### INTELLIGENCER & LANCASTERIAN.

# GEO. SANDERSON, EDITOR. A. SANDERSON. Associate.

LANCASTER, PA., MARCH 31, 1857. CIRCULATION, 2100 COPIES! ASCRIPTION PRICE, \$2,00 per annum.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET. FOR GOVERNOR. WILLIAM F. PACKER, Lycoming County. FOR JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT. **BLLIS LEWIS**, Philadelphia City. FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER. NIMROD STRICKLAND, Chester County.

The New Superintendent.

DAVID MITCHELL, Esq., of Perry county, has been appointed by the Canal Commissioners, Superintendent of Motive Power on the Philadelphia and Columbia Railroad, in place of Col. BAKER promoted, by the President, to the Collectorship of the Port of Philadelphia? He will take charge of the road to-morrow.

Mr. MITCHELL' is a gentleman of excellent character, and possessed of rare qualifications for the office of Superintendent. Besides being a practical Engineer, with a high reputation earned in his profession, he has first rate business qualifications, which peculiarly fit him for the faithful and efficient discharge of the conviction and duty. important and responsible duties appertaining to the office.

David Wilmot Nominated--Black Republicanism Triumphant I

The State Convention or Conventions which met at Harrisburg, on Wednesday last, were completely under the control of the Black lightened a jurist and so valued a friend .--Republicans, who had every thing their own way. They effectually out-generalled the American wing of the opposition, and, despite all the efforts of the latter faction to prevent it, accomplished the nomination of the notorious DAVID WILMOT for Governor; WILLIAM MILLWARD, of Philadelphia, another Black Republican, for Canal Commissioner; and JAMES VEECH, of Fayette, and JOSEPH J. LEW-15, of Chester, of the same stripe in politics, for Judges of the Supreme Court.

That WILMOT would be the nominee of the pie-bald party has been for several weeks a foregone conclusion with every body except our Know Nothing friends who had worked themselves up to the belief that such an event could not occur. They would not believe that the arrangements were all made by self-constituted leaders for their regular transfer to a finality. the Black Republican party. And yet it has come to pass, just as was foreseen by every one not wilfully blind to passing events .--They have been literally and unconditionally sold to Black Republicanism, and must either gulp down the animal, tail and all, no matter how nauseous the dose may be, or else repudiate the whole concern, act with becoming independence, and vote for the Democratic nominees. They must now make their election. They have no alternative, if they wish to participate at all in the contest. They will have to act with the Democrats, or with the Black Republicans. Which course will they take? Time will determine. We have no desire to make proselytes of them, but we only ask the Americans to act like men-like freemen in the approaching campaign. If they are willing to be the dupes and willing instruments of designing men, and become thoroughly abolitionized, they will vote for WILMOT, MILLWARD, VEECH and JOSEPH J. LEWIS-if not, they will cast their suffrages for the Democratic nominees.

#### What have the Tariff Men to Say ?

One of the principal hobbies of the Demo oratio opponents has been the tariff. Their long spun theories upon the question of protecting home interests, their dark pictures of

Chief Justice Taney. Declination of Chief Justice Lewis. A contemporary, in noticing the venerable We give below, the letter of Chief Justice LEWIS, addressed to the Chairman of the State Chief Justice, says: It is an interesting co-i dent have been officially announced in the Central Committee, declining the re-nomina- incidence that the ablest speech in Congress, Washington Union : tion recently given to him by the Democratic and the most unanswerable judicial decision State Convention. This determination of ever rendered against the constitutionality of Judge LEWIS will be a matter of the most the Missouri Compromise, were delivered by sincere regret to every sound lawyer in Penn- Maryland lawyers-William Pinckney, in sylvania. No man within our Commonwealth, his speech in the Senate, in 1822, in reply to has had the judicial experience of the present Rufus King, of New York, and Chief Justice Chief Justice, and no Judge has labored more | Taney, in the opinion in the case of Dred zealously to free the docket of the Supreme Scott, in 1857. And a correspondent of the Cincinnati En-Court of the accumulated litigation of ages. The whole legal fraternity have had the ut- quirer, in defending Judge Taney from Black most confidence in the soundness of his opin- Republicanism abuse, gives the readers of that ions, and have looked to him for the settled journal the following : law of the State. We doubt much whether

"Within the last few weeks the various Judge LEWIS has ever been equalled in indus- hirelings of the Republican press-partly try on the Bench. With him, it seemed to through ignorance and malignity and partly he a conscientious duty promptly to decide all at the solicitation of the frightened leaders of cases argued before him, even at the loss of their expiring party-have been striving to his own bodily comfort, by divesting himself escape the fatal effects of the recent Supreme of the hours which should have been devoted Court decision, not by constitutional arguto rest or recreation. No litigant ever had ment, but by that last resort of dying faction, cause to complain of delay where Judge argumentum ad hominum. They are as su-LEWIS had the trial of his cause, and few ever | perstitiously afraid of the Constitution as the murmured at his decisions. The clearness of Hindoos of their invisible Deity, and its rehis head, in all his conclusions, was equalled | quirements are only known to them through by the integrity of his heart, and it may be the crafty oracles uttered by their false and said of him, as of LORD THURLOW, that he reckless high priests. And thus the decree had a head of crystal with nerves of brass, of the highest tribunal upon earth is which nothing could shake from the line of sought to be combated by an indiscriminate and rabid abuse of its members, among the But it is not the legal profession only, that rest, exposed by his very eminence, Roger B.

will regret the step Judge LEWIS has taken .- | Taney has received their fiercest assaults. The people with whom he has always been a "We do not propose to defend his private

character. for its purity and sacredness render great favorite, because they knew him to be an it invulnerable. Nor do we presume to stand upright and learned judicial magistrate, will endure painful sensations at the loss of so en- as the advocate of his lofty abilities and legal learning, for few, even of his contemporaries, Another Judge, whose mind may be filled are equal to the task. History is his defence with the lore of the law, may be called to his and his eulogy. Her testimony is, that never seat on the Supreme Bench; but it will re has there existed in this gifted land a mind quire many years of practical experience as a more endowed with comprehensiveness and Justice of the Court of last resort, before a discrimination, or a heart more full of honor new man can attain to the position which and nobility, than that of Roger B. Taney.-Judge LEWIS has reached in the confidence of The mantle of Chief Justice Marshall has falthe Bar and the people. We look upon the len upon him with all its adorning virtues, declination of the Chief Justice as little short increased by time and polished by experience. of a public calamity, as he is lost to the Bench "The master spirits of the last half centuat a time when the ripeness of his intellect is ry have done homage to him, and it is related of untold value. Although the patriarch of that when a young man, at the death of Wilthe Judiciary, so far as length of service is liam Pinckney, when some one exclaimed, concerned, he is still at the very zenith of his "Alas! the Goliath of the bar has gone," old Justice Dorsey, of Maryland, a man of able mental power, and might continue to impress upon our legal code, the clear light of his own judgment, exclaimed, "Aye, but we have the lucid mind. As the Judge is a man of great David left "in Roger B. Taney." Many rich decision of character, we presume that his tributes, both to his talents and character, could be mentioned if time would permit .-present determination not to be a candidate is And yet this is the man that is reviled by

