ST. LOUIS CORRESPONDENCE.

Warm and Dry Weather—Local Affairs—State and National Politics—Buchanan stock above par—every South-ern State going for him—Know-Nothings coaxing in—Heavy Betting in Kentucky, &c., &c.

St. Louis, June 30, 1856.

The weather during the past fortnight has been excessively warm and dry. Not a drop of rain had fallen for the last three weeks until yesterday, when a copious shower fell, and the crops in all sections are suffering—it is thought that the oats and corn crops will amount to nothing this season unless we are shortly blessed with heavy rains.—The ground is literally parched up—corn and oats look miserable, and serious apprehensions are ennertained of an entire failure of all the growing crops. This drought extends all through the West and South. A good rain, however, may start the corn, if it comes soon, and the crop turn out much better than at present anticipated, but it will be far below an average one.

Our city in the past two weeks has been characterized by all manner of crime—some two or three murders have been committed—every day affairs of stabbing are reported in the papers—slung shots and brass knuckles have been actively engaged, and it is no extraordinary thing to hear of two or three persons being picked up during a night, from the effects of these cowardly weapons. Petty thefts are committed every night, and frequently in the face of broad day light, and where one of these offenders is arrested, ninety-nine are suffered to escape. There never has been so much crime in our city as now, and from present appearances we have not seen the worst.

Capt. Paul, one of the would-be "upper ten," was arrested a few days since on a charge of forgery. The exact amount is not yet known. He was about making his escape, and had got as far as Galena. He, before he was overtaken. He belongs to a family with a large circle of relatives, reputed to be very wealthy, and as money is always respected, it is more than probable, the matter will soon be hushed up. The officers have not yet arrived with Paul from Galena, but are looked for to-day.

The notorious Bob O'Bionnis was shipped to the Penitentiary a few days since. The papers stated that there were not hand cuffs large enough for him, so he was permitted to ride to Jefferson city like a gentleman. If there were not hand-cuffs large enough, there certainly was rope enough in the city to tie the convict! But it was not done. He is reputed to be worth $50,000, hence the *small hand-cuffs!* It is astonishing to see men of respectability daily going to Jefferson city to intercede for O'Bionnis' pardon, and it is now believed the Governor will grant a pardon before his term of office expires—in November next. Should he, however, get the prisoner at liberty, the charge of bribery will be fastened to to him a long as the Governor survives—whether he is entitled to the guilt or not is the same. The *Rev.* Mr. Holmes, of this city, who was but a few Sundays ago expelled by his congregation, has been at Jefferson City, since the prisoner was taken there, imploring a pardon. A more foul and deliberate murder was never committed, than this, and his just dues should have been the gallows—instead of the penitentiary—there he may stay his sentence out not only for this crime, but for a hundred others he has committed heretofore, and the city will be relieved one of the many desperadoes, that now infest the town and disturb the peace and quiet of this community.

The following curious circular was received by a business house from Philadelphia. The precise meaning of it we do not understand, but for the benefit of your Philadelphia readers we copy it. It is evidently a base fraud; the Post Master at Philadelphia should search out the villain. Here is the circular: "A letter bearing your address is detained, for non-payment of postage, in the Post Office at Philadelphia, Pa. It will be sent to you, upon your enclosing and writing, *without delay*, to my address, nine cents in U. S. postage stamps, with the two lower ones of this article. Signed John Brown, box No. 842, Philadelphia P. O., Penn. Neither John Brown nor anybody else, has a privilege to defraud the community out of their money. In this case there can be nobody in the Philadelphia Post office who knows anything of these letters. It is said that some 2,000 letters of this kind have been received at the St. Louis Post office within a short time. If they have been generally responded to, the cunning rogue will put a good many dollars in his pocket.

Gov. Shannon has been in our city a several days, and it was currently rumored that he had resigned his post of Governor, which is not the case, judging from the following letter addressed to the *Republican*—

THE SAN ANTONIO, July 2 o'clock, June 28, 1856.

DEAR SIR: I am authorized by Governor Shannon, of Kansas, who has just arrived at our house, to say that *he has not resigned*. He is here to meet Mrs. Shannon, and will return to Kansas in about four days.—He reports all quiet in Kansas.

THERON BARNUM.

Mr. James H. Stewart, of Jefferson co. Mo., met his friends with the intention of going to Philadelphia to receive certain money due him on the settlement of an estate. He has not since been heard of, and his family are alarmed—believing he has met with foul play. Information of his whereabouts is respectfully desired by his distressed family.

Several cases of sunstroke occurred here yesterday during the warm weather we are experiencing.

Hon. Thos. Corwin is now on a visit to our city.

