The Lancaster Intelligencer.

"THAT COUNTRY IS THE MOST PROSPEROUS WHERE LABOR COMMANDS THE GREATEST REWARD."—BUCHANAN.

VOL. LVII. LANCASTER CITY, PA., TUESDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 23, 1856. NO 36

From the New York Daily Times.

BUCAANAN SONG.

AIR—*The Fine Old English Gentleman.*

Come listen to my story, boys, which I will here relate,
Of a fine old honest gentleman—the people's candidate;
Whose talents and whose eloquence are known to be first rate,
And his labors for his country have many been and great.
Like a fine old gentleman, all of the Keystone State.

He's in favor of the Union, as every one shall see;
Every State its own law maker, as every State should be—
Let the stars and stripes forever wave o'er the brave and free,
And, united in our choice, boys, with heart and hand agree,
In this fine old gentleman—all hail! Democracy.

Then listen to my story, boys, and labor side by side;
Election day is drawing near—our nation's hope and pride—
All center'd, now, in "Buck and Breck," in whom we all confide,
With hopeful heart and patriot's zeal we go, too, with the tide,
For the fine old gentleman who'll very soon preside.

THE UNION SHIP.

Wild winds round us fiercely blow,
Darkly rolls the briny billow!
In their coral halls below
Mermaids spread the seaman's pillow.
To night we man our Union bark,
A nation's hope, a nation's ark!

Well our gallant bark we love,
Bright her name shall be in story!
And your bannered stars above,
Are our galaxy of glory.
O, brothers, guard her high renown,
Nor let her gallant bark go down!

Proudly has she braved the gale,
Fire and wreck, and battle gory,
Coming time with joy shall hail
Washington's heroic story,
And millions see with fond delight
The flag that sweeps the storm to-night.

Through the gale we speed away,
Wave and breaker proudly scorning,
Heeding not the blinding spray,
Nor the stormy petral's warning.
Above the storm the song we swell,
Port! port! good cheer! all's well, all's well!

CONDEMNED BY THEIR OWN RECORD.

Gov. Reeder of Kansas, like all the unfortunate knaves who have figured as the getters up of the bogus Topeka Constitution, has left upon record, evidence the most damning, and testimony the most crushing against his recent treasonable proceedings and incendiary speeches. In his message to the Kansas legislature while he acted as the Governor, he explicitly avows his warmest approbation of the principles of the Kansas Bill, his abhorrence of that "destructive spirit of Abolitionism" which is now so rampant in the Black Republican party "to work the foul spirit of discord among the citizens of our common country." We annex so much of the message as refers to this subject, commending it to the Lancaster *Examiner*, and the Abolition press generally as a precious document for the use of their party:

"There are many specific subjects of legislation, some of which are expressly referred to you by the bill organizing our Territory, and others spring from the necessities of our community. Prominent among them is the question whether we shall build our government upon the basis of Free or Slave labor. Claiming as we do the same capacity for self-government as our fellow citizens of the States, with a far greater, if not an exclusive interest in the institutions and laws which are to exist among us—compelled alone to bear their burdens and entitled alone to claim their benefits—wisdom, justice and fairness would dictate that those laws and institutions inside of the Constitution of the United States should be moulded by ourselves; stimulated by the absorbing interest we must feel in them, rather than by the representatives or citizens of States, who are no more competent to the task than we—who have no stake with us in their results, and who would most indignantly repel any offer of reciprocity from us in assenting to manage their affairs. The provision of our Territorial organic act secures us this right, and is founded on the true doctrines of Republicanism. It may be exercised in various degrees, and in various ways, and whenever it is called into action it cannot legitimately be attended with that excitement which is incident to the agitation of the slavery question in the direction of an attack upon constitutional rights. An agitation of that kind, such as we have seen industriously prosecuted in the past history of our country by the *destructive spirit of Abolitionism, can never be productive of aught but evil*, and is calculated in an eminent degree to obscure the glories of the past, *to work the foul spirit of discord among the citizens of our common country, and also to mar our brilliant future, if not to endanger the existence of our cherished Union.* A want of fidelity to the solemn compacts of the Constitution, and an attack upon the rights of States, which are guaranteed by it, can have no justification or excuse. This view of the case, however, is not to be confounded with the discussion and settlement of the Slavery question in the Territory, in its bearings upon the formation of our institutions.—That has been referred to us as an open question by the legitimate action of the nation; and here it is not only the privilege but the duty of every man to speak his opinions freely, and enforce them peaceably and fairly. Advocate and opponent stand on the same side, and most mutually concede to each other the identical measures of right which they claim for themselves. Freedom of opinion and freedom of discussion without licentiousness, are of the very essence of republicanism, and at all times are peculiarly to be respected here. The permanent character and high authority of a State Constitution, and the fact of its subserviance to a direct vote of people of the Territory, indicate that event as a signal occasion for the decision of that peculiar question. In the meantime, however, a territorial Legislature may undoubtedly act upon the question to a limited and partial extent, and may temporally prohibit, tolerate, or regulate Slavery in the Territory, and in an absolute and modified form with all the force and effect of act, be binding until repealed by the same power that enacted it."

