To Campaign Subscribers. After this week we shall strike from our list the names of campaign subscribers to the Intelligencer-unless, which would be preferable, many of them should conclude to continue the paper as regular subscribers. Those who desire to be considered amongst the latter class, will please notify us accordingly.

The election being over, we shall be relieved from the turmoil of politics, and be enabled to give our readers, through the col- he is fully equal to the task of guiding the umns of the Intelligencer, something that will helm of the ship of State is beyond all perbe more interesting to them, as it certainly adventure. will be more agreeable to us.

Will the Examiner, now that Fremont is defeated, stick to the Abolitionists, or will it turn Know-Nothing? Our neighbor is evidently between hawk and buzzard, and may find in the end that he brought his pigs to a bad market.

Buchanan at Home! The City of Lancaster has nobly and triumphantly vindicated the character of Jawrs BUCHANAN from the vile and infamous slanders of the scoundrels in our midst, who, with fiendish malignity, sought by defamation and hold he has always had on the affections of the figures, and see a glorious majority of

1196!!

The follo	wing is the v	ote of the	Wards:
N. E. W. N. W. W. S. E. W. S. W. W.	BUCHANAN. 408 663 432 390	Fusion. 225 203 147 122	FILLMORE 59 160 62 51
Total,	1893	697	332

The Contest in Pennsylvania. The returns which pour in from our own State, says the Pennsylvanian, are of the most sylvania vindicated her pledges to the Democracy of the Union. When we notice how thoroughly the tide of sectionalism and fanaticism has swept over New England, New York, and the North-western portion of the Union, and reflect upon the strenuous exertions, extraordinary combinations, and immense sums of money expended by the opposition, we feel prouder than ever of glorious old Pennsylvania. She has proved herself the great impregnable fortress of Constitutional liberty. It was against her that the fiercest assaults were made. Here the treasures of the opposition—the corruption fund of Black Republicanism—was most lavishly expended. Here presses and venal politicians were bought up, and here numerous attempts were made to bribe Democratic election efficers. Here Stevens, Johnston and Wilmot tricked, trafficked and conspired for months, aided and abetted by the shrewdest managers of their party. Thurlow Weed, Truman Smith, Ex-Gov. Ford, etc. Here Sumner quartered himself for the campaign to excite sympathy and commiseration. Here the great orators of the opposition, Banks, Burlingame, Wilson, and hosts of others made their greatest efforts. Here all the fanaticisms of the times were leagued against us. Here was the chosen battle ground of the Constitution and the Union; here their foes made their most desperate fight, and here Black Republicanism

received its death-blow. All Hail! Pennsylvania! But few of the official returns of the counties to yet received—we, therefore, prefer waiting until next week to give the full vote, by counties, at the recent Presidential election. It is sufficient for the present to observe that the official and reported majorities already received, with a liberal estimate for the counties yet to be heard from, would indicate a plurality for Mr. Buchanan over Fremont of at least 30,000—and a clear majority over the combined opposition of from 8 to 10,000!

Truly has Pennsylvania covered herself all over with glory, and more than ever won for herself the title of the Keystone of the Federal Arch. Had our noble old Commonwealth howed her head to the storm, and given way under the fierce tempest of Abolitionism and Know Nothingism with which she was assailed, all would have been lost—the arch would have crumbled to pieces, and the glory of the Republic would have departed forever.

All hail, Pennsylvania! All hail to her illustrious candidate! All hail to the President elect of the United States!

In the City of Philadelphia Mr. Bu-CHANAN'S majority over the Fusion ticket is 18.160, and over all 6.246.

The Home of Buchanan!

The city of Lancaster speaks in thunder and its condemnation and detestation of the midst who, by the most abominable slanders estimation of his fellow citizens.

the majority ever before given for a Democratic candidate for the Presidency, is a glorious record for herself, and a proud trophy for Mr. BUCHANAN. His immediate neighbors have thus shown their high appreciation of his excellence, and the fast hold he has upon their affections.

The home of JAMES BUCHANAN has spoken! Let traitors to the Union and blustering demagogues, infidels and canting hypocrites. with contempt and loathing by every honest Philadelphia. It will be recollected that a

Glorious Old Berks! The official majority for Mr. BUCHANAN in Berks county is 6.9831

As Mr. Buchanan is now the President elect of the United States, and as he will probably need a new suit of clothes for the to Rockhill & Wilson's clothing establishment

THE UNION SAFE. After one of the most bitter and desperate ontests in the history of our country, we have the unspeakable gratification of announcing to our readers that our distinguished and greatly beloved fellow citizen, JAMES BUCH-ANAN, is the President elect of the United States. It was a fearful contest, and the Constitution and the Union were sorely tried and assailed on every hand by factions and unprincipled men; but, thank God, the people were competent to the task, and their verdict on Tuesday last has silenced, we hope forever. the infidel traitors who sought the destruction

of our glorious Republic. The inauguration of President Buchanan. will form a new era in the history of the country. It will be the rainbow of peace to the Nation, and tend to strengthen and consolidate the bonds of the Union, and add to the glory and perpetuity of the Republic. A man request. If they cannot pay all, let them give of enlarged experience and great administrative abilities himself, he will rally around him, in Cabinet council, true and tried men who love the Union, and whose highest aspirations office and settle, and thereby save us the ex- will be the welfare and happiness of the whole American people.