As the dog days approach the political fever seems to increase. Since Col. Benton's speech, endorsing Buchanan, and repudiating Fremont, this son-in-law, much strength has been added to the Colonel's cause. He is now on a tour through the State, and received at every point in the most enthusiastic manner. The probabilities now are, the Governorship race in this State is between Col. Benton and Ewing, the K. N. candidate. Benton is gaining strength in every quarter, and it is hardly possible for him to be the hindmost man. He will carry this city and county by a fair majority. This division in Missouri, in the Democratic party, only extends to the State policy; the party is a unit on Mr. Buchanan, and the state will give him upwards of 15,000 majority. You are already aware that there are *two* Buchanan electoral tickets in this State—the Benton men have made a proposition—which is a fair one to the Autics to this effect: that every Congressional district where the Antics beat the Benton ticket—they (the Antics) be entitled to the elector of that district; and where the Benton party succeed, a Benton elector be placed upon the ticket. But the Autics claim that they were recognized at Cincinnati, and are entitled to *all* the electors—notwithstanding they voted against Buchanan from first to last, and have now on their electoral ticket two or three ranting K. N.'s who will not vote the Buchanan ticket owing to the *oath* they have taken in the lodge: they have also three K. N.'s on their State ticket, and two or three on their County ticket, besides as many Whigs who never voted the Democratic ticket and never will.—They went into this amalgamation, thinking they could get votes from all parties to scratch their own, and make it appear as an *anti Benton Democratic* vote; but mark the prediction the K. N.'s on their ticket will run far ahead of the balance of the candidates. In this county the anti-Benton vote will nearly all go to the Know-Nothings—they will vote for Kennett for Congress *against their own candidate*. This is a pretty "*National* party" of the Democracy of Missouri. The Cincinnati Convention erred in admitting these renegades and K. N.'s into their body as Democrats—*not one of them have voted a democratic ticket for three years.* They nominated Mr. Polk, (their present candidate for Governor) for Congress at the last election, and only gave him 300 votes out of 12,000—they went over to the Know-Nothings in a body. This faction now claims to be the "National Democracy" of Missouri—God save the mark! Could they have killed Mr. Buchanan, they would have done so, but that they could not, and for the purpose of retaining their lucrative offices, now shout for "old Buck," as enthusiastically as Mr. Buchanan's best friends who have been for him from first to last. That which the Convention recognized as Missouri Democrats, are repudiated by the people of Missouri, and it was considered even a good joke by the Anti Benton "National Delegates" themselves. How the Convention could have made this blunder, is a mystery—unless it was their desire to kill Mr. Buchanan with the *nine* votes of Missouri!

Buchanan stock is 100 per cent. above par, and daily increasing. A gentleman (a know-Nothing at that) has just returned from a visit to Tennessee, and informs us that it is all Buchanan there; Donelson, as we have repeatedly stated, has killed the K. N. ticket in the South. He also informs us, that if Fremont stands the slightest chance of doing anything in the North, the Know-Nothings of the South will drop Fillmore and rally around the Democratic flag—Tennessee will give Buchanan 10,000 majority, and we believe he will carry every Slave-holding State, not even failing in Kentucky. Do your duty at the North, and we will roll up the largest majority in the West and South ever known in political history.

It was with sorrow and deep regret that we read in your paper of the death, by drowning, in California, of Mr. C. B. Huber. In 1846, Mr. Huber the writer of this paragraph embarked for the far West, and during the year or two he spent in this city prior to his going to the shores of the Pacific, gained, by his many virtues, a large circle of true and warm friends, who now mourn the sad fate that has befallen him in a distant land. We have known "Christ." long and well—we know him to have been generous and kind-hearted, gentlemanly in his department, a good Printer and a fine scholar—we have known him from his early youth, and always found him a friend to the friendless.—In his death, his relatives and numerous friends, both here and at home, have sustained a loss immeasurably great—but to our loss is his eternal gain." He now sleeps the sleep that knows no waking," on the shores of the Pacific. But his memory will ever be cherished and revered by the many friends he has left behind.

Mr. Frank Weidler starts in a few days for Lancaster, after an absence of five or six years.

There are perhaps some K. N.'s in and about your county who would like to risk their "pile" on the election; it is, we direct their serious attention to the following propositions, as published in the Kentucky papers:

"A FEW PROPOSITIONS FOR SANGUINE KNOW NOTHINGS.—We are authorized by responsible gentlemen of this city to submit to any Know-Nothing who will be willing to give substantial endorsement of his confidence in Mr. Fillmore's success, the following propositions:

$5,000, that the electoral vote of Kentucky in the next national election, will be cast for Buchanan and Breckinridge, provided each survives till the day of election.

$1,000 each, that the electoral votes of the States of Kentucky, Tennessee, and New York will not be cast for Millard Fillmore, and $1,000, that Buchanan and Breckinridge will be the next President and Vice President of the United States. The last four bets to be taken together or separately.

$1,000, that the vote of any State the Know-Nothings may name will not be cast for Fillmore, and 1,000 on the general result; the last two bets to be taken together.

$1,000, that the nominee of the Black Republican party will receive more votes in the electoral college than Millard Fillmore. $50 bonus, to any man for every $1,000, he will procure to be taken of the above propositions on the vote of Kentucky.

