Democratic State Convention at Harrisburg.

HARRISBURG, March 2.—The Democratic State Convention, to nominate candidates for Governor, Supreme Judge and Canal Commissioner, met in the Hall of the House of Representatives, at 10 o'clock this morning, and was called to order by Col. John W. Forney, Chairman of the State Central Committee.

Col. Forney, in performing this duty, made a brief address. He referred to the great triumph of the Democratic party of the country, last fall, in the election of James Buchanan, and the proud position the party in Pennsylvania had occupied in that great struggle. He made a delicate allusion to the recent defeat of the Democracy in the election of a United States Senator from Pennsylvania, and remarked that the usage of the party had been abused and the fruits of the great victory had been permitted to rot away under their feet. He rendered back to the representatives of the party the trust confided to him a year ago, and concluded by requesting some delegate to nominate a temporary Chairman.

Gen. Murray Whallon, of Erie, was thereupon nominated and chosen as Chairman, *pro. tem.*, and Gideon G. Westcott, of Philadelphia, and Alexander McKinney, of Westmoreland, appointed Secretaries.

On motion, a Committee of one delegate from each Senatorial District, was appointed by the delegations from the several districts, to report officers for a permanent organization.

The contested seats from the Tenth and Seventeenth Senatorial Districts, were considered and settled in favor of Charles M. Smyser from the Tenth District, and L. Ki Blood, from the Seventeenth District.

The Committee to select officers for the permanent organization of the Convention, returned and reported as follows:

PRESIDENT.

PHILIP JOHNSTON, of Northampton.

VICE PRESIDENTS.

George W. Nebinger,	H. L. Diffenbaugh,
Charles Worrell,	J. M. Gremmill,
W. A. Edwards,	Wallace Gevbert,
Peter Rambo,	John Blanding,
John G. Brenner,	F. W. Know,
A. H. Tipple,	W. P. Garvin,
Samuel Ringwalt,	Jonathan Ayres,
Edward Thomas,	W. H. McKee,
Wm. Patton,	S. H. Blackburn,
William M. Breslin,	Finley Patterson,
H. Alricks,	Daniel Weyand,
John A. Slater,	J. H. Crawford,
Charlton Burnett.	John Cummings,
J. B. Danner,	J. B. Searight,
John Ahl,	Isaac Ward,
John Haltzell,	Edward Flannery.

SECRETARIES.

J. H. Huey,	Jos Linsey,
Jno. Campbell,	E. H. Shaw,
E. L. Acker,	H. A. Boggs,
A. McKinney,	Dr. Brown.

The report of the Committee was adopted, and the President, on taking his seat, made a brief address, returning thanks for the honor conferred, and enjoined harmony of action, predicting another great triumph, next fall.

Mr. Shannon, of Alleghany, moved the appointment of a Committee on resolutions, consisting of one from each Senatorial District.

On motion of Mr. Cessna, the resolution was amended reducing the number of the Committee to seven.

Adjourned till half-past two o'clock.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Convention reassembled at half-past two o'clock, when the Committee on resolutions was announced, consisting of Messrs. Shannon, Buckalew, Workman, Westcott, Schreiver, Carrigan and another.

The Convention then proceeded to make nominations for candidates for Governor. A number of names were placed in nomination, and among them Hon. John L. Dawson and Gen. Seth Clover, which were subsequently withdrawn.

The first ballot for a candidate was then taken and resulted as follows:—

FIRST BALLOT.

William F. Packer	32
Samuel W. Black	25
William H. Witte	29
William Hopkins	14
J. Porter Brawley	13
Ephraim Banks	4
Francis W. Hughes	4
Samuel W. Bell	1
Isaac Slenker	1

Whole number of votes cast, 131—necessary to a choice, 66.

There being no choice the names of Messrs. Hughes, Brawley and Slenker were withdrawn.

SECOND VOTE.

Packer	38
Black	36
Witte	33
Hopkins	18
Banks	6

Whole number of votes cast, 133—necessary to a choice, 67.

The 3d, 4th, 5th, and 6th votes were nearly the same, Hopkins falling off to 5, and the other candidates severally gaining slightly.

SEVENTH VOTE.

Packer	49
Black	44
Witte	38
Hopkins	1

EIGHTH VOTE.

Packer	50
Black	44
Witte	38
Hopkins	1

NINTH VOTE.

Packer	49
Black	44
Witte	39
Hopkins	1

TENTH VOTE.

Packer	49
Black	44
Witte	39
Hopkins	1

A motion to adjourn till 7 o'clock was disagreed to, after which four other ballots were had resulting as follows:

	11th.	12th.	13th.	14th.
Packer	47	47	42	44
Black	40	36	36	39
Witte	32	39	39	40
Hopkins	9	11	16	10

After the 12th ballot, a motion was made to adjourn till 7½ o'clock, but disagreed to.—Yeas 54, nays 72.

