STARTLING, BUT TRUE

WHAT EVERY WOMAN SHOULD KNOW.

How often it happens, that the wife lingers from year to year in that pitiable condition as not even for one day to feel the happy and exhilarating influence incident to the enjoyment of health

THE BLOOMING BRIDE,

But a few years ago in the flush of health and youth, and buoyancy of spirits, rapidly, and apparently inexplicably, becomes a feeble, sickly, sallow, debilitated wife, with frame emaciated, nerves unstrung, spirits depressed, countenance bearing the impress of suffering, and an utter physical and mental prostration, arising from ignorance of the simplest and plainest rules of health as connected with the marriage state, the violation of which entails disease, suffering and misery, not only to the wife, but often

HEREDITARY COMPLAINTS UPON THE CHILDREN

"UNTO THE THIRD AND FOURTH GENERATION."

Transmitting CONSUMPTION, SCROFULA, HYPOCHONDRIA, INSANITY, GOUT, KING'S EVIL, and other and worse Diseases, as a

DREADFUL INHERITANCE

FROM THE PARENTS.

"And must this continue? Must this be? Is there no remedy? No relief? No hope?"

The remedy is by knowing the causes and avoiding them, and knowing the remedies, and benefiting by them

THESE are pointed out in

THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION,

BY DR. A. M MAURICEAU,

PHYSICIAN OF DISEASES OF WOMEN

One Hundredth Edition, (500,000), 12mo., *pp.* 250.

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How many are suffering from obstructions or irregularities peculiar to the female system, which undermine the health, the effects of which they are ignorant, and for which their delicacy forbids seeking medical advice. Many suffering from *prolapsus uteri* (falling of the womb), or from *fluor albus* (weakness, debility, &c.) Many are in constant agony for many months preceding confinement. Many have difficult if not dangerous deliveries, and slow and uncertain recoveries Some whose lives are hazarded during such time, will each find in its pages the means of prevention, amelioration and relief.

It is of course impracticable to convey fully the various subjects treated of, as they are of a nature strictly intended for the married or those contemplating marriage

Reader, are you a husband or a father? a wife or a mother? Have you the sincere welfare of those you love at heart? Prove your sincerity, and lose no time in learning what causes interfere with their health and happiness not seen than your own It will avoid to you and years, as it has to thousands, many a day of pain and anxiety, followed by sleepless nights, incapacitating the mind for its ordinary avocation, and exhausting those means for medical attendance, medicines and advertised nostrums which otherwise would provide for declining years, the infirmities of age and the proper education of your children

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Jan 9 tf-54

The Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age.

Dr. KENNEDY, of Roxbury has discovered, in one of our common pasture weeds, a remedy that cures

EVERY KIND OF HUMOR,

from the worst Scrofula down to a common pimple.

He has tried it in over 1100 cases, and never failed except in two cases, (both thunder humor.) He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates of its virtue, all within twenty miles of Boston.

Two bottles are warranted to cure a nursing sore mouth.

One to three bottles will cure the worst kind of Pimples on the face.

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Two bottles are warranted to cure the worst canker in the mouth or stomach.

Three to five bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of Erysipelas.

One to two bottles are warranted to cure all humor in the Eyes.

Two bottles are warranted to cure running of the ears and blotches among the hair.

Four to six bottles are warranted to cure corrupt and running ulcers.

One bottle will cure scaly corruption of the skin.

Two to three bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of ringworm.

Two to three bottles are warranted to cure the most desperate case of rheumatism.

Three to four bottles are warranted to cure the salt rheum.

Five to eight bottles will cure the worst case of scrofula.

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the above quantity is taken.

Reader, I peddled over a thousand bottles of this in the vicinity of Boston. I know the effect of it in every case.—So sure as water will extinguish fire, so sure will this cure humor. I never sold a bottle of it, but that sold another; after a trial it always speak for itself. There are two things about this herb that appear to me surprising; first that it grows in our pastures, in some places quite plentiful, and yet its value has never been known until I discovered it in 1846—second that it should cure all kinds of humor.

In order to give some idea of the sudden rise, and great popularity of the discovery I will state that in April, 1853, I peddled it and sold about six bottles per day—in April, 1854, I sold over one thousand bottles per day of it

Some of the wholesale druggists who have been in the business twenty and thirty years, say that nothing in the annals of patent medicines was ever like it. There is a universal praise of it from all quarters.