In parting with him, we can only say in these upstart slanderers as weak, venal, fickle addition, that if a resolute performance of a and unprincipled. He is charged as being duty conscientiously-if great legal knowl the tool of Jackson, and the case of the remoedge, combined with untiring industry-if a | val of the deposits called up as evidence. The determination to rescue legal decisions from history of that matter is just this: He was having a double voice-if an inflexible integ- the friend of Jackson, and one upon whom the rity which nothing could shake, sustained by President relied as competent and worthy .---As Attorney General in the Cabinet, he a courage that admitted of no faltering-can entitle a Judge to a lofty place in the niche of strongly advised the removal of the U. States fame, no judicial officer within the present Bank deposits, (an opinion fully sustained by the subsequent corruption and rottenness of quarter of a century has earned it with more intelligent labors than Chief Justice ELLIS that concern,) and, therefore, when afterward LEWIS has done during his long legal career. called upon to accept the control of said de-The thanks of the citizens of Pennsylvania | posits, and carry out his own judgment, honor will follow him into his retirement, and hisand consistency alone required his consent. "His course has always been thus unimtory will enrol his name among the honored sons of our noble Commonwealth. If the eachable, and Henry Clay himself, in his ighest partisan excitement, never dared to Chief Justice should ever again be induced impugn the honesty and purity of the motives to exercise judicial functions, we trust that he may be called to a seat on the Supreme Bench of the United States, that the nation may possess what our State has lost by his declination. Here is his letter :- [Pennsylvanian. WEST PENN SQUARE, } PHILADELPHIA, March 25th, 1857. } To CHARLES R. BUCKALEW, Chairman of the Democrat

of the noble old Democratic Justice. But he is charged with being the advocate of slavery and its propagandism, and that only because of his acting in accordance with his oath, and expounding the Constitution by its true letter and spirit. Let the decision speak for itself. But Mr. Taney personally is opposed to sla-

Appointments by the President. The following appointments by the Presi-

Joseph B. Baker, collector of the customs for the district of Philadelphia, vice Garles Brown, where commission of Philadelphia, vice Clard-s Brown, whose commission expires on the 30th March, 1857. Chambers McKibbin, naval officer for the district of Philadelphia, vice Nathaniel B. Eldred, whose commission north-west. The people of the eastern, southern and western portions of the State are too phia, vice Nathaniel B. on the 30th March, 1857 strongly wedded to the Constitution and the supres on the 30th March, 1857. -John Hamilton, jr., surreyor of the customs for the dis-trict of Philadelphia, vice Reuban C. Hale, whose commis-sion expires on the 29th March, 1857. James S. Dougherty, of Missouri, to be receiver of public moneys for the district of lands subject to sale at SI. Louis. Missouri, in the place of Richard B. Dallam, whose term of Union, and have too great a regard for the white man and his interests, to follow the lead of such demagogues and disunionists-men who would not hesitate to shiver the Union fice has expire

office has expired. Jacob Bescon, of Michigan, to be receiver of public mo-neys at Detroit, Michigan, in the place of Jillsha Taylor, whose term of office will expire on the 3d of April next. Charles F. Heyerman, of Michigan, in be register of the land office at Detroit, Michigan. in the place of Daniel and an office will expire on the 3d of April into fragments if they had the power.

 next.
Mosse B. Hess, of Michigan, to be register of the land office of East Saginaw, Michigan, in the place of William M. Fonton, whose term of office has exp red.
Wrm L. P. Little, of Michigan, to be receiver of public moneys at East Saginaw, Michigan, in place of Russell Bishop, whose term of office will expire on the 30th Inst. Robert E. McHiston, postmaster at New Orleans, Louis-lang, in place of Arthur S. Nevitt, removed.
Banjami, F. Washington, Constants ioned Democratic majority of thousands.

Jones L. Althout, positive of the customs for the district of San Francisco, California, rice Milton S. Letham, resigned, to take effect on the 30th June, 1857. Frank Tilford, naval officer for the district of San Francisco, California, vice Win. B. Damerom, whose commission expires on the 26th March, 1857. Win. B. Dameron, surveyor of the customs for the district of San Francisco, California, vice Win. Yan Voorhies, whose commission expires on the 26th March, 1857. Jose M. Covarrubius, collector of the customs for the district of San Francisco, California, vice Win. Yan Voorhies, whose commission expires on the 26th March, 1857. return strict of San Diego, California, vice Oliver S. Witherby,

whose commission has expired. Andrew Lester, collector of the customs for the district of San Joaquin, California, vice James M. Scofield, whose commission has expired. Isaac V. Fowler, postmaster at New York, reappointed. Edward A. King, postmaster at Dayton, Ohio, reap-

pointed. Henry Sanderson, postmaster at New Brunswick, New Jersey, reappointed. James W. Keyes, postmaster at Springfield, Illinois, in

Jersey, reappointed. James W. Keyes, postmaster at Springfield, Illínois, in Jace of Issac R. Diller, whose commission expires 29th March 1857. Jack Decks, postmaster, at Quincy, Illinois, reap-

oonted. Peter Sweat, postmaster at P∞oria, Illinuis, reappointed. John J. Maier, postmaster at Fort Wayue, Indiana, reap-

pointed. Augustin Olivera, of California, to be receiver of public moneys at Los Angeles, California, in the place of Andreas Pico, whose commission expires on the 29th instant. John K. Henry, of Alabama, to be register of the land office at Greenville, Alabama, in the place of Eldridge fiftice at Greenville, Alabama, it the place of Eldridge iarduer, whose commission expires on the 4th proximo. William W. Gift, of California, respondend, to be register of the land office at Bonicia, California, his previous term of office having expired. Bengamin Lloyd, of Alabama, to be receiver of public monets at Greenville, Alabama, the William W. Fambro.