After the 13th ballot, a motion was made to adjourn till 8 o'clock and lost.—Yeas 65, nays 67.

The Convention finally, after the 14th ballot, adjourned till half past eight o'clock.

EVENING SESSION.

The Convention met again at 8½ o'clock, when the fifteenth ballot was taken, and resulted as follows:—

FIFTEENTH VOTE.

Packer	47
Black	32
Witte	40
Hopkins	14

Mr. Cessna moved that on each successive ballot after the next, the lowest candidate shall be dropped.

Mr. Carrigan moved to lay the motion on the table.

The Chair decided the motion out of order. The motion must be postponed.

Mr. Cessna advocated his motion. If adopted one or the other of the candidates must be nominated in a few ballots. If the balloting continued as now, much longer, delegates would become embittered, and would say harsh things, to the injury of the prospects of the party.

Mr. Whallon opposed the motion.

Mr. McDowell hoped the proposition would prevail after another vote.

The whole subject was then postponed for the present, and the Convention resumed the balloting with the following result:

	16th.	17th.	18th.	19th.	20th.	21st.	22d.
Packer	48	49	54	57	59	60	61
Black	24	22	22	22	22	22	25
Witte	43	46	47	50	50	51	47
Hopkins	18	16	—	4	2	—	—

TWENTY-THIRD VOTE.

Packer	61
Witte	51
Black	21

TWENTY-FOURTH VOTE.

Packer	68
Witte	51
Black	14

Gen. William F. Packer having, on the twenty-fourth ballot, received a majority of all the votes cast, was declared duly nominated as the candidate for Governor.

The announcement was received with much applause, and a resolution was then offered and adopted to make the nomination unanimous.

HARRISBURG, March 3.—The Convention remained in session till half past 12 o'clock this morning.

The following is the vote for Governor on the 24th ballot:

FOR WILLIAM F. PACKER—Messrs. Alricks, Ahl, Baum, Brown, Blanding, Blood, Boyer, Buckalew, Bowman, Bower, Carl, Cessna, Cummings, Clover, Danner, Diffenbaugh, Evans, Finch, Flannery, Frost, Forney, Gemmil, Gilliland, Grier, Garvin, Hartzel, Hull, Hunter, Horn, Irwin, James, Jamison, Kulz, Knox, Kautz, Lauman, M'Cormick, (Montour,) M'Kinstry, M'Cormick, (Northumberland,) Moore, M'Curdy, Orr, Price, Patton, Pinkerton, Plumer, Patterson, Ringwalt, Sager, Smyser, Shriner, Smith, (Berks,) Shaw, Scarborough, Sharp, Schnable, Sloan, Stauffer, Steele, Seybert, Sherwood, Taylor, (Erie,) Thomas, Wunder, Woodruff, Ward, (Schuylkill,) Ward, (Susquehanna,) and Young, —68.

FOR WILLIAM H. WITTE—Messrs. Ayres, Acker, Allen, Borges, Brooks, Bucher, Brush, Burnett, Bonsall, Brenner, Campbell, Craig, Crawford, Carrigan, Deal, Danahower, Dillinger, Edwards, Esher, Hipple, Johnson, Killian, Lippincott, Lidsay, Morrison, Miller, Marlan, M'Kee, M'Dowell, M'Kinney, Morris, M'Mullin, Murray, Magee, M'Glency, Nebbinger, Reily, Rutledge, Rambo, Slater, Sturgeon, School, Swan, Tippin, Westcott, Whallon, Workman, Wolf, Worrell, Wood and Yeager—51

FOR SAMUEL W. BLACK—Messrs. Blackburn, Bruha, Breslin, Clarke, Dunn, Gibson, Huey, Herdman, McGee, Shannon, Searight, Sansom, Taylor, (Beaver,) and Weyand—14.

After effecting the nomination for Governor, the Convention proceeded to the nomination of a cadidate for Supreme Judge. Two ballots were taken, which stood as follows:

FIRST BALLOT.

Ellis Lewis	48
William Strong	37
Samuel Hepburn	20
Scattering	33

SECOND BALLOT.

Ellis Lewis	76
William Strong	47
Samuel Hepburn	10

The nomination was then made unanimous.

The Convention proceeded to ballot for Canal Commissioner with the following result, two ballots having been taken:

FIRST BALLOT.

Nimrod Strickland	52
David Laury	29
Joseph Clark	12
Scattering	29

SECOND BALLOT.

Nimrod Strickland	89
David Laury	33
Joseph Clark	6

All the opposing candidates withdrew their names before the vote was announced, and the nomination was made unanimous.