His election to the Chief Magistracy is already hailed by the people every where-North, East, South and West,-as the harbinger of better days to the Republic, as the destruction of sectionalism and disunionism. Mr. BUCHANAN loves the Union and the Constitution with paternal fondness, and will devote all his great talents to their preservation and perpetuation. That he will encounter storms and tempests at the outset of his administration is altogether probable ;-but that

Evidence of Unpopularity. New York Herald calls Lancaster township, gave the meagre majority of four votes for the of our beloved country Fusion electoral ticket, therefore that paper concludes that Mr. BUCHANAN is unpopular at his own home. This will be better understood, perhaps, when we inform the Herald that this same Lancaster township has heretofore been one of the very strongest Whig districts in the county, in proportion to its even at the last October election the majority against the Demogratic State ticket was 30 falsehoods, to weaken and destroy the fast The fact that Mr. Buchanan reduced that his neighbors and acquaintances. Look at bounded popularity at home, instead of the reverse as the Herald would fain make its

readers believe. The vote polled for Mr. BUCHANAN in Lancaster county, on Tuesday, was 8.731. being an increase of over 2,200 on the highest ible appeal addressed to their passions, and the Democratic vote ever before cast in the county! except at the October election. This is another evidence, for the benefit of the New York Herald, of Mr. Buchanan's unpopularity at

And a third evidence is the majority of 1196 in this city-nearly four times the usual Democratic majority here!

In the seventeen States where elections have been held the Democrats have gained fiftythe remaining fourteen States, three.

It is probable that of the fourteen States there elections are yet to be held, Alabama. Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Delaware and Virginia, will elect Democratic members; that the Ken-Representatives will stand as follows:

Buchanan.

Buchanan's probable majority, 28 The result of the State elections thus far indicate that the Democrats will have a clear the Democrats will have control of both Houses of the Thirty-Fifth Congress.

Kausas has Ceased to Bleed! We have heard nothing more of "bleeding" Wansas, even from the Inland Daily, since last Tuesday. The election of Mr. Buchanan to

We would suggest to the Daily, Express. Independent Whig, and Examiner, the propriety of now taking up the wrongs of Baltimore, and descanting upon the bloodshed and murcity by the Know Nothing ruffians and bullies! There may have been wrongs and outrages committed in Kansas by "Border Ruffians" and "Beecher Ruffians"—but we doubt Know Nothing Ruffians" in Baltimore on Tuesday last, as well as at the recent municipal election, far exceed them in atrocity. The infamous conduct of the Know Nothings in Baltimore has inflicted a grievous wrong upon the people of Pennsylvania, to whom that city is so much indebted for its prosperity .--Had it not been for the lawless conduct and intolerance of the dominant faction in Baltimore, the State of Maryland would have cast her electoral vote for the distinguished statesman of Pennsylvania. As it is, Mr. FILLMORE to support it. It was the desire to save the gets it, but only over the mangled bodies and confederacy from the detriment of sectionalism:

The city of Baltimore, under the control of and the Union. its Know Nothing municipal government, has established a character of infamy which will require long years to wipe from the record.— Alas! poor, bleeding Baltimore!

The vote at the Church of Epiphany, in Philadelphia, on Monday evening week, to decide the question whether the vestry should be sustained in the rebuke given the pastor, tones its appreciation of JAMES BUCHANAN, Rev. Dudley A. Tyng, for preaching politics from the pulpit, resulted as follows: For the vile scoundrelism of certain individuals in our vestry, fifty-seven, against the vestry, forty. MONT, if the votes for the Fusion Ticket headfour. This vote involves Mr. Tyng's resigna- ed by his name in Pennsylvania only are and vituperation, sought to injure him in the tion according to the determination previously counted for him, will be in a minority as arrest of 250 "peaceable emigrants" into that announced by him. Every congregation in against the united vote of Buchanan and Territory, by Gov. Geary, but subsequently Yes-Lancaster city has spoken, and her the country, whose minister has been guilty noble majority of 1196-more than treble of deserting his sacred calling in a like manner, should pursue a similar course. Such men are not the persons to preach christianity

to intelligent communities. meeting of the City Councils of Philadelphia. on Thursday last, a resolution passed both branches tendering the use of Independence nority of 100,000 votes. He carries Ohio by Hall to the Hon. James Buchanan, "President | a minority vote, and Illinois, we presume, if elect of the United States, for the reception carried by him at all, is carried in the same their diminished heads, and be treated of his friends, on the occasion of his visiting manner. On the contrary every State carried resolution tendering the hall to Mr. Buchanan on his return home in April last was voted Jersey, but we think he has also a clear madown by the then Know Nothing Councils.

Northern Central Railway.—The new link in this road, extending from Bridgeport, opposite Harrisburg, to Millersburg, a distance of twenty-six miles, is now reported as completed and ready for delivery by the coninauguration, would it not be well for the tractors to the company. A locomotive and Saturday Express to again call his attention cars have passed successfully over the track between the points named. This at once in Philadelphia! connected with which the makes a clear opening to the Lykens Valley editor told such a bare-faced falsehood a few sing rapidly towards Trevorton, and will Providence the order is fast sinking into observed to the election.

The work is progressing rapidly towards Trevorton, and will Providence the order is fast sinking into observed to the election.

The work is progressing rapidly towards Trevorton, and will Providence the order is fast sinking into observed to the election.

