ST. LOUIS CORRESPONDENCE.

The Weather—Health of the City—Excitement about the O. & M. Railroad—The Republican, and Louise Sentiment—Kansas Legislature—Gov. Reeder and his Vetoes, &c., &c.

ST. LOUIS, July 30, 1855.

Nearly every day or night during the past week it has rained, and the weather has been cool and pleasant, with the exception of one or two days when it was oppressive. But, we should not complain, for a more unpleasant summer than the present, the "oldest inhabitant" observes, has never been experienced in this section of the West.

There is very little change to notice in our markets; wheat and flour, however, have declined a trifle, owing to the heavy receipts of the past week; oats have advanced to 60 per bushel. The new grain is now beginning to come forward, and we may expect a tasting out in prices.

The health of our city is remarkably good. The interments in the past week sum up 176, which is the heaviest bill for any week of the season.

The principal topic of conversation just now is the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad and its management. It appears that the laborers who were engaged upon this road, have not been fully paid for their work, and who, principally, reside along the track. These men have presented their claims for adjustment, but were unable to effect a settlement with the present managers of the road. Some of them became exasperated, and tore up the rails of the road, running an engine and train, of the express line, off the track. But their money did not come. The dose was repeated, and another locomotive and train went overboard, damaging the engine and cars considerably; since which time several other rails were torn up, the directors and conductors threatened, &c. The war began to grow warm, and the lives of passengers became endangered; the trustees of the road recommended the suspension of trains for the safety of all concerned, and the President, Mr. H. D. Bacon, in a letter to the public, informs us that the operations on the road are suspended, owing to the outrages committed on the track, along the entire route, by persons previously engaged in its construction. This suspension is to be deeply deplored, as it affects the interests and welfare of our city. We want to see the work of this road progress, and it is not practicable to depreciate the importance and utility of this great highway, as has been done by the editors of the St. Louis *Republican*. It has been said that the articles in the *Republican* on the O. & M. R. R. have been the means of infuriating and exasperating this mob upon the road. The stopping of the trains on this work will be a great drawback to its future welfare; for a thoroughfare like the O. & M. Railroad when once in bad repute with the traveling public, will be a long time regaining public favor.—It matters not whether this road has been recklessly managed and constructed by those who were duly appointed to oversee the work. It matters not whether Mr. Bacon, or the Directors, have imposed upon the stockholders, and taken it out of the hands of the city and individual shareholders. It is enough to know that the road has been built, and is one of the best, as well as most important, on the American continent. Its construction is the future greatness of St. Louis, and our city press should be the last to deprecate a single spike in this connecting link of the Mississippi Valley and the Atlantic cities. Let the *Republican* strike at the fountain head—those Directors who assigned the road over to Page & Bacon—and not undervalue this important work to the city and the whole West. The friends of the road are greatly worked up at the course of the *Republican*, whilst on the other hand the paper is sustained by a large portion of our citizens and those of the surrounding country; but which party will be sustained in the end, is yet to be seen.

The City Councils and County Court, representing the City and County interest in the O. & M. Railroad, have agreed to put the matter in Court for adjustment, and if possible prevent the sale of the road on the 6th of August, (not the 1st of August, as I erroneously stated in my last.) This is a vexed question and much time and money will be expended before the final result will be made known.

Our advices from Kansas are both interesting and important. After the removal of the Legislature from Pawnee to the Shawnee Mission, that body has passed several bills, and all of which have been vetoed by Gov. Reeder on the ground that the Legislature is not legally in session, but the bills have been passed over the veto. His Excellency says that the Legislature cannot pass a bill here, as the seat of Government is at Pawnee, and that any act of the Legislature at this place is illegal. Great excitement among the members. Committees were appointed from both Houses to draw up resolutions to the President, asking for Gov. Reeder's removal. Now is the time for the "Kitchen Cabinet" to show its pluck—either to sustain Gov. Reeder for carrying into the letter of the territorial law as laid down by Congress, or sanction the outrages committed on the ballot-box by an armed mob, led on by David R. Atchison, a rank Know-Nothing Pro-Slavery demagogue.

L. S. Cuming, Secretary of Nebraska, was in our city a few days since, *en route* to Iowa and Michigan.

This day one week the great political battle in Kentucky will be fought. It is said that more money has been spent in that state by the Whigs and Know Nothings in the canvass than in any previous one, and as the Democracy succeed, of which there is a fair prospect, it will be a still greater triumph of Democratic measures than that recently won in the "Old Dominion," for Kentucky is a Whig state by 10 to 15,000 majority. But we have the strongest hopes of sweeping the State on Monday next. The Know Nothings and Whigs claim 40,000 majority for their candidate for Governor. In Virginia, I believe they claimed and bet upon 20,000. So if the result will turn out the same in Kentucky as it did in Virginia, the Democrats will elect their Governor by a respectable vote.

