ST. LOUIS CORRESPONDENCE.

Rain, Cold Weather, Ice and Snow—Fanny Kemble—The Negroes Rising—Apprehensions of Servile War—Six Hundred Negroes in Open Rebellion in Ky.—Black Republicanism—Free Kansas! Free Negroes! and Fremont! —The Remedy—The Electoral Vote of Kentucky—Nine Counties and 8000 Citizens Disfranchised—Political Speculations—Col. Benton and Col. Forney, &c., &c.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 8, 1856.

In the early part of the past week we were visited with heavy rains and violent storms of wind. These rains have extended farther North, and greatly contributed to an improvement in navigation—the rivers have all risen, and are now in good stage of water, but the ice is running very heavy, and to a considerable extent retards navigation.—The Ohio is reported "well up," and several boats have arrived from that quarter, but shippers to towns on that stream are fearful lest the ice will interfere and detain their shipments for the winter—consequently not much has been done, or will be, as the season has too far advanced for heavy operations. The season's business may be said to be at a close.

Since Wednesday last the weather has been extremely cold—the ponds and lakes around the city are frozen, and the boys are indulging in that pleasant winter amusement —skating. Navigation in the Missouri and Illinois rivers has been suspended, as also in the Mississippi above Keokuk. At this point heavy ice is running.

In local matters, nothing has transpired. Fanny Kemble arrived in this city on Saturday last, and will commence a series of Shakespearean readings at the Mercantile Library Hall on Tuesday evening—commencing with the "Tempest."

The fruits of Black Republicanism are further demonstrating themselves every day. It seems that free white men in the North have put themselves on a level or equality with the free negroes; and whilst the free whites of the North are causing divisions and dissentions among the people of your latitude, the free negroes of the South play second fiddle to their worshippers of the North—they both chime to the same tune. The following dispatch was received here yesterday. It speaks for itself:

LOUISVILLE, December 6.

HOPKINSVILLE, December 3.—Our little town is up in arms at the present writing. "The negroes are marching upon us" is heard from every mouth. This morning several messengers arrived from Lafayette, a small town 18 miles south of Hopkinsville, calling on the citizens of this place to come to their assistance, as they were momentarily expecting an attack from about six hundred negroes.—About 150 persons left immediately for the seat of war.—They were under the command of Captains Jones and Jackson, and Sheriff Gowan.

Hopkinsville is strongly guarded. It is rumored that we shall be attacked tonight. I will write you again tomorrow; would telegraph, but all communication has been cut off, the telegraph poles being cut down. Our whole community was thrown into a state of intense excitement this morning upon receipt of the following letter from Lafayette:

VIGILANCE COMMITTEE ROOMS, Lafayette, Ky., December 2.

Gentlemen of Hopkinsville: From reliable information we expect an attack from the negroes of the Iron Works, on our town to-morrow morning—perhaps to-night. Please come to our assistance as we are in great danger. Yours,

JOHN. H. RUSSELL, Sec.

[Signed.] H. S SYPERT, J. P. FLINT, J. W. FRAZER, C. B. HALL, J. J. ROGERS, J. R. SMITH, Committee.

This servile war has been brewing since the nomination of Fremont, and preparations were daily making, in the event of his defeat, to raise against their owners, and strike a blow for Free Kansas, Free Niggers and Fremont! The above confirms all that has been said and the apprehensions felt concerning a sectional political party—civil war. It appears that the free negroes of the South have been electioneering among the slaves in favor of Black Republicanism, whilst the *free whites* of the North have been doing the same thing among the negro sympathizers there.—These slave insurrections are not only confined to Kentucky, but there are serious apprehensions of an outbreak in Tennessee, Mississippi, Texas and Alabama. These slaves have been corrupted by the *free* negroes being allowed to mingle with them—telling them all they had to do was to show a disposition to become free, and the Black Republicans of the North would come to their rescue. It appears that in some quarters, judging from the above dispatch, that this disposition has been made known, but, unless we are greatly deceived in the *metal* of Black Republicanism, these negroes will have to fight for their own freedom—for the negro sympathisers will hardly venture in the South for such a crusade, they know too well the chivalry and patriotism that characterizes the Southern people, and who stand ready in all emergencies to defend their constitutional rights, either at the ballot box or before the point of the bayonet. They will *scarcely* come to the rescue of their "much oppressed" brethren on the Southern plantations!