The Grand Result. We append the probable result of the Presidential election, with the exception of California, which cannot be received for some time. It will be seen that Mr. Buchanan has 10 electoral votes more than sufficient without California-with that (which we think is certain for him) he will have 163, or 14 votes more than necessary:

No. of Votes. 5 New Hampshire. 4 Rhode Island Vermont. 7 New Jersey, Pennsylvan 3 Delaware, Maryland, 15 Virginia, 10 North Carolina, 10 8 South Carolina. 12 Tenness 6 Louisana Mississippi Indiana. 11* Il Illinois. Alabama Missouri, Arkansas Michigan 3 Florida, Texas. 4 California

*Doubtful These are the facts and we will give the figures when they are correctly received --JAMES BUCHANAN has been elected President and JOHN C. BRECKINRINGE Vice President of the United States for four years from the Because the " " heatland District," as the 4th of March, 1857, and may Heaven direct their best energies to the honor and happiness

The Moral of the Victory. momentous Presidential contest has resulted in favor of the national cause. James Buchanan has been elected the next President. and John C. Breckinridge the Vice President of these United States. This is far more than an ordinary victory. Those who united to copulation, uniformly giving from fifty to achieve it, as is well and aptly remarked by seventy majority against the Democrats, and the Boston Post, came to the rescue of their country when a true patriotism was imperiously required when the issues touched the fundamentals of our polity; when the principles of majority to four votes is an evidence of unthe Constitution and the stability of the Union were at stake: when fidelity to our noble republican institutions were alike an honor and a glory. The people have proved equal to the occasion. The sound argument addressed to their intelligence has prevailed over the plausright has triumphed.

This result is not a victory of the north over the south: or an assumption of rule by sixteen States over fifteen States. It will occasion no arrogant exultation in one portion of our country, no sullen resentment in another portion. It is a victory achieved by a band of fellow countrymen whose principles and obcheering character. Most nobly has Penn- Political Complexion of the new or 35th jects and organizations know no geographical lines, but embrace the rights and interests and welfare of our whole country. And the sounds of rejoicing will be heard going up eight members. Present Democratic majority from the thirty one States, and for the triumph of principles held in common by each and every member of our confederacy.

Well may the people of all the States rejoice in such a victory! The object which the masses of both the great parties aim at is the and probabilities in view, the next House of that the democratic party seek to force slavery on to Kansas; to restore the African slave trade; or to extend the evils of slavery. Their simple principle is, that the people of a Territory, as it is with the people of a State, shall decide for themselves whether they will permit slavery within their limits. This is the working majority in the Senate, and that | finality which has been reached; and this is the right which the President elect will secure

to the actual settlers of Kansas. Such a victory cannot fail to be surcharged with benefits and blessings to all-to our political enemies as well as our friends. It will substantially destroy that pest to our interests and happiness and fraternity, slavery agitathe Presidency has put a complete stop to it. tion. It will "restore the peace, friendship and mutual confidence which prevailed in the olden time among the different members of the confederacy." This will confer a vast benefit ders perpetrated at the recent elections in that on commerce in all its varied branches, and on the social and religious world. The merchant and the mechanic will feel its salutary influences; while the next four years of peace and harmony will witness new courses of social. not the outrages and murder perpetrated by material and political progress, and inspire new confidence in the permanency of our institutions.

All honor to the Democratic champions who so nobly upheld the national cause! They deserve well of their country for their large service. With them, working like a band of brothers, was the flower of the old Whig party. There is nothing more gratifying in our polit ical annals than this splendid accession of talent and patriotism to the Democratic cause; for it was pure love of country that led them

The Popular Vote.

From present indications Mr. Buchanan will receive nearly a majority of the whole this be so, and who dare dispute the saying of popular vote of the country, which, with three the inspired penman, then the inference is prominent candidates in the field, is a great triumph.

clear majority over both his competitors, ex- whose prayers are an abomination to high clusive of the vote of South Carolina. We Heaven! think that Mr. Buchanan's minority cannot be so great as that. On the other hand, Fre-FILLMORE, even in the nonslave-holding States. Indeed his votes in there will not much ex_ ceed that cast for Mr. Buchanan, and as he receives no votes in the slave-holding States. he is in a minority in the Union of from 750. TENDER OF INDEPENDENCE HALL.—At a majority only in New England, and probably masting of the City Councils of Philadelphia.

O00 to 1,000,000 votes. Fremont has a clear 4 boxes ball cartridges; 1 bag of caps; 6 small lots of cartridges; 1 box—10 Sharp's rifles; 145 breech-loading muskets; 85 per-York and Pennsylvania, each, he is in a miby Mr. Buchanan he carries by a majority over all his competitors except, perhaps, New

jority there .- Pennsylvanian.

The Vote of the Cities. leading Northern Cities

stands thus: Buchanan Fillmore. Philadelphia, 38,222 24.084 7.892 40,799 5,458 19,957 4,330 4,849 New Bork. 11,213

95.692 53,220 41.567 Total. BUCHANAN has in these cities a majority 905 over the combined vote of FILLMORE and FREMONT, while the vote of FREMONT is 107," 345 less than the combined vote of Buchanan and FILLMORE. Even in Boston, the very hotbed of sectionalism and fanaticism. FREMONT is in a minority of the popular vote. In each and all these cities Black Republican presses have had a wide circulation.

The inhabitants of them have heard time and again, reiterated in every shape and form, all the arguments Black Republicanism could December. adduce to win their support. In New York the Quintuple Alliance, the Herald, Tribune. Times and Courier and Enquirer, have joined in a united shrick for "Freedom" and FRE-MONT. In Philadelphia, the North American, Daily Times, Bulletin, Sun, and Free Press have zealously advocated FREMONT, and in their voters. In past times all these cities have as a general rule been strongly opposed to the Democratic party, yet now its candidates have received a clear majority of their

The great truth so long obscured or denied, that the Democratic party is the true protector of the commercial and business interests of the country, as of all other great interests. is now becoming, with each new day, more generally acknowledged. The wisdom of its past neasures is no longer seriously denied or disputed, and its attitude in the present conflict uss commended it to all conservative national men. As our cities would be the most seriously affected by the perils which the triumph of a sectional party would inflict, they have been the most emphatic in their opposition to it, and they have spurned the counsels of the false guides who sought to lure them into nath of folly and of danger.