The following resolutions were adopted by the Rough & Ready Council of the (K. N.) No 231, in Anderson Co., Ky., the evening of July 18th:

1. *Resolved*, That this Council is this day dissolved, and the members thereof are left free to vote for whomsoever they please at the August election, and in all time to come.

2. *Resolved*, That we look upon the Order as being dangerous to this government and well calculated to dissolve the Union of these States.

John J. Crittenden is stumping the State for the Know-Nothings but denounces the Catholic plank, because it includes *American Catholics*. O, consistency thou art a jewel! That won't do, Mr. Crittenden, all or none, is the motto of your proscriptive and bigoted order, and unless you toe the mark, you will be once more called upon to "resign your seat!"

The Tennessee election comes off on Thursday week. Flattering reports to the Democracy reach us every day. Look out for Tennessee.

There was much excitement in Kentucky last week concerning Cassius M. Clay and a Rev. Mr. Fee, who had been speaking on the emancipation of the slaves, in different parts of that State. They published the time and places where they would address the people, and previous to their arrival at the—the citizens called a meeting and adopted threatening resolutions if these gentlemen made their appearance, and enclosed said resolutions to Mr. Clay in a warning letter. Mr. C. replied, and stated that he would be there on the day appointed, and would defend himself to the last. He did go. He spoke to the people plainly and calmly, and informed them that he was prepared to meet the consequences, be they what they might. No indignities were offered, and his speech was listened to by thousands who had congregated there expecting to witness the suspension of "Cassius" between heaven and earth.

Mr. Jacob Brinker, of Butler Co., Penn., died in this city on the 24th inst. Though he died in a land of strangers, he was kindly cared for during his illness, and interred by the Odd Fellows of this city, he being a member of the order. In Keokuk, on Monday morn ng last, after a short but severe attack of bilious cholic, Mr. W. F. Coplan, of Brownsville, Pa.

There are a large number of Indians at present in our city, painted and feathered in the most savage manner—a perfect terror to juveniles generally. Two or three of them were arrested for drunkenness and disturbance of the peace, but when sobered down were again released.

The Minnesota papers contradict the report, as well as the charge brought against Gov. Willis A. Gorman of that Territory, and further say he will not be removed from office upon any charges heretofore brought against him.

They are now taking the census of Minnesota Territory, which has nearly been completed. The figures show that there are upwards of 50,000 souls in said Territory, and rapidly growing in population, and public favor.

Advices of the most flattering kind are received from all quarters of the South and West in regard to the crops, and all agree in making this one of the most fruitful seasons we have ever had. Wheat, Corn, Oats, Potatoes, and everything else promises an abundant and plentiful yield. Thirty reaping machines have been sold in the recently laid out town of Richview, Ills., this will give some idea of the rich prospects of the Southern part of that State.

A Peoria (Ill.) paper says: "We saw a farmer deposit with one of our bankers $4,200, the amount he had just received from the dealer to whom he sold his crops of last year; and it was only the day before that another farmer left $3500 on deposit, all received for products of his farm."

This is one of the best evidences of the industry and prosperity of the farmers of the West.

The many friends of Mr. Isaac F. Lightner in this city, were startled on the receipt of the sad intelligence of his death. He left our city in apparently good health and fine spirits—the very picture of health. Little did I think when I shook him by the hand on board the boat, that it was the last farewell—that a few days would find his spirit in an other world. How truly is it, that in the midst of life we are in death. Isaac Lightner F. was a man beloved by a large circle of friends, and this sad intelligence will send grief to many a heart.

Yours, OLD GUARD.

THE STORY OF SLAVERY IN NEBRASKA.—A correspondent of the N. Y. Times, referring to an advertisement of slaves for sale, in the Nebraska City News, which has caused a great sensation, says that the parties referred to as importing slaves to Nebraska, are Messrs. Nuckolls & Hall, owners of the principal part of the site of Nebraska City, extensively engaged in business there, and owners of a majority of the slaves in Atchinson county, Missouri. These men have had a few slaves at work for them in household duties at Nebraska City, own the Nebraska City News, and dictate the articles which appear in it. The correspondent of the Times says of the slave advertisement, and a few pro-slavery articles that have appeared in the News:

"I look upon the move as simply a piece of bravado at home, and probably designed to find favor and approbation at the hands of those men in St. Louis with whom they have business connections. This is the key to the whole affair. The idea of slavery gaining a foothold in Nebraska, is utterly out of the question."

THE COTTON TRADE.—The exports of cotton from the United States to Great Britain, so far this year, it is stated, show a falling off of 51,000 bales, compared with last year. The deficiency in the receipts at the various ports in the United States is estimated at 114,000 bales. The ships now loading at cotton ports for Great Britain amount to 18 in number, against 28 for the same date last year.

Foreign News.

