The Lancaster Intelligencer.

"THAT COUNTRY IS THE MOST PROSPEROUS WHERE LABOR COMMANDS THE GREATEST REWARD."—BUCHANAN.

VOL. LVII. LANCASTER CITY, PA., TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 26, 1856. NO. 32

VOTE FOR BUCHANAN.

TUNE—"*Wait for the Wagon.*"

Now every Union lover,
Who never wants to see
His country's glory over,
Just take advice from me;
Disunion must be routed:—
If stop it any can,
Make up your mind about it,
Buchanan is the man.
Vote for Buchanan, &c.,
Buchanan is the man.

Our glorious Constitution,
The charter of the free,
Will suffer no polution
With such a man as he.
To any factious measure
His aid was never lent;
So let it be our pleasure
To make him President.
Vote for Buchanan, &c.,
We'll make him President.

Americans whose spirit
Is that of Washington;
Who glory to inherit
The honors that he won;
Will choose the man of merit,
Who'll carry out his aim;
And proudly I declare it,
Buchanan is his name.
Vote for Buchanan, &c.,
Buchanan is the man.

Proscription so fanatic,
With pride of birth inflate,
With measures Democratic,
We must annihilate;
And justly disregarding
The place of birth or sect,
We'll take our stand according—
Buchanan we'll elect.
Vote for Buchanan, &c.,
Buchanan we'll elect.

LETTER FROM HON. RUFUS CHOATE TO THE WHIGS OF MAINE.

The whigs of Maine held a mass meeting in the town of Waterville on Wednesday week. The Hon. RUFUS CHOATE, of Boston, was invited to be present, but, being unable to attend, he sent the following letter, in which he avows his intention to vote for Mr. BUCHANAN. We give below the letter of the Maine whig state central committee, and Mr. Choate's reply:—

Portland, July 30, 1856.

SIR—The Whig State Committee of Maine, in compliance with the wishes of a large number of the whigs of this State, have decided to call a mass meeting of our friends at Waterville on Wednesday, the thirteenth day of August next, that they may counsel together as to their duty in the present crisis in the political affairs of the country.

While the whigs of the country are not perhaps able to control its political destinies, we feel that they retain the power to exert some useful influence in protecting its common interests, and maintaining unimpaired the integrity of the Constitution and the Union.

Among the eminent champions of the principles of the Whig party, we know of no one in the whole country whom the whigs of Maine would be more gratified to hear, on the occasion referred to, than yourself.

We, therefore, in behalf of the Whigs of the state of Maine, invite you to be present, and speak to men, who from conviction, aided by your own distinguished example and patriotic precepts, have determined to "join no party which does not carry the flag and keep step to the music of the Union."

With much respect your obedient servants,

E. W. Farley, Horace Porter, E. W. Clark, S. R. Lyman, Nathan Cummings, Geo. L. Drinkwater, Geo. W. Kendall, Thos. J. Burgen, Marcellus Steward, Henry L. Whitcomb, Geo. A. Fairfield, Wm. G. Clark, A. W. Johnson, Jas. H. Chamberlain, Edwin Longfellow, Stephen R. Ward.

Whig State Committee of Maine.

To the Hon. RUFUS CHOATE.

BOSTON, August 9, 1856.

GENTLEMEN—Upon my return last evening, after a short absence from the city, I found your letter of the 30th ult., inviting me to take part in the proceedings of the whigs of Maine, assembled in mass meeting.

I appreciate most highly the honor and kindness of this invitation, and should have had true pleasure in accepting it.—The whigs of Maine composed at all times so important a division of the great national party, which under that name, with or without official power, as a responsible administration or as only an organized opinion, has done so much for our country our whole country—and your responsibilities at this moment are so vast and peculiar, that I acknowledge an anxiety to see—not wait to hear—with what noble bearing you meet the demands of the time.—If the tried legions, to whom it is committed to guard the frontier of the Union, falter now, who, anywhere, can be trusted?

My engagements, however, and the necessity or expediency of abstaining from all speech requiring much effort, will prevent my being with you. And yet, invited to share in your counsels, and grateful for such distinction, I cannot wholy decline to declare my own opinions on one of the duties of the whigs in what you describe as "the present crisis in the political affairs of the country." I cannot now, and need not, pause to elaborate or defend them.—What I think, and what I have decided to do, permit me in the briefest and plainest expression to tell you.

The first duty, then, of whigs, not merely as patriots and as citizens—loving, with a large and equal love our whole native land—but as whigs, and because we are whigs, is to unite with some organization of our countrymen to defeat and dissolve the new geographical party, calling itself republican. This is our first duty. It would more exactly express my opinion to say, that at this moment it is our only duty. Certainly, at least, it comprehends or suspends all others; and in my judgment the question for each and every one of us is, not whether this candidate or that candidate would be our first choice; not whether there is some good talk in the worst platform, and some bad talk in the best platform; not whether this man's ambition, or that man's servility, or boldness, or fanaticism, or violence, is responsible for putting the wild waters in this uproar;—but just this,—by what vote can I do most to prevent the madness of the times from working its maddest act,—the very ecstacy of its madness,—the permanent formation and the actual present triumph of a party which knows one half of America only to hate and dread it; from whose unconsecrated and revolutionary banner fifteen stars are erased or have fallen;—in whose national anthem the old and endeared airs of the Eutaw Springs and the King's Mountain, and Yorktown, and those, later, of New Orleans, and Buena Vista, and Chopultepec, breathe no more. To this duty, to this question, all others seem to me to stand for the present postponed and secondary.