"FREE" KANSAS BILL!

WHO ARE THE FRIENDS OF FREEDOM NOW!

To the bill for the admission of Kansas as a State, passed by the "Republicans" of the National House of Representatives, by a vote of 88 to 74, is attached the following proviso:

"*Provided, however*, That any person, lawfully held to service in either of said Territories, shall not be discharged from such service by reason of such repeal, if such person shall be permanently removed from such Territory or Territories prior to the first day of January, 1858; and any child or children born in either of said Territories of any female lawfully held to service, if in like manner removed without said Territories before the expiration of said date, shall not be by reason of anything in this act emancipated from any service it might have owed had this act never been passed; and

"*Provided further*, That any person lawfully owing service in any State or Territory of the United States, and escaping either into the Territory of Kansas or Nebraska may be reclaimed and removed to the person and place where such service is due, under any law of the United States which shall be in force upon the subject."

It will be seen that in this proviso, the Republicans assume the most ultra ground on the subject of slavery, ever maintained by the fiercest fire-eater of the South.—They admit thereby that slavery can exist in the Territories; that slaves can be born upon that soil; that they can be taken from thence as slaves, to eternal bondage; that they may be taken to other Territories; that slavery can exist constitutionally in the Territories; and furthermore, they thereby sanction the Fugitive Slave Law of 1850, giving it fresh vitality and vigor!

And this is the proposition of the great Republican exponents and apostles of Freedom! This is the "Free Kansas" Bill, about which they have raised so pertinacious a clamor! This is the manner in which they redeem their pledges to what they are pleased, in their declamatory harrangues, to term "their virtuous and liberty loving constituency!"

Out upon such hypocricy! out upon these hollow hearted professors of a philanthropy they have not the heart to feel, but only the craft to assume, as the deceit best adapted to forward their own selfish purposes! Away with men who will thus seek to appropriate sentiments which, however mistakenly directed, are commendable in themselves, but guided by these false teachers are fraught with ruin to the country! Remember, too, that the very persons who thus voted in favor of the doctrine and principles of slavery are THE SAME MEN who rejected the bill of Senator Douglas, abrogating all laws in Kansas deemed unconstitutional; providing for its admission as a state under circumstances which would have ensured for its freedom; and in every respect restoring to that disturbed country the peace and happiness it has been deprived of through the *Christian* exertions of these same pharisaical misrepresentatives of the people!

Even Henry Ward Beecher could not stand such a bill! Hear what he says:

"Now if those provisos do not constitute a political *ipecac* for the soul of an anti-slavery man, then I much mistake the basis of anti-slavery principles in him. Look at them for a moment. They acknowledge that slavery does and can exist in those territories; *that they can be taken from thence to interminable bondage* and labor on the rice swamps and upon the Gehenna's of cotton at the South. And furthermore, that they may be taken to other territories of the United States, thus *impliedly admitting* what every freedom and constitution-loving man denies, i. e., that slavery can exist in the territories under the Constitution. It effectually ignores the old, true doctrine, that if slavery has any existence whatever, it has it by positive state law; and where that private code of *might* does not exist, every man leaps into life a freeman, his freeman's rights being the gift of the God who gave him being. Another feature of these provisos is found in its sanctions of the infamous fugitive slave enactments of 1850—a code for the rendition of fugitives from slavery that is revolting to Northern and Western nature."

Men and brethren! by their fruits shall ye know them! We ask you to read and ponder this matter, and we are willing to abide the issue!—*Chicago Bugle.*

THE FRUITS OF ABOLITIONISM.

The baneful effects of the dark spirit of Abolitionism is everywhere beginning to be felt. Not only has it in many instances defiled the *Churches* of the North, but serpent-like it has intruded its vicious and dangerous dogmas upon all classes of society, and so ingeniously infused itself into the minds of many good and truly pious people, as to enable the master spirits of this wicked *ism* to use the *Christian Church* to DIVIDE ITSELF; and thus open wide the flood gates of rampant INFIDELITY to scourge our people and destroy our country. INFIDELITY is the banner under which the FREMONT abolition hosts rally, and the success of the Negro Worshippers will be a victory of Infidelity over Christianity.

Here is an extract to show how the evil is progressing. Mr. Hosmer, alluded to, was removed from the editorship of the Methodist E. Advocate, because he would not suffer its columns to be polluted by the fell spirit of *Abolitionism*. [*Camden Democrat.*],

"The first number of the Northern Independent, the publication of which originated with the Methodists of Central New York, who were offended because Mr. Hosmer was removed from the editorship of the "Advocate" by the General Conference, has been issued. The new editor of the "Advocate" says: "This new paper movement is a revolutionary movement.—It is the clearest instance of open, well defined resistence of law and order that has ever arisen in Methodist church history. Its triumph is the *DOWNFALL OF CONSTITUTIONAL METHODISM.*"

ROMANTIC STORY.