If these insurrections continue something must be done to prevent them, and the mode of doing this is very simple. It is a fact well known to all who have any knowledge of the Slave, that he is always well treated, cared for and abundantly supplied with all the necessaries of life—he is content and happy. It is also a fact well known, that the free negroes, when they get among the slaves, taunt them about slavery, misrepresent their own deplorable condition, and finally succeed in corrupting the slave—put bad and wicked motives in his head, and encourage him to murder and arson. The remedy is simple, and no other alternative remains to protect the slave-owner or even the slave himself, than each slave-holding State to enact a law prohibiting a free negro from coming to the State. This is a law that must ultimately be enacted, or a servile war will evidently ensue. With such a law engrafted in the Constitutions of the Southern States, the effect would be to drive all free negroes into the North, where they would be convenient for Abolitionists to associate with, and they will be astonished at the immense number the South can afford, and willingly afford to rid itself of. We believe there are as many free negroes in the Slave States as there are in the North, and it seems that this fact is known to the abolitionists, and they will never be satisfied until the entire body of the free blacks *enjoy the blessings of the Free North!* Our permission is now ready—you can have them all, and not one white man out of a thousand will object. The enactment of a law above suggested will be the only means of keeping down rebellions among the negroes of the South, and at the same time give to the Black Republicans *their own*—therefore, it will prove beneficial to both.

The electors of Kentucky formally cast the 12 votes of that State, on Wednesday last, for James Buchanan and John C. Breckinridge. Judge Bullock of Louisville, was chosen to carry the vote to Washington. This is the first time since the organization of parties that Kentucky has cast her vote for a Democratic Candidate for President. There has been criminal negligence of the officials of Kentucky at the recent election. By the informality of the returns *nine counties* of the State have been disfranchised—losing a majority of nearly one thousand for Buchanan. The vote returned shows a Democratic majority of 6,118. The number of votes thrown out were—Buchanan, 3,552, Fillmore, 2,557. Buchanan's *actual* majority in Kentucky is 7,113! Thus, it will be seen that some 8000 voters have been disfranchized through the negligence of officials. In the counties thrown out, the vote returned is 6,109—in some counties only the majority is given, but the entire vote of those nine counties is about 8000 *legal votes*, all of whom had not a voice in electing the President of the United States!

We have at last the official vote of this State. Mr. Buchanan's majority is 9,463! Fremont's official majority in Wisconsin is 10,247. Buchanan's majority, (official) in North Carolina is 18,455. The Iowa Legislature met on Monday last. The Republicans have a decided majority in both houses, and will have things all their own way. The Constitutional Convention meets in that State on the third Monday in January—it stands 22 Black Republicans and 14 Democrats. J. Davis, the newly elected "Republican" member of Congress from Iowa, was not long since a slave owner in Missouri, and he first appered in Iowa in pursuit of runaway slaves, which he finally caught and sold, and now he is one of the Blacks himself! Oh, consistency, thou art a jewel.

Col. Jim Lane, the notorious "Kansas Bleeder," is now in Iowa, and expected to leave Mt. Pleasant on the 20th for Kansas.

Political speculations are all the rage in this latitude.—Our good people have not yet made a Cabinet for Mr. Buchanan, but they are daily laboring so to do: when they get the timber hewn out and a few of them put together, we will advise you. Speculations in regard to appointments are also rife, and *good* and *true* men are *now* to be found *willing* to tender their *services* to government even *unsolicited*. Office seekers are in a great stew—they are wondering if Mr. Buchanan will favor the Benton or the Anti-Benton party of this State, *they* are as yet *uncommitted*, but if necessity requires it, they will be found on either side—or on both sides at once, if pressed pretty hard, it is immaterial to them—they will *serve* their country coming from each! We of course know no more about who Mr. Buchanan will appoint to office than they do, but we believe that Mr. Buchanan will know who his friends and the friends of the Democratic party are, and what few offices are to be filled here, will be occupied by men fully qualified for the position—good *men and true Democrats*, who have alike supported the party and its great principles—who have stood by the Ship of State in storm and in calm—in defeat and in victory. We are not at all uneasy about the appointments—they will all be attended to in due season.

The complimentary article to Col. Benton, which appeared in the columns of the "*Pennsylvanian*" a few days since, has created quite an excitement among political leaders of this locality. Different constructions are put upon it. Benton men, who heretofore denounced Col. Forney, now laud him to the skies—Benton men who deserted Col. Benton at the last hour, and refused to listen to his appeals to vote the Buchanan ticket, are dumb-struck or thunder-struck, and inquire what does all this mean? Anti-Benton leaders are alike unable to decipher the puzzle. It is indeed very singular that an editor cannot pay a statesman a compliment for services rendered, but that certain men must enquire into the motive. They are taking too much upon themselves, and all such inquiries should be treated with *silence*, the meaning of which is understood. The *Leader* of this city says Col. Forney is not the editor of the *Pennsylvanian*, whilst the *Democrat* claims him as such, and the result is a newspaper discussion as to Col. Forney's position. We say Col. Benton was entitled to the compliment paid him by the *Pennsylvanian*, whether Forney is the editor or not. Col. Benton's name was made a powerful weapon against the Black Republicans in the North. He spoke in behalf of Mr. Buchanan throughout his entire tour through Missouri last summer—he came from Washington on the eve of the election to make a speech to our citizens, expressly, as he said, in favor of "Buck and Breck"—he appealed to them to vote the ticket —but they did'nt do it—they deserted him—they voted for a Know Nothing—for Fillmore. But Col. Benton is not to be blamed for this, he acted his part well, and deserves the respect and esteem of all good Democrats. A large majority of the Benton men *did not vote for Buchanan*, and they need not take any comfort from what is said *personally* of Col. Benton.