noneys at Greenville, Alabama, vice William W. Fambro, esigned, to take effect on the 1st of April, 1857. James N. B. Dodson, of Missouri, to be register of the and office at Wars w, Missouri, vice Asa C. Martin, whose ommission has expired. James C. Tappan, of Arkansas, reappointed receiver of public moneys at Helena, Arkansas, his previous term of

public moneys at Helena, Arkansas, his previous term of office having expired. John B. Cloutier, of Louisiana, reappointed register of the land office at Natchitoches, Louisiana, his previous

he hand omce at Natchitoches, Louisina, his previous run of office having expired. Edward Conner, of Illinois, reappointed receiver of pub-c moneys at Springfield, Illinois, his previous term of fice having expired. John Connelly, sr., of Illinois, respointed register of the and office at Springfield, Illinois, his previous term of office aving expired. aving expired. William W. Lewis, of Arkansas, reappointed register of he land office at Batesville, Arkansas, his previous term

office having expired. Charles L. Emerson, of Minnesota Territory, to be sur-eyor general of the United States for the district of Min-

esota. Walter H. Harvey, of California, to be register of the land from the Angulas California, vice Hilliard P. Dorsey, whose commission will expire on the 25th instant. Joseph P. Ament, of Missouri, reappointed receiver of public moneys at Palmyra, Missouri, his previous term of office having expired. Thomas J. Bishop, of Missouri, to be receiver of public moneys at Springfield, Missouri, vice Henry Fulbright,

whose commission has expired. Michael Antiparticle and the service of public moneys at Ionia, Michigan, vice be receiver of public moneys at Ionia, Michigan, vice Frederick Hall, whose commission has expired. Gideon G. Westegtt, postmaster at Philadelphia, Penn-sylvania, in place of John Miller, whose commission expires April 1, 1857.

April 1, 1857. George F. Hambright, postmaster at Rockford, Illinois, in place of C. J. Hodgeman, removed. Edward L. Strohedger, postmaster at Macon, Georgia, in place of James A. Nisbet, resigned. Joseph McCormick, postmaster at Baton Rouge, Louis-an, reappointed.

na, reappointed. Richard Elward, postmaster at Natchez, Mississippi, re ppointed. C. R. Dickson, postmaster at Jackson, Mississippi, reap win H. Carroll, postmaster at Memphis, Tennessee, re-Augustus Gassaway, postmaster at Annapolis, Maryland, eappointed. R. L. Clow, postmaster at Princeton, New Jersey, reapoointed. W. A. Benjamin, postmaster at Trenton, New Jersey, eappointed. Charles T. Gray, postmaster at Newark, New Jersey, eappointed. Mrs. Mary Berard, postmaster at West Point, New York,

eappointed. Douglas A. Danforth, postmaster at Burlington, Vermont, Jong and A. Dation, postmaster at Newport, Rhode Jeland, James Atkinson, postmaster at Newport, Rhode Jeland, in place of Joseph Joslin, whose commission expires 8th April, 1857. Jason Case, postmaster at Circlerille, Ohio, reappointed John L. Tuthill, postmaster at Lancaster, Ohio, reap

John L. Tutinii, postinaster at Lancaster, our, our, pointed. Isaiah Rynders, to be marshal for the southern district of New York from the 30th of March, when the commission of the present incumbent will expire. Jacob S. Yost, to be marshal for the eastern district of Pennsylvania from the 29th of March, when the commission of the present incumbent will expire. Angustus Schell, to be collector of customs at the port of New York, in place of II. J. Redfield, resigned, the ap-pointment to take effect from the 30th of June. Emanuel B. Hart, to be surveyor at the port of Nev ork from the 30th of March, when the commission of the meant incomplexity will continue

#### The Abolition Candidates. WILHOT, MILLWARD, VEECH and J. J. LEWIS

The Albany Argus has an able article or will find it an up hill business to run against this subject in reply to some observations by the Democratic candidates, especially after the Journal. We extract from it the follow

> But when and by whom was the doctrine deed in 1834 by Chief Justice Daggett

The Democratic candidates, Messrs. PACK- officially announced by William EE, STRICKLAND and ELLIS LEWIS, are true, when Attorney General of the United States and tried men, of pure patriotism and undoubted integrity. The people of Pennsylvania know them to be honest and capable, devoted to the Constitution and its requirements, and they will endorse their nomination at the polls, in October next, by an old-fash-Abolitionism has had its day in our midst

-but that day passed upon the election of Mr. BUCHANAN to the Presidency, never more to After the above was in type we were very

sorry to learn that Chief Justice LEWIS declines the nomination for the Supreme Bench. The State Convention will have to select some good man in his place.

### Gen. Wm. F. Packer.

The greatest degree of satisfaction is pressed by the united press of the State with he nominations for State officers. Even our opponents have been obliged to "cave in." and with such a leader as Hon. WM. F. PACKonly remains for the party to unite and the prospect of a glorious triumph in October is bright and cheering. The following notice of Gen. Packer, is from the Western (Beaver) Star :

"General Packer is a self made man. From a ' printer's devil.' he has worked his way up to the high position he now occupies. Real worth has given him the position he has occu-He is an honest, upright man, one whom the people can trust. He has had ample opportunities of becoming intimately acquainted with the affairs of the State, as he has had the training that will fit him for doing what he knows the good of the people requires. He was one of the most efficient embers that was in the Canal Board, and certainly no man ever performed the duties of Auditor General more efficiently than Mr. Packer. His Legislative career, both in the House and the Senate was brilliant and reflected the highest honors upon him. He is remembered as one of the most prompt and judicious Speakers that ever presided over the deliberations of the House of Representatives. He has a moral character and a political record above reproach. He will visit this county, during the campaign, and, we are sure, will show by his public speech, that he sure, will show by his public speech, that he is qualified for the position of Governor of this great Commonwealth.

### The Land Offices.

There are fourteen land offices in the Western States and Territories, in each of which some three or four offices with moderate salaries may be filled by the present administration. Some thirty-five or forty appointments may be made for those places. The salaries are not large, and one would suppose the calendar would not be crowded. Yer, it is said, there are nearly two thousand applicants for positions as registers, recorders, receivers, and so forth, in them. Relatives of Senators. Representatives, Governors, and all sorts of "influential" men, are after them eagerly and clamorously. The Pittsburg Post asks why is this? Simply because those posts, worth little in themselves, so far as the salaries are concerned, will enable speculators to "go west" at the public expense, and occupy the very best positions for making profitable investments in public lands. They are points from which the best "chances" can be discovered and secured. They give position in a

ork from the over of the spire. S. B. Phinney, collector of the customs for the district of larnstable, Massachusetta, responded. new territory, and a good starting point for success in speculations. Yet, strange to say, it is well understood that the policy of the administration will be quote from distinguished Agricultural Jourto make at least half of the thirty or forty ap- nals in regard to the Colombian Guano they pointments from the resident population in the advertise.