By the arrival at Halifax, on Wednesday evening, of the steamship Asia, we have later news from Europe. In the British House of Commons, Mr. Roebuck's motion of want of confidence in the ministry has been rejected by over one hundred majority, and the ministry thus stands. There was a rumor in London that Sir William Molesworth will succeed Lord John Russell as Colonial Secretary. A new Spanish Minister for the United States has been appointed. The rupture between Rome and Spain, in consequence of the Church property bill, is complete, and the Papal Charge had demanded his passports. The Black Warrior dispute has been definitely settled by the allowance of an indemnity of one million of reals. A General of the Carlist army had been shot at Garonne. Several insurrectionary skirmishes had taken place at Burgos. Austria had addressed a circular to the German Diet, strongly favoring peace, and threatening to hold the Principalities while hostilities continue. She asks the German Confederation to maintain its present attitude. The Diet replied in a pacific tone. In the Principalities the reduction of the Austrian force continues. In Asia, the Russians are besieging Kars, and the Turks are hard pressed. At Sebastopol the Russians have made several sorties, all repulsed, however. Denmark refuses to abolish the Sound dues.

LATER FROM MEXICO.—Baltimore, August 1.—New Orleans papers of Saturday are received. They give the details of a month's later intelligence from Mexico. The principal item is the proposition of Santa Anna to grant a Constitution or organic law to the people. All the papers are discussing the subject, but only in the abstract. One of the resolutions adopted by the Council of State on the subject is as follows:

The Republican representative form ought to be adopted, fixing corresponding guaranties and combining various parties in such a manner as to insure stability and public repose.

Senor Don Luis Rivas has been appointed Minister to Washington. He was to leave in the iron steamer Iturbide, but doubts are expressed as regards his destination being to Washington.

The relations of the American Minister and the Mexican government continued suspended. Mr. Gadsden has quarreled with the Mexican Minister of Foreign Affairs.

The news from the revolutionists is contradictory, as usual.

THRILLING ESCAPE FROM A BLACK SNAKE.—On Monday week several children, among whom was an interesting daughter of Joseph Hemphill, Esq., aged about ten years, were enjoying a sociable pic nic in a woods about a mile south of West Chester, and were thrown into a panic by a large black snake. Miss Hemphill, lingering behind her comrades at some blackberry bushes, espied a nest of young snakes, and immediately started to run towards the clearing. She succeeded in crossing the fence, when her progress was impeded by a large black snake that had wound itself twice round her thighs on the outside of her garments, and bound her so tight that she could not move. How or when it got there she could not tell, her ideas being so confused by fright, on seeing the nest from which she ran. She was relieved in her locomotion by the snake taking a higher position, when she threw up her arms and ran, using her basket to fight the reptile, which clung to her and bit incessantly at her dress. She was finally relieved from her perilous situation by a gentleman who was attracted to the spot by her cries, and who killed the snake.

There is not much mischief in the bite of a black snake; its mode of warfare is to destroy by constriction, and no doubt the result would haev been terrible, had the reptile in this instance found its way to the child's throat.

We have heard a marvellous story of a very large snake—say ten feet long—having been repeatedly seen in that neighborhood. However exaggerated the size, we have it pretty straight that those who have seen it have been fearful to attack it without a gun.—*West Chester Jeffersonian.*

FRIGHTFUL MINING ACCIDENT.—The following is taken from the Pottsville *Miners' Journal* of Saturday week. The details of one of those frequent accidents by the explosion of fire damp is herewith given:

A fearful accident occurred on Tuesday morning last, about half-past seven o'clock, at Mr. Agard's Belmont Colliery, in this county—the place is better known by the old name of the Five Points. Four persons, two men and two boys, have been taken out of the slope, dead and dreadfully mangled—one more is not likely to live, and six others are seriously injured. It has been and may be denominated an explosion of gas, but more properly it was a powder explosion; for the latter did the most injury, though the "fire damp," as it is generally called, exploded first and ignited the powder.

The facts of the occurrence are as follows: The miner boss, Mr. John W. Davis, went into the mine early in the morning, as usual, and examined the works carefully before any of the miners were at work. He found "fire" in one of the "breasts" near the face of the gangway. This breast was worked by James Silverthorn and son, and was the only part of the mine considered dangerous. Mr. Davis met Silverthorn and told him twice, emphatically, that his place was full of fire, and that he should not venture in it with a naked lamp until the gas was driven out. Accordingly Silverthorn took the Davy or safety lamp, and commenced to brush fire out of the breast.—But, unfortunately, several of the miners were seated around the bottom of the breast, in the gangway with their naked lamps, taking their customary "whiff," and that before commencing work, and near them were between two and three kegs of powder, open and unprotected.