If any enthusiastic supporter of Mr. Fillmore is ambitious of making a fortune in this way, an opportunity is now afforded him. Who will bet? Don't all speak at once, gentlemen."

No body in this section is foolish enough to risk a dime against "old Buck." Everything looks bright for our National standard-bearers, and in November next we will crown them with success.

Mr. Buchanan's letter of acceptance has been received in this city and published in all the papers, and gives universal satisfaction to both friend and foe. We wish no other pledges from Mr. Buchanan—he is all right on the goose," and the West and South are all right on the "Buck."—*Buck and Breck* are all the race—hip! hurrah!

Yours, OLD GUARD.

WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENCE.

To the Editors of the Intelligencer, dated

WASHINGTON, July 4th, 1856.

There being no Congress to day, from which a few items are to be gleaned, we take pleasure in dropping you a few lines, on this the noted day of our national confederacy, to congratulate yourselves and the nation on the great progress made by this people among the nations of the earth in respectability, commerce, agriculture, manufactures and the arts.—Eighty years ago, we were but a handful of people, yet, small in stature and numbers as we were, the patriots of those days grappled with the mother country, and, after a severe struggle and much hard fighting, those noble sires of ours achieved the blessed boon to man, the right of self government, which we at this day so rightfully maintain within our borders, and in our intercourse with the older nations of the earth. Here and there, it is true, that within the limits of the U. States, the peaceful calm is somewhat disturbed by the ripple of misguided fanaticism, but the sober sense of the people will soon right the troubled bark, and have a new pilot at the helm of state, whose known patriotism is as proverbial as his life and love for the Union have been consistant and uniform in defense of those pure principles, that led our fathers on to the glorious and successful termination of their great revolutionary struggle. Our confederacy is happy and prosperous,—and will continue to prosper, while virtue predominates, as it does now, in the breast of so large a majority of our union loving people.

The House Kansas majority report, was read on Wednesday. It is a long document, gotten up to sustain Gov. Reeder and the *dark*-republican party. It is a document that will reflect no credit upon Messrs. Howard and Sherman, when all the mist of their mission to Kansas has been dissipated by the counter report that will be from the pen of Mr. Oliver, of Missouri. The fact is, the Kansas humbug will humbug the getters up of this abolition *forum*, and you will see, that we, in the end of this farce, of sending a mission to Kansas, are correct in our conjecture.

The Senate remained in session from Wednesday 12 M. to 4½ Thursday morning;—consuming those many long and tedious hours in a warm and spirited debate upon the new Kansas Bill, as introduced by Mr. Toombs, of Georgia, but adopted by the Committee on Territories as their bill, formally reported and debated. This new bill passed by the following vote of 30 ayes, to 12 nays:

Yeas—Alen, Bayard, Bell, Benjamin, Brodhead, Bigler, Bright, Brodhead, Brown, Cass, Clay, Fitzpatrick, Douglas, Hunter, Iverson, Johnson, Jones of Tenn., Mallory, Pratt, Pugh, Reid, Sebastian, Slidell, Stuart, Thompson of Ky., Toombs, Toucey, Weller, Wright, Yulee.

Nays—Messrs. Bell of N. H., Collamer, Dodge, Durkee, Fessenden, Foot, Foster, Hale, Seward, Trumbull, Wade, Wilson.

On motion of Mr Cass to postpone and take up the bill for the relief of the sufferers by the late Indian outrages, the yeas and nays were ordered to be printed.

Now, if the House adopt and pass this bill, as it is believed they will, the people of Kansas will then be left to their own resources and control in the formation of their State government. The debate was spirited and sharp at times, but I am happy to inform you, that it all passed away in the best of feeling among Senators on their adjournment. I heard your junior Senator, Gov. Bigler, on the Bill, and, I must admit, that his speech did much good in the calm and candid tone and temper in which it was delivered. You should look to the papers for a faithful detail of this important sitting of the Senate.

Mr. Sumner, since his *dressing down* by Mr. Brooks, of the House, has not attended the sessions of the senate, although he has been out at the residence of Mr. F. P. Blair in the country spending some days.—All kinds of foolish reports have been circulated as to the state of his health. This is all wrong. Mr. Sumner was but very little hurt.

Mr. Sumner, perhaps, will remain unwell the balance of the session, he can do so with as much propriety to himself as he has done to his reputation, as a citizen, in the delivery of the speech that has been the cause of his absence from the senate.

The Pennsylvanians of this city, have formed a *club* of citizens from the Keystone State, for the dissemination of correct documents among the people of the U. States.—Citizens will do well to apply to the officers of the *club* as herein named, who may be in want of good democratic documents favorable to the election of Messrs. Buchanan and Breckinridge. The permanent officers of the club are as follows:

President.—Hon. J. Glancy Jones.