A committee was appointed to inform the cadidates of their nominations. Adjourned.

SECOND DAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

The Convention re-assembled at 3 o'clock this morning, when Mr. Shannon, from the committee appointed to draft resolutions, submitted the following:

Resolved, That as representatives of the great party founded by Mr. Jefferson, we salute our brethren of the other States with congratulations upon the auspicious and just result of the Presidential election, achieved by our united efforts and sacrifices, with the aid of patriotic men heretofore attached to other political bodies, and necessary, as we believe, to the honor and prosperity of our common country, and the continuance amongst us of the blessings of good government.

2d. That the course of recent political action in the American Union has clearly shown the usefulness and necessity of our party as a good conservative organization, able to resist and put down extreme and impracticable theories of government and social order—to preserve the constitutional compact between the States from loose and dangerous constructions, as well as open violations—to hold in check the passions of the country, when directed by local excitement or other cause against fundamental points of our political system, and to preserve to ourselves and to those who come after us, the rich and invaluable legacy of free and well ordered institutions established by our fathers.

3d. That to the existence and efficiency of our party adherence to its rules and usages is essential, and that right reason and experience prove that without such adherence, division, disaster and defeat are inevitable; all departures, therefore, from our party laws, in State or local action, are to be deprecated and resisted, as evidently fraught with elements of danger, injury, and even total destruction.

4th. That in behalf of the Pennsylvania Democracy, in addition to the re-affirmation of our past principles and policy, we announce as rules for our future action, the limitation of public expenditures, to moderate all necessary outlays—the sparing and careful grants to corporate power the enactment of laws in obedience to public opinion, rather than in advance or contempt of it—occasional and prudent amendments of the Constitution as experience may demonstrate them to be necessary to the welfare and protection of the people—the encouragement of virtue and intelligence as the supports of our political system—the rigid accountability of public servants and the cultivation of just and amicable relations with our sister States, without subserviency to the passions or policy of any of them, but with a frank concession of the constitutional and equal rights of each—these are grounds upon which, as heretofore, we propose to maintain the character of our Commonwealth as a free, powerful and illustrious member of the American Union.

5th. That we recommend to the support of the people, the candidates nominated by this Convention, as men of character and experience, well qualified for the posts to which they have been respectively named, and in the full assurance that if elected they will discharge their official duties with fidelity and success.

6th. That we congratulate the Democratic party and the country upon the triumphant election of James Buchanan and John C. Breckinridge to the Presidency and Vice Presidency of the United States, and that in view of the whole political history of Mr. Buchanan, rendered memorable by his steady and patriotic adherence to the Constitution and to the maxims of its fathers, we, the representatives of the Democratic party of the State, in full Convention assembled, do most confidently pledge to our brethren of the Union a wise, conservative and constitutional administration of the Government, under the guidance of a Pennsylvania President.

7th. That in the late proceedings, which resulted in the election of Simon Cameron to the U. S. Senate, the opposition to our party openly and shamelessly exhibited their lack of high principles of honor, their contempt for the known sentiment of the people, and their utter disregard of the character of the State, and together with the three apostates from our own party by whose aid the result was accomplished, should be every where denounced by all men of virtue and honor.

Mr. Cessna then moved to add the following which was adopted:

Resolved, That the thanks of the Democratic party of Pennsylvania are due and are hereby tendered to Col. John W. Forney, for the ability, energy and consummate tact exhibited by him in the discharge of the duties which devolved upon him in the late Presidential campaign, as Chairman of our State Central Committee, and although defeated by the basest treachery, he still occupies an eminent position in the great heart of the Keystone Democracy

The resolutions were adopted by acclamation.

General Packer, was introduced to the Convention, and expressed his gratefulness for the honor extended to him by the nomination, but he believed that the party in making it had looked not so much to the standard bearer as to the good old Democratic flag itself. He referred to the leading principle of the party, and pledged himself to maintain them intact, and to exert the best of his abilities in the conduct of the campaign to effect success in such a manner as would reflect no dishonor on himself or the Democratic party. His speech elicited the warmest applause.

On motion the Convention adjourned *sine die*.

ST. LOUIS CORRESPONDENCE.

FINE WEATHER AND HIGH RIVERS—NOMINATION FOR GOVERNOR—PROGRESS OF MR. STEWART, THE DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE—BANK AND RAILROAD BILLS IN THE LEGISLATURE—R. R. CONDUCTORS ARRESTED—KANSAS AFFAIRS—GOV. GEARY SUSTAINED—FOR WASHINGTON, &c., &c.