The mails have been very irregular the past week—particularly from the East. Considerable snow has fallen north of us, and the Railroad companies have experienced great difficulty in getting the cars through. The indications are that a hard winter is before us. Provisions of all kinds are high, and wood and coal as dear as usual at this season of the year.

Yours, OLD GUARD.

WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENCE.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12, 1856.

The notice in your journal on the action of the busy bodies of the opposition press, have taken their conductors all aback. The sapient Editor of the *Tribune*, Mr. Greely, who believes himself the greatest of the sages of the land, must be wofully surprised on the perusal of your just remarks on Cabinet allusions, and his "by authority" on dits, in reference to *his* views of the selections made by Mr. Buchanan for members of his Cabinet. "Speculations about the Cabinet are all fudge. Mr. B. has never given an intimation to a living soul on the subject." We think this will satisfy the most ardent *manufacturer* of the opposition press, that they may save themselves further trouble, until after Mr. B. shall arrive in Washington, and shall have spoken for himself upon this all important subject, to his own satisfaction, and at the same time to the satisfaction of the national democratic party, that have made him President of the U. States, for good and wise purposes of success to our highly favored, progressive and flourishing Union. The hint is timely and well tempered in terms, that can be well understood, and coming from your valuable journal, should put a stop to all further publications upon the subject of Cabinet selections.

The contest relative to the right of Gen. Whitfield to his seat in Congress, as Delegate from the Territory of Kansas, was brought to a close on Tuesday last, much to the discomfiture of Mr. Grow and those abolition *sectionalists* who have acted with him against Gen. W., the lawfully elected Delegate from Kansas. For admission to his seat, ayes 112, against admission, nays 108. So you see, Messrs. Editors, from this vote against the further rule of sectionalism in the House, the influence of that dangerous party are in fact in a minority even in the present House of Representatives. Thanks to the public expression of the people at the recent State and National Elections for this happy change of sentiment in some of the members of the House.

The Appropriation Bills for the payment of Pensions, and for the support of the West Point Academy have both been reported this week in the House. This shows commendable industry, that is creditable to the Committee of Ways and Means, in the House, which we hope those who come after them will profit by in future Congresses. There never has been a good reason for delay in Appropriation Bills not being brought forward in the early part of the session, and the present move is so commendable in point of interest to the people, that we are compelled, from a sense of justice, to speak well of this early action of the present committee on this great change for the better, in their dispatch of business for the action of the House.

The debate in the Senate as well as in the House, is continued upon the propriety of printing *extra* copies of the President's Message. The opposition in both houses *deny that they are a sectional party*, but continue in their debate to disabuse that position. They are evidently dissatisfied with the President for something he has said in his Message, but contained, in their speeches, that the President is wrong in the character he defines for them in the position of the Fremont party. We shall not pretend to follow the speakers in this debate. Most of the language is the same old abolition slang we have been accustomed to hear for years back,—both inimical to the peace and quiet of the people, and to the permanency of the Union of these States, the compact under the Constitution of the U. States and the co-equality of the States under the Constitution.

Gov. WM. BIGLER made a very imposing and suitable speech on Monday last, in defence of the President, to which Mr. Collamar rejoined on Tuesday. Messrs. Trumbull, Bigler and others continued the debate on the same evening. Since then Messrs. Pugh, Cass, and Hale and others continued the debate until Thursday evening, when the Senate adjourned until Monday.

In the House, the debate has been somewhat spicy, but not at all as belligerent in tone or used so defiantly as during the last session by the black-republican sectional members. We hope the *gag* will pass off in the House in another week, and some disposition will be shown to drop further debate upon the Presidential issue and the slavery question, and follow up the public business to completion.

The Southern Convention, now in session at Savannah, Geo., called for the legitimate purposes of Commercial improvements at the Southern Ports of the Union, will be much marred in its progress of obtaining that desirable consummation, by irrelevant questions of the slave trade being revived. This is wrong in principle and impossible in practice. While the Union lasts we are bound by obligations of honor, by most solemn treaties and sanctions, that that trade shall cease. It is, therefore, wrong to agitate this question in the South, for the simple fact, that it will do us as a nation, no credit to revive a trade, that enlightened nations of Europe have with ourselves pronounced piracy. We hope the Convention will succeed in striking out some plan of commercial improvement, so that the whole country will be benefited by the changes proposed, and the slave trade left as now upon the Statute Books.

Yours, McFARLAND.