Considerable excitement was created at Rockfish village, North Carolina, about eighteen months ago, by the mysterious disappearance of a young lady, who, it was afterwards concluded, was dead. She has since turned up in a very unexpected manner, as the following letter in the Fayetteville North Carolinian, will show. The writer says:

A year and a half passed by. The occurrence of Miranda's fate began to be obliterated from the mind, those friends who mourned for her had laid aside their weeds and had resigned her as lost forever.

Let us now go back to the eventful night of her disappearance, and learn the true fate of our romantic heroine.

It appears she became dissatisfied with her condition, for some cause unnecessary to detail, and left her boarding house while all beneath its roof were buried in profound slumber; and for fear of being seen by some one in the village, she took the path leading up the margin of the pond, passing by the beach near its head, and thence to the woods to the main road. She found herself at day-light some distance off, and determined, in order to conceal her identity, to *doff the attire of a woman*, and assume *that of the sterner sex*. An opportunity soon offered, for seeing at a farm house near by a pair of pantaloons and some shirts hanging on the fence, she managed to secure them, and at once appropriated them to her own use. In this disguise she traveled on to Bennetsville, South Carolina, where she procured work *as a boy*, and diligently applied herself for several months without exciting the least suspicion as to her sex. Her associates were the males of the village, and though she frequently went with the boys to the river to wash, she never could be induced to go in herself, always volunteering to watch the clothes while they were bathing.

Work becoming a little scarce, John (for that was her assumed name) left Bennetsville and went to Cheraw, where she labored for two or three months, until she procured funds enough to take her to Charleston. In that city she was taken sick with fever, and though under skilful medical attendance, she managed to preserve her incognito.

John finally, like the moth to the candle, ventured too near her old range, and was discovered, first, as one of the operatives of a factory at Fayetteville, by some of those who had known Miranda at Rockfish. Finding herself suspected, she left, and hired herself to an old bachelor, some miles from town, doing faithfully man service on the farm and in the house, sleeping with the crusty old fellow at night without his suspecting what kind of a bed-fellow he had, until curiosity brought her to town to hear the discussion between Bragg and Gilmer, when she was again met by some of her old acquaintances, and fully recognized as Miranda, the lost maiden of Rockfish village.

Miranda has promised to assume the appropriate costume of her sex, though she says the men have much more fun than the women; that it will be hard for her hereafter to sit and listen to the everlasting gossip of the girls, since she has mingled with the men, attended the elections and tax gatherings—become interested in politics—heard the candidates, and been hugged and treated so well by them.

VICTORIA AND ALBERT.

The following was picked up by a letter writer of the New York *Times*:

Prince Albert, it seemeth did once get into the habit of staying out late of a night, and not coming home till morning, whereat her majesty, his wife, grew much anxious and grieved. It was not certain that he was at the cider-cellar, nor could she prove that he did not come home in a proper condition, for she endeavored to get into his rooms on some such occasions, and failed most signally. By way of episode, the story is that the reason of her failure was thus:

She knocked at the door and said, "Albert, open the door to your Queen."

But Albert was silent.

"Albert, your Queen is at the door."

No reply.

And so she tried morning after morning, until one day, after trying that form of address several times, she suddenly bethought herself to say, "Albert, will you let Victoria in?" Whereupon the door flew open and she rushed into his arms instanter.—But his breath was unimpeachable that morning, though he had come home somewhere about the small hours.

It wouldn't do, and she tried a new plan. She ordered the gates of Windsor to be closed at eleven and no one to be admitted without calling her, and then she went to her room. All night she waited, but no husband came, and, after a brief doze, and with a furious headache, she sent for the keeper of the gates, and learned that the Prince had come home at three or four, and learning her orders, had left; he would by no means disturb her, and went his way for a jolly night of it.

This occurred again the next night, and the next morning his Grace the Duke of Wellington was startled at an early hour by a visit from his Royal Highness. His Grace the Duke drove out rapidly to Lord Somebody's, and, taking him up, proceeded to the Hon. Mr. Blank's and a council was held. The question was important: "Can the Queen lock Prince Albert out?" It bothered the dignitaries. They had no precedents, and so they decided it as any five men, or four, three, two or one would decide it, by saying, "Of course not;" and so the gates were left open, and the Prince had his evenings to himself, as any good German that loves his lager bier ought to have.

ENIGMA.