In my own practice I always kept it strictly for humors—but since its introduction as a general family medicine great and wonderful virtues have been found in it that I never suspected.

Several cases of epileptic fits—a disease which was always considered incurable, have been cured by a few bottles. O, what a mercy if it prove effectual in all cases of that awful malady—there are but few who have seen more of it than I have.

I know of several cases of Dropsy, all of them aged people cured by it. For the various diseases of the Liver, Sick Headache, Dyspepsia, Asthma, Fever and Ague, Pain in the side, Diseases of the Spine, and particularly in diseases of the Kidneys, &c., the discovery has done more good than any medicine ever known.

No change of diet ever necessary—eat the best you get and enough of it.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE.—Adults one table spoonful per day—Children over ten years dessert spoonful. Children from five to eight years, tea spoonful. As no directions can be applicable to all constitutions, take sufficient to operate on the bowels twice a day.

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WILBOR'S COMPOUND OF PURE COD LIVER OIL AND LIME.

A Cure for Consumption, Coughs, Colds Asthma, Bronchitis, General Debility and Scrofulous Humors.

HAVE YOU TRIED IT.—This important question should be asked every invalid who is suffering from pulmonary troubles in this fickle climate. Have you tried WILBOR'S COMPOUND OF COD LIVER OIL AND LIME? It will not nauseate like the plain Oil, but is on the contrary, pleasant to the taste; moreover the Phosphate of Lime in this combination, a most remarkable aid to the healing properties of the pure Cod Liver Oil, as the following certificates (selected from a host of like great acknowledgements) will amply show. No person should neglect for a single hour a cough, or any affection of the lungs, lest the most serious consequence follow. Dr. Wilbor's preparation is both simple, and sure in all ordinary cases, and has performed some surprising cures in decided consumption, where other medical aid has failed:—

Dr. Wilbor:—During nearly the whole of the past winter, I had suffered seriously with a cough, which so irritated my lungs, that my physician frankly admitted his fear of consumption's following this trouble as the Spring weather set in. Medicine seemed to afford me little relief until I tried your preparation of Cod Liver Oil and Lime. The effect I am forced by facts to admit, was almost magical, and I have the pleasure of saying at this writing, (May 2d, 1852) I am entirely free from any pulmonary trouble.

With thanks to you for your valuable discovery, I cordially recommend it to those who are thus afflicted:

MARTIN C. HURD,
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N. B.—This compound does not nauseate like the clear Cod Liver Oil, but can be taken with pleasure by the most delicate females.

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ALEX'R. B. WILBOR, Chemist.
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RESOLUTION PROPOSING AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION OF THE COMMONWEALTH.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendments are proposed to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, in accordance with the provisions of the tenth article thereof.

FIRST AMENDMENT.—There shall be an additional article to said Constitution to be designated as article eleven, as follows:—

ARTICLE XI.—OF PUBLIC DEBTS.

SEC. 1. The state may contract debts, to supply casual deficits or failures in revenue, or to meet expenses not otherwise provided for; but the aggregate amount of such debts direct and contingent, whether contracted by virtue of one or more acts of the general assembly, or at different periods of time, shall never exceed seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars, and the money arising from the creation of such debts, shall be applied to the purpose for which it was obtained, or to repay the debts so contracted, and to no other purpose whatever.

SEC. 2. In addition to the above limited power the state may contract debts to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the state in war, or to redeem the present outstanding indebtedness of the state; but the money arising from the contracting of such debts, shall be applied to the purpose for which it was raised, or to repay such debts, and to no other purpose whatever.

SEC. 3. Except the debts above specified, in sections one and two of this article, no debt whatever shall be created by, or on behalf of the state.

SEC. 4. To provide for the payment of the present debt, and any additional debt contracted as aforesaid, the legislature shall, at its first session, after the adoption of this amendment, create a sinking fund, which shall be sufficient to pay the accruing interest on such debt, and annually to reduce the principal thereof by a sum not less than two hundred and fifty thousand dollars; which sinking fund shall consist of the net annual income of the public works, from time to time owned by the state, or the proceeds of the sale of the same, or any part thereof, and of the income or proceeds of sale of stocks owned by the state, together with other funds or resources, that may be designated by law.—The said sinking fund may be increased, from time to time, by assigning to it any part of the taxes, or other revenues of the state, not required for the ordinary and current expenses of government, and unless in case of war, invasion or insurrection, no part of the said sinking fund shall be used or applied otherwise than in extinguishment of the public debt, until the amount of such debt is reduced below the sum of five millions of dollars.