MURDEROUS OUTRAGE.—We noticed yesterday the reported murder of a man at the Practical Farmer's Inn, on the Philadelphia Turnpike, near Claymont, which report has been confirmed. It appears that two men entered the inn in Brandywine Hundred, on Friday afternoon, about 3 o'clock, and called for liquor, which, upon receiving, they complained of not being good. Mr. David Carr, the proprietor, told them it was the best he had, and if they did not like it, they need not take it. One of the men then threw the bottle at him, and the other beat him with a club in a brutal manner, from the effects of which he died on Sunday last. The men also knocked down and beat an Irishman named Patrick Dunn, who was in the hotel at the time. They then left and went towards Philadelphia. Mr. Nicholas, one of the neighbors, heard of the affair, and went in pursuit of the men. He traced them along the railroad, and was informed that they had got on a freight train. He rode on and overtook the train, and told the conductor the circumstance, and that he would go ahead and have an officer at Chester to arrest the villains. This he did, but only secured one of the men, the other not having got on the train. The one arrested, named James Davis, has been committed to New Castle jail. It is said that the other villain has been arrested and lodged in jail at Media, Delaware county, Pa. Coroner Rickards, having heard of the matter, promptly repaired to the spot, and held an inquest on the body. The jury rendered a verdict of death from a blow on the head, inflicted by the aforesaid parties. The skull was fractured from the forehead about six inches towards the back and left side, causing a fearful gash to look at. It has been suggested, in view of the enormity of the outrage, and the limited circumstances of the family, that the Governor offer a reward for the apprehension of the murderer yet at large. He is described as being about five feet ten inches in height; very black hair, and of stout build; he will probably weigh about 180 pounds; and apparently is about 25 years of age.—*North American of Wednesday.*

HORRIBLE AFFAIR.—We learn from a gentleman of this village, the following particulars of the most heart-sickening incident we have heard of in a long time:

It appears that on Wednesday afternoon last the family of David Bailey of Ossian had gone away from home, and had spoken to a daughter of Mr. Samuel Mitchell, a young lady of 16 or 18 years, to have her milk the cows, and do some other little chores. Mr. Baily kept a large dog, that he supposed to be familiar with Miss Mitchell. She had fed him, and wishing to use the pan he had ate from, approached him and took hold of it.—The dog commenced growling and she told him to stop his noise, when he intantly sprang at her throat. She put out her hand to ward him off, when he seized her arm, taking out a piece of flesh and tearing off her sleeve. He then seized her other arm, all the while trying to get at her throat, and managed to get her down. But she succeeded in regaining her feet, and had the presence of mind to work her way towards the house, the dog all the time shaking and mangling her in a horrid manner.

As she neared the door the savage brute succeeded in getting hold of her jaw, driving his teeth to the bone. She at length got in, and with her feet succeeded in partly closing the door, the brute still hanging to her face with devilish ferocity, only loosing his hold when the door was shut upon him and the flesh gave way! The poor girl sunk to the floor from exhaustion, covered with blood, and with nearly all her clothing torn off. Her face and limbs were completely mangled, having received it is said, near one hundred and thirty wounds on her person! Mrs. Baily being a half a mile or more distant had her attention called by her children to the snarling of the dog, and hastened home to find him covered with blood, lying at the door, upon the remnants of Miss M.'s clothes. On attempting to tie him up, Mrs. B. received one or two severe wounds, but finally succeeded, and the brutal animal was shot. The young lady is still living, but is in a dangerous condition.—*Danville (N. Y.) Herald.*

CALIFORNIA TOBACCO.—A plant of California grown Tobacco has been exhibited in San Francisco, which is pronounced to by judges to be a very superior article; it is even said that, by suitable culture and attention, as good tobacco can be raised in California as in Virginia or Cuba. The leaf of this plant is large, and of a fine soft texture, the only defect about it arising from the imperfect mode of cultivating and curing it. This sample was raised at the new town of Peralta, a place which is rapidly growing into favor with the public. The proprietors were giving lots to such as would improve them, and large numbers have availed themselves of their liberality, and the place promised soon to be densely settled. It is one of the most attractive spots in California, being easily reached from every quarter, with a genial climate, and a rich soil covered with beautiful old oaks.

THE PORK MARKET.—The Louisville Journal of Tuesday week thus speaks of the Pork business at that point:

During the Summer contracts were made at figures which cannot now be obtained. The heavy stocks of old provisions on hand in the West, as well as the East, and the dullness of the European markets, which have been so much overstocked that purchases made here by the French Government last Fall, for the use of her army, have been actually returned to find a market in this country, have thrown a damper on prices. Last year the markets were almost bare of stock, with a war in Europe when the season commenced; this year they are overstocked. Competition last year ran prices up to a high figure, and most of the operators suffered. Experience has taught them a lesson. Packers here, as well as at other points, are determined not to be allured again in that way. The prevailing rates at present are $5 50 a $5 75 net; the outside price is usually paid by porkhouse owners to secure the killing. The market is steady at these figures, as but few have yet come in.