I am composed of 16 letters.
My 1, 2, 16, 15 and 11 is a mount in Asia.
My 2, 11 and 5 is a river in Asia.
My 3, 8, 6 and 15 is a river in Africa.
My 4, 15, 3, 15 and 16 is a lake in Europe.
My 5, 7, 10, 15 and 3 is a lake in Europe.
My 6, 15, 3 and 9 is a gulf in Europe.
My 7, 9, 10, 5, 7, 6 and 15 is a river in the U. States.
My 8, 2, 4 and 9 is a river in North America.
My 9, 3, 5, 11 and 9 is a river in South America.
My 10, 9 and 3 is an Isle in the Irish Sea.
My 11, 15, 3 and 8 is a river in South America.
My 12, 3 and 3 is a river in Europe.
My 13, 15, 3, 2 and 9 is a gulf in Europe.
My 14, 8, 6, 7 and 15 is a town in France.
My 15, 16, 5 and 15 is a lake in North America.
My 16, 5, 13 and 9 is a gulf in Europe.
My whole is a distinguished Senator.

New Providence, Sept. 185 J. F. P.

CARDS.

J. MARTIN.] STRASBURG. [J. KINKEAD.

DENTISTRY.—MARTIN & KINKEAD, having associated together in the practice of DENTISTRY, will endeavor to render entire satisfaction in all operations entrusted to their care. Being prepared for the Manufacture of TEETH, we will be enabled to suit all cases, with Block, Single Gum or Plate Teeth, either on Gold, Silver or Gutta Percha.

☞ Office—Main Street, 3 doors East of Echternacht's Hotel, Strasburg, Lancaster county.

N. B.—I take this method of tendering thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore received, and hope by the present arrangement to be enabled at all times to attend to those requiring our services.

july 22 1y 27 J. MARTIN.

D. G. Swartz,

LAND AGENT FOR THE STATE OF IOWA.

Real Estate bought and sold on commission; Land Warrants located: Taxes paid: Money invested on Land security at high rates ☞ 5,000 Acres of choice Land for sale.

☞ Office in North Duke st., four doors above Walnut, Lancaster, Pa. sep 11 1y-34

Jesse Landis,—Attorney at Law. Office one door east of Lechler's Hotel, E. King St., Lancaster Pa.

☞ All kinds of Scrivening—such as writing Wills, Deeds, Mortgages, Accounts, &c., will be attended to with correctness and despatch. may 15, '55 tf-17

Dr. J. T. Baker, Homeopathic Physician, successor to Dr. M'Allister.

Office in E. Orange St., nearly opposite the First German Reformed Church.

Lancaster, April 17 (tf-13)

Aldus J. Neff, Attorney at Law.—Office with B. A. Sheffer, Esq., south-west corner of Centre Square, next door to Wager's Wine Store, Lancaster, Pa.

may 15, 1855 1y-17

MEDICAL.—DR. Jas. J. Strawn, late of Philadelphia, and a Graduate of the University of Penn'a, of 1846, has located himself and opened an Office in the Village of Paradise, Lancaster county, where he can at all times be consulted, except when professionally engaged.

may 13 3m* 17

James Black.—Attorney at Law. Office in E. King street, two doors east of Lechler's Hotel, Lancaster, Pa.

☞ All business connected with his profession, and all kinds of writing, such as preparing Deeds, Mortgages, Wills, stating Accounts, &c., promptly attended to. may 15. tf-17

H. Stephens' Wine and Liquor Store, in Duke street, next door to the "INTELLIGENCER" office, and directly opposite the new Court House.

Lancaster, april 17 6m-13

Removal.—WILLIAM B. FORDNEY, Attorney at Law has removed his office from N. Queen st. to the building in the South East corner of Centre Square, formerly known as Hubley's Hotel.

Lancaster, april 10

Removal.—ISAAC E. HIESTER—Attorney at Law, has removed to an Office in North Duke street, nearly opposite the new Court House, Lancaster, Pa.

apl 6m-12

WILLIAM WHITESIDE, SURGEON DENTIST—Office in North Queen street, 3d door from Orange, and directly over Spreuger & Westhaeffer's Book Store.

Lancaster, may 25, 1856. 1y 16

NEWTON LIGHTNER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, has removed his Office to North Duke street, to the room recently occupied by Hon. I. E. Hiester.

Lancaster, apr 1 tf 11

JUNIUS B. KAUFMAN, ATTORNEY AT LAW, has removed his office to his residence, in Duke street, first door south of the Farmers' Bank' near the Court House.

ap 1 1y 11

REMOVAL.—WILLIAM S. AMWEG, ATTORNEY AT LAW, has removed his Office from his former place, into North Duke street opposite the new Court House.

apr 8 tf 12

Dr. John. M'Calla, DENTIST—Office—No 4 East King street, Lancaster, Pa. (apl 18 tf-13

Samuel H. Reynolds, Attorney at Law, Real Estate Agent and Conveyancer, Office South Queen street, formerly occupied by Wm. Mathiot, dec'd., Lancaster, Pa.