SEC. 5. The credit of the Commonwealth shall not in any manner, or event, be pledged, or loaned to, any individual, company, corporation, or association; nor shall the Commonwealth hereafter become a joint owner, or stockholder, in any company, association, or corporation.

SEC. 6. The Commonwealth shall not assume the debt, or any part thereof, of any county, city, borough, or township; or of any corporation, or association; unless such debt shall have been contracted to enable the state to repel invasion, suppress domestic insurrection, defend itself in time of war, or to assist the state in the discharge of any portion of its present indebtedness.

SEC. 7. The legislature shall not authorize any county, city, borough, township, or incorporated district, by virtue of a vote of its citizens, or otherwise, to become a stockholder in any company, association, or corporation; or to obtain money for, or loan its credit to, any corporation, association, institution, or party.

SECOND AMENDMENT.—There shall be an additional article to said Constitution, to be designated as article XII, as follows:

ARTICLE XII.—OF NEW COUNTIES.

No county shall be divided by a line cutting off one-tenth of its population, (either to form a new county or otherwise,) without the express assent of such county, by a vote of the electors thereof; nor shall any county be established, containing less than four hundred square miles.

THIRD AMENDMENT.—From section two of the first article of the Constitution, strike out the words, "of the city of Philadelphia, and of each county respectively" from section five, same article, strike out the words, "of Philadelphia and of the several counties;" from section seven, same article, strike out the words, "neither the city of Philadelphia nor any," and insert in lieu thereof the words, "and no;" and strike out section four, same article, and in lieu thereof insert the following:

SEC. 4. In the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, and in every seventh year thereafter, representatives to the number of one hundred, shall be apportioned and distributed equally, throughout the state, by districts, in proportion to the number of taxable inhabitants in the several parts thereof; except that any county containing at least three thousand five hundred taxables, may be allowed a separate representation; but no more than three counties shall be joined, and no county shall be divided, in the formation of a district. Any city containing a sufficient number of taxables to entitle it to at least two representatives, shall have a separate representation assigned it, and shall be divided into convenient districts of contiguous territory, of equal taxable population as near as may be, each of which districts shall elect one representative."

At the end of section seven, same article, insert these words, "the city of Philadelphia shall be divided into single senatorial districts, of contiguous territorys as nearly equal in taxable population as possible; but no ward shall be divided in the formation thereof."

The legislature at its first session, after the adoption of this amendment, shall divide the city of Philadelphia into senatorial and representative districts, in the manner above provided; such districts to remain unchanged until the apportionment in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four

FOURTH AMENDMENT.—TO BE SECTION XXVI, ARTICLE I.

The legislature shall have the power to alter, revoke or annul, any charter of incorporation hereafter conferred by, or under, any special, or general law, whenever in their opinion it may be injurious to the citizens of the Commonwealth; in such manner, however, that no injustice shall be done to the corporators.

IN SENATE, April 21, 1856.

Resolved, That this resolution pass. On the first amendment, yeas 24, nays 5. On the second amendment, yeas 19, nays 6. On the third amendment, yeas 28, nays 1. On the fourth amendment, yeas 23, nays 4.

Extract from the Journal.

THOMAS A. MAGUIRE, Clerk.

IN HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, April 21, 1856.

Resolved, That this resolution pass. On the first amendment, yeas 72, nays 24. On the second amendment, yeas 63, nays 25. On the third amendment, yeas 64, nays 25; and on the fourth amendment, yeas 69, nays 16.

Extract from the Journal.

WILLIAM JACK, Clerk.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE, Filed April 21, 1856. } A. G. CURTIN, Secretary of Commonwealth.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE, Harrisburg, June 27, 1856.

Pennsylvania, ss:

I do certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the original "Resolution relative to an amendment of the Constitution" as the same remains on file in this office.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused to be affixed the seal of the Secretary's office, the day and year above written.

(L. S.)

A. G. CURTIN,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

IN SENATE, April 21, 1856.