Co. Presidents.—F. B. Streeter, A. J. Glossbrenner, *Recording Secretaries.*—Thomas J. McCallmont, D. T. Jenks.

Corresponding Secretaries.—S. T. Shugert, John Oakford, and David Crawford.

Treasurer.—I. S. Stoughton.

Committee on Printing and Documents.—Hon. William Bigler, chairman; Hon. J. Glancy Jones, Hon Asa Packer, Hon. Thomas B. Florence.

Executive Committee.—Thomas Feran, chairman; Gilbert Roiman, Chester Tuttle, Andrew Gross, William Flinn, David Paul, J. Barthan North.

A committee to confer with other State Clubs was appointed by the chairman, to consist of Colonel D. M. Ball, R. J. Nevin, B. W. Mahon

Yours, MCFARLAND.

Fourth of July Celebration and Bible Presentation, in New Holland.

At an early hour on the evening of the 4th inst., the inhabitants of New Holland and vicinity assembled in the lecture-room of Diller, Brubaker & Co. The room was densely crowded, and many stood in and around the building, eager to hear every word uttered by the speakers.

The meeting was opened with prayer by Rev. A. Helfenstein Martin W. Kurtz read the Declaration of Independence in a clear and audible tone of voice.

An oration was then delivered by W. Seeger Darrow—subject, the Union of the States. He first spoke of the sacrifices our forefathers made in declaring themselves free and independent. He also alluded to the causes which led to the formation of the Union: and pathetically adverted to the benefits arising from our Union. He forcibly commented on the real dangers which threaten the permanency of "that government which constitutes us one people." The remedies which he suggested for these dangers, if properly applied, would produce beneficial results. In the course of his remarks, Mr. Darrow paid a glowing tribute to education and the Christian religion.—He acquited himself very creditably, and enlisted the admiration and marked attention of the large audience.

On behalf of the ladies of New Holland, Miss Annie C. Brubaker presented a magnificent Bible to the N. H. Reading Association: which was received by John H. Hull on part of said association. The addresses of both these speakers were very appropriate and highly interesting.

The exercises were interspersed with well selected and skillfully performed music on the melodean, by Miss M. Jennie Dayis.

Dr. Samuel Ringwalt offered suitable resolutions, which were unanimously adopted.—After which the audience repaired to witness a splendid display of fire-works, given by the citizens of this village.

Upon the whole, our people were well entertained, and returned to their homes gratified with the proceedings of the day and evening. They will doubtless remember with feelings of pleasure, the day so pleasantly, and appropriately celebrated.

MOSES HOOVER, Prest.

New Holland, July 4, 1856.

NEW COUNTERFEITS.—There is a large number of counterfeit five dollar notes on the Mechanics' Bank, Philadelphia, in circulation all over the State. They are a dangerous counterfeit, well calculated to deceive, and persons not accustomed to handle paper money should be careful about receiving notes of the Mechanics' Bank. There is no doubt that the county is flooded with a batch of these counterfeits.

The Work goes Bravely On.

☞ Charles Anderson, Esq., of Cincinnati, a popular and able old line Whig, of the Clay and Webster school, is addressing the citizens of Ohio in favor of Buchanan and Breckinridge.

☞ The Democratic papers of Connecticut claim the State for Buchanan and Breckinridge, by a majority of five thousand, and offer to bet on it.

☞ The Louisville *Democrat* says, that our friends in Tennessee are claiming a majority of fifteen thousand for the Buchanan and Breckenridge ticket in this State.

☞ The North Georgia *Times*, published at Dalton, has renounced Know-Nothingism, and raised the names of Buchanan and Breckinridge.

☞ Col. Fremont, the Black Republican Abolition candidate for President, is a SLAVEHOLDER! So states A. J. Lewis, Esq., of Boston, upon his own knowledge.—*Cleveland Plaindealer.*

The readers of the *Argus* have reason to know Mr. Lewis; and those who do will have confidence in his statement. The Albany *Argus and Atlas* adds:

Fremont, during his brief Senatorial term, voted with the South on most questions, including that of the abolition of slavery in the District of Columbia, against which he voted. —*Springfield Argus.*

For the Intelligencer.

Village Bullyism.

On the day of the 4th inst.,—a day which should be sacred to every citizen, and when men should particularly entertain sentiments of honor and act with self-respect, upon that day, an affair transpired in this village which was offensive to our people and is disgraceful to the perpetrator.

A certain Druggist came to the shop of the barber and after committing an assault upon him, closed his door and denied him access to his building. The barber is a harmless negro and is in very delicate health. And what could have prompted the Drug-man to so far forget his self-respect and manly dignity, as to be guilty of so base an outrage is better known to himself than others. Whether white or black, every man is entitled to common justice; and whether or not such an act of injustice was committed in drunken excitement, it nevertheless deserves condemnation and the perpetrator merits the rebuke of every citizen.

JUSTICE.

New Holland, July 5, 1856.