REFERS TO
Ex-Gov. W. F. Johnston, Pittsburg,
Hon. C. W. Ware, "
" Alex. Jordan, Sunbury,
Peter McCall, Esq., Philadelphia.
Joshua M. Comly, Esq., Danville.
Hon James T. Hale, Bellefonte.
Henry Brockerhoff, "

FARMERS OF THIS NEIGHBORHOOD, GROWERS OF WHEAT AND RYE, USE LEINAU'S SUPERPHOSPHATE OF LIME, if you want heavy Crops, or LEINAU'S AMERICAN FERTILIZER.—These valuable Manures have been used for the past six years successfully for the Grain and Tobacco Crop of Virginia Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware Maryland and upon Islands Bermuda and Barbadoes. A Barrel (250) is sufficient for an acre of land. The above fertilizers are composed of reliable chemical elements, which largely increase the crop and improve the soil, *bedsides the value of Manure.* Price of the Phosphate of Lime, is $40 00 per ton, Nitrogened 50 00, the American Fertilizer $25 00 per ton, or $3 50 per barrel, $1 25 per keg; also every variety of GUANO, Pure Land Plaster, Pot Ash, Nitrate of Soda, Bone Dust, Powdered Charcoal, &c., &c

GEO. A. LEINAU, Proprietor,
No. 19 South Front Street
Philadelphia, Pa.

Goods delivered free of charge.

☞ To wholesale dealers a liberal discount. Pamphlets in the English and German Languages gratis. Orders at a distance, cash accompanying or draft, promptly attended to by G. A. LEINAU, Proprietor,
Philadelphia, Pa.

N. B. Diplomas have been awarded from the Pennsylvania Agricultural Society; New York Crystal Palace Association and New Jersey State Agricultural Society.

aug 19 3m 31

SUPER PHOSPHATE OF LIME.—Diplomas have been awarded to the Subscribers for the above article, by the Pennsylvania State Agricultural Society.

New Jersey, do; Baltimore County, do; Schuylkill County, do; Berks County, do; New Castle County, Del., do.

The quality and high character of our preparation is well known; it is considered the best and most reliable Manure for CORN, OATS, WHEAT, POTATOES and GRASS. Not only producing large crops, but permanently improving the soil.

PRICE $45 per 2000 lbs. (2½ cents per lb.)

Owing to the High price of articles used in manufacturing the above, we have been compelled to advance our price to $45.

CAUTION.—Observe that every barrel of our article has our name and that of Potts & Kleet stamped on the head.

Pamphlets describing its qualities and mode of using can be had at our store, or by Mail, when desired. A liberal deduction made to dealers.

Agents Wanted.

We have for sale the celebrated **Pacific Ocean Guano,** similar to that sold by us last season, and which gave such great satisfaction.

Cancerine, or Fish Manure.—A full supply of this new and valuable article, to which we call the attention of Farmers.

No. 1 Government Peruvian Guano constantly on hand and for sale at the lowest rates.

ALLEN & NEEDLES,
No. 23 S. Wharves and 55 S. Water street,
First store above Chesnut st., Phila.
GEO. CALDER, Agent,
july 29 3m 28 Lancaster.

UNITED STATES AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.—Office, 160 Chesnut Street, Philadelphia. The Fourth Annual Exhibition of the UNITED STATES AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY, will be held at Powelton, (Philadelphia,) on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, and Saturday, October 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th and 11th.

Premiums from Twenty-five to Two Hundred Dollars, amounting in the aggregate to Fourteen Hundred Dollars, will be offered for the various classes of Domestic Animals, Fruits, American Wines, Vegetables, Grains and Agricultural Implements and Machinery.

A Local Committee at Philadelphia, representing the various branches of Industry, has been appointed to co-operate with the officers of the Society, in perfecting arrangements for the Exhibition. And Fifteen Thousand Dollars, to be loaned to the Society to meet expenses. This material aid, coupled with the excellence of the selected location, and the large amount of Premiums offered, induces the expectation that the Exhibition of 1856, will be superior to any of its predecessors.

A Grand Agricultural Banquet, in which ladies as well as gentlemen, will participate, will take place on Friday, October 10th, when distinguished gentlemen will address the assemblage.

Favorable arrangements with the various railroads, for the transportation of Stock and other articles are in progress, the terms of which will be given on application at the office.

The List of Entries, the Awards of Premiums, and the Proceedings, will be published in the Journal of the Society for 1856.

The Premium List, with the Regulations and Programme of the Exhibition, will be furnished on application to Mr. John M'Gowan, Assistant Secretary of the United States Agricultural Society, 160 Chesnut street, (Rooms of the Philadelphia Agricultural Society,) or by addressing the Secretary, at Boston.

MARSHALL P. WILDER, Pres't.
WILLIAM S. KING, Sec'y. sep 2 4t 33

IN PRESS, GRAINS OF GOLD, OR, A collection of Social, Moral, and Intellectual Maxims.—By Samuel M. Smucker, A. M. Author of the "Court and Reign of Catharine II. of Russia;" "History of Emperor Nicholas I," &c., &c. This undoubtedly will be the most interesting work of the kind ever published in America.—It will contain Twenty Caskets, richly laden with the finest gold, wrought into over seven hundred separate Original Maxims, and Independent Reflections, with Wise Saws and Profound Aphorisms, which refer to everybody and everything worth referring to, and especially adapted to the present time.