And why? Because, according to our creed, it is only the united America which can peacefully, gradually, safely, improve, lift up and bless with all social and personal and civil blessings, all the races and all the conditions which compose our vast and various family,—it is such an America, only, whose arm can guard our flag, develop our resources, extend our trade; and fill the measure of our glory; and because, according to our convictions, the triumph of such a party puts that Union in danger. That is my reason. And for you, and for me, and for all of us, in whose regards the Union possesses such a value, and to whose fears it seems menaced by such a danger, it is reason enough. Believing the noble ship of state to be within half acable's length of a lee shore of rock, in a gale of wind, our first business is to put her about, and crowd her off into the deep, open sea. That done we can regulate the stowage of her lower tier of powder, and select her cruising ground, and bring her officers to court martial at our leisure.

If there are any in Maine—and among the whigs of Maine I hope there is not one—but if there are any in whose hearts strong passions, vaulting ambition, jealousy of men or sections, unreasoning and impatient philanthropy, or whatever else have turned to hate or coldness the fraternal blood, and quenched the spirit of national life at its source; with whom the union of slave states and free states under the actual constitution is a curse, a hindrance, a reproach; with those of course our view of our duty and the reason of it, are a stumbling block and foolishness. To such you can have nothing to say, and from such you can have nothing to hope. But if there are those again who love the Union as we love it, and prize it as we prize it; who regard it as we do, not merely as a vast instrumentality for the protection of our commerce and navigation; and for achieving power, eminence and name among the sovereigns of the earth, but as a means of improving the material lot, and elevating the moral and mental nature, and ensuring the personal happiness of the millions of many distant generations; if there are those who think thus justly of it,—and yet hug the fatal delusion that, because it is good, it is necessarily immortal; that it will thrive without care; that anything created by man's will is above or stronger than his will; that because the reason and virtues of our age of reason and virtue could build it, the passions and stimulations of a day of frenzy cannot pull it down; if such there are among you, to them address yourselves with all the earnestness and all the eloquence of men who feel that some greater interest is at stake and some mightier cause in hearing, than ever yet tongue has pleaded or trumpet proclaimed. If such minds and hearts are reached, all is safe. But how spacious and how manifold are the sophisms by which they are courted!

They hear and they read much ridicule of those who fear that a geographical party does endanger the Union. But can they forget that our greatest, wisest, and most hopeful statesmen have always felt, and have all, in one form or another, left on record their own fear of such a party? The judgments of Washington, Madison, Clay, Webster, on the dangers of the American Union,—are they worth nothing to a conscientious lover of it? What they dreaded as a remote and improbable contingency—that against which they cautioned, as they thought, distant generations that which they were so happy as to die without seeing—is upon us. And yet some men would have us go on laughing and singing, like the traveller in the satire, with his pockets empty, at a present peril, the mere apprehension of which, as a distant and bare possibility, could sadden the heart of the Father of his Country, and dictate the grave and grand warning of the Farewell Address.

They hear men say that such a party *ought not* to endanger the Union; that, although it happened to be formed within one geographical section, and confined exclusively to it; although its end and aim is to rally that section against the other on a question of morals, policy and feeling, on which the two differ eternally and unappeasably; although, from the nature of its objects and origin, no man in the section outside can possibly join it, or accept office under it without infamy at home; although, therefore, it is a stupendous organization, practically to take power and honor, and a full share of the government, from our whole family of states, and bestow them, substantially, all upon the antagonistic amily; although the doctrine of human rights, which it gathers out of the declaration of Independence—that passionate and eloquent manifesto of a revolutionary war—and adopt as its fundamental ideas, announce to any southern apprehension a crusade of government against slavery, far without and beyond Kansas; although the spirit and tendency of its electioneering appeals, as a whole, in prose and verse, the leading articles of its papers, and speeches of its orators, are to excite contempt and hate, or fear of one entire geographical section, and hate or dread or contempt is the natural impression it leaves on the northern mind and heart; yet, that nobody anywhere ought to be angry, or ought to be frigbtened; that the majority must govern, and that the north is a majority; that it is ten to one nothing will happen; that, if worst come to worst, the south knows it is wholly to blame, and needs the Union more than we do, and will be quiet accordingly.