Are Negroes Citizens?

they leave the infected region of the north and ing paragraphs:

that colored men are not citizens first officially decided ? Not during the present month by the Supreme Court in Dred Scott's case. Not in 1838 by the Supreme Court of Tennesse in the case of the State vs. Lovelace. Nor in Prudence Crandall's case. It had an earlier. and doubtless in the estimation of the Journal

more distinguished origin. It was first Wirt in 1821 -and lest the Journal's recollection should be at fault in relation to that learned and distinguished Jurist and Christian gentleman. we add, that he is the same WILLIAM WIRT whom the Journal afterwards in 1832 support ed as the anti Masonic candidate for the Pres-idency! It is true that his official advice to Mr. Monroe's administration not to recognize free negroes as "citizens of the United States" set the Journal to "howling and shrieking," but strange as it may now seem, the howls

and shricks were in favor of his election to the highest office within the gift of the American ple! We proceed to state the views which Mr. Wirt put forth on this subject, and invite to them the especial attention of the Journal : The navigation laws of the United States required that masters of vessels should be citizens. Under this statute a question arose

in the Treasury Department whether a free negro of Virginia was a citizen of the United States, and therefore entitled to be placed in The point was referred command of a vessel. by the then Secretary of the Treasury to the Attorney General of the United States in the following form :--- "Whether free persons of color are, in Virginia, citizens of the United States, within the intent and meaning of the ER, the Democracy have nothing to fear. It acts regulating foreign and coasting trade, so

as to be qualified to command vessels?" To this query Mr. Wirt gave an official reply in a letter to the Secretary of the Treasury, dated November 7, 1821, from which we make the following extracts: Looking to the Constitution as the standard

of meaning, it seems very manifest that no person is included in the description of citizen of the United States who has not the full rights of a citizen in the State of his residence. Among other proofs of this, it will be sufficient to advert to the constitutional provision that the citizens of each State shall be entitled to all the privileges and immunities of citizens in the several States." Now if a person born and residing in Virginia, but possessing none of the high characteristic provisions of

a citizen of the State, is nevertheless a citizen f Virginia, in the sense of the Constitution, then, on his removal to another State, he acquires all the immunities and privileges of a citizen of that State, although he possessed none of them in the State of his nativity; a consequence which certainly could not have in the contemplation of the Convention. Again : the only qualification required by the United States, is, that he will be "a citizen of the United States" of a given age and resiisfy the requisitions of age and residence as rights and privileges of a white man) are ufficient to make him a "citizen of the United States" in the sense of the Constitution, then

tree negroes and mulattoes are eligible to hose high offices, and may command the purse and sword of the nation. Mr. Attorney General Wirt, after further discussing the subject, states his conclusion in the following words:

Upon the whole, I am of the opinion that free persons of color in Virginia are not citi-posed of notes of different amounts.-Salurday's Daily. zens of the United States, within the intent and meaning of the acts regulating foreign and coasting trade, so as to be qualified to

command vessels. We submit to an honest public, whether the attempt of the Black Republican press to stir up the prejudices of the people against the U. S. Supreme Court, for deciding what Wirt in 1821, and Dagget in 1834, endorsed as the true construction of the Constitution. is not a bare-faced imposture, and whether we have spoken too severely of it, in characterizing it as mere "howling and shrieking" for the

## Colombian Guano.

The attention of our subscribers is directed to the advertisement in this paper of Messre. Richards & Miller, of Philadelphia; and we

### CITY AND COUNTY AFFAIRS.

DEATH OF ELLIOTT E. LANE.-Our citizens were shocked on Thursday morning last by the announce ment of the sudden death of the above named gentleman. Many were not aware of his being ill, and, indeed, he had Many were not aware of his being ill, and, ind een only slightly so for a day or two, but on Thursday morning he was attacked with much violence, and breathed his last about 9 o'clock. He died of inflammation of the owels. Mr. Lane was a nephew of President Buchanan and the late John N. Lane, and a brother of Miss Harriet Lane. He was much esteemed for his social qualities, and possessed many excellent traits of character. His age was about thirty four years, and he was a native of Mercarsburg, Franklin county, in this State. His death has cast a deep toom over a large circle of friends and acquaintances His remains were deposited in the Lancaster Cemetery on Sunday, and were followed to the grave by a large incourse of people. The funeral service was performed by the Rev. Dr. Bowman, of St. James' Episcopal Church, d it was of a most solemn and impressive character

ALLEGED HORSE THIEF ARRESTED .- A MAN, calling himself Soirer, came to this city yesterday evening with a grey horse and wagon, with a green body, which he offered for sale, and finally sold them<sup>5</sup>to Mr. George Kreiner for \$50-borse, wagon, harnoss and all-which was evidently far below their value. He stated that he came from Havre de Grace, Maryland. The circumsta coming to the knowledge of Officer Gormley, he set abou xamining into the affair, and learned that instead of having come from towards Havre de Grace, he had come down the Harrisburg turnpike, which fact strengtheaed the suspicion that there was requery in the affair, and he ommenced a search for the man, who was finally arrested at the railroad as he was about getting into the cars going west, and taken before Alderman Van Camp. by whom he was committed to prison to await a further hearing.

His answers to the questions propounded to him by the Alderman were very evasive, and he contradicted himself several times. He gave the names of different individuals. in Cumberland county, who, he said, would give recom mendations of his good character-stating that his last residence has been in Hampton township, in that county About \$39 of the money was obtained from him, in addition to a Colt's revolver, and other articles which he had purchased with the money. He did not have any particula objection to go to prison, for the reason, as was remarked, that he knew blusself innocent, and was cortain that he would be cleared. The fellow's whole conduct was such as to give the impression that he was an old offender, and created the impression that he is guilty. His re hearing will take place as soon as information can be obtained from certain quarters, that he desired to be got-probably Monday or Tuesday.

It will be looked for with interest, from the fact that light may be elicited thereby, in regard to the recent horse thieving operations in our county. It may be that this is one of the depredators who have rendered themselves so obnexious, and, if so, a clue may be found to his accom plices - Saturday's Intan'i Daily.

DARING HIGHWAY ROBBERY .--- On Thursday last as Messra. Henry Swope and J. Erb were returning from this city to their residences below Intercourse, they were met at the junction of the road which leads to the homes, by two men, who demanded their money. Mr. Erb increeded in getting off, but Mr. Swope was less fortunate -the villains relieving him of \$2,050, eighteen hundred of which, we understand, he had received in one of our City Banks the same afternoon. It is to be hoped that these Penitentiary birds will be captured.