This work will be printed and bound in the best style, and its contents will make it attractive and pleasing to all classes of readers. Price 50 cents a copy, for which it will be sent, post paid, to any address.

To all persons sending us one dollar, we will send one copy of the book (when out) and two copies of the Rainbow one year; or one copy of the Rainbow two years.

Address GEO. A. CROFUT,
Publisher, Philadelphia.

Country papers choosing to copy the above, will receive the book, post paid, and one copy of the Rainbow to any address. aug 26 tf 32

PETITIONS FOR LICENSES.—At August Sessions, 1856.

Charles W. Murray, for Store License to sell liquors, in Elizabethtown, Lancaster co.

Catharine Foltz, for Tavern License in the Borough of Elizabethtown, Lancaster co.

Augustus Feian, for Store License, Columbia, Lancaster county.

Jacob G. Miller, for Tavern License, Strasburg township.

Samuel Williams for Liquor Store License, S. E. Ward, Lancaster city.

Ringwalt & Davis, for Store License to sell liquors, in East Hempfield township, Lancaster county.

Jacob Wolfer, for Tavern License, in North east Ward, Lancaster city.

Christian Shertz, for Liquor Store License, S. E. Ward, Lancaster city.

C. H. Kryder, for a Store License, Warwick township.

Lancaster co. JOHN J. PORTER,
July 29 tf 28 Clerk Quarter Sessions.

TO FARMERS.—The subscribers respectfully call the attention of all those in want of Fertilizers, to their stock consisting of PERUVIAN GOVERNMENT GUANO, received directly from the government agents and in all cases warranted to be genuine. We also call your attension to the celebrated PACIFIC OCEAN GUANO. This article is esteemed fully equal to Peruvian Guano, as evidenced by the analysis and practical test of Farmers, and is offered at a lower price than the peruvian.

COLUMBIAN GUANO.—This article is also a good fertilizer, packed in barrels and sold at a very low price

Having been appointed by Messrs. Allen & Needles their agents for the sale of their well-known IMPROVED SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF LIME, we are now ready to fill orders for the same. From the testimony of those who have used this Fertilizer for some years past, we feel fully authorized in saying that it is the "Best Application" for Wheat, Corn, Oats, Grass and other crops—which require a vigorous and permanent stimulant—that has ever been offered to the public. Also, constantly on hand.

PLASTER—in the lump and ground.

SALT—Ground Alum and Ashton Fine.

COAL—We have always on hand a large stock of superior quality for Lime Burning and Family use, which we offer at the lowest market prices.

☞ Apply at the Warehouse at Graeff's Landing, on the Conestoga Navigation, or at the Conestoga Transportation Office in Lancaster. GEO. CALDER & CO.

apr 22 tf 14

NOW IS THE TIME FOR BARGAINS!—The subscriber directs the attention of the citizens of the city of Lancaster and vicinity, to the fact that he is determined to sell off his stock of SUMMER GOODS at greatly reduced prices. It consists of Lawns, Berages, Challys, Grenadines, Silk Tissues, Silk Dresses, Lawn, Berages and Silk Robes of all kinds, and of the latest styles; Crape Shawls, Mantillas, Parasols, Ribbons, &c., &c. All these Goods will be sold at greatly reduced prices, so as to make room for the Fall and Winter Goods.

He keeps constantly on hand, a large assortment of every description of DRY GOODS, such as Calicoes, Ginghams, Delaines, Jaconett, Plain, dotted and Mull Swiss, Bishops, &c., Patent Lawns, Black Silk and Mohair Lustre, Bombazine, Hosiery, Gloves, Collars, Undersleeves, Lace and Embroideries of all kinds; Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinett, Kentucky Jeans, Linen and Cotton Pant Stuffs, Vestings, &c. Also a great many articles of Housekeeping Goods, Counterpanes, Mattings, Oil Cloths, Oil Shades, Window Paper, Marcalles, Bed and Bureau Covers of all kinds, Wool and Cotton Flannel, Linen and Woolen Table Covers, Towellings, all kinds of Diapers, Piano Covers, Tickings, Pledged and Brown Muslins of all kinds and prices, Umbrellas, Leghorn, Panama and Palm Leaf Hats, Hats, and a great many other things too numerous to mention, which he will sell lower than the lowest for cash. The subscriber is very thankful for past favors, and hopes a continuance. Remember the place, No. 62 North Queent st., east s de, opposite Weidler's Hotel. Come one, come all, before purchasing elsewhere, and you will find everything to satisfaction.

N. B.—No trouble to show Goods.

July 8 tf 25 L. BAUM.

WENTZ'S CHEAP STORE, IS acknowledged by every one to be the right place to buy all our **Dry Goods.**

Ladies should remember this, and secure some of the many bargains at WENTZ'S CHEAP STORE.

The true secret of the almost constant rush at Wentz's Store, is the particular care taken to supply every body with **Dry Goods of every Description,** at the lowest possible prices.