The gas being driven down the shuts past the cross-heading, penetrated to the gangway, where the miners were seated, and as might be expected, it took fire from the lamps. But the explosion of gas would have been trifling, in comparison to the amount of damage done, had not the powder, which was in close proximity to the men, also ignited and exploded, crushing and bruising everything in the vicinity, and doing considerable damage to the mines. The effect of the shock was felt at a great distance from the scene, and the mines throughout trembled with the concussion.—Coal, rocks and material, were buried with dreadful velocity far out towards the slope.—But the damage done to the work, the amount of which cannot be fully ascertained, is nothing in comparison to the dreadful loss of life and limb—the horrid sufferings which the fearful accident occasioned.

A WHOLE FAMILY POISONED—THREE OF THE CHILDREN DEAD.—We learn by a letter received from Dr. J. O. Patterson, residing in Candor, Washington county, Pa., the particulars of a melancholy case of poisoning. It seems that on Saturday, the 28th ult., three lads, sons of Mr. Alexander Plotts, residing in the vicinity of Candor, proceeded to the woods and gathered a large quantity of mushrooms, which they took home for table use. The whole family, seven in number, partook freely of the dish, and shortly after exhibited the most alarming symptoms. Three physicians were called in, and pronounced them poisoned. The proper remedies were speedily administered, but all efforts to save the boys who had gathered the plants, proved abortive. They died in great agony, shortly afterwards, and were all buried in the same grave. They were aged, respectively, ten, six, and four years. The parents of the children were so unwell as to be unable to render them any assistance, and the poor little sufferers, in the trying hour of death, were thus deprived of a father's care, and a mother's untiring watchfulness.

The parents, and the two children who survived, exhibited favorable symptoms on the 31st, and at the time our informant wrote, hopes were entertained of their final recovery.—*Wash. Examiner.*

A GOOD YIELD.—The Monongahela *Republican* says, that Mr. James McCrory, Sen., of Fayette City, raised one hundred and six dozens of wheat on a one acre lot that had been in corn for twenty-five consecutive years. As the grain was down, three young lads undertook to reap it, the united ages of whom amount to two hundred and twenty four years, viz: Jeremiah Oug, aged 76 years; Wm. McCrory, 75. Jas. McCrory, 73. It is said the *boys* handled the sickles as if they had lived

"In the good old days of Adam and Eve,"

when people reaped their grain in thankfulness, and didn't bite each other's backs. We hope the reapers may live to a good old age.

WASHINGTON CITY, Aug. 1.—The amount in the Treasury of the United States, on the

EXPLOSION.—On Friday morning, just before eight o'clock, the drying house of Garesche's powder mills, at Eden Park, near Wilmington, Del., containing about one and a half tons of powder, exploded with a terrible report, blowing the building to atoms and killing three Frenchmen and a boy. The explosion of the drying house caused also the explosion immediately after of a powder mill about three hundred yards distant, containing about 1400 lbs of powder. The report of the two was terrific. By the second explosion the mill was utterly demolished, one man killed and four dangerously wounded. Mr. Garesche thinks that the original explosion was caused by one of the Frenchmen who was addicted to smoking a pipe.

RAINY DAYS IN JULY.—The New York *Herald* publishes a table showing the number of rainy days in that city, in the months of July, for sixty-seven years, viz:—from 1789 to 1855. The July of the present season exceeds, in the number of rainy days that of any other year. We give a few of the highest on the list:

July, 1792	10	rainy days.
" 1796	13	" "
" 1798	12	" "
" 1803	14	" "
" 1808	13	" "
" 1809	13	" "
" 1828	14	" "
" 1835	12	" "
" 1836	15	" "
" 1842	14	" "
" 1846	12	" "
" 1851	13	" "
" 1853	15	" "
" 1854	10	" "
" 1855	19	" "

In 1799 and 1825, the months of July embraced but four rainy days, which is the lowest number in the long period designated.

The following shows the number of consecutive days which were rainy, during the sixty-seven years named, where the showers continued for more than four successive days:

July, 1803,	rain fell from 23 to 28—	consec. ds.	6
1807	do. 19 to 28—	do.	10
1829	do. 2 to 6—	do.	5
1836	do. 9 to 15—	do.	7
1851	do. 6 to 10—	do.	5
1855	do. 19 to 30—	do.	12

The duration of the rainy terms in July of this year has greatly exceeded that of any July for a period of two-thirds of a century.

President Pierce has appointed Thos. A. Hendricks, of Indiana, to be Commissioner of the General Land Office; Josiah Minot, of New Hampshire, to be Commissioner of Pensions, and Murray McConnell, of Illinois, to be Fifth Auditor of the Treasury.

EQUALITY TO ALL! UNIFORMITY OF PRICE!—A new feature of business! Every one his own Salesman. Jones & Co., of the Crescent One Price Clothing Store, No. 200 Market street, above 6th, in addition to having the largest, most varied and fashionable stock of Clothing in Philadelphia, made expressly for retail sales, have constituted every one his own Salesman, by having marked in figures, on each article, the very lowest price it can be sold for, so they cannot possibly vary—all must buy alike.

The goods are all well prepared and great pains taken with the making, so that all can buy with the full assurance of getting a good article at the very lowest price.

