaks very highly of the country, OLD GUARD. We are authorized to announce that JACOB FULTZ, of this city, will be a candidate for Clerk of the Ouerter Sections of

fair navigable stage. Mr. Stock was in our city in the

VV JACOB FOLTZ, of this city, will be a Clerk of the Quarter Sessions of Lancaster co inated by the Democratic Convention. REGISTER.--William Kirkpatrick, of this city, will be a candidate for REGISTER, at the ensuing election, if nominated by the Union County Convention.

june 16 tde 22

HERIFF.--Gen. MICHAEL R. WIT-WER, of the City of Lancaster, will be a candidate for the office of SHERIFF, at the ensuing October election, subject to the decision of the Union County Convention. apr 7

HERIFFALTY.—We are authorized to announce FREDERICK DERN, of this city as the people's candidate for the office of Sheriff. Should he belected, he promises to discharge its duties with fidelity. CHERIFFALTY .-- HIRAM L. THOMP-

SON, of Providence tw'p., will be a candidate fiff of Lancaster county, at the ensuing election, if ted by the Democratic County Convention. HELMBOLD'S HIGHLY CONCENTRATED EXTRACT BUCHU, is prepared directly according to the rules of Pharmacy and Chemistry, and is the best and must active preparation which can be made for the cure of Diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, Dropsy, Weaknesson, &c. Read his advertisement in another column, headed "Helm-bold's Genuine Proparation.

EQUALITY TO ALLI UNIFORMITY OF PRICE!-A new feature of business: Every one his own Salesman. Jones & Co., of the Crescent One Price Clothing Store, No. 200 Market street, above 6th, in addition to having the largest, most varied and fashionable stock of Clothing in Philadelphia, made expressly for retail sales, have constituted every one his own Salesman, by having marked in figures, on each article, the very lowest price it can be sold for, so they cannot possibly vary—all must buy alike. The good are all well sponged and prepared and great pains taken with the making, so that all can buy with the full assurance of getting a good article at the very lowest price.

nember the Crescent, in Market, above 6th, No. 200

MPORTANT TO FARMERS.—A. F. BAIR would respectfully inform the public, that he has taken the old established stand, formerly occupied by S. B. Haines, and more recently by N. Bair & Brother, in the rear of Dr. George B. Markley, in East King street, Lancaster, Pa., a half square east of Sprecher's Hotel, where is prepared to furnish those celebrated THRESHING MACHINES and HORSE POWERS with the improved Friction Geared Shaker, which for lightness of running and efficiency of action stands unrivalled.

N. B.—Repairing of all kinds attended to at the shortest notice, and in a mannar that will make the article repaired a use in new. He invites Farmers to come and examine his work, and purchase if they see proper.

The best of reference can be given.

MARRIAGES.

On the morning of Tuesday, the 9th inst., at St. James' Church, by the Rev. Samuel Bowman, D. D., Mr. Henry W. Hager to Miss Ellen, daughter of Hon. A. L. Hayes, all of Lancaster.
On the 4th inst., in the Second Presbyterian Church, by the Rev. Alfred Nevin, D. D., John Calvin Paxton, of Marietta, Ohlo, to Sophia L. Reed, of this city.
By the Rev. J. J. Strine, David Alexander, to Lucinda McCue, both of Martic. On the 11th inst., by the same, George Myers, to Mary M. Brubaker, both of Strasburg. M. Brubaker, both of Strasburg.
On Tuesday evening, the 2d inst., by the Rev. William Barnes, Henry C. Scriminger, to Jane E. Hoke, both of Wrightsville, Pa.
At Downingtown, on the 2d inst., by Rev. G. Compton, Samuel Evans of Lancaster county, to Hannah W. Kreider, the of Divided by the control of the co

On the 1st., at the residence of her son, in Earl township, Catherine Gebr, in the 85th year of her age. On Tuesday, the 19th uit., in Manor township, Anna, wife of John Landes, (Miller,) aged 70 years, 1 month and

On the 22d ult., in New Ephrata, Lancaster co., Franklin Martin Hacker, son of John S. and Charlotte Hacker,
aged 6 years and 9 days.
On the 21st inst., Mrs. Mary E., wife of John M. Bear, of
Mount Joy, and youngest daughter of the late Samuel Rissler, aged 25 years, 9 months and 17 days.
On Friday the the 5th inst., at the residence of her sonin-law, Mr. John Borlug, Mrs. Sophia Genther, in the 67th
year of her age.
On Saturday evening last, of a lingering filness, Clara
Catharine, daughter of Jacob F. and Barbara Kautz, aged
16 years, 11 months and 29 days.
In this city on Friday, the 12th inst., Willie, son of
William and Annie Wilson, aged 3 years, 8 months and 19
days. days.
On the 8th inst., Mrs. Phillips, wife of Clark Phillips, of

Academy of the above named deceased, the following preamble and resolutin as were submitted and nanimously
adopted:—

WHERLAS, God in his inscritable providence has seen fit
to lay the cold hand of death upon one, late of our number,
J. Nelson Evans, to transplant bilm from his terrestrial
nursery to bloom and flourish in the amaranthine bowers
of Paradise; we, the undersigned appointed by a meeting
of his fellow Students, convened for the purpose of expressing their sentiments and feelings in regard to his death,
do hereby submit the following:
Resolved, That while we bow in humble submission to
this afflictive dispensation of Divine Providence, that has
removed far from us a friend, a schoolmate and a brother,
we cannot but express our deep agonizing feelings at the
loss of so dear a companion—a companion ever ready to encourage right by his sweet approving smile, while wrong
foll before his discountenancing frown—a companion
at once pleasant, charitable and benevelent, who drew
near to him and bound in the ever indissoluble ties of
friendship, all who came within the reach of his sweet ensnaring influence—a friend than whom, a truer heart ne'er
beat within a human bosom.
Resolved, That we sympathise with the bereaved friends
and relatives of the deceased, who have lost in him the
light of their household, the exhilirant to all despondency,
but with them rejoice, that he could look to the streaming
heights of Calvary, and washed in the blood of that vicarious; offering, and supported by christian faith, hope, and
resignation, through a long and painful illness he could
exclaim, "the pain is but enjoyment, and every pang is
but a thrill of pleasure."
Resolved, That we escort in a body the remains to its
last resting place, and wear the usual badge of mourning
for thirty days.

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ast reating place, and wear the usual badge of mourning for thirty days.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be transmitted to the relatives of decased, and also to the Reading Gazette, Lancatter Times, Express and Intelligencer, for publication.

S. P. GALT, Pres't., EDWIN SHALTER.

JOHN MCMICHAEL, J. C. BUCHANAN,

B. B. MCCORNICK, WILLIAM WITMAN,

M. B. LIUHTY, Secretary.

CHURCHTOWN ACADIMT, Lancaster county, Pa., May 27.