Of all these cities, however, Philadelphia is re-eminent for her nationality. She has well be proud. Most nobly has she vindicated her fair fame from all taints of affiliation or sympathy with the mad passions of the hour. The soil where the Declaration of Independence was declared, and the Constitution framed—her citizens as a mass are true ntiment of fraternal regard for all the people of all the States, and an unalterable determination to uphold the true principles of Constitutional Liberty. Her merchants, mechanics, business men, and her people generally, will not join in the mad crusade against the South which Black Republicanism inaugurated.

Looking forward, as we do, with the utmost confidence, to a wise and successful adminiswelfare of our common country, and what be enabled to remove all pretexts for the dan great difficulty in obtaining a copy. It was tucky and Maryland Delegations will be largely Democratic, while Rhode Island, New the rights of all. Time soon will demonstrate disturbed the tranquility of the nation, and response to the rights of all. to the intelligent and candid the falsity of the feel sure that the confidence bestowed upon Three hundred and twenty-one and a half elect opposition members. With these facts charges which so many believe to be true, him by the American people will be fully tons of copper ore were exported from Table merited.—Pennsulvanian

> The Storm of Tuesday. The southeasterly gale which prevailed on damage on Lake Erie and Lake Ontario .-American Republic was driven against the breakwater and sunk immediately. She was from Chicago, laden with a large cargo of wheat. The propeller St. Joseph went ashore at Fairport, and will probably prove a total loss. Her crew were rescued with much difficulty. There were rumors in circulation at Buffalo of the wreck of a number of other

> On Tuesday night Montreal was visited by a terrific hurricane. Much damage was done to the buildings in the city and neighborhood, but no loss of life is reported. The Steamer Prince Albert was driven ashore at St. Helen's Island, but the passengers were landed in safety, and properly cared for by the garrison stationed there.

Religious Election Excitement. The religious feeling in the State of New York, at the late election, is illustrated by the statement that in Penn Yan, the Presbyterian Church, the Baptist Church, the Methodist Episcopal Church, and the Wesleyan Metho-Episcopal Church, and the Wesleyan Methodist Church, united, were to hold a prayer meeting at 8½ o'clock A. M., on election day, shed blood of his fellow citizens! We envy a high resolve to cast an influence in favor of to pray for the success of the Republican the principles that underlie the Constitution members to the polls, to vote for Fremont and Davton.—Inland Daily.

It is said in the good book that "the prayers of the righteous availeth much." If irresistible that the Church members above alluded to, so far from being "righteous," are In 1848, Gen. Taylor lacked 152,931 of a set of arrant hypocrites and pretenders,

> Peaceable Emigrants. Some of the Kansas correspondents for the newspapers were terribly indignant over the were released on promise of behaving themselves peaceably. The baggage wagon of these peaceful emigrants, when overhauled, showed the following implements of industry:

"Three boxes of navy pistols, all new, viz cussion muskets; 115 bayonets; 61 common sabres; 2 officer's sabres; 12 kegs of powder 61 dragoon saddles; 1 drum.

The drum as an implement of husbandry is a striking improvement upon the old fashioned mode of subduing a wilderness, and the large quantity of gunpowder proves that the party expected plenty of game.

New Counterfeits.—A new counterfeit ten dollar bill on the Girard Bank, Philadelphia, Baltimore is now under the blighting curse has made its appearance, which may deceive of Know Nothingism, and the influence is the unwary. It is easily detected, however. manifested in riots, blood and murder. The by its having on the right hand end of the disgraceful doings of the dark lantern order note a group consisting of a man and woman, at Cincinnati, Louisville, and other places, in place of the medallion head of Stephen were carried out at the Presidential election on | Girard, which appears on both ends of the the 4th, in Baltimore, with the same prosorip- genuine. In other respects it is a tolerable tive and bitter intolerance, adding another imitation of the good note. The signa-

How the President and Vice President The following is a summary of the consti

tutional requirements and acts of Congress upon the election of President and Vice President of the United States: 1. The Electors are chosen by thurse

the people, on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November.

2. Electors meet on the first Wednesday in December, and cast their votes. sign three certificates—send a me with one copy to the President of the Senate at Washington, before the first Wednesday in another by mail to the same person Januaryand the third delivered to the United States District Judge where Electors meet.
3. Each State provides by law for filling

any vacancy in the Board of Electors, occ-sioned by absence, death or resignation.-Such of the electors as are present, are generally authorized to fill any vacancy. 4. The Governors give notice to electors of their election before the first Wednesday in

5. On the second Wednesday in February Congress shall be in session, and open the turns. The President of the Sen in the presence of 'the House of Representatives, open the certificate of returns, and count the votes. The person having the greatest number of votes for President shall be the President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed. And Cincinnati and Boston he has been ably sus- if no person have such majority, then from tained by numerous presses. Yet all this the persons having the highest number, not pressure, aided by an immense amount of exceeding three, on the list of those voted for FREMONT oratory in prostituted pulpits and on shall chose immediately, by ballot, the Presithe stump, and the expenditure of vast dent; but in choosing the President, the votes amounts of money has totally failed to win to shall be taken by States, the representation his support but little more than one-fifth of their return. It rout times all these sities for this purpose shall consist of a member or om two-thirds of the States, and a members f majority of all the States shall be necessary