ST. LOUIS, March 3, 1857

We have had delightful weather during the whole of the past week. The rivers are all very high, and an immense amount of produce is daily arrivinz. From one end to the other of the levee there is one mass of goods, and it is with difficulty that an entrance to or an egress from the boats can be effected—hacks and drays crowd the open space, and all the streets leading to the river—in the vicinity of the business part of the city—present unusual activity. The spring thus far has opened with a rush, and the probabilities are a heavy trade will continue during the season. Business never was better. Our market is active, and prices rule high—particularly provisions, and it is believed that meats of all descriptions will range at still much higher figures. Receipts of grain are very heavy, and all find a ready market at remunerating prices.

The month opened yesterday with high and and violent winds. The cold weather is probably over with us, and the presumption is a very warm summer is in the prospective.

Robert M. Stewart, of St. Joseph, was, on Tuesday last, nominated, by the Democratic State Convention, as the candidate for Governor, in place of Gov. Polk, resigned.—Mr. Stewart is a staunch Democrat, and the opposition can hardly find a man in their ranks willing to run the race against him. If one such presents himself he must certainly love *defeat*, and most assuredly will meet with that defeat, unless something unforeseen turns up. Mr. Stewart is regarded by all the strongest man the Democrats could have nominated. We think there is scarcely a doubt of his election. Election first Monday in August. Gov. Polk has resigned, and, we believe, has already started for Washington. Mr. Jackson, the Lieut. Governor, now acts in Gov. Polk's place, and will continue to do so until his successor is elected.

Our Legislature has succeeded in passing the Bank and Railroad bills. The former gives to St. Louis a banking capital of $13,000,000, and the rest of the State $2,000,000—making in all $15,000,000. We will now have chartered some six or seven banks in this city. The Legislature will probably adjourn at the close of this week.

A suit has been brought against the Pacific Railroad Company, for damages in the sum of $10,000, by James McDermott, an employee on the road at the time of the Gasconade accident—over a year ago—and who received injuries therefrom.

Mr. Porter, ticket agent of the Pacific Railroad, at Jefferson City, has been arrested for embezzlement—he has given up $3,000, and implicates Messrs. Pride and Abbott, conductors on the road, who were also arrested, and the three are now in jail.

A U. S. soldier at the Arsenal, in a fit of insanity, threw himself into the river and was drowned. We have not learned his name.

The stock in the Citizens' Bank of New Orleans is said to be worth $170 share of $100 paid. The stock is worth more than that of any other bank in the United States.

The City Council, of Memphis, Tenn., offer $5,000 for the best "practical plan" of bridging the Mississippi at that point. There's a chance for somebody.

The Legislature of Michigan has appropriated the sum of $10,000 for the aid of the "needy settlers" in Kansas.—They also passed resolutions in favor of admitting Kansas as a Free State.

The corner stone of the monument to Henry Clay will be laid on the 12th of April next—his birth-day—at Lexington, Ky.

A bill in the Indiana Legislature to increase the legal rate of interest to 10 per cent., has been defeated.

There are now 200 troops in the Newport (Ky.) Barracks.

Our intelligence from Kansas is somewhat exciting. A difficulty has arisen between Gov. Geary and a man named Sherrod, owing to the refusal of Geary to commission Sherrard, Sheriff of Douglas county. The latter met Gov. Geary in the lobby of the House of Representatives and spit in his face, so one report goes—and another that he only *attempted* to do the unjustifiable act, and failed.—Geary it seems did not resent the insult, but treated the matter with contempt. The House and Council both passed resolutions censuring Sherrard. Gen. Richardson, a well known and prominent personage in Kansas, died on the 12th ult. He was, at the time of his death, a member of the Council. Gov. Geary has acted wisely throughout, and when the Legislature adjourned, the entire body called upon His Excellency, and all parted with the best feelings towards each other. The Governor is very popular, and is recognized by all parties as a man whose intentions are for the good of the people of the Territory, and all will support him. The people, in various parts of the Territory, without distinction of party, met in public meetings and denounced Sherrard in no unmeasured terms, and manfully sustained the Governor. Both Pro-Slavery and Free State men did this, yet the Black Republican papers will, no doubt, falsify the matter for political capital, and make people believe that Kansas is again in a state of civil war, when no State or Territory is at present more at peace, with good feeling and harmony prevailing, than is that of Kansas to day. Gov. Geary had much to encounter when he went there, but by the judicious and correct manner in which he went about restoring peace and contentment, he at once received the support and countenance of all good and law-abiding citizens, and has succeeded most triumphantly. He is not only sustained by the people of the Territory but by the entire country. We think there is no cause of complaint on the part of the people, so far as Gov. Geary is concerned.

It is really amusing to hear the different Cabinets formed for Mr. Buchanan—but all seems to be as much in the dark to-day—just 36 hours previous to its final official announcement—as ever.