A Born Romany -- Mr. Honry Swone, the gentleman whom we have mentioned as having been robbed near Intercourse, called at our office to-day, and confirms the account. He had in his pocket, at the time he was attacked, about \$2,050, the whole of which was taken, with Constitution to render a person eligible as the exception of ten dollars, that was not in the same President, Senator, or Representative of the pocket with the rest. \$1.820 of this money had been obtained from the Farmers' Bank of this city, the same day, on checks d awn by A. R. & A. L. Witmer. The gentler lence. Free negroes and mulattoes can sat- in company with Mr. Swope, was Mr. Jacob Eby, a neighbor, who had been with him to this city. The approach ell as the white man; and if nativity, resi. of the robbers was so unexpected and bold, that he immedence, and allegiance combined, (without the | diately started to his heels and ran away for his life, leaving his companion at the mercy of the thieves, who were armed with pistols, and pointing them to their victim's breast. searched his pocket for the money-having obtained which ihey decamped. The whole movement was so sudden that Mr. Swope did not have an opportunity to defend himself. A reward of \$500 is offered for the recovery of the money, and the arrest of the thieves, who, we hope, will be brought

to summary justice. We may add that \$1,000 of the sum taken was in \$100 dollar bills, of the Farmers' Bank; \$800 in \$50 dollar bills, and one \$20 bill of the same bank. The remainder of the money was on different banks, and com

BARN BURNT .- On last night week the barn of Martin Eckman, in Warwick township, was set on. fire and entirely consumed, with all the hay and grain, besides a number of cattle. The family were asleep when the fire broke out, and were only awakened in time to rescue the horses from the stable before the whole building was enveloped in flames. It was, beyond all doubt, the work of an incendiary.

I. O. O. F.-Lancaster Lodge, No. 67, at its stated meeting, on Thursday evening last, elected the following officers to serve for the next six months :

N. G.-Peter Hill. V. G.-H. A. Rockafield, Secretary-J. Messersmi

V.G.-H. A. KOCKABEIG. Scoretary-J. Messorsmith Westhaeffer. Recording Secretary-John Ives Hartman. Treasurer-Charles M. Erben. Truttees-John Lippincott, James L. Reynolds, John

Appeal Comu

The officers will be installed on Thursday evening n by D. D. G. M. JACOB M. WESTHARFPER CONTRACT AWARDED. - The contract for building the Newton Hamilton Dam, on the Juniata line the State Canal, has been awarded to Col. WILLIAM M. WILEY, of this city, at \$13,475. The Col. is fully competent

most contemptible partizan purposes?

vicinity of offices. Judge, then, of the num-

rant its future use. We have seen highly satisfactory analizations of this Guano by dis-

tinguished Chemists, amongst whom are A.

more; A. A. Hays, of Boston; J. A. Chilton

of New York; James C. Booth and F. A. Genth, of Philadelphia; but it is not in our

The article has assumed sufficient impor

tance to require the establishment of an

extensive agency in Philadelphia, and we

therefore refer to Richards & Miller. No. 92.

Pamphlets, giving full particulars, may

Hotel, at Washington, as is also Col. May

who took La Vega's guns and made him pris

The Editor's Book Table.

The Publisher, T. B. Peterson, 102 Chesnut street, Phil-

The scenes of the Border Rover is in the Territory of Kan-

all over the plains and prairies to the Rocky Mountains.

It is full of thrilling adventures and hair breadth escapes,

ve, romance and humor, and the characters are trappers

raders, hunters, travellers, guides, indians, &c., &c. Fur

ents of actual occurrence, and those wishing to see Kansas

is it was a few years since, will find in this most exciting

PUTNAM'S MONTHLY, for April has been received. Its

ontents ever warying, ever new, always containing some

thing new. Besides it is a truly American publication-

all its articles being writteh by writers in our own coun

try. The Chinamen, embellished with cuts; tales, also

lustrated; as well as other pieces make it more attractive

or the same author, will look forward to this new story

with eager interest Complete in one large duodecimo

volume neatly bound in cloth, for \$1,25; or in two volumes.

to any part of the United States, on remitting the price to

the publisher.

tory some very accurate and valuable information.

ermore; the scenes are geographically correct, the inci-

THE BORDER ROVER; by Emerson Bennett, author

"Clara Moreland," "The Prairie Flower," &c. &c.

It must be pleasant as well as sugges-

\_\_\_\_

rovince to give details.

1\_\_\_\_

hotel.

nowden Piggot and David Stewart, of Balt-

ellinger. Chaplain-William F. Schuler.

State Committee: Dear Sir:-At the late Democratic State Convention the local claims of the different sections of the State we very, in principle and practice. Forty years the local claims of the different sections of the State were generously waired for the purpose of securing my contin-uance in the high and important office of Suprems Judge. The onergy with which those claims are now urged for the vacancy recently vacuted on the Suprems Bench, shows the ago, although never wealthy, he freed every negro in his possession, and has paid servants ever since. They were all valuable, and one, his body servant, has been the head waiter of the largest hotel in Baltimore for many years.

the ruinous effects of mere revenue duties, and their stereotyped croakings upon "closed rolling mills," " furnaces out of blast," "thousands of hands thrown out of employment.' &c., will have to give place to encomiums upon the policy of "Free Trade." It is an undeniable fact that WILMOT, the woolly nomince for Governor, is the bitter opponent of the protective policy to which those who placed him in nomination so long adhered .--What say our iron masters? What say our manufacturers of the nomination of the Abo lition Free-Trader? What have the tariff men to sav?

#### Hon, Robert J. Walker.

This gentleman is unquestionably one of the greatest and most sagacious statesmen of the age, and his appointment as Governor of Kansas shows the wisdom and discrimination of the President in reference to the trouble in Kansas. If it is possible for any man in the country to bring order out of chaos in that ill fated Territory, and place its affuirs party. It is a rule we act on in the selection on a proper foundation, Governor WALKER is the man to do it. Mr. BUCHANAN could not with reference to them, we see no reason why have made a better selection had he searched the country over for a month.

#### The Fusion Repudiated.

A large and enthusiastic meeting of Americans, was held at the Sons of America Hall, corner of Seventh and Sansom streets. Phila delphia, on Friday evening last, in which strong resolutions were passed denouncing the proceedings of the Black Republican State Convention. The President of the meeting was authorized to appoint a committee of twenty-four, with the view of re-organizing for the State campaign. The idea is to call a State Convention to nominate a full straight out American ticket, in opposition to Black Republicanism in particular, and all other sectional isms in general. During the speeches made it was asserted that at least 65,000 votes in the State of Pennsylvania could be depended on in the next fall campaign for the straight out American ticket.

Hon. James B. Clay.

This gentleman has been tendered the Mission to Berlin, by the President-but, it is hear the first Democrat complain of the rule. said, declines the appointment. The compli- It seems to be understood and readily acquiment on the part of Mr. BUCHANAN was ex- esced in. And by the way, it is but carrying ceedingly appropriate, as an evidence of his out the spirit of most of our constitutions high appreciation of the patriotic position of the Old Line Whigs in the late Presidential offices may be held by any one person. The contest, and his readiness thus to honor a son policy is beneficial in many respects. It is a of Kentucky's greatest statesman. It is to be regretted that Mr. CLAY declines to accept the growing careless by undisturbed possession, proffered honor, as he possesses undoubted and financial security : it is an incentive to qualifications for the responsible post, and the "Outs," to induce continued faithfulness would do his country honor at the Court of and untiring exertion. It prevents the pride Prussia.