Remember the Crescent, in Market, above 6th, No. 200

feb 26 1y-5 JONES & CO.

DR. CRESSMAN'S PILLS FOR FEMALES.—The combinations of ingredients in these Pills is the result of a long and extensive practice; they are mild in their operation and certain of restoring nature to its proper channel. In every instance have the Pills proved successful. The Pills invariably open those obstructions to which females are liable, and bring nature into its proper channel, when health is restored, and the pale and deathly countenance changed to a healthy one. No female can enjoy good health unless she is regular; and when any of the obstructions take place, whether from exposure, cold, or any other cause, the general health begins immediately to decline, and the want of such a remedy has been the cause of so many consumptions among young females. Headache, pains in the side, palpitations of the heart, loathing of food, and disturbed sleep, do most always arise from the interruption of nature; and whenever that is the case, the pills will invariably remedy all those evils.

N. B.—These Pills should never be taken during pregnancy, as they would be sure to cause a miscarriage.

They are put up in square flat boxes, and will be sent by mail to any address, free of postage, on receiving a Dollar. Address Dr. J. Cressman, No. 271 Becker street, New York. Price One Dollar per box. (Sept. 5 1y-35

KOSSUTH, according to reports, is preparing for revolutionary attempt in Europe as soon as the proper time may arrive. We may then look for a revival of the Kossuth hats and revolutionary fashions. But we have no doubt the Philadelphia hat, no matter what may be the changes in dress, will still continue to provide themselves with clothing from ROCKHILL & WILSON'S cheap and elegant clothing store, No. 111 Chesnut street, corner of Franklin Place. dec 27 1y-49

HENRYVIG INORATING CORDIAL.—The merits of this purely vegetable preparation for the removal and cure of physical prostration, genital debility, nervous affections, &c., &c., are fully described in another column of this paper, to which the reader is referred, $2 per bottle, 5 bottles for $8, six bottles for $8; $10 per dozen. Observe the mark of the genuine.

Prepared only by S. E. COHEN, No. 3 Franklin Row, Vine street, below Eighth, Philadelphia, Pa., to whom all orders must be addressed. For sale by all respectable Druggists and Merchants throughout the country.

T. W. DYOTT & SONS,

152 N. 2d st., Philadelphia, sole agents for Penna.

For sale at the Medicine Store, East Orange st., next to Kramph's Clothing store. jan 2 1y-50

MARRIAGES.

In this city, on Thursday the 2d inst., by the Rev. Mr. Mooney, John B. Kennedy, of Schuylkill Haven, Schuylkill co, to Catharine E. Barns, of Lancaster.

DEATHS.

On the 1st inst., Susan Eichelberger, wife of Geo. Eichelberger, in the 33d year of her age.

The Markets.

PHILADELPHIA, August 4.

Breadstuffs of all description continue to come forward very slowly, and there is but little doing. There is no export demand for Flour, and the only transactions reported are 4a 300 barrels in small lots for home consumption at $6,75a9 per barrel for common and good brands, $9 90a10 for extra, and fancy brands at higher quotations. Rye flour is not inquired after—we quote at $6 75. Pennsylvania Corn Meal is steady at $4 25 per barrel, at which a sale of 300 barrels was made; 6a700 barrels Brandywine sold yesterday at a price not made public.

Grain—Supplies of Wheat continue to come forward very slowly, and it is in fair request, at yesterday's quotations. 2,300 bushels were disposed of at $1 80a 87 per bushel for prime red, and $1 92a2 for white. Rye is but little inquired after—3000 bushels new sold at 1 12a1 13. Corn is dull at 96 cents for yellow. In Oats no change—1000 bushels Delaware sold at 47 cents per bushel, 500 bushels old at 57 cents, and some damaged at 40 cents.

Whiskey is unchanged—Small sales of barrels at 41a42 cents, and hnds at 40 cents.

PHILADELPHIA CATTLE MARKET, August 4.—The offerings of Beef Cattle this week have been large, 1000 head having come in, principally from Ohio, and some from this State and Virginia. 900 head were disposed of at from $8 50 to $11 per 100 lbs, and 100 left over. Cows and Calves meet with good injury at former prices. Hogs—the receipts have been about 900 head. The demand was active, and all offered were disposed of at $7 75a$8 25 per 100 lbs. The demand for Sheep and Lambs continues brisk, and prices have advanced; sales of 5000 head at $2-50a$4 50 for fat Sheep, and $1 50a$2 for stock.

To Contractors.—Sealed Proposals will be received until Monday the 20th day of August inst., for McAdamizing one mile of Turnpike, from the line of Lancaster city, to near the first gate on the Manheim, Petersburg and Lancaster Plank Road. Plans and Specifications can be seen at Shober's Hotel, in Lancaster. Proposals will be received for making half of the distance.

By order of the President.

HENRY ARNDT,

Manheim, aug 7, 6t-29 Secretary.