Our office-holders and politicians have started for Washington—some of the former are in jubilant spirits, and confident of re-appointment, but in this, we think, they will be mistaken, for "rotation in office" is one of the cardinal principles of Democracy—they should also remember that there are others who did service, and just as competent to fill the places as those now holding the offices, and it is not reasonable, on their part, to expect a re-appointment. We have heard of two or three applicants for the Post Office, in this city. Mr. Armstrong, the present incumbent, is an applicant; Mr. John Hogan, an old line Whig, will also present his claims. We hear it stated that Senator Green endorses Armstrong, and Senator Polk urges the claims of Mr. Hogan. The friends of Mr. John H. Lightner will present to Mr. Buchanan a highly respectable petition for the above office—he would make a most excellent Postmaster, and no man would give more universal satisfaction to this community. There will, in all probability, be a family quarrel between the friends of Armstrong and Hogan, when it will be necessary to satisfy both these factions, by taking up a new man, and we think Mr. Lightner will be the man. A thorough change in office, so far as this district is concerned, is looked for, but what will be done is yet to be seen.

Horace Greeley, of the New York *Tribune*, has instituted a suit against the editor of the Burlington (Iowa) *Gazette* for libel, fixing his damages at $10,000. The charge was made that Mr. Greeley received a bribe of $1000 of the Desmoines Improvement Company.

Yours, OLD GUARD.

A Great Military Display.

We have never witnessed a finer military display than that which took place at Washington City, on the 4th inst. There were in all some twenty Volunteer companies, together with the Flying Artillery from Fort McHenry and the Marines from the Washington Navy Yard—the whole force numbering some 1500 men. Nearly every company had a band of music.

The "FENCIBLES," from this city, under command of Capt. Duchman, was the only company present from Pennsylvania. They mustered some forty muskets, and the ease and precision with which they went through the manual and performed their evolutions and street marching, attracted universal attention. Indeed, it was considered the crack company on the ground that day, and was so pronounced, we understand, by Gen. Quitman who commanded the parade.

The Fencibles left Washington on Thursday morning, and reached home the same evening, well pleased with their excursion, and with the handsome way with which they were entertained at the National Metropolis.

☞ The Legislature of New York have at present under consideration a bill incorporating a company whose design it is to connect the cities of New York and Brooklyn by a suspension bridge, which, while furnishing a continuous street for the transit of passengers, will offer no obstruction whatever to the important navigation of the waters below. Some of the New York editors, who have examined a brief sketch of the proposed plans, are favorably impressed with the idea.

☞ We would call the attention of our readers to the card of Messrs Tyndale & Mitchell, No. 219 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, who offer *very great advantages* to persons visiting the city in want of *Fine or Staple China, Glass, and Common Ware*, which they will sell in *large* or small quantities, to suit the wants of families, at greatly reduced prices.

Persons visiting Philadelphia will be amply repaid by a stroll through their elegant establishment. feb 24 1m 6

MARRIAGES.

On the 3d inst., by the Rev. J. J. Strine, John D. Good, of Martic, to Elizabeth Mylin, of West Lampeter.

On the 5th. inst., by the same, David Clarkson, of West Lampeter, to Rachel Null, of Providence.

DENTAL SURGERY.—Dr. ELY PARRY having returned from his duties in the College of Dental Surgery, is now prepared to attend to professional engagements at his office. No. 26½ East King St., Lanc'r. mar 10 3t 8

BANK NOTICE.—The Stockholders of the Lancaster County Bank are required, by a resolution of the Board of Directors, to pay in an instalment of five dollars per share, payable on or after the 5th day of May next. W. L. PEIFER, Cashier. LANCASTER, March 5, 1857. mar 10 2t 8

FOR RENT.—The Store Room, two rooms and attic above, and cellar underneath, on the South West corner of Centre Square, Strasburg, now occupied by M'Coy & Black, and for many years kept by the subscriber. It is in every way calculated for doing a good business, and is one of the best stands in the county. mar 10 tf 8 WILLIAM SPENCER.

ESTATE OF BARBARA GOOD.—In the Court of Common Pleas for the County of Lancaster Whereas, Henry Eby, trustee of Barbara Good, did on the 7th day of March 1857, file in the Office of the Prothonotary of said Court, his account of said Estate:

Notice is hereby given to all persons interested in the said Estate, that the said Court have appointed the 20th day of April, 1857, for the confirmation thereof, unless exceptions be filed. Attest, J. BOWMAN, Prothonotary. Prothy's Office, Lancaster Mar. 7th. 1857 mar 10 4t 8

VALUABLE MILL AND FARM PROPERTY AT PRIVATE SALE.—The subscriber will sell at private sale his valuable property, known as the "Petersburg Mills," situated in Penn township, Perry county, Pa. The Merchant and Country Flouring Mill is built of stone, 50 by 60 feet, 5 stories high, with two water wheels, a smut machine, corn kiln, elevators and all modern improvements; is capable of grinding and packing 60 barrels of flour per day, with a large quantity of country work.