The New Castle Bank Failure.

Pa., failed a few days ago, in consequence of priety of rotation, the disappearance of its cashier, Mr. Wagonseller, with some \$50,000 of its funds. It cause disappointment to many ; for all appliappears that the Bank had only been in exis- cations cannot be favorably considered. But tance about eighteen months, and that it was all should remember that if they do not reorganized by a Wall Street broker, through deive commissions they are deprived of nothing whose operations it became seriously involved. which they had a right to, and that their The assets are said to be nominally \$200,000, successful rivals may have had stronger claims but may prove not worth one fourth. As the of which they are ignorant. Of course it is ascertained losses amount to but \$70,000 or expected that Mr. Buchanan will remember \$80,000, and the stockholders are individually and reward those who have long been his firm liable for the redemption of all the notes is- and consistent friends, in preference to other sued, we presume there will be no loss to the equally true Democrats. note holders.

On Wednesday last, Wagonseller, the absconding cashier, was arrested at a house of ill fame in Philadelphia, by an officer from attachment honored. We have no doubt Mr. Pittsburg, and taken to Mercer county for trial:

Yacancy recently vacated on the Supreme Bench, shows the extent of the sarrifices then made, and the nature of the dissatiation which may exist after one section shall be gratified and the other disappointed by the anticipated nomination. The Convention, when reassembled, might be able to harmonize these claims, if that body had two nominations to make, instead of one. I therefore feel at liberty to decline, as I now do, the re-nomination tendered to me by the Democratic State Convention. In thus promoting harmony, I consult my own earnest desire to retire from judicial life, and at the same time put the delegates to no inconvenience, as they will be obliged to come together again for the purpose of nominating a candidate to fill the existing vacancy.

fill the existing vacancy. I have been laboriously engaged in judicial duties nearly twenty-four years—a longer period of service than that of any living Judge in Peonsylvanja. I have been thus en-gaged under three changes of the Constitution. I have aided to the extent of my abilities in bringing up the ar-tearages of business, in replacing upon their ancient foundations some of the landmarks of the law which had been inadvertently removed, and in maintaining the purity and the independence of the Judiciary. I have constantly endeavored to do justice without delay, fear, favor, affection or illwill. I now occupy, by the volce of the people of my native State, the highest judicial station in it. My long career as a Judge has received the approbation of the Democratic party in the re-nomination so generously and that sifted. I have but one wish left, and that is to return to the freedom and independence of private life.— I do this with a grateful heart for the long continued con-fidence of my fellow citizens, and in the full trust that they will appreciate and approveron my motives. Very recepctivally, yours, ELLIS LEWIS. Retation in Office.

Rotation in Office.

Rotation in office seems to have become a settled principle of policy in the Democratic

of National and State officers, and if it is good its application to their appointees should affect its soundness. It is a rule against which no office holder has a right to complain. For he holds the office by suffrage and not by right. Places of profit and trust, in this country, are the birthright of no class, they belong to none, but are open to the ambition of all. Those who attain them should remember that it was through the partiality of the people or the people's servants, and that they were promoted as a reward for past fidelity and a mani festation of public confidence. They should not be deluded into the belief that they have

been made perpetual pensioners on government bounty. There are many other honest and deserving citizens who look for a like recognition and remuneration of their devotion and labors. And unless the rule of rotation were observed there would be but one set in a life time permitted to wear the robes of official dignity.

President Buchanan has declared his determination to adhere to this practice in the distribution of his patronage. We have yet to which limit the length of time, which certain

check upon the "Ins," preventing them from which attaches to dignities long possessed, and looked upon as the rightful property of the holders. We are glad to see those now The Bank of New Castle, Lawrence co., filling the offices, so cheerfully admit the pro-

> But even the observance of this rule will This would be but carrying out the natural promptings of a grateful heart. And it would be a cause that would be approved by all who love to see

> strong friendships remembered and steadfast Buchanan's appointments will give general satisfaction .- Pittsburg Union.

"Judge Taney has always been the truest friend of the black man, and it is related by a contemporary that the most eloquent speech he ever made was at the Frederick county bar, in defence of a little negro girl, in which he thrilled his auditors by exalting the happy construction of our courts and the justice of our laws in allowing the circuit to be stopped in order to give that poor little Legro her rights and her lawful protection. And although the little creature had most likely committed crime, Mr. Taney's eloquent appeal rescued her from the vengeance of the law. Thus have all his acts, public and private, been characterized by justice and generosi-

### tv.' Congressional Mileage. A Washington letter-writer says the announcement that Mr. Kelsey had proposed

a bill for the reduction of mileage was prema ture, although the subject will shortly come. The following facts and figures, from the Sergeant-at-Arm's book are not without interest in this connection. The entire amount of mileage paid to the representatives and delegates in the House was \$191,156. Of this amount, there was paid to the seven delegates rom Territories, who have no votes, as folows: Anderson, of Washington, 7.450 miles \$5,960 ; Bernheisel, Utah, 3,225 miles, \$2,557 Chapman, Nebraska, 2,530 miles, \$2,024 Gallegos, New Mexico, 2,776 miles, \$2,212; Lane, Oregon, 7,450 miles, \$5,960; Rice,

Minnesota, 2,344 miles, \$2,875; Whitfield Kansas, 2,645 miles, \$2,116. Of the Representatives, the largest mileage was that of Denver, of California, who received \$5,806 40; Mr. Bowie, of Maryland, received \$16,60 Herbert, of California, received \$5.682 40: the thirty-seven members who are included within two hundred and fifty miles distance from the Capitol received in the aggregate not as much as either the Delegate from Oregon, or

one of the members from California, viz: \$5,-136. The average mileage to each member was \$789 18. 4

#### Wholesale Poisoning. Either the public is unnecessarily alarmed, or there is a good deal of unwholesome food for sale this year. It is known that the late

freshets East and West of us drowned large numbers of cattle, sheep and hogs. It is now reported that a regular business has been done in recovering their bodies and selling them for meat in the cities. A large business of that kind has been done at New Albany and elsewhere; and we find in the Indianapolis Journal, of the 27th ult., the following : "A gentleman called at our office on Tuesday evening to say that he had been informed on

Monday, by Jesse T. Matlock, of Hendricks county, that five hundred hogs, which had died of hog cholera in that county, had been brought to Indianapolis; that some of those who brought them had informed him that they proposed selling some of the hams, the lard from other portions, and the meat of other

portions made into Bologna sausages; that one individual who had lost five, buried them to keep his other hogs from them, and afterwards brought them to this city." It is hard indeed if there can be no law t punish such miscreants. Those who purchase food pay exhorbitant prices for it, and yet know not whether it is sound or diseased

is no wonder sickness prevails so generally in ned at any Their food may be pois cities. time by scamps who cannot be detected and Let the lovers of Bologna sausages punished. remember that hogs that died of cholera are made up into them.-Cin. Enquirer.