6. If the choice devolve upon the House of Representatives, and they fail to make a choice before the 4th of March next following, the Vice President is to act as President.
7. A Vice President may be elected, chosen by the Senate, as abo ve provided, be

fore an election or choice of President. 8. The day fixed by Congress for openin and counting the votes of the electors, and in case of its being necessary for the election of President by the House of Representatives and of Vice President by the Senate of the United States, is the second Wednesday in February, after the appointment of electors. 9. There is no constitutional provision for the case where there is neither a President or Vice President, elected or chosen, in the manner directed by the Constitution. The act of Cougress of 1792 provides that, under such circumstances, there shall be a new election

Foreign News.

The steamship Canada arrived at Halifax on Wednesday evening, with Liverpool dates given FREMONT but a little more than one-tenth to the 25th ult., three days later than those her votes. Out of 70,198 votes polled, he previously received. The financial news is received but 7,892. Of this result she may of a favorable character. Consols are quoted at 92½ a 92§. Cotton continued buoyant, but breadstuffs were dull. The Neapolitan queseion was no nearer settlement. The English fleet was somewhere in the Mediterranean, but the French fleet remained at Toulon -Reports entitled to confidence were in circulato their loyality to the Union, and cherish a tion, to the effect that Russia had advised King Ferdinand to yield some of the points in dispute, and to trust to France to mediate upon the remainder. From Spain there are rumors of an expected Ministerial crisis. The rule of Narvaez had naturally led to a concentration of the opposition elements, and an explosion will be the result. In France frequent arrest of members of secret societies caused some sensation.

We have files from the Cape of Good Hope tration, during the next four years, in which dated to the 10th of September. The Gra. Mr. Buchanan will so discharge the Presiden- ham's Town papers state that a very dantial duties as to command the approval of all gerous pamphlet was being circulated through. patriotic men who desire the happiness and out the Kat river settlement. Its circulation welfare of our country, we trust that he may was confined to the Hottentots, and there was Bay during the month of August.

By way of New Orleans we have news from Ruatan to the 18th ult. The treaty between Honduras and England, retroceding the Island Tuesday evening last, caused considerable to the first named Power, reached Ruatan on the 17th, and caused considerable excitement. Two schooners, one laden with wheat and the Public opinion was almost unanimous against other with salt, went ashore between the piers | the recognition of the sovereignty of Honduat Oswego, and the schooner J. G. Deshler ras, and a large portion of the inhabitants was dismasted and driven ashore about nine were determined to resist the measure if it miles above that city. A large number of were forced upon them. Many were in favor vessels left Buffalo on Monday, and much of endeavoring to become an independent reanxiety was felt for their safety. The bark public. The Island is inhabited by about three thousand five hundred people, a large proportion of them blacks, but all speaking the English language, the same as those of St Andrew's and Providencia, nearer to the New Granadian coast.

> [From the Milledgeville, (Ga.) Federal Union.] Pennsylvania to Fanaticism what Virginia was to Know-Nothingism. When, in 1855, the tide of Know-Nothing ism was at its flood—when the whole North had bowed to the modern Baal—when State after State had floated off from its moorings, and swelled the mighty torrent as it swept down from the North—there was to be held

in the Old Dominion an election for State officers. Every eye was turned to the contest in that old iron ribbed Democratic stronghold. The Democracy there had never been known the quail before the enemy. But Sam, flushed with vigtory all over the North, and wearing rated creeds, 35,000; the hereditary nobility, proudly his laurels gained in many of our 150,000; bourgeoise, including discharged solouthern city elections, came forth to meet the Democracy in their ancient stronghold, and Democracy in their ancient stronghold, and to the Oural, the Don, the Wolga, the Black boastfully proclaimed his triumph there as on the Oural, the Baschkirs, and the irreguelsewhere. But the "monster of such hideous mien" had but to show himself in Virginia, to be despised and distrusted. The gallant champion of Democracy, Henry A. Wise, rallied his followers from the mountain and valley, by hill and by dale, and upon a hundred of the trans-Caucassian possessions, 1,400,000; battle fields met and vanquish d the army o Black Knights. Once aroused, the Democracy of the Old Dominion never paused in their labors, neverslept upon their swords, until the memorable 24th of May, when, by a grand concerted effort, they conquered black Sam, and sent his minions howling to their dens and caves. This was the first and only dark day that ever crossed the path of jubilant Sam. It was his first defeat, but it was a crushing one. From that day he grew weak-er and weaker, until every little State at the south shook her fist in his face, and contemptlously mocked him.

When the tide of Fanaticism was lately

weeping over the North-when Iowa and Maine and Vermont had capitulated to the plack forces under Fremont-when patriots, who had never before thought of calculating he value of the Union, who almost despaired of the Republic, had begun to talk of a dissoution of the Union as a friend face to facewhen, in fine, the flag of sixteen States was floating from the capitols of almost every Northern State. Old Pennsylvania distinguish ed as the Key Stone of the Arch—always true to the Union-rolled back the swelling tide of moral and political treason, and proclaimed to the world, that as for her and her sons, they were for the Union and the Constitution as their fathers made them. What followed to Know-Nothingism after its defeat in Virginia, will follow Black Republicanism from its complete overthrow in Pennsylvania. It's supposed invincibility is proven to be a great humbug. Beaten on its chosen battle field, assisted as it was by other elements of adnitted strength, it is no longer formidable.

and ere the sun goes down on Tuesday next, there will have been recorded a victory for the Union and the Constitution over the combined forces of Black Republicanism and Fillmoreism. that will cheer the hearts of the patriotic American people, North, South, East and West. Virginia and Pennsylvania —Mother of States, Mother of the Constitution -twin sisters of a Confederated Union-in the dark days of the revolution their voice ascended in prayer to Heaven, invoking the blessing of God upon a struggling reople— their blood mingled freely on the virgin soil for their rights and their honor—and still they stand shoulder to shoulder fighting the battle

TRIAL OF GAP CARES

In the Quarter Sessions of Chester County.