Resolutions proposing amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, being under consideration,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the first amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Browne, Buckalew, Cresswell, Evans, Ferguson, Fleniken, Hoge, Ingram, Jamison, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, M'Clintock, Price, Sellers, Shuman, Souther, Straub, Taggart, Walton, Welsh, Wherry, Wilkins and Pratt, *Speaker*—24.

NAYS—Messrs. Crabb, Gregg, Jordan, Mellinger and Pratt—5.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the second amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Browne, Buckalew, Cresswell, Evans, Ferguson, Fleniken, Hoge, Ingram, Jamison, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, M'Clintock, Price, Sellers, Shuman, Souther, Straub, Walton, Welsh, Wherry and Wilkins—19.

NAYS—Messrs. Crabb, Ferguson, Gregg, Pratt, Price and Pratt, *Speaker*—6.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the third amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Browne, Buckalew, Crosswell, Evans, Ferguson, Fleniken, Hoge, Ingram, Jamison, Jordan, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, M'Clintock, Price, Sellers, Shuman, Souther, Straub, Walton, Welsh, Wherry, Wilkins and Pratt, *Speaker*—28.

NAYS—Mr. Gregg—1.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the fourth amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Browne, Buckalew, Crosswell, Evans, Fleniken, Hoge, Ingram, Jamison, Jordan, Knox, Laubach, Lewis, M'Clintock, Price, Sellers, Shuman, Souther, Straub, Walton, Welsh, Wherry, Wilkins and Pratt, *Speaker*—29.

NAYS—Messrs. Crabb, Gregg, Mellinger and Pratt—4.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

Journal of the House of Representatives, April 21, 1856.

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and on the first proposed amendment, were as follows, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Backus, Baldwin, Ball, Beck, (Lycoming,) Beck, (York,) Bernhard, Boyd, Boyer, Brown, Brush, Buchanan, Caldwell, Campbell, Carty, Craig, Crawford, Dowdall, Edinger, Fausold, Foster, Getz, Haines, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hibbs, Hill, Hillegas, Hipple, Holcomb, Hunsecker, Imbrie, Innis, Irwin, Johnson, Laporte, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, M'Calmont, M'Carthy, M'Comb, Maugle, Mencar, Miller, Montgomery, Moorhead, Nunnemacher, Orr, Pearson, Phelps, Purcell, Ramsey, Reed, Reinhold, Riddle, Roberts, Shenk, Smith (Allegheny,) Smith (Cambria,) Smith, (Wyoming,) Strouse, Thompson, Vail, Whallon, Wright, (Dauphin,) Wright, (Luzerne,) Zimmerman and Wright, *Speaker*—72.

NAYS—Messrs. Augustine, Barry, Clover, Cobourn, Dock, Fry, Fulton, Gaylord, Gibbony, Hamilton, Hancock, Housekeeper, Hunecker, Leisenring, Magee, Manley, Morris, Mumma, Patterson, Salisbury, Smith, (Philadelphia,) Walter Wintrode and Yearsley—24.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the second amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Backus, Baldwin, Ball, Beck, (Lycoming,) Beck, (York,) Bernhard, Boyd, Boyer, Brown, Buchanan, Caldwell, Campbell, Carty, Craig, Fausold, Foster, Getz, Haines, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hibbs, Hill, Hillegas, Hipple, Holcomb, Hunsecker, Imbrie, Ingham, Innis, Irwin, Johns, Johnson, Laporte, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, M'Calmont, M'Carthy, M'Comb, Maugle, Mencar, Miller, Montgomery, Moorhead, Nunnemacher, Orr, Pearson, Purcell, Ramsey, Reed, Reinhold, Riddle, Roberts, Shenk, Smith, (Allegheny,) Smith, (Cambria,) Smith, (Wyoming,) Thompson, Whallon, Wright, (Dauphin,) Wright (Luzerne) and Zimmerman—64.