OREGON FRUIT.—It is claimed that Oregon is one of the finest fruit growing countries in the world, and that the size, quality and quantity of apples raised here from young trees, challenge competition. It is estimated that not less than $75,000 worth of apples will be shipped to California this season, and that $30,000 worth were sold last year. The size of apples is almost incredible, a bushel of pippins having been exhibited, whose average weight was eighteen ounces each. It is no uncommon thing to see specimen apples weighing from one and a half to two pounds.

A DELICIOUS TEMPERANCE TEST.—Who would not live in almost any place where the young ladies are addicted to the delisious custom which is set forth by an exchange as follows:

"Quaker young ladies in the Maine Law States, it is said, still continue to kiss the lips of the young temperance men, to see if they have been tampering with liquor. Just imagine a beautiful young girl approaching you, young temperance man, with all the dignity of an executive officer, and the innocence of a dove, with the charge—Mr. Ike P., the ladies believe you are in the habit of tampering with liquor, and they have appointed me to examine you according to our established rules—are you willing? you must acquiesce. She steps gently up to you, lays her soft white arms around your neck, dashes back her raven curls, raises her sylph-like form upon her tiptoe, and with her angelic features lit up with a smile as sweet as Heaven, places her rich, rosy, pouty, sweet, sugar, molasses, strawberry, honeysuckle, sunflower, rosebud, nectar lips against yours, and busses you, by cracky! Hurrah! for the gals and the Maine Law, and death to all opposition!"

☞ EVERY READER ☜

Will please notice the advertisement descriptive of MR. SEAR'S PICTORIAL FAMILY BIBLE, and send for the Printed Catalogue of all our Illustrated Works.

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AFRICA'S MOUNTAIN VALLEY. READ THIS.
LIFE OF CAPTAIN VICARS. READ THIS.
THE PRINCE OF THE HOUSE OF DAVID. READ THIS.
dec 16 2t 48

TAPERS & GAS LIGHTS, in great variety, for sale at Dr. WAYLAN'S Drug Store, No. 60 North Queen street, Lancaster. dec 16 1f 48

A CHALLENGE!—The subscriber offers to bet Mr. J. R JONES from $100 to $500, that he will beat his horse in time from New Holland to Lancaster (13 miles) each horse to be drove in a buggy, and each buggy to carry two men of equal weight.
dec 16 1t* 48 JACOB STAMBAUGH.

PREPARE FOR WINTER: JOHN A. ERBEN'S CHEAP CLOTHING STORE, SIGN OF THE STRIPED COAT, No. 42 North Queen Street, East side, near Orange st., LANCASTER, Pa.

This Popular Establishment now contains the largest and cheapest assortment of Men's and Boy's Winter Clothing in the city.

Overcoats from.....$3.00 to $15.00
Dress and Frock Coats from..... 4.25 to 12.50
Pantaloons from..... 1.75 to 6.00
Vests from..... 1.25 to 5.00

ALSO, Under Shirts, Drawers, Collars, Shirts, &c.

Just received, a large assortment of Winter CLOTHS, CASSIMERS, SATINETTS and VESTINGS, which will be made up to order, at short notice, in the most satisfactory and workmanlike manner. JOHN A. ERBEN, Sign of the Striped Coat, North Queen st., Lancaster, Pa.
dec 16 1m 28

PUBLIC SALE.—The undersigned, Assignees of William Mitzel, will sell at public sale, on the premises, in Hopewell township, York county, Pa., known as "Walnut Mills," on Thursday, the 1st day of January, 1857, the following real and personal property, viz:

No. 1. A TRACT OF LAND, containing about 40 Acres, adjoining the lands of Gemmil & Wilson, Nos. 2, 3 and 4, on which are erected a large Four Story MERCHANT MILL, 50 by 60 feet, with two run of Burrs, 2 Bolt Machines, and all other necessary fixtures for all Merchant and Country grinding. There is also on this tract a Single Mill, all in complete order, and an abundance of water. Also, a STONE DWELLING HOUSE, Stables and Orchard. About 10 Acres are Woodland, the remainder cleared and in good farming order.

No. 2, A TRACT OF LAND, situate in the township aforesaid, containing 44 acres, more or less, adjoining lands of John Faulkner, Thomas M'Callister, Gemmil & Wilson and No. 1. This tract is all cleared and in a high state of cultivation, having been limed.

No. 3. A TRACT OF WOODLAND, containing 29 acres, more or less, adjoining lands of Gemmil & Wilson, Robert Gemmil's heirs and Nos. 1 and 4.

No. 4. A TRACT OF LAND, containing 47 acres, more or less, adjoining lands of Mitzel & Gemmil, Peter Sailor's heirs and Nos. 1, 2 and 3. About 10 acres are Woodland, and the remainder cleared.

ALSO—At the same time and place, TWO TRACTS OF LAND, the property of William Mitzel, and James Gemmil, known as the "Herr Tract." No. 1 containing 29 acres, more or less, adjoining lands of William Mitzel, George Shall and others. No. 2, Containing 63 acres, more or less, adjoining lands of George Shall, William Mitzel and others.