Elies Livingston indicted for receiving stolen goods, knowing them to have been stolen, property of Geo. Buckley—also with the larceny of leather, &c., of Geo. W. Lore, of Penningtonville; value \$47. The testimony being finished and elaborately argued, the Court charged the jury on Thursday morning, clearly and fully on the evidence, and we give merely a synopsis of the principal points. The principal testimony against defendant was that of two accomplices—Thomas Young and Joseph Hedricks. The parties were provided with a large number of keys; they went to the factory of Buckley, took cloth to the value of \$240—carried it to the cave on the hill; as it rained next day, Young and Hedricks took their portion of the goods from the cave, and carried them to John Hedricks' to prevent damage. There they remained until there were rumors in the neighborhood that houses were to be searched; application was then made to Livingston, the defendant, who agreed at once to receive the goods; said that he would purchase half of them. Accordingly he went in a day or two to Hedricks, and it was, his Honor remarked, the exclusive province of the jury to determine the degree of credence to be placed upon the testimony of accomplices. The jury could convict a prisoner upon the testimony of accomplices, even without corroborating witnesses—it was their duty to be cautious. The safest rule for the safety and liberty of the country, is that the jury should not convict merely on the testimony of these men. Dr. Cain and Dr. Bailey testified that they had seen the prisoner in company with others, on the way to Hedricks.

But the testimony of the keeper of the Chester county prison, as to the conversation between the defendant in the other Gap prisoners, in the prisoner, relative to the goods stolen, was of such a remarkable character as to leave little doubt of his guilt. His Honor remarked that a plea had been set up by the counsel for the defence, that inasmuch as the defendant lived in Lanca

inasmuch as the defendant lived in Lancaster county, and the goods were received at his house in that county, there was no jurisdiction in Chester county. But what were the circumstances? The goods were at John Hedricks; the goods, the plunder spread out before them; Wm. Ray, Hawke, Elias Livingston, John Hedricks and Joseph Hedricks were there—there together—a conclave of robbers, who had been roaming about the country plundering and robbing. These goods were known by all these men to have been stolen. There was nothing, therefore, in the point raised by the counby an unese men to have been stolen. Incre was nothing, therefore, in the point raised by the counsel to justify the jury in turning aside the justice of the country upon the pretext that these goods, if received by defendant, were not received in Ches-

tre county. Testimony of Benjamin Haines, Keeper of the Chester County Prison.—It appears that the Gap prisoners, who are confined in different parts of the prison, have been in the practice, at late hours of the night, when they imagined all had retired to rest, to carry on conversation with each other, in which they freely discussed their private affairs. This was done by placing their faces to the nar row window which admits air into the cell, and talking so loud as to be heard in the most distant cells of the prison. This practice is against the prison regulations, and renders offenders liable to punishment. They became so noisy upon one ocpunishment. They became so noisy upon one oc-asion as to annoy the neighborhood, and being at casion as to annoy the neighborhood, and being at midnight, on one occasion an adjacent family ima-gined from the noise and profanity, that burglars were about the house. Complaint was made to the keeper, who made an effort to break it up. On the 2d of July last, at a late hour at night, he entered the jail yard; the conversation of the pris-oners was resumed, and the keeper detailed it about

as follows:

Young said to Ray, have you ever been at our cave back of Penningtonville? He says no. Elias, you've been there? He says yes, what do you want to know for? Young said, I thought may be you had gone there and taken some things out since I have been here. Elias said, no, I couldn't find it again. Young says, yes you could—couldn't you find it by the crow's nest? He said, no. Then Young, says, I've been told they are going to bring John Hedricks' wife as a witness about that leather of Lore's and cloth of Buckley's, that we had brought there: Elias Livingston says about that leather of Lore's and cloth of Buckley's, that we had brought there: Blias Livingston says she don't know me. Young says, why you eat supper there. They talked a good deal about this woman coming as a witness.—Elias says, who is her husband? Young or Ray says, why he has run off; he dare not stay, or he would get into trouble. Young says, I understand they sent for Bob Reed. Elias says, who told you? Young said, somebody; then he said Bill Bear has been caught. Then they got to talking about Mrs. Hedricks again coming as a witness. Elias says, oh, you never mind I'll have that fixed—I'll be out before Court and I have five or six I can bring as witnesses which will fix all that. Young says, as witnesses which will fix all that. Young says, how about Joe Hedricks. Elias says, ch. no danger of his telling. Young says, I'm not so damned sure about that. Elias says, you know Tom, that when, you come to Court, you must say your sto-ry is hearsny and then they will say stop, stop, stop; you shan't be in more than 4 weeks after court; we'll get you out; they won't catch you Young says, no danger of that if I get out. Elias says, I don't believe they'll follow you far. Elias says hee'l have a demijohn of whiskey in the woods. Young told him to have some sugar. On the 5th of July, Young says, Elias you remember the night we took Lore's leather and Buckley's cloth away from John Hedricks' house, and took it to the hill, you and me went to the cave and got them hats and bonnets? Elias says, yes. Young says, Joe stole my best hat that night; you didn't see it did yon, after we got the goods to your house. Elias says, no. Young says, there was no goods found at your house when they searched, was there? Elias says, no, I've too good a wife for that—she looks out for that. I've told her, when you have there was no revest needs to have theirs. the 5th of July, Young says, Elias you remember whenever there was an arrest made to have things cleared. I'll be damned if she wouldn't burn the house before they should find any thing. Joseph Hedricks, Elias, Geo. Ray and Young

were mentioned in the conversation as the persons who took leather and cloths from John Hedricks' house.