NAYS—Messrs. Barry, Clover, Cobourn, Dock, Dowdall, Fulton, Gaylord, Gibbony, Hamilton, Hancock, Hunecker, Leisenring, M'Carthy, Magee, Manley, Moorhead, Morris, Patterson, Reinhold, Roberts, Salisbury, Walter, Wintrode Yearsley and Wright, *Speaker*—25.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the fourth amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Backus, Baldwin, Ball, Beck, (Lycoming,) Beck, (York,) Bernhard, Boyd, Boyer, Brown, Buchanan, Caldwell, Campbell, Carty, Craig, Crawford, Dowdall, Edinger, Fausold, Foster, Fry, Getz, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hibbs, Hill, Hillegas, Hipple, Holcomb, Housekeeper, Hunsecker, Imbrie, Innis, Irwin, Johnson, Laporte, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, M'Calmont, M'Carthy, M'Comb, Maugle, Mencar, Miller, Montgomery, Moorhead, Nunnemacher, Orr, Pearson, Phelps, Purcell, Ramsey, Reed, Reinhold, Riddle, Roberts, Shenk, Smith, (Cambria,) Smith, (Wyoming,) Strouse, Thompson, Vail, Whallon, Wright, (Dauphin,) Wright, (Luzerne,) Zimmerman and Wright, *Speaker*—72.

NAYS—Messrs. Augustine, Barry, Clover, Edinger, Fry, Fulton, Gaylord, Gibbony, Hamilton, Hancock, Hunecker, Leisenring, Magee, Manley, Morris, Mumma, Patterson, Phelps, Salisbury, Smith, (Cambria,) Thompson, Walter, Wintrode, Wright, (Dauphin) and Yearsley—25.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the third amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Backus, Baldwin, Ball, Beck, (Lycoming,) Beck, (York,) Bernhard, Boyd, Boyer, Brown, Buchanan, Caldwell, Campbell, Carty, Craig, Crawford, Edinger, Fausold, Foster, Fry, Getz, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hibbs, Hill, Hillegas, Hipple, Holcomb, Housekeeper, Hunsecker, Imbrie, Innis, Irwin, Johnson, Laporte, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, M'Calmont, M'Carthy, M'Comb, Maugle, Mencar, Miller, Montgomery, Moorhead, Nunnemacher, Orr, Pearson, Phelps, Purcell, Ramsey, Reed, Reinhold, Riddle, Roberts, Shenk, Smith, (Allegheny,) Smith, (Cambria,) Smith, (Wyoming,) Thompson, Vail, Whallon, Wright, (Dauphin,) Wright (Luzerne) and Zimmerman—64.

NAYS—Messrs. Barry, Clover, Cobourn, Dock, Dowdall, Fulton, Gaylord, Gibbony, Hamilton, Hancock, Hunecker, Leisenring, M'Carthy, Magee, Manley, Moorhead, Morris, Patterson, Reinhold, Roberts, Salisbury, Walter, Wintrode Yearsley and Wright, *Speaker*—25.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the fourth amendment?

The yeas and nays were taken, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—Messrs. Anderson, Backus, Baldwin, Ball, Beck, (Lycoming,) Beck, (York,) Bernhard, Boyd, Boyer, Brown, Buchanan, Caldwell, Campbell, Carty, Craig, Crawford, Dowdall, Edinger, Fausold, Foster, Fry, Getz, Hamel, Harper, Heins, Hibbs, Hill, Hillegas, Hipple, Holcomb, Housekeeper, Hunsecker, Imbrie, Innis, Irwin, Johnson, Laporte, Lebo, Longaker, Lovett, M'Calmont, M'Carthy, M'Comb, Maugle, Mencar, Miller, Montgomery, Moorhead, Nunnemacher, Orr, Pearson, Phelps, Purcell, Ramsey, Reed, Reinhold, Riddle, Roberts, Shenk, Smith, (Allegheny,) Smith, (Cambria,) Smith, (Wyoming,) Thompson, Vail, Walter, Whallon, Wright, (Luzerne,) Yearsley, Zimmerman and Wright, *Speaker*—69.

NAYS—Messrs. Barry, Clover, Cobourn, Fulton, Gibboney, Haines, Hancock, Hunecker, Ingham, Leisenring, Magee, Manley, Morris, Patterson, Salisbury and Wintrode—16.

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the title of this writing, (May 2d, 1852) I am entirely free from any pulmonary trouble.

With thanks to you for your valuable discovery, I cordially recommend it to those who are thus afflicted:

MARTIN C. HURD,
Chamber street, Boston.

N. B.—This compound does not nauseate like the clear Cod Liver Oil, but can be taken with pleasure by the most delicate females.

Be sure and get the genuine. Manufactured only by
ALEX'R. B. WILBOR, Chemist.
165 Court street, Boston.