The Saw Mill has one upright and two circular saws, and is capable of sawing from 1200 to 1500 feet per day

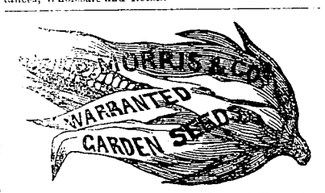
The Farm containing 20 Acres, principally meadow land, is in a good state of cultivation and well fenced. The DWELLING HOUSE is 20 by 30 feet, built of frame, weather boarded and plastered. The above property is located on the little Juniata River, and is within 50 yards of the Pennsylvania Railroad, 1½ miles of the Pennsylvania Canal at Duncan's Island, to which access is had by railroad, and immediately adjoining the prosperous villages of Duncannon Iron Works and Petersburg, being two of the best markets in the State.

☞ If not sold before the 25th of March, it will be offered for rent. Persons wishing further information as to terms, &c., can apply to or address by letter.

JOSEPH M. PHILLIPS, Duncannon P. O., Perry county, Pa. mar 10 3t 8

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons knowing themselves indebted to the firm of Easton & Boone, or having claims against it, will please call on either of the subscribers, residing at Bellevue, Lancaster Co., Pa. W. A. EASTON, S. J. BOONE. MARCH 2, 1857. mar 10 6t 8

CARPETINGS.—S. S. DEPUY & SONS, MASONIC HALL, Chestnut Street, below Eighth, Philadelphia, would call the attention of the public to the large and varied assortment of CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS, &c., Which they are selling very cheap for Cash or City Acceptances, Wholesale and Retail. mar 10 1m 8



A large supply of Fresh and Genuine Garden Seeds, embracing all the new and desirable varieties, at wholesale and retail. A choice assortment of fine Flower Seeds. 20 select varieties in fancy boxes for $1.00. Also, Field Seeds, Red and White Clover, Orchard Grass and Red Top, Green Grass, Perennial Rye Grass, Timothy &c., at Wholesale and Retail. PASCHALL MORRIS & CO. Implement and Seed Store, N. E. Cor. 7th and Market Sts., Philad'a. mar 10 tf 8

GARDEN AND FIELD SEEDS.—A large supply of fresh and Genuine GARDEN SEEDS, embracing all the new and desirable varieties at wholesale and retail, a choice assortment of fine Flour Seeds, 20 select varieties in boxes at $1.00. Also, Field Seeds, Red and White Clover, Orchard Grass and Red Top, Green Grass, Perennial Rye Grass, Timothy, &c., at Wholesale and Retail. PASCHALL MORRIS & CO., Agricultural Implement and Seed Store, N. E. Cor. 7th and Market Sts., Philada. mar 10 tf 8

AN ORDINANCE TO FACILITATE the collection of taxes in the city of Lancaster.

SEC. 1. The Select and Common Councils of the city of Lancaster hereby ordain, that hereafter the person elected City Treasurer shall also be Receiver of Taxes; and shall be paid for the increased labor imposed upon him the sum of three hundred dollars in addition to the present salary of the Treasurer, and shall give a bond with two or more sureties in the sum of thirty thousand dollars, to be approved of by the Mayor and Select and Common Councils of the city.

SEC. 2. That hereafter all persons who shall pay their taxes to the Receiver of Taxes on or before the first day of July in each and every year shall be entitled to an abatement of five per cent. After that date and on or before the first day of September the amount charged in the Duplicate must be paid; after the first day of September in addition to the tax in the duplicate two and half per cent. of the amount will be required to be paid. And all taxes remaining unpaid on the first day of December, shall be put into the hands of an Alderman or City Solicitor as the case may be for collection, with the prescribed percentage and costs of suit.

SEC. 3. That the Assessor shall embody in his notice of the tax and day of appeal the rate of abatement for prompt payment, and also the penalty for default of payment, with the time when said abatement or penalty shall be allowed or charged, as provided by the preceding Section.

SEC. 4. It shall be the duty of the Committee on Finance or any special Committee that Councils by resolution may appoint for the purpose, on the second days of July and September next, and on those days annually thereafter, to examine the Tax Duplicates at the office of the Receiver—to ascertain the payments made to those respective periods and report the result of their investigations to the Select and Common Councils of the City, at their then next ensuing stated meetings.

SEC. 5. All ordinances or parts of ordinances inconsistent with or altered or supplied by the aforegoing, are hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law at the City of Lancaster the 6th day of March, 1857.