But do they who hold this language forget that the question is not what ought to endanger the Union, but what will do it? Is it man as he ought to be, or man as he is that we must live with or live alone? In appreciating the influences which may disturb a political system, and especially one like ours, do you make no allowance for passions, for pride, for infirmity, for the burning sense of even imaginary wrong? Do you assume that all men, or all masses of men in all sections, uniformly obey reason; and uniformly wisely see and calmly seek their true interests? Where on earth is such a fool's paradise to be found? Conceding to the people of the fifteen states the ordinary and average human nature, its good and its evil, its weakness and its strength, I, for one, dare not believe that the triumph of such a party ought not to be expected naturally to disunite the states. With my undoubted convictions, I know that it would be folly and immorality to wish it. Certainly there are in all sections and in all states those who love the Union, under the actual constitution, as Washington did, as Jay, Hamilton and Madison did; as Jackson, as Clay, as Webster loved it. Such even is the hereditary and the habitual sentiment of the American heart. But he has read life and books to little purpose who has not learned that "bosom friendships" may be "to resentment soured," and that no hatred so keen, deep and precious as that.

"And to be wroth with one we love
Will work like madness in the brain."

He has read the book of our history to still less purpose, who has not learned that the friendship of these states, sisters but rivals, sovereigns each, with a public life, and a body of interests, and sources of honor and shame of its own and within itself, distributed into two great opposing groups, are of all human ties most exposed to such rupture and transformation.

I have not time in these hasty lines, and there is no need, to speculate on the modes in which the triumph of this party would do its work of evil. Its mere struggle to obtain the government, as that struggle is conducted, is mischievous to an extent incalculable. That thousands of the good men who have joined it deplore this is certain, but that does not mend the matter. I appeal to the conscience and honor of my country that if it were the aim of a great party, by every species of access to the popular mind,—by eloquence, by taunt, by sarcasm, by recrimination, by appeals to pride, shame, and natural right—to prepare the nation for a struggle with Spain or England, or Austria, it could not do its business more thoroughly. Many persons, many speakers,—many, very many, set a higher and wiser example, but the work is doing.

If it accomplishes its object and gives the government to the north, I turn my eyes from the consequences. To the fifteen states of the south that government will appear an alien government. It will appear worse. It will appear a hostile government. It will represent to their eye a vast region of states organized upon anti-slavery, flushed by triumph, cheered onward by the voices of the pulpit, tribune, and press; its mission to inaugurate free domand put down the oligarchy; its constitution the glittering and sounding generalities of natural right which makes up the Declaration of Independence. And then and thus is the beginning of the end.

If a necessity could be made out for such a party we might submit to it as to other unavoidable evil, and other certain danger. But where do they find that? Where do they pretend to find it? Is it to keep slavery out of the territories? There is not one but Kansas in which slavery is possible. No man fears, no man hopes for slavery in Utah, New Mexico, Washingtonor Minnesota. A national party to give them to freedom is about as needful and about as feasible as a national party to keep Maine for freedom. And Kansas! Let that abused and profaned soil have calm within its borders; deliver it over to the natural law of peaceful and spontaneous immigration; take off the ruffian hands; strike down the rifle and the bowie knife; guard its strenuous infancy and youth till it comes of age to choose for itself—and it will chose freedom for itself, and it will have forever what it chooses.

When this policy, so easy, simple and just, is tried and fails, it will be time enough to resort to revolution. It is in part because the duty of protection to the local settlres was not performed that the democratic party has already by the action of its great representative convention resolved to put out of office its own administration. That lesson will not and must not be lost on anybody. The country demands that congress, before it adjourns, give that territory peace. If it do, time will inevitably give it freedom.

I have hastily and imperfectly expressed my opinion through the unsatisfactory forms of a letter, as to the immediate duty of whigs. We are to do what we can to defeat and disband the geographical party.—But by what specific action we can most effectually contribute to such a result is a question of more difficulty. It seems now to be settled that we present no candidate of our own. If we vote at all, then, we vote for the nominees of the American, or the nominees of the Democratic party. As between them I shall not venture to counsel the whigs of Maine, but I deem it due to frankness and honor to say, that while I entertain a high appreciation of the character and ability of Mr. Fillmore, I do not sympathize in any degree with the objects and creed of the particular party that nominated him, and do not approve of their organization and their tactics. Practically too, the contest in my judgment is between Mr. Buchanan and Col. Fremont. In these circumstances I vote for Mr. Buchanan.—He has large experience in public affairs; his commanding capacity is universally acknowledged; his life is without a stain. I am constrained to add that he seems at this moment, by the concurrence of circumstances, more completely than any other, to represent that sentiment of nationality,—tolerant, warm and comprehensive,—without increase of which, America is no longer America; and to possess the power and I trust the disposition to restore and keep that peace, within our borders and without, for which our hearts all yearn, which all our interests demand, through which and by which alone we may hope to grow to the true greatness of nations.

Very respectfully,
Your fellow citizen
RUFUS CHOATE.

To E. W. FARLEY and other gentlemen of the Maine Whig State Central Committee.