Wanted, 300 Active Young Men, to act as local travelling agents in a business easy, useful and honorable; at a Salary of $100 per month! And a capital of $5 only required. No patent medicine or book business. Full particulars given, free, to all who enclose a postage stamp or a three cent piece, and address

A. B. MARTYN,

aug 7 6t-29 Plaistow, N. H.

Public Sale.—ON SATURDAY, the 8th of September, 1855, will be sold at public sale, at the residence of Dr. A. S. Bare, in Upper Leacock township, Lancaster county, to wit:

No. 1. A tract of first quality of Limestone Land, situate in Bareville, adjoining the New Holland Turnpike road, Jacob Graybill, tract No. 2, and others, containing 24¼ Acres, under good fence and in a high state of cultivation, being lately limed. The improvements thereon, are a good LOG and WEATHER-BOARDED DWELLING HOUSE with three rooms on the first floor and three on the second, Wash-house, Smoke House, Hog Stable, &c., with a well of excellent water near the wash house and kitchen door. Also, an Apple Orchard, with a large variety of other choice fruit trees on the premises.

No. 2. Is a tract of same quality of Limestone Land, adjoining No. 1, on the east, Jacob Graybill, Christian Good and the New Holland Turnpike road, containing 23½ Acres, in a high state of cultivation, under good fence, and lately limed.

No. 3. A superior tract of Limestone Land, situate at the west end of Bareville, adjoining Diller Bare, Henry Myers and others, and the New Holland Turnpike road, containing 7 Acres and 66 Perches, to be sold in one and two Acre Lots, or in a whole as may best suit purchasers.

Persons wishing to view the above property, will please call on Dr. A. S. Bare, one of the undersigned, residing near the same. Possession and an indisputable title will be given on the 1st of April, 1856.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., of said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

MARTIN BARE,

aug 7 ts-29 A. S. BARE.

Reduced Prices.—Wentz's are now selling off their Remnant of Summer Goods at reduced prices, as they are determined to carry no goods over the season if they can prevent it.

NOW'S THE TIME FOR BARGAINS.

A splendid lot of Plain and Figured Bereges, Tissues and Grenedines in store, which are selling at much reduced prices. Good, all wool Bereges from 12½ to 18¾ cts.

SUMMER SILKS—Closing out the balance of Summer Silks at cost prices.

All who are not supplied with Summer Goods, or wish to make money by buying them cheap, should remember the reduced prices at

WENTZ'S STORE.

Just received another lot of those cheap, all Linen Diapers at 12½ cts. Cheapest ever offered. Also, Green and Black, large sized, Silk Parasols an article so useful to Ladies and Gentlemen this hot season, and so much in demand, can be found at WENTZ'S STORE.

aug 4 tf-29

Garden Seeds.—Prime Ruta Bags and other Turnip Seeds. Turnip Drills. Also Seed Buckwheat, for sale Wholesale and Retail by

PASCHALL MORRIS & CO.

Patent Right for Sale!—Mary's Double-Screen Rockaway Fan.—The first patent for this celebrated Wheat Fan was obtained by the subscribers on December 25th, 1853, and on the 12th of June, 1855, another patent for an important improvement upon the fan was issued to the said patentees by the Department at Washington, so that now this Fan stands superior in efficiency, durability and speed to any other in the country.

The subscriber finding the demand for their Fans has increased so much beyond their means of supply, have concluded to offer for sale the PATENT RIGHT of certain States and Territories. In doing this they will not take up space to describe minutely its superiority in construction over anything yet invented, they will only add that they sell and deliver, at their manufactory in Baltimore city, more Fans in any one year, by order, than any three similar establishments in the United States, and that they have exhibited their Fans at the following times and places, and after actual trial they have taken the premiums against all competition, viz: The first premium at the Maryland State Agricultural Fair, held at Baltimore; the first premium at the North Carolina State Fair, the same at the Union Fair, held at Petersburg, Va., and at the Richmond and Norfolk Fairs, Va., for the two past years, and also the premium of a silver medal from the Maryland Institute at Baltimore for the years 1852, '53 and '54, successively. In short this Fan has proven to be superior to any other patent now in use, for all kinds of grain.

The subscribers will sell State or County Rights; and would prefer to sell to those who intend to embark in their manufacture. To persons who have the means, no more certain or better investment can be made. To purchasers, and others who desire it, will be furnished all the patterns and printed directions necessary to construct them successfully.

Rights will be sold and good title given of all the States and Territories, except Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Kentucky and Illinois. Persons wishing to buy will address the subscribers, either at Lancaster city, Pa., or No. 153 High street, Baltimore, Md.

J. MONTGOMERY & BRO.,

Patentees.