The Jury found a verdict of guilty of stealing and also of receiving stolen goods knowing them to be stolen. The sentence of the Court has not yet been pronounced. Livingston is the son of a res-pectable farmer in Lancaster county—a young man about 25 years old, of prepossessing appearance, recently married, and who was settled on his father's farm last year to manage and cultivate it. He had therefore every advantage and

THE CLEMSON CASES. The cases of Amos Clemson and his son Tilghman R. Clemson, charged as accessories to horse stealing and divers largenies, were postponed over to the next Court.

The Moniteur de l'Armese gives the following s the results of the census of the Russian Empire, taken by the order of the Emperor at the time of his accession to the throne:

The total number of the population amounts to 60,000,000, the principal elements of which give results unknown to the rest of Europe.— The clergy of the Russian church stand 150,000; bourgeoise, including discharged soldiers, 425,000; foreigners residing temporarily, 40,000; different bodies of Cossaeks colonized lar Kalmucks, 2,000,000; the population of the towns, the middle and lower classes, 5,000,000: the population of the country parts, 45,000,000 the kidgdom of Poland, 4,200,000; the Grand Duchy of Finland, 1,400,000; and the Russian colonies in America, 71,000. At the accession of the Emperor Nicholas, the census then colones in America.

of the Emperor Nicholas, the census then of the Emperor Nicholas, the census then taken only gave a population of 51,000,000.—

sand six hundred and fifty eight mues in a minute, or a speed of two thousand times minute, or a speed of two thousand times greater than that of a cannon ball. Its axis greater than that of a cannon ball. Its axis present than that of a cannon ball is axis the plane of its present than that of a cannon ball is axis than the axis than than that of a cannon ball is axis than than than the axis than than than the axis than th now an extent of 22,000,000 of square kilometres (a kilometre is \$ of a mile,) and a length of coast of 27,000 kilometres. If the population continues to increase in the same propor-tion, it will by 1900 amount to 100,000,000, The Russian Empire according to the same document contains 112 different peoples, divided into 12 principal races, the most numerous of which is the Sclavonian, including the Russians, properly so called, the Poles, the Cossacks, and the Servian colonies of the of apples has the preference over all others,

RECRUITS FOR WALKER .- Four hundred and sixty-two men left New Orleans on the 27th letr, in the steamship Tennessee, to jion Gen. ult., in the steamship Tennessee, to jion Gen. Walker in Nicaragua. They were under the command of Capt James F. Coleman of Vicksburg, and were accompanied by Col. J. A. Jacques, of New Orleans. The New Orleans Delta is informed that a still larger number will go out in the Tennessee, on the 20 inst., as companies are forming in Kentucky, Tennessee and Texas, to go by the earliest con-

The Editor's Book Table.

THE UNITED STATES DEMOCRATIC REVIEW. Edited and published by Messrs. Harrison, Cone and Benedict, 71 Nassau St. N. York, at \$3 per annum. The November number has a very able political article entitled "The Eve of Battle." There are also several other literary and political articles of great merit. The work neted with great spirit and ability, and merits the warmest support from the Democratic party.

PUTNAM'S MONTALY—A Magazine of Literature, ence and the Art. Published by Dix, Edwards &

1. Lawyers.
2. Hendrik's Prophecy—A Song.
3. Trugedy of Hairston.
4. De Tocquerille on the Causes of the French Revolution
5. To Nisgara.
6. Scumpariss.
7. The Fisher and Charon. Frontier Yarns.
Blondine.
Glimpses of Nineveh—B. C. 690.
Last Years of Heinrich Heine.
The Mexso-Matti.

CITY AND COUNTY AFFAIRS.

LANCASTER COUNTY. This great County performed wonders on Tuesday last. The hitherto boasted population majority of from Free to Six Thousand has a windled down to a meagre majority of 1492 I and that, too, in the largest vote over cast in the County! We did a great work at the Ootober election—but the result of the idential election surpasses the most sanguine expecta ons, and can only be accounted for on the ground of Mr ancaster County has spoken in favor of her dist citizen, and proudly points to the record—the official —for the extent and volume of her voice :
OFFICIAL VOTE OF LANGASTER COUNTY.

DISTRICTS W. Lamp' Conestoga Wash'n b Ephruta Bainbridg Neffsville,

10473 8029 8731 6608 3615 10223 977 SALUTING THE VICTORY .- On Tuesday eveing, after the result of the Wards of the City were known ome of our Democratic friends, headed by old Democrat, Ex-Alderman KAUTZ, of the S. W. Ward, prought the little Cannon "Penelope" into Centre Square and fired several rounds. They then proceeded to the emocratic Head Quarters, and gave our sleeping opponen

some more Democratic thunder.
On Wednesday the splendid Caunon, presented by John RIFFEN, Esq., to the Wheatland Club, was paraded through the streets, accompanied with music, and taken to College Hill, where a salute of thirty-one rounds was fired in honor of our great victory in Pennsylvania. The Gun proves itself to be a master-piece of workmanship. It has been christened "Old Buck."