☞ The New York *Herald* gave an opinion respecting the Black Republicans, a short time ago, which we hereby copy for the benefit of whom it may concern. The *Herald* is a very *reliable* sheet:

It is not freedom that these black, woolly-headed rascals want, or liberty that the white-livered, pale-faced, canting scoundrels of agitators mean. It is the refined society, it is the soft hand, it is for social equality, black with white. * * * * Under the garb of religion and liberty, the abolitionists and infidels, Fanny Wright, that he-woman, and Lewis Tappan, the she-man, mean to confound all colors, all races, all differences—covering the manners, intellect and complexion who grace this lovely earth, with the same deep, dingy, eternal dark-brown in morals, dark brown in mell. Faugh.

FLINGOUT THE BANNER.

AIR—"*Democrats Rally!*"

Fling out the banner! and swear not to yield,
Buchanan and Breckenridge haste to the field;
The fearless Democracy, banded once more,
Have sworn that the day of disruption is o'er;
Let the signal go forth over mountains and dells,
There is union of hearts and a union of shells.
Chorus.—Democrats rally! Hark to the cry!
From mountain and valley, the contest is nigh;
Your banners fling out, to the breeze let them wave,
Shout, freemen, shout, your country to save.

Hushed be the cry—"those not born on the soil
Are dangerous spies, fit for treason and spoil;"
Our fathers invited the wronged and oppressed
Under Liberty's tree to find shelter and rest,
And when the loud tramp call'd the brave to the fight
They prayed for our cause, and armed for the right.
Chorus. Democrats rally! &c.

Crushed be the cravens who basely forget
Kosiusko, Pulaski, and young LaFayette;
Let Princeton bear witness, where Mercer was slain,
Quebec, where Montgomery died not in vain!
Red Camden, where perished that gallant old man—
DeKalb, with his sword flashing death in the van.
Chorus. Democrats rally, &c.

Fling out the banner beloved by the free!
Let it float, feared by tyrants, in every sea;
Let the world those grand lessons of justice be taught
For which Jefferson wrote and old Hickory fought;
Black traitors and foes must soon beat a retreat,
For banded once more, the Democracy meet.
Chorus. Democrats rally, &c.

Ye "Higher Law" teachers, ye friends of disunion,
Who hold with foul spirits disgraceful communion;
Look out for Old Buck! should you bring him to bay
A stag of ten antlers he'll prove in the fray;
Let the signal go forth over mountains and dells,
There is union of hearts, and a union of shells.
Chorus. Democrats rally, &c.

CARDS.

J. MARTIN. | STRASBURG. | [J. KINKEAD,

DENTISTRY.—MARTIN & KINKEAD, having associated together in the practice of DENTISTRY, will endeavor to render satisfaction in all operations entrusted to their care. Being prepared for the Manufacture of TEETH, we will be enabled to suit all cases, with Block, Single Gum or Plate Teeth, either on Gold, Silver or Gutta Percha.

☞ Office—Main Street, 3 doors East of Echternacht's Hotel, Strasburg, Lancaster county.

N. B.—I take this method of tendering thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore received, and hope by the present arrangement to be enabled at all times to attend to those requiring our services.

july 22 1y 27 J. MARTIN.

D. G. Swartz,
LAND AGENT FOR THE STATE OF IOWA.

Real Estate bought and sold on commission; Land Warrants located: Taxes paid: Money invested on Land security at high rates ☞ 5,000 Acres of choice Land for sale.

☞ Office in North Duke st., four doors above Walnut, Lancaster, Pa. sep 11 1y-34

Jesse Landis,—Attorney at Law. Office one door east of Lechler's Hotel, E. King St., Lancaster Pa.

☞ All kinds of Scrivening—such as writing Wills, Deeds, Mortgages, Accounts, &c., will be attended to with correctness and despatch. may 15, '55 tf-17

Dr. J. T. Baker, Homopathic Physician, successor to Dr. McAllister.

Office in E. Orange St., nearly opposite the First German Reformed Church.

Lancaster, April 17 (tf-13)

Aldus J. Neff, Attorney at Law.—Office with B. A. Shaffer, Esq., south-west corner of Centre Square, next door to Wager's Wine Store, Lancaster, Pa. may 15, 1855 1y-17

MEDICAL.—DR. Jas. J. Strawn, late of Philadelphia, and a Graduate of the University of Penn'a., of 1840, has located himself and opened an Office in the Village of Paradise, Lancaster county, where he can at all times be consulted, except when professionally engaged. may 13 3m* 17

James Black.—Attorney at Law. Office in E. King street, two doors east of Lechler's Hotel, Lancaster, Pa.