P. S.—Should any person want to purchase a Fan from the subscribers at Lancaster, Pa., they should give at least two weeks notice, as they have at no time been able to keep a supply on hand. J. M. & BRO.

aug 7 tf-29

Notice.—The Stockholders of the Lan. Loc. Eng. and M. M. Co., are required to pay to the Treasurer, at the Office of the Company, on or before Tuesday, the 7th day of August next, an additional instalment of twenty per cent. on the amount of their several subscriptions to the capital stock of said Company.

M. O. KLINE,

July 31 2t-28 Treasurer.

Notice.—The subscribers of Stock in "The Fulton Hall Association in the city of Lancaster," are hereby notified that the undersigned commissioners have appointed Saturday, the 18th day of August next, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the Exchange Hotel, in East King st., Lancaster, as the time and place for said subscribers to meet to elect a President and six directors, to manage the affairs of said corporation, agreeably to the provisions of the Charter.

WM. B. FORDNEY,

JOHN F. SHRODER,

HENRY CHRIST.

July 25 3t-28

Lancaster Young Ladies' Institute.—This Seminary of learning will enter upon its next term with greatly increased facilities, prepared to give thorough instruction in all the useful and ornamental branches taught in the best Seminaries of our land. The next term consisting of 16 weeks will commence September 3d.

For Board and Tuition in any regular department, $48 for the term, or $130 per year of 44 weeks.

The Primary department will be under the charge of Miss MARY CARSON—a daughter of Mr. Robt. D. Carson, a highly respected citizen of Lancaster, recently deceased—This department will open to pupils over 6 years age and under 12. If not prepared for the higher departments.—The charge to day pupils in this department $3 to $5 per quarter, according to advancement. In the higher departments as heretofore.

For circulars and other information, address

Rev. W. E. LOCKE,

July 41 4t 28 Principal, Lancaster, Pa.

Astronography, or Astronomical Geography, with the common use of the Globes—containing all the necessary reading and study in classes, or for study in the common method. By Emma Willard.

A journey through the Chinese Empire, by M. Huc.

Library and Historical Miscellanies, by Geo. Bancroft.

Doesticks—what he says, by J. Q. Philander Doesticks, R. B.

The Conscript—a tale of the Empire; by A. Dumas.

Female life among the Mormons—a Narrative of many years personal experience, by the wife of a Mormon Elder, recently from Utah.

Cone Cut Corners. The Watchman.

Our First Families.

Which—the Right or the Left.

The Life and Correspondence of Robert Southey.

Dow Jr. Sermons—3 vols.

Singers Companion—containing a choice selection of popular Songs, Duetts, Glees, Catch s, &c., with music arranged for the Voice, Flute, Violin and Piano.

The Village Pastor, 18mo.

The Village Observer, 18mo.

The Village Churchyard, 18mo. Three charming little volumes by the author of "The Retrospect" from the press of the Messrs. Carter, embracing a variety of Sketches from real life, and imparting wholesome religious instruction.

Mable Grant—a Highland story; by Randall Balantyne, 18mo. A story of Scottish Life.

The Eternal Day—by the Rev. Horatius Bonar; 18mo.—This book is written and published for the joy and strength of those who are looking forward to an eternal day in heaven.

Charles Rondell—or Honesty and Industry; by the author of "Three Months under the Snow."

The above books, together with many others, may be had at our cheap Book and Stationery Emporium.

Sunday School Books of every description.

Call at the Cheap Book Store, Kramph's Building, North Queen Street.

MURRAY & STOEK,

July 31 tf-28

Franklin County Farm for Sale.—The subscriber offers at private sale his Farm, lying about one mile west of Upton, near the turnpike leading from Greencastle to Mercersburg, Montgomery township, Franklin county, Pa., containing one hundred and Seventy Acres of Limestone and Burrland, about 150 of which are cleared and the remainder covered with good Timber. The improvements are a good large ROUGHCAST HOUSE, a large Log Barn, Stone Spring House, Smoke House, Bake House, and other necessary building. There is a fine never failing Spring, rising in the yard of the Dwelling House and flowing through the Barn yard sufficient to water cattle in any quantity, and one at any part of the farm. The soil is under excellent cultivation. There is a meadow of twelve acres, and a large Orchard of good grafted fruit.

For terms, which will be very favorable, apply or write to the subscriber at Upton, Franklin county, Pa.

July 31 3m 28 F. A. OELLIG.

Trusses! Trusses!! Trusses!!!—HNEEDLES, Truss and Brace Establishment, S. W. Corner of Twelfth and Race Streets, Philadelphia. Importer of fine FRENCH TRUSSES, combining extreme lightness, ease and durability with correct construction.

Hernial or ruptured patients can be suited by remitting amounts, as below:—Sending number of inches round the hips and stating side affected.

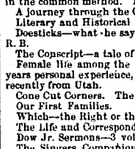
Cost of Single Truss, $2. $3. $4. $5. Double—$5, $6, $8 and $10.

Instructions as to wear, and how to effect a cure, when possible, sent with the Truss.