On Friday, the 2d day of January, 1857, will be sold, at Daniel Mitzel's Mill. Two TRACTS OF LAND, viz:

No. 1. Situated in Windsor Township, York county, near Daniel Mitzel's Mill, containing 10 acres, more or less, adjoining lands of Daniel Mitzel, heirs of Henry Siechrist, John Hinchbaugh and others. This tract is all cleared and in a high State of cultivation, most fully wated.

No. 2. Four Acres of Woodland, more or less, situate in Chanceford township, York co., about half a mile from Daniel Mitzel's Mill, adjoining lands of Jacob Gable and others.

☞ Persons wishing to view the property before the days of sale, can do so by calling on either of the undersigned or John Hershner, residing on No. 1.

☞ Sale to commence at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said days, when attendance will be given and terms made known by HENRY LATIMER, JOEL MITZEL Assignees.
dec 16 3t 48

THE DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION FOR 1857.—The Democratic State Convention, for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for Governor, Canal Commissioner, and Judge of the Supreme Court, to be voted for in October next, will be held at HARRISBURG, on MONDAY, the second day of March, 1857, at 11 o'clock, A. M.

J. W. FORNEY, Chairman of State Central Committee.
dec 9 tf 47

LECTURE.—The first Lecture of the regular course will be delivered in FULTON HALL on Wednesday evening, Dec. 17th, 1856, by E. P. WHIPPLE, Esq., of Boston. Subject,

JOAN OF ARC.

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Lecture to commence at 8 o'clock. Tickets 25 cents. Two tickets to admit a Gentleman and two Ladies, to be had at all the Book Stores, at the Jewelry Store of J. & H. Zahm, Dysart & Broth's, Beneman's Paper Store and at the Hall on the evening of the Lecture. By order of the Committee,

H. N. POWERS, Chairman.
dec 9 2t 57

VALUABLE MILL PROPERTY AND WATER-POWER AT PUBLIC SALE.—By virtue of the last Will and Testament of WILLIAM REED, late of Chanceford township, York county, Pa., deceased, will be sold, on TUESDAY, the 30th day of December, 1856, on the premises, the following described property, viz:—A Tract of Land, situate in said township, 1½ miles from the Tide Water Canal. The Tract contains

180 ACRES,

on which is erected a GRIST AND SAW MILL, a large and commodious STONE DWELLING, Bank Barn, a Miller's House and Barn, and other outhouses; an excellent Orchard of Fruit and numerous Springs of Water, rising in different places on the farm, one-half of which is Timber Land: the balance is cleared and in a good state of cultivation. There is a heavy stream of water running through the farm, upon which there are two water powers not surpassed by any in the county.

From the facility for communicating with the surrounding country, in consequence of public roads running in different directions from the mill through the farm, and its proximity to the Tide Water Canal, it is believed to possess natural advantages for an enterprising business man, rarely to be met with.

☞ If the above property is not sold on said day, it will be immediately offered for rent.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, on said day, when terms will be made known by MARGARET DOUGLASS, Executrix, WILLIAM THOMPSON, Executor.
dec 9 4t * 47

THE GREAT FAMILY WEEKLY PAPER.—THE NEW YORK LEDGER has now attained the extraordinary circulation of One Hundred and Ninety Thousand Copies. The LEDGER is devoted to POLITE LITERATURE, ORIGINAL TALES, SKETCHES, POETRY, ESSAYS, GOSSIP and CURRENT NEWS, and maintains a high moral tone. It is everywhere acknowledged to be the best family paper in the world! Hence its extraordinary and unheard of popularity. Mr. BONNER, the Proprietor of the Ledger, employs the best talent in the country, and by so doing makes the best paper. Such writers as Fanny Fern, Sylvanus Cobb, Jr., and Emerson Bennett, are permanently engaged on it, and will write for no other paper hereafter. Mrs. Sigourny also constantly writes for it; so do a host of other popular authors, including Mrs. Emma D. E. N. Southworth, Alice Carey, Mrs. Vaughan, Mary W. Stanley Gibson, Clara Sydney, &c., &c. The Ledger is beautifully illustrated every week.

The NEW YORK LEDGER is printed on beautiful white paper, and is composed of eight pages, making the handsomest weekly paper in the country. It is published every Saturday, and sold at all the news offices in every city and town throughout the country; and is mailed for subscribers at two dollars per annum; two copies are sent for three dollars. Any person obtaining eight subscribers at $1,50 each, (which is our lowest club rates,) and sending us $12 will be entitled to one copy Free. Terms invariably in advance. Address all letters to ROBERT BONNER, Publisher of NEW YORK LEDGER, 44 Ann Street, New York.

N. B.—Now is a good time to subscribe as EMERSON BENNETT'S Great Original Novel of FRONTIER LIFE, will be commenced on the first of January.
dec 9 2t 47

GREAT BARGAINS IN FURNITURE, at the HOUSE KEEPER'S EMPORIUM, North Queen Street, near Orange, Lancaster.