AMERICAN LOCOMOTIVES FOR EGYPT.—Mason & Co., of Taunton, Mass., have just finished two superb engines for the railroad between Cairo and Suez, ordered by the Egyptian Viceroy. They are to furnish a comparison of American skill with the English engines of Crampton and Stephenson, running between Alexandria and Cairo. They weigh 25 tons, burn coke, and on a recent trial on the Taunton road, ran 4 miles and made a stop in 32 minutes.

Mr. HERBERT COMMITTED FOR MURDER.—Mr. Herbert, member of Congress from California, was indicted on Wednesday, by the grand jury of the Criminal Court of Washington, for the murder of Thomas Keating, and committed to jail to await his trial.

IMPORTANT TO FARMERS.—A. F. BAIR would respectfully inform the public, that he has taken the old established stand, formerly occupied by S. B. Haines, and more recently by A. Bair & Brother, in the rear of Dr. George B. Markley, in East King street, Lancaster, Pa., a half square east of Sprecher's Hotel, where is prepared to furnish those celebrated THRESHING MACHINES and HORSE POWERS with the improved Friction Geared Shaker, which for lightness of running and efficiency of action stands unrivalled.

N. B.—Repairing of all kinds attended to at the shortest notice, and in a manner that will make the article regarded as useful as if new. He invites Farmers to come and examine his work, and purchase if they see fit.

☞ The best of reference can be given.

may 20 3m 25

☞ THE GREATEST DISCOVERY OF THE AGE. ☜

PROFESSOR WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.—This preparation, although less than two years before the public, owing to its wonderful effects upon the human hair and scalp, has already obtained a celebrity and sale perfectly unparalleled. It has without the ordinary applications used for such purposes, won its way, and been heartily welcomed to most of the cities and towns in the United States the Canadas, and the West Indies Islands. Nor is this result surprising, when it is remembered that its popularity is based upon its merits, solely as established by actual tests. That this preparation will actually RESTORE GRAY HAIR TO ITS NATURAL COLOR, produce a luxuriant growth upon the heads of the bald, prevent the hair from falling off, and when used as a toilet article, produce a continual flow of the natural fluids, and thus render the hair soft, glossy and wavy, destroy diseases of the scalp, and expel dandruff, the certificates of astonishing success from gentlemen and ladies, in every part of the country who have tried it, and therefore speak what they know, most fully attest.

MILFORD, Worcester Co., Mass., Nov. 13th, 1855.

Prof. O. J. Wood—Dear Sir: I take pleasure in bearing voluntary testimony to the magic effects of your wonderful Hair Restorative. As far back as 1836 my hair commenced falling off, until the top of my scalp became bald and smooth as glass, and it has continued to bald more and more, notwithstanding I have used many celebrated preparations for its restoration. Seeing your advertisement, I was induced to give your article a trial, and to my utter astonishment, I found after the application of a few bottles, it became drusly set and assumed a very glossy and beautiful appearance; and, by the time I had used a quart bottle full, my bald head was covered over with a young and vigorous growth of hair, which is now from one to two inches in length, and growing very fast.

Yours truly, HENRY GOODRICH.

SOMETHING WORTH KNOWING!—By using Professor Wood's Hair Restorative, gray Hair can be permanently restored to its original color. The subjoined certificate was received from Johnson & Stone, Gardiner, Me., and is but one of the many instances that are daily coming to our knowledge of its wonderful effects. It is no longer problematic, but self-evident truth, as hundreds can testify.

GARDINER, Me., June 22d, 1855.

Mr. H. DYE—Dear Sir: I have used two bottles of Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative, under any circumstances, patent medicines, restorative, or anything of the kind, for we have a prejudice against most of them. But candor compels us to invite attention to the advertisement of Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative. We were prejudiced against anything of the kind, but some instances of its use have come to our knowledge which almost assure us that it is a sovereign remedy against the hair becoming prematurely gray. It is not a "Hair Dye" but upon its application as directed, the effect is produced on the skin, which brings out the original native colored hair, without stiffness, and gives it a glossy and natural appearance. We have seen persons who have used it, and they are as much pleased with it.—*Mecanic Republican.*

O. J. Wood & Co., 356 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market St. Louis, Mo., Proprietors.

A. W. Dyott & Sons, 132 North 2d st. Philada., Wholesale Agents.

For sale by H. A. ROCKAFIELD & Co., Medicine Depot, Lancaster, Pa., and by H. A. Shiremon, Columbia, and by Druggists generally.

may 18 1y 9

☞ EQUALITY TO ALL: UNIFORMITY OF PRICE:—A new feature of business: Every one his own Salesman. Jones & Co., of the Crescent One Price Clothing Store, No. 290 Market street, above 6th, in addition to having the largest, most varied and fashionable stock of Clothing in Philadelphia, made expressly for retail sales, have constituted every one his own Salesman, by having marked in figures, on each article, the very lowest price it can be sold for, so they cannot possibly vary—all must be cash.