Attest, JAS. C. CARPENTER, Clerk Select Council, } D. G. ESHLEMAN, President of Select Council. ALFRED SANDERSON, Clerk Common Council. } GEO. SANDERSON, President of Common Council. mar 10 4t 8

AN ORDINANCE Pproviding for the cancellation of redeemed certificates of City Loan

SEC. 1. The Select and Common Councils of the City of Lancaster hereby ordain, that hereafter all certificates of City Loan redeemed, shall be presented by the Mayor of the City to the Finance Committee of Councils for cancellation, as soon as can be after their redemption.

SEC. 2. It shall be the duty of the said Finance Committee upon presentation of such certificates of City Loan, to cause the same to be cancelled by the stamp now provided for the purpose; and as heretofore required of said Committee, to deliver such cancelled certificates of City Loan to the City Treasurer for safe keeping; further to present to Councils at their next meeting after such cancellation, a detailed statement of the numbers, dates, names of the holders, and several amounts of such certificates.

SEC. 3. All Ordinances altered or supplied by the aforegoing are hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law at the City of Lancaster the 6th day of March, 1857.

Attest, JAS. C. CARPENTER, Clerk Select Council, } D. G. ESHLEMAN, President of Select Council, ALFRED SANDERSON, Clerk Common Council. } GEO. SANDERSON, President of Common Council. mar 10 3t 8

LIFE INSURANCE.—Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company of Philadelphia. Capital $700,000. Charter Perpetual. All the profits divided amongst the policy holders for the whole term of life every year.

Holders of policies in Lancaster are requested to call and receive their dividend certificates for TWENTY FIVE per cent. on the cash premiums paid in 1856, and their cash dividend of six per cent. on the scrip dividends of 1850 to 1856.

Descriptive pamphlets, Blank Forms of application and every information on the subject of Mutual Life Insurance furnished on application, without charge personally or by mail. JOHN ZIMMERMAN, No. 74 North Queen St. ELY PARRY, No. 36 East King St. Agents, Lancaster Pa. mar 10 3t 8

NURSERY TREES.—Apple, Peach, Pear, Plum, Cherry, Nectarine and Apricot Trees. Strawberry and Raspberry Plants of choice varieties and thrifty growth; also a large lot of Silver Leaf Maple Trees of large and straight growth, for sale at the Concordville Nursery. These Trees will be sold for cash at a reduced price for the purpose of settling the estate of James S. Peters, dec'd., packed and shipped in good order. All orders directed to the undersigned will receive prompt attention. MARY D. PETERS, Adm'x. CHARLES P. PETERS, Agent. Concordville P. O. Del. Co., Pa. mar 10 1m 8

NOTICE.—Whereas, on motion of Sam'l A. Reynolds, Esq., an application has been made to the Court of Common Pleas of Lancaster Co., to grant a Charter of Incorporation to the Odd Fellows Hall Association of Earl Lodge in New Holland, Lancaster co., to be called and known by the name, style, and title of "ODD FELLOWS HALL ASSOCIATION OF EARL LODGE," Be it therefore known, that the said Court, will on the 3d MONDAY IN APRIL NEXT if no sufficient reason is shown to the contrary, decree and declare, that the persons so associated together shall become and be a corporation or body politic, according to the articles and conditions in this application set forth and cautioned. Attest, J. BOWMAN, Proth'y. mar 10 4t 8

CONSUMPTION AND ALL DISEASES OF THE LUNGS AND THROAT are positively curable by inhalation, which conveys the remedies to the cavities in the lungs through the air passages, and coming in direct contact with the disease, neutralizes the tubercular matter, allays the cough, causes a free and easy expectoration, heals the lungs, purifies the blood, imparts renewed vitality to the nervous system, giving that tone and energy so indispensable for the restoration of health. We be able to state confidently that Consumption is curable by inhalation, is to me a source of unalloyed pleasure. It is as much under the control of medical treatment as any other formidable disease; ninety out of every hundred cases can be cured in the first stages, and fifty per cent in the second; but in the third stage it is impossible to save more than five per cent., for the lungs are so cut up by the disease as to bid defiance to medical skill. Even, however, in the last stages, inhalation affords extraordinary relief to the suffering attending this fearful scourge which annually destroys ninety-five thousand persons in the United States alone; and a correct calculation shows that of the present population of the earth, eighty millions are destined to fill the Consumptive's grave.