For sale in Philadelphia, by T. W. Dyott & Sons, 132 N Second street; and by W. A. Rudolph Gonzice Square, Agent. may 27 1y 7

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Philip Hudson, Fancy Dyer, No 95 North Thirteenth Street, Philadelphia, three doors above Cherry Street, respectfully informs the citizens of Lancaster county and elsewhere, that all kinds of Silks, Crapes, Merinoes, &c., are dyed in the most fashionable and permanent colors. Ladies' cashmere and crape shawls, cloaks, &c., cleaned and pressed equal to new; Silk dresses watered in superior style. Gentlemen's apparel scoured and dyed in superior style; in short, Dyeing in all its various branches done at short notice, and on the lowest terms. Country dyeing done. A call is earnestly solicited, as it is very convenient for those who should want anything in the above line.

Phila. mar 18 1y-9

SLATE, SLATE, SLATE.—The undersigned are the agents for the celebrated Caldwell Slate, and have a very large stock on hand. They have in their employ the best workmen, and all jobs undertaken by them will be guaranteed satisfactory; the price for roofing old and new roofs will be at the lowest possible prices by the ton or square, and under no circumstances above other parties.

STEINMAN & CO.,
West King street, Lan.

july 29 3m 28

TONICS WON'T DO!—They never did do more than give temporary relief and they never will. It is because they don't touch the cause of the disease. The cause of all sickness is the atmospheric miasma, the poison called Miasma or Malaria. Neutralize this poison by its Natural Antidote, and all disease caused by it disappears at once. Rhodes' Fever and Ague Cure is this Antidote to Malaria, and moreover it is a perfectly harmless medicine. The certificate of the celebrated chemist, J. R. Chilton, of New York, to this effect, is attached to every bottle; therefore if it does no good it can do no harm.

This is more than can be said of Quinine, Arsenic, or any tonic in existence, as their use is ruinous to the constitution and brings on Dumb Ague, which never allows a person to feel perfectly well for a single moment. In illustration of these truths I annex some extracts from a letter just received from a Physician:

GEORGETOWN, Ohio, March 18, 1856.

JAS. A. RHODES, Esq.—Dear Sir: Yours of 2d inst. is at hand. The Cure arrived late last year and the difficulty in getting any one to try it was greatly increased from the fact that a remedy had been introduced which was growing in favor with the public, as being better than using Quinine,—not knowing I presume that the remedy they used to escape taking Quinine, contained the Drug itself!

This remedy, (known as "Smith's Tonic,") would invariably break an Ague, but it did not cure it, as it would often return with renewed vigor. This one circumstance I deemed in your favor, if I could institute a test comparison between it and your cure. The following is the result:

Three persons took your "Cure," all of which were cases of "Quotidian Intermittent Fever," of many weeks standing They had tried Quinine, and other remedies, occasionally missing a chill, but it was, (as in all such cases,) slowly wearing them out, and laying the foundation for other and severer maladies. I did succeed in effecting a radical cure of all three of these cases with your remedy, and they have not had a chill since. In all three of these cases the "Smith's Tonic" had been used, and would, as before stated, break the chill, but after a period or two had elapsed would return.

I think there will be no difficulty now in giving to your "Cure" the advantage ground of any other remedy now in use here, &c., &c.

WILLIAM BUCKNER, M. D.

Rhode's Fever and Ague Cure, or Antidote to Malaria, the only harmless remedy in existence, is equally certain as a proventive, as a "Cure." Take it when you feel the chills coming, and you will never have a single one.

JAS. A. RHODES,
Providence, R. I.

For Sale by C. A. Heinitsh, Jacob King, Dr. F. Welchens, John Fondersmith, in Lancaster, and Druggists generally. june 17 tf 29

MEN WANTED.—50 Good laboring hands wanted at the Big Ore Bank, on Chestnut Hill, seven mile from Lancaster and three from Columbia.

Wages $23,40 per month, and paid in cash every month.

H. R. KNOTWELL,
Manager.

sep 23 4t* 36

CONGRESS WATER.—100 Pints for sale by B. S. MUHLENBERG, No. 8 South Queen st. July 8 3m 26

Blinds! Blinds!!—VENETIAN BLIND MANFACTORY. The subscriber takes this method of informing the citizens of Lancaster county, that he still continues to manufacture Blinds of the neatest, beautiful and fashionable styles, at the shortest possible notice, at his new establishment in East German Street, (one door below the Public Schools.)