Myer Jacobs, surveyor of the customs for the district of harleston, South Carolina, reappointed. William Medill, from May 1, 1857, to be First Comptroller the Treasury, vice Elisha Whittlesey, resigned. Hamilton Stewart, collector of the customs, Galveston, over, composited exss, reappointed. John Boston, collector of the customs, Savannah, Geor-

gia, reappointed. William N. Peden, naval officer, Wilmington, North William B. Flanner, surveyor of the customs, Wilmingon. North Carolina, reappointed. William C. Barker, surveyor of the customs, Providence, Rhode Island, respeciated. Asa Gray, Surveyor of the customs, Tiverton, Rhode Island, reappointed. Gordon Forbes, surveyor of the customs, Yeocomico 'irginis, reappointed. Isaac Hutchinson, surveyor of the customs, Evansville, ndiana, reappointed. Daniel Waan, surveyor of the customs, Galena, Illinois, appointed. James W. Simmons, surveyor of the customs, Copano exas, vice II. D. Norton, resigned. D. Norton, resigned. March 27.—Hon. Robert J. Walker's ac Hashinoto, half a first house we want to be a first of the second to be a second of Secretary of State of Kansas. Daniel Stephens has been re-appointed Postmaster at Elmira, New York, and John E. Hunt, at Toledo, Ohio. Nathaniel A. Balch, Postmaster at Kalamazoo, Michigan, rice Devoe, whose commission will soon expire. Cornelius O. Flynn, Postmaster at Detroit, Michigan, rice Brodhead, whose commission will soon expire.

ce Brodhead, whose commission will soon expire. John Morris. Postmaster at Baltimore, Md., vice Davies, hose commission will soon expire.

The Black Republican Nominations. The Black Republican Convention, which

has just closed its session at Harrisburg, has presented to the people of Pennsylvania, on their State ticket, a list of names for their favorable consideration which are most obnoxious, and, unless we are greatly mistaken, it will meet with a crushing rebuke next fall from the freemen of Pennsylvania. The persons named on this ticket are well known, but their's is an unenviable notoriety. Pennsylvania can never disgrace herself by placing such men in office. Bad men may be smuggled through Conventions and Legislatures by fraud and corruption; but never, when they are fully known, can they receive the suffrages of the

masses.

We look upon the nomination of Wilmot. and his associates on the Black Republican

ticket, as sealing the fate of the opposition in the coming election. If the Democracy go to work in earnest, we may scratch the word "fail" from our vocabulary. In noticing these nominations, the Philadelphia News, (K. N.) uses the following language. That portion of it referring to Mr. Millward, must be quite refreshing to that gentleman:

"Wilmot and Lewis are well known as outand-out Republicans, of the most ultra stripe, vho are, in truth, nothing more nor less than Abolition demagogues. Both are Loco Foco radicals, in favor of free trade, and have not a single sentiment or feeling in common with he conservative views of the American party. Veech was formerly a Whig, then an Ameri-can, and is now a Republican, having acted with that party for Fremont last Fall. As for Millward, an apostate, he is known here, and wherever he is known, it will be fully un derstood that this nomination, for an office for which he is notoriously unfit, is his reward for base treachery to the Fillmore cause, and a shameless attempt to betray the American party into the hands of Black Republicanism. His selection, as a pretended peace offering to

the Americans in this community, is a flagrant insult, and will be so treated by them.'

The Rochester Union says that Hon. ). B. Matteson is not expected to recover from the attack of the epidemic from which he was suffering when he returned to Utica from Washington, Hon. C. C. Chatfield, a well known Democratic politician of Illinois, and Senator Bayard, of Delaware, are dangerously ill of the National Hotel epidemic.

DEMOCRATIC VICTORY .- On Friday week, the Democratic ticket in the city of Reading, was triumphantly elected throughout, by about 300 majority. This city has been in the hands of the enemy tor several years and they have now been fully and completely routed. Reading has long been the only dark spot in old Berks. Of course we mean politically.

### ber of *dis*-appointments. Spain and Mexico.

The London Times says that a war between Spain and Mexico would appear to be almost certain. The Spanish Ministry has addressed note to the representatives of Spain at the European Courts explaining the quarrel .--Having mentioned the murders and robberies committed on the persons and goods of Spanish subjects residing in Mexico, by the soldiers of Gen. Alvarez, the note declares that the Spanish Government does not desire to make the people and the Government of Mexico responsible for these atrocious acts, if the Mexican Government would only take ener getic steps to ropair them. In this spirit the Spanish legation in Mexico had been instructed to demand from the Mexican Government the punishment of the offenders and the in-

South Front St., Philadelphia, where farmers demnification of the Spanish subjects who and others can be satisfactorily accomodated." have been the victims. But at the same time, also be had at this office. fearing that the demand is not complied with, the Spanish Government has ordered the de INTERESTING REUNION.-General La Vega the Mexican General, is stopping at Willard's parture of vessels of war and troops from Havana in sufficient strength for the protection of Spanish subjects. Five vessels of war, with troops, likewise leave Spain to reinforce the oner at Palo Alto: and to complete the curious reunion, Col. Magruder, to whom May handed squadron at the Havanna. The expedition La Vega over for safe keeping is at the same will altogether consist of thirty vessels of war, and will have a numerous army on board .-tive to see these warriors assembled at the The Spanish Government deplores the necessame dinner table, hobnobbing in a friendly way, and popping champaign corks instead of nine-pounders.—Richmond Dispatch. sity of resorting to such measures towards a nation united to Spain in blood, language, and

religion; but it hopes every body will understand the obligation it is under to avenge the national dignity.

### Governor Geary's Address.

delphia, has furnished us with a copy of this work. We direct the attention of our readers to Perhaps it is enough to say of the Border Rover, that it the farewell address of Governor Gearv. s one of Emerson Bennett's best productions, and will be re to delight all readers who were pleased with the Prai to the people of Kansas, published on our first ie Flower and Clara Moreland, to which it may be considpage. It is an admirable production, and companion-the scenes and incidents being something milar, yet the story totally unlike either of the others.should be read by every person in the Union.