☞ All business connected with his profession, and all kinds of writing, such as preparing Deeds, Mortgages, Wills, Stating Accounts, &c., promptly attended to. may 15. tf-17

H. Stephens' Wine and Liquor Store, in Duke street, next door to the "INTELLIGENCER" office, and directly opposite the new COURT HOUSE. Lancaster, april 17 6m-13

Removal.—WILLAM B. FORDNEY, Attorney at Law has removed his office from N. Queen st. to the building in the South East corner of Centre Square, formerly known as Hubley's Hotel. Lancaster, april 10

Removal.—ISAAC E. HIESTER—Attorney at Law. Has removed to an Office in North Duke street, nearly opposite the new Court House. Lancaster, Pa, ap 1 6m-12

WILLIAM WHITESIDE, SURGEON DENTIST—Office in North Queen street, 3d door from Orange, and directly over Sprenger & Westhaeffer's Book Store. Lancaster, may 27, 1856. 1y 16

NEWTON LIGHTNER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, has removed his Office to North Duke street, to the room recently occupied by Hon. I. E. Hiester. Lancaster, apr 1 tf 11

JUNIUS B. KAUFMAN, ATTORNEY AT LAW, has removed his office to his residence, in Duke street, first door south of the Farmers' Bank' near the Court House. ap 1 1y 11

REMOVAL.—WILLIAM S. AMWEG, ATTORNEY AT LAW, has removed his Office from his former place, into North Duke street opposite the new Court House. apr 8 tf 12

Dr. John. M'Calla, DENTIST—Office—No 4 East King street, Lancaster, Pa. apl 18 tf-13

Samuel H. Reynolds, Attorney at Law, Real Estate Agent and Conveyancer, Office South Queen street, formerly occupied by Wm. Mathiot, dec'd., Lancaster, Pa.

REFERS TO
Ex-Gov. W. F. Johnston, Pittsburg,
" William Bigler, Philadelphia.
Hon. G. W. Woodward, "
" Alex. Jordan, Sunbury.
Peter McCall, Esq., Philadelphia.
Joshua W. Comly, Esq., Danville.
Hon James T. Hale, Bellfonte.
Henry Brockerhoff, "
aug 12 tf 30 33, North Queen St.

VALUABLE FARM at PRIVATE SALE.—The subscriber offers at private sale, a Tract of Land, situate in East Hempfield twp., Lancaster county, near Mechanicsville, adjoining the Manheim and Lancaster Plank Road, and 6 miles north of Lancaster, 1½ miles north of Petersburg, and 3 miles south of Manheim a small Farm, containing 17 Acres and 126 Perches, more or less, of first quality limestone land, adjoining lands of Benjamin Hartman, Jacob Stauffer's estate, and others. The improvements are a two-story weather boarded HOUSE, 30 feet front by 27 deep, a cellar under; a two-story Brick House, 21 feet front by 18 deep; a well of never-failing water with a pump in it near the door; a Summer House, 12 feet by 12; Smoke House, new Bank Barn, 50 by 38 feet; Corn Cribs, Carriage House, Wood Shed, Hog Sty, and a Young Bearing Orchard of Choice Fruit Trees, fenced in with locust posts and chesnut rails. The place is convenient to mills, school houses, stores, churches, and in a thickly settled and intelligent neighborhood.

Persons wishing to purchase would do well to call and see as it recommends itself to all competent judges.

Persons wishing to see the property will call on the subscriber residing thereon. EMANUEL KINSOLL
aug 19 tf 31

POLYTECHNIC COLLEGE OF STATE of Pennsylvania, West Penn Square, Philadelphia.—Organized on the plan of the industrial Colleges of Continental Europe, and the only college in the Union in which gentlemen graduate in the industrial professions.

Fourth year, commencing on Monday, September 15th, 1856.

FACULTY.

Mathematics and Engineering,	Prof. S. H. Peabody.
General and Applied Chemistry,	" A. L. Kennedy.
Mechanics and Machinery,	" H. H. Boucher.
Geology, Mineralogy and Mining,	" A. W. King.
Architect'l & Topograph'l Drawing,	" J. Kern.
French and Spanish,	" V. DeAmarelli.
German,	Prof. B. Sreinthal.

For catalogues and further information, apply to
A. L. KENNEDY, M. D.,
President of Faculty.
aug 19 4t* 31

VALUABLE RAILROAD PROPERTY FOR SALE OR RENT.—The undersigned desiring to close business in the Fall, offer their Store, Warehouse, Coal and Lumber Yard for Sale or rent.

There is not a more pleasant and desirable location on the Columbia Railroad, than this property. It possesses all the advantages, without the inconvenience attending on many other business points.

For the past ten years it has been encouraged by a large trade, and any desired amount of business can be done cheaply and expeditiously. The Warehouse and Tracks are constructed upon the labor saving principle, and Grain can be received and discharged with one half the labor and expense of most other houses. A large amount of lumber is sold, and for many years from 3 to 4,000 Tons of Coal have been disposed of per year.

The sales in the store have ranged since it was opened from $10,000 to $15,000 per annum.

For particulars call on, or address
BAKER & HOPKINS,
aug 12 tf 30 Gap, Lancaster County.

WENTZ'S CHEAP STORE, IS acknowledged by every one to be the right place to buy all our Dry Goods.