Then, if any one should ask you, "for the right place to purchase Dry Goods"—a true and honest answer must be WENTZ'S CHEAP STORE.

Remember, Wentz's are selling off Mantillas, Silks, black and colored, Lawns, Robes, Berages, Grenadines, at cost price and less, at WENTZ'S CHEAP STORE.

JUST OPENED—One lot Muslin, bleached and unbleached Tickings, Checks, Furniture and Apron, beautiful Shirting Calicoes. Another lot of those superior Whaleboned Shirts, French colored Shirts, white and colored, good Table diapers, only 12½ cents per yard, colored Linen en Table Covers, French Embossed Covers.

aug 12 tf 30 WENTZ'S CHEAP STORE.

JOSEPH A. NEEDLES, MANUFACTURER OF WIRE, SILK AND HAIR-CLOTH SIEVES, Coarse, medium and fine in mesh; large, middle size and small in diameter.

WIRE CLOTHS OR WOVEN WIRE, of the best qualities, various sizes of mesh, from Nos. 1 to 80 inclusive, and from one to six feet in width.

They are numbered so many spaces to a lineal inch, and cut to suit.

The subscriber also keeps constantly on hand, SCREENS, for Coal, Sand, Ore, Lime, Grain, Gravel, Sumac, Sugar, Salt, Bone, Coffee, Spice, Drugs, Dye-Stuffs, &c. Together with an assortment of BRIGHT AND ANNEALED IRON WARE.

All of the above sold wholesale or retail, by

J. A. NEEDLES,
june 3 1y 29 54 N. Front st., Philadelphia.

J. R. STAFFORD'S OLIVE TAR.
A GREAT ELECTRICAL REMEDY FOR PREVENTING AND CURING ALL DISEASES OF THE THROAT AND LUNGS.

Olive Tar is Applied when Inhaling and is not Taken.

DIRECTIONS.—Apply by rubbing where pain or disease exists: then cover the parts with a plaster made of oiled silk, to which stitch a thin layer of cotton batting; then cover the cotton batting with thin muslin or oiled flannel may be used instead of the oiled silk plaster, but the operations of the remedy will not be as speedy, nor as effective.

FOR INHALING.—Place a saucer over a bowl of hot water, (and keep it hot;) pour into the saucer enough Olive Tar to cover the bottom; the apartment will soon be filled with its odor, affording to the patient an atmosphere impregnated with the delightful healing virtues of

The Olive and of the Pine.

☞ Renew the Olive Tar daily for Inhaling by the above method.

Another Method of Inhaling is to put Olive Tar on the Oiled Silk Plaster, which being worn upon the chest, the heat of the bodywill cause the Olive Tar to evaporate gradually, and as it rises it will be inhaled. The Oiled Silk Plaster should be medicated with Olive Tar every other day. In acute cases, or in those of long standing, both of the above methods of inhalation should be used.

By adhering to the above direction, the very worst forms of diseases of the Throat or Lungs, if not speedily cured, will be greatly relieved; while temporary Colds, Sore Throats, Inflamed Lungs, Catarrh, Croup Coughs, &c., &c., will yield at once to its combined curative powers.

STAFFORD'S OLIVE TAR softens and penetrates the skin; therefore in all all Chronic or active Inflammations it will be found highly beneficial, as it acts directly upon the Nerves, the Muscles and the Joints.

OLIVE TAR OINTMENT is made by mixing Olive Tar and Mutton Tallow in equal parts. This Ointment is a positive cure for all diseases of the skin.

☞ Pain cannot exist where Olive Tar or Olive Ointment is applied.

STAFFORD'S OLIVE TAR does not contain any mineral substances, nor any poisonous drug; the principal ingredients are Tar, Pine Oil, Olive Oil, and the Spanish Olive.

STAFFORD'S OLIVE TAR is manufactured by a process recently patented by Mr. J. R. Stafford, Practical Chemist, by which process all the Acid and Acrid properties contained in the substances forming this Compound are separated without the use of Chemicals.

Sold by H. A. Rockafield, No. 2 E. Orange st., on Agent in Lancaster.—Also, Wholesale and Retail, by the Stafford Olive Tar Company, 16 State street, New York, and Druggists generally. july 22 1y 27

COAL.—The undersigned are now receiving their supply of

LYKENS VALLEY COAL,
BALTIMORE COMPANY COAL,
PINE GROVE COAL,
SHAMOKIN COAL,
BROAD TOP COAL,

Carefully selected, and which they will deliver in good order to any part of the city at low prices.

Lime burners and Blacksmiths Coal always on hand.