COLUMBIA AND PHILADELPHIA RAILROAD .omparative statement of Tolis collected on this road for the months of October, 1855 and 1866, and for the first even months of the fiscal years 1865 and 1856 :

)ctober, 1855,..)ctober, 1866,... \$1,225 29 From Dec. 1, 1855 to Oct. 31, 1856,.... \$101,981 51

AN AGED VOTER. Mr. MICHAEL HOOVER. f East Donegal township, in the 90th year of his age, was ought to the polls at Maylown, on Tuesday, by Dr. Wat ion, and cast his vote for James Buchanan. He had always heretofore been opposed to the Democratic party; but was anxious to give his last vote in favor of the Union and the Constitution.

ANOTHER. -- A Mr. Shank, over 90 years of age, of Washington Borough, heretofore an old line Whig, voted for JAMES BUCHANAN, on Tuesday last.

THE DAILY EVENING EXPRESS .- This is the title of a new candidate for public favor in this City, in the ... shape of a daily, published every evening by Messra Pearsol & Gelst. It professes neutrality in politics, and appears to be conducted with spirit and ability. The Intand Daily is also to be changed, we believe, to an evening paper. It also professes neutrality-but of its

practice we leave our readers to judge. Perhaps, now that Kansas has stopped bleeding it may be able to square its WATCHMEN.—The following persons have been appointed Night Watchmen, by Mayor Zimmerman They entered upon their duties on Wednesday night last: N. W. Ward—James Jones, John Fox, Wm. Wil S. W. Ward—Leonard Kissinger, Lewis Stone

Pantz.

N. E. Ward—George Cox, Peter Ruth, Samuel Marrion.

S. E. Ward—Bernard Fitspatrick, Frederick Dean, Sam. CONTRACT AWARDED .- Mr. H. E. Leman, of this city, has received the contract for supplying the In-dian Bureau with rifles. The contract is said to be one of

e heaviest that has been awarded for many years. Major Poore and his Barrow of Apples--Public Reception in Boston. A despatch from Boston, dated Friday, gives in account of the conclusion of one of the best

kes of the political dampaign. It says: Major Ben. Perley Poore, the late Fillmore andidate for Congress in the Sixth District, arrived in the city this afternoon with his wheelbarrow and barrel of apples—which he had wheeled all the way from West Newbury, a distance of thirty six miles, in two and a half days. The job was in fulfilment of a bet with Col. Burbank, the Fremont State Senator elect, that Fillmore would get more votes in Massa

The Major wheeling the apples, was escorted p State street, about 2 o'clock, by the Fillmore Clubs of Boston and Charlestown, a military company and a mounted cavalcade of citizens. The novelty of the performance collected many thousands of the people, and the Major was greeted with tremendous and tumultuous ipplause on all sides. He delivered the apples to Col. Burbank on the steps of the Tremont House, when both gentlemen delivered congratulatory speeches mounted on the barrel I'en thousand people were present.

The Planet Jupiter is now the evening star, and will continue so until April 11, 1857. Jupiter is the largest of all the planets, and, next to Venius, the most brilliant. It is one thousand three hundred times larger than the earth, is about four hundred and ninetyfive millions eight hundred thousand miles distant from the sun, and is accompanied by four moons, which help it to its light. It is twelve years in revolving around the sun, and turns about on its axis once in ten hours which orbit, the sun is almost always in the plane of

APPLES FOR EXPORT. -Owing to the failure of the apple crop in Europe, there is a large demand for exportation, and at least 10,000 barrels of Newton pippins, embracing the best of the crop, will be sent out this fall. One of the crop, will be sent out this fall. One firm here already has contracted for England These populations inhabit the finest though Baldwins and Russets are exported to and most important provinces of the Empire. some extent. Shipments this year have commenced early, and all the first quality fruit received in this market up to the lat of Decemsell in London for \$15 to \$20] to send off.—
N. Y. Journal of Commerce.

The Democracy of Montezuma, Cal.

Editors Union Democrat.—Your fellow-townsman John Ferral, paid us a visit on Monday evening last, and deliv-ered an address before the Bemocratic Club of this place.— Ferral, paid us a visit of monary evening last, and delivered an address before the Hemocratic Cilub of this place. In justice to him, if you can find room in your columns, you would confer a favor on your humble servant by publishing this communication. His remarks were both eloquont and philosophic, proving beyond controversy that man is a creature of circumstances. With a few well-timed romarks of inquiry why it is that a man, because he is born in this or that country, cannot become an American citizen—and prove himself worthy the patronage of his fellow man of American birth. His address was more interesting on account of its novelty—so entirely different from all political speaking, and all political sumping.

In conclusion, Mr. Ferral proved to all who had an interest in the walfare of the working wan, by a personal intercourse, and former intimacy with James Buchanan, that he was the only and best candidate for the Presidency, and he alone should command the vote of every true American and working man.

Terrible Election Riots in Baltimore. BALTIMORE, Nov. 4.—This city was the scene of continued and violent rioting during the afternoon and evening. At the Eighth and Second Ward Polls the riot was intense. A fierce engagement took place between the Democrate of the Eighth Ward and the Amerioans of the Sixth and Seventh Wards. Each party were provided with muskets and cannon. and the fight was kept up for over two hours.

Some ninety persons were wounded, in