The goods are all well sponged and prepared and great pains taken with the making, so that all can buy with the full assurance of getting a good article at the very lowest price.

Remember the Crescent, in Market, above 6th, No. 290.

feb 26 1y 5 JONES & Co.

☞ The citizens of Lancaster county will find it greatly to their advantage to purchase China, Glass, and Common Wares of Messrs. TYNDALE & MITCHELL, Importers, 219 Chestnut street, above Seventh, Philadelphia, who have a system of doing business peculiar to themselves.

They import their wares direct from the best manufacturers, and sell them in small quantities to the farmer and citizen, just as cheap as they can be bought in large quantities at wholesale by the city and country merchants.

Messrs. T. & M.'s customers have the double advantage of purchasing direct from the importer, and of selecting from a very large and beautiful assortment, at a saving of at least 25 per cent.

See their card in another column.

☞ CANCER CURED.—Cancers, Ulcers, Wens and Tumors, taken out without the use of the knife, by Dr. STRAWN, Paradise, Lancaster county, Pa., under the system of Dr. S. Gilbert, of New York.

may 13 3m* 17

☞ TO NERVOUS SUFFERERS. ☜

A retired Clergyman, restored to health in a few days, after many years of great nervous suffering, is anxious to make known the means of cure. Will send (free) the prescription used. Direct the Rev. JOHN M. DAGNALL, No. 59 Fulton street, Brooklyn, N. Y. mar 18 3m 9

MARRIAGES.

On the 22d ult., by the Rev. A. W. Meeaskey, John Reinhart to Sarah Hemingway, all of Columbia.

On the 29th ult., by the same, John Murella, of Manor township, to Margaretta Trush, of Columbia.

On the 24th ult., by Rev. Mr. Krotel, Aaron White to Caroline Danner, all of Lancaster.

On the 25th ult., by the same, George Vogle, to Christiana Fry, of this city.

DEATHS.

At the National Hotel, in this city, on the 29th ult., Greybill W. Danner, in the 20th year of his age.

In Marietta, on the 20th ult., Mrs. Catharine Plum, in the 67th year of her age.

On the same day, in Marietta, at an advanced age, Mrs. Mary McAffee, better known as "old Molly Hedger."

On the 22d of June, in Warwick township, Malinda, daughter of John Roth, aged 1 years, 9 months and 8 days.

In Gettysburg, June 21st, James L. Sample, formerly of Strasburg, in the 21st year of his age.

At Mercer, Pa., on the 27th of June, in the 71st year of her age, Mrs. Mary Henderson, widow of the late John B. Henderson, formerly of this county.

NOTICE.—ESTATE OF HENRY SANDERS, late of Manheim township, but more recently of the city of Lancaster, in the county of Lancaster, dec'd. All persons indebted to the said estate, in any way or manner, are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned; and all persons having claims will please present the same, at the earliest time possible to

ANNA MARIA SANDERS.

Widow and sole Executrix of said dec'd., residing in said city of Lancaster. july 8 6t 25

CONGRESS WATER.—100 Pints for sale by B. S. MUHLENBERG, No. 8 South Queen st. July 8 2m 25

MERCHANTS' HOTEL, (formerly Flanagan's) Jackson street, "Cape May, New Jersey." This House having undergone a thorough repair and renovation, is now open by the subscribers, (successors to Major Robert Flanagan, of Philadelphia.) The former proprietors promise that no effort shall be spared to render the Merchants Hotel comfortable and desirable, to those who favor it with their patronage. Terms moderate. LYONS & O'KEEFE. july 8 4t 25

ESTATE OF MICHAEL WOLF, LATE of the city of Lancaster, dec'd.—The undersigned, auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court to distribute the balance in the hands of Henry Shaum, acting Executor of the last Will and Testament of Michael Wolf, late of the City of Lancaster, dec'd., to and among those legally entitled thereto according to law, hereby gives notice that he will attend for the purpose of his appointment, at the Library Room in the Court House, in the city of Lancaster, on Saturday the 26 day of August, A. D., 1856, at 2 o'clock, P. M., when and where all persons may attend if they think proper. J. B. LIVINGSTON, Auditor. July 8 4t 25

DIVIDEND.—The President and Managers of the MANOR TURNPIKE ROAD COMPANY have declared a dividend of Two Dollars per share for the last six months—payable on demand. GEO. F. BRENEMAN, Treasurer. July 8 3t 25

SCARCITY OF WATER.—Mayer's Office July 5, 1856—In consequence of the low stage of Water in the Conestoga, and the difficulty of obtaining a sufficient supply in the Reservoir, I would recommend to the citizens the propriety of using as little water as possible, and all persons having pave-washers will suspend the use of them for sprinkling the streets until further notice. Any person using the Conestoga water for sprinkling the streets after this notice, will have their water stopped off by the Superintendent. By order of the Water Committee.