The undersigned have on hand a very extensive assortment of Parlor, Chamber, Dining Room and Kitchen Furniture, of a quality equal to any that can be procured in Lancaster or Philadelphia, which they will sell (FOR READY CASH) at prices far below the usual rates. Window Shades of every variety for almost nothing. "A word to the wise is sufficient," come and see.

N. B.—Splendid Cottage Chamber Setts just received.
dec 9 tf 47 KETCHUM & VICKERRY.

DR. STEWART, OF NEW YORK, PHYSICIAN FOR DISEASES OF THE LUNGS AND THROAT, will remain in Lancaster, till the 5th of January. He employs the NEW METHOD OF INHALATION, by which the proper remedy for each case in the form of *vapor*, is brought in contact with the diseased part—the only rational treatment. Dr. S. has had wonderful success —curing cases apparently hopeless.

Dr. S. also has the best remedies for Female Diseases, and many chronic maladies.

☞ He may be found at Cooper's Hotel from 7 A. M. to 4 P. M. dec 16 1t* 48

NOTICE TO FARMERS! RYE WANTED! The subscriber having now completed his new Mill House, is again prepared to purchase *flail threshed* Rye in any quantity at the very highest market prices.

LILIZ, Dec'r 15th, 1856. J. B. TSHUDY.
dec 16 3t 48

COD LIVER OIL, fresh, pure and genuine, for sale at Dr. WAYLAN'S Drug Store, No. 60 North Queen street, Lancaster. dec 16 1f 48

FRIEND OF HUMANITY, READ THIS. Preserve it, and show it to your Neighbor.—Dr. T. L. NICHOLS, Proprietor and Physician of the Mennonia Institute—the Great Western Water Cure, at Yellow Springs, Green county, Ohio, has published a little book of 64 pages, entitled—

THE DISEASES OF WOMEN: THEIR NATURE, CAUSES, PREVENTION AND CURE.

This book gives all necessary information and such full directions for Home Treatment, as will enable every woman to AVOID, or, if now afflicted, to CURE, speedily and permanently, all those distressing diseases incident to her sex, without further advice, medicine or fee. Let no prejudice, or result or past experience, hinder any woman from availing herself of these methods of prevention and cure. One page of this little book may save a hundred times its cost, and untold suffering, and restore from disease, weakness and misery, to health, vigor and happiness.

Mailed, post-paid, for twenty-five cents, by T. L. NICHOLS, M. D., Yellow Springs, Ohio.
dec 16 3t 48

ELECTION NOTICE.—The members of the Farmers' Mutual Insurance Company are requested to attend the annual meeting of the said company, for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year, at the public house of Jacob Leman, in the city of Lancaster, on Saturday the 27th of December, inst., at 1 o'clock P. M.

By order of the Board of Directors.
dec 16 2t 48 JOHN STROHM, Secretary.

EVERY DAY ARTICLES USED IN EVERY FAMILY.

Ground Pepper	Coriander seed	
do. Cayenne	Marjorum	Potash
do. Allspice	Corn starch	
do. Cloves	Wheat do.	Potash for boiling Soap
do. Cinnamon	Farelna	Saponifier do.
do. Ginger	Baking Soda	Mustards, Brown & Yellow
do. Mace	Cream Tartar	Mustard Seed or Flour
do. Nutmegs	Indigo	Washing Soda
do. Rice	Sal Aeratus	Rose and Peach Waters
do. Brick	Pearl Ash	Flavoring Extracts of all kinds
Baking Powders Fluid		

Table Oil, choice brands, &c., &c., for sale at CHARLES A. HEINITSH'S Drug and Chemical Store, No. 33, East King Street, Lancaster.

BURNING FLUID of superior quality for sale at Dr. WAYLAN'S Drug Store, No. 60 North Queen street, Lancaster. dec 16 tf 48

ESTATE OF TOBIAS STEHMAN, Dec'd. —Letters testamentary on the Estate of Tobias Stehman Sr., late of Conestoga township, dec'd, having been granted to the subscribers, residing in said township, all persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make payment immediately, and those having claims will present them without delay properly authenticated for settlement.

TOBIAS STEHMAN, JOHN STEHMAN, JACOB STEHMAN, Executors.
dec 16 6t 48

ESTATE OF JACOB POTTS, late of the Borough of Strasburg, dec'd. Letters of Administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons having claims or demands will present them duly authenticated for settlement, and those indebted will make payment without delay.

SAM'L P. BOWER, Admin'r. Strasburg Borough.
Dec 16 6t* 48

MURRAY, YOUNG & CO.—NEW PUBLICATIONS RECEIVED.