Any persons desiring to look at his different patterns, can do so by calling as above, where he will at all times be pleased to wait upon them. He has received some beautiful patterns from Philadelphia. Also, Walnut Blinds made to order, of which specimens can be seen at his dwelling; these blinds are warranted not to fade or draw.

Window Shades hung. Hair, Husk, Palmleaf, Straw and Cotton Mattresses made to order and taste. Also, Cushions, Curtains and all kinds of Upholstery made and repaired. Carpets cut, sewed and laid. All kinds of Furniture made in the latest fashion and style. Old Furniture repaired and varnished to look as good as new.

☞ Cars can be left at the Benj Franklin Printing Office, North Queen street, next door to Shober's Hotel, Jacob King's Grocery store; Witmeyer & Barnes' Furniture Warehouse; D. Bair's Dry Good Store; Erben's Dry Good store; T. J. Wentz's Dry Good store; at the Red Lion Hotel, West King street; Heinitsh & Carter, Painters, Orange st., D. Herr, Columbia; and T. Gould, Safe Harbor.

CONRAD ANNE,
Agent

june 19 6m-22

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the undersigned for subscription, advertising or Job Work, are requested to make payment without delay.

WM. B. WILEY,
nov 13 tf 43 No. 20 North Queen street.

DARRY'S TRICOPHEROUS.—Lyon's Kathairon, Storr's Invigorator, Dollard's Regenerative Cream Jules Hauel's Eau Lustral, Harrison's Philocome, Hairley's Pomade, Extract Rose Geranium, Jockey Club, New Mown Hay, Crystal Palace Mark, Verlera, &c.

For sale at THOMAS ELLMAKER'S
Drug & Chemical Store, West King st., Lancaster.

dec 4 tf 46

Patent Ambrotypes.—The subscribers having purchased the exclusive right of Lancaster city, are now enabled to offer to the public a NEW STYLE OF PICTURES, far exceeding, in beauty and durability, anything ever before made. These pictures are not reversed, (as daguerreotypes are and may be seen in sunlight. They also possess the rare property of being IMPERISHABLE; being hermetically sealed between glass plates, which is secured by Letters Patent, in the United States, Great Britain and France, and practised in Lancaster city by *T. & W. CUMMINGS* only, over Sprecher & Bro.'s New Store, North Queen st., Lancaster.

EXPLANATION.

The term AMBROTYPE, by which these Pictures are designated; is derived from the Greek word *Ambrotos*, signifying indestructibility, permanency, &c. The Picture is taken upon plate glass, to which another plate of corresponding size is secured with an indestructible cement, by by which the picture will retain its original brilliancy for ages; it will not corrode by acids, nor be injured by water or chlorine. It is bold in the extreme, beautiful in tone, surpasses any thing in the gradations of light and shade, and may be seen in any light. The public are cautioned against *imitations made on single plates of glass*, with the black varnish in immediate contact with the Picture—such are not permanent, as the varnish must crack and destroy the Picture.

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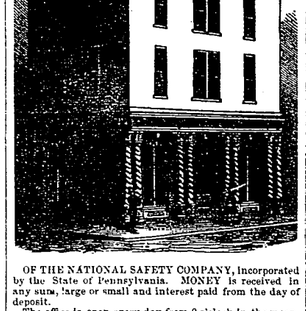

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Dyeing and Scouring—Philip Hudson, Fancy Dyer, No 95 North Thirteenth Street, Philadelphia, three doors above Cherry Street, respectfully informs the citizens of Lancaster county and elsewhere, that all kinds of Silks, Crapes, Merinoes, &c., are dyed in the most fashionable and permanent colors. Ladies' cashmere and crape shawls, cloaks, &c., cleaned and pressed equal to new; Silk dresses watered in superior style. Gentlemen's apparel scoured and dyed in superior style; in short, Dyeing in all its various branches done at short notice, and on the lowest terms. Country dyeing done. A call is earnestly solicited, as it is very convenient for those who should want anything in the above line.

Phila. mar 18 1y-9

SLATE, SLATE, SLATE.—The undersigned are the agents for the celebrated Caldwell Slate, and have a very large stock on hand. They have in their employ the best