Ladies should remember this, and secure some of the many bargains at WENTZ'S CHEAP STORE.

The true secret of the almost constant rush at Wentz's Store, is the particular care taken to supply every place with Dry Goods of every Description, at the lowest possible prices.

Then, if any one should ask you, "for the right place to purchase Dry Goods"—a true and honest answer must be WENTZ'S CHEAP STORE.

Remember, Wentz's are selling off Mantillas, Silks, black and colored, Lawns, Robes, Bereges, Grenadines, at cost price and less, at WENTZ'S CHEAP STORE.

JUST OPENED—One lot Muslin, bleached and unbleached Tickings, Checks, Furniture and Apron, beautiful Shirting Calicoes. Another lot of those superior Whaleboned Satinets, French colored Shirts, white and colored, good Table diapers, only 12½ cents per yard, colored Linen on Table Covers, French Embossed Covers.

aug 12 tf 30 WENTZ'S CHEAP STORE.

PUBLIC SALE OF BANK STOCK.—On Thursday afternoon, the 21st inst., at 2 o'clock, will be sold at the Hotel of John Michael, 50 Shares of Farmers' Bank Stock. PETER MCCONOMY,
aug 12 2t 30 Trustee.

AN ORDINANCE CREATING A PERMANENT LOAN.—Sec. 1. The Select and Common Councils of the City of Lancaster hereby ordain, that the Presidents of Councils, shall sign Coupon Bonds and Certificates of Stock, to the amount of Twenty Thousand Dollars, to create a permanent loan for that sum, wherewith to pay damages accrued by opening streets within the city of Lancaster, under the provisions of the act of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth on the subject. Said bonds and certificates to be placed in the hands of the Mayor of the City for negotiation at the lowest obtainable rates of interest, and for the payment of which, the faith and credit of the city are pledged.

Ordained and enacted into a law at the city of Lancaster, on the 5th day of August, 1856.

Attest: JOSHUA W. JACK,
President of S. Council.
Jas. C. CARPENTER, Clerk S. C.
HENRY CARPENTER,
President of C. Council.
WM. A. MORTON, Clerk C. C. aug 12 3t 30

EIGHT TEACHERS WANTED, to take charge of the public Schools of Penn township. The County Superintendent and Directors will meet at the public house of Christian Hershey, on Tuesday, September the 9th at 1 o'clock, P. M., to examine and employ teachers. Term, four months. Salary, $25.

AARON LONGENECKER,
aug 12 4t 30 Sec'y.

PUBLIC SALE.—On Saturday the 6th of September, 1856. In pursuance of an Order of the Orphans' Court of Lancaster county, the undersigned, Administrator of Jacob Sandoe, late of East Earl township, said county, dec'd, will sell by public vendue, on the premises of No. 1, the following described Real Estate, to wit: A Tract of about 7 Acres of Limestone Land, on the Harrisburg and Downingtown turnpike, near the Sorrel Horse Tavern, adjoining lands of George Weidler, John Kurtz, and others, situate in East Earl township.

The improvements thereon consist of a two story DWELLING HOUSE, a Barn, Blacksmith Shop, Stables and other buildings; also a never-failing Spring of running water, an APPLE ORCHARD and other fruit, such as Peaches, Cherries, &c. The farming portion of the land is in a good state of cultivation and under good fence.

No. 2. A Tract of about 16 Acres of Land, lying about ¼ mile south of No. 1, adjoining lands of Geo. Duchman, Adam Diller, and others, in same township; about 1 Acre thereof is timber land, the balance is in good farming order, and laid off in fields and under good fence.

No. 3. A Tract of about 5½ Acres of Mountain Land, adjoining No. 2, and lands of David Rauck, Mary Jacobs, and others, in same township. This lot is well covered with Chestnut Oak, and other timber.

Any person wishing to view either of the above properties will be shown them by calling on the subscriber residing near the same.

Possession will be given on the 1st of April, 1857.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., of said day, when attendance will be given and terms of sale made known by
ISAAC SANDOE,
aug 12 tf 30 Administrator aforesaid.

HEMLOCK JOISTS AND SCANTLING 25,500 pieces, 1,000 feet, J. Grosh & Son offer at the above price, 200,000 feet, in lots not less than 20,000 feet, sizes—from 3x4 to 3x9; lengths—from 12 to 16 ft., SOUND AND SEASONEE. Purchasers can obtain a credit of from 60 to 120 days, if purchased before the 1st of Sept. They have an extensive assortment of POPLAR & MAPLE SCANTLING. Also, 4 inch and 2 inch ASH PLANK, &c. Marietta, aug 5 3t 29

TARRANT'S EFFERVESCENT SETZER APERIENT.—A new supply of this very popular remedy for Dyspepsia, Billious Affections, Headache, Heartburn, Acidity of the Stomach, and all cases where a saline aperient is required.