RECOLLECTIONS OF A LIFE TIME.—By S. G. Goodrich. READ THIS.
TALES OF SWEDEN AND THE NORSEMEN. READ THIS.
AFRICA'S MOUNTAIN VALLEY. READ THIS.
LIFE OF CAPTAIN VICARS. READ THIS.
THE PRINCE OF THE HOUSE OF DAVID. READ THIS.
dec 16 2t 48

TAPERS & GAS LIGHTS, in great variety, for sale at Dr. WAYLAN'S Drug Store, No. 60 North Queen street, Lancaster. dec 16 1f 48

A CHALLENGE!—The subscriber offers to bet Mr. J. R JONES from $100 to $500, that he will beat his horse in time from New Holland to Lancaster (13 miles) each horse to be drove in a buggy, and each buggy to carry two men of equal weight.
dec 16 1t* 48 JACOB STAMBAUGH.

PREPARE FOR WINTER: JOHN A. ERBEN'S CHEAP CLOTHING STORE, SIGN OF THE STRIPED COAT, No. 42 North Queen Street, East side, near Orange st., LANCASTER, Pa.

This Popular Establishment now contains the largest and cheapest assortment of Men's and Boy's Winter Clothing in the city.

Overcoats from.....$3.00 to $15.00
Dress and Frock Coats from..... 4.25 to 12.50
Pantaloons from..... 1.75 to 6.00
Vests from..... 1.25 to 5.00

ALSO, Under Shirts, Drawers, Collars, Shirts, &c.

Just received, a large assortment of Winter CLOTHS, CASSIMERS, SATINETTS and VESTINGS, which will be made up to order, at short notice, in the most satisfactory and workmanlike manner. JOHN A. ERBEN, Sign of the Striped Coat, North Queen st., Lancaster, Pa.
dec 16 1m 28

PUBLIC SALE.—The undersigned, Assignees of William Mitzel, will sell at public sale, on the premises, in Hopewell township, York county, Pa., known as "Walnut Mills," on Thursday, the 1st day of January, 1857, the following real and personal property, viz:

No. 1. A TRACT OF LAND, containing about 40 Acres, adjoining the lands of Gemmil & Wilson, Nos. 2, 3 and 4, on which are erected a large Four Story MERCHANT MILL, 50 by 60 feet, with two run of Burrs, 2 Bolt Machines, and all other necessary fixtures for all Merchant and Country grinding. There is also on this tract a Single Mill, all in complete order, and an abundance of water. Also, a STONE DWELLING HOUSE, Stables and Orchard. About 10 Acres are Woodland, the remainder cleared and in good farming order.

No. 2, A TRACT OF LAND, situate in the township aforesaid, containing 44 acres, more or less, adjoining lands of John Faulkner, Thomas M'Callister, Gemmil & Wilson and No. 1. This tract is all cleared and in a high state of cultivation, having been limed.

No. 3. A TRACT OF WOODLAND, containing 29 acres, more or less, adjoining lands of Gemmil & Wilson, Robert Gemmil's heirs and Nos. 1 and 4.

No. 4. A TRACT OF LAND, containing 47 acres, more or less, adjoining lands of Mitzel & Gemmil, Peter Sailor's heirs and Nos. 1, 2 and 3. About 10 acres are Woodland, and the remainder cleared.

ALSO—At the same time and place, TWO TRACTS OF LAND, the property of William Mitzel, and James Gemmil, known as the "Herr Tract." No. 1 containing 29 acres, more or less, adjoining lands of William Mitzel, George Shall and others. No. 2, Containing 63 acres, more or less, adjoining lands of George Shall, William Mitzel and others.

On Friday, the 2d day of January, 1857, will be sold, at Daniel Mitzel's Mill. Two TRACTS OF LAND, viz:

No. 1. Situated in Windsor Township, York county, near Daniel Mitzel's Mill, containing 10 acres, more or less, adjoining lands of Daniel Mitzel, heirs of Henry Siechrist, John Hinchbaugh and others. This tract is all cleared and in a high State of cultivation, most fully wated.

No. 2. Four Acres of Woodland, more or less, situate in Chanceford township, York co., about half a mile from Daniel Mitzel's Mill, adjoining lands of Jacob Gable and others.

☞ Persons wishing to view the property before the days of sale, can do so by calling on either of the undersigned or John Hershner, residing on No. 1.

☞ Sale to commence at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said days, when attendance will be given and terms made known by HENRY LATIMER, JOEL MITZEL Assignees.
dec 16 3t 48

THE DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION FOR 1857.—The Democratic State Convention, for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for Governor, Canal Commissioner, and Judge of the Supreme Court, to be voted for in October next, will be held at HARRISBURG, on MONDAY, the second day of March, 1857, at 11 o'clock, A. M.

J. W. FORNEY, Chairman of State Central Committee.
dec 9 tf 47

LECTURE.—The first Lecture of the regular course will be delivered in FULTON HALL on Wednesday evening, Dec. 17th, 1856, by E. P. WHIPPLE, Esq., of Boston. Subject,

JOAN OF ARC.

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Lecture to commence at 8 o'clock. Tickets 25 cents. Two tickets to adm