Apply to GEO. CALDER & CO.,
Office East Orange street, 2nd door from North Queen, and at the yard at Graeff's Landing, on the Conestoga.

aug 19 tf 31

ESTATE OF HENRY H. SMITH, (a lunatic.)—In the Court of Common Pleas for the County of Lancaster. Whereas, Christian Engle, Committee of Henry H. Smith, of Conoy township, did on the 19th day of August, 1856, file in the office of the Prothonotary of the said Court, his account of the said Committee:

Notice is hereby given to all persons interested in the said Estate, that the said Court have appointed the 27th day of October, 1856, for the confirmation thereof, unless exceptions be filed. Attest, J. BOWMAN, Prothy's.

Prothy's Office, Lan. aug 26 au 26 4t 32

ASSIGNED ESTATE OF JOHN S. STAGER & WIFE.—The undersigned Auditor appointed to distribute the balance in the hands of Anthony E. Roberts, assignee of John S. Stager and Wife, according to law, will meet for the purpose of his appointment, on Thursday, September 25th, 1856, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Library Room in the Court House, in the City of Lancaster; when and where all persons interested in said Estate may attend.

DANIEL G. BAKER,
sep 2 4t 33 Auditor.

ESTATE OF SAMUEL HUBER, JR., (a lunatic.)—In the Court of Common Pleas for the Co. of Lancaster, Whereas, Jacob Hoober, trustee of Samuel Huber, jr., did on the 5th day of September, 1856, file in the office of the Prothonotary of the said Court, his account of the said Estate:

Notice is hereby given to all persons interested in the said Estate, that the said Court have appointed the 27th day of Oct., 1856, for the confirmation thereof, unless exceptions be filed. Attest.

J. BOWMAN, Proth'y.

Lancaster, Proth'ys Office, sep 1 sep 9 4t 34

Estate of Jacob Martin, dec'd.—Letters of administration on the estate of Jacob Martin, late of Conoy township, Lancaster county, dec'd, having been issued to the subscriber residing in said township: All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment immediately, and those having claims will present them without delay, properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN MARTIN,
sep 9 6t* 34 Adm'r.

CHEAPER THAN EVER.

TYNDALE & MITCHELL,
209 CHESNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA, are now ready with their new and elegant assortment

China, Glass, and Queensware,

amongst which will be found every variety of staple articles—

Breakfast, Dinner, Dessert, Tea, and Toilet Sets; Tumblers, Goblets, Champagnes, Decanters, Wines &c.

Together with a very large assortment of

FANCY GOODS,

MANTEL ORNAMENTS, CARD BASKETS, PARIAN FIGURES, COLOGNES, INKSTANDS, FANCY CUPS AND SAUCERS, TETE-A-TETE SETS, &c.,

All of Which will be sold to the Farmer and Citizen at Retail CHEAPER THAN EVER. sep 9 3m 34

WHITE HALL ACADEMY, 3 miles West of Harrisburg. The twelfth session will commence on Monday, the 3rd of November next. Terms, $30 per Session of 21 weeks. For Catalogues containing full particulars address D. DENLINGER,
sept 16 4t 35 Harrisburg, Pa.

CYPRESS SHINGLES.—20,000 First Quality No. 1 Cypress Shingles just received and for sale.—Apply to GEO. CALDER & CO.
Graeff's Landing or Conestoga Navigation Office, East Orange st., Lancaster. aug 19 tf 2

PUBLIC SALE.—On Wednesday, October 15, 1856, By order of the Orphans' Court of Lancaster county, will be sold at public sale, on the premises, in the village of Maytown, the following described Real Estate of William Morton, dec'd, viz: A Lot of GROUND in said village, on which is erected a two story frame DWELLING HOUSE and Kitchen attached, a small Barn, and other buildings. There is a large Cistern, a Bake Oven, &c., &c., and a number of Fruit Trees.

Said property fronts on the street leading from Maytown to Marietta, and is in an excellent location either for a private residence or public business.

A good title will be made and possession given on the 1st of April next.

Sale to commence at 2 o'clock, P. M., when attendance will be given by S. F. ALBRIGHT,
aug 26 ts 32 Adm'r.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE IN ADAMS COUNTY, PA., FOR SALE.—The subscribers offer for sale TWO VALUABLE FARMS: the first a Conewago Farm, about 3 miles from Hanover in a limestone region, containing 170 acres of highly improved land, about 90 acres of which are covered with fine HEAVY TIMBER, which, from its proximity to the Railroad is becoming daily more valuable. There are all the necessary buildings on this farm, and indeed, the Barn is one of the largest and best in the county, and near to the house there is an elegant never failing spring of water.

The other Farm adjoins the town of Littlestown; this Farm is highly improved and has on it FIRST CLASS BUILDINGS, in first rate order. The locality of land will be made to suit purchasers, from 100 to 140 acres. These farms deserve the attention of purchasers, as their improved condition and nearness to market render them very desirable.

The Subscribers will also sell a VALUABLE DWELLING HOUSE, a Store-Room, near the public square in Littlestown. Also several valuable lots for building in that town. As there is little doubt of a Railroad being extended from Hanover to Littlestown in the course of the coming year, these properties deserve the attention of persons as desirous of profitable investments.

☞ Terms will