Just received and for sale at
CHARLES A. HEINITSH'S,
Drug & Chemical Store, No. 13 East King street, Lanc'r.
aug 5 4t 29

ESTATE OF ROBERT M'CLURE, LATE OF THE CITY OF LANCASTER, dec'd.—Letters testamentary having been issued to the undersigned, all persons having claims or demands, will present them for settlement; and those indebted will make payment, without delay to ELIZABETH M'CLURE, Ex'x.
ELIO. M. KLINE,
JOSEPH M'CLURE, Ex's.
aug 5 6t* 29

NINE TEACHERS WANTED TO TAKE charge of the public schools of Warwick township—The County Superintendent and Directors will meet at the Litiz Hotel, on Thursday, August 21, at 1 o'clock, P. M., to examine and employ teachers. Salary liberal. For further particulars apply to JACOB BUCH,
aug 5 3t* 29 President.

TO FARMERS, IRON MANUFACTURERS, Millers, Blacksmiths, &c.—The undersigned, Agent for the estate of David Jenkins, dec'd, offers for sale, from the 1st of April next, the following property, situate in Cernarvon township, Lancaster county, viz:

Two Forges, One Grist Mill, propelled by the Cocalaus creek, Three Farms of from 100 to 150 Acres each, good limestone soil, in a good state of cultivation, a Blacksmith Shop and convenient DWELLING, in the village of Churchtown, and a number of Tenant Houses.

The whole property will be leased together or in parts to suit tenants. The Mill, Forges and Smith Shop have been doing a large business for a number of years past. A quantity of wood will be sold to parties leasing the Forges.

Any information relative to the above can be had of Wm. B. Fordney, Esq., counsel for the estate, at his office, Centre Square, Lancaster city. aug 5 tf 29

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE IN ADAMS COUNTY, PA., FOR SALE.—The subscribers offer for sale TWO VALUABLE FARMS; the first a Conewago Farm, about 3 miles from Hunter in a limestone region, containing 170 acres of highly improved land, about 60 acres of which are covered with fine HEAVY TIMBER, which, from its proximity to the Railroad is becoming daily more valuable. There are all the necessary buildings on this farm, and indeed, the Barn is one of the largest and best in the county, and near to the house there is an elegant never failing spring of water.

The other Farm adjoins the town of Littlestown; this Farm is highly improved and has on it FIRST CLASS BUILDINGS, in first rate order; the quantity of land will be made to suit purchasers, from 100 to 140 acres. These farms deserve the attention of purchasers, as their improved condition and nearness to market render them very desirable.

The Subscribers will also sell a VALUABLE DWELLING HOUSE, a Store-Room, near the public square in Littlestown. Also several valuable lots for building in that town. As there is little doubt of a Railroad being extended from Hanover to Littlestown in the course of the coming year, these properties deserve the attention of persons desirous of profitable investments.

☞ Terms will be made easy, to suit purchasers.

☞ Any information desired can be obtained either by letter or personal application to Wm. McSherry, Littlestown, Adams county, Pa., who will at any time be ready to show the properties to persons wishing to look at them.

JAMES McSHERRY, Frederick, Md.
WM. McSHERRY, Littlestown, Pa.
aug 5 3m 29

REMOVAL.—NEW STORE—OLD STAND.—The undersigned having purchased from the city the property in West King st. which he has occupied for many years as a Grocery Store, has made arrangements to tear down the old building and erect a new and more commodious store room in its place. While the work is progressing he will occupy a Temporary Store Room, fitted up expressly for the accommodation of his customers, in the OLD MARKET HOUSE, where he hopes to receive the continued patronage of his old friends and all who want to buy Fresh Family Groceries, Queensware, &c., at the lowest market rates. This Market Grocery will be conveniently arranged, and no pains will be spared to accommodate.

The Removal took place on Monday the 28th inst., and it is expected that the new store on the old stand will be ready for business by the first of October.

Lancaster, july 29 4t 28 WATSON H. MILLER.

ESTATE OF GEORGE AUMENT, (Son of Jacob) and Wife.—In the Court of Common Pleas for the County of Lancaster. Whereas, Jacob Aument and George Aument, jr., assignees of George Aument and Wife, of Drumore township, did on the 16th day of August, 1856, file in the Office of the Prothonotary of the said Court, their account of the said Estate:

Notice is hereby given to all persons interested in the said Estate, that the said Court have appointed the 15th day of Sep., 1856, for the confirmation thereof, unless exceptions be filed.

Attest, J. BOWMAN, Proth'y.
Proth'ys. Office, Lan. aug 16 aug 19 4t-31

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.—On Saturday the 30th of August, 1856. The subscriber offers at public sale, a very desirable Lot or Piece of GROUND, situated in the Village of Millersville, three miles west of the city of Lancaster, adjoining property of Joseph Rooney, and others, containing 6 Acres, more or less. Thereon is erected a large TWO STORY BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, a good Barn, Spring House, and other out buildings; there is also a one story Tenant House fronting on the Lancaster and Manor Turnpike. The buildings are all nearly new, and the land is in a high state of cultivation. This property is well worth the attention of purchasers. For a private residence it is the most beautiful spot in the county, fronting on the the Lancaster and Manor Turnpike, and within a short distance of the Lancaster County Normal School. It is located right in the centre of the town, and must in a few years become very valuable.