J. ZIMMERMAN, Chairman of W. C.

July 8 3t 25

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned Auditor, appointed by the Orphan's Court of Lancaster County, to make distribution of the balance in the hands of Daniel Zug and Samuel Ensminger, Administrators with the will annexed of Michael Hummer, deceased, late of Warwick township, and Trustees of Rachel Hummer, now deceased, will meet those interested in said distribution, on Friday the 8th day of August, 1856, at 9 o'clock A. M., at the Library room in the Court House, in Lancaster.

A. SLAYMAKER, Auditor.

July 8 4t 25

Manheim *Sentinel* insert and charge Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned Auditor appointed by the Orphans Court of Lancaster co., to make distribution of the balance in the hands of J. B. Barber, Executor of the last will and testament of Frederick Graff, late of West Hempfield township, dec'd, to and among those legally entitled thereto, will meet those interested in said distribution at the Library Room in the Court House, in Lancaster, on Wednesday August 6th, 1856, at 2 o'clock, P. M. H. B. SWARR, Auditor.

July 8 4t 25

A LIST OF LETTERS REMAINING IN the Post Office, at Safe Harbor, for the quarter ending June 30, 1856.

Bowers & Shaneck, John Binkly, Timothy Boyle, George Bender.

Peter Cundner, Louisa Cooper, Benjamin Cooper, William Dougherty, William Emery, Geo. Fisher.

Mary Geng, L. A. Geiger, Nicholas Geist, John Gardner, John Griery.

William Holland, Jacob Herman, Frederick Heugle, J. Holland, Edward James, John Jarvis, Patrick Kenan.

Mary Landis, Thomas Madden, Robert Moore, David Mellinger, John M'Come.

Michael Quin, Alex. Robinson, Esq., John Redman, Jno. Relanyler.

Christian Shock, 2 John G. Staman, Susan Taylor.

Jacob Witters, John Warfel, Frederick Wart, William Wright, 2 Elizabeth Withers.

JOHN KOLP, P. M.

NOW IS THE TIME FOR BARGAINS!—The subscriber directs the attention of the citizens of the city of Lancaster and county, to the fact that he is determined to sell his stock of SUMMER GOODS at greatly reduced prices. It consists of Lawns, Berages, Challys, Grenadines, Silk Tissues, Silk Dresses, Lawns, Berages and Silk Robes of all kinds, and of the latest styles; Crape Shawls, Mantillas, Parasols, Ribbons, &c., &c. All these goods will be sold at greatly reduced prices, so as to make room for the Fall and Winter Goods.

He keeps constantly on hand, a large assortment of every description of DRY GOODS, such as Calicoes, Ginghams, Delaines, Jaconets, Cheap Muslins, Muslin de Laines, Silk Shawls, &c., Patent Lawns, Black Silk and Mohair Lustre, Debaige, Hosiery, Gloves, Collars, Undersleeves, Lace and Embroideries of all kinds; Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinett, Kentucky Jeans, Linen and Cotton Sattinets, Vestings, &c. Also a great many articles of Housekeeping Goods, Carpets, Mattings, Oil Cloths, Oil Shades, Window Paper, Marcuilles, Bed and Bureau Covers of all kinds, Wool and Cotton Flannel, Linsey and Woolen Table Cloths, Towellings, all kinds of Diapers, Piano Covers, Tickings, Pledged and Brown Muslins of all kinds and prices, Umbrellas, Leghorn, Panama and Palm Leaf Hats, Hats, and a great many other things too numerous to mention, which he will sell lower than the lowest for cash. The subscriber is very thankful for past favors, and hopes a continuance. Remember the place, No. 42 North Queen st., east side, opposite Weidler's Hotel. Come one, come all, before purchasing elsewhere, and you will find everything to satisfaction.

N. B.—No trouble to show goods.

july 8 4t 25 BAUM.

BANKING HOUSE OF JOHN GYGER & CO.—Lancaster, Pa., February 22, 1856. The undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership for transacting a GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS, in Dis ounts, Deposits, Exchange, &c., and will open an Office, MARCH 24th, 1856, at No. 16 East King street, a few doors west of the Lancaster County Bank.

A uniform rate of five per cent. interest per annum will be paid on Deposits, SPECIALLY MADE, and a liberal line of accommodation afforded those who may favor us with Deposits, payable on demand, by check or draft.

Special attention will be given to the PURCHASE and SALE, (on commission only) of Stocks, Loans, &c., in Lancaster, Philadelphia, New York and Baltimore, and COLLECTIONS will be made at the best rates, on all accessible points in the United States and Canada.

Having ample resources and experience, and having secured the services of ROBERT CLARKSON, late Assistant Cashier of the Farmer's Bank of Lancaster, as our Cashier, we will give the business his personal attention, we are confident of executing faithfully and promptly, any business entrusted to us.

JOHN GYGER & CO.