Also for sale, in great variety, Dr. Banning's Improved Patent Body Brace, for the cure of Prolapsus Uteri; Spinal Props and Supports, Patent Shoulder Braces, Chest Expanders and Erector Braces, adapted to all with Stoop Shoulders and Weak Lungs; English Elastic Abdominal Belts, Suspensories, Syringes—male and female.

Ladies' Rooms, with Lady attendants.

July 31 1y 28



$1000! $1000!

AFFLICTED AND UNFORTUNATE.

Cut and preserve the following card. It is particularly important for STRANGERS and TRAVELLERS, to prevent their being misled and deceived by the lying boasts, false promises, and spurious recommendations (*from the dead and unknown*) of Foreign and Native Quacks, of whom there are more in Philadelphia than elsewhere, because of the clemency of the laws of the State. *Citizens know and avoid them.*

Having tried *one to twenty dollars* worth of Quack Mixtures, Extracts, Invigorating Elixers, Cordials, Bitters, &c. without effect—having been deceived by misrepresented and exaggerated accounts of Self-Abuse, Secret Diseases and their consequences, published in Advertisements, Books, &c., and misled by false receipts and wrong advice contained therein, *purposely* to increase sufferings, and *alarm and frighten the unthinking*, I am now satisfied that *for less than cost* of printing and advertising—having paid *five to one hundred dollars* to Foreign and Native Quacks,

WITHOUT BEING CURED;

having suffered much and long—though the time lost cannot be recalled, nor the money recovered (on paid and were defrauded of, yet you can be cured, *how or by what* long standing or affecting your case, by the LADY.

"Be wise, betimes; Delays are dangerous."

"Time is Money; Time saved is Money earned."

YOUNG MEN OR OTHERS,

Single, married, or contemplating marriage, suffering from Self-Abuse or its consequences, or suffering from any other causes, defects, or diseases, and LADIES, whatever their diseases or situations, may honorably rely and confide in Dr. Leidy's skill and success. Accommodations, if required, with kind and efficient attendance, at Dr. LEIDY'S PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

TRUTH IS MIGHTY AND WILL PREVAIL!

ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS

is wagered the following cannot be contradicted, namely, that

DR. N. B. LEIDY,

No. 114 North FOURTH Street, above Race,

Is the *only regular Physician* residing in Philadelphia, Graduate of the University of Pennsylvania, of 1833, (*twenty-two years,*) exclusively engaged in the treatment of Secret or Delicate Diseases of both sexes; Self-Abuse and its consequences: Organic Weakness and Inability; Nervousness; Irregularities and other diseases or situations of Females; and which he will cure in less time and less restraint, more speedily, than any other, under forfeit of

ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS.

DR. LEIDY has more patients, and cures them too, than all advertising Doctors, so called or otherwise, in Philadelphia combined, and *proudly refers* to Professors and respectable Physicians, many of whom consult him in critical cases, and respectable Citizens, Merchants and Hotel proprietors, as to his known Skill, Reputation and unparalleled Success.

DISTANT PATIENTS,

can have necessary advice and medicine sent them by mail or otherwise, to any part of the United States, giving a description of their cases (enclosing a reasonable fee) by letter to

DR. N. B. LEIDY,

No. 114 North FOURTH Street, above Race, Philadelphia.

N. B.—Letters of Inquiry or Information *only*, (except from patients) to receive attention must contain ONE DOLLAR, in consideration of time and trouble answering and information given. July 31 6m 28

Agricultural Implements.—Pennock's celebrated Wheat Drill, adapted also for sowing Oats, Grass Seed and Guano. Krauser's portable Cider Mill, the best in the market. Dalliday's Patent Wind Mill, Horse Power and Threshers, Lime and Guano Spreaders; Daniel's Hay, Straw and Fodder Cutter, Little Giant Corn and Cob Mill. Spain's Atmospheric Churn.

The above superior implements, with all others, for the use of the Farmer or Gardner, for sale Wholesale and Retail by PASCHALL MORRIS & CO.,

Agricultural Warehouse and Seed Store, corner 7th and Market streets, Phila. july 24 tf-27

Court Proclamation.—Whereas, the Hon. HENRY G. LONG, Pres't., Hon. A. L. HAYES and J. BROWN, Esqs., Associate Judges of the Court of Common Pleas, in and for the county of Lancaster, and Assistant Justices of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in and for said county of Lancaster, have issued their Precept to me directed, requiring me, among other things, to make public Proclamation throughout my Bailiwick, that a Court of Oyer and Terminer and a General Jail Delivery: Also, a Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace and Jail Delivery, will commence in the city of Lancaster, in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, on the third Monday in AUGUST, 1855: In pursuance of which precept, PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, to the Mayor, and Aldermen of the city of Lancaster, in the said county, and all the Justices of the Peace, the Coroner, the Constables of the said city and county of Lancaster, that they be then and there in their own proper persons, with their rolls,