A VIRGINIA EMIGRANT IN LIBERIA.-The Philadelphia Ledger has a letter from Liberia, written by Henry Tyler, one of the emigrants in the Herndon Company, from Fauquier county, Virginia, who sailed in the Colonization Society ship Euphrasia, from Baltimore, November, 1854. He received his freedom on the payment of about one third of what his master could have sold him for, that he might accompany his wife and children, emancipated by the heirs of a neighboring estate, to Libe ria He says :

"I have seen a great many much better

than ever. Terms, \$3 per annum. GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK for April has been received. situations than I expected, and am therefore and may well be called the "triumphant No." It contains greatly satisfied with the country. It is a fine. productive country. You can farm here from beautiful steel plate. "The Tablean." a fashion plate of one year's end to another, right straight ahead. five very pretty colored figures, a lady's collar printed in taking up one crop and putting down another. green and red, a travelling bag printed in blue, and a e rice, potatoes, cabbage, watermelons whole page of children's dresses for spring, together with and garden vegetables; also, hogs, sheep, cat-tle, ducks, turkeys and chickens, without any a large amount of reading matter. Terms \$3 per annum Address L. A. Godey, 113 Chesnut street, Philadelphia. AUTHOR'S LADY'S HOME MAGIZINE-This Magazine trouble. We have plantains, bananas, oranges. for April is a beautiful No. and contains a number of beau-tiful designs, Fashion Plates, &c. Also the continuation, emons and citrons. The land in general just like America, and is very easily cleared Miss Townsend's beautiful story "Look Out," and a and kept clean. The water in our wells and variety of other interesting and instructive articles.springs is very good, and there are many lit-Terms \$2 per annum. Address T. S. Arthur, 103 Walnut tle streams throughout the land. Sugar cane grows like corn in America, and we make sugar. My established home is Clay-Ashland, street, Philadelphia. "VIVIA-the Secret Power," is the title of another work about sixteen miles from Monrovia. from Mr. Peterson, just issued. It is from the pen of Mrs. I have a house and lot there. My farm land is about E. D. E. N. Southworth, whose reputation as a novelis a mile back from town, very good land, pro-ductive and well timbered. I have planted has been widely established by the numerous popular tales with which she has favored the public during the rice potatoes and other things." last few years. Those who have read the " Lost Heiress," "Missing Bride," "Retribution," "Curse of Clifton," &c.,

Congress at its last session authorized the construction of five additional sloops of war, and the force of seamen to be increased one thousand greater than the present maximum standard

"This article is gradually coming more in to undertake this important work, and we have no doubt the dam will be substantially built. to use amongst farmers. It has already estab-lished a favorable reputation, gaining decided confidence as a prominent fertilizer. Agriculturists in Maryland and adjoining

"DAT'S DE MAN."-Whilst making some purchases at Messre. Sprenger & Westhaeffer's, 33 North States, who have given it a trial, speak most usen street, the other day, a friend, whom we observed favorably of the practical results. An especial outside, holding a conversation with a sable son of Africa, desideratum is, its cheapness when compared came in and gave it to us verbatim. The colored gentle man was very intently gazing at the beautiful "picters" with Peruvian Guano, and its more lasting effect upon soils. The nutricious or fertilizin the window, one of which in particular attracted hi ing ingredients of this fertilizer cannot be

"Can you tell me if dat's de man about whom dere's been disputed. It has already produced results sufficiently convincing and efficacious to war-rant its future use. We have seen highly so much talk, and had so big a funeral !" pointing to a portrait of Dr. Kane.

"Yes, that is the man, was our friend's answer "Well, would you please to tell me where he died ?"

"At Havana "Oh! yes! I believe dat's de man what made several xplosions "

"The same man," answered our friend, who, being un able to restrain his risibles any longer, left the colored gentleman highly pleased at the result of his inquiries.

HOW TO PREVENT CONSUMPTION-TRY THIS -If persons of a consumptive predisposition would have a speedy resort to some effectual medicine at the first approach of a Cough or Cold, there would be fewer deaths from this intractable disease : the fault is in delay ing until the disease seizes hold of the vital parts, when i is often too late. To check the first symptoms of the dis ease, we know of no remedy superior to Dr. Keyser's Pec-toral Syrup, for sale at Heinitsh's, 13 East King st.

----For the Intelligencer.

For the Intelligencer. Mrzszns. EDITORS :-Belleving your colurtas open for the reproof of wrong and the exposure of evidence therewish send you an account of some transactions connected with our recent township election. A grant many marcow-minoded persons are in much dread of having instituted a school for imparting a better quality of education than many of our schools alford. Owing to this fact, the elections for township officers are characterized by as violent partizan feeling as are the general elections, and the anti-graded school party are so determined as to reject as school direc-tors all persons who are known to be favorable to a higher grade of popular education. They even risk doing injury to the cause by placing in office men totally and utterly disqualified, as was the case on Friday, March 20. But what aggravates the offence against the intelligenco of this community, is the fact that one of the representa-tives, —a man who should use his utmost efforts to advance the cause of common school education,—not only voted for the obnotions candidates, but incited, by his most strenn-ous efforts, others to do the same. Not that we question the right of Mr. Hamilton to act as he pleases, but when a man occupies a public station he should, at least, exhibit common attender. Your do we censure the genetionmants course

the right of Mr. Hamilton to act as ho pleases, but when a man occupies a public station he should, at least, exhibit common strike. Not do we consure the gontioman's course in the election of U.S. Senator; but we do consure him for leaving his seat in Harriburg-his may still going on --and coming home to engage in the petty Sushess of electioneer-ing for township officers. Doublies he expects to be re-elected for another term to the Legislature; if so, he must not overstep proper bounds. I will not trespass upon your limits this time, bat if any thing occurs you will hear from me again. OBSERVER

PARADISZ, March 27th, 1857.

FLOUR AND GRAIN AT THE WEST. --- There is much inquiry in regard to the stock of Flour and Grain at the West, and on this point we condense the following from a private letter to a leading house of New York, dated Chicago, March 21. There are in store at Chicago, 37,000 barrels Flour, 730,000 bushels Wheat,

150,000 bushels Corn, and 144,000 bushel Oats. At Milwaukee, 56,000 bbls. Flour, and 593,000 bushels wheat. At Kenosha between two and three hundred thousand bushel Wheat, and at Racine abont the same quantity. The writer also expresses the opinion that half the wheat crop of Wisconsin is not

yet marketed, while the quantity in Illinois, is much larger than is generally stated. Chicago, Corn was taken at 48a50c for July. The crop of Wheat on the ground is also said by the same authority to be very promising.

A POLITICAL PREACHER DENOUNCED .--- The New York Observer (Presbyterian, Old School) notes Dr. Cheever's nullification discourse about the Dred Scott decision, and says :

"This preacher has taken more atrocious and treasonable ground than the most radical newspapers of the day. Whether we regard the decision of the Supreme Court as sound or not, we should be recreant to the plainest principle of the New Testament, we should be false to the government of God, and the civil government under which we live, if we did not express our unmingled abhorrence of the doctrine of resistance in this discourse. It is a disgrace to the city and to the nation, it is disgrace to the pulpit and to the religion of Christ, that a man professing the spirit of the gospel should thus prostitute the sacred desk; the ministerial character and the house of paper cover, \$1. Either edition will be sent free of postage, God."