CONSISTING OF

JOHN GYGER, DAVID BAIR,

BENJ. ESHLEMAN, HENRY MUSSELMAN.

july 8 3m 25

COAL.—It is not more than twenty-five years since Coal began to be a recognized article of production and commerce. This year the production of our anthracite mines alone will amount to more than 4,000,000 of tons. This may be regarded as an amount of solid wealth dug annually at the present time from the bowels of our State. We do not here undertake to show the additional advantage it gives, in the encouragement of industry, and the employment of hundreds of thousands of persons in manufactures and commerce. We only wish to impress upon the minds of our readers that twenty millions a year is a low estimate of the sum now paid to Pennsylvania for the Coal dug from beneath her surface. In a few years hence, when railroads, canals, mining, manufactories, and population shall have vastly multiplied, our annual product of Anthracite Coal alone will probably reach ten millions of tons, and be worth at the mines thirty-six millions of dollars, whilst Bituminous coal will amount to as much more. It is the latter which has chiefly given the Western part of our State its wealth, as the former has the Eastern. Since the rapid growth of the great Lake country and the increase of population of our Western cities, the market afforded for the consumption of the bituminous is enormous. It is used in every variety of manufactures—it is this of which our gas is made. Its uses are increasing so fast that the supply has never equalled the demand. It may be set down as a general fact, that the trade doubles every six years. The Sunbury and Erie Railroad, and the Allegheny Valley Railroad are about to open some of the richest fields of this coal; more advantageously located than any other. The Elk county basin has for some time attracted a large share of the public attention. It presents the advantage of being inexhaustible in its coal resources, which its location has an unequalled superiority. A concentration of five railroads will shortly take place, connecting the Lakes, New York, Philadelphia, and the Northern cities of the West, by a much nearer route than Pittsburg, and giving it the advantage of the markets.—*Philadelphia Inquirer.*

July 8 3t 25

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.—The subscriber, residing in Cambria county, offers the following farms and Unimproved Wood and Coal Lands, situated in said county, contiguous to the Pennsylvania and Portage Railroads, for sale upon such terms as may be agreed up a with persons desiring to purchase.

NO. 1. THE FARM CONSISTING OF 117 ACRES, on which he resides, situate within a mile of the village of Jefferson, and through which both of the above named railroads pass. There are four dwelling houses on the premises, with out-buildings, two apple orchards, and well watered with never failing springs. A Bituminous coal bed underlies nearly the whole farm—there is also an abundance of limestone and iron ore upon the premises, and about thirty acres of wood land. The soil is as productive as any in the county, as the crops now growing will fully demonstrate. I will sell this place with or without the growing crops to suit purchasers.

NO. 2. A TRACT OF 100 ACRES, lying about a mile and a half west of Jefferson, also traversed by the above railroads. Only about three acres of this is cleared, the balance being heavily timbered, and the whole being underlaid with the same beds of coal, limestone and iron ore mentioned above. There are three dwelling houses and a stable on the tract.

NO. 3. A TRACT OF 40 ACRES, with a dwelling house, saw-mill and 30 acres cleared, and under cultivation, situate within a fourth of a mile of the Pennsylvania railroad near the Portage station. The timber upon the tract is heavy and valuable, and the same beds of coal, limestone and iron ore above mentioned are also upon it.

NO. 4. A TRACT OF 500 ACRES of unimproved heavily timbered land, situate one and a half miles south of the Portage station on the Pennsylvania railroad. This also abounds in coal, limestone and iron ore.

The main branch of the Conemaugh river passes through all the tracts named, affording water power to any necessary extent. The minerals are of the same excellent quality as those used by the Cambria Iron Company at Johnstown. The soil is unsurpassed by any land in the county. Portage station is 25 miles west of Hollidaysburg.—That the coal upon these tracts is about as convenient to the sea board as any other rich bituminous coal in the State, there is no hesitation stated in the United States than Cambria county. The attention of farmers, manufacturers, coal dealers and lumbermen, wishing for eligible business situations, is invited to the character of these premises.—I will sell to large or small portions, and on favorable terms. My post office is "Wilmore, Cambria county, Pennsylvania." Persons desiring to purchase will do well to call soon, as I am determined to sell between this and the 1st of September. JOHN KEAR.

Wilmore, Cambria Co., July 8, 1856. 4t 25

RESOLUTION

Proposing Amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendments are proposed to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, in accordance with the provisions of the tenth article thereof.

FIRST AMENDMENT.—There shall be an additional article to said Constitution, to be designated as article eleven, as follows:

ARTICLE XI.—OF PUBLIC DEBTS.

SEC. 1. The state may contract debts, to supply casual deficits or failures in revenue, or to meet expenses not otherwise provided for; but the aggregate amount of such debts, direct and contingent, whether contracted by virtue of one or more acts of the general assembly, or at different periods of time, shall never exceed seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars, and the money arising from the creation of such debts, shall be applied to the purpose for which it was obtained, or to repay the debts so contracted, and to no other purpose whatever.

SEC.