Truly the quiver of death has no arrow so fatal as Consumption. In all ages it has been the great enemy of life, for it spares neither age nor sex, but sweeps off alike the brave, the beautiful, the graceful, and the gifted. By the help of that Supreme Being, from whom cometh every good and perfect gift, I am enabled to offer to the afflicted a permanent and speedy cure in Consumption. The first cause of tubercles is from impure blood, and the immediate effect, produced by their deposition in the lungs, is to prevent the free admission of air into the air cells, which causes a weakened vitality through the entire system. Then surely it is more rational to expect greater good from medicines entering the cavities of the lungs than from those administered through the stomach; the patient will always find the lungs free and the breathing easy after inhaling remedies. True, inhalation is a local remedy, nevertheless it acts constitutionally, and with more power and certainty than remedies administered by the stomach. To prove the powerful and direct influence of this mode of administration, chloroform inhaled will entirely destroy sensibility in a few minutes, paralyzing the entire nervous system, so that a limb may be amputated without the slightest pain: inhaling the ordinary burning gas will destroy life in a few hours.

The inhalation of ammonia will rouse the system when fainting or apparently dead. The odor of many of the medicines is perceptible in the skin a few minutes after being inhaled and may be immediately detected in the blood. A convincing proof of the constitutional effects of Inhalation, is the fact that sickness is always produced by breathing foul air. Is not this positive evidence that proper remedies, carefully prepared and judiciously administered through the lungs, should produce the most happy results? During eighteen years' practice, many thousands, suffering from diseases of the lungs and throat, have been under my care, and I have effected many remarkable cures, even after the sufferers had been pronounced in the last stages, which fully satisfies me that consumption is no longer a fatal disease. My treatment of consumption is original, and founded on long experience and a thorough investigation. My perfect acquaintance with the nature of tubercles, &c., enables me to distinguish, readily, the various forms of disease that simulate consumption, and apply the proper remedies, rarely being mistaken even in a single case. This familiarity in connection with certain pathological and microscopic discoveries, enables me to relieve the lungs from the effects of contracted chests; to enlarge the chest, purify the blood, impart to it renewed vitality, giving energy and tone to the entire system. Box 53, Post Office, G. W. GRAHAM, M. D. Office 109 FILBERT Street, below Twelfth, Philadelphia, Pa. mar 10 1y 8

200 CARRIAGES AT AUCTION.—TWENTY-FIRST PHILADELPHIA TRADE SALE!

☞ This sale will take place on Wednesday morning, April 1st, at ten o'clock, at the Bazaar, Ninth and George Streets, Philadelphia. The collection will embrace nearly TWO HUNDRED CARRIAGES, principally light stock, from some of the best makers in this City and vicinity. Most of the work will be warranted to the purchasers, and the entire Collection will be opened for examination several days prior to the day of sale.

☞ The sale will be positive, and no postponement on account of the weather

☞ Full particulars in future advertisements and Catalogues ALFRED M. HERKNESS, Auctioneer. mar 10 2t 8

SUFFER NOT, WHEN A PERMANENT cure is guaranteed in all stages of SECRET DISEASES, Self abuse, Nervous Debility, Strictures, Gleets, Gravel, Mercurial Rheumatism, Scrofula, Pains in the Ankles and Bones, Diseases of the Throat, Nose and Eyes, Ulcers upon the Body, Female Irregularities, and all improper discharges, no matter of how long standing, or obstinate the case, recovery is certain, and in a shorter time than a permanent cure could be effected by any other treatment, even after the skill of the most eminent physicians had failed, and the disease resisted all other means of cure. The remedies are free from odor, causing neither sickness nor inconvenience, and without mercury or balsam. During twenty years' practice, I have restored to health over seventeen thousand patients, who were suffering under the worst forms of all the above mentioned diseases, which guarantees me in promising a perfect and most speedy cure. Secret diseases are the greatest enemies to health and happiness, as they are the first cause of consumption, scrofula, &c., and should be a terror to all nations on earth; for the disease is becoming so common, and treatment so little understood, that a permanent cure is scarcely ever effected, as a majority of the cases fall into the hands of incompetent persons, who not only fail to cure the malady, but ruin the constitution with corrosive sublimate—a dangerous poison, a preparation of mercury—which, with the remains of disease in the system, produces many of the above named affections, which finally terminate in consumption, and frequently a rapid one; but should it not cause death speedily, and the victim to disease marries, the disease is then conveyed from the parent to the children, causing them to come into the world with scrofula, affections of the skin, eyes, throat, &c., and again terminates in consumption, and consigns its victim to an untimely grave, between the ages of six months and thirty-five years.—Self-abuse is another formidable enemy to health; it destroys the nervous system, rapidly wasting away the energies of life, causing mental derangement, preventing a proper development of the system, and disqualifying its victim for marriage, society, business, and all earthly happiness. Female Irregularities and all other diseases of females, treated in the most skillful and scientific manner. Medicines, with directions, sent to any part of the United States and Canadas, by patients communicating their symptoms by letter. S. SUMMERVILLE, M. D., Box 53, post Office; FILBERT Street, below Twelfth, Philadelphia, Pa. [mar 18 1y 8

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