The sale will take place at Hornberger's Hotel, in Millersville.

It will be sold altogether, or in lots to suit purchasers.

Possession will be given on the 1st of April, 1857, when a clear and indisputable title will be made.

Sale to commence at 5 o'clock, P. M., when the terms will be made known by JACOB L. FREY.
july 29 ts 28 Millersville, Lancaster co.

GARDEN ENGINES, THROWING A stream of water 50 to 60 feet, cast iron lift and force pumps. Barn Door Rollers, Turnip Drills, Wheat Drills, with Grass Seed sowers attached, Plows of various patterns and sizes, Square and Expanding Harrows, with all other Implements in their proper season for Farmers and Gardeners, at Wholesale and Retail.

PASCHALL MORRIS & CO.,
Implement and Seed Store, 7th and Market, Phila.
july 22 tf 27

TO FARMERS.—The subscribers respectfully call the attention of all those in want of Fertilizers, to their stock consisting of PERUVIAN GOVERNMENT GUANO, received directly from the government agents, and in all cases warranted to be genuine. We also call your attention to the celebrated PACIFIC OCEAN GUANO. This article is esteemed fully equal to Peruvian Guano, as evidenced by the analysis and practical test of Farmers, and is offered at a lower price than the peruvian.

COLUMBIAN GUANO.—This article is also a good fertilizer, packed in barrels and solid in tubes; brand stamped with Dry Goods of every Description, at the lowest possible prices.

Then, if any one should ask you, "for the right place to purchase Dry Goods"—a true and honest answer must be WENTZ'S CHEAP STORE.

Remember, Wentz's are selling off Mantillas, Silks, black and colored, Lawns, Robes, Bereges, Grenadines, at cost price and less, at WENTZ'S CHEAP STORE.

JUST OPENED—One lot Muslin, bleached and unbleached Tickings, Checks, Furniture and Apron, beautiful Shirting Calicoes. Another lot of those superior Whaleboned Satinets, French colored Shirts, white and colored, good Table diapers, only 12½ cents per yard, colored Linen on Table Covers, French Embossed Covers.

aug 12 tf 30 WENTZ'S CHEAP STORE.

PUBLIC SALE OF BANK STOCK.—On Thursday afternoon, the 21st inst., at 2 o'clock, will be sold at the Hotel of John Michael, 50 Shares of Farmers' Bank Stock. PETER MCCONOMY,
aug 12 2t 30 Trustee.

AN ORDINANCE CREATING A PERMANENT LOAN.—Sec. 1. The Select and Common Councils of the City of Lancaster hereby ordain, that the Presidents of Councils, shall sign Coupon Bonds and Certificates of Stock, to the amount of Twenty Thousand Dollars, to create a permanent loan for that sum, wherewith to pay damages accrued by opening streets within the city of Lancaster, under the provisions of the act of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth on the subject. Said bonds and certificates to be placed in the hands of the Mayor of the City for negotiation at the lowest obtainable rates of interest, and for the payment of which, the faith and credit of the city are pledged.

Ordained and enacted into a law at the city of Lancaster, on the 5th day of August, 1856.

Attest: JOSHUA W. JACK,
President of S. Council.
Jas. C. CARPENTER, Clerk S. C.
HENRY CARPENTER,
President of C. Council.
WM. A. MORTON, Clerk C. C. aug 12 3t 30

EIGHT TEACHERS WANTED, to take charge of the public Schools of Penn township. The County Superintendent and Directors will meet at the public house of Christian Hershey, on Tuesday, September the 9th at 1 o'clock, P. M., to examine and employ teachers. Term, four months. Salary, $25.

AARON LONGENECKER,
aug 12 4t 30 Sec'y.

PUBLIC SALE.—On Saturday the 6th of September, 1856. In pursuance of an Order of the Orphans' Court of Lancaster county, the undersigned, Administrator of Jacob Sandoe, late of East Earl township, said county, dec'd, will sell by public vendue, on the premises of No. 1, the following described Real Estate, to wit: A Tract of about 7 Acres of Limestone Land, on the Harrisburg and Downingtown turnpike, near the Sorrel Horse Tavern, adjoining lands of George Weidler, John Kurtz, and others, situate in East Earl township.

The improvements thereon consist of a two story DWELLING HOUSE, a Barn, Blacksmith Shop, Stables and other buildings; also a never-failing Spring of running water, an APPLE ORCHARD and other fruit, such as Peaches, Cherries, &c. The farming portion of the land is in a good state of cultivation and under good fence.

No. 2. A Tract of about 16 Acres of Land, lying about ¼ mile south of No. 1, adjoining lands of Geo. Duchman, Adam Diller, and others, in same township; about 1 Acre thereof is timber land, the balance is in good farming order, and laid off